## ANNUAL REPORT

## SECRETARY 0F THE TREASURY

ON THE

STATE OF THE FINANCES

FOR

THE YEAR 1891.

WASHINGTON:
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# ANNUAL REPORT ON THE FINANCES. 

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., December 7, 1891.

SIR : I have the honor to submit the following report:
RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.
Fiscal year 1891.
The revenues of the Government from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, were:

|  | \$219,522,205 23 |
| :---: | :---: |
| From internal rev | 145, 686,249 44 |
| From profits on coinage, bullion deposits, and assays | 7, 701, 99182 |
| From sales of public lands. | 4, 029,535 41 |
| From fees - consular, letters-patent, and land. | 3, 019, 78184 |
| From sinking-fund for Pacific railways. | 2, 326,359 37 |
| From tax on national banks. | 1, 236,042 60 |
| From customs fees, fines, penalties, and forfeitures | 966, 12182 |
| From repayment of interest by Pacific railways. | 823, 90404 |
| From sales of Indian lands.. | 602,545 38 |
| From Soldiers' Home, permanent fund. | 308, 64834 |
| From tax on seal-skins............... | 269,673 88 |
| From immigrant fund. | 292, 271. 00 |
| From sales of Government property | 259,379 05 |
| From deposits for surveying public lands. | 131, 42280 |
| From Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Company | 500, 00000 |
| From sales of ordnance material......... | 122,668 01 |
| From sales of condemned naval vessels | 78, 03736 |
| From depredatious on public lands. | 55, 90583 |
| From the District of Columbia .. | 2, 853, 89774 |
| From miscellaneous sources. | 1, 825, 80635 |
| From postal service | 65, 931, 78572 |
| Total receipts... | 458, 544, 23303 |

## The expenditures for the same period were:

For the civil establishment, including foreign intercourse, public buildings, collecting the revenues, deficiency in postal revenues, rebate of tax on tobacco, refund of direct taxes, French spoliation claims, District of Columbia, and other miscellaneous expenses.
For the military establishment, including rivers and harbors, forts, arsenals, and sea-coast defenses
$\$ 110,048,16749$
For the naval establishment, including construction of new vessels, machinery, armament, equipment, and improvement at nary-ÿards..
For Indian service........................................ ...........................
For pensions.
$48,720,06501$
124,415,95140

For postal service ..................................................................... 65, 931, 78572
Total expenditures......................................................... 421, 304, 47046
Leaving a surplus of.
37, 239, 76257


As compared with the fiscal year 1890 , the receipts for 1891 have fallen off $\$ 5,418,847.52$, as follows:

| Source. | Increase. | Decrease. | Net decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Postal service. | \$5, 049, 68780 |  |  |
| Internal revenue. | 3, 079,543 63 |  | ..................... |
| Nashville \& Chattánooga R. R. Co.......................... | 500,000 00 | ................ |  |
| Sinking-fund for Pacifie railways. | 483,794 85 | ................ | .................... |
| Sales of Indian lands.. | 230, 25723 | ... |  |
| Repayment of interest bs Pacific rail ways | 118, 21252 |  |  |
| Consular fees....... | 112,185 47 |  |  |
| Sales of ordnance material. | 82, 30171 |  |  |
| Sales of condemned naval vessels. | 77,096 89 |  |  |
| Sales of Government property | 67, 25506 |  |  |
| Immigrant fund ......... | 50,807 00 |  |  |
| Revenues of the District of Columbia | 44, 76681 |  |  |
| Depredations on public lands.. | 20,053 46 |  |  |
| Deposits for surveying public lands | 19,108 01. |  |  |
| Tax on seal-skins.... | 7,173 88 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous items | 266,859 66 |  |  |
| Oustoms.. |  | \$10, 146,379 34 |  |
| Profits on coinage, assays, etc. |  | 2,515,252 43 |  |
| Sales of public lands. |  | 2, 328,737 10 |  |
| Registers' and receivers' fees |  | 196,730 03 | :..................... |
| Custom-house fees. |  | 179, 88543 |  |
| Customs emolument fees |  | 129,118 85 |  |
| Tax on national banks. |  | 65,283 98 |  |
| Fees on letters-patent |  | 42,365 92 | ..................... |
| Customs fines, penalties, etc | . | 24,198 42 |  |
| Totas | 10, 209, 103 98 | 15,627,951 50 | \$5, 118,817 52 |

There was an increase of $\$ 57,636,198.14$ in the ordinary expenditures, as follows:


Increase in ordinary expenditures-Continued.

| Source. | Increase. | Decrease. | Net increase. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NAVAI. ESTABLISHMENT. |  | - |  |
| Naval Academy | \$60,478 00 |  |  |
| Increase of the Navy | 3,777,394 00 |  |  |
| Bureau of Yards and Docks. | 76,29700 |  |  |
| Bureau of Equipment.... | 648,99200 |  |  |
| Bureau of Construction and Repairs. | 279,04300 |  |  |
| Bureau of Ordnance.......................... | 91,960 00 |  |  |
| Bureau of Steam Engineering | 8,792 00 |  |  |
| Bureau of Medicine and Surgery | 27, 32700 |  |  |
| General account of advances... | 100,619 00 |  |  |
| Mileage (Graham decision). | 72,060 00 |  | ..... |
| Contingencies of the Navy. | 47,77400 |  | ................ .... |
| Miscellaneous, reliefs, etc. | 165, 270 22 |  | ..................... |
| Marine Corps................. |  | \$28,67900 |  |
| Navy-yards and station |  | 381, 20200 | ..................... |
| Bureau of Navigation.. |  | 34, 10200 | ...................... |
| Bureau of Provisions and Clothing |  | 339,577 00 | ...... |
| Pay of the Navy............................ |  | 464,756 00 |  |
| Total Naval Establishment | 5,356, 00622 | 1, 248,31600 | \$4, 107, 69022 |
| Indian service. |  |  | 1,819,422 34 |
| Pensions. |  |  | 17,479,096 33 |
| Interest on the public debt |  | ! | 1,447,851 32 |
| Total net increase. |  |  | 57, 636, 19814 |

Fiscal year 1892.

## For the present fiscal year the revenues are estimated as follows:

From customs.

$\$ 185,000,00000$
From internal revenue ...................................... ......... ... ........ 152, 000, 00000
From miscellaneous sources........................................................ 25, 000, 00000
From postal service ......................................................................71,000,000 00
Total estimated revenues ....................................................... $433,000,00000$

## The expenditures for the same period are estimated as follows:

For the civil establishment.
$\$ 100,000,00000$
For the military establishment. $46,000,00000$
For the naval establishment. 32, 000, 00000
For the Indian service................................................................................... 12, 12, 000, 00000
For pensions. ........................................................................... 125, 000, 00000
For interest on the public debt................................................. $23,000,00000$

Total estimated expenditures...................................... $409,000,00000$
Leaving an estimated surplus for the year of......................... $24,000,00000$

The following is a statement of the probable condition of the Treasury at the close of the present fiscal year, June 30, 1892:

Cash in the Treasury July 1, 1891, including gold reserve............... \$153, 893, 80883
Surplus for year, as above....................................................... $24,000,00000$
Deposits during the year for redemption of national bank notes........ $\quad 3,000,00000$
Total amount available
$180,893,80883$
Less-
Redemption of national bank notes during the
year.......................................................... $\$$
Redemption of bonds, interest notes, and frac-
tional currency to November 1, 1891 .............. 20, 911, 16300
Redemption of same items during remainder of
year .o...................................................... 4, 254, 50000


## Fiscal year 1893.



The estimates of appropriations required for the same period, as submitted by the several Executive Departments and offices, are as follows:

Legislative establishment..
Executive establishment-

| proper | \$143, 85000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| State Department | 166,510 00 |
| Treasury Department. | 9, 108, 38610 |
| War Department. | 2, 247, 17800 |
| Navy Department | 416,920 00 |
| Interior Department | 5, 202, 92400 |
| Post-Office Department | 923, 36000 |
| Department of Agricultu | 3, 360,995 50 |
| Department of Justice. | 184, 75000 |
| Department of Labo | 175, 47000 |

Judicial establishment.
Foreign intercourse.
Military establishment
Naval establishment.
Indià affaïrs.
Pensions
Public Works-
Legislative....................................................... 1, 041, 88500
Treasury Department...................................... 3, 125, 47995
War Department........................................... 13, 208, 39300
Navy Department.......................................... 828, 98505
Interior Department.................... ................... 290, 66500
Department of Justice.
5, 80000

| Miscellaneous- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legislative. | 3,076,141 86 |  |
| State Department | 3, 00000 |  |
| Treasury Department | 9,779,084 90 |  |
| War Department. | 5,501, 86160 |  |
| Interior Department. | 3, 928, 82100 |  |
| Department of Justice | 4, 765, 78760 |  |
| District of Columbia. | 5,602, 12517 |  |
|  |  | 32, 656, 82213 |
| Postal service. Permanent annual appropriations- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Interest on the public debt........................... | 26, 000, 00000 |  |
| Refunding-customs, internal revenue, etc......... | 17, 431, 20000 |  |
| Collecting reveíue from customs..................... | $5,500,00000$ |  |
| Miscellaneous... | $24,300,68000$ |  |
|  |  | 73, 231, 880 ' 00 |
| Total estimated appropriations, exclusive of sinking-fund....... |  | 441, 300, 09361 |
| Or an estimated surplus of. |  | 14, 036, 25683 |

Or an estimated surplus of.
14, 036, 25683

21, 930, 34360
692, 60000
2,138, 46614
26, 299, 17077
$26,365,65475$
8, 603, 90776
$147,064,55000$

32, 656, 82213
80, 323, 40051

73, 231, 880 '00
$441,300,09361$

## ©SINKING FUND.

The requirements of the sinking fund for the current fiscal year are estimated at $\$ 48,913,025$. The applications to the fund to November 1, 1891, consisted of bonds, interest notes, and fractional currency amounting to $\$ 20,911,163$. The additional application of similar items of indebtedness during the remainder of the year, and of national bank notes redeemed puder the provisions of the act of July 14, 1890, in excess of deposits received during the year for the redemption of such notes, estimated at $\$ 4,254,500$ and $\$ 13,000,000$, respectively, will bring the total amount to be applied to the fund to within $\$ 10,747,362$ of the estimated requirement.

## THE FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER OENT. LOAN.

The original issue of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds, authorized by the acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, consisted of $\$ 131,596,150$ registered and $\$ 118,403,850$ coupon bonds.

During the fifteen years' existence of the loan there were received and canceled $\$ 77,480,700$ coupon bonds for which an equal amount of registered bonds was issued, and there were retired by purchase or redemption prior to April 1, 1891, $\$ 168,039,300$ registered and $\$ 28,106,450$ coupon bonds. The amount outstanding April 1, was, therefore, $\$ 53,854,250$, of ${ }^{\circ}$ which $\$ 41,037,550$ were registered and $\$ 12,816,700$ coupon bonds. These by their terms were redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after September 1, 1891, and were being received for redemption, with interest to that date, in pursuance of a circular issued by my predecessor October 9, 1890. The bonds so redeemed were paid from the surplus revenues, under section 2 of the act of March 3, 1881, the sinking fund for the current year having been completed by purchases and redemptions of 4 per cent. and $4 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent. bonds during July and August, 1890.

In view of the requirements of the sinking fund for the fiscal year 1892 , it was deemed advisable to suspend the redemption of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds until after that year should begin, and a circular was therefore published, under date of April 25, 1891, rescinding that under which the bonds were then being redeemed and reserving the residue of the $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. loan for adjustment within the fiscal year 1892 . There had been presented for redemption in April, prior to the issuance of the circular above mentioned, $\$ 2,985,050$, and the amount outstanding subject to settlement at the option of the Government after September 1, 1891, was therefore $\$ 50,869,200$, consisting of $\$ 39,202,300$ registered and $\$ 11,666,900$ coupon bonds.

Nearly twenty-six and one-half millions of the registered bonds were deposited with the Treasurer of the United States as security for circulation and public moneys, and many of the banks to which they belonged would be obliged to replace them with other bonds at great expense or go into liquidation whenever it should be necessary that the $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents be surrendered. It was apparent, therefore, that an unqualified call for the redemption of the loan, fixing its maturity in September, would project a disturbing element into the finances of the country at a time when its resources are usually severely taxed by the movement of agricultural products. In the desire to avoid monetary disturbance during this critical period, and in the hope that the volume of money in circulation might be increased at an opportune time, through the cooperation of the banks, the holders of the bonds were offered their choice of presenting them for redemption with interest to September 2, 1891, or for continuance at the pleasure of the Government with interest at 2 per cent. per annum after that date. Under this proposal there were presented prior to September 2 for continuance $\$ 23,414,000$, of which $\$ 20,007,100$ were deposited with the Treasurer of the United States as security for circulation and $\$ 2,158,000$ for deposits. But it was found that some owners of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds who desired their continuance were unable to take the necessary steps to that end within the prescribed time, and an extension of the time to September 30 was therefore granted. On that day the total amount of bonds which had been presented for continuance was $\$ 25,412,200$, leaving for redemption $\$ 25,457,000$, of which" $\$ 17,940,100$ were presented and paid during the month of September. There were also redeemed in that month, to correct an error made by the owner, $\$ 47,700$ continued bonds, and the amount now outstanding on interest at 2 per cent. is $\$ 25,364,500$.

## PUBLIC MONEYS.

The monetary transactions of the Government have been conducted through the Treasurer of the United States, nine sub-treasury officers, and two hundred and thirteen national bank depositaries. The number of such depositaries on November 1, 1891, was one hundred and eighty-three, and the amount of public moneys held by them on that date, including those to credit of the Treasurer's general account and United States disbursing officers, was $\$ 20,106,876.92$, a reduction since November 1, 1890, jn number of twenty-one, and in amount of holdings of $\$ 9,830,810.76$.

These withdrawals have been made from locations where public funds were held in excess of the requirements of the service, and gradually,
in order to avoid disturbing the business of the people. Further withdrawals will be made from time to time when it can be done without detriment to business interests until the holdings of national bank depositaries shall have been reduced to the amount needed for the proper transaction of public business.

## oIrculation.

This important subject has been unusually prominent since the last annual report. The stringency in the money market during the summer and autumn of 1890 was relieved by the prompt and effective measures of my predecessor, and happily disappeared without producing the grave consequences which were feared by the public; but its existence, and the widespread apprehension which it caused, induced a revival of the erroneous idea that the volume of money in circulation was not only inadequate to the needs of the country, but was very much less per capita than during the so-called flush times which followed the civil war.

The "circulation statement" which has been published by the Department monthly siuce April 1, 1887, contains in tabular form full information on this subject for the dates specified, and has proved to be a valuable addition to the regular reports of the Department; but in the absence of statements in the same form for the preceding years a comparison by the people has been impracticable, and the mistaken opinion that there has been a severe contraction of the money volume found ready acceptance. This fact became apparent through letters which were received from all sections of the country, and more complete information on the subject was accordingly supplied by means of a statement which was printed in August last, and has been sent by mail to those who ask for it. The tables therein published appear in their appropriate place in this report,* and are reproduced without change, except as to the table for July 1, 1891, which displays the revised figures for that date, including bullion in the Treasury. By the revision of these figures, the amount of money per capita July 1, 1891, has been found to be $\$ 23.41$, instead of $\$ 23.45$.

The amount of money in circulation has been very largely increased since the close of the fiscal year. The amount July 1, 1891, was $\$ 1,497,440,707$, and the amount per capita was $\$ 23.41$. The return of gold to the United States, the operation of the Silver Act of July 14, 1890, and disbursements by the Treasury on account of the four and one-half per cent. loan, pensions, etc., have enlarged the volume to $\$ 1,577,262,070$, and the per capita amount to $\$ 24.38$. The amount of each kind of money in the United States, including bullion in the

[^0]Treasury and the amounts in circulation December 1, 1891, are shown in the subjoined table:

December 1, 1891.
[Population, 64,680,000; circulation per capita, \$24.38.]

|  | General stock coined or issued. | In Treasury. | Amount incirculation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$677, 774,595 | \$271, 843, 193 | \$405, 931, 402 |
| Standard silver dollare, including bullion in Treas- | 461, 205, 960 | 398,508,756 | $62,697,204$ |
| Subsidiary silver . | 77, 235, 022 | 14, 389,585 | 62,845,437 |
| Gold certificates. | 161, 852,139 | 19,202, 170 | 142, 649,969 |
| Silver certificates., | 324, 274,918 | 3,401,308 | 320, 873,610 |
| Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890 .......................... | 72, 959, 652 | 1,976,366 | 70, 983,286 |
| United States notes.......................................... | $346,681,016$ $10,135,000$ | 13, 316, 707 | 333, 364, 309 |
| National bank notes.......................................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 10,135,000 \\ 172,993,607 \end{array}$ | 3,74, $4,841,754$ | $9,765,000$ $168,151,853$ |
|  | 2, 305, 111, 909 | 727, 849, 839 | 1,577, 262,070 |

## PRECIOUS METALS.

## Deposits and purchases.

The value of the gold deposited at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1891, was $\$ 59,625,678.08$, of which $\$ 48,485,800.82$ were original deposits, and $\$ 11,139,877.26$ were redeposits.

Of the original deposits, $\$ 31,555,116.85$ were the product of our own mines ; $\$ 12,311,126.66$ foreign gold coin and bullion ; $\$ 583,847.16$ light weight domestic gold coin ; anḍ $\$ 4,035,710.15$ old material.

The deposits and purchases of silver aggregated 71,869,663.92standard ounces, of the coiniag value of $\$ 83,630,154.31$, including $10,006,707.61$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 11,644,168.84$, redeposits.

Of the silver received, $56,296,795.19$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 65,508,998.03$, were classified as of domestic product; $4,154,244.81$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 4,834,030.31$, were foreign silver bullion and coin; 705,253.82 standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 820,658.98$, were uncurrent domestic coins; $3,248.47$ standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 3,780.04$, were trade dollars; and $703,414.02$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 818,518.11$, consisted of old plate, jewelry, etc.

## Coinage.

The coinage of the mints during the last fiscal year was the largest in the history of the mint in this country, aggregating 119,547,877 pieces, valued as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Gold...................................................................... } \$ 24,172,20250 \\
& \text { Silver dollars.......... ...................................................... 36, 232, } 80200 \\
& \text { Subsidiary silver....................................................... 2, 039, } 21835 \\
& \text { Minor coins................................................................. 1, 166, } 93650 \\
& \text { Total.. ...................................................... ........ 63, 611, } 15935
\end{aligned}
$$

The number of silver dollars coined during the fiscal year from bullion purchased under the act of 1878 was $\mathrm{S}, 740,327$; from bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, 27,292,475; and from tradedollar bullion, 200,000 , a total of $36,232,802$ silver dollars, upon which the seigniorage, or profit, was $\$ 6,221,333.42$. The profit on the subsidiary silver coinage of the year was $\$ 92,434.48$, a total seigniorage of $\$ 6,313,767.90$.

The total coinage of silver dollars under the act of 1878 , from March 1,1878 , to the close of such coinage, has been $\$ 378,166,793$.

The net profit on the coinage of silver during the thirteen years ended June 30, 1891, including the balances in the coinage mints on July 1, 1878, has aggregated $\$ 71,952,390.25$.

## Bars.

In addition to the coinage, gold bars were manufactured of the value of $\$ 31,165,541.77$, and silver bars of the value of $\$ 8,437,657.65$, a total of $\$ 39,603,199.42$.

> Purchases of silver.

The amount of silver purchased from July 1 to August 13, 1890, under the provisions of the act of February 28, 1878, aggregated $3,108,199.47$ standard ounces; costing $\$ 3,049,426.46$, an average of $\$ 1.09$ per fine ounce.

The total amount of silver bullion puichased under the act of February 28,1878 , from the commencement, March 1,1878 , to the end, August 13,1890 , was $323,635,576.19$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 308,199,261.71$, an average cost of $\$ 1.058$ per fine ounce.

The amount of silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, from August 13, 1890, to June 30, 1891, aggregated 53,770,125.61 standard ounces, costing $\$ 50,577,498.44$, an average cost of $\$ 1.045$ per fine ounce.

The total amount of silver purchased during the fiscal year under both acts-February 28, 1878, and July 14, 1890-was $56,878,325.08$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 53,626,924.90$, an average cost of $\$ 1.04 \frac{3}{4}$ per fine ounce.

The total amount of silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, from-August 13, 1890, to November 1, 1891, was 66,588,536 fine ounces costing $\$ 68,626,565$, an average cost of $\$ 1.03$ per fine ounce.

Recoinage of trade-dollar bullion.
The act of March 3, 1891, directed the Secretary of the Treasury to coin the trade-dollar bullion into silver dollars as soon as practicable. Under the act authorizing the redemption of trade dollars (March 3,
1887), it was left discretionary with the Secretary to coin this bullion into either silver dollars or subsidiary silver coins, and the discretion had been exercised in favor of subsidiary silver coins.

The balance of trade dollar bullion on hand June 30, 1891, stored at the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans, was 4,193,756.12 standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 4,822,658.90$.

As soon as the mandatory coinage of silver dollars, required by the act of July 14, 1890, ceased by limitation of law, the conversion of the trade-dollar bullion into silver dollars was commenced.

The total number of silver dollars coined from trade-dollar bullion to November 1, has been $\$ 3,260,100$. This coinage will be completed during the present calendar year.

## Price of silver.

The price of silver fluctuated during the last fiscal year from $\$ 0.964$ to $\$ 1.21$ per fine ounce, a variation of nearly 25 cents an ounce.

At the commencement of the fiscal year the price in New York was $\$ 1.05$ per ounce; by July 14, 1890, the date of the passage of the new silver law, the price had advanced to $\$ 1.08$ per ounce, and by August 13 , the date the new silver law was to take effect, to $\$ 1.14$ per ounce. The highest price reached in New York was on August 19, 1890- $\$ 1.21$ per fine ounce. In September a decline commenced, extending to the end of the calendar year, when the price had touched $\$ 1.04 \frac{1}{2}$. The closing price, June 30, 1891, was $\$ 1.01 \frac{1}{4}$ per fine ounce. The price at this date-November 1, 1891-is $\$ 0.96$.
The average price of silver during the year, based upon London quotations, was $\$ 1.045$ a fine ounce, and upon New York quotations, $\$ 1.053$ a fine ounce, an average difference of nearly 1 cent an ounce.

The exports of silver from London to India during the first nine months of the present calendar year show a falling off of $\$ 17,020,730$, over 50 per cent. as compared with the same months for the previous year.

## Imports and exports.

The loss of gold by net export during the fiscal year was $\$ 67,946,768$, while there was a gain of silver by excess of imports over exports amounting to $\$ 2,745,365$.
The loss of gold by export was materially larger during the last fiscal year than in any recent year. The heavy movement commenced in February, 1891, and did not cease until the close of July. The total amount exported from the port of New York during this period was $\$ 70,223,494.31$,

It is gratifying to report that a return movement of gold is well under way, which has aggregated, since the 1st of July, at the port of New York alone, $\$ 27,854,000$, and it is believed that owing to the large exports of breadstuffs and other materials from the United States, this fall and winter, the movement of gold to this country will continue for some months, and in increasing amounts.

In the Report of the Director of the Mint will be found an article treating in detail of the movement of gold from the United States, and pointing out some of the causes which are believed to have operated to produce the same.

## Earnings and expenditures.

The total expenditures for the support of the Mint Service for the last fiscal year aggregated $\$ 1,335,910$.

The total earnings of the mints and assay offices, from all sources, was $\$ 7,650,529.62$, and the total expenditures and losses of all kinds, $\$ 1,661,139.83$, a net profit of earnings over expenditures of $\$ 5,989,389.79$.

## The product of gold and silver.

The mines of the United States produced, during the calendar year 1890, precious metals as follows:


The product of the mines and reduction works of the United States, including precious metals contained in foreign material reduced in the United States, was:

|  | Fine onnces. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gold.. | 1, 838, 366 |
| Silver | 64, 920, 927 |

The product of gold and silver in the world, based upon returns to the Director of the Mint, was the same year :


## World's coinage.

The coinage of gold and silver by the various countries of the world aggregated, for the calendar year 1890, as far as reports have been received:

[^1]
## Metallic stock of the United States.

The stock of gold and silver in the United States, based upon official tabulations brought forward from year to yëar, was, on November 1, 1891, approximately:
Silver.

$$
\$ 671,139,531
$$

Total............................................................................. $1,210,381,155$

Use of gold and silver in the arts and manufactures.
According to information gathered by the Bureau of the Mint, the value of the gold and silver used in the industrial arts in the United States during the last year was, approximately: Gold, $\$ 18,000,000$, and silver, $\$ 9,000,000$, of which $\$ 10,700,000$ gold and $\$ 7,140,000$ silver was new bullion.

Legislation recommended-Recoinage of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury.

In the last report of the Secretary of the Treasury attention was directed to the large stock of subsidiary silver coins in the Treasury which, through abrasion or mutilation, were unfit for circulation, or else of denominations for which there was no popular demand, and it was recommended that authority be granted to recoin this uncurrent coin into new coins, and to reimburse the Treasury for the loss of metal incident to such recoinage from the large profits which have been made by the Government on the manufacture and issue of silver coins of a nominal value in excess of the cost of the bullion contained in them.

Such a provision was inserted by the House of Representatives in the sundry civil appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1892, but the provision was stricken out in the Senate, and, in lieu thereof, an appropriation of $\$ 150,000$ was made for such recoinage.

Under this liberal appropriation a large amount of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury has been recoined into dimes and quarter-dollars, and such recoinage is still in progress.

The face value of the silver coins transterred from the Treasury to the mints for recoinage under this appropriation has been $\$ 3,858,958$, upon which the loss of metal, representing abrasion from wear, and reimbursed the Treasurer from the above appropriation, was $\$ 115,055$ a loss of about 3 per cent. It was thought that the loss would be about 5 per cent., and that the appropriation of $\$ 150,000$ would enable FF $01-$ -
the Department to recoin about $\$ 3,000,000$. By careful and economical work úpon the part of the mịnts the loss has been reduced considerably below this figure, and it is believed that the current appropriation will enable the mints to recoin $\$ 5,000,000$.
The beneficial results of this recoinage are shown by the fact that the amount of subsidiary silver coin in the Treasury at the commencement of the last fiscal year, all of which was classed as an "unavailable asset," was $\$ 22,805,225$, while the amount in the Treasury at the present time is $\$ 15,196,379$, a reduction of $\$ 7,608,846$.
In view of the importance of relieving the Treasury of this incubus of uncurrent coins, as well as to provide change money in an attractive form, I renew the recommendation of my predecessor that authority be given to reimburse the Treasurer for the loss of metal incident to the recoinage of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury, from the "silver profit fund," or else that a permanent annual appropriation for recoinage be made. If, however, this should not meet with favor at the hands of Congress, I most urgently recommend an immediate appropriation of $\$ 100,000$ for continaing the recoinage of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury.
In pursuance of the authority contained in the act of September 26, 1891, the Director of the Mint has prepared new designs for the subsidiary silver coins of the United States, which are believed to be a decided improvement upon those now in existence, and with a liberal appropriation for recoinage it is believed that a large amount of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury can be profitably converted into new coins bearing the new designs, and that they will be readily absorbed in circulation.

## New mint at Philadelphia.

In accordance with the recommendation of Secretary Windom in his last annual report, Congress, by an act approved March 3, 1891, authorized the purchase of a site and the erection of a new building for the mint at Philadelphia, at a cost not to exceed $\$ 2,000,000$; but as the law made no appropriation to carry its provisions into effect, no action has been taken thereunder which would involve an expenditure of money from the Treasury.

At my request, however, Messrs. E. H. Fitler, Samuel Gustine Thompson, Anthony J. Drexel, William M. Singerly, James H. Windrim, Alexander K. McClure, and A. C. Bosbyshell consented to serve as a commission without compensation to recommend a suitable site for the proposed building, and on September 8, 1891, they unanimously recommended a site at a cost not to exceed $\$ 800,000$,

The necessity of better and enlarged facilities for the mint is apparent, and I again recommend the subject to the early and favorable consideration of Congress.
It is believed that the valuable site now occupied by the mint at Philadelphia will sell, at the date the new mint can be completed, for a sum approximating the entire cost of a new site and building.

## NATIONAL BANKS.

The report of the Comptroller of the Currency* gives full information in relation to the organization, supervision, and liquidation of national banks during the year ending October 31, 1891. In this period 193 associations were organized, with capital aggregating $\$ 20,700,000$, thus exhibiting a growth of the national system largely in excess of the annual average for past years. During the same period 41 associations went into voluntary liquidation and 25 became insolvent, leaving as a net gain for the twelve-month 127 banks, with a capital of $\$ 12,553,000$.
The administration by the Comptroller of the affairs of suspended banks has been characterized by a wise regard to the interests of all concerned; and of the number of banks closed during the year, 7 have been reopened for business, their solvency having been restored by the voluntary contribution of funds by the stockholders.

The number of banks in operation October 31, 1891, was 3,694, having in capital stock $\$ 684,755,865$; bonds deposited to secure circulation, $\$ 152,113,850$; bank notes outstanding, $\$ 171,368,948$, including $\$ 35,430,721$ represented by lawful money deposited for their redemption. Their gross circulation, including notes of gold banks and those of failed and liquidated associations, has decreased $\$ 7,571,085$ during the year, while that secured by pledge of bonds has increased $\$ 11,795,101$.
The domestic exchange drawn by national banks for the year ending June 30, 1891, is stated at $\$ 12,782,212,495$, an increase over the preceding year of more than 11 per cent.
The last report of condition exhibits the liabilities and resources of the banks on September 25, 1891. At that date 3,677 associations reported an aggregate capital of $\$ 677,426,870$; surplus, $\$ 227,576,486$; and undivided profits, $\$ 103,284,674$. The gross deposits, including amounts due to banks, are stated at $\$ 2,039,180,188.12$, and loans and discounts at $\$ 1,989,354,239$, an increase in both items over any previous date. These bayks held $\$ 174,907,550$ in United States bonds, of which $\$ 150,035,600$ were to secure circulating notes ; also $\$ 183,515,076$ in specie, $\$ 97,615,608$ in legal-tender notes, and $\$ 15,720,000$ in United States certificates of deposit.

[^2]Of the new associations, 99 are located west of the Mississippi River and 59 in the southern states.

The present has been more disastrous than any former year as to the number of failures, but not as to the amount of capital and liabilities involved.

More than one-half in number of the banks that became insolvent during the period covered by the report of the Comptroller were lo: cated in two western states, and their insolvency was chiefly due to the effects of four successive crop failures, while the severe depression of business which followed the stringency of last year influenced in a great degree the failures that occurred in other parts of the country.

It is shown that of the total number of national banks organized only $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. have become insolvent during a period of 29 years, and that the annual average loss to creditors during that time has been only one-twentieth of 1 per cent. of their average liability.

The affairs of 102 insolvent banks have been finally closed, at an average expense of 9.28 per cent., with an average dividend to creditors of 74.17 per cent. Those closed during the last five years have divided among creditors 90.65 per cent., at an average cost for expenses of 4.08 per cent. It is believed that no other system can show equally favorable results.

I invite favorable attention to the recommendations of the Comptroller that the present law be so amended as to provide (1) that no association shall be required to maintain a bond deposit of more than $\$ 1,000$ to secure circulation; (2) that 'every association may issue circulating notes equal to the par value of the bonds so deposited; (3) that the monthly withdrawal of bonds pledged to secure such notes shall not exceed $\$ 3,000,000$ in the aggregate; and (4) that the semi-annual duty on circulation be so reduced as to equal one-fourth of 1 per cent.

Attention is also invited to the suggestions of the Comptroller that supervising and assistant examiners be appointed, and that all examiners be required to take an oath of office, and give such bonds as the Comptroller may prescribe. His suggestion as to the necessity for legislation more clearly defining the duties of directors, and further restricting the accommodations which may be lawfully afforded to officers and directors by way of loans and discounts, is especially commended to the consideration of the Congress.

Three loan and trust companies, doing business in the District of Columbia, have availed themselves of the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of trust, loan, mortgage, and certain other corporations within the District of Columbia," approved October 1, 1890, and are now subject to the supervision of the Comptroller of the Currency.

## TARIFF AND OUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION.

At my request the Chief of the Bureau of Statisties has prepared a special report on our foreign commerce for comparative periods under the old and new tariffs, which furnishes a striking exhibit of the practical effect of the new law.

The existing tariff went into effect as to most of its provisions on the 6th of October, 1890. Under its operations during the twelve months ending September 30, 1891, the first five days of October being under the old tariff, the value of imports of merchandise was $\$ 824,716,507$, an increase of $\$ 11,247,116$ over the value of imports of the corresponding months of the preceding year. Of this total the value of free goods was $\$ 397,352,107$, an increase of $\$ 118,092,436$ over the value of free imports during the corresponding months of the previous year. The proportion of merchandise admitted free was 48.18 per cent. of the total importation, as against 34.32 per cent. for, the preceding year, thus exceeding the proportion of free "goods under any previous tariff for a corresponding period.

For the six months ending September 30, 1891, during which sugar has been admitted free, the proportion of free importations was 55.37 per cent., as against 33.27 per cent. for the corresponding months of the preceding year.

For six months ending March 31, 1891, when sugar was dutiable under the new tariff, the free importations were 40.68 per cent., and for the corresponding period of the preceding year, under the old tariff, they were 35.18 per cent. of the total importations.

The articles now admitted free of duty are chiefly necessaries of life, such as sugar, tea, coffee, and other articles which are not largely produced in this country, and do not successfully compete with our domestic productions.

The removal of the duty on sugar has reduced its price to the consumer, and this result is not in conflict with the doctrine of protection to home industries, because the limited domestic production of sugar under the most favorable protective rates was not sufficient to influence the price in the home market.

The reporit of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics is accompanied by tables showing that prices to the consumer of manufactured articles, as a rule, have not been increased, but have been reduced.

The receipts from customs for the year ending September 30, 1891, during the last six months of which sugar was free, were $\$ 196,279,654.60$, as against $\$ 238,784,929.71$ for the preceding year, a decrease of $\$ 42$, 505,275.11.

During the twelve months ending September 30, the value of our exports of merchandise was $\$ 923,091,136$, as against $\$ 860,177,115$ for the previous twelve months, an increase of $\$ 62,914,021$.

Under the operations of the new tariff the customs revenue has been decreased as far as is consistent with the current needs of the Government. By the readjustment of duties in the line of protection to American labor and American industries, the free list has been enlarged by the addition of articles which from climatic or other conditions are not produced profitably, nor extensively, in this country; adequate protective duties have been imposed upon articles that come into competition with our own productions; new industries have been established and others stimulated, thereby giving increased employment to American labor, and better control of our home market to our own people; and the price of nearly every article of common consumption has been reduced to the consumer.

Inasmuch as a considerable portion of our revenues must be derived from duties on imports, it is the part of wisdom and patriotism to so adjust the rates as to have regard first to the interests of our own people and the rightful demands of American labor for remunerative wages.

I do not believe that any considerable number of the people desire to see our manufacturing industries destroyed, or wages reduced to the European basis, which would be the inevitable result of a reduction of duties with a view to revenue only.

A comparison of the prices of goods imported respectively under the old and new tariffs where rates have been increased will demonstrate that the tariff is a tax upon the foreign competitor in our markets in the sale of such articles as are extensively produced here, and that the duties are in fact thus deducted from the foreign market value, and are paid by the foreigner as a tax for the privilege of selling his goods here at prices fixed by our own people competing among themselves in their own market.

## Legislation recommended.

I invite attention to, and earnestly renew, the recommendations of my predecessor concerning needed amendments to the laws relating to the administration of the customs service. I quote from his last annual report:

First. The increase of the permanent appropriation for the expense of collecting the revenue from customs.
For many years the fund available for defraying the expenses of collecting-the revenue from customs has been insufficient to cover such expenses, and the Department
has been unable to employ a snfficient force to properly collect the revenue and guard against evasions. It is false economy to refuse the means to insure the enforcement of the laws upon which depend the revenues of the Government. The Department is almost daily compelled to refuse expenditures absolutely necessary to such enforcement. On this subject, the following is quoted from the Secretary's last annual report:
"Serious embarrassments have occurred several times through deficiency in this appropriation, which has proved insufficient to defray the necessary expenses of collection, the average annual cost of which exceeds $\$ 7,000,000$.
"The fund at disposal is derived from the permanent annual appropriation of $\$ 5,500,000$ made by the act of March 3, 1871, 'and in addition thereto such sums as may be received from fines, penalties, and forfeitures connected with the customs, and from fees paid into the Treasury by customs offcers, and from storage, cartage, drayage, labor, and services,' which on the date of the passage of the act amounted to nearly - $\$ 2,000,000$.
"Since that time the annual receipts from these sources have diminished about $\$ 1,000,000$, in consequence of legislation affecting fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and the abolition of many of the official fees."

The rapid growth of the country, the opening of an immense line of unguarded frontier by the building of railways and the creation of new ports, make the need of legislation on this subject more imperative than ever before.

Second. The compensation of all collectors of customs by fixed salaries, and the abolishment of all fees, commissions, perquisites, and emoluments.

This is necessary to secure uniformity and the proper adjustment of the compensation of these oficers commensurate with their duties and responsibilities.

Under the present system the emoluments of some collectors are excessive while in other cases they are inadequate.

Third. The consolidation of customs districts, demanded alike for reasons of economy and the changed condition of commerce and transportation.

This might be accomplished by authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to change the boundaries of customs districts, or to abolish districts when the expenditures exceed the receipts therein.

Fourth. The abolishment of oaths to monthly accounts of customs employes as unnecessary and as subjecting these ${ }^{\circ}$ officers to useless expense.

Fifth. The repeal of the laws requiring bonds to be given by individval importers upon the entry of merchandise for warehouse, and for the return of packages not designated for examination and delivered to importers in advance of appraisement and - liquidation of duties.

In the case of warehouse bonds the Government is amply protected by the possession of the merchandise, and the so-called "return bonds" are found in practice to serve no valuable end. The taking of these useless bonds involves a large expense without any compensating benefit.

Sixth. The revision and codification of the customs laws.
These laws are now scattered through the statutes, and should be brought together, revised, and reënacted in one harmonious code.

Seventh. Legislation to secure railway statistics of foreign commerce.
It is indispensable to a proper record and exposition of the foreign commerce of the United States that railway carriers of merchandise should be required by law to render such statistical returns as are required of carriers of freight by water.

Any attempt to completely exhibit the foreign trade of the country is largely neutralized and frustrated at present by the necessity of merely estimating the greater pairt of such trade conducted by rail.

These recommendations have been made, in whole or in part, by every Secretary of the Treasury of both political parties during the last ten years, and their importance can not be over estimated.

It is certainly unwise to neglect to furnish adequate means for the efficient collection and protection of the customs revenue, which is required to defray a considerable part of the expenses of the Government. The changes of twenty years, since the present provision for defraying the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs was made; necessitate new legislation on the subject.

In the development of the Northwest new castoms districts and ports have been created, both on the ocean and frontier; many new interior ports have been established ; but the fund at the disposal of the Department for paying the expenses of customs collection and administration, which in 1871 was about $\$ 7,500,000$, has been reduced by legislation affecting fines and fees until there is now but little over $\$ 6,000,000 \mathrm{ap}$ plicable to this purpose, while the actual expease is nearly a million more. This insufficient appropriation embarrasses efficient administration of the customs laws, to the manifest detriment of the revenue.

In this connection I call attention to the report of the supervising Special Agent,* showing the inadequacy of the present force of customs officers for the protection of the revenue on the Mexican and Canadian frontiers, which force can not be augmented with the present insufficient appropriation.

I renew the recommendation made by my predecessor, in the last annual report, that section 8 of the Customs Administrative Act be repealed. Further experience has demonstrated the impracticability of administering this section. It is a constant source of irritation, and serves no useful purpose in ascertaining dutiable values.

Section 15 of the same act should be so amended as to authorize the • taking of testimony now required to be taken by the General Appraisers by commissioners appointed for that purpose by the court, as well as by the General Appraisers, as now provided by law. This is necessary for the reason that the time of the General Appraisers is so fully occupied with their duties at the port of New York that they are unable to give proper attention to the demands of other ports in this regard.

I also renew the recommendation that that part of section 19 which imposes additional duties on unusual coverings be modified so that
such coverings shall pay but a single duty at the rate to which they would be subject if imported separately, not less than that imposed upon their contents.

The General Appraisers call attention in their report to the effect of the clause in section 7 of the Customs Adminisfrative Act which requires the assessment of an additional duty of 2 per cent. on the total appraised value of imported merchandise for every 1 per cent. of the advance above entered value, provided the appraised value èxceeds by more than 10 per cent. the value declared on entry, and recommend that the law should be so modified as to limit the additional duty to not more than 100 per cent. I concur in their recommendation that the law be so modified.

By the present law (section 827, Revised Statates) provision is made for the compensation of district attorneys when they appear on behalf of collectors in customs cases. Under the Administrative Act collectors are no longer parties to suits for the recovery of duties alleged to be unlawfully exacted, and although the services of the district attorneys in such cases are still required, it has been held that there is no authority for their payment. It is therefore recommended that the law be amended so that the district attorneys may receive adequate compensation in such cases.

The care of foreign merchandise at the World's Columbian Exposition will require a large temporary castoms force, which can not be provided without an additional appropriation for that purpose. It is estimated that not less than $\$ 200,000$ will be required to enable the Department to employ the officers necessary to maintain the custody of dutiable exhibits and examine and appraise and collect duties upon such articles as may be withdrawn for consumption.
There will be undoubtedly a demand for the privilege of selling articles for delivery daring the Exposition. This will require legislative authority, and I therefore suggest the enactment of a law to authorize such sales under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, as was done during the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia, in accordance with the provisions of the act of July 20, 1876.

## General Appraisers.

The report of the General Appraisers* shows a gratifying progress in the disposition of protests involving questions of classification. The number of these cases undisposed of November 1, 1890, was 996 ; the number received from November 1, 1890, to November 1, 1891, was 41,557 at the port of New York, and from other ports 8,589, making a

[^3]total of 51,142 . Of this number, 33,897 involved the constitutionality of the acts of June 10 and October 1, 1890. Many of the remaining cases have been or will be disposed of by a single decision, as they involve identical questions, so that the opinion is expressed that by January 1 next nearly all cases received up to October 1, 1891, will have been settled either by actual decisions or suspensions made to await the final determination of analogous questions on appeals taken from the Board's decisions.

During the same time, the number of appeals to reappraisement has been 2,107 , of which 2,051 have been disposed of, leaving but 56 pending.

This showing gives assurance that the Customs Administrative Act has realized the purpose of its enactment and afforded what was imperatively demanded-a speedy, just, and efficacious means for the settlement of differences between the Government and importers, both as to classifications and values.

It was to be expected that a law so radical in many of its features would be met by some embarassments of administration and more or less criticism, but its practical operation for more than a year has in a great measure removed both the administrative difficulties and the opposition it first encountered. It has demonstrated its value and efficacy in checking fraudulent undervaluations and securing uniform assessment of duties, and while in some of its details amendment is desirable, yet in its main features it should not be disturbed.

## INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts from the several objects of taxation under the internalrevenue laws for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1890 and 1891, are as follows:

| Objects of taxation. | Fiscal year ended June 30- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1891. |  |  |
| Distilled spirits................ | \$881, 687, 37509 | \$ $\$ 83,385,96364$ | \$1, 648,588 55 |  |
| Manufactured tobacco.. | 33, 958, 99106 | 32,796, 27097 | +................. | \$1, 162, 72009 |
| Fermented liquors....... | 26, 008,534 74 | 28,565,129 92 | 2,556,595 18 | (1,162,720 09 |
| Oleomargarine.. | 786, 29172 | 1,077,924 14 | 291,632 42 | .................. |
| Miscellaneous collections.. | 153;503 96 | 260,127 30 | 106,623 34 |  |
| Total. | 142,594, 69657 | 146, 035,415 97 | 3,440. 71940 | .................... |


| The receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the fiscal ended June 30. 1891, were. | 146, 035, 41597 |
| :---: | :---: |
| The receipts from the same sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, were $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 142, 594, 69657 |
| Making an increasein the receipts for the fiscal year just ended of | 3, 440, 71940 |
| The total costof collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, was |  |
| The total cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, was | 4, 095, 11080 |

The amounts herein stated are the amounts actually collected during the fiscal years mentioned, but in many cases the money collected on the last day of June is not deposited until the first day of July, thus causing a discrepancy between the collections and the deposits.

The increase in the cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, is due to various causes. The appropriation made by Congress for salaries and expenses of agents, gaugers, storekeepers, etc., amounted to $\$ 2,100,000$, but owing to a large increase in the products of distilleries operated during the fiscal year, which resulted in an increase of the taxes collected from spirits of more than $\$ 3,000,000$ as compared with the receipts of the preceding year, the actual expenses under the above head exceeded the amount appropriated by $\$ 3,451.58$, for which unpaid accounts are now on file and for the payment of which an additional appropriation will be necessary. In addition to this, there were gauged 193,557 gallons of grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines upon which no tax was paid. The actual work demanded under this provision, in addition to the above figures, was the gauging of $1,083,274$ gallons of sweet wines, and a number of deputy collectors and other officers were required to be employed in the work of supervising the delivery of this brandy to the wine makers.

If expenditures of this character, which can hardly be fairly construed as entering into the cost of collection, could be separated from the total expenditure, the cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 , would be very materially reduced.

The percentage of cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 , was 2.88 per cent., as against 2.82 for the preceding fiscal year, the increase arising $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{d}}$ above stated.

The total production of distilled spirits, exclusive of fruit brandies, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, was 115,962,389 gallons; the total production for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, was 109,275, 928 gallons, making. an increase in the production of distilled spirits for the fiscal year just ended of $6,686,461$ gallons.

There was also produced during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, 284,035 gallons of apple brandy, 777 gallons of peach brandy, and $1,519,900$ gallons of grape brandy, making a total production of 1,804,712 gallons of brandy from fruits, as against $1,825,810$ gallons of . brandy from fruits produced during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890. A further comparison of the two fiscal years shows a decrease of 325,006 gallons in the production of apple brandy and a decrease of

107,987 gallons in the production of peach brandy, with an increase of 411,895 gallons in the production of grape brandy for the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 . Of the brandy produced from grapes 193,557 gallons were used, free of tax, for the fortification of sweet wines, under the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, 3,819 distilleries of all kinds were operated. For the preceding fiscal year 6,211 distilleries of all kinds were operated, a comparison showing a decrease of 2,392 in the number of distilleries operated for the fiscal year just ended. Nearly the whole of the above decrease arose from fruit distilleries which were not operated on account of the almost complete failure of the fruit crop.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, there were produced $30,497,209$ barrels of beer. The number of barrels produced during the fiscal year ended June 30,1890 , was $2 \dot{7}, 561,944$, making an increased production for the fiscal year just ended of $2,935,265$ barrels.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, the total receipts from the taxes on tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, snuff, etc., were $\$ 32,796,270.97$.

The receipts from the same sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, were $\$ 33,958,991.06$. It was estimated that the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, reducing the tax on tobacco and snuff to 6 cents per pound and repealing certain special taxes, would result in a decrease in the receipts from this source for the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 , of $\$ 3,898,382.72$. The actual decrease was $\$ 1,162,720.09$, the increased production of manufactured tobacco, suuff, cigars, cheroots, and cigarettes being the cause for such gratifying result.

The quantity of distilled spirits gauged for the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 , was $342,343,638$ gallons. The quantity gauged for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, was $324,175,208$ gallons, making an increase in the quantity of spirits gauged for the fiscal. year just ended of 18,168, 430 gallons.

It is estimated that the receipts, from all sources of internal revenue for the current fiscal year (ending June 30, 1892) will aggregate $\$ 150,000,000$.

I respectfully call attention to the various recommendations contained in the report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue,* and urge legislation in accordance with the views therein expressed.

[^4]
## FOREIGN COMMERCE.

$\therefore$ The value of our foreign commerce-imports and exports of merchan-dise-during the last fiscal year was greater than for any previous year. It amounted to $\$ 1,729,397,006$, as against $\$ 1,647,139,093$ during the fiscal year 1890, an increase of $\$ 82,257,913$.

The value of imports of merchandise also during the last fiscal year was the largest in the history of our commerce, amounting to $\$ 844,916$,196, as against $\$ 789,310,409$ during the fiscal year 1890, an increase of $\$ 55,605,787$.

The value of the exports of merchandise during the same period was $\$ 884,480,810$, as against $\$ 857,828,684$ for the previous fiscal year, 1890 , an increase of $\$ 26,652,126$.

The exports exceeded the imports of merchandise $\$ 39,564,614$.
The value of the imports and exports of merchandise and specie during the last four years ending June 30 has been as follows:

Merchandise.

|  | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports- 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic............................................................. | $\$ 683,862,104$ $12,092,403$ | $\$ 730,282,609$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 845,293,828 \\ 12,534,856 \end{array}$ | $\$ 872,270,283$ |
| Total. | 695,954,507 | 742, 401,375 | 857, 828, 684 | 884, 480, 810 |
| Imports .............. | 723, 957, 114 | 745, 131, 652 | 789, 310, 409 | 844, 916,196 |
| Excess of exports... |  |  | 68,518,275 | 39,564,614 |
| Excess of imports................................... | 28,002,607 | 2,730, 277 |  |  |

Specie.

|  | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports- |  |  | * |  |
| Gold... | \$18, 376, 234 | \$59, 952, 285 | \$17, 274,491 | \$86, 362,654 |
| Silver. | 28,037, 949 | 36, 689, 248 | 34,873, 929 | 22,590,988 |
| Total | 46, 414, 183 | 96,641,533 | 52, 148,420 | 108, 953, 642 |
| ImportsGold. | 43, 934,317 | 10, 284, 858 | 12,943, 342 | 18,232,567 |
| Silver | 15,403,669 | 18,678, 215 | 21,032, 984 | 18,026,880 |
| Total. | 59, 337, 986 | 28,963,073 | 33, 976, 326 | 36.259,447 |
| Excess of exports............................................................... Excess of imports.......... |  | 67,678,460 | 18, 172,094 | 72, 694, 195 |
| Excess of imports.................................. | 12,923,803 |  |  |  |

The above table does not include gold and silver contained in ores and copper matte, as follows :

|  | Exports. | Imports. | Excess of imports. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold in ores and copper matte............................................ | \$100, 226 | \$283,545 | \$183,319 |
| Silver in ores and copper matte....................................... | 942,563 | 8,252,036 | 7,309, 473 |

The following table shows the distribution of our commerce by lead. ing countries and grand divisions of the globe, during the year ending June 30, 1891:

| Countries and grand divisions. | Exports. |  |  | Imports. | Total exports and imports. <br> 4 | Excess of exports + or of imports - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic. | Foreign. | Total. |  |  |  |
| countries. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |  |
| Great Rritain | 441, 599, 807 | 3,814, 219 | 445, 414, 226 | 194, 723, 262 | 640, 137, 288 | +250, 690; 764 |
| Germany | 91, 684, 981. | 1,110,475 | 92, 795, 4556 | 97,316, 383 | 190, 111, 839 | - 4,520,927 |
| France | 59, ${ }^{26,694,739}$ | 866, 451 | $60,693,190$ $27,540,424$ | $76,688,995$ $10,945,672$ | $137,388,185$ $38,486,096$ | + $\begin{array}{r}15,995,805 \\ +16,594,752\end{array}$ |
| Belaly | 15,927,274 | 119,651 | 16,046, 925 | 21, 678, 208 | 37,725, 133 | + $51,631,283$ |
| Netherlands. | 23,816,814 | 297, 163 | 24, 113, 977 | 12, 422, 174 | 36,536, 151 | + 11, 691,803 |
| British North American Possessions | 37, 345,515 | 2, 098, 240 | 39,443,755 | 39, 434, 535 | 78, 878, 290 |  |
| Mexico | 14, 199, 080 | 770, 540 | 14, 969, 620 | 27, 295, 992 | 42,265, 612 | -12, 226,372 |
| West Indies | 33,416,178 | 1,043, 273 | 34, 459, 451 | 86, 461,705 | 120, 921, 156 | - 32,002, 254 |
| Brazil .... | 14, 049,273 | 70, 973 | 14, 120, 246 | 83, 230,595 | 97, 350, 841 | - 69, 110,349 |
| China | 8, 700, 308 | 700 | 8,701,008 | 19,321, 850 | $28,022,858$ | - 10,620,842 |
| British East Indies. | 4, 399,544 | 559 | 4,400, 103 | 23, 356, 989 | 27,757,092 | - 18, 956,886 |
| Japan............... | 4, 800, 650 | 7,043 | 4, 807, 693 | 19,309, 198 | 24, 116, 891 | - 14, 501,505 |
| All other countries. | 95, 809, 970 | 1, 164,966 | 96, 974, 986 | 132,730,638 | 229,705,574 | , 755, 702 |
| To | 872, 270, 283 | 12,210,527 | 884, 480, 810 | $844,916,1961$ | 1,729, 397,006 | + 39,564,614 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europe | 697, 614, 106 | 7,183,941 | 704,798,047 | 459, 305, 3721 | 1, 164, 103,419 | +245,492,675 |
| North America | 92, 388, 252 | 4, 160,877 | 96,549, 129 | 163, 226,079 | 259, 775, 208 | - 66, 676,950 |
| South America | 33, 226, 401 | 481, 889 | 33, 708,290 | 118,736,668 | 152, 444, 958 | - 85,028, 378 |
| Asia and Oceanica | 43,813,519 | 361,590 | 44, 175, 109 | 97, 893, 336 | 142, 068, 465 | -53,718, 247 |
| Africa | 4,738, 847 | 19, 050 | 4, 757, 897 | 4, 207, 146 | 8, 965, 043 | + 550,751 |
| All other coun | 489, 158 | 3,180 | 492,338 | 1,547,575 | 2,039, 913 | 1,055, 237 |
| Tota | 872, 270, 283 | 12, 210, 527 | 884, 480, 810 | 844, 916, 196 | 1,729,397, 006 | + 39,564,614 |

It will be observed that the value of our total trade in merchandise with Great Britain and Ireland amounted to $\$ 640,137,288$, of which the value of exports was $\$ 445,414,026$, and the value of imports $\$ 194,723,-$ 262 , showing an excess in exports of $\$ 250,690,764$.

Our import and export trade with Great Britian and Ireland forms 37 per cent. of such trade with all nations, and about 55 per cent. of such trade with all Europe. Our trade with North America including the West Indies stands next in value, followed by that with South America, and that with Asia and Oceanica. Our trade with Germany showed an excess of imports of $\$ 4,520,927$; with France, of $\$ 15,995,805$.

In our total trade with Europe the excess of exports over imports was $\$ 245,492,675$.

Our commerce in merchandise with North America, including Mexico, Central America, and West Indies, amounted to $\$ 259,775,208$, of which the value of the imports was $\$ 163,226,079$, and of the exports $\$ 96,549,129$, an excess of imports of $\$ 66,676,950$; but if our export trade by land carriage with Mexico and Canada had been correctly ascertained by means of an adequate law for that purpose, it is esti.
mated that our imports and exports with North America would appear upwards of $\$ 290,000,000$, and leave an excess of imports of less than $\$ 36,000,000$, instead of $\$ 66,000,000$, as now appears.

Our total trade with South America in merchandise amounted to $\$ 152,444,958$, of which the value of the imports was $\$ 118,736,668$, and of the exports $\$ 33,708,290$, an excess of imports of $\$ 85,028,378$.

Values of the imports and exports of merchandise of the United States carried in cars and other land vehicles during each fiscal year from 1871 to 1891, inclusive.

| Year ending June 30- | Imports and exports in cars and other land vehicles. | Year ending June 30- | Imports and exports in cars and other land vehicles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1871. | \$22, 985, 510 | 1882. | \$34, 973, 317 |
| 1872. | 27, 650, 770 | 1883......................................... | 48, 092, 892 |
| 1873. | 27, 869,978 | 1884.......................................... | 46,714,068 |
| 1874. | 23, 022, 540 | 1885......................................... | 45, 332, 775 |
| 1875. | 20,388, 235 | 1886.......................................... | 43,700, 350 |
| 1876. | 18, 473, 154 | 1887. | 48, 951, 725 |
| 1877. | 17, 464, 810 | 1888.......................................... | 54,356, 827 |
| 1878. | 20, 477, 364 | 1889......................................... | 66, 664,378 |
| 1879. | 19, 423, 685 | 1890. | 73,571, 263 |
| 1880 | 20, 981, 393 | 1891......................................... | 72, 856,194 |
| 1881................................. | 25, 452,521 |  |  |

## Exports.

The total value of exports of domestic merchandise was $\$ 872,270,283$, an increase of $\$ 26,976,455$ over the exports of the preceding fiscal year, 1890, and was greater than that of any year except 1881.

The material increase or decrease in value of the principal articles of domestic exports was as follows:

## Increase in-

$$
\text { Cotton, unmanufactured................................................... } \$ 39,744,106
$$

Sugar, refined................................................................. 4, 237, 360 .
Cotton manufactures..................................................................605,580
Iron and steel, and manufactures of............................... 3,$367 ; 406$
Provisions, comprising meat and dairy products................. 2,752,965
Copper, and manufactures of not including ore.................. 2, 265, 205
Coal.......................................................................... 1,534, 938
Mineral oil, refined......................................................... 1, 491, 428
Paraffine and paraffine wax... ........................................... 1, 305, 940
Hops ............................................................................ 1, 216, 903
Copper ore........................................................................... 1, 207,657
Decrease in-
Breadstuffs................................................................... \$26, 804, 271
Wood, and manufactures of................................................ 2, 004, 489
Ore, gold and silver bearing........................................... 1, 939, 434
Fruits, including nuts ..................................................... 1, 624, 754
Furs and fur skins................................................................... 1, 425, 229
Vegetable oils .......... ....................................................... 1, 369, 505
Fish................................ ., ,....................................... 1, 044, 205

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> There was an increase in the value of domestic exports to-
> And a decrease to-
> Argentine Republic....................................................... $\$ 5,604,552$
> Great Britain and Ireland.. . ............................................. 2, 859, 202
> Russia in Europe.......................................................... 2, 769,553
> British North American Possessions.................................. 1, 198, 939

The values of the principal articles of domestic exports during the three years ending June 30, 1891, were as follows :

| $\cdots$ | 1889. | 1890. | 1801. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| Cotton, and manufactures of......................................... | 247, 987, 914 | 260, 968, 069 | 304, 317, 755 |
| Provisions, comprising meat and dairy products........... | 104, 122, 444 | 136,264,506 | 139, 017, 471 |
| Breadstuffs .................................................................. | 123,876, 661 | 154, 925, 927 | 128, 121, 656 |
| Mineral oils.. | 49, 913, 677 | 51, 403, 089 | 52, 026,734 |
| Animals | 18, 374, 805 | 33, 638, 128 | 32,935,086 |
| Iron and steel, and manufactures of, including ore | 21, 156, 109 | 25,542, 208 | 28,909,614 |
| Wood, and manufactuxes of. | 26,9.1.0,672 | 28, 274, 529 | 26, 270,040 |
| Tobacco, and manufactures of.................... ................... | 22, 609,668 | 25, 355, 601 | 25,220,472 |
| Leather, and manufactures of........................................ | 10,747, 710 | 12,438,847 | 13, 278, 847 |
| Coal............................................................................. | 6,600,479 | 6,856,088 | i $8,391,026$ |
| Oil cake and oil-cake meal............................................ | 6, 927,912 | - 7,999,926 | 7, 452, 094 |
| Copper ore.................................................................. | 7,518, 258 | 6,053,236 | 7,260, 893 |
| Sugar and molasses ...................................................... | 2, 117,533 | 3,029,413 | 7 7,099, 788 |
| Chemicals, drugs, dyes, and medicines.......................... | 5,542, 753 | 6,224,504 | 6,545,354 |
| Fish. | . $5,969,235$ | 6,040,826 | 4,996, 621 |
| Spirits of turpentine. | 3,777,525 | 4,590,931 | 4,668, 140 |
| Copper; and manufactures of, not including ore | 2,348,954 | 2,349, 392 | 4,614,597 |
| Vegetable oils................................................................ | 1,585, 783 | 5,672,441 | 4,302, 036 |
| Total | 668, 178, 092 | 777, 627,661 | 805, 429, 124 |
| Vajue of all domestic exports | 730, 282, 609 | 845, 293, 828 | 872,270,283 |
| Per cent. of enumerated articles to total. | 91.50 | - 91.99 | 92.34 |

The value of the domestic exports during the two years ending June 30,1891 , classified by groups according to character of production, was as follows :

|  | 1890. |  | 1891. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - . . | Values. | Per cent. | Values. | Per cent. |
| Products of agriculture................................... | \$629,785,917 | 74.51 | \$642,751,344 | 73.69 |
| Products of manufacture................................. | 151, 131, 297 | 17.88 | 168,927,315 | 19.37 |
| Products of mining (including mineral oils)..... | 22. 351,746 | 2.64 | 22, 054,970 | 2.53 |
| Products of the forest....................................... | 29, 473,084 | 3.48 | 28,715,713 | 3.29 |
| Products of the fisheries................................ | 7, 496, 044 | . 89 | 6,208,577 | . 71 |
| Other products.. | 5, 055, 740 | . 60 | 3,612,364 | . 41 |
| Total:................................................. | 845, 293, 828 | 100.00 | 872, 270,283 | 100.00 |

## Imports.

During the last fiscal year, the value of imports of merchandise was $\$ 844,916,196$, an increase of $\$ 55,605,787$ over the imports of the fiscal year 1890 .

The value of free merchandise imported was $\$ 366,241,352$, and of ${ }^{`}$ dutiable was $\$ 478 ; 674,844$, an increase in the value of free merchandise of $\$ 100,572,723$, and a decrease in the value of dutiable goods of $\$ 44,966,936$, caused mainly by the transfer of sugar and certain textiles. from the dutiable to the free list by the new tariff.

The material increase or decrease in value of the principal classes of free and dutiable imports during the year ending June 30,1891 , as compared with 1890, was as follows:

Increase in-
Free of duty:
Sugar and molasses, except from Hawaiian Islands ${ }^{-}$ (made free by new tariff)
\$45, 333, 773
Coffee.................................................................. 17, 856, 345
Textile grasses and fibrous vegetable substances........... 14, 608,019
Hides and skins other than furs............................... . 6, 048, 873
Chemicals, drugs, and dyes.................................. .: 4, 825, 324
Fruits, including nats........................................... 3, 555,144
India rubber and gutta percha, crude........................ 3, 166, 292
Dutiable:
Iron and steel and manufactures of...... .................... 11, 575, 966
Metals, metal compositions and manufactures of.......... 2, 988,588
Wool, unmanufactured........................................... 2, 967, 289
Vegetables ........................................................... 2, 621, 000
Decrease in-
Free of duty:
Silk, unmanufactured.............................................. \$5, 249, 450
Dutiable:
Sugar and molasses (caused by transfer to free list)...... 36, 942, 172
Wool and manafactures of...................................... 15, 522, 352
Flax, hemp, jute, and other vegetable substances......... 13, 863, 081
Flax, hemp, jute, etc., manufactures of..................... 4, 397, 185
Hats, bonnets, and hoods, materials for (caused by transfer in part to free list) ................................... 2, 725, 722
There was an increase in the value of our imports in 1891 over 1890 from-

Brazil........................................................................ \$23, 911, 839
The West Indies.......................................................... 8, 457, 464
Great Britian and Ireland............................................... 8, 234, 346
Mexico....................................................................... 4, 605, 077
China........................................................................ 3, 061, 379
British East Indies....................................................... 2, 552, 670
British Australasia........................................................ 1,961, 345
Central American States............................................... 1, 746, 678
Hawaiian Islands ......................................................... 1, 581, 689
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- And a decrease from-

| Philippine Islands. | \$6, 425, 417 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Netherlands. | 4, 607, 059 |
| Japan. | 1,794, 126 |
| Germany . | 1,521, 300 |

## Imports entered for consumption.

The value of imported merchandise entered for consumption and the duty collected thereon, during the last five fiscal years, has been as follows:

| Year ending June 30- | Value of merchandise. |  | Ordinary duty collected. | Average rate collected on- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Free of duty. | Dutiable. |  | Dutiable. | Free and dutiable. |
| 5. | \$192,912, 234 | \$386, 667, 820 | \$177, 319,550 | Per cent. | Per cent. |
| 1886 | 211, 530, 759 | 413,778, 055 | 188, 379,397 | 45.55 | 30.13 |
| 1887 | 233, 093, 659 | 450, 325,322 | 212,032, 424 | 47. 10 | 31.02 |
| 1888 | 244, 104, 852 | 468, 143, 774 | 213, 509, 802 | 45.63 | 29.99 |
| 1889 ............................... | 256,574,630 | 484, 856, 768 | 218, 701, 774 | 45,13 | 29.50 |
| 1890 .............................. | 266, 103, 047 | 507, 57], 764 | 225,317,076 | 44.41 | 29.12 |
| 1891 .............................. | 388, 064, 404 | 466,455,173 | 215,790, 686 | 46.26 | 25.25 |

Trade with Central and South America.
Our total imports of merchandise from Mexico, Central and South American States, British Honduras, and the West Indies, during the fiscal year 1891, amounted to $\$ 242,512,577$, or 28.70 per cent. of our total imports of merchandise.

The value of our exports of merchandise to these same countries during the same period was $\$ 90,413,516$, or 10.22 per cent. of the value of our total exports of merchandise.

Our total imports and exports of merchandise from and to these countries, during the same period, amounted to $\$ 332,926,093$, or 19.26 per cent. of our total imports and exports of merchandise.

It will be seen that the excess of our imports of merchandise from these countries over our exports to them amounted to $\$ 152,099,061$. In other words, our imports of merchandise were 72.84 per cent. and exports 27.16 of the total trade with these countries, and we imported merchandise to the value of $\$ 2.68$ for every dollar in value exported to these countries.

The excess of imports over exports of merchandise for the fiscal year 1890 was $\$ 108,054,472$. For the fiscal year 1889 this excess was $\$ 117,-$ 917,883.

A comparison of our commerce with this entire group of countries for the years 1870,1880 , and 1891 shows a gradual increase of both imports and exports of mercahndise.

During the year 1870 the value of imports was $\$ 117,398,951$ and of exports $\$ 55,140,322$, an excess of $\$ 62,258,629$.

During the year 1880 the value of imports was $\$ 178,985,906$ and of exports $\$ 61,546,474$, an excess of $\$ 117,439,432$.

The per cent. of oux commerce with these countries, as compared with our total commerce, in 1870, was 20.82; in 1880, 15.99; and in 1891, 19.26.

Table showing the value of imports and exports of merchandise in the trade of the United States with Mexico, Central America, the West Indies, and South America, and the excess of imports or of exports, during the years ending June 30, 1889, 1890, and 1891.

| Countries from which imported and to which exported. | 1889. |  |  |  | 1800. |  |  |  | 1891. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Imports. | Exports, domestic and foreign. | Excess of imports., | Excess of exports. | Imports. | Exports, domestic and foreign. | Excess of imports. | Excess of exports. | Impors. | Exports, domestic and. foreign. | Excess of imports. | Excess of exports. |
| Mexico. British Honduras | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 21,253,601 \\ 211,465 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 11,486,896^{*} \\ 369,598 \end{gathered}$ | \$9,766, 705 | \$158, 133 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 22,690,915 \\ 186,831 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13,285,287^{*} \\ 354,468 \end{array}$ | \$9, 405, 628 | \$167,637 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 27,295,992 \\ 219,090 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 14,969,620 * \\ 462,839 \end{array}$ | \$12,326, 372 | \$243, 749 |
| Central American StatesGuatemala. | 2,346,685 | 994,701 | 1,351,984 | $\ldots$ | 2,281,681 | 1,345,719 | 935, 962 |  | 2,618,199 | 1,997,944 | 620, 255 |  |
| Nicaragua.. | 1,747, 246 | 1,009,687 | 1,737, 559 | ............ | 1, 655,690 | 1,373, 019 | 282,671 |  | 1, 705,961 | 1,692,942 | 13,019 | .................. |
| Costa Rica. | 1, 442, 365 | 983, 164 | 459, 201 |  | 1,676,711 | 1,126, 170 | 550,541 | -.............. | 2,532, 305 | 1,331,049 | 1,201, 256 | ............. |
| Salvador .. | 1,662,162 | 701, 196 | 960, 966 | .......... | 1, 453, 958 | 899,546 | 554,412 | ................ | 1,783, 066 | 1,150,460 | 632, 606 | ............ |
| Honduras .................... | 1, 215, 561 | 637,175 | 578, 386 |  | 984, 404 | 552,024 | 432, 380 | ................. | 1,159,591 | 640,921 | 518, 670 |  |
| Total. | 8,414,019 | 4, 325,923 | 4,088, 096 |  | 8, 052, 444 | 5,296, 478 | 2, 755, 966 |  | 9, 799, 122 | 6,81.3,316 | 2,985,806 |  |
| West Indies- ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuiba and Puerto Rico.. | 55, 837,996 | 13, 916,242 | 41,921,754 | ............. | 57, 855, 217 | 15, 381, 953 | 42, 473,264 | ............... | 64, 878,505 | 14, 380, 1.22 | 50, 498, 383 | .... |
| British West Indies...... | 15, 985, 562 | 8 8, 388, 106 | 7,597,456 |  | 14, 865,018 | $8,288,786$ $9,526,483$ | 6,576,232 |  | 16, 293, 184 | 19,779,138 | 6,514, 046 |  |
| All other. | 6, 123, 775 | 8,535, 805 |  | 2,412,030 | -5, 284,006 | 9,526,483 |  | 4,242, 477 | 5, 290, 016 | 10, 300, 191 |  | 5,010, 175 |
| Total. | 77, 947, 333 | 30, 840, 153 | 47, 107, 180 |  | 78,004,241 | 33, 197, 222 | 44, 807,019 |  | 86, 461, 705 | 34, 459, 451 | 52, 002, 254 |  |
| South AmericaColombia........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $4,263,519$ $10,392,569$ | $3,821,017$ $3,738,961$ | 442,502 $6,653,608$ | , | $3,575,253$ $10,966,765$ | $2,585,828$ $4,028,583$ | 989,425 $6,938,182$ | ................ | $4,765,354$ $12,078,541$ | 3, 182, 644 | 1,582,710 | .............. |
| - Venezuela...... | 10,392,569 | 3,738, 961 | 6,653, 608 |  | 10,966,765 | 4,028,583 | 6,938,182 |  | 12,078,541 | 4,784, 956 | 7,293,585 | .............. |
|  | 4,526,181 | 1,696,269 | 2,829,912 |  | 4,326,975 | 2,106,345 | 2,220,630 |  | 4, 883, 206 | 1, 858, 742 | 3,024, 464 |  |
|  | - 460,243 | 262,575 | 197, 668 |  | 574,114 | 279,519 | 294,595 |  | 724, 190 | - 253,983 | 470,207 |  |
|  | 13,366 | 147,732 |  | 134, 366 | 17,647 | 160,933 |  | 143,286 | 46,520 | 155,954 |  | 109, 434 |
| Total Guianas............ | 4,999,790 | 2, 106,576 | 2, 893, 214 |  | 4,918, 736 | 2,546,797 | 2,371,939 | ................. | 5, 653, 916 | 2, 268, 679 | 3, 385, 237 | .............. |
| Brazil | 60, 403, 804 | 9, 351, 081. | 51, 052, 723 |  | 59, 318, 756 | 11, 972, 214 | 47, 346, 542 |  | 83, 230,595 | 14, 120, 246 | 69, 110, 349 |  |
| Uruguay ...................... | 2,986,964 | 2,192, 848 | 794,116 |  | 1,754,903 | 3,351, 874 | , | 1,596,971 | 2, 356, 739 | 1, 076,575 | 1,280,164 | ..... |
| Argentine Republic...... | 5, 454, 61.8 | 9, 293, 856 |  | 3,839,238 | 5, 401, 697 | 8,887,477 |  | 3,485,780 | 5, 976,544 | - 2, 820,035 | 3,156,509 | .............. |
| Chile........................... | 2,622,625 | 2,972,794 |  | 350, 169 | 3, 183, 249 | 3, 226, 364 |  | 43,115 | 3, 448, 290 | 3,145, 625 | 302, 665 | .............. |


|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,126 \\ 314,032 \\ 695,005 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,838 \\ 780,835 \\ 756,211 \end{array}$ | $\mid$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,712 \\ 466,803 \\ 61,206 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 351,695 \\ 535,060 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,002 \\ 1,427,301 \\ 715,208 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 10,972 \\ 1,075,606 \\ 180,148 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,734 \\ 386,518 \\ 836,437 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,380 \\ 1,399,991 \\ 903,159 \end{array}$ | ........................ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,646 \\ 1,013,473 \\ 66,722 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total South America.. | 92,135,052 | 35,021, 017 | 57,114, 03s | .... ........ | 90,006, 144 | 38,752,648 | 51, 253, 496 |  | 118, 736,668 | 33, 708, 290 | 85, 028, 378 |  |
| Total of group. | 199, 961, 470 | 82,043,587 | 117,917, 883 |  | 198, 940,575 | 90,886,103 | 108, 054, 472 |  | 242,512,577 | 90, 413,516 | 152,099, 061 |  |
| Total of imports and exports from and to all countries. $\qquad$ | 745, 131,652 | 742, 401, 375 | 2,730, 277 |  | 789, 310,409 | 857,828,684 |  | 68,518,275 | 844, 916,196 | 884, 480, 810 |  | 39,564,614 |
| Per cent. of above group..... | 26.84 | 11.05 |  |  | - 25.20 | 10.59 |  |  | 28.70 | 10.23 |  |  |

* Exports defective owing to absence of law providing for collection of statistics of exports by land carriage.

In the following table the imports from the groups of countries south of the United States are given, and the value and per cent. of imports free of duty and dutiable, during the year ending June 30, 1891:

| Countries. | Imports. |  |  | Per cent. of free. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Free of duty. | Dutiable. | Total. |  |
| Mexico .. | \$23, 364, 519 | . $\$ 3,931,473$ | \$27, 295, 992 | 85.58 |
| Central American States and British Honduras. | 9,955,972 | 62, 240 | 10,018,212 | 99.38 |
| West Indies ............................................... | 42,072,534 | 44, 389, 171 | 86,461,705 | ${ }^{48.66}$ |
| South America...................................... | 110, 473, 391 | 8, 263, 277 | 118,736, 668 | 93.04 |
| Total of group... | 185, 866, 416 | 56,646,161 | 242,512,577 | 76.64 |

The principal articles imported from the entire group were: Sugar, coffee, tobacco, crude India rubber, hides and skins other than furskins, silver-bearing ore, and fruits, of which only tobacco and silverbearing ore and a portion of the fruits are dutiable.

It is probable that under the new tariff the value of dutiable imports during the year ending June 30, 1892, from the group of countries to the south of us will not exceed 10 per cent. of the total value of imports.

The principal articles of domestic exports from the United States to this entire southern group cousisted of manufactures of iron and steel, manufactures of cotton, manufactures of wood, wheat flour, mineral oil, and agricultural implements.

Imports and exports under reciprocity treaties.
The reciprocity clause of the new tariff is opening new markets and increasing the demànd for our products.

During the year ending June 30, 1890, our exports of domestic products to Brazil amounted to $\$ 11,902,496$, and in 1891 to $\$ 14,049,273$, an increase of $\$ 2,146,777$.

The treaty with Brazil went into effect April 1 last, and it is not to be expected that the results will be very marked as yet. During the six months ending September 30,1890 ; our domestic exports of merchandise to Brazil amounted to $\$ 6,208,804$, and during the same period of 1891 , under the operation of the reciprocity treaty, to $\$ 7,515,858$, an increase of $\$ 1,307,054$.

This increase in exports to Brazil since the reciprocity treaty went into effect has been mainly in locomotives, steam-engines, machinery and cars for tramways and railways, wheat flour, bacon, boards, deals, planks, etc.

There has been a decrease in the exports of wheat, lard, and cotton manufactures.

The reciprocity treaties with Santo Domingo and with Spain concerning trade relations with Cuba and Puerto Rico did not go into effect until September 1, and as yet there are no available statistics to show the effects of the treaties upon our commerce. Furthermore, the reduction of duties on wheat and wheat flower imported into these islands from the United States will not take effect until January 1, 1892.

## NAVIGATION.

The Bureau of Navigation reports the entire documented tonnage of the United States to be as follows:

Documented vessels.

|  | 1897. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tons. |
| Registered.. | 1,587 | 1,005, 950. 12 |
| Enrolled and licensed....................................................................... | 22,312 | 3, 678, 808.82 |
| Total.... | 23,899 | 4, 684, 758. 94 |

The registered tonnage of the United States has increased 59,254 tons in the last year, and the enrolled and licensed tonnage in the same period has increased 201,007 tons.

During the same time the sailing tonnage has increased 62,324 tons, and the steam tonnage 157,175 tons.

The vessels built and documented during the last fiscal year were as follows:

|  | 1891. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Tons. |
| Sailing vessels | 733 | 144, 290.44 |
| Steam vessels. | 488 57 | $1.85,036.82$ $7,059.48$ 8 |
| Barges........ | 106 | 32,915.55 |
| Total. | 1,384 | 369;302.29 |

The following table shows the tonnage built, apportioned in respect to the several grand divisions of the country:

| Grand divisions. | 1888. |  | 1889. |  | 1890. |  | 1891. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Tons. | No. | Tons. | No. | Tons. | No. | Tons. |
| Atlanticand Gulf coasts.. | 604 | 83, 1.68, 43 | 657 | 93,912. 24 | 663 | 156, 755.99 | 944 | 218,392. 46 |
| Pacific coast.. | 104 | 21,956. 43 | 112 | 17,939.43 | 93 | 12,334. 92 | 122 | 19,069.84 |
| Northern lakes. | 222 | 101, 102.87 | 225 | 107,080. 30 | 191 | 108, 525.87 | 204 | 111,856. 45 |
| Western rivers | 84 | 11,859.15 | ${ }^{1} 83$ | 12,202. 36 | 104 | 16,505.98 | 114 | 19, 983.54 |
| Total | 1,014 | 218,086.88 | 1,077 | 231, 134. 33 | 1,051 | 294, 122.76 | 1,384 | 369,302.29 |

The iron vessels built during the fiscal year measured 105,618 tons. Of these there was built at the lake ports a tonnage of 57,989 tons and on the Athantic coast 46,265 tons. The documented iron tonnage on the lakes is 181,724 tons and on the seacoast 554,963 tons. The entire documented iron tonnage, including that of the western rivers, is 741,598.24 tons. The documented tonnage on the Northern lakes June 30, 1891, was $1,154,870$ tons; on the Western rivers, 308,348 tons; on the Pacific coast, 440,858 tons; and on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, 2,780,683 tons.
The foreign-going tonnage, exclusive of that engaged in the whale fisheries, is 988,719 tons, of which 236,070 tons are steam vessels, and 752,649 tons are sailing vessels.

Of our total documented tonnage, $2,016,264$ tons are steam, and $2,668,495$ tons are other than steam.
The registered vessels include the documented tonnage above mentioned in the foreign sea.going trade, and 17,231 tons in the whale fishery. The eurolled and licensed vessels include $3,609,876$ tons documented under the federal laws, and engaged in the "coasting trade" along the seacoasts, the rivers, and the great lakes of the United States, and 68,933 tons licensed for the fisheries.

The appropriation by the last Congress of a sum to compensate American-built steamships for carrying the mails will greatly encourage the building of ships in the United States of the class to which the benefits of the act are limited, namely, those capable of a speed in many cases of more than 20 statute miles an hour, for thousands of miles, without coaling, and will tend to the recovery of our share of the ocean carrying trade of the world, in competition with the steamships of Great Britain, France, and Germany.
Those nations, together with Spain and Italy, have subsidized their lines of steam vessels in one form or another, and they carry most of
our exports, which are usually products of a bulky nature, and constitute a very large and profitable portion of the commerce of the world.

Our annual customs receipts scarcely exceed the money paid annually to the owners of foreign vessels for the ocean transportation of our own people and merchandise, most of which large sum of about $\$ 200,000,000$ would be paid to our own vessel-owners under the fọstering influence of friendly legislation.

Through treaties and regulations made since 1827 , mostly prior to the late war, the early discriminations of the Government in favor of American shipping in the foreign trade have been removed and the vessels of other nations are now admitted in the United States, in some cases, on more favorable terms than our own, and in nearly all instances on conditions as favorable. The foreign competition thus stimulated, together with the injurious effects of the war upon our ocean carrying trade, have almost destroyed our foreign shipping interests. This, fortunately, is not the case in respect to our coasting trade, which is now the largest of any civilized country, and gives us a fleet of vast benefit to the nation in time of peace and capable of incalculable service in time of war.

There should be no interference with the legal barriers that now preserve the coasting trade to citizens of the United States, whether upon the lakes, the rivers, or the ocean. The late census shows that in addition to the large tomnage of documented vessels mentioned in the statistics above stated of vessels in this trade, there is a very considerable number of inferior undocumented craft employed upon the rivers and elsewhere, consisting of unrigged barges, flat boats, etc. Upon the Ohio River and its tributaries above Cincinnati alone this additional tonnage is found to amount to $2,470,547$ tons. The value of the coasting and river fleet to domestic commerce, and its relative importance, is shown by the reports of the Census Office, which state that on the great lakes alone (without considering wharves, elevators, shipyards, or other plants connected with shipping) the aggregate valuation of the vessels in 1890 was $\$ 58,128,500$, and that their total ton mileage for the season of 1889 was $15,518,360,000$, equivalent to 22.6 per cent. of the total ton mileage of railways in the United States.

## Losses of shipping in the foreign trade.

The following table cogently sets forth the loss of our shipping in the foreign trade:

Values of the imports and exports of merchandise of the United States carried, respectively, in. American vessels, and in foreign vessels, during each fiscal year from 1857 to 1891, inchusive, with the percentage carried in American vessels.

| Year ending June 30- |  | Imports and exports- |  |  | Percentage carried in American vessels. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | In American vessels. | In foreign vessels. | Total. |  |
| 1857 |  | \$510, 331, 027 | \$ $213,519,796$ | \$723, 850, 823 | 70.5 |
| 1858. |  | 447, 191, 304 | 160, 066, 267 | 607, 257,571 | 73.7 |
| 1859. |  | 465, 741, 381 | 229,816,211 | 695, 557, 592 | 66.9 |
| 1860. |  | 507, 247, 757 | 255, 040, 793 | 762, 288,550 | 66.5 |
| 1861 |  | 381, 516, 788 | 203, 478, 278 | 584, 995, 066 | 65.2 |
| 1862. |  | 217, 695,418 | 218,015, 296 | 435, 710, 714 | 50.0 |
| 1863. |  | 241, 872, 471 | 343,056, 031 | 584, 928,502 | 41.4 |
| 1864 |  | 184,061,486 | 485,793, 548 | 669, 855, 034 | 27.5 |
| 1865 |  | 167, 402, 872 | 437,010, 124 | 604, 412, 996 | 27.7 |
| 1866 |  | 325, 711, 861 | 685, 226, 691 | 1, 010, 938, 552 | 32.2 |
| 1867. |  | 297, 834, 904 | 581, 330, 403 | 879, 165, 307 | 33.9 |
| 1868. |  | 297, 981,573 | 550, 546, 074 | 848,527, 647 | 35.1 |
| 1869 |  | 289, 956, 772 | 586, 492,012 | 876, 448, 784 | 33.1 |
| 1870. |  | 352,969, 401 | 638, 927, 488 | 991, 896, 889 | 35.6 |
| 1871. |  | 353, 664, 172 | 755, 822,576 | 1, 132, 472, 258 | 31.8 |
| 1872 |  | 345, 331, 101 | 839,346, 362 | 1, 212, 328, 233 | 29.1 |
| 1873. |  | 346, 306,592 | 966, 723, 651 | 1,340, 900, 221 | 26.3 |
| 1874 |  | $350,451,994$ | 939, 206, 106 | 1, 312, 680, 640 | 27.1 |
| 1875. |  | 314, 257, 792 | 884, 788, 517 | 1, 219, 434, 544 | 25.9 |
| 1876 |  | 311,076,171 | 813, 354, 987 | 1, 142, 904, 312 | 27.6 |
| 1877 |  | 316,660,281 | 859,920,536 | 1,194,045, 627 | 26.9 |
| 1878. |  | 313, 050,906 | 876,991,129 | 1,210,519,399 | 26.3 |
| 1879. |  | 272, 015,692 | 911, 269, 232 | 1, 202, 708, 609 | 22.9 |
| 1880 |  | 258, 346,577 | 1, 224, 265, 434 | 1, 503, 593, 404 | 17.42 |
| 1881. |  | 250, 586,470 | 1, 269,002, 983 | 1,545,041,974 | 16.48 |
| 1882. |  | 227, 229,745 | 1,212,978,769 | 1,475, 181, 831 | 15.17 |
| 1883 |  | 240,420,500 | 1,258,506,924 | 1,547,020,316 | 16.03 |
| 1884 |  | 233,699,035 | 1,127,798, 199 | 1, 408, 211, 302 | 17.16 |
| 1885 |  | 194, 865, 743 | 1, 079, 518, 566 | 1, 319, 717, 084 | 15.29 |
| 1886 |  | 197,349,503 | 1, 073, 911, 113 | 1,314, 960, 966 | 15.52 |
| 1887 |  | 194,356,746 | 1,165, 194,508 | 1, 408,502,979 | 14.29 |
| 1888 |  | 190, 857, 473 | 1, 174, 697, 321 | 1, 419,911, 621 | 13.90 |
| 1889 |  | 208, 805,108 | 1,217,063,541 | 1,487, 533,027 | 14.34 |
| 1890 |  | 202, 451, 886 | 1, 371, 116, 744 | 1,647, 139,093 | 12.85 |
| 1891 |  | 206, 439, 725 | 1, 450,101, 087 | 1,729,397, 006 | 12.86 |

No words can add to the force of these figures. In 1858 over 73 per cent. of our maritime exports and imports was carried in American bottoms, and in 1891 less than 13 per cent. In 1861 our foreign going tonnage, exclusive of that on the lakes, was $2,642,628$, the highest point reached in the history of the nation, and in 1865, four years later, it had fallen to $1,602,583$. The causes of the decline need not be discussed here. Since the war they have been such as might have been obviated by action similar to that recently taken by Congress, and by encouragement on the part of that body, such as has been given to its navigation interests in no stinted measure by the Government of Great Britain.

The demand for ships of war will give us shipyards competent for building commercial vessels to any extent, and there is no good reason why ships should not be built here, and transport under American ownership a fair share of our exports and imports. Great industries like ship-building and the navigation of ships should not be surrendered by us to other nations without a determined struggle to retain them. No backward step should be taken in the efforts now being made to restore the American flag to the high seas.

The United States courts are considering various questions relating to the rights and duties of American owners of foreign-built yachts navigated in our waters. Some additional legislation in regard to vessels of this class may become necessary.

Changes in trade and commerce, and the rapid growth of seaboard towns, especially on the Pacific coast, make it often desirable to enter and clear vessels and discharge cargo at places other than ports established by law. To meet exigencies of this character, the Secretary of the Treasury should have authority to designate places as ports where customs officers may be stationed, when, in his judgment, the exigencies of commerce so require, with authority to enter and clear vessels, discharge cargo, collect duties and other moneys, and perform such other services in connection with the customs and navigation laws as the Secretary may prescribe.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF A MARINE BOARD.

For many years it has been the desire of the various shipping organizations and marine associations of the country that a marine board should be established with a view to securing greater uniformity in the administration of the navigation, quarantine, and marine laws.

Pursuant to a resolution of Congress and the recommendation of the delegates to the United States International Marine Conference, a bill to effect this purpose was submitted to the last Congress, which passed the Senate, but failed of final action in the House, though favorably. reported by the Committee on Commerce. The subject is again commended to the favorable consideration of Congress.

## IMMIGRATION.

Pursuant to the evident intent of Congress as expressed in the immigration act of March 3, 1891, all contracts with State boards have been abrogated, and the immigration business at all ports of the United States is now controlled and managed directly by the Treasury Department
through a commissioner of immigration stationed at each principal port of entry，assisted by a suitable number of inspection officers．The change proves to be a beneficial one，giving to the service uniformity， method，and greater efficiency．Along the international boundaries the enforcement of the immigration laws is intrusted to immigration inspectors，who are under the general direction of the collectors of cus－ toms in the several districts where they are stationed．In the interest both of economy and efficiency，these immigrant inspectors also per－ form duty，when necessary，in the enforcement of the customs laws and the Chinese exclusion act．

Table showing number and nativity of alien immigrants arriving at ports of the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30， 1891.

| Ports． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\theta} \\ & \frac{0}{6} \\ & \dot{\theta} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 过 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 号 | 完 | 䳮 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York．．． | 35，424 | 24， 229 | 2524 | 4，908 | 74，3 | 3824, | 388 |  |  | ，256，6 | 0， 102 | 29，41 |  | ， 93 |  | 4， 143 | 70， 776 |
| San Pranciseo | ， 95 | 810 | 3 | 122 |  | 260 | 95 |  | 8 ．． |  | 10 |  |  | 18 |  | 13 | 40 |
| Philadelphia． | 5，137 | 3，702 | 50. | 790 |  | 390 | 70 | 1，76 |  | 2，348 | 138 | 2，225 |  | 925 | 246 | 15 | 44 |
| New Orleans | 6 | 222 |  | 30 |  | 145 | 508 |  |  |  | 28 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 2，909 |
| Baltimore．．．． | 169 | 378 |  |  | 27， 1 | 197 | 3 | 5，66 |  |  | 29 | 27 |  | 14 |  | 7 | 7 |
| Boston | 11， 644 | 6，988 | 79 | 1，796 |  | 330 | 21 | 2，53 |  | 303 | 8 | 4；418 |  | ，046 |  | 3 15 | 28 |
| Portland，Me．．．．．．． | 11， 71 | 137 |  | ．．．．．．．． |  | 13 | 9 |  |  |  |  | 19 |  | 1 |  | 2．．．．．．． |  |
| Portland，Oreg．．．． |  | 11 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wilmington．．．．．．．． | 1 |  |  |  |  | － | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Bedford．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gloucester．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key West． |  | 757 |  | ．．．．．．．． |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Galveston．． | 2 | 49 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Charleston |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brunswick |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newport News |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tot | 52，549 | 37， 284 | 384 | 7，647 | 107，7 | 7275 |  | 43， 5 |  | 6，9076 | 6，315 | 36，36 |  | ， 940 | 2，743 | $34,193$ | ［73，806 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ，Ports． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت } \\ & \text { 号 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 范 } \\ & \text { 号 } \\ & \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$ | ． E． 0 0 0 0 |  | $\underset{y}{\mid=1}$ | 昆 |  |  | 䆗 | ¢ |  | a 0 0 -8 -8 | － |
| New York．．．．．．．．．．． | 117 | 1，182 | 9，04 | 4326， | 43326 | 26，539 | 8，4 | 498 | 119 | 14 | 380 | 7 | 142 |  | 81 | 3，052 | 405，664 |
| San Francisco．．．．． | 26 | 143 |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  | 2，058 | ．．．．．． | 325 |  |  |  | 1，021 | 5， 134 |
| Philadelphia．．．．．．．． | 5 |  |  | 1 |  | 547 |  |  | $10^{\prime}$ |  |  | 1 | 65 |  | 031 | 1，083 | 25，798 |
| New Orleans ．．．．．．． | 124 |  | ， 1 | 11. |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  | 1. |  |  | 4 | 149 | 4，197 |
| Baltimore．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | 74. |  | 6,408 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 23 | 40，712 |
| Boston．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10 | 8 |  | 1. | 34 | 75 |  | ．． |  | 1 | 1 ．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1，184 | 30，739 |
| Portland，Me．．．．．．． | 1 |  |  | 2 ．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 256 |
| Portland，Oreg．．．．． | ．．．＇．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57 |  |  |  |  |  | 85 | 154 |
| Wilmington．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 11 |
| New Bedford． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 799 | 800 |
| Gloucester． |  |  |  | ． 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 8 |
| Key West ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1，906 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 6 | 2，686 |
| Galveston ．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．． | 3 | 65 |
| Charleston． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Brunswick．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 18 |
| Newport News．．．．．． |  |  |  | ， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | ． 9 |
| Total． | 2， 191 | 1，341 | $10,20$ | 27， | 155｜31 | 33，674 |  |  | 4，129 | $1^{2,128}$ | （380） | 339 | 212 | 11, | 092 | 7，441 | 516，253 |

[^5]The foregoing table shows an increase in arrivals of 94,376 , or more than 22 per cent. over the previous year. The arrivals during the first four months of the present fiscal year (ending October 31, 1891) have been 189,778 , an excess of 40,595 , or of more than 27 per cent. over the corresponding months of 1890 . This extraordinary and progressive increase in the tide of alien immigration to the United States, which does not include the increased arrivals via Canada, has not failed to attract the attention of the whole country, and it will doubtless command the early consideration of Congress. If ever there was a question which ought to be treated independently of partisan politics this would seem to be such a question ; and the practical unanimity in this matter of our citizens of all parties and of whatever nationality furnishes the opportunity for the adoption of measures dictated solely by patriotic considerations.

An analysis of the statement of arrivals during the last fiscal year shows that an increasing proportion of immigrants is coming to us from those classes and those countries of Europe whose people are least adapted to, and least prepared for, citizenship in a free republic, and are least inclined to assimilate with the general body of American citizens.
With the approaching exhaustion of the supply of free arable land in the United States only a trifling percentage of immigrants now engage in farming on their arrival in this country, whatever may have been their former occupation. The vast majority of them crowd into our cities and large towns, with the inevitable result of overstocking the labor market and depressing wages, while the least efficient and more vicious among them soon drift into our poorhouses and prisons, to be a continuing burden upon our people. The laws already enacted by Congress for the purpose of checking this tendency and preventing the mischief which would result from unrestricted immigration have accomplished something. The attempt to enforce these laws efficiently has also developed a body of information, based on actual experience, which should be invaluable in framing future legislation. While the applicátion of existing laws has very greatly diminished some of the specific abuses at which they were aimed, it obviously has not prevented a large increase in the total volume of immigration, and a distinct deterioration in its average quality.
The chief causes of the current increase of immigration lie on the surface. The higher wages, the better scale of living, the general and fairly uniform prosperity prevailing in this country, coupled with commercial and industrial depression abroad, the present trifling cost of
steerage passage, and the wide publicity now given to all the firstnamed facts among the masses of Europe, are a sufficient explanation, though other reasons contribute to the result.

Among the more obvious and fatal weaknesses in the present attempt to winnow somewhat our incoming tide of immigration, and to exclude certain classes of aliens who are admitted by all to be either dangerous or undesirable, are these: (1) In the worst and most important classes of cases, to wit, criminals, ex-convicts, polygamists, and illegally "assisted" immigrants, the law supplies almost no means of ascertaining the facts. The personal statements of such immigrants obviously have little value as evidence, and it is only by accident that any other source of information is open to the inspection officers at the port of arrival. (2) With the increasing efficiency of inspection at our several seaports, and the fact of this vigilance made known to intending emigrants in Europe, an increasing number of aliens are now landing at Canadian ports and thence entering the United States by rail; thus practically avoiding all effective scrutiny, besides depriving the immigrant fund of the head tax which would otherwise be paid.
Congress alone can remedy these glaring defects in a system which has thus far necessarily been tentative and experimental. Plainly the process of sifting immigrants should at least begin abroad, to be completed, and not commenced, at the United States port of arrival. Some system of investigation or certification, consular or otherwise, in the country where the intending emigrant resides, is believed to be entirely practicable, and such a system, supplemented by continued vigilance at our ports of entry, ought to prove effective to the desired end. Considerations of humanity as well as of efficiency require that aliens of the prohibited classes shall not be permitted to come across the ocean to our ports, only to be sent back penniless and stranded.

As to the entrance of alien immigrants into the United'States by rail across the Canadian border, the remedy would suggest itself of either securing an international arrangement for a uniform system of foreign or seaport inspection, or, failing that, of making our own inspection at the border as effective as possible, as a part of our own general system.

The extent to which criminals, paupers, and defectives are systematically deported from certain foreign countries to the United States, and the best means of preventing this abuse, will be considered in a future communication to Congress.
The new and commodious ImmigrantStation on Ellis Island, in New York harbor, is practically completed, and the business of receiving
and inspecting immigrants will be transferred thither from the Barge Office as soon as certain details are arranged. A regular ferry will be maintained between Ellis Island and the Barge Office, and the annex forming part of the latter will be utilized as a final landing-place for those immigrants who are destined for New York City and adjacent points. The new receiving station, besides adding vastly to the comfort, convenience, and sanitary well-being of the arriving immigrants, will enable the inspection officers to perform their duties much more thoroughly, effectively, and expeditiously.

In addition to the information concerning each immigrant heretofore obtained by the inspection officers, a record of illiteracy will hereafter be preserved, by stating upon the register opposite each name whether the person can read and write.

## Alien Contract-Labor Laws.

Good progress has been made during the past year in the matter of enforcing the provisions of the Alien Contract-Labor Laws. The fact that such laws are on the statute books, prescribing serious penalties for the their infraction, has of itself had a most salutary effect and tended greatly to prevent all law-abiding citizens from attempting the importation of alien laborers under contract. Prosecutions have been instituted wherever sufficient evidence could be procured, and these, with resulting convictions, have had a wholesome deterrent effect upon such employers as might not : be influenced by a mere knowledge of the illegality of the prohibited traffic in alien labor. Thus the effectiveness of the laws in question is not measured or indicated by the number of prosecutions brought thereunder, nor by the number of contract laborers intercepted and returned.

In June last I appointed a commission of five persons, who spent the summer months in various parts of Europe, making a careful study of the immigration question, with special regard to the illegal importation hither of alien laborers under contract. The report of that commission is now in course of preparation, and upon its completion I shall expect to lay the same before Congress, accompanying it with such suggestions as shall seem pertinent.

## OHINESE EXCLUSION.

The Department has been unremitting in its efforts to enforce the Chinese Exclusion Acts, but with only partial success.

The law provides that Chinese laborers found to be unlawfully within the United States shall be removed therefrom to "the country from whence they came," and appropriations have been made from time to.
time by Congress to carry this provision of law into effect. It was found that these prohibited persons were gaining access to the country from the contiguous foreign territories of Mexico and Canada, where they were landed direct from China without hindrance, except the imposition of a head-tax of $\$ 50$ by the Canadian Government. It was obviously useless to return these people to Mexico or Canada, whence they could seek new and probably successful entrance into the United States, and in the opinion of the Department it was the purpose and intent of the law to return them to China as the country from whence they came, whether they gained admission directly from China or through the avenue of a foreign country.

If any doubt had previously existed it seemed to be set at rest by a specific appropriation by Congress both in 1890 and 1891, to enforce the law and return to China all Chinese persons found to he unlawfully within the United States.
The Department therefore ordered all such persons returned to China, regardless of the avenue of their entrance into this country, with such success that Chinese immigration was practically broken up on the Mexican frontier and measurably checked on the Canadian frontier. But within the last few months the instructions of the Department for deportation to China have been stayed in some instances by the action of the courts in returning such persons to Canada as the cointry from whence they came, and while the Department has not relaxed its efforts to enforce the law, it has been unable, as a result of such judicial action, to withstand the great influx of Chinese laborers along our Canadian border. It is undoubtedly true that the Chinese population of the United States has been considerably increased within the past year by the addition of Chinese laborers who have entered by way of Canada. Syndicates have been formed aud much capital has been invested to further this unlawful immigration, and if it is still the purpose of Congress to prohibit it, a thorough revision of the statutes relating to the subject is necessary.
Four acts of Congress relate to the exclusion of Chinese laborers from the United States. These acts bear date May 6, 1882; July 5, 1884 ; September 13, 1888, and October 1, 1888, respectively. The act of May 6, 1882, suspended the immigration of Chinese laborers from and after the period of ninety days from the passage of such act and until the expiration of ten years next after the date thereof. - The act of July 5,1884, amended certain sections of the act of May 6,1882 , but did not change the period within which its operations were limited. The act of September 13;, 1888 , provided for the repeal of the acts of May 6,1882 , and

July 5, 1884, such repeal to take effect upon the joint ratification of the treaty then pending between the United States and China; but such treaty has not been ratified, and the Attorney-General has expressed the opinion that the act of September 13, 1888, is not in force. The acts of May 6, 1882, and July 5, 1884, therefore still control. By the act of October 1, 1888, it is made unlawful for any Chinese laborer who shall at any time have been a resident of the United States; and who shall have departed therefrom, to return to the United States. Unless, therefore, Congress shall enact new legislation upon the subject, it would seem that any Chinese laborer may lawfully enter the United States after May 6, 1892, unless he shall have previously resided here. in which case his admission is prohibited.

Any legislation, however, looking, to exclusion will fail of its full purpose so long as the Canadian Government admits Chinese laborers to Canada, whence, armed with Canadian permits to leave and return to Canada at pleasure, they are at liberty to invade our territory along its entire northern frontier.

## REVENUE-MARINE SERVICE.

The performance of the regular duties of the revenue cutters has continued in a faithful and efficient manner. Thirty-six vessels in commission during the year have cruised for the protection of the revenue a distance of 301,416 nautical miles, and have boarded and examined 26,962 vessels, of which number 1,042 were found violating the law.

The fines incurred by reason of these violations amounted to $\$ 334$,046.94. In addition, 123 distressed vessels were assisted, the value of the vessels and their cargoesamounting to $\$ 2,806,056$. Revenue cutters, furthermore, have rescued from the water during the past year, and in actual danger of drowning, 26 persońs.

Material aid has been rendered during the year to the Life-Saving Service, a distance of 9,915 miles having been cruised by revenue cutters on this duty alone.

The expenditures on account of the Revenue-Cutter Service for 1891 have been $\$ 934,995: 22$, of which sum $\$ 26,816.59$ was used in enforcing the provisions of the act of Congress, approved May 16, 1888, regulating the anchorage of vessels in the bay and harbor of New York.

The personnel of the Revenue Marine consists of 220 commissioned officers, 28 pilots, and 815 enlisted men.

The special duty of enforcing the provisions of the anchorage regula tions of the waters of New York harbor has been continued by the revenue steamer Manhattan. During the year 1,375 vessels were found imFI 91- V
properly anchored, and of this number 809 were assisted to a proper auchorage. The remaining vessels moved on being notified to do so.

The work of the revenue-cutter fleet during the past year has been one of marked activity. The duty performed has been both varied and general. It embraced operations of more than ordinary importance in Bering sea, in connection with the Eastern fisheries, on the Bahama Banks, the Florida coast, and in Puget Sound. Many of these operations dealt with issues of an international nature, and required throughout a nicety of judgment on the part of those engaged. The prompt and efficient manner with which revenue cutters have responded to demands for special work is creditable to both officers and crews, and leaves no reason to believe that there is any falling off from that high standard of efficiency which has so long characterized the Revenue Marine.

In the early part of April of this year the revenue steamer Bear made a special cruise to western Alaska in the interest of the Department of Justice, for the purpose of arresting criminals and securing witnesses who could not be reached without a special vessel. Later she conveyed to Icy Bay the Russell exploring expedition, sent out under the auspices of the National Geographic Society of Washington, D. C. This vessel has also given transportation to the commissioner of education for Alaska, and the necessary supplies for the Indian schools in Arctic Alaska. The Bear had on board the supplies for the Point Barrow Refuge Station, but was unable to reach that point this season on account of the heavy field ice, which prevented the whaling fleet from proceeding farther north than Point Belcher. She rendered valuable assistance to a number of whalemen, and returning, reached Unalaska September 17, when she resumed guard duty around the Seal Islands, where she will remain until after December 1.

It was learned that the crew of the schooner Silver Wave, of San Francisco, wrecked late last year near Point Barrow, were furnished shelter and subsistence during the winter at the Point Barrow Refuge Station.

The revenue steamer Rush sailed from San Fiancisco on May 27 for the Seal Islands, and during the summer cruised $11,088.8$ miles in the Bering Sea for the protection of the Government interests in that region and the enforcement of the provisions of the President's proclamation, and the modus vivendi with Great Britain. She boarded in the sea 23 vessels, 13 of them seal hunters, which were notified to leave the sea at once. The Rush seized one vessel, the British schooner E. B. Marvin, of Victoria, for noncompliance with the provisions of the proclamation, after having been warned by the United States steamship

Thetis. The Rush returning from her cruise reached San Francisco October 2, and sailed again October 19, to remain in the vicinity of the Seal Islands until December 1 next.

The revenue steamer Corwin sailed from San Francisco June 17 for Bering Sea, carrying copies of the President's proclamation and instructions for its enforcement to the other revenue steamers on duty in Alaskan waters, and to the Treasury agents on the Seal Islands. During the season she cruised $9,862.8$ miles; boarded and notified 10 seal hunting vessels to leave the sea, and seized 2, the American schooners La Nimpha, of San Francisco, and Ethel, of San Diego, Cal., for noncompliance with such notice. These cases have since been tried in the United States district court of Alaska, and the vessels were condemned.

A number of new vessels are urgently needed for the proper maintenance of the service. With a fleet of thirty-six vessels it will be readily seen that unless new craft are added to the fleet annually the service must gradually become depleted.

The rapidly increasing commerce on the Great Lakes, the Pacific coast, and Puget Sound ; the large number of Chinese subjects unlawfully landing on our shores, and the enormous quantities of opium believed to be smuggled into the United States from contiguous foreign. territory; the additional service demanded of the revenue cutter fleet in protecting Government interests in Alaska, all require new and more efficient steamers. There is, in consequence, immediate and urgent need for two able cruising steamers for the Pacific coast and two for Lakes Michigan and Ontario, respectively. To meet any sudden contingency, these vessels should possess features and characteristics enabling them to meet demands other than those for assistance to distressed vessels and the enforcement of the customs-revenue laws. This fact has not been lost sight of in the general designs outlined.

There is further need at San Francisco for a new boarding steamer. The vessel now engaged on this duty is too small for the efficient performance of the work assigned to her.

## LIGHT-HOUSE SERVICE.

The number of light-stations was increased from 833 to 852. Three first-class light-ships have been finished and placed on stations on the Atlantic coast. Three other less expensive light-ships are being built for service on the Great Lakes, and will be finished in time to be put on stations this fall. The construction of four other first-class light-ships, three for service on the Atlantic and one on the Pacific coast, has been commenced. They are to have the best illuminating
apparatus and fog-signals, and are to be moved to and from their stations by their own steam power.

The Board has two first-class steam tenders well under construction, and the plans of a third are nearly finished.

The number of buoys; spindles, and day marks was increased from 4,651 to 4,715 during the last fiscal year. The appropriation for expenses of buoyage last year was $\$ 335,000$, an increase of $\$ 55,000$ over the preceding year. With this the Board was able to maintain these aids to navigation and make a slight addition to their number, but not as many as were needed.

The number of lights on navigable rivers was increased from about 1,600 to about 1,700; as the increase was mostly on eastern rivers, where it costs more to build and maintain them than it does on western rivers, the average cost was brought up from $\$ 160$ to about $\$ 170$ per year each. As each of these river lights serves the purpose that was formerly attained by a light-house costing very much more to build and many times more a year to maintain, it is deemed judicious as well as economical to increase their number. The Board asks an increased appropriation for this purpose.

The Light-House Board, in its annual report, again urges that the exhibition of private lights should be prohibited, and that a penalty. be provided by law for the infraction of its regulations as to the lighting of bridges over navigable streams.

MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.
The report of the Supervising Surgeon-General* shows that during. the last year there were 52,992 sailois treated in the various marine hospitals and dispensaries; that there were 1,133 surfmen and keepers of the Life-Saving Service examined physically, of which number 59 were rejected for disease or disability ; that there were 1,182 pilots examined for color blindness, of which number 29 were rejected; and that 243 seamen were examined physically as a prerequisite to their enlistment in the Revenue-Marine Service, of which number 38 were rejected.

The balance of funds available at the commencement of the fissal year was $\$ 106,295.77$, and the receipts from all sources during the year (tonnage tax and repayments for care and treatment of foreign seamen, etc.) were $\$ 533,760.77$. The expenditures were $\$ 564,528.53$; leaving a balance on hand at the close of the fiscal year of $\$ 75,528.01$. The balance of the appropriation for the prevention of epidemic dis. eases available June 30, 1891, was $\$ 157,174.32$.

[^6]During the year the eight quarantine stations have been in operation, including the new quarantine station on Angel Island, San Francisco Bay, which was opened for service in April. There were 1,664 vessels inspected at the national quarantines, of which number 113 were detained for disinfection. At the Gulf Quarantine Station, on Chandeleur Islands, 46 vessels, badly infected with yellow fever, were held and disinfected, and 12 yellow-fever patients were taken from these vessels into the lazaretto. As a result not a single case of yellow fever developed on the coast guarded by this quarantine.

The other stations were also successfully administered, and the Southern cities have been entirely free from this much-dreaded disease during the past summer.

The Supervising Surgeon-General calls attention to the increased number of cases of leprosy discovered in the United States, and suggests the necessity of a national asylum where these lepers may be permitted to enjoy as much freedom as possible, and yet be removed from contact with other people. Pertinent correspondence relating to this matter is embodied in his report.

Owing to the prevalence of cholera in the East, and to a want of uniformity in the local health regulations at several of the ports of entry in the United States, a circular has been recently issued prohibiting the entry of rags imported from Marseilles unless previously disinfected. It may be necessary to extend the provisions of this circular to other ports where such rags are rebaled and reshipped.
The services of this Bureau of the Government, in aid of the general public health, find further illustration in the copies of correspondence regarding notification to State boards of health of immigrants arriving from infected ports or on infected vessels, and also in the immigration law, in which the duty of inspection of immigrants to be rejected on account of disease is placed upon the officers of this service.

The sanitary inspection service has been rigidly maintained at the port of Havana during the year by the sanitary inspector of the MarineHospital Service and his assistant, who examined 636 vessels at that port. Five thousand and twenty-four applicants for certificates to enable the entry of the applicants into the United States during the quarantine season were examined by the sanitary inspector, and certificates were refused to 455 applicants, because through want of acclimation (Havana being an infected port) these persons might convey disease into the United States.
. A sanitary inspection has also been maintained on the Mexican frontier at El Paso, Tex.

Interesting investigations have been in progress in the two bacteriological laboratories of the service, and a special report is made by the medical officer in charge of the chief laboratory, who was detailed for observation and study in the laboratories of Professors Koc̈h and Pasteur.

Sanitary reports and statistics have been published weekly throughout the year.

The twenty marine hospitals of the United States are reported generally in good condition.

## STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE.

The personnel of this service, at the end of the fiscal year, consisted of 152 officers, clerks, and messengers. The number of steam-vessels inspected, belonging to the United States, was 7,404, having 1,503 ,324.40 net tonnage. The number of foreign steam-vessels inspected was 295 .

The number of passengers carried on American steamers, it is estimated, was over $500,000,000$. The number of lives lost by various accidents was 338 .

The expenses of the domestic service were $\$ 273,295.29$ for the fiscal year, and for the foreign service were $\$ 12,953.56$.

The services of the officers known as special foreign inspectors have been dispensed with, and the work is all done by the officers of the domestic service, under special appointments as acting special inspectors without pay, thereby saving the salaries formerly paid the special inspectors. It is recommended that the laws providing a separate class of officers for the inspection of foreigu steam-vessels be repealed; a better service is obtained by having such inspections made by the officers of the domestic service, as is now done under Departmental authority

Urgent reasons for the proposed legislation are fully set forth in the Secretary's Report on the Finances, 1890, as follows:

The offices proposed to be abolished are virtually sinecures, and much sought after in consequence, and until they are abolished the Executive will remain subjected to importunity to fill them.

Legislation is also asked for regulating the pay of inspectors, great inequality now existing in that respect ; and to provide punishment for fraudulently changing or interpolating licenses issued to officers of steam-vessels, and for false swearing by applicants for such officers' licenses.

## LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

At the close of the year there were in operation 238 life-saving stations, 6 having been put in commission and 1 discontinued during the year. The following statistics give a summary of their operations: The number of disasters to documented vessels within the field of station operations was 331, on board of which were 3,147 persons, of whom 3,105 were saved and 42 lost. The estimated value of the property involved was $\$ 6,910,380$, of which $\$ 5,677,890$ was saved and $\$ 1,232,490$ lost. The number of vessels totally lost was 62 . Besides the foregoing there were 160 disasters to smaller craft (sailboats, rowboats, etc.), on which were 344 persons, of whom 336 were saved and 8 lost. The property involved in the latter disasters amounted to $\$ 110,425$, of which $\$ 106,070$ was saved and $\$ 4,355$ lost. The following is the aggregate :
Total number of disasters ..... 491
Total value of property involved. ..... \$7, 020, 805
Total value of property saved ..... $\$ 5,783,960$
Total value of property lost ..... \$1, 236, 845
Total number of persons on board ..... 3,491
Total number of persons saved ..... 3, 441
Total number of persons lost. ..... 50
Total number of shipwrecked persons succored at stations. ..... 551
Total number of days' succor afforded ..... 1,516
Number of vessels totally lost ..... 62

Besides the persons saved from vessels as shown above, 46 others were rescued who had fallen from wharves, etc., and would probably have perished but for the aid of the life-saving crews. The assistance rendered by the service in saving vessels and cargoes was unusually effective, a larger amount of property being saved in proportion to that imperiled than in any former year, with the single exception of 1884 . Aid was given to 470 vessels in getting them alloat when stranded, repaired when damaged, piloted out of dangerous places, etc. There were also 210 instances in which vessels in danger of stranding were warned off by the signals of the patrolmen.

The cost of the maintenance of the service during the year was $\$ 940.201 .04$.

Since the date of the last report the stations referred to therein as being in process of construction at Knobb's Beach (near Newburyport) and Great Neck (Nantucket), Massachusetts; Marquette and Bois Blanc Island, Michigan; and Umpquah River, Coos Bay, and Coquille River, Oregon, have been completed and manned for service. One station, located at Neah Bay, in the Straits of Fuca, which was under
the charge of a keeper without crew, has been discontinued under the provisions of section 2 of the act of May 4,1882 , which authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to discontinue any station whenever, in his judgment, the interests of commerce and humanity no longer require its existence. Preliminary steps have also been taken looking to the discontinuance of the Cape Malabar House of Refuge, Florida.

New stations are now building at Burnt Island (near the mouth of St. George's River), Maine; Quonocontaug, Rhode Island; Fenwick's Island, Delaware, and Ilwaco Beach, Washington.

Extensive repairs and improvements have been made during the year to 26 stations on the coasts of Virginia and North Carolina, and similar work is now in progress on several of the stations on the coasts of Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia. The Sandy Hook, Seabright, and Gold Spring Stations, New Jersey, and the Ocean City Station, Maryland, have been rebuilt; and a new building is being erected at Gurnet (near Plymouth), Massachusetts, to replace the old station, which will be utilized for a boat house and other purposes. The Ditch Plain Station, coast of Long Island, having been struck by lightning and destroyed on the night of February 28 last, a new station is in progress of construction to supply its place.

The telephone system of the service has been considerably extended during the year by short lines connecting stations in the neighborhood of cities with local systems, by means of which steam-tugs and other aids can be readily summoned on occasion of disaster, and a new line is being built from station to station along the Rhode Island coast.

The last two annual reports of the Secretary called attention to the inadequacy of the compensation allowed to the keepers and crews of stations, upon whose skill, bravery, and honest devotion to most perilous and exacting duty the good name of the service and the lives of imperiled mariners depend. In the last report it was shown that during that year more than 30 per cent. of the trained men had left the stations in the Lake districts, and a somewhat smaller percentage on the ocean coasts, for more lucrative employment, occasioning considerable embarrassment to the service. This exodus has increased during the past year, and its continuance can not fail to seriously affect the efficiency of the corps. Many of the remaining veterans are only retained by the hope of better wages, which the repeated recommendations of the Department and the justice of the case bave excited. The hope is earnestly expressed that the relief, which simple justice to the men and the preservation of the high standard of efficiency which this service has hitherto maintained alike demand, may not be longer deferred.

Among the operations referred to by the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey in his annual report,* the following may be named as of special importance : Surveys relating to the location of a part of the northeastern boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of Canada; resurvey of Nantucket Shoals; observations of tides, currents, densities, and temperatures in Long Island Sound and to the south of Martha's Vineyard, in coöperation with the work of the U.S. Fish Commission ; completion of the detailed topographical survey of the District of Columbia; observations begun at Rockville, Md., and at San Francisco, Cal., for ascertaining the variations of latitude, in coöperation with the work of the International Geodetic Association; survey for the site of a light-house on Cape Hatteras Shoals ; continuation of the investigations in the Gulf Stream, and preparation for publication of a volume relating to the methods of the investigation and the results of the research ; connection of the primary triangulation on or near the 39 th parallel advancing to the westward in the State of Indiana with that advancing to the eastward in the same State; extension to Kansas City of the transcontinental line of geodetic leveling; reconnaissance along the boundary line on the Rio Grande between the United States and Mexico ; establishment off the coast of California, at the request of the Navy Department, of a trial course for the new naval cruiser San Francisco; advance of the primary triangulation in California by the occupation of Mount Conness; special surveys of harbors in Puget Sound for the Harbor Line Commission of the State of Washington, and continuation of the preliminary operations relating to the location of the boundary line between Alaska and the British Possessions in North America.

Advantage was taken by the Superintendent of opportunities afforded by his visit of inspection to the Pacific coast to determine gravity with new and improved apparatus at a number of stations in California, Washington, and Alaska. In compliance with a request from the International Geodetic Association, and with the sanction of the Secretary of the Treasury, an officer of the Survey was instructed to proceed to the Hawaiian Tslands and aid an officer detailed by that Association in observations relating to the variations of latitude. He was further directed to determine simultaneously with latitude the force of gravity at sea-level, and also, when practicable, near the summit of Mauna Kea.

[^7]The demand for the charts of the Survey has for some years past exceeded the capacity of the office presses, but new presses and increased working room, soon to become available; will probably enable all public requirements to be met.

During the fiscal year 1891, there were issued 52,959 copies of charts, 3,153 of which were for the use of Congress, 2,651 for the Executive Departments, and 31,465 to sale agents. Of Notices to Mariners-issued monthly or oftener, as occasion demanded-139,000 copies were printed for free distribution. The publication of Coast Pilots and Tide Tables was continued. Of the Coast Pilots for the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, 1,052 copies were distributed. The manuscripts of the Tide Tables, predicting times and heights of high and low waters on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts for 1892, were sent to press before the close of the fiscal year.

The building known as the Richards building, so long occupied by the Coast and Geodetic Survey, was purchased for the use of that Bureau by an appropriation in the Sundry Civil Act of March 3, 1891. In the same act the purchase of the Butler building adjoining, a part of which had long been used by the same service, was also provided for, my predecessor having recommended to Congress that it be bought for the use of the Survey, to afford a much needed increase in the facilities for printing and publishing charts.

Before the close of the fiscal year, however, it became imperative to make new provision for the Marine-Hospital Service, and it was necessary to utilize the greater part of the Butler building for this purpose.

A new building, much more perfectly adapted to the needs of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, can be erected at comparatively small cost on the ground belonging to the Richards building, and, knowing the need for increased room for the proper execution of this important branch of the public service, I respectfully recommend and urge Congress to provide at an early day for the erection of such a building.

Office of Weights and Measures.
The work of constructing sets of standard weights and measures for the States that have not yet received them was continued in the Office of Weights and Measures. Comparisons of thermometers were made for the Internal-Revenue Bureau; comparisons of coin weights for the United States Mint at San Francisco, and of series of test weights for the United States Mint at Carson City, Nev. At the request of the Secretary of the Treasury an examination was undertaken of the standards in use in the sugar laboratories of the appraisers' offices in Bos-
ton, New York, and Philadelphia, and carried to a successful conclusion. Subsequently, at the request of the Commissioner of Interual Revenue, a commission consisting of experts representing the Department of Agriculture, the Internal-Revenue Barean, and the Office of Weights and Measures was organized with a view of deciding upon improved methods in the analysis of sugars, and of framing regulations for determining the polarization of those upon which a bounty is paid.

For the reasons stated in the last report of my predecessor, I renew the recommendation made by him that the metric system of weights and measures be made obligatory in transactions at United States customhouses from and after the first day of the calendar year 1895.

## ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

The work of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing during this year exceeded that of any other for fourteen years, a considerable'portion of this increase being the Treasury notes provided for by the act of July 14, 1890. So great was the demand for these and other small notes that it was necessary to work the larger part of the force of the Burean overtime throughout the entire year. During a portion of the time work commenced at $7 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and continued until 6:30 p. m. In view of this large increase of work, it became necessary to adopt some method of executing at least a part of the printing more rapidly than by the methods heretofore in use. After full and careful consideration of the matter, the Chief of the Bureau recommended that the internal-revenue stamps, known as strip tobacco stamps, be printed from steel plates engraved in relief, which would permit of the printing of these stamps at the rate of 7,000 to 8,000 , instead of from 700 to 800 , sheets per press daily, as by the method of printing from intaglio plates. Samples of stamps printed by this method were submitted, and after full investigation by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the recommendation of the Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing was approved by the Department, and the stamps are now being printed by this method. It is estimated that a saving of about $\$ 156,000$ a year will be effected by this change.

The erection of the additional wing to the Bureau building, authorized by Congress, progressed steadily during the year, and it is now finished and occupied by the Bureau. The additional facilities afforded by this wing, together with the change in the method of printing the strip tobacco stamps, permits of the execution of the work of the Bureau within the regular hours for business-that is, from $8 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 4 p. m. daily. The business of this Bureau is now in a very satisfactory condition.

## PUBLIO BUILDINGS.

There were 392 public buildings completed and occupied, in course of construction, not yet commenced, and for which properties for sites had been, or were being, selected, and titles thereto acquired, under the control of the Treasury Department and the supervision and direction of the office of the Supervising Architect during the year ending September 30, 1891, of which number-

One hundred and twenty were in course of construction, including those to which extensions or additions, alterations, and repairs were being made under special appropriations, and sites were selected or being selected.
Two hundred and fifty were completed prior to September 30, 1890, and 19 were completed and 3 were purchased during the past year, making 272 completed and occupied; and all work of repairs thereon, or the repairs to the heating, hoisting; and elevator apparatus therein, were properly chargeable to the general appropriations.
Seventy-eight sites and buildings were authorized during the first and second sessions of the Fifty-first Congress.

Eleven sites remain to be selected.
The amount of money expended on public buildings for the year ending September 30, 1891, is as follows:

| For sites and in the construction of new public buildings, extensions and repairs specially provided for $\qquad$ | $\$ 5,514,25088$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| For repairs and preservation of public buildings | 228,644 10 |
| For heating apparatus for public buildings | 119,745 19 |
| For vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings | 48,304 98 |
| For photographic duplication of the plans for public buildings............ | 3, 48418 |
| For vaults for storage of silver, New Orleans, La., and San Francisco, |  |
| Cal. | 34, 27355 |

Total expenditure $5,948,70278$

Among the recommendations of the Supervising Architect to which the attention of Congress is invited is that suggesting the enactment of a general law directing the mode of acquiring sites for public buildings; preparation of plans, and proceeding with the work of construction, leaving for special legislation simply the designation of the place to be provided for and the sum to be appropriated. At present the numerous individual acts providing for public buildings repeat these directions in substantially the same language; thus encumbering the statutes unnecessarily. Another recommendatior worthy of attention is that suggesting a law providing for a corps of superintendents of construction
of public buildings, thus giving to the service superintendents especially selected because of their fitness, and further qualified by their constant experience, in the place of temporary local appointees in too many instances unqualified for their important duties.

## CLAIMS.

The importance of providing some limitation of time within which claims against the Government shall be prosecuted, or, for want of such prosecution, be forever barred, is urged upon the attention of Congress.

It may be assumed that any claim in behalf of an individual who is in a situation to present it will, if well founded, be presented for payment within six years from the time when the claimant's right first accrued. Such limitations form part of the codes'of all civilized nations, and experience has shown that, as between individuals, less injustice is done by the conclusive presumption that claims, thus delayed beyond a reasonable time, are unfounded or have been adjusted, than by allowing them to be prosecuted after witnesses to the transaction have died or been lost sight of, and other evidence has been destroyed.

The presumption is much stronger in case of a claim against the Government than in one against an individual. The Government is always solvent and can always be found, and it is difficult to suggest a reason why a valid claim against it should not be presented within the term of six years.

Under the present circumstances, it is impossible to administer equal justice to those who present old claims. The Comptrollers and Commissioner of Customs have by law the final determination of all claims coming within their jurisdiction, and while one of them, or the Auditor who first considers the claim, may reject it because its prosecution has been for many years delayed, and he therefore believes it to be unfounded, another officer feels it his duty to examine it upon such evidence as may still exist, because Congress has not interposed a statute of limitation in bar of its allowance. The First Comptroller, in his report, ${ }^{*}$ has called special attention to the importance of some limitation of this character.

It is recommended, therefore, that it be provided by law that no claim pending in any of the Executive Departments shall be allowed unless presented for payment within six years after such claim first accrued, with the usual exception in favor of claimants disqualified by age, or otherwise, from prosecuting claims within such time.

The First Comptroller also recommends in his report that the act of March 3, 1887 (24 Stat., 505), providing for the bringing of suits against

[^8]the Government, be amended or repealed ; that additional legislation be had touching the subject of double compensation to public officers; and that provision be made for turning into the Treasury the balance on June 30, 1891, standing to the credit of the appropriation for "deposits by individuals for surveying public lands."

## WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

Work is progressing satisfactorily in the preparation of a suitable contribution by the Treasury Department to the Government exhibit at the World's Columbian Exposition. Pursuant to the provisions of law, the Supervising Architect of the Treasury has completed suitable plans for the Government Exposition building. A contract for the construction has been approved, involving an expenditure of $\$ 316,767$, and work is going forward upon the structure.

## SEAL ISLANDS.

It has been well known to the Department for some years that there was a marked diminution in the number of seals returning annually to the Pribyloff Islands. This decrease affected the rookeries so seriously that a modus vivendi was entered into between the United States and Great Britain, by the terms of which the number of seals to be killed on the islands between June 15, 1891, and May 1, 1892, was limited to 7,500 , and their destruction in that part of Bering Sea lying eastward of the line of demarcation described in article $I$ of the treaty of 1867 was prohibited for the same period.

From reports made by the Treasury agents at the islands, who were instructed to investigate the subject, it would seem that the killing of vast numbers of female seals in the open waters by pelagic hunting is the prime factor in the rapid decrease of seals, and if persisted in will undoubtedly result in the speedy annihilation of these valuable furbearing animals. This will more clearly appear when it is stated that although the proclamation of the modus vivendi was issued on June 15, 1891, more than 50,000 skins were taken by sealing schooners during the past season, and as but a small percentage of the seals killed at sea are secured, the figures given would indicate the actual destruction of many times that number.

It would therefore seem that restrictive measures are imperatively needed for the protection of this valuable animal, which contributes so largely to the wealth and comfort of the world at large. Attention is also invited to the fact that on the islands of St. Paul and St. George there are 300 native inhabitants who are supported by their labor in
taking seals for the lessees of the islands, and as this industry is affected by the operations of the pelagic sealers, the natives who, to some extent at least, may be regarded as the nation's wards, must be provided for from the public funds.

There are other matters relating to this subject to which at the proper time I may deem it advisable to invite the attention of Congress.

## RECORD OF REAL PROPERTY BELONGING TO THE UNITED STATES.

Attention is again invited to the need of legislation to provide suitable registry of deeds and other evidences of title to real property acquired and held for the use of the United States.

These instruments are now deposited in various offices in the several Departments, and their production when required often involves much labor and research, which would be obviated by collecting them into one place of deposit and record.

This would also afford means of ready reference to the history of titles, and better assure the discovery and perfecting of defective and disputed titles, and the recovery of property which, through disuse or otherwise, has been lost sight of and come into the wrongful possession of private parties.

## OFFICIAL FILES OF THE GOVERNMENT.

My predecessors for many years past have called the attention of Congress to the importance of providing a suitable building, centrally located, for the safe and convenient keeping of the official records, documents, and papers of the Government. The importance and urgency of this matter cannot be overstated, and I earnestly recommend that early and favorable action be taken by Congress looking to the erection of such a building.

## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The net expenditures on account of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1891 were $\$ 5,635,510.61$. The revenues deposited in the Treasury on this account, for the same period, were $\$ 2,853,897.74$.

There have been issued during the fiscal year $1891, \$ 50,750$ of the 3.65 per cent. bonds, in satisfaction of judgments of the Court of Claims against the District. There have been retired by the operations of the sinking-fund during the same period $\$ 331,500$ of the bonded indebtedness of the District, making a net reduction of $\$ 280,750$, and reducing the annual interest charge $\$ 16,982$.

The net reduction in the bonded debt since July 1,1878 , is $\$ 2,606,350$, and in the annual interest charge $\$ 177,339.72$. The bonded debt July 1, 1891, was $\$ 19,500,300$, of which there were due and payable on that date $\$ 2,490,2006$ per cent. bonds and $\$ 276,7007$ per cent. bonds. To provide for the payment of these bonds Congress, by act approved March 3, 1891, authorized the issue of 3.50 oper cent. bonds, and the Treasurer, in compliance with the provisions of the law, caused the bonds to be prepared, advertised, and has sold $\$ 2,400,000$ at a premium of five hundred and thirty-one one-thousandths per cent., realizing the sum of $\$ 2,412,744$, to be applied to the redemption of the matured bonds. The act also authorized the sale of sufficient 3.50 per cent. bonds to pay the bonds maturing in 1892.

The amount realized from the sale of bonds in which the retentions from contracts with the District of Columbia were invested, in excess of the amount due the contractors, have been deposited in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt to the credit of the United States and District of Columbia in equal parts, as required by the act of February 25, 1885. The net surplus from this source at the close of the fiscal year 1890 was $\$ 30,676.18$. During the fiscal year 1891, in settlement of these accounts, the sum due the contractors is in excess of the amount realized from the sale of bonds, showing a net loss of $\$ 2,609.22$, reducing the net surplus at the close of the fiscal year 1891 to $\$ 28,066.96$.

The detailed information in regard to the affairs of the District of Columbia will be found in the report to be submitted by the District Commissioners and by the Treasurer of the United States, ex-officio commissioner of the sinking fund of the District.

## REPORTS OF HEADS OF BUREAUS.

The several reports of the heads of offices and bureaus are herewith transmitted.

CHARLES FOSTER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

## The Honorable

The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

TABlES ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT ON THE FINANCES.
FI 91——VI
IXXXXI

Table A.-Statement of the Outbtanding Principal of the Public Debt of the United States, June 30, 1891.

| ! | Length of loan. | When redeemable. | Rate of interest. | Price at which sold. | Amountauthor- ized. | Amonnt issued. | Amount outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - OLD DEBT. |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| For detailed intormation in regard to the earlier loans embraced under this head, see Finance Report for 1876. |  | On demand | 5 and 6 per cent. |  | Indefinite.. |  | \$151, 820.26 |
| TREASURY NOTES PRIOR TO 1846. |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Acts of October 12, 1837 (5 Statutes, 201) ; May 21, 1838 (5 Statates, 228) ; March 2, 1839 ( 5 Statutes, 323); March 31, 1840 (5 Statutes, 370); | 1 and 2 years | 1 and 2 years from date. | 2) of 1 to 6 per cent. | Par..... | \$51, 000, 000. 00 | \$47, 002.900. 00 | (*) |
| February 15, 1841 (5 Statutes, 411) ; January 31, 1842 (5 Statutes, 469); August 31, 1842 (5 Statutes, 581); and March 3, 1843 (5 Statutes, 614). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TREASURY NOTES OF 1846. |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act of July 22, 1846 (9 Statutes, 39) ................. | 1 year ...... | $1 \begin{gathered}\text { year from } \\ \text { date. }\end{gathered}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ of 1 to $5 \frac{2}{8}$ per cent. | Par. | 10,000, 000.00 | 7, 687, 800.00 | (*) |
| MEXICAN INDEMNXTY. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act of August 10, 1846 (9 Statutes, 94)....................................... | 5 years ..... | 5 years from date. | 5 per cent... | Par..... | 320,000.00 | 303, 573.92 | (*) |
| . T TREASURY NOTES OF 1847. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act of January 28, 1847 (9 Statutes, 118)................................. | 1 and 2 years | 1 and 2 years from date. | 52 and 6 per cent. | Par..... | 23, 000, 000.00 | † 26, 122: 100. 00 | (*) |
| TREASURY NOTES OF 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act of December 23, 1857 (11 Statutes, 257) .............................. | 1 year | 1 year from | 3 to 6 per cent. | Par....$:$ | Indefinite.... | 52, 778, 900. 00 | (*) |
| BOUNTY-LAND SCRIP. |  |  |  | - 0 |  |  |  |
| Act of February 11, 1847 (9 Statutes, 125) ................................... | Indefinite... | A.t the pleasure of the | 6 per cent... | Par. | Indefinite..... | 233, 075.00 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| * LOAN OF 1847. |  | Govermments |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Act of January 28, 1847 (9 Statutes, 118) | 20 years | Jan. 1, 1868.... | 6 per cent... | 11 to 2 | 23,000, 000.00 | $\ddagger 28,230,350.00^{\circ}$ | 950.00 |
| . TEXAN INDEMNITY STOCK. |  |  |  | per cent. prem'm. |  |  |  |
| Act of September 9, 1850 (9 Statates, 447) | 14 years | Jan. 1, 1865.... | 5 per cent... | Par ..... | 10, 000, 000. 00 | 5,000,000.00 | 20,000. 00 |
| LOAN OF 1858. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act of June 14, 1858 (1.1 Statutes, 365) ...................................... | 15 years .... | Jan. 1, 1874.... | 5 per cent... | Average | 20,000, 000. 00 | 20,000,000.00 | 2,000.00 |
|  |  |  |  | prem'm of $3 \frac{58}{10} 0$. |  |  |  |
| *Included in "old debt." | tIncluding reissues. |  | $\ddagger$ Including conversion of Treasury notes. |  |  |  | ; |

Table A.-Statement of the Outstanding Principal of the Public Debt, etc.-Continued.


## LEGAL-TENDER NOTES.

The act of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 345), authorized the issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ United States notes, not bearing interest, payable to tions, not less than five dollars, as the Secretary of the Treasury mioht deem expedient, $\$ 50,000,000$ to be applied to the redemption of demand notes authorized by the act of July 17, 1861; these notes to be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt, and to be exchangeable for six per cent United States bonds. The act of July 11, 1862 (12 Statutes, 532), authorized an additional issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ of such denominations as the Seoretary of the Treasury might deem expedient, but no such note should be for a fractional part of a dollar, and not more than be a lecal tender as before anthorized five dollars; these notes to 12 Statates 710), authorized an additional issue of $\$ 150,000,000$ of such dewominations, not less than one dollar, as the Secretary of the Treasury might prescribe; which notes were made a legal tender as before authorized. The same act limited the time in which the Treasury notes might be exchanged for United States bonds to July 1,1863 . The amonnt of notes authorized by this act were to be in lieu of $\$ 100,000,000$ anthorized by the resolution of January 17, 1803 (12 Statutes, 822).
TEMPORARY LOAN.

Acts of February 25, 1862 (12 Statutes, 346) ; March 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370) ; July 11, 1862 ( 12 Statutes, 532), and June 30,1864 (13 Statutes, 218);

CER'TIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
Acts of March 1, 1862 (12 Statutes, 352) ; May 17, 1862 (12 Statutes, 370), and March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710).

> FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

Acts of Jaly 17, 1862 (12. Statutes, 592); March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711), and June' 30,1864 (13 Statutes, 220).

## LOAN OF 1863.

The act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 709), authorized a loan of $\$ 900,000,000$, and the issue of bonds, with interest not exceeding 6 per centum per annum, and refleemable in not less than ten nor more than forty years, principal and interest payable in coin. The act of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 219), repeals the above authority, except as to the $\$ 75,000,000$ of bonds already advertised for.
Bonds of this loan continued at $3_{2}$ per cent interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.


Table A.-Statement of the Outsanding Principal of the Public Debt, etc.-Continued.

| $\cdots$ | Length of loan. | When redeemable. | Rate of in. terest. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price } \\ \text { at which } \\ \text { sold, } \end{gathered}$ | Amountanthorized. | Amountissued. | Amount out. standing. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ONE.XEAR NOTES OF 1863: <br> Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710) $\qquad$ TWO-YEAR NOTES OF 1863. | 1 year ...... | 1 year after date. | 5 per cent.. | Par | $\$ 400,000,000.00$ $\&$ | \$44, 520,000. 00 | \$33, 485.00 |
| Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710) GOLD CERTIFICATES. | 2 years...... | 2 years after date. | 5 per cent. | Par. | 400, 000,000.00 | 166, 480, 000. 00 | 28, 150.00 |
| Act of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 711) COMPOUND-INTEREST NOTES. | Indefinite... | On demand. | None | Par..... | Indefinite. |  | 152, 456, 429.00 |
| Acts of March 3, 1863 (12 Statutes, 710), and June 30, 1864 (13Statutes, 218). | 3 years...... | 3 jears from date. | 6 per cent compound. | Par..... | 400, 000,000. 00 | $266,595,440.00$ | 179, 140.00 |
| , TEN-FORTIES OF 1804. |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| Act of March 3, 1864 (13 Statutes, 13) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10 or 40 years. | March 1, 1874 | $5 \text { per cent... }$ | Par to 7 per ct. prem. | 200, 000, 000. 00 | 196, 118, 300.00 | . $45,100.00$ |
| FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1864. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218) <br> SEVEN-THIRTIES OF 1864 AND 1865. | 5 or 20 years. | Nov. 1, 1869 | 6 per cent... | Av. prem. of $2 \frac{5}{10} 218$. | 400, 000, 000. 00 | 125,561, 300.00 | 33,400.00 |
| Acts of June 30, 1864 (13 Statutes, 218) ; January 28, 1865 (13 Statutes, 425), and March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468). | 3 yèars.... $\{$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Aug. 15, } 1867 \\ \text { June 15, } 1868 \\ \text { July 15, } 1868\end{array}\right\}$ | 73 $\frac{3}{10}$ per ct. $\{$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Av.prem. } \\ \text { of } 2_{1} 880 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\} 800,000,000.00$ | $* 829,992,500.00$ | *129,050.00 |
| FIVE-TWENTIES OF 1865. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1886 (14 Statutes, 31). | 5 or 20 years. | Nov. 1, $1870 .$. | 6 per cent... | Av.prem. of $3 \frac{547}{1000}$ | Indefinite..... | 203, 327\% 250.00 | 24, 150.00 |
| CONSOLS OF 1865. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31). CONSOLS OF 1867. | 5 or 20 Jears. | July 1,1870 ... | 6 per cent... | Av.prem. <br>  | Indefinite. | 332, 998, 950.00 | 127,050.00 |
| Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31). | 5 or 20 years. | July 1,1872 ... | 6 per cent... | Av.prem. of $\frac{80}{102} \sigma$ | Indeflnite..... | 379, 618, 000.00 | 212, 100.00 |

## CONSOLS OF 1868.

Acts of March 3, 1865 (13 Statutes, 468), and April 12, 1866 (14 Statutes, 31).

## THREE-PER-CENT CERTUFICATES

Acts of March 2, 1867 (14 Statutes, 558), and July 25, 1868 (15 Statutes, 183).

## FIVE-PER-CENT LOAN OF 1881

The act of January 14, 1875 ( 18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell, dispose the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 ( 16 Statates, 272), to the extent necessary for the redemption of fractional currency in silver coins of the denominations of ten, twenty-five, and fifty cents of standard value.
The act of March 3, 1875 (18 Statutes, 466), directs the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds of the character and deseription set out in he act of July 14, 1870 ( 16 Statutes, 272), to James B. Eads, or his legal representatives, in payment at par of the warrants of the Secretary of war for the construction of jetties and auxiliary works to Mississippi River and the Gulf of Mexico, unless Congress shall have previously provided for the payment of the same by the necessary appropriation of money.
The act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), authorizes the issue of $\$ 200,000,000$ at 5 per centum. principal and interest payable in coin of the present standard value, at the pleasure of the United States Government. after ten years; these bonds to be exempt from the payruent of all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under State, municipal, or local authority. Bonds and coupons parable at the Treasury of the Onited States. This act not to authorize an increase of the bonded debt of the Jnited States. Bonds to be sold at not less than par in coin, and the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of outstanding $5 \cdot 20$ 's or to when due, to be made in order of dates and numbers, beginning with each class last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. The act of January 20, 1871 ( 6 Statutes, 392), increases the anount of 5 per cents to $\$ 500.000,000$, provided the total amount bf bonds issued shall not exceed the amount originally authorized, and authorizes the interest on any of these bonds to be pain quarterly:
The act of December 17, 1873 ( 18 Staitutes, 1 ), anthorized theissue of an equal amount of bonds of the loan of 1858, which the holders thereof maf, on or before February 1, 1874, elect to exchange for the bonds of this loan.


last dated and numbered. Interest to cease at the end of three months from notice of intention to redeem. See Refunding Certificates, below.

> FOUR-PER-CENT. LOAN OF 1907. (RESUMPTION.)

The act of January 14, 1875 (18 Statutes, 296), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to use any surplus revenues from time to time in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to issuie, sell, dispose of at not less than par, in coin, either of the description of bonds of the United States described in the act of July 14, 1870 (16 Statutes, 272), for the purpose of redeeming, on and after January 1, 1879, in New York the outstanding Tnited States legal-tender notes whem presented in sums of not less than fiftry dollars.

> CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

The act of June 8, 1872 (17 Statutes, 336), authorizes the deposit of United States nctes without nterest by banking associations in sums not less than $\$ 10,000$, and the issue of certificates thereforin denominations of not less than $\$ 5,000$; which certiticates shall be payable on demand in United States notes at the place where the deposits were made. It provides that the notes so deposited in the Treasury shall not be counted as a part of the legal reserve, but that the cerbenks as part of their legal reserve and counted by the national banks as part of their legal reserve, and may bo accepted in the settlement of clearing-house balances at the place where the cdeposits certiticates were issued, or other United States notes of like amount, shall be held as special deposits in the Treasury, and used only for the redemption of such certificates.

## SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 28, 1878 (20 Statutes, 26, sec. 3), provides that any holder of the coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than uen dohars and receive therefor certificates of of the United States notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same ondemand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, when so received, may be reissued.
REFUNDING CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 26, 1879 (20 Statutes, 321), authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue, in exchange for lawful money of the United searing interest the rate of four per centum per of ten dond ars, vertible at any time, with accrued interest, into the four porcentum

## REFUNDING CERTIFICATES-Continued.

bonds described in the refunding act; the money so received to be applied only to the payment of the bonds bearing interest at a rate not less than five per centum, in the mode prescribed by said act.
FUNDED LOAN OF 1881, CONTINUED AST THREE AND ONEHALF PER CENT.
These bonds were issued in exchatige for five-percent bonds of the funded loan of 1881, by mutual agreement between the Secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.

$$
\text { LOAN OF JULT 12, } 1882 .
$$

These bonds were issued in exchange for the five and six per cent bonds which had been previously continued at three and one-half per cent by mutual agreement between the secretary of the Treasury and the holders, and were made redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.

## TREASURY NOTES OF 1890.

The act of July 14, 1890 ( 26 Statutes, 289), directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase, from time to time, silver bullion to the aggregate amount of four million five hundred thousand ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for three hundred and seventyone and twenty-five hundredths grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchases of sy the Secretary of the Treasury, in United States, to be prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury, in
snch form and of such denominations, not less than one dollar nor more than one thousand dollars, as he may prescribe. That said notes shall be redeemable on demand, in coin, at the Treasury of the United States, or at the office of any assistant treasurer of the Ureater or less amount of such redeemed may be reissucd; but no greater or less amount of such notes shall be outstanding at any lars coined therefrom, then held in the Treasury, purchased by such notes; and such Treasury notes shall be a legal tender in payment of alldebts, pablic and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract, and shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and

such notes. When held by any national banking assoc ation, may be counted as a part of its lawfal reserve. That upou demand o the holder of any of the 'Preasury notes provided for the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem-the same in gold or silver coin, at his discretion, the maintain the two metals on a paxity with each other upon

NATIONAL BANK NOTES (REDEMPTION ACCOUNT).
The act of July 14, 1890 (26 Statutes, 289), provides that balances standing with the Treasurer of the United states to the respective credits of national banks for deposius mate to redeem the circulating notes of suclp bauks, and all deposits thereafter received for like purpose shall be covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt, and the Treasurer of the United States shall redeem from the general cash in the Treasury the circulating notes of said bank which may come into his possession subject to redemption, close of each month be reported on the monthly public debt state ment as debt of the United States bearing no interest.


[^9]Table B.-Statement of Outstanding Principal of the Public Debt of the United States on the ist of January uf fach tear from 1791 to 1843 , inclusive, and on the 1st of July of each year from. 1843 to 1891, inclusive.


[^10]Table C.-Analysis of the Principal of the Public Debt of the United States from July 1, 1856 , to July 1, 1891.

| Year. | 3 per cents. | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents. | 4 per cents. | $4 \frac{1}{8}$ per cents. | 5 per cents. | 6 per cents. | 73 ${ }^{\frac{3}{10}}$ per cent. | Total interestbearing debt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1856 |  |  |  |  | \$3,632,000. 00 | \$28, 130, 761.77 |  | \$31, 762,761.77 |
| 3857 |  |  |  |  | $3,489,000.00$ | 24, 971, 958. 93 |  | 28, 460, 958. 93 |
| 1858 |  |  |  |  | 23, 538, 000.00 | 21, 162, 838. 11 |  | 44, 700, 838.11 |
| 1859 |  |  |  |  | 37, 127, 800.00 | 21, 162, 938.11 |  | 58, 290, 738.11 |
| 1860 |  |  |  |  | 43, 476, 300.00 | 21, 164, 538. 11 |  | 64, 640, 838.11 |
| 1861 |  |  |  |  | $33,022,200.00$ | 57, 358, 673.95 |  | 90, 380, 873. 95 |
| 1862. |  |  | \$57, 926, 11.6. 57 |  | $30,483,000.00$ | 154, 313; 225.01 | \$122, 582, 485.34 | - $365,304,826.92$ |
| 1863 |  |  | 105, 629, 385.30 |  | $30,483,000.00$ | 431, 444, 813.83 | 139, 974, 435.34 | 797, 531, 634.47 |
| 1864 |  |  | 77, 547, 696.07 |  | 300, 213, 480. 00 | 842, 882, 652.09 | 139, 286, 935. 34 | 1, 359, 930, 763.50 |
| 1865. |  |  | $90,496,930.74$ |  | 245, 709, 420.63 | 1, 213, 495, 169.90 | 671, 610, 397.02 | 2, 221,311, 918. 29 |
| 1805-Angust 31 |  |  | 618, 127.98 |  | 269, 175, 727.65 | 1, 201, 736, 439.33 | $830,000,000,00$ | 2, 381, 530, 294. 90 |
| 1866. |  |  | 121, 341, 879. 62 | ....... | 201, 982, 665.01 | 1, 195, 546, 041, 02 | $813,460,621.95$ | 2, 332, 331, 207.60 |
| 1867. |  |  | 17, 725, 025.68 |  | 198, $533,435.01$ $221,586,185.01$ | $1,543,452,080.02$ $1,878,303,984.50$ | $488,344,846.95$ $37,397,196.95$ | 2, 248, 067, 387. 66 |
| 1869. | 66, 125, 000.00 |  |  |  | 221, 588, 300.00 | $1,874,347,222.39$ | 3, 307, 106. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 2, 202,088, $22.162 .060,522.39$ |
| 1870 | $59,550.000 .00$ |  |  |  | 221, $5888,300.00$ | 1, 765, 317, 422.39 |  | 2, $046,455,722.39$ |
| 1871. | 45, 885, 000.00 |  | 678,000. 00 | .-. | 274, 236, 450.00 | $1,613,897,300.00$ |  | 1,934, 696, 750.00 |
| 1872. | 24, 665, 000.00 |  | 678, 000.00 | . | 414, 567, 300.00 | 1, 374, 883, 800.00 |  | 1, 814, 794, 100.00 |
| \$873 | 14, 000, 000.00 |  | 678, 000.00 |  | 414, 567, 300.00 | 1,281, 238,650.00 |  | 1, $710,483,950.00$ |
| 1874 | 14, 000, 000.00 |  | 678, 000.00 |  | 510,628, 050.00 | 1,213, 624, 700.00 |  | 1, 738, 920, 750.00 |
| 1875 | 14, 000, 000.00 |  | 678, 000.00 |  | 607, 132, 750.00 | 1, 100, 865, 550. 00 |  | 1, 722, 676, 300.00 |
| 1876 | -14,000,000.00 |  |  |  | 711, 685, 800.00 | 984, 999, 650.00 |  | 1, 710, 658, 450.00 |
| 1877 | 14, 000, 000.00 |  |  | \$1.40, 000, 000.00 | $703,266,650.00$ | 854, 621, 850.00 |  | 1, 711, 888, 500.00 |
| 1878 | 14, 000,000. 00 |  | 98, 850, 000.00 | 240, 000, 000. 00 | 703,266, 650.00 | $738,619,000.00$ |  | 1, 794, 735, 650.00 |
| 1879 | 14, $000,000.00$ |  | 741, 522, 000.00 | 250, 000, 000.00 | 508, 440, 350.00 | 283, 681, 350.00 |  | 1,797, 643, 700.00 |
| 1880 | 14,000, 000.00 |  | 739, 347, 800.00 | - 250,000,000.00 | 484, 864, 900. 00 | 235, 780, 400.00 |  | 1, 723, 993, 100.00 |
| 1881 | 14,000,000.00 |  | 739, 347, 800.00 | - 250, 000,000. 00 | 439, 541, 350. 00 | 196, 378,600. 00 |  | 1, $0399,567,750.00$ |
| 3882 | 14, 000, 000.00 | \$460, 461, 050.00 | 739,349, 350.00 | 250, 000, 000.00 |  |  |  | $1,463,810,400.00$ |
| 1883 | 318, 204, 350. 00 | 32, 082, 600. 00 | 737, 942, 200.00 | 250, 000, 000. 00 |  |  |  | 1, 338, $2229,150.00$ |
| 1884 | 238, 612, 150.00 |  | 737, 951, 700.00 | 250, 000, 000.00 |  |  |  | 1, 226; 563, 850.00 |
| 1885 | 208, 190, 500. 00 |  | 737, 960, 450.00 | 250, 000, 000.00 |  |  |  | 1, 196, $150,950.00$ |
| 1886 | 158, 046,600.00. |  | 737, 967, 500.00 | 250, 000, 000.00 |  |  |  | 1, 146, 014, 100.00 |
| 1887. | 33, 716, 500. 00 |  | 737, 975, 850.00 | 250, 000, 000. 00 |  |  |  | 1, 021, 692, 350.00 |
| 1889 | $14,000,000.00$ $14,000,000.00$ |  | $714,315,450.00$ $676,214,990.00$ | $222,207,050.00$ $139,639,000.00$ |  |  |  | $950,522,500.00$ $820,853,990,00$ |
| 1890 | $14,000,000.00$ |  | 602, 297, 360.00 | 109, 015, 750.00 |  |  |  | $725,313,110.00$ |
| 1891. |  |  | 559, 659, 920.00 | 50, 869, 200.00 |  |  |  | $610,529,120,00$ |

Table C.-Analysis of the Principal of the Public Debt of the United States, etc.-Continued.


NoTe 1.-The annual interest charge is computed upon the amount of outstanding principal at the close of the fiscal year, and is exclusive of interest charge on Pacificrailway nds. Interest on the $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent loan is computed at the regular rate from July $1 ; 1891$, to date of maturity, september 1 , 1891 , ald at 2 per cent from that date to close of year. NOTE 2.-The igures for Juiy 1, 1879, were made up assuming peading fanding operations to have been completed.
Nowe 3.-The temporary loan per act of July 11, 1862, is included in the 4 per cents from 1862 to 1868, inclusive, with the exception of the amount outstanding August 31, 1865 , this being the date at which the public debtreached its highest point. This loan bore interest from 4 per cent to 6 per cent, and was redeemable on ten days' notice after thirty dajs; but being, constantly changing, it has been considered more equitable to include the whole amount outstanding as bearing 4 per cent interest on an average for the year. None 4 ,-In the recent monthly statements of the public debt the interest accrued has been added to the principal, making the net debt larger in that amount than the amount herein stated for each year.

Table D.-Statement of the. Issue and Redemption of Loans and Treasury Notes (by warrants) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

|  | Issues. | Rodemptions. | Excess of issues. | Excess of redemptions. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of July and Aug. 1861, acts of Tuly 17 and Aug. 5, 1861 |  | \$22, 050.00 | .... | \$22, 050.00 |
| Old demand notes, acts July 17 and Aug. 5, 1861, and Feb. 12, 1862...... |  | $\cdots 385.00$ |  | 22, 385. |
| Five-twenties of 1862, act of Feb. 25, 1862. |  | 150.00 |  | 150.00 |
| Five-twenties of 1864, act of June 30, 1864 |  | 10,650.00 |  | 10,650. 00 |
| Legal-tender notes, acts of Feb. 25 and July 11, 1862, Jan. 7 and Mar. 3, 1863 | \$70.792, 000.00 | 70, 792,000.00 |  |  |
| Gold certificates, acts of Mar. 3, 1863, and July 12, 1882 | 63, 515, 000. 00 | 68, 601, 550. 00 |  | $5,086,550.00$ |
| One-year notes of 1863, act of Mar. 3, 1863. |  | 480.00 |  | 480.00 |
| Two year notes of 1863, act of Mar. $3,1803$ |  | 250.00 |  | 250.00 |
| Compound-interest notes, acts 'of Mar. 3, 1863, and Jume 30, $1864 \ldots$ |  | 3;320.00 |  | 3,320.00 |
| Loan of 1847, act of Jan. 28, 1847. |  | 300.00 |  | 300.00 |
| Bounty land scrip, act of Feb. 11; |  | 100.00 |  | 100.00 |
| Loan of 1863 , acts of Mar. 3,1863 , and June 30, 1864. |  | 500.00 |  | 500.00 |
| ren-forties of 1864, act of Mar. 3,1864 |  | 11,500.00 |  | 11,500.00 |
| Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1.865 , acts of June 30,1864 , and Mar. 3,1865 |  | 1,150.00 |  | 1, 150.00 |
| Consols of 1865, act of Mar. 3, 1865 |  | 15, 850.00 |  | 15, 850.00 |
| Consols of 1867, act of Mar. 3, 1865 |  | 35, 450. 00 |  | $35,450.00$ |
| Consols of 1868, act of Mar. 3, 1865 |  | 20, 050.00 |  | 20, 050.00 |
| Funded loan of 1881, acts of July 14, 1870, and Jan. 20, 1871, and Jan. 14, 1875. |  | 12,800.00 |  | $12,800.00$ |
| Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872 | 38,560, 000.00 | 28, 050, 000.00 | \$10, 510, 000.00 |  |
| Silver certiticates, act of Feb. 28, 1878. | $84,904,000.00$ | 71, 728, 566.00 | 13, 175, 434.00 |  |
| Refunding certificates, act of Feb. $26,1879$ |  | 9, 940.00 |  | 9, 940.00 |
| Loan of 1882, act of Jaly 12, 1882 |  | 66, 500. 00 |  | 66,500.00 |
| Fractional currency, acts of July 17, 1862, Mar. 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864. |  | 3,831. 37 |  | 3,831. 37 |
| Funded loan of 1891, acts July 14, 1870, Jan. 24, 1871, and Jan. 14, 1875 |  | $58,146,550.00$ |  | $58,146,550.00$ |
| Funded loan of 1907, acts July 14, 1870, Jan. 20, 1871, and Jan. 14, 1875. | 13,750.00 | 42,641, 250.00 |  | 42,627,500.00 |
| Treasury notes of 1800, act of July 14, 1890. | 51, 852, 4]7.00 | 1, 624,000.00 | 50, 228, 417.00 |  |
| Redemption of national-bank notes, act July 14, 1890 | $63,571,690.75$ | 23,553, 298.50 | $40,018,392.25$ |  |
| - Total | 373, 208, 857.75 | 365, 352, 470.87 | 113, 932, 243. 25 | 106, 075, 856. 37 |
| Excess of issues |  |  |  | 113,932, 243. 25 |
| Excess of redemptions |  |  |  | 106, 075, 856. 37 |
| Net excess of issues charged in receipts and expenditures |  |  |  | 7, 856,386. 88 |

Table E.-Statement showing the Purchase and Redemption of Bonds on account of the Siniking Fund during each Fiscal Year from its institution in May, 1869, to and including June 30, 1891.

| Year ended- | Principal redeemed. | Premium paid. | Net cost in currency. | Net cost estimated in gold. | Interest due at close of fiscal year. | Accrued interest paid in coin. | Balance of interest due at close of fiscal year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUNE 30, 1869. |  |  | - 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Five-twenties of 1862 | \$1, 621,000. 00 | \$253, 822.84 | \$1, 874, 822.84 | \$1, 349, 970.02 | \$16, 210. 00 | \$7, 384.60 | \$8, 825. 40 |
| Frive-twenties of March, 1864 | 70,000. 00 | 11, 725.00 | 81, 725. 00 | - 57,552.82 | 700.00 | 218.63 | 481. 37 |
| Five-twenties of June, 1864. | 1,051, 000.00 | 161,946.45 | 1,212,946. 45 | 873, 205. 61 | 10,500.00 | 1,470.42 | 9, 039.58 |
| Five-twenties of 1865...... | 465,000.00 | 74,969.00 | 539,969.00 | 387, 566.28 | 4,650. 00 | 2,683.54 | 1, 966. 46 |
| Consols, 1865 | 461, 000.00 | 73, 736. 80 | 534, 736.80 | 387, 903.26 | 13,830.00 | 429.04 | 13,400.96 |
| Consols, 1867 | 4, 718, 000.00 | 749, 208. 08 | 5, 467, 208.08 | 3, 948, 586.11 | 141,540.00 | 116, 032. 35 | 25,507. 65 |
| Sonsols, 1868 | 305, 000.00 | 49,442. 50 | 354, 442. 50 | 256, 653. 20 | 9,150.00 | 8,173.98 | 976.02 |
| Total | 8,691,000.00 | 1,374, 850.67 | 10, 065, 850.67 | 7, 261, 437.30 | 196,590.00 | 136,392.56 | 60, 197.44 |
| JUNE 30, 1870. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pive-twenties of 1862. | 3,542, 050.00 | 493,479.42 | 4, 035, 529. 42 | 3, 263, 099. 51 | 160,919.50 | 45, 994. 49 | 114, 925.01 |
| Five-twenties of March, 1864 | $85,000.00$ | 15, 742.87 | 100, 742.87 | 75,658. 54 | 5,350.00 | 1,080.99 | 4, 269.01 |
| Wive-twenties of June, 1864. | 3, 971, 400.00 | 506, 189.91 | 4,477,589.91 | 3, 647, 628. 29 | 165, 834.00 | 49,946. 00 | 115, 888.00 |
| Five-twenties of 1865 . | 2,790, 250.00 | 361, 735.43 | 3, 151, 985.43 | 2, 606, 636. 20 | 105, 257.50 | 37, 113.53 | 68, 143. 97 |
| Consols, 1865 | 11,532, 150.00 | 1, 454, 778. 37 | 12,986,928.37 | 10, 080, 736.97 | 495, 421.50 | 145,518.29 | 349, 903.21 |
| Consols, 1867 | 5, 882, 550.00 | 861,763.73 | 6, 744, 313.73 | 5, 309,800.90 | 302, 734.50 | 66, 111. 51 | 236, 622.99 |
| Consols, 1868 | 348,500.00 | 53,363.95 | 401, 863.95 | 308, 573.16 | 19,380.00 | 5,238. 73 | 14, 141.27 |
| Total | 28, 151, 900.00 | 3, 747, 053.68 | 31, 898, 953.68 | 25, 893, 143.57 | 1 , 254, 897.00 | 351, 003.54 | 903,893.46 |
| JUNE 30, 1871. |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| Tive-twenties of 1862 . | 2,792, 950.00 | 227,607,56 | 3,020,557.56 | 2,680, 209.05 | 145, 975.00 | 36,657. 80 | 109, 317, 20 |
| Five-twenties of March, 1864 | 29,500.00 | 2,277. 20 | 31, 777.20 | 28,590.88 | 1,240.00 | .388. 35 | $=8851.65$ |
| Five-twenties of June, 1864 | 3,967, 350.00 | 340, 509.63 | 4, 307, 879.63 | 3, 847,182. 42 | 201, 375. 00 | 51, 703. 46 | 149, 671. 54 |
| Five-twenties of 1865 | 6,768, 600.00 | 574, 923.00 | 7,343, 523.00 | $6,525,231.42$ | 331, 933.50 | 92, 259. 58 | 239, 673.92 |
| Consols, 1865 | 10, 222, 200.00 | 850, 949.79 | 11, 073, 149.79 | 9, 762, 387. 78 | 522, 117.00 | 109, 455. 28. | 412,661. 72 |
| Consols, 1867 | 6, 103, 050.00 | 541, 559.41 | 6, 644, 609.41 | 5,800, 618.37 | 351,528.00 | 76, 745.93 | 274, 782. 07 |
| Consols, 1868 | 52,600.00 | 4, 784. 61 | 57, 384. 61 | 49,797. 81 | 3,096.00 | 572.13 | 2,512. 87 |
| Total. | 20, 936, 250.00 | 2,542, 631. 20 | 32,478, 881.. 20 | 28, 694, 017. 73 | 1,557, 264.50 | 367, 782. 53 | 1,189, 481.97 |



Table E.-Statement showing the Purchase and Redemption of Bonds on account of the Sinking Fund, etc.-Continued.


Loans of March, 1863

## Oregon war debt.

Total.

$$
\text { JUNE 30, } 1882 .
$$

Loan of July and August. 1861, continued at 31 per cent. Foan of March, 1863, continued at $3 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent.
Funded loan of 1881, continued at per cent
Total

JUNE 30, 1883.
Five-twenties of 1862
Funded loan of 1881.
 Loan of March, 1863 , continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent Funded loan of 1881, continued at $3 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent

Total.

## JUNE 30, 1884.

Five-twenties of 1862
Fure-twenties of 1862
Funded loan of 1881.
Funded loan of 1881 ..................................
Loan of July and Angust, 1861, continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent............. Funded loan of 1881 , continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
Loan of July 12, 1882
Total.

## JUNE $30,1885$.

Five-twenties of 1862
Five-twenties of 1864

Loan of July and August, 1861 , continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent Funded March, 1863 , continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent
Funded loan of 1881 , continuted at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent
Total. $\qquad$

| $\begin{array}{r} 7,057,100.00 \\ 54,250.00 \\ 42,769,400.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 199,514.62 \\ 1,408.65 \\ 320,171.82 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,256,614.62 \\ 55,658.65 \\ 43,089,571.82 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 361,315.50 \\ 2,584.50 \\ 1,106,474.15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89,330.51 \\ 263,542.11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 277,984.99 \\ 2,033.39 \\ 843,130.21 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 74,371, 350. 00 | 1,061, 248.78 |  | 75, 432, 598. 78 | 2,935, 731. 65 | 707, 423.60 | 2, 228,308. 05 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55, 215, 850.00 |  |  | $55,215,850.00$ | 1, $368,894.64$ | 579, 493.12 | 789, 401.50 |
| 2, 637, 850.00 |  |  | 2, 637, 850.00 | 91, 701. 75 | $25,771.80$ | 65,929.95 |
| 1,000.00 |  |  | 1,000.00 | 23.33 | 2.78 | 20.55 |
| 2, 224, 450.00 |  |  | 2, 224, 450.00 | 115, 717.53 | 6,771.83 | 108, 945. 70 |
| 60, 079, 150.00 |  |  | 60, 079, 150.00 | 1, 576,357. 23 | 612, 039.53 | 964, 297.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100.00 |  |  | 100.00 | 5.50 | 14.18 | 8. 68 |
| 41,300.00 |  |  | 41,300. 00 | 1,716. 66 | 138.13 | 1,578:5\% |
| 661, 751.00 |  |  | 661, 750.00 | 20,760.25 | $5,293.40$ | 15,466. 85 |
| 34, 128, 35 ). 60 |  |  | 34, 128, 150.00 | 1, 171, 034.37 | 186, 913.66 | 9Si, 120.71 |
| 10, 019, 40 J. 00 |  |  | 10, 019, 400.00 | 233, 862.12 | -137, 402.11 | 96, 460.01 |
| 44,850, 700.00 |  |  | 44, 850, 700.00 | 1, 427, 378.90 | 329, 761.48 | 1, 097, 617. 42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200.00 |  |  | 200.00 | 9.50. | 13.35 | 3. 85 |
| 5,200.00 |  |  | 5, 200.00 | 187.08 | 164. 24 | 22. 84 |
| 422, 550. 00 |  |  | 422, 550:00 | 14,789. 25 | 2,823.94 | 11,965. 31 |
| 566, 250.00 |  |  | 566, 250.00 | 19, 818. 75 | 7, 669.86 | 12,748.89 |
| 33, 221, 450.00 |  |  | 33,221, 450.00 | $1,018,176.97$ | 276,923.93 | 741, 253.04 |
| 12, 553, 950.00 |  |  | 12,553,950.00 | 240, 130. 13 | 31,884. 61 | 208,245. 52 |
| 46,769, 600.00 |  |  | 46, 769, 600.00 | - 1,293, 111.68 | 318, 879.93 | 974, 231. 75 |
|  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4,000.00 |  | 701.96 | 616. 96 |
| 100.00 |  |  | 100.00 | - 4.00 | . 49 | 3.51 |
| 1, 100.00 |  |  | 1,100.00 | - 36.67 | 50.51 | 13.84 |
| 52, 250. 00 |  |  | 52,250.00 | 1,269.62 | -588.85 | 680.77 |
| 18,000.00 |  |  | - $\quad 18,000.00$ | 1. 499.62 | 87.92 | 411.70 |
| 230, 500.00 |  |  | 230,500.00 | 5, 347. 70 | 1,416.28 | 3,981. 42 |
| 45, 282, 200.00 |  |  | 45, 282, 200. 00 | 1, 153,460.88 | 268; 821.31 | 884,639.57 |
| 45, 588, 150.00 |  |  | 45, 588, 150.00 | 1, 100, 703. 49 | 271, 667.32 | 889, 036.17 |

Table E.-Statement showing the Purchase and Redemption of Bonds on account of the Sinking Fund, etc.-Continued.

| Year ended- | Principal redeemed. | Premium paid. | Net cost in currency. | Net cost estimated in gold. | Interest due at close of fiscal year. | Accruedinterest paid in coin. | Balance of in. terest due at close of fiscal year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JUNE 30, 1886. |  | $\sim$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oregon war debt . . ........... | \$1.00.00 |  |  | \$100.00 | \$1. 50 | \$18.00 | \$16.50 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 | 2,500.00 $1,100.00$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ \therefore \quad 1,100.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53.25 31.50 | 99.00 33.00 | 45.75 1.50 |
| Five-twenties of 1862 | 67, 500.00 |  |  | 67, 500.00 | 1, 425.00 | 14,399.00 | 12, 974.00 |
| Five-twenties of 1864 | 4, 300.00 |  |  | 4, 300. 00 | 85.25 | 31.14 | 54.11 |
| Fivetwenties of 1865 | ${ }^{300.00}$ |  |  | ${ }^{300.00}$ | ${ }^{6.09}$ | 2.02 | 3.98 |
| Ten-forties of 1864. | $14,250.00$ 15 |  |  | $14,250.00$ $15,900.00$ | 356.25 419.25 | ${ }_{842}^{278.80}$ | 77.45. |
| Consols of 1867 | 26,950.00 |  |  | 26,950.90 | 662.25 | 2,070,75 | 1,408.50 |
| Consols of 1868 | 12, 250.00 |  |  | 12, 250.00 | - 203.25 | 570.04 | 1 366.79 |
| Funded loan of 188 | 49, 800.00 |  |  | 49,800.00 | ${ }^{826.50}$ | . 868.55 | ${ }^{42.05}$ |
| Loan of 1882 ........................ | $44,044,800.00$ $4,100.00$ |  |  | $44,044,800.00$ $4,100.00$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 435, } 942.00 \\ 123.00 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 220, 617.44 | 215, 324.57 |
| Loan of 1863, continued at 31 per cent.......... | $4,100.00$ $96,750.00$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}4,100.00 \\ 960 \\ \hline 100.750 .00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, 3 238.00, | 1,560:761.32 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,281.68 \\ & 98 \end{aligned}$ |
| Funded loan of 1881, continued at $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ per cent. | 190,750.00 |  |  | 190, 750.00 | 4,701. 13 | 1,065. 34 | 3,638.79 |
| Total. | 44, 531, 350.00 |  |  | 44, 531, 350.00 | 447, 687.64 | 242, 487. 45 | 205, 200.19 |
| JUNE 30, 1887. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan of 1882 | 47, 748, 750.00 |  |  | 47, 748, 750. 00 | 1, 375, 653.00 | $223,676.38$ | 1, 151, 976. 62 |
| Ten-forties of 1864 | 1,300.00 |  |  | 1, 300.00 | - 84.17 | 119.50 | ${ }_{55}^{35.33}$ |
| Eive-twenties of 1862.... | 28, 650.00 |  |  | 28,650.00 | 1, 45.50 | 58.12 | 12.62 |
| Five-twenties of 1865. | 8,000. 00 |  |  | 8,000. 00 | 560.00 | 473.92 | 86.08 |
| Loan of February, 1861 | 2,000.00 |  |  | 2, 000.00 | 120.00 | 60. 00 | 60.00 |
| Consols of 1863. 186 | 13,400.00 |  |  | 13,400.00 | 804.00 1 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{402.00}$ | +102.00 |
| Consols of 1867 | $18,000.00$ |  |  | 34, 000.00 | 2,040.00 | 3,333.69 | 1, 293. 69. |
| Consols of 1868. | 500.00 |  |  | 500.00 | 30.00 | 270.25 | 240.25 |
| Loans of July and August, 1861, continued at 31 per cent.... | ${ }_{8}^{1,500.00}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,500.00 \\ 8800.00 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 52. 50 | 22.58 | 29.92 237.19 |
| Loan of 1863, continued at 31/2per cent ................................ | $\begin{array}{r}1,500 \\ 25,600 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ |  |  | $1,500.00$ $25,600.00$ | 297.50 926.33 | \%60.31 213.17 |  |
| Total. | 47,894, 200.00 |  |  | 47, 894, 200. 00 | 1, 383, 337.83 | 231, 864.88 | 1, 151,672.95 |

JUNE 30, 1888.
Loan of 1882
Funded loan of 1891

Total $\qquad$

## JUNE 30, 1889.

Oregon war debt
Loan of July and August, 1861
Loan of 1882
Loan of July and August, 1861, continued at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Loan of 1863, contimued at $3 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent
Funded loan of 1907
Total $\qquad$

Loan of 1882
Joan of July and August, 1861 , continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent
Funded loan of 1881
Funded loan of 1897
.......

Total.

## JUNE 30, 1891.

## Loan of 1882

Loan of Jaly and August, 1861
Loan of 1863
Funded loan of 1891 $\qquad$

Total.
Grand total $\qquad$
$\qquad$

| 18, 880, 500.00 |  |  | 18,880,500.00 | 660,630.00 | 94, 660.88 | 565, 969.12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19, 455, 400. 00 | \$1. 555, 966.17 |  | 21, 011, 366. 17 | 794, 247.00 | 95, 098. 43 | 699, 148.57 |
| 5, 389, 250.00 | 1, 296, 049.71 |  | 6,685, 299.71 | 203; 293.00 | 43,817.79 | 159, 475. 21 |
| 43,725,150.00 | 2, 852, 015.88 |  | 46,577, 165.88 | 1,658, 170.00 | 233, 577.10 | 1,424,592.90 |
| 1, 150.00 |  |  | 1, 150.00 | 69.00 | 39.00 | 30.00 |
| 500.00 |  |  | 500.00 | 30.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| 57,900. 00 |  |  | 57, 900.00 | 1, 709.25 | 354.94 | 1, 354.31 |
| 3,000. 00 |  |  | 3,000.00 | 105.00 | 20.42 | 84.58 |
| 100.00 |  |  | 100.00 | 3.50 | . 91 | 2.59 |
| 12, 153, 850.00 | 844, 918. 01 |  | 12, 998, 768.01 | 480, 076. 12 | 39,397. 68 | $440,678.44$ |
| 26, 839,650.00 | 7,672, 222. 29 |  | 34, 511, 872.29 | 1,011, 368.00 | 180, 452.69 | 830, 915.31 |
| 39, 050, 150.00 | 8, 517, 140.30 |  | 47,573,290. 30 | 1, 493, 360.87 | 220, 280.64 | 1,273, 080. 23 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4, 050.00 |  |  | 4,050.00 | 119.25 | 11.39 | 107. 86 |
| 1,000.00 |  |  | 1,000.00 | 35.00 | 16.88 | 18. 12 |
| 3,000. 00 |  |  | 3, 000. 00 | 137.50 | 109. 14 | 28.36 |
| 12, 136, 750.00 | 710,666. 79 |  | 12, 847, 416.79 | 537, 523.68 | $69,588.99$ | 467, 934. 69 |
| , 27, 695, 600.00 | 7, 536,058.37 |  | 35,231, 658.37 | 1, 045, 804. 50 | 156,655. 13 | 889, 149.37 |
| 39, 840, 400.00 | 8,246, 725.16 |  | 48, 087, 125.16 | 1, 583, 619.93 | 226, 381.53 | 1,357, 238.40 |
| 6,300.00 |  |  | 6,300.00 | 183.00 | 44.76 | 138. 24 |
| 950.00 |  |  | $950.00{ }^{\circ}$ | 57.00 | - 28.50 | 28.50 |
| 100.00 |  |  | 100.00 | 6.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| 27, 860, 400.00 | 69,945. 63 |  | 27, 930, 345.63 | 1, 075, 088.24 | 1, 156, 413.38 | 81, 325. 14 |
| 16, 134, 000.00 | 3,790, 140.65 |  | 19, 924, 140.65 | 645, 641.50 | 54, 310.28 | 591, 331. 22 |
| 44, 001, 750.00 | 3,860, 086. 28 |  | 47, 861. 836.28 | 1,720,975.74 | 1,210,799.92 | $510,175.82$ |
| 789, 527, 300.00 | 43,998, 454. 43 | \$157, 677,967. 61 | 811, 275, 444. 21 | 28,363, 738.91 | 8, 059, 648.40 | , 20, 304, 090.51 |


| July 1, 1890.. | Tol per cent on the principal of the public debt on Junt 30, 1890, less coin and currency certificates held in cash and cash available for reduction of the debt, | $\$ 10,338,196.39$$37,017,867.86$ | $\text { June 30, } 1891$ | By balance from last year | \$239.74 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | By principal of bonded debtredeemed in 1891 | 44, 001, ${ }^{\text {\$239. }} 750.00$ |
|  |  |  |  | By accrued interest thereon.................. | 1,210,799.92 |
|  |  |  |  | Premium on bonds purchased | 3,860, 086. 28 |
| June 30, 1891. | To interest on redemption prior to fiscal year 1891 'Io interest on $\$ 44,006,111.37$, amount of delot "paid" during fistal jear 1891 |  |  | By fractional conrrency and notes redeemed in | 3,800, $4,361.37$ |
|  |  |  |  | By accrued interest thereon. | 4,361.37 64.02 |
|  |  |  |  | By balance. . ............... | . 04 |
|  |  | 49, 077, 301.37 |  | * . | ${ }^{\circ} 49,077,301.37$ |

Table G.-Statement of Thirty-year 6 per Cent Bonds (Interest Payable January and July) Issued to the Several Pacific Railway Companies under the Acts of July 1, 1862 ( 12 Statutes, 492), and July 2, 1864 (13 Statures, 359 ).

| Railway companies. |  | -Amount of bonds outstanding. | Amount of interest accrued and paid to date. | Amount of interest due, as per Register's schedule. | Total interest paid by the United States. | Repayment of interest by transportation of mails troops; etc. | Balance due the United States on interest account; dedncting repayments. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J January 1, 1891: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Central Pacific |  | \$25, 885, 120.00 | \$34, 324, 305.67 | \$776, 553.60 | \$35, 100, 859.27 | \$6.176, 358.31 | \$28,924, 500.96 |
| Kansas Pacific. |  | 6, 308, 000.00 | 8,776,593.09 | 189, 090.00 | 8,965, 683. 09 | 3, 855, 093.25 | 5,110; 584.84 |
| Union Pacifie |  | 27, 236,512. 00 | 36, 397, 185. 45 | 817, 095.36 | 37, 214, 280.81 | 12, 561, 100.39 | 24, 653, 180. 42 |
| Central Branch Union Pacific |  | 1, 600, 000.00 | 2, 221, 808. 26 | $48,000.00$ | "2, 269, 808.26 | 448, 710. 65 | 1, 821, 097. 61 |
| Western Pacific. |  | 1, 970,560, 00 | $2,495,884.14$ | 59, 116. 80 | 2,555, 000.94 | 9, 367.00 | 2, 545, 633.94 |
| Sioux City and Pacific |  | 1,628,320.00 | 2, 148, 291.89 | 48,849.60 | 2, 197, 041.49 | 170.739 .59 | 2,026, 301. 90 |
|  |  | 64, 623, 512.00 | 86, 363, 968.50 | 1, 938, 705.36 | 88, 302, 673. 86 | 23, 221, 374. 19 | 65, 081, 299.67 |
| July 1, 1891 : <br> Central Pacific. |  | 25, 885, 120.00 | 35, 100, 859. 27 | 776, 553.60 | 35, 877, 412.87 | 6, 260, 644. 40 | 29,616, 768. 47 |
| Kansas Pacific. |  | 6,303, 000.00 | 8,965, 683.09 | 189, 090.00 | 9,154, 773.09 | 3, 91.5, 214. 94 | $5,239,558.15$ |
| Union Pacific. |  | 27, 236, 512.00 | 37, 214, 280.81 | 817, 095.36 | 38,031, 376.17 | 12,801, 950.86 | 25, 229, 425.31 |
| Central Branch Union Pacific |  | 1, 600, 000.00 | 2, 269, 808. 26 | 48, 000.00 | 2, 317, 808. 26 | 471, 206. 16 | 1, 846, 602. 10 |
| Western Pacific |  | 1, 970,500.00 | 2, 555, 000.94 | $59,116.80$ | $2,614,117.74$ | 9,317.00 | 2,604, 750.74 |
| Sioux City and Pacific |  | 1, 628,320.00 | 2, 197, 041.49 | 48, 849.60 | 2,245, 891.09 | 176, 464.74 | 2, 069, 426. 35 |
|  | 1 | 64, 623, 512.00 | 88,302, 673.86 | 1, 938, 705.36 | 90, 241, 379. 22 | 23, 634, 848.10 | 66,606, 531.12 |

Table M.-Statement Showing the Changes in the Interest-bearing Debt of the United States during the Year ended October 31; 1891.



In addition to the purchases and redemptions of 4 and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds there were redeemed $\$ 95,850$ United States bonds and seven-thirty notes upon which interest had ceased. The total net reduction of the bonded indebtedness of the United States during the year ended October 31, 1891, was, therefore, $\$ 47,357,050$.

Table l.-Statement Showing mhe amounts of Money in the United States, in the Treasury and in Circulation, on the Dates Specified.

- JULY 1. 1860.
[Population, 31, 443,321; circulation per capita, \$13.85.]

| - | General stock coined or issued. | In Treasury. | Amount in circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specie State-bank notes. | \$235, 000, 000 | \$6,695,225 | \$228, 304, 775 |
|  | 207, 102, 477 |  | 207, 102, 477 |
|  | 442, 102, 477 | 6,695, 225 | 435, 407, 252 |

JUL产 1, 1861.
[Population, 32,064, 000; circulation per capita, \$13.98.]


JULY $1,18 \cup \check{2}$.
[Population, 32, 704, 000; circulation per capita, $\$ 10.23$.


JULY 1.1863.
[Population, 33,365,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 17.84$.

| Fractional currency | 20, 192,456 | 4,308, 074 | 15, 884, 382 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State-bank notes | 238, 677.218 |  | 238, 677, 218 |
| United States notes. | 387, 646,589 | $75,165,171$ | 312, 481, 4.18 |
| Demand notes. $\qquad$ <br> Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast $\qquad$ | 3,351, 020 |  | 3, 351, 020 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. |  | $79,473,245$$\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | $\begin{array}{r} 570,394,038 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 595, 394, 038 |

## JULY 1, 1864

[Population, 34,046,000; circulation per capita, \$19.67.]

| Fractional currency | 22, 594,877 | 3,762,376 | 19,132, 501 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State-bank notes | 179, 157, 717 |  | 179, 157, 717 |
| United States notes. | 447, 300, 203 | 32, 184, 213 | 415, 115, 990 |
| National-bank notes. <br> Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 31, 235, 270 |  | 31, 235, 270 |
| Add: Specic in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 680,588, 067 | 35,946, 589 | $\begin{array}{r} 644,641,478 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 669, 641,478 |

Table I.-Statement Showing the Amounts of Money in the United States, in the Treasury and in Cirgulation, on the Dates Specified-Continued.

JULY $1,1865$.
[Population, $34,748,000$; circulation per capita, $\$ 20.57$.

|  | General stock coined or issued. | In Treasury. | Amount in circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency. | \$25, 005, 829 | \$8, 277, 074 | \$21, 728, 755 |
| State-bank notes... | 142, 919, 638 |  | 142, 919,638 |
| United States notes | 431, 066, 428 | 52, 149, 686 | 378, 916, 742 |
| National.bank notes | 146, 137, 860 |  | 146, 137,860 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 745, 129, 755 | 55, 426, 760 | $\begin{array}{r} 689,702,995 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 714, 702, 995 |

JULY 1, 1866.
[Population, 35,469,000; cirgulation per capita, \$18.99.]

| State-bank notes | 19,996,163 |  | 19, 996, 163 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency | 27,070, 877 | 2, 383,814 | 24, 687, 063 |
| United States notes National-bank notes | 400, 780, 306 | 72, 988, 001 | 327,792, 305 |
|  | 281, 479, 908 | 5, 467, 195 | 276, 012, 713 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast | 729, 327, 254 | 80,839, 010 | $\begin{array}{r} 648,488,244 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 673, 488, 244 |

JULY 1, 1867.
[Population, 36,211,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 18.28$.

| State-bank notes | 4, 484, 112 |  | $4,484,112$$26,306,294$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency | 28, 307, 524 | 2,001, 230 |  |
| United States notes | 371,783, 597 | 52,345, 895 | 319, 437, 702 |
| National-bank notes. | 298, 625,379 | 11,861,418 | 286, 763, 961 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast | 703, 200, 612 | 66, 208, 543 | $\begin{array}{r} 636,992,069 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 661, 992, 069 |

## JULY 1, 1868.

[Population, $36,973,000$; circulation per capita, $\$ 18.39$.

| State-bánk notes | $\begin{array}{r} 3,163,771 \\ 32,626,452 \\ 356.000,000 \\ 299,762,855 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,627,600 \\ 27,428,335 \\ 5,393,982 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,163,771 \\ 28,999,352 \\ 328,571,665 \\ 294,368,873 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency. |  |  |  |
| United States notes |  |  |  |
| National-bank notes |  |  |  |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 691,553,578 | 36, 449,917 | $\begin{array}{r} 655,103,661 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 680, 103, 661 |

JULY $1,1869$.
[Population, 37,756,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 17.60$.]

| State-bank notes : | 2,558, 874 |  | $2,558,874$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Fractional currency | 32, 114, 637 | 1,672,398 | $30,442,239$ |
| Uniter States noles | $355,985,194$ | 41, 283, 100 | 314, 702, 094 |
| National-bank notes. | 299, 742, 475 | 7.992, 791 | 291, 749, 684 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 690,351, 180 | 50, 898, 289 | $\begin{array}{r} 639,452,891 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 664, 452, 891 |

Table I.-Statement showing the Amounts of Money in the United States, in the Treasury and in Circulation, on the Dates Specified-Continued.

JULY 1, 1870.
[Population, 38,588,371; circulation per capita, $\$ 17.50$.

|  | General stock coined or issued. | In Treasury. | Amount in circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State-bank notes | \$2, 222, 793 |  | \$2,222, 793 |
| Fractional carrency. | 39, 878,684 | \$5, 499,402 | 34, 379,282 |
| United States notes | 356, 000, 000 | 31, 037, 362 | 324, 962, 638 |
| National-bank notes. | 299, 766, 984 | 11, 118, 903 | 288, 648, 081. |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 697,868, 461 | 47, 655,667 | $\begin{array}{r} 650,212,794 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| . . |  |  | 675, 212, 794 |

JULT 1, 1871.
[Popalation, 39,555,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 18.10$.]

| State-bank notes | 1, 968,058 |  | 1,968,058 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency | 40, 582, 875 | 6,136,570 | 34, 446,305 |
| United States notes | 356, 000, 000 | 12.931, 030 | 343,068,970 |
| National-bank notes. | 318, 261, 241 | $6,855,569$ | 311, 405, 672 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 716, 812, 174 | 25, 923, 169 | $\begin{array}{r} 690,889,005 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| , | . |  | 715, 889, 005 |

JULY I, 1872.
[Population, 40,596,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 18.19$.]

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State-bank notes | 1,700,935 | - $4,452,906$ | $1,700,985$$36,402,929$ |
| Fractional currency | 40, 855, 835 |  |  |
| United States notes | 357, 500, 000 | 11, 331, 320 | 346, 108,680 |
| National-bank notes. | 337, 664, 795 | 8,627, 790 | 329, 037, 005 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 737, 721, 565 | 24, 412, 016 | $\begin{array}{r} 713,309,549 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| - |  |  | 738, 309, 549 |

JULY 1, 1873.
[Population, 41,677,000; circulation per capita, \$18.04.]

| State-bank notes | 1,379,184 |  | 1, 379, 184 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency | 44, 799, 365 | 6, 723, 360 | 38,076,005 |
| United States notes | 356, 000, 000 | 7,535,855 | 348, 464, 145 |
| National bank notes. | 347, 267, 061 | 8,304,586 | 338, 962, 475 |
|  | 749, 445, 610 | 22,563,801 | $\begin{array}{r} 726,881,809 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. |  |  | 751, 881, 809 |

JULY 1, 1874.
[Population, 42,796,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 18.13$.

| State-bank notes <br> Fractional currency. <br> Onited States notes <br> National-bank notes | 1, 102.453 |  | 1,162,453 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 45, 881, 296 | 7, 647, 714 | 38,293,582 |
|  | 382, 000;000 | 10,578,548 | 371, 421, 452 |
|  | 351, 981, 032 | 11, 715, 488 | 340, 265, 544 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 781, 024, 781 | 29, 941, 750 | $\begin{array}{r} 751,083,031 \\ \mathbf{2 5}, 000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | . 776, 083, 031 |

Table I.-Statement showing the Amounts of Money in the United States, in The Treasury and in Circulation, on the Dates Specified-Continued.

JULY 1, 1875.
[Popnlation, 43,951,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 17.16$.


JULY 1, 1876.
[Population, 45,137,000; circulation per capita, \$16.12.]

| State-bank notes | 1, 047,335 |  | 1, 047, 335 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subsidiary silver. | 27,418,734 | 6,363, 606 | 21, 055, 128 |
| Fractional currency: | 34, 446, 595 | 1,507, 750 | - 32,938,845 |
| United States notes. | 369, 772, 284 | 38, 324, 906 | 331, 447, 378 |
| National-bank notes. | 332, 998, 336 | 16,877, 634 | 316, 120, 702 |
| Add : Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. |  | 63, 073, 896 | $\begin{array}{r} 702,609,388 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 727, 609, 388 |

The amount of subsidiary silver in circulation, according to the records of the Department, was $\$ 26,055,128$, but for the sake of uniformity $\$ 5,000,000$ of this amount is deducted and stated as a part of the specie in circulation on the Pacific coast as heretofore.

## JULY 1, 1877.

[Population, 46,353,000; circulation per capita, \$15.58.]

| Subsidiary silver. | 40,837,506 | 2, 952,653 | 37, 884, 853 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractional currency | 20, 403, 137 | 161, 476 | 20, 241, 661 |
| United States notes | 359, 764, 332 | 21,864, 988 | 337, 899, 344 |
| National-bank notes. | 317, 048, 872 | 15, 759, 847 | 301, 289, 025 |
| Add: Specie in circulation on the Pacific coast. | 738, 053, 847 | 40, 738, 964 | $\begin{array}{r} 697,314,883 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| . |  |  | 722, 314, 883 |

## JULY 1, 1878.

[Popnlation, 47,598,000; circulation per capita, \$15.32.]

| Standard silver dollars, inclnding bollion in Treasury | 16, 269, 079 | 15, 059, 828 | 1, 209, 251 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Subsidiary silver. | 60,778, 828 | 6, 860, 506 | 53,918, 322 |
| Silver certificates | 1,462, 600 | 1,455,520 | 7,080 |
| Fractional currency | 16,547, 769 | 180, 044 | 16,367, 725 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 25,775, 121 | 320, 905, 895 |
| National-bank notes. | 324, 514, 284 | 12, 789, 923 | 311, 724, 361 |
| Add: Specie in circrlation on the Pacific | 766, 253, 576 | 62, 120, 942 | $\begin{array}{r} 704,132,634 \\ 25,000,000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 729, 132, 634 |

## CVIII

## Table I.-Statement showing the Amounts of Money in the United States, in the Treasury and in Circulation, on the Dates Specleied-Continued.

JULY 1, 1879.
[Population, 48,866,000; circulation per capita, \$16.75.]

| - $n$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General stock coined or issued. | In Treasury. | Amonnt in circulation. |
| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$245, 741, 837 | \$135, 236, 475 | \$110, 505,362 |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullionin Treasury | 41, 276, 356 | 33, 239, 917 | 8,036,439 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 70, 249, 985 | 8,903, 401 | 61, 346,584 |
| Gold certificates. | 15, 413,700 | 133, 880 | 15, 279, 820 |
| Silver certificates. | 2,466,950 | 2,052, 470 | 414, 480 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 45, 036,904 | 301,644, 112 |
| National-bank notes | 329, 691, 697 | 8, 286, 701 | 321, 404, 996 |
|  | 1,051, 521, 541 | 232, 889, 748 | 818,631,793 |

JULY 1, 1880.
[Population, 50,155,783; circulation per capita, $\$ 19.41$.

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$351, 841, 206 | \$126, 145, 427 | \$225, 695, 779 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury, | 69, 660, 408 | 49,549, 851 | 20, 110, 557 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 72, 862, 270 | 24, 350, 482 | 48,511.788 |
| Gold certificates. | 8,004, 600 | 40,700 | 7,963,900 |
| Silver certiticates. | 12,374, 270 | 6, 584, 701 | 5, 789, 569 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 18,785, 559 | 327, 895, 457 |
| National-bank notes. | 344, 505, 427 | 7,090,249 | 337, 415, 178 |
|  | 1, 205, 929, 197. | 232, 546, 969 | 973,382, 228 |

## JULY 1, 1881.

[Population, 51,316,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 21.71$.

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$478, 484, 538 | \$1.63, 171, 661 | \$315, 312, 877 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dolfars, including bullion in Treasury. | 95, 297, 083 | $65,954,671$ | 29,342, 412 |
| Subsidiary silver.......................................... | 74, 08?, 061 | 27, 247, 697 | 46, 839,364 |
| Gold certificates. | 5,782, 920 | 23,400 | 5,759,520 |
| Silver certificates | 51,166, 530 | 12, 055, 801 | 39, 110, 729 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 18,554, 092 | 328, 126, 924 |
| National-bank notes | 355, 042, 675 | 5, 296, 382 | 349, 746, 293 |
|  | 1, 406, 541, 823 | 292, 303, 704 | 1, 114, 238, 119 |

## JULY 1, 1882.

[Population, 52,495,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 22.37$.

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$506, 757, 715 | \$148, 506,390 | - \$ $358,251,325$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in'Treasury. | 122, 788, 544 | 90, 384, 724 | 32, 403,820 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 74, 428, 580 | 28, 048, 631 | 46, 379, 949 |
| Gold certificates. | 5, 037, 120 | 8, 3.00 | 5, 029, 020 |
| Silver certificates | 66, 096, 710 | 11, 590, 620 | 54, 506, 090 |
| United States notes | 34.6,681, 016 | 21, 425,589 | 325, 255, 427 |
| National-bank notes. | 358, 742, 034 | 6, 277, 246 | 352, 464.788 |
|  | 1, 480, 531, 719 | 306, 241, 300 | 1, 174, 290, 419 |

Table I.-Statements showing the Amounts of Monfy in the United States, in the Treasury and in Circulation, on the Dates Specified-Continued.

JULY 1, 1883.
[Population, 53,693,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 22.91$.


JULT 1, 1884.
[Population, 54,911,000; circulation per capita, \$22.65.]

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury............. | \$545, 500, 797 | \$204, 876, 594 | \$340, 624, 203 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury - | 180, 306, 614 | 139, 616,414 | 40,690, 200 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 75, 261, 528 | 29, 600, 720 | 45, 660, 808 |
| Gold certificates. | 98, 392,660 | $\cdot 27,246,020$ | 71, 146,640 |
| Silver certificates | 119,811, 691 | 23, 384, 680 | - 96,427,011 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 27, 993,802 | 318, 687, 214 |
| National-bank notes | $339,499,883$ | 8,809,990 | 330, 689, 893 |
| . . | 1, 705, 454, 189 | 461, 528, 220 | 1,243,925, 969 |

JULX 1, 1885.
[Population, 56,148,000; circulation per capita, \$23.02.]

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$588, 697. 036 | \$247, 028, 625 | \$341, 668, 411 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury - | 208,538, 967 | 169,451,998 | 39, 086, 969 |
| Subsidiary silver. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 74, 939, 820 | 31, 236, 899 | $43,702,921$. |
| Gold certificates | 140, 323,140 | 13, 593,410 | 126, 729,730 |
| Silver certificates | 139,901, 646 | 38, 370,700 | 101.530,946 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 15,462,379 | 331, 218, 637 |
| National-bank notes. | 318, 576, 711 | 9,945,710 | 308, 631, 001 |
|  | 1, 817, 658, 336 | 525, 089, 721 | 1, 292, 568, 615 |

'JULY 1, 1886.
[Population, 57,404,000; circulation per capita, \$21.82.]

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury.............. | \$590, 774, 461 | \$232, 554, 886 | \$358, 219,575 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury. | 237, 191906 | 184, 523, 283 | 52, 668, 623 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 75, 060, 937 | $28,886,947$ | $46,173,990$ |
| Gold certificates. | 131, 174, 245 | $55,129,870$ | 76, 044, 375 |
| Silver certificates | 115, 977, 675 | 27, 861, 450 | 88, 116, 225 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 22, 868, 317 | 323, 812, 699 |
| National-bank iotes. | 311, 699, 454 | ${ }^{\circ} 4,084,416$ | 307, 665, 038 |
|  | 1,808, 559,694 | 555, 859, 169 | 1, 252, 700, 525 |

Table I.--Statement showing the Amounts of Money in the United States; in the Treasury and in Circulation; on the Dates Specified-Continued.

JULY 1, 1887.
[Population, 58,680,000; circulation per capita, \$22.45.]


JULY 1, 1888.
[Population, 59,974,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 22.88$.

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$705, 818, 855 | \$314, 704, 822 | \$391, 114, 033 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury. | 310, 166, 459 | 254, 639,063 | $55,527,396$ |
| Subsidiary silver.............................................. | 76, 406, 376 | 26, 044, 062 | 50, 362, 314 |
| Gold certificates. | 142, 023,150 | 20, 928, 500 | 121, 094, 650 |
| Silver certificates | 229, 491, 772 | 28,732, 115 | 200, 759, 657 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 38, 680, 976 | 308, 000, 040 |
| National-bank notes | 252, 368, 321 | 7,055,541 | 245, 312,780 |
|  | 2,062,955,949 | 690, 785, 079 | 1,372, 170,870 |

JULY 1, 1889.
[Population, 61,289,000; circulation per capita, $\$ 22.52$.

Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury.
Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury -
Subsidiary silver.
Gold certificates.
Silver certificates
United States notes
Nationad-bank notes

| \$680, 068, 505 | \$303, 581, 937 | \$376, 481, 568 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 343, 947, 093 | 289, 489, 794 | 54, 457, 299 |
| 76, 601, 836 | 25, 124, 672 | 51, 477, 164 |
| 154, 048, 552 | - 36, 918, 323 | 117, 130, 229 |
| 262, 629, 746 | 5, 474, 181 | 257, 155,565 |
| 346, 681, 016 | 30, 241, 825 | 316, 439, 191 |
| $211,378,963$ | 4, 158, 330 | 207, 220, 633 |
| 2, 075, 350, 711 | 694, 989, 062 | 1,380,361,649 |

## JULY $1,1890$.

[Popnlation, 62,622,250; circulation per capita, \$22.82.]

| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$695, 563, 029 | \$321, 304, 106 | \$374, 258, 923 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury. | 380, 083, 304 | 323, 804,655 | 56, 278,749 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 76, 825, 305 | 22,792, 718 | 54, 032,587 |
| Gold certíicates. | 157, 562, 979 | 26, 732, 120 | 130, 830, 859 |
| Silver certificates | 301, 539, 751 | 3,983, 513 | 297, 556, 238 |
| United States notes | 346,681, 016 | 11, 992, 039 | 334,688, 977 |
| National-bank note's. | 185, 970, 775 | 4,365, 838 | 181, 604, 937 |
| . . | 2, 144, 226, 159 | 714, 974, 889 | 1, 429, 251,270 |

Table I.-Statement showing the Amounts of Money in the United States, in the Theasury and in Circulatron, on the Dates Specified-Continued.

JULY $1,1891$.
[Population, 63,975,000; circulation per eapita, \$23.41.]

|  | General stock coined or issued. | In Treasury. | Amount in circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin, including bullion in Treasury | \$646, 582, 852 | \$239, 263, 689 | \$407, 319, 163 |
| Standard silver dollars, including bullion in Treasury. | 438,753, 502 | 379, 927, 323 | 58, 826, 179 |
| Subsidiary silver. | 77, 848, 700 | 19, 629, 480 | 58, 219, 220 |
| Gold certificates. | 152, 486, 429 | 32, 423, 360 | 120,068, 069 |
| Silver certificates. | 314, 715, 185 | 7, 479, 219 | 307, 235, 966 |
| Treasury notes, Act July 14, 1890 | 50, 228, 417 | 9, 879, 713 | 40, 348, 704 |
| United States notes | 346, 681, 016 | 3, 473, 656 | 343, 207, 360 |
| National-bank notes. | 167, 927, 974 | 5,706,928 | 162, 221, 046 |
| $\cdots$ | 2,195, 224, 075 | 697, 783, 368 | 1, 497, 440, 707 |

RECAPITULATION.

|  | Year. | Amount of money in United States. | Amount in circulation. | Population. | Money per capita. | Circulation per capita. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1860 |  | \$442, 102,477 | \$435, 407, 252 | 31, 443, 321 | \$14.06 | \$13.85 |
| 1861 |  | 452, 005, 767 | 448, 405, 767 | 32, 064, 000 | 14.09 | 13.98 |
| 1862 |  | 358, 452, 079 | 334, 697, 744 | 32, 704, 000 | 10.96 | 10.23 |
| 1863 |  | 674,867 283 | 595, 394, 038 | 32, 365, 000 | 20.23 | 17.84 |
| 1864 |  | 705, 588, 067 | 669, 641, 478 | 34, 046, 000 | 20.72 | 19.67 |
| 1865 |  | 770, 129, 755 | 714, 702, 995 | 34, 748, 000 | 22.16 | 20. 57 |
| 1866 |  | 754, 327, 254 | 673, 488, 244 | 35, 469, 000 | 21.27 | 18.99 |
| 1867 |  | 728, 200, 612 | 661, 992, 069 | 36, 211, 000 | 20.11 | -18. 28 |
| 1868 |  | 716, 553, 578 | 680, 103, 661 | 36,973, 000 | 19.38 | 18.39 |
| 1869 |  | 715, 351, 180 | 664, 452, 891 | .37, 756, 000 | 18.95 | 17. 60 |
| 1870 |  | 722,868, 461 | 675, 212, 794 | 38, 588, 371 | 18.73 | 17.50 |
| 1871 |  | 741, 812, 174 | 715, 889, 005 | 39, 555, 000 | 18.75 | 18.10 |
| 1872 |  | 762, 721, 565 | 738, 309, 549 | 40,596, 000 | 18.70 | 18. 19 |
| 1873 |  | 774, 445, 610 | 751, 881, 809 | 41, 677, 000 | 18.58 | 18. 04 |
| 1874 |  | 306, 024, 78] | 776, 083, 031 | 42,796, 000 | 18.83 | 18.13 |
| 1875 |  | 798, 273, 509 | 754, 101, 947 | 43, 951, 000 | 18. 16 | 17. 16 |
| 1876 |  | 790, 683, 284 | 727, 609, 388 | 45, 137, 000 | 17.52 | 16. 12 |
| 1877 |  | 763, 053, 847 | 722, 314, 883 | 46,353,000 | 16.46 | 15.58 |
| 1878 |  | 791, 253, 576 | 729, 132, 634 | 47, 598, 000 | 16. 62 | 15.32 |
| 1879 |  | 1, 051, 521, 541 | 818, 631, 793 | 48, 866, 000 | 21. 52 | 16.75 |
| 1880 |  | 1, 205, 929, 197 | 973,382, 228 | 50, 155, 783 | 24.04 | 19.41 |
| 1881 |  | 1,406, 541,823 | 1, 114, 238, 119 | 51, 316,000 | 27.41 | 21.71 |
| 1882 |  | 1,480, 531, 719 | 1,174, 290, 419 | 52, 495, 000 | 28.20 | 22.37 |
| 1883 |  | 1,643, 489,816 | 1,230, 305, 696 | 53, 693,000 | 30.60 | 22.91 |
| 1884 |  | 1, 705, 454, 189 | 1,243, 925, 969 | 54, 911,000 | 31.06 | 22.65 |
| 1885 |  | 1, 817, 658, 336 | 1, 292, 568, 615 | 56, 148, 000 | 32.37 | 23.02 |
| 1886 |  | 1, 808, 559, 694 | 1, 252, 700, 525 | 57, 404, 000 | 31.50 | 21.82 |
| 1887 |  | 1;900, 442, 672 | 1, 317, 539, 143 | 58, 680,000 | 32.39 | 22.45 |
| 1888 |  | 2,062,955,949 | 1, 372, 170, 870 | 59,974, 000 | 34.39 | 22.88 |
| 1889 |  | 2, 075, 350, 711 | 1, 380, 361, 649 | 61, 289, 000 | 38.86 | 22. 52 |
| 1890 |  | 2, 144, 226, 159 | 1, 429, 251, 270 | 62, 622,250 | 34.24 | 22.82 |
| 1891 |  | 2, 105, 224, 075 | 1,497, 440, 707 | 63, 975,000 | 34.31 | 23.41 |

Note.-The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the Treasury.

Table J.-Statement showing the Annual Appropriations made by Congress for Eace Fiscal Year from 1884 to 1892 , inclusive.

| ' | 2d session 47th Congress. Fiscal year 1884. | 1st session 48th Congress, Fiscal year 1885. | 2d session 48th Congress. Fiscal year 1886. | lst session 49th Congress. Fiscal year 1887. | 2d session 49th Congress. Fiscal year 1888. | 1.st session 50th Congress. Fiscal year 1889. | 2 d session 50 th Congress. Fiscal year 1890. | 1st sossion 51st Congress. Fiscal year 1891. | 2d session 51stCongress. Fiscal year 1892. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To supply deficiencies for the service of the various branches of the Government | \$2,832,680.04 | \$4, 385, 836. 10 | *\$3, 332, 717. 30 | \$13, 572, 882.61. | \$137, 000.00 | \$21, 190, 995.61 | \$14, 230,-179.71 | \$34, 137, 737.96 | \$38,516, 227.87 |
| -For legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government. | 20, 763, 842. 55 | 21, 556, 901. 65 | 21, 495, 660. 70 | 20,809 | 20,772, 720. 67 | 20, $924,492.42$ | 20, 865, 219.93 | 21, 073, 137.47 | 22, 027, 674.75 |
| For sundry civil expenses of the Government | 23, 713, 404. 22 | 22, 346, 74.9 .74 | 25, 961, 904. 12 | 22,650, 658. 49 | 22,369, 840.96 | 26, 316,529. 85 | 25, 527, 641. 65 | 29,760, 054. 47 | 35, 459, 163.99 |
| For support of the srmy | 24, 68.1, 250.00 | 24, 454, 450.00 | 24, 014, 052.50 | 23, 753, 057.21 | 23.724, 71.8. 69 | 24, 474, 710.97 | $24,31.6,615.73$ | 24, 206, 471.79 | 24, 613, 529.19 |
| For the maval service. | 15,954, 247,23 | † 8, 931, 856.12 | +21,280, 766.93 | 16, 489, 556. 72 | 25, 786, 847. 79 | 19, 938, 281. 05 | 21, $675,374.98$ | 23, 136, 035.53 | 31, 541, 645. 78 |
| lor the Indian service | 5,388, 655.91 | 5, 903, 151.26 | 5,773, 3'28. 56 | 5,561, 262. 84 | 5,284, 397. 66 | 5, 401, 330.51 | 8,077, 453. 39 | 7,256, 758.27 | 16, $278,492.48$ |
| For rivers and harbors |  | 14, 948,300.00 |  | 14, 464, 900.00 |  | 22, 397, 616.90 |  | 25, 136, 295.00 | 2,951, 200.00 |
| For forts and fortifications | 670,000.00 | 700,000. 00 | 725,000.00 | 59,876.90 |  | $3,972,000.00$ | 1,233,594.00 | 4, 232, 935:00 | 3. $774,803.00$ |
| For support of Military Ac̣ademy. | 318,657. 50 | 314,563.50 | 309, 902. 14 | 297, 805.00 | 419, 986.93 | 315, 043.81 | 902, 766. 69 | 435,296.11 | 402, 070.39 |
| For service of Post-Office Department.................. | Indefinite... | Indefinite. | Indefinit | Indefin | Indefinite..... | Indefinite. | Indefini | Indefinite | Indefinite. |
| For invalid and other pensions, including deficiencies | §̧86, 575, 000.00 | \|11 20, 810, 000.00 | 60,000, 000.00 | 76, 075, 200.00 | 83, 152, 500.00 | 81, 758, 700.00 | 81, 758, 700.00 | 98, 457, 461. 00 | $135,214,785.00$ |
| For consnlar and diplomatic service | 1,296; 255.00 | 1, 225, 140.00 | 1,242, 925.00 | 1,364, 065.00 | 1, 429, 942.44 | 1, 428,465.00 | 1,980,025.00 | 1,710, 725.96 | 1, 656,925.00 |
| For service of Agricultural Department | 405,640.00 | 480, 190.00 | 580, 790.00 | 654, 715.00 | 1,028, 730.00 | 1,715,826.14 | 1,669, 770.00 | 1,796,502.85 | $3,028,153.50$ |
| For expenses of the District of Columbia | 3, 505, 494.97 | 3,594, 255.54 | 3,622,683. 20 | 3,721, 950.99 | $4,284,580.66$ | 5, 056, 678.98 | $5,682,409.91$ | $5,762,236.75$ | 5, 597, 125.17 |
| For miscellaneons | 1,806,438.75 | 7, 800, 003. 86 | 2, 268, 383.15 | 10,184, 570.90 | 4, 694,635:33 | 10, 129, 501.65 | 10, 186, 688.81 | 10,620, 840.80 | 2, 721, 283.24 |
| Totals | 187, 911, 566.17 | 137, 451, 397.77 | 170, 608, 113.00 | 209, 659,382. 91 | 193, 035, 861. 13 | 245, 020, 172. 89 | 218, 115, 439. 80 | 287, 722, 488.96 | 323, 783, 079.36 |

* Not including $\$ 6,150,061.98$ appropriated for the naval service for six months ending June $30,1885$.
7For six months ending December 31, 1884.
trolptes $\$ 6,150,061.98$ for six months ending June 30, 1885. And reappropriation of unexpended balances, estimated at $\$ 38,000,000$. And reappropriation of unexpended balances, estimated at $\$ 66,000,000$.


## Table K.-Statement of the Net Receipts (by warrants) during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

## Customs:

Quarter ended September 30, 1890
$\$ 67,973,907.09$
Quarter ended. December 31, 1890
$55,444,576.81$
Quarter ended March 31, 1891
57, 726, 297. 28
Quarter ended June 30, 1891
38, 377, 424. 05
$\$ 219,522,205.23$


FI 91__VIII
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## Table L.-Statement of tee Net Disbursements (by warrants) during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

 CIVIL.| Congress. |  | \$7, 103, 469.80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Executive |  | 12,526, 569.07 |
| Judiciary |  | 5, 808, 080.77 |
| Government in the Territories |  | 418, 161. 53 |
| Subtreasúries |  | 400, 260.02 |
| Public land offices. |  | 676, 306. 71 |
| Mints and assay offices. |  | 211, 077. 27 |

Total civil
$\$ 27,143,925.17$

## FOREIGN゙ INTERCOURSE.



Total foreign intercourse.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Mint establishment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1, 181, 276.08
Life-Saving Service
Revenue-Cutter Service
Steamboat Inspection Service
Engraving and printing.
$886,166.20$
278, 714. 20
1, 081, 052. 65 $479,655.14$
3,007, 883.33
520, 212.07
4,811, 822. 16 512, 387.95
629,942.24
370, 957.74
$108,596.84$
Collecting revenue from customs:


6, 980, 244. 22
Refunding excess of deposits, etc .......................................................
Debentures and drawbacks under customs laws.
Compensation in lien of moieties.
Expenses of regulating inmigration
Salaries, shipping service
7, 011, 071. 62
4,925, 439.50
$12,900.14$
170,597.88
59,543. 48

Enforcement of contract-labor law......................................................... $61,500.00$
Chinese exclusion act
Revenue vessels.
48,949.02
131, 618. 00
222, 631. 10
169,378. 31
$22,117.87$
Worste Conmerce Conmission
World's Columbian Exposition
Expenses sea: fisheries in Alaska
Assessing and collecting internal revenue
Paper for internal-revenue stamps...
$4,003,475.65$
42, 498. 38
Redemption of internal-revenue stamps.
22, 726.35

Refunds, reliefs, etc., under internal-revenue laws............................ $106,083.23$
Allowance or drawback nnder internal-revenue laws . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 49 , 671.85
Rebate of tax on tobacco.
Payment of judgments, Court of Claims
770, 082. 39
Preventing the spread of epidemıc diseases
36S, 128. 68
30, 308.40
Expenses of Treasury notes
218, 362. 60
49, 885. 71
$60,132.28$
95, 294. 59
350, 668.92
108, 950.47
69, 700.00
74, 493. 59
$2,318,289.70$
1, 343, 881.31
11, 521, 496.92

Table L.-Statement of the Net Disbursements (by warrants) during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891—Continued.

## MISCELLANEOUS-Continued.



## MILITARX ESTABLISHMENT

Pay Department
13, 289, 626.98
Pay Department, bounty and miscellaneous
1, 316, 794. 71
Commissary Department.
1, 685,577. 24
Quartermaster's Department
$9,002,882.33$
807,406. 49
2, 233, 741. 64 635,876. 36 236,399. 14
Ordnance Department
Armaries and arsenals
Military Academy
12, 250,627.23
Improving rivers and harbors
Damages by improvement of Fox and Wisconsin rivers.
Fortifications
Construction of military posts, roads, ete
National cemeteries, roads, etc.
Expenses of recruiting.
$158,293.87$
$676,465.81$
$686,465.81$
$687,628.42$
$687,628.42$
$231,718.17$
Contimencies of the Army
104, 841.48
16, 580.57
Signal Service $753,284.70$
$5,889.36$
199,560. 38
$3,082,411.37$
308, 458. 44
$278,160.93$
$76,836.45$
49,999. 90
607, 977. 05
23, 025. 99
Expenses of military convicts.

Publication of omcial records of the war of the rebellion.
Support of National Homes for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.
Support of Soldiers' Home
Soldiers' Home permanont fund and interest account
0
25,500.00
00
. 7
181510.76
111.709. 28

1,797, 1
4, 741,77
133,5
,

1

Table L:-Statement of the Net Disbursements (by warrants) during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.

## NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

| Pay, ete., of the Navy | \$7, 879, 200.05 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contingent, Navy.. | 56,516. 66 |  |
| Marine Corps. | 930, 886.28 |  |
| Naval Academy | 274,544.76 |  |
| Navigation | 217, 476. 73 | - |
| Ordnance | 410, 443.19 |  |
| Equipment | 1, 158,810. 03 |  |
| Yards and Docks | 1, 208, 500. 88 |  |
| Medicine and Surger | 230,553.15 |  |
| Provisions and Clothing | 1,461,192.47 |  |
| Construction and Repair | 1, 283, 438.85 |  |
| Steam Engineering | $670,260.57$ |  |
| Increase of the Navy | 10,609, 197. 15 |  |
| Mileage under Graham decision | 72,060.45 |  |
| Commissions on new navy-yards | 14, 515. 73 |  |
| Relief of sufferers by wreck of United St | 122, 892.77 |  |
| Miscellaneous items and reliefs. | 182, 315.43 |  |
| Total ......... | 26, 782, 805. 15 |  |
| Less repayments on account of advances | 668, 908. 69 |  |
| Total naval establishment. |  | \$26, 113, 896. 46 |
| Interest on the public debt |  | 37, 547, 135. 37 |
| Premium on purchase of bonds | ......... | 10, 401, 220.61 |
| Total net ordinary expenditures. |  | 365, 773, 905. 35 |
| Redemption of the public debt... |  | 365, 352, 470.87 |
| Total expenditures |  | 731, 126, 376, 22 |
| Balance in Treasury June 30, 1891 |  | 726, 222, 332.60 |
| Graud total |  | , 457,348, 708.82 |

## Table M.-Statement of the Net Receti'ts and Disbursements (by wrarrants) for the Quarter ended September 30, 1891.

## RECDMPSS.

| Customs | \$45, 246, 659. 75 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Internal revenue | 39, 083, 447. 18 |
| Sales of public lands | 908, 768.41 |
| Tax on national banks | 604,410. 83 |
| Repayment of interest by Pacific railroads | 143, 951.08 |
| Customs, fees, fines, penalties, and forfeitures | 161,004. 19 |
| Fees-consular, letters patent, and lands. | 694, 299. 19 |
| Proceeds of sales of Government property | 84, 103.19 |
| Profits on coinage, et | 284, 126. 96 |
| Miscellaneons. | 4, 029, 692.87 |
| Total net ordinary receipts. | 97, 245, 923. 65 |
| Issnes of public debt in excess of redemption | 24, 245.187.00 |
| Balance in the Treasury J une $30,1891$. | 726, 222, 332.60 |
| 'Total | 241,713,443.25 |


| Customs | 5, 187, 008, 91 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Internal reven | 1;577, 562.42 |
| Diplomatic | 366, 239. 58 |
| Treasury | 14, 684, 636.53 |
| Judiciary | 1,220, 025.07 |
| Interior civil | 3, 405, 725.30 |
| Total civil and miscellaneons | 26,441, 197.81 |
| Indians | 3, 360, 427. 62 |
| Pensions. | 25, 440, 265. 71 |
| Military estabishment | 13, 337, 154.95 |
| Naval establishment. | 7, 562, 034. 04 |
| Interest on the public debt. | 3, 705, 094.76 |
| Total net ordinary expenditures | 79, 846, 674.89 |
| Redemption of public debtin excess of issues | 36, 099,527.00 |
| Balance in the Treasury September 30,1891.. | 725, 767, 241.36 |
| Total. | 841, 713, 443.25 |

## CXVIII, REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Table N.-Statement of Receipts of the United States from March 4, 1789, 30) FROM

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 岕 } \\ & \text { ® } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c}\text { Balance in } \\ \text { the Tremasury ate at } \\ \text { cout of year. }\end{array}\right\|$ | Customs. |  | Direct tax. | Public lands. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 |  | \$4, 399,473 |  |  |  | 10 |
| 1793 | $\$ 973,905.75$ <br> $783,444.51$ | $3,443,070.85$ $4,255,306.56$ | \$208, 942. 81 <br> 337, 705. 70 |  |  | 9,918.65 |
|  | 753, 661 | 4, 801, 065.28 |  |  |  | 3,2777.97 |
|  | 1, 151, 914 |  | -337, 755.36 |  |  | 28, 317.97 |
| 17 |  | 6,567, 987.94 $7,549,649.65$ | 4755, 2891.45 |  |  | 1, 169, 13.5 .98 399, 139.29 29, |
|  | 1,023, 899.04 | 7, 106, 061 |  |  | 1,963.11 | 58, 192.81 |
|  | ${ }^{1} 617,451.43$ |  | 136.54 |  |  | 86,187.56 |
|  | ${ }_{2,}^{2,1623,311.807 .79}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,080,932.73 \\ 10,750,778.93 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $809,396.55$ $1,048,033.43$ | \$734.233.97 | ${ }^{167,726.06}$ | $152,712.10$ $345,649.15$ |
| 1801 1802 | 3,295, 391. | 12.,438, 235 | ${ }_{6} 621,898$ | 206, 565.44 | 188, ${ }^{\text {c }} 128.02$ | 86 |
|  | 5,020, 697 | 10,479,417 | 215, 179.69 | $71,879.20$ |  | 131, 945.44 |
|  | ${ }^{4}$, |  | 21.747 |  | - ${ }^{4870,526,798}$ | - 403838.30 |
|  | 3,999 | 14, 667, 698.17 | 20. | 55, 763.36 |  |  |
|  | 4, 538, 123. | 15, 845, 521. 61 | 13, 051.40 | 34, 332.56 | $466,163.27$ | 38,550.42 |
|  | 9, 643, 850. 07 | 16, 363, 550. | 8,190.23 | 19, 159.21 | 647, 9330.06 | 21, 822.85 |
|  | 9,941, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 818 | 7, $586,506.62$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{3,848}$ | 8, | ${ }^{7,430.63}$ | 12,448.68 |  | 8 |
|  | 2. 51 | 13, 313,222 | ${ }^{2,295.95}$ | , 6666.66 | 1,040, 2377.53 |  |
|  | 3,502, | 8, | 4, 75 |  | 870, 627.78 | 271, 771.100 |
|  |  | - | 4,755. |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{1} 5,727,484.63$ | 7, 5 , 28,, 942.22 | ${ }^{1,662,688,054.87}$ |  | 1, $1,287,959.28$ | 285, 282.84 |
|  | 13, 106, 532. | 36, 306, 874. | 5 5,124,708. 31 | 4, 253, 635. 09 | 1,717, 985.03 | 273,782. 35 |
|  | 22,033, 519.19 | ${ }^{26,283,348}$ | 2,678, 100.77 | 1,824, 187.04 | $1,991,226.06$ | 109,761.08 |
|  | 14, 939, 465. | 17, 176,385.00 | 955, 270. 20 | 264, 333.36 | 2, 606, 564.77 | 57,617.71 |
|  | 1,478, | 20,283, 608 | 229,593. | 83,650 | 3,274,422.78 | , 098.42 |
|  | 2,079, 392. | 15,005,612.15 | 106, 200. 53 | 31,586. 82 | $1,635,871.61$ | ,338.44 |
| 1822 | 1,198,461. | ${ }^{13,004,447.15}$ | 69, 027, 63 | 29, 249.05 | $1,212,966.46$ | 152,589.43 |
|  | ${ }_{4}^{1,237,427.55}$ | 19, $088,439.44$ | 34,242. 17 | ${ }_{10} 0,337.71$ | ${ }^{1}$,916, 523.10 | 141, 129.84 |
|  | 9,463, 922.81 | 17,878,325.71 | 34,663. 37 | 6,201. 96 | 984, 418.15 | 127, 603.60 |
|  | 1,946, 597. | ${ }^{20,098,713}$ | ${ }^{25,771.35}$ | 2,330. 85 | 1,216.090. 56 | 1 |
|  | 5,201 | 23, 341,331 | 21, 589.93 | 6,638. | 1, 393, 785. 09 |  |
|  | 6,358,686.18 | 19,712, 283 | 19,885 | 2,626.90 | 1,495, 845. 26 | 315,722.83 |
|  | 6,668, | 23,205,523 | 17, 451 | 2,218.81 | 1,018,308. 75 |  |
|  | 5, 97 | 22,681 | 14, 502 | 11,335 | 1,517,175. 13 | 648. 55 |
|  |  | 21,922, 391.39 | 12, 160. 62 | 16,980. 59 |  |  |
|  | 6, $4,502,914$. | $\stackrel{\text { 2, }}{28,465,2347.24}$ | ${ }^{611,630}$ | 6,791. 13 |  | $584,124.05$ $270,410.61$ |
|  | ${ }_{2}$ | 29, ${ }^{232,508,91}$ | 2, |  |  |  |
|  | 11,702, 905. | 16, 214, 957. 15 | 196. 09 |  | 9 |  |
|  | 8, 892; 858. | ${ }^{193,391,310.59}$ | 10, 459.48 | 4,263.33 | 14,757, 600 : 75 | 759, 972. 13 |
| 1836 | 26,749, 803.96 | 23, 409 |  | 687 | 24, $777,179.86$ | 23 |
|  | 40, | 11, 159.290 .39 | 5,493 | 1,68.. | 56 | 99 |
| 1838 | ${ }_{36,181}$ | 23, 1377 , 244.81 | ${ }_{2}$ 553.32 | 755.22 | ${ }^{7}, 361570.40$ | 6 |
|  | 33, 157, 503. | 13, 499, 502.17 | 1,682, 25 |  | 3,411, 818.63 | 2,567, 112. 28 |
| 1841 | 29, 963, 163. | 14, 487, 216. 74 | 3, 261. 36 |  | 1,365, 627.42 | 1, 004, 054. 75 |
|  | 28, 685, 31 | 18, 187, 908.76 | 495.00 |  | 1,335,797. 52 | 451, 995.97 |
|  | 30, | 7,046, 843.91 |  |  | 898, 158.18 | 92 |
|  | 39, 186, | ${ }^{26,183,570.94}$ | 1,7777 |  | 2,059, 939.80 | ,075,419.70 |
|  | 36, 72 , | 27,528,112.70 | ${ }_{2} \mathbf{3}, 5177.12$ |  | 2,072, 222.30 | 88 |
|  | ${ }^{36}$ | ${ }^{26,712,677.87}$ | 2, 897 |  | 2,694, 52.48 | 13 |
|  | 38, 261, |  |  |  | 2,498, 365.20 | 析 |
|  | 33, 72 | 31,757,070.96 |  |  | 56 | ${ }^{612,610,69}$ |
|  | 29, 116 | 28,346, 738.32 |  |  | 55 | 13 |
|  | 32, 827,082 | 39,688, 6866.42 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1851 | 35, 871, 753.31 | 49, 017,567.92 |  |  | 2, 352, 305. 30 | 1, 185, 166. 11 |
| 18 | 40, ${ }^{4388}$, 860. 02 | - $47,931,865.52$ |  |  | 2,043, 23.5 .58 | 464, 249.40 988.081 .17 |
|  | 50, 261, 901.09 | 64, 224, 190. |  |  | ${ }_{8,470,758.39}^{1,39}$ | 1. 105, 352. 74 |
|  | 48, 591, 073 |  |  |  | 11, 497, 049. 07 | 827.731. 40 |
|  | 47, 677,672 | 64, $222,863.50$ |  |  | 3,917,644.93 | 1, 116, 190. 81 |
|  | 49, $408.202,855.800$ | ${ }_{63,175,905.05}$ |  |  | 3, 829, 486. 64 | 1, $1,259,920.88$ |
|  | 35, 113, 334.22 | 49, 565,824 |  |  | 1, 756 | 1, 1 , $544,596.24$ |
|  | ${ }^{33}$, 193, | 53,187, 511.87 |  |  | 1,778, 557.71 |  |
|  | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 46, 965, 30 | 40 | 5 | 61 | 167, 617.17 | 38 |
| 865 | - $36,543,433,046.138$ | $102,316,152.99$ $84,928,260.60$ | ${ }^{109,741,134.10}$ |  | 996, 553,31 |  |

*For the half year from
to June 30, 1891, by calendar years to 1843 and by fiscal years (ended Junk that time.

| 岸 | Dividiends. | Net ordinary receipts. | Interest. | Premiums. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Receipts } \\ \text { from loans and } \\ \text { Treasury } \\ \text { notes. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Gross receipts. | Unavail- able. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \$4, 771, 342. 53 |  |
| ${ }_{1792}^{1792}$ | \$8, 028.00 38, 500. 00 | $3,669,960.31$ <br> $4,652,293.14$ |  |  | 5,102, 498.45 <br> $1,797,272.01$ | $8,772,458.76$ $6.450,195.15$ |  |
| 1794 | 303,472.00 | ${ }_{5}^{4}, 431,904.87$ |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{4}$, | ${ }_{9} 9,439,855.65$ |  |
| ${ }^{1795}$ | 160, 000.00 | 6, 114.534 .59 | \$4, 800.00 |  | 3, 396, 424.00 | 9,515, 758.59 |  |
| ${ }^{96}$ | ${ }^{1600} 0000.00$ | 8,377, 529.65 | 42,800.00 |  | ${ }^{320,000.00}$ | 8,740, 329.65 |  |
| 1798 | ${ }^{79}$, 920.00 | 7 7,900, 495. 80 | $78,675.00$ |  | 200, 000.00 | 8, $879,170.80$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{71,040.00}$ | 7,546, 813.31 |  |  | 5 5,000, 000.00 | 12,546, 813.31 |  |
| 1800 | ${ }^{71,040.00}$ | 10, 848, 749.10 |  |  | 1,565, 229.24 | 12, 413, 9788.34 |  |
| 180 | $88,800.00$ | 12,935, 330. 95 | 10,125.00 |  |  | 12, 945, 455.95 |  |
|  | 39, 960.00 | 14, ${ }^{1495,793,95}$ |  |  |  | 14, 1995 |  |
|  |  | 11, 064, 097. 63 11, 826, 307. 38 |  |  |  | 11,064, 097.63 |  |
| 18 |  | 41, 226, 307. 38 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 15, 559, 311.07 |  |  |  | 15, $559,931.07$ |  |
|  |  | 16, 398, 019, 26 |  |  |  | ${ }^{16,3988,019.26}$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 1808 \\ 1809 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}17,060,661.93 \\ 7,773,473 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ |  |  |  | $17,060,661.93$ $7,773,473.12$ |  |
| 1818 |  |  |  |  | 2,700,000.00 | 12, $134,2414.28$ |  |
|  |  | - $\begin{array}{r}14,802,132,76\end{array}$ |  |  | 12,837, 900.00 | ${ }_{22,6799,032.76}$ |  |
|  |  | 14, $4140,409.95$ | 300.00 |  | 26, 184, 1355.00 | 40, 524, 844.95 |  |
|  |  | 11, 181, 625.16 | 85. 79 |  | 23, $277,826.00$ | ${ }^{34,559,5367.95}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 181816 \\ & 1816 \end{aligned}$ |  | - $17,696,966.82$ | ${ }_{68,665.16}^{11,54.74}$ | \$32, 107.64 686 | - ${ }^{35,220,671.40} 9$ | ${ }_{\text {57, }}$ |  |
|  | 202, 426. | 33, 099, 049.74 | 267, 819.14 |  | 466, 723.45 | 33, 833, 592.331 |  |
|  | 525, 000. | 21, $585,171.04$ | 412.62 |  | ${ }^{8,353.00}$ | ${ }^{21,593,936.66]}$ |  |
|  | 1,000,000. 00 | 17,840, 669.5 |  | $40,000.00$ | 3,000, 824.13 | 20, $881,493,68$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{105}$, 000. | 14, 573, 379. |  |  | 5,000,324.00 | 19,573, 703. 72 |  |
|  | 350, 000. | ${ }_{20,540,666.26}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{20,540,666.26}$ |  |
|  | 350, 00 | 19,381, 212.79 |  |  | 5,00 | 24,381, 212.79 |  |
|  | 367,500 | 21, 840, 858.02 |  |  | 5,000,000.00. | 26,840, 858. 02 |  |
|  | 420,000 | ${ }_{22,966,363.96}^{20,200,43.21}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 455,000. | 24, 763, 629.23 |  |  |  | 24,763, 629.23 |  |
| 1829 | 490, 000 |  |  |  |  | 24, 827, 627. 38 |  |
|  | ${ }^{4990} 4000$ | ${ }_{28,526,820.82}^{24,}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{28,526,820.82}^{24,}$ |  |
| 18 | ${ }_{4}^{490} 40.000$. | 31, $367,450.66$ |  |  |  | 31, 867, 450. 66 | \$1,889.50 |
|  |  | 3, ${ }_{\text {3, }}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{33,948,426.25}$ |  |
|  | 506, 280 | 35, $430,087.10$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{21} 50,430,087$, 10 |  |
|  | 292, 674.67 | 50, 826, 796.08 |  |  |  | 50, 826,796.08 |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{26,302,561}^{24,954,153}$ |  |  | $2,992,989.15$ |  | 63,288. 35 |
| 18 |  | 31, 482, 749.61 |  |  | 3, 857, 776.21 | ${ }^{35} 5340,3025.82$ | 58,782.93 |
|  |  | 19,480, 115.33 |  |  | 5,589,547.51 |  | 37, 469.25 |
|  |  | 19,976, 197.25 |  |  | \| $14,808,735.64$ | 34, $784,932.89$ |  |
|  |  | 8, 231, 012.26 |  | 71, 700.83 | 12, 479, 708.36 | 20,782, 410.45 |  |
|  |  | 29, $230,707.78$ |  | 666.60 | 1,877, 181.35 | ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| 18 |  | 29, $699,9677.74$ |  |  |  | 29, 699,967 :74 |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{26,467,403.16}$ |  | 28, 3655 | 28, $272,399.45$ | ${ }_{50}^{55,368,} 168.52$ | 30,000.00 |
|  |  | 30, $321,077.50$ |  | - $487,065.48$ | ${ }_{28,588,500.00}$ | ${ }_{59}{ }^{\text {, }}$, 996, 9362.98 |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{43,592,888.88}$ |  | 10, ${ }^{10} 50.00$ | 4, 045, 250.000 |  |  |
|  |  | 499, $446,815.60$ |  |  | $203,400.00$ $46,300.00$ | ${ }_{49,893,115.60}$ |  |
|  |  | 61, 587, 311.68 |  | 22.5 | 16,350.00 | 61, $603,404.18$ | 103, 301.37 |
|  |  | 73, 800, 341.40 |  |  | 2,001.67 | ${ }^{73}, 802,343.07$ |  |
|  |  | 74, 056, 699.24 |  |  | 200:00 | ${ }_{74,056,899.24}$ |  |
|  |  | 68,965, 312.57 |  |  | 3,900. 00 | 68, 969, 212.57 |  |
|  |  | - 46, $6757,365.96$ |  |  | 23, $717,3000.00$ | 70, 7723.66 | 154083 |
|  |  | 56, $554,5999.83$ |  | .10, 008.00 | 20, 776, 800.00 | 76, $841,407.83$ | 15, |
| 1861 |  | 476, 209.49 |  | 33, 630.90 | 41, 861, 709.74 | 83, 371, 640.13 |  |
|  |  | 112,094, 945.51 |  | 68,4 | 529 |  |  |
|  |  | 20 |  | 21, 174, 101.01 | 128, $873,945.361$ | 57 |  |
| 865 |  | 322, 031, 158 |  | 11, 683, 446. | 472, 224, 740 | 805, 939, 345. 93 | 6, 095. 11 |

January 1 to June 30, 1843.

Table N.-Statement of the Receipts of the United

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\mathscr{y}} \\ & \dot{\operatorname{H}} \end{aligned}$ | Balance in the Treasury at commencement of year. | Customs. | Internal revenue. | Direct tax. | Public lands. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 | \$33, 933, 657. 89 | \$179, 046, 651.58 | \$309, 226, 813. 42 | \$1,974, 754, 12 | \$665, 031. 03 | \$29, 036, 314. 23 |
| 1867 | 160, 817, 099. 73 | 176,417, 810.88 | 206, 027, 537.43 | 4, 200, 233. 70 | 1,163,575.76 | 15, 087, 522. 15 |
| 1868 | 198, 076, 437.09 | 164, 464, 599.56 | 191, 087, 589.41 | 1,788, 145.85 | 1,348, 715.41 | 17, 745, 403. 59 |
| 1869 | 158, 936, 082. 87 | 180, 048, 426.63 | 158, 356, 460.86 | 765, 685.61 | 4, 020,344. 34 | 13, 997, 338.65 |
| 1870 | 183, 781, 985. 76 | 194, 538, 374.44 | 184, 899, 756.49 | 229, 102.88 | 3, 350, 481.76 | 12,942, 118. 30 |
| 1871 | 177, 604, 116. 51 | 206, 270, 408.05 | $143,098,153.63$ | 580,355. 37 | $2,388,646.68$ | 22, 093, 541.21 |
| 1872 | 138, 019; 122. 15 | 216, 370, 280.77 | 130, 642, 177. 72 |  | 2, 575, 714. 19 | 15, 106, 051. 23 |
| 1873 | 134, 666, 001.85 | 188, 089, 522.70 | 113, $729,314.14$ | 315, 254.51 | 2, 882,312. 38 | 17, 161, 270. 05 |
| 1874 | 159, 293, 673.41 | 163, 103, 833. 69 | 102, 409, 784. 90 |  | 1,852,428.93 | 32,575, 043.32 |
| 1875 | 178, 833, 339.54 | 157, 167, 722.35 | 110, 007, 493.58 |  | 1, 413, 640. 17 | 15, 431, 915.31 |
| 1876 | 172, 804, 061.32 | 148, 071, 984. 61 | 116,700, 732.03 | 93,798.80 | 1,129, 466.95 | $24,070,602.31$ |
| 1877 | 149, 909, 377.21 | 130, 956, 493.07 | 118, $630,407.83$ |  | 1976,253.68 | 30, 437, 487.42 |
| 1878 | 214, 887, 645.88 | 130, 170, 680. 20 | 110, 581, 624. 74 |  | 1, 079, 743.37 | 15, 614, 728.09 |
| 1879 | 286, 591, $4^{5} 3.88$ | 137, 250, 047. 70 | 113, 561, 610.58 |  | 924, 781. 66 | 20,585, 697.49 |
| 1880 | 386, 832, 588. 65 | 186, 522, 064. 60 | 124, 009, 373.92 | 30.85 | 1, 016,506.60 | 21, 978, 525.01 |
| 1881 | 231, 940, 064. 44 | 198, 159, 676. 02 | 135, 264, 385.51 | 1,516.89 | 2, 201, 863.17 | 25, 154, 850.98 |
| 1882 | 280, 607, 668. 37 | 220, 410, 730. 25 | 146, 497, 595.45 | 160, 141.69 | $4,753,140.37$ | 31, 703, 642. 52 |
| 1883 | 275, 450, 903. 53 | $214,706,496.93$ | 144, 720, 368.98 | 108, 156.60 | 7, 955, 864.42 | 30, 796, 605.02 |
| 1884 | 374, 189, 081.98 | 195, 067, 489.76 | 121, $586,072.51$ | 70,720.75 | 9, 810, 705. 01 | $21,984,881.89$ |
| 1885 | 424, 941, 403.07 | 181, 471, 939. 34 | 112, 498, 725.54 |  | $5,705,986.44$ | 24, 014, 055.06 |
| 1886 | 521, 794, 026. 26 | 192, 905, 023. 44 | 116, 805, 936.48 | 108, 239.94 | $5,630,999.34$ | $20,989,527.86$ |
| 1887 | $526,848,755.46$ | 217, 286, 893.13 | 118, 823, 391. 22 | 32, 892.05 | 9,254, 286.42- | 26, 005, 814.84 |
| 1888 | 512, 851, 434. 36 | 219, 091, 173.63 | 124, 296, 871.98 | 1.565 .82 | 11, 202, 017. 23 | $24,674,446.10$ |
| 1889 | $659,449,099.94$ | 223, 832, 741.69 | 130, 881, 513.92 |  | 8, 038, 651.79 | $24,297,151.44$ |
| 1890 | $673,399,118.18$ | 229, 668, 584.57 | 142, 606, 705.81 |  | 6,358, 272. 51 | $24,447,419.74$ |
| 1891 | 691, 527, 403.76 | 219, 522, 205. 23 | 145, 686, 249.44 |  | 4, 029, 535. 41 | 23, 374, 457. 23 |
|  |  | 6,751, 086,380.39 | 4, 111, 760, 797. 61 | 28, 131,990. 32 | [280, 505, 641.52 | 690, 871, 302. 70 |

*Amount heretofore credited to the Treasurer as *

States from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1891, etc.-Continued.

| $\begin{gathered} \dot{\oplus} \\ \stackrel{y}{\otimes} \end{gathered}$ | Dividends. | Net ordinary receipts: | Interest. | Preminms. | Receipts from loans and Treasury notes. | Gross receipts. | Unavail. able. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1867 | ............. | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 519,949,564.38 \\ 462,846,679.92 \end{array}$ | ............ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 38,083,055.68 \\ 27,787,330.35 \end{array}$ | \$712, 851, 553. 05 \$1,270, 884, 173.11 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 172,094.29 \\ 721,827.93 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 640, 426, 910.29 | $1,131,060,920.56$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 675, 918.19 |
| 1868 |  | 376, 434, 453.82 |  | 29, 203, 629.50 | 625, 111, 438.201 | 1, 030, 749, 516. 52 |  |
| 1869 |  | 357, 188, 256.09 |  | 13, 755, 491. 12 | 238, 678, 081.06 | 609, 621, 828.27 | *2,070.73 |
| 1870 |  | 395, 959, 833.87 |  | 15, 295, 043. 76 | 285, 474, 496. 00 | 696, 729, 973. 63 |  |
| 1871 |  | 374, 431, 104.94 |  | 8, 892, 839,95 | 268, 768, 523. 47. | 652, 092, 468.36 | *3, 396. 18 |
| 1872 |  | 364, 694, 229. 91 |  | 9, 412, 637. 65 | $30 \overline{3}, 047,054.00^{\circ}$ | 679, 153, 921. 56 | *18, 228.35 |
| 1873 |  | 322, 177, 673.78 |  | 11,560,530.89 | 214, 931, 017.00 | 548, 669, 221.67 | +3,047.80 |
| 1874 |  | 299, 941, 090.84 |  | 5, 037, 645. 22 | $439,272,535.46$ | $744,251,291.52$ | 12,691. 40 |
| 1875 |  | 284, 020, 771. 41 |  | 3, 979, 279.69 | 387, 971, 556. 00 | $675,971,607.10$ |  |
| -1876 |  | 290, 066, 584. 70 |  | 4, 029, 280.58 | 397, 455, 808.00. | 691, 551, 673. 28 |  |
| 1877 |  | 281, 000, 642.00 |  | 405, 776. 58 | 348, 871, 749.00 | $630,278,167.58$ |  |
| 1878 |  | 257, 446, 776.40 |  | 317, 102. 80 | 404, 581, 301.00 | $662,345,079.70$ |  |
| 1879 |  | 272, 322, 136.83 |  | 1,505, 047.68 | 792, 807, 643.00 | $1,066,684,827.46$ |  |
| 1880 |  | 333, 526, 500. 98 |  | 1, 110.00 | 211, 814, 103.00 | 545, 340, 7,13.98 |  |
| 1881 |  | 360, 782, 292.57 |  |  | 118, $750,534.00$ | 474, 532, 826. 57 |  |
| 1882 |  | $403,525,250.28$ |  |  | $120,945,724.00$ | 524, 470, 974. 28 |  |
| 1883 |  | 398, 287, 581. 95 |  |  | 555, 942, 564. 00 | 954, 230, 145.95 |  |
| 1884 |  | $348,519,869.92$ |  |  | 206, 877, 886.00 | 555, 397, 755.92 | 1,500.00 |
| 1885 |  | 323, 690, 706. 38 |  |  | $245,196,303.00$ | 568, 887, 009. 38 | 47,097. 65 |
| 1886 |  | 336, 439, 727.06 |  |  | 116, 314, 850.00 | 452, 754, 577.06 |  |
| 1887 |  | 371, 408, 277.60 |  |  | 15t, 440, 900.00 | 525, 844, 177. 66 | 7,997.64 |
| 188 |  | 379, 266, 074. 76 |  |  | 2s5, 016, 650.00 | 664, 282, 724. 76 |  |
| 1889 |  | 387, 050, 058.84 |  |  | $245,111,750.00$ | $632,161,408.84$ |  |
| 1890 |  | 403, 080, 982.63 |  |  | 245, 293, 650.00 | 648, 374, 632.63 | 731. 11 |
| 1891 |  | 392, 612, 447. 31 |  |  | 373, 208, 857.75 | 765, 821, 305.06 |  |
|  | \$9,720,136.2 | $\mid 11,872,076,248.83$ | \$485,224.45 | 204, 259, 220.83 | $\|13,259,392,976.59\|$ | $25,336,213,670.70$ | $2,714,730.71$ |

unavailable and since recovered and charged to his account.

Table O.-Statement of Expenditures of the Unitbd States from March 4, June 30, from

| * Year. | War. | Navy. | Indians. | Pensions. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 | \$632, 804.03 |  | \$27, 000.00 | \$175, 813.88 | \$1. 083, 971. 61 |
| 1792 | 1, 100, 702. 09 |  | 13, 64.8. 85 | 109, 243.15 | 4, 672, 664.38 |
| 1793 | 1, 130, 249.08 |  | 27, 282. 83 | 80, 087.8: | $51.1,451.01$ |
| 1794 | 2, 639, 097.59 | \$61, 408.97, | 13, 042.46 | 81, 399.24 | 750, 350.74 |
| 1795 | 2,480, 910.13 | 410, 562.03 | 23, 475.68 | 68, 673.22 | 1,378, 920.66 |
| 1796 | 1,260, 263.84 | 274, 784. 04 | 113, 563.98 | 100, 843.71 | 801, 847.58 |
| 1797 | 1, 039, 402.46 | 382, 631.89 | 62,396.58 | 92, 256. 97 | 1., $259,422.62$ |
| 1798 | 2, 009, 522. 30 | 1, 381,347. 76 | 16, 470.09 | 104, 845.38 | 1, 139, 524. 94 |
| 1799 | 2, 466, 946.98 | $2,858,081.84$ | 20, 302. 19 | 95, 444. 03 | 1, 039,391. 68 |
| 1.800 | 2,560, 878. 77 | $3,448,716.03$ | 31.22 | 64, 130.73 | 1, 337, 613. 22 |
| 1801 | 1, 672, 944.08 | 2, 111, 424.00 | 9,000.00 | $73,533.37$ | 1, 11.4, 768.45 |
| 1802 | 1, 179, 148. 25 | 915,561. 87 | 94, 000.00 | $85,440.39$ | 1; 462, 929. 40 |
| 1803. | 822, 055.85 | 1, 215, 230.53 | 60, 000.00 | 62,902. 10 | 1, 842,635. 76 |
| 1804 | 875, 423 ! 93 | 1, 189, 832.75 | 116,500.00 | 80, 092. 80 | 2, 191, 009.48 |
| 1805 | 712, 781.28 | 1,597, 500.00 | 196,500.00 | 81, 854.59 | 3, 768, 598. 75 |
| 1806 | 1; 224, 355.38 . | 1, 649, 641. 44 | 234, 200.00 | 81, 875.53 | 2, 890, 137.01 |
| 1807. | 1, 288, 085.91 | 1, 722, 064.47 | 205, 425.00 | - 70, 500.00 | 1,697, 897.51 |
| 1808 | 2, 900, 334.40 | 1,884, 067.80 | 213, 575,00 | 82, 576.04 | $1,423,285.61$ |
| 1809 | 3, 345, 772.17 | $2,427,758.80$ | 337, 508. 84 | 87, 8335.54 | 1, 215, 803.79 |
| 1810 | 2, 294, 323.94 | 1, 654, 244. 20 | 177, 625.00 | $83,744.16$ | 1, 101, 144, 98 |
| 1811 | 2, 032. 828.19 | 1, 965, 566. 39 | 151, 875.00 | 75, 043.88 | 1, 367, 291. 40 |
| 1812 | 11,817, 798.24 | 3,959, 365. 15 | 277, 845.00 | 91, 402. 10 | 1,683, 088.21 |
| 1813 | 19,652, 013.02 | 6, 446, 600.10 | 167,358. 28 | 86, 989.91 | 1, 729, 435.61 |
| 1814 | $20,350,806.86$ | 7,311, 290.60 | 167, 394. 86 | 90, 164. 36 | $2,208,029.70$ |
| 1815 | 14, 794, 294. 22 | $8,660,000.25$ | 530,750.00 | 69, 656. 06 | 2, 898, 870.47 |
| 1816 | 16,012, 096. 80 | 3,908, 278. 30 | 274, 512. 16 | 188, 804. 15 | 2, 989, 741. 17 |
| 1817 | 8, 004, 236.53 | 3, 314, 598. 49 | 319, 463.71 | 297, 374.43 | 3, 518, 936.76 |
| 1818 | 5, 662, 715. 10 | 2,953, 695.00 | $505,704.27$ | 890, 719.90 | 2, 835.839. 51 |
| 1819 | 6,506, 300. 37 | 3, 847, 640.42 | 468, 181. 39 | 2, 415, 989.85 | 3, 067, 211.41 |
| 1820 | 2, 630,392. 31 | 4,387, 990.00 | 315, 750.01 | 3, 208, 376.31 | 2, 592, 021.94 |
| 1821. | 4, 461, 291. 78 | 3, 319, 243.06 | 477, 005. 44 | 242, 817.25 | 2, 223, 121. 54 |
| 1822. | $3,111,981.48$ | 2, 224, 458.98 | 575, 007.41 | 1, 948, 199.40 | 1, 967,996.24 |
| 1823 | $3,096,924,43$ | 2,503, 765.83 | 380,781 82 | 1,780, 588. 52 | 1, 022.093.99 |
| 1824 | 3, 340, 939.85 | 2,904, 581.56 | 429, 987.90 | 1, 499, 326.59 | 7, 155, 308. 81. |
| 1825 | 3, 659, 914. 18 | 3, 049, 083.86 | 724, 106. 44 | 1, 308, 810.57 | 2, 748, 544. 89 |
| 1826. | 3, 943, 194. 37 | 4.218,902.45 | 743, 447. 83 | 1, 556, 593.83 | 2, 600, 177.79 |
| 1827 | 3, 948, 977, 88 | 4,263, 877.45 | 750,624.88 | $976,138.86$ | 2,713,476.53 |
| 1828 | 4, 145, 544.56 | 3, 918, 786. 44 | 705, 084.24 | 850, 573.57 | 3, 676, 052. 64 |
| 1829 | 4, 724, 291.07 | 3, 308, 745.47 | 576, 344.74 | 949, 594. 47 | 3,082,234. 65 |
| 1830 | $4,767,128.88$ | 3,239, 428. 63 | 622, 262.47 | 1, 363, 297. 31 | 3, 237, 416.04 |
| 1831 | 4, 841, 835.55 | 3, 856, 183.07 | 930, 738.04 | 1, 170,665. 14 | 3, 064, 646.10 |
| 1832 | $5,446,034.88$ | 3, 956, 370.29 | 1,352, 419.75 | 1, 184, 422.40 | $4,577,141.45$ |
| 1833 | $6,704,019.10$ | 3, 901, 356.75 | 1, 802, 980.93 | $4,589,152.40$ | 5, 716, 245.93 |
| 183 | $5,696,189.38$ | 3, 956, 260.42 | 1, 003, 953.20 | 3, 364, 285.30 | 4, 404, 728.95 |
| 1835 | $5,759,156.89$ | 3, 864, 939.06 | 1, 706, 444.48 | 1,954, 711.32 | 4, 229,698.53 |
| 1836 | 11, 747, 345. 25 | $5,807,718.23$ | 5,037,022.88 | 2, 882, 797.96 | 5, 393, 279.72 |
| 1837 | 13, 682, 730.80 | 6, 646, 914. 53 | 4, 348, 036.19 | 2, 672, 162.45 | 9,883, 370. 27 |
| 1838 | 12, 897, 224. 16 | 6, 131, 580.53 | $5,504,191.34$ | $2,156,057.29$ | 7, 160, 664. 76 |
| 1839 | $8,916,995.801$ | 6, 182, 294. 25 | 2,528, 917.28 | 3, 142, 750.51 | $5,725,990.89$ |
| 1840 | 7, 095, 267. 23 | 6, 113, 896.89 | 2, 331, 794. 86 | 2, 603, 562. 17 | $5,995,398.96$ |
| 1841 | 8, 801, 610. 24 | 6, 001, 076.97 | 2,514, 837.12 | 2, 388, 434. 51 | 6, 490, 881. 45 |
| 1842 | 6, 610, 438.02 | 8, 397, 242.99 | 1, 199, 099.68 | 1, 378, 931.33 | 6, 775. 624.61 |
| 1843* | 2, 908, 671.95 | 3, 727, 711.53 | 578, 371. 00 | 839,041. 12 | 3, 202, 713.00 |
| 1844. | 5, 218. 183.66 | 6, 498, 199.11 | 1, 256, 532.39 | $2,032,008.99$ | $5,645,183.86$ |
| 1845 | 5,746, 291. 28 | 6, 297, 177.89 | 1,539,351.35 | 2, 400, 788. 11 | 5, 911,760.98 |
| 1846. | 10, 413, 370.58 | 6, 455, 013.92 | 1, 027, 693.64 | 1, 811, 097.56 | 6, 711, 283.89 |
| 1847 | $35,840,030.33$ | 7, 900, 635. 76 | 1, 430, 411.30 | 1, 744, 883. 63 | 6, 885, 608.35 |
| 1848 | $27,688,334.21$ | 9, 408, 476.02 | 1, 252, 296. 81 | 1, 227, 496.48 | 5, 650, 851.25 |
| 1849 | 14, 558, 473.26 | 9, 786, 705.92 | 1, 374, 161. 55 | 1, 328, 867.64 | $12,885,334.24$ |
| 1850 | 9, 687, 024. 58 | 7, 904, 724.66 | 1,663,591.47 | 1, 866, 886. 02 | 16, 043, 733.36 |
| 1851 | 12, 161, 965.11 | 8, 880, 581. 38 | 2, 829, 801. 77 | 2, 293, 377. 22 | 37, 888, 992.18 |
| 1852. | 8,521, 506. 19 | $8,918,842.10$ | 3.043, 576.04 | 2, 401, 858.78 | 17, 504, 171.45 |
| 1853. | 9, 910, 498. 49 | 11, 067, 789.53 | 3, 880, 494.12 | 1,756,306. 20 | 17, 463, 068.01. |
| 1854 | 11, 722, 282. 87 | 10,790, 096. 32 | 1,550, 339.55 | 1, 232, 665.00 | 26, 672, 144.68 |
| 1855 | 14, 648, 074. 07 | 13, 327, 095.11 | 2,772, 990. 78 | 1, 477, 612. 33 | $24,090,425.43$ |
| 1856 | 16, 963, 160.51 | 14, 074, 834.64 | 2, 644, 263.97 | 1, 296, 229.65 | 31, 794, 038.87 |
| 1857. | $19,159,150.87$ | 12, 651, 694.61 | 4, 354, 418.87 | 1,310, 380. 58 | 28,565, 498.77 |
| 1858. | $25,679,121.63$ | 14, 053, 264. 64 | 4,978, 266.18 | 1, 219, 768, 30 | $26,400.016 .42$ |
| 1859. | $23,154,720.53$ | 14,690, 927.90 | 3, 490, 534.53 | 1, 222, 222.71 | 23, 797, 544.40 |
| 1860. | 16,472, 202. 72 | 11, 514, 649.83 | 2, 991, 121.54 | 1, 100, 802. 32 | 27, 977, 978. 30 |
| 1861. | 23, 001, 530.67 | 12,387, 156. 52 | 2,865, 481.17 | 1, 034, 599.73 | 23, 327, 287. 69 |
| ${ }_{1} 862$. | 389, 173,562.29 | 42, 640, 353.09 | 2,327, 948.37 | - 852, 170.47 | 21, 385, 862.59 |
| 1863. | $603,314,411.82$ | $63,261,235.31$ | 3, 152, 032.70 | 1, 078, 513.36 | 23, 198, 382.37 |
| 1864 | 690, 391, 048.66 | 85, 704, 963. 74 | 2, 629,975.97 | 4,985, 473.90 | 27, 572, 216. 87 |

*For the half year from.

1789, to $^{\circ}$ June 30, 1891, by Calendar Years to 1843 and by Fiscax Years (ended that time.

| Year. | Net ordinary expenditures. | Preminms. | Interest. | Public debt. | Gross expenditures. | Balance in Treasury at the end of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1791 | \$1, 919, 589. 52 |  | \$1, 177, 863.03 | \$699, 984. 23 | \$3, 797, 436.78 | \$973. 905.75 |
| 1792 | 5,896, 258.47 |  | 2,373, 611. 28 | 698, 050.25 | 8,962, 920.00! | 783, 444. 51 |
| 1793 | 1,749,070.73 |  | 2, 097, 859.17 | 2, 633,048.07 | 6, 479,977.97; | 753, 661. 69 |
| 1794 | 3, 545, 299.00 |  | 2,752,523.04 | 2, 743, 771.13 | 9, 041, 593.17 | 1, 151, 924. 17 |
| 1795. | 4, 362, 541.72 |  | 2, 947, 059.06 | 2, 841, 639.37 | 10, 151, 240.15 | 516, 442. 61 |
| 1796 | 2, 551, 303.15 |  | 3, 239, 347. 68 | 2,577, 126.01 | 8, 367, 776.84 | 888,905,42 |
| 1797 | 2, 836,110.52 |  | 3,172, 516.73 | 2, 61.7, 250.12 | 8, 625, 877.37 | 1,021, 899.04 |
| 1798 | 4, 651, 710.42 |  | 2,955,875.90 | 976, 032.09 | 8,583, 618.41 | $617,451.43$ |
| 1799 | 6, 480, 166. 72 |  | 2,815, 651. 41 | 1, 706, 578.84 | 11, 002, 396.97 | 2, 161, 867. 77 |
| 1800 | 7, 411, 369.97 |  | 3, 402, 601.04 | 1, 138, 563.11 | 11, 952, 534. 12 | 2, $623,311.99$ |
| 1801 | 4, 981, 669.90 |  | 4, 411, 830.06 | $2,879,876.98$ | 12, 273, 376.94 | $3,295,391.00$ |
| 1802 | 3, 737, 079.91 |  | 4, 239, 172. 16 | 5, 294, 235. 24 | 13, 270, 487. 31 | $5,020,697.64$ |
| 1803 | 4, 002, 824.24 |  | 3, 949, 462.36 | 3, 306,697.07 | 11, 258, 983.67 | 4, 825, 811.60 |
| 1804 | 4,452, 858.91 |  | 4, 185, 048. 74 | 3, 977, 206. 07 | 12, 615, 113.72 | 4, 037, 005. 26 |
| 1805 | 6, 357, 234.62 |  | 2, 657, 114. 22 | 4. $563,960.63$ | 13, 598, 309.47 | 3, 999, 388.99 |
| 1806 | 6, 080, 209.36 |  | 3, 368,968. 26 | 572, 018.64 | 15, 021, 196. 26 | $4,538,123.80$ |
| 1807 | 4, 984, 572.89 |  | 3, 369, 578.48 | 2, 938, 141. 62 | 11, 292, 292.99 | 9,643,850.07 |
| 1808 | 6, 504, 338.85 |  | 2,557, 074. 23 | 7, 701, 288.96 | 16, 762, 702, 04 | 9,941, 809.96 |
| 1809 | 7, 414, 672.14 |  | 2, 866, 074.90 | $3,586,479.26$ | 13, 867, 226.30 | 3, 848, 056.78 |
| 1810 | 5, 311, 082. 28 |  | 3, 163, 671.09 | $\therefore \quad 4,835,241.12$ | 13, 309, 994. 49 | 2, 672, 276.57 |
| 1811 | $5,592,604.86$ |  | 2, 585, 435.57 | $5,414,564.43$ | 13, 592, 604, 86 | 3,502,305 80 |
| 1812 | 17, 829, 498.70 |  | 2, 451, 272.57 | 1, $998,349.88$ | 22, 279, 121. 15 | 3,862, 21741 |
| 1813 | 28, 082, 390.92 |  | 3, 599, 455.22 | 7, 508, 668. 22 | 39, 190, 520.36 | 5, 196, 542:00 |
| 1814 | 30, 127, 686. 38 |  | $4,593,239.04$ | $3,307,304.90$ | $38,028,280.32$ | 1, 727, 848.63 |
| 1815 | $26,953,571.00$ |  | 5, 990, 090.24 | $6,638,832.11$ | 39,582, 493.35 | 13, 106,592 88 |
| 1816 | $23,373,432.58$ |  | 7, 822, 923.34 | 17,048, 139.59 | $48,244,495.51$ | 22, 033, 51.9. 19 |
| 1817 | 15,454, 609.92 |  | 4, 536, 282.55 | $20,886,753.57$ | 40,877, 646. 04 | 14, 989, 405.48 |
| 1818 | 13, 808, 673.78 |  | 6, 209, 954. 03 | 15, $086,247.59$ | $35,104,875.40$ | 1, 478,526 74 |
| 1819 | 16, 300, 273. 44 |  | 5, 211, 730.56 | 2, 492, 195. 73 | $24,004,199.73$ | 2, 079, 992.38 |
| 1820 | 13, 134., 530.57 |  | $5,151,004.32$ | 3, 477, 489.96 | $21.763,024.85$ | 1, 198, 461.21 |
| 1821 | 10, 723, 479.07 |  | 5, 126,073. 79 | 3, 241, 019.83 | 19,090, 572.69 | $1,681,592.24$ |
| 1822 | 9, 827, 643. 51 |  | 5, 172, 788.79 | 2, 676, 160.33 | 17, 676, 592.63 | 4, 237, 427.55 |
| 1823 | 9, 784, 154. 59 |  | 4, 922, 475.40 | 607, 541.01 | 15, 314, 171.00 | $9,468,922.81$ |
| 1824 | $15,330,144.71$ |  | 4,943, 557.93 | 11, 624, 835.83 | 31, 808, 538. 47 | 1,946,597. 13 |
| 1825 | 11, 490, 450.90 |  | 4, 366, 757.40 | 7, 728, 587. 38 | 23, 585, 804. 72 | $5,201,650.43$ |
| 1826 | 13, 062, 316. 27 |  | 3, 975, 542.95 | 7, 065, 539.24 | $24,103,398.46$ | 6, 358, 686. 18 |
| 1827 | 12, $653,095.65$ |  | 3, 486, 071.51 | 6,517,596.88 | 22, 656, 764: 04 | 6,668,286. 10 |
| 1828 | 13, 296, 041..45 |  | 3, 098, 800.60 | 9, 064, 637.47 | 25,459, 479.52 | $5,972,435.81$ |
| 1829 | 12, 641, 210. 40 |  | 2,542, 843.23 | 9,860,304.77 | 25, 044, 358. 40 | 5, 755, 704. 79 |
| 1830 | 13, 229,533.33 |  | 1,912,574.93 | $9,443,173.29$ | 24, 585, 281. 55 | 6, 014, 539.75 |
| 1831 | 13, 864, 067.90 |  | 1, 373, 748.74 | 14, 800, 629.48 | 30, 038, 446. 12 | 4, 502, 914. 45 |
| 1832 | 16, 516, 388. 77 |  | 772, 561.50 | 17, 067, 747.79 | 34,356, 698.06 | 2, 011, 777. 55 |
| 1833 | 22, $718,755.11$ |  | 303, 796.87 | 1, 239, 746:51 | $24,257,298.49$ | 11, 702, 905.31 |
| 1834 | 18,425, 417. 25 |  | 202, 152.98. | $5,974,412.21$ | 24, 601, 982. 44 | 8, 892, 858.42 |
| 1835 | 17, 514, 950.28 |  | 57, 863.08 | 328. 20 | 17, 573, 141.56 | 26, 749, 803.96 |
| 1836 | $30,868,164.04$ |  |  |  | 30, 868, 164. 04 | 46, 708, 436.00 |
| 1837 | 37, 243, 214. 24 |  |  | 21, 822.91 | 37, 265, 037. 15 | 37, 327, 252. 69 |
| 1838 | 33, 849, 718.08 |  | 14,996.48 | $5,590,723.79$ | $39,455,438.35^{i}$ | 36, 891, 196.94 |
| 1839 | $26,496,948.73$ |  | 399, 833.89 | 10,718, 153. 53 | 37, 614.936.15 | $33,157,503.68$ |
| 1840 | 24, 139, 920.11 |  | 174,598.08 | 3, 912, 015.62 | 28,226, 533.81 | 29,963, 163.46 |
| 1841 | $26,196,840.29$ |  | 284, 977.55 | $5,315,712.19$ | 31, 797, 530.03 | 28,685, 111.08 |
| 1842 | 24, $361,336.59$ |  | 773, 549.85 | 7, 801, 990. 09 | 32,936,876.53 | 30, $221,979.44$ |
| 1843* | 11, 256, 508.60 |  | $523,583.91$ | 338, 012. 64 | 12, 118, 105.15 | 39, 186, 284. 74 |
| 1844 | 20,650, 108.01 |  | 1, 883, 452. 13 | 11, 158, 450.71 | 33,642, 010.85 | 36, 74.2, 829.62 |
| 1845 | 21, 895, 369.61 | \$18, 231.43 | 1, 040, 458.18 | 7, 536, 349.49 | $30,490,408.71$ | 36, 194, 274.81 |
| 1846 | $26,418,459.59$ |  | 842, 723.27 | 371, 100.04 | 27, 632, 282.90 | 38, 261,959. 65 |
| 1847 | 53, 801, 569.37 |  | 1, 119, 214.72 | 5, 600, 067.65 | $60,520,851.74$ | $33,079,276.43$ |
| 1848 | 45, 227, 454. 77 |  | 2, $390,765.88$ | 13, 036, 922.54 | $60,655,143.19$ | 29, 416, 612.45 |
| 1849 | 39,933, 542. 61 | 82, 865.81 | 3, 565,535.78 | 12,804, 478.54 | $56,386,422.74$ | 32, 827, 082. 69 |
| 1850 | 37, 165, 990.09 |  | 3, 782, 393.03 | 3; 656, 335.14 | 44, 604, 718.26 | 35, 871, 753.31 |
| 1851. | 44, 054, 717. 66 | 69, 713.19 | 3, 696, 760.75 | 654, 912. 71 | 48, 476, 104. 31 | 40, 158,353. 25 |
| 1852 | 40, 389, 954. 56 | 170, 063.42 | $4,000,297.80$ | 2, 152, 293. 05 | 46, 712, 608. 83 | 43, $838,800.02$ |
| 1853 | 44, 078, 156.35 | 420, 498.74 | 3,665, 892.74 | 6,412,574.01 | 54, 577, 061.74 | 50, 261, 901. 09 |
| 1854 | 51, 967, 528. 42 | $2,877,818.69$ | 3,070, 926.69 | 17,556, 896.95 | $75,473,170.75$ | 48, 591, 073. 41 |
| 1855 | $56,316,197.72$ | $872,047.39$ | 2, 314, 464.99 | 6,662, 065. 86 | 66, 164, 775.96: | 47, 777, 672.18 |
| 1856 | $66,772,527.64$ | 385, 372.90 | 1, 953, 822.37 | 3, 614, 618. 66 | 72, 726, 341. 57 | $49,108,229.80$ |
| 1857 | $66,041,143.70$ | 363, 572.39 | 1,593, 265. 23 | 3, 276, 606.05 | 71, 274, 587. 37 | $46,802,855.00$ |
| 1858 | 72, 330, 437.17 | 574, 443.08 | $1,652,055.67$ | 7, 505, 250.82 | $82,062,186.74$ | $35,113,334.22$ |
| 1859 | 66, 355, 950.07 |  | $2,637,649.70$ | 14, 685,043.15 | 83, 678, 642.92 | $33,1.93,248.60$ |
| 1860 | 60, 056, 754. 71 |  | $3,144,120.94$ | 13, 854, 250. 00 | 77, 055, 125.65 | 32,979,530.78 |
| 1861 | $62,616,055.78$ |  | 4, 034, 157.30 | 18,737, 100.00 | 85, 387, 313.08 | 30,963, 857.83 |
| 1862 | $456,379,896.81$ |  | 13,190, 344.84 | 96, 097, 322.09 | 565, 667, 563.74 | 46,965, 304. 87 |
| 1863 | 694, 004, 575.56 |  | 24, 729, 700.62 | 181, 081, 635.07 | 899, 815, 911. 25 | 36,523, 046.13 |
| 1864 | 811, 283, 676. 14 |  | 53, 685, 412. 691 | 430, 572, 014.03 | 295, 54.1, 114.86 | 134, 433, 738. 44 |

January 1 to June 30, 1843.

CXXIV REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.
Table O.-Statement of the Expenditures of the United

| Year. | War. | Navy. | Indians. | Pensions. | Miscellaneous. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1865 | \$1,030,690,400.06 | \$122, 617, 434. 07 | \$5, 059, 360.71 | \$16, 347, 621. 34 | \$42, 989, 383.10 |
| 1866 | 283, 154, 676.06 | 43, 285, 662.00 | 3, 295, 729.32 | 15, 605, 549.88 | 40,613, 114. 17 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3.568,638,312.28 \\ i 3,621,780.07 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 717,551,816.39 \\ * 77,992.17 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103,369,211.42 \\ * 53,286.61 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 119,607,656.01 \\ * 9,737.87 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 643,604,554.33 \\ * 718,769.52 \end{array}$ |
|  | 3, 572, 260, 092. 35 | 717, 629, 808.56i | 103, 422, 498. 03 | 119, 617, 393.88 | 644, 323, 323.85 |
| 1867 | $95,224,415.63$ | 31, 034, 011.04 | 4, 642, 531. 77 | 20, 936, 551. 71 | 51, 110, 223.72 |
| 1868 | 223, 246, 648.62 | 25,775, 502.72 | 4, 100, 682. 32 | 23, 782, 386.78 | 53, 009, 867. 67 |
| 1869 | $78,501,990.61$ | 20,000, 757.97 | 7, $0 \pm 2,923.06$ | $28,476,621.78$ | $56,474,061.53$ |
| 1870 | $57,655,675.40$ | 21, 780, 229.87 | $3,407,938.15$ | 28, 340, 202. 17 | $53,237,461.56$ |
| 1871 | 35, 799, 991. 82 | 19, 431, 027.21- | 7, 426, 997.44 | 34, 4.43, 894.88 | $60,481,916.23$ |
| 1872 | 35, 372, 157. 20 | 21, $249,809.99$ | 7,061,728.82 | 28,583, 402.76 | 60, 984, 757.42 |
| 1873 | $46,323,138.31$ | 23,526, 256. 79 | 7,951, 704. 88 | 29, 359, 426. 86 | 73, 328, 110.06 |
| 187 | 42, 315, 927.22 | $30,932,587.42$ | 6, 692, 462.09 | 29, 038, 414. 66 | $85,141,593.61$ |
| 1875 | 41, 120, 645.98 | 21, 497, 626. 27 | 8,384, 656.82 | 29, 456, 216.22 | 71,070, 702. 98 |
| 1876. | 38, 070, 888.64 | 18,963, 309.82 | 5,966,558.17 | 28, 257, 395.69 | 73, 599, 661.04 |
| 1877 | 37, 032, 735.90 | 14,959, 935.36 | 5, 277,.007. 22 | $27,963,752.27$ | 58, 926,532. 53 |
| 1878 | $32.154,147.85$ | 17, 365, 301. 37 | 4, 629, 280. 28 | $27,137,019.08$ | 58, 177, 703. 57 |
| 1879 | $40,485,660.73$ | $15,125,126.84$ | 5, 206, 109.08 | 35, 121, 482. 39 | $65,741,555.49$ |
| 1880 | 38, 116, 916.22 | 13, 536, 984. 74 | 5,945, 457.09 | 56, 777, 174. 44 | 54, 713, 529.76 |
| 1881. | 40, 460, 460.55 | 15, 686, 671. 66 | $6,514,161.09 \mid$ | $50,059,279.62$ | 64, 416, 324.71 |
| 1882. | 43, 570, 494.19, | 15, 032, ${ }^{\text {in }} 46.26$. | 9, 736, 747.40 | 61,345, 193.95 | 57, 219, 750.98 |
| 1883 | 48, 911, 382.98 | 15, 283, 437.17 | 7, 362, 590. 34 | 66, 01: 573.64 | 68,678, 022. 21 |
| 188 | 39, 429, 603. 36 | 17, 292, 601. 44 | 6, 475, 999. 29 | $55,429,228.06$ | 70, 920, 433. 70 |
| 1883 | 42, 670,578.47 | 16,021, 079.67 | $6,552,494.63$ | 56, 102, 267. 49 | 87, 494, 258.38 |
| 1886 | 34, 324, 152.74 | 13, 907, 887.74 | 6, 099, 158.17 | 63, 404. 864. 03 | 74, 166, 929.85 |
| 1887 | 38,561, 025. 85 | 15, 141, 126.80 | 6, 194, 522. 69 | 75, 029, 101. 79 | 85, 264, 825.59 |
| 1888. | 38,522, 436.11 | 16, 926, 437. 65 | 6, 249,307. 87 | 80, 288, 508.77 | 72, 952, 260. 80 |
| 1889 | 44, 455, 270.85 | 21, 378, 809, 31 | 6, 892, 207. 78 | 87, 624, 779. 11. | 80, 664, 064. 26 |
| 1890. | 44, 582, 838.08 | 22, 006, 206. 24 - | 6,708,046.67 | 106, 936, 855.07 | 81, 403, 256. 49 |
| 1891 | 48, 720, 065.01 | 26, 113, 896, 46 | 8,527,469.01 | $124,415,951.40$ | 110, 048, 167. 49 |
| Total | $4,777,863,340.62,1,207,598,476.37$ |  | $264,471,240.161,373,889,938.502,368,549,295.48$. |  |  |

* Outstanding

Note.--This statement is made fiom warrants paid by the Treasurer up to June $30^{\circ}$ 1866. The

States from March 4, 1789, to June 30, 1891, etc.-Continued.

| Year. | Net ordinary expenditures. | Premiumas. | Interest. | Public debt. | Gross expenditures. | Balance in Treasuryat the end of the year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1865 | \$1. | \$1, 717, 900. 11 | \$77, 395, 090. 30 | \$609, 616, 141. 68 | 7 | 89 |
| 1866 | $385,954,731.43$ | 58,476.51 | 133, 067, 624.91 | 620, 263, 249. 10 | I., 139, 344, 081.95 | 165, 301, 654. 76 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,152,771,550.4 \\ * 4,481,566.2 \end{array}$ | $7,611,003.56$ | $\begin{array}{r} 502,689,515 \\ * 2,888 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,374,677,103.12 \\ \\ =150.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,037,749,176.38 \\ * 4,484,555.03 \end{array}$ | * $4,484,555.03$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 502,692,407.75 \\ & 143,781,591.91 \end{aligned}$ | 2,374, 677, 203.43 | 8,042, 233, 731.41 | 160, 817, 099.73 |
| 1867 |  |  | 735, 536, 980. 11 |  | 198, 076, 537. 09 |
| 1868 |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1,093,079,655.27 \\ & 1,069,889,970.74 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 158, 936, 082. 87 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1869 \\ & 1870 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 229,915,088.11 \\ & 190,496,354.95 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 140,424,045.71 \\ & 130,694,242.80 \end{aligned}$ | $261,912,718.31$ | 584, 777, 996. 11 | 183, 781, 985. 76 |
|  |  |  | 129, 235, 498.00 |  | . $702,907,842.88$ | 177, 604, 116. 5.1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1870 \\ & 1871 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 164, \varsigma u, 507.15!15,996, \text { bob. } 60 \\ & 157,583,827.58,9,016,794.81 \end{aligned}$ |  | - 125, 576, 565. 93 | $\begin{aligned} & 398,254,282.13 \\ & 399,503,670.65 \end{aligned}$ | 691, 680, 858.90. | 138, 019, 122. 15 |
| 1872 | 153, 201, 856.19 | 6, 958, 266.76 | 117, $357,839.72$ | 405, 007, 307. 54 | $682,525,270.21$ | 134, 666, 001. 85 |
| 1873 | $180,488,636.90$$194,118,985.00$ | 5, 105, 919.99 | 104, 750, 688. 44 | 233, 699, 352.58 | 524, 044, 597.91 | 159,293, 673.41 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1874 \\ & 1875 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,395, 073, 55 | 107, 119, 815.21 | 422, 065, 060.23 | 724, 698, 933.99 | 178, 833, 339. $5 \pm$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 194,118,985.00 \\ & 171,529,848.27 . \end{aligned}$ |  | 103, 093,544.57 | 407, 377, 492.48 | $682,000,885.32$ | 172, 804, 061. 32 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1875 \\ & 1876 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 171,529,848.27 \\ & 164,857,813.36 \end{aligned}$ |  | 100, 243, 271.23 | $449,345,272.80$ | 714, 446, 357. 39 | 149, 909, 37721 |
| 1877 | $144,209,963.28$ |  | 97, 124, 511.57 | 323, 965, 424.05 | $565,299,898.91$ | 214, 887, 645.88 |
| 1878 | $134,463,452.15$ |  | 102, 500, 874.65 | 353, 676. 944. 90 | 590, 641, 271. 70 | 286, 591, 453.88 |
| 1879 | 161, 619,984. 58 ; |  | 105, 327, 949.00 | $699,445,809.16$ | $966,393,692.69$ | 386, 832, 588. 65 |
| 1880 | $\begin{aligned} & 169.090,062.251 \\ & 177.142 .897 .63 \end{aligned}$ | 2, 795, 320.42 | 95, 757, 575. 11 | 432, 590, 280.41 | 700, 233, 238. 19 | 231, 940, 064. 44 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1881 \\ & 1882 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1, 061, 248.78 | 82, 508, 741. 18 | 165, 152, 335.05 | $425,865,222.64$ | 280, 607, 668.37 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 177,142,897.63 \\ & 186,904,232.78 \end{aligned}$ |  | 71, 077, 206.79 | 271, 646, 299.55 | 529, 627, 739. 12 | 275, 450, 903. 53 |
| 1883 | $\begin{aligned} & 186,904,232.78 \\ & 206,248,006.20 \end{aligned}$ |  | $59,160,131.25$ | 590, 083, 829.96 | $855,191,967.50$ | $374,189,081.98$ |
| 1884 | $189,547,865.85$ |  | 54, 578, 378.48 | $260,520,690.50$ | 504, 646, 934, 83 | 424, 941, 403.07 |
| 1885 | 208, 840, 678.64 |  | 51, 386, 256.47 | 211, 760, 353. 43 | 471, 987, 288. 54 | 521, 794, 026.26 |
| 1886 | 191, 902, 992. 53 |  | 50, 580, 345.97 | 205, 216, 709.36 | 447, 699, 847.86 | 526, 848, 755.46 |
| 1887 | 220, 190,602. 72 |  | 47, 741, 577.25 | 271, 901, 321. 15 | $539,833,501.12$ | 512, 851, 434. 36 |
| 1888 | 214, 938, 951. $2018,270.842 .46$ |  | 44, 715, 007.47 | 249, 700, 258.05 | 517, 685, 059.18 | $659,449,099.94$ |
| 1889 | $240,995,181.31 i 17,292,362.65$ |  | $41,001,484.29$ | 318, 922, 412. 35 | 618, 211, 390.60 | 673, 399, 118. 18 |
| 1890 | $\begin{aligned} & 261,637,202.55: 20,304,224.06 \\ & 317,825,549.37: 10,401,220.61 \end{aligned}$ |  | 36, 099, 284.05 | 312, 206, 367.50 | $630,247,078.16$ | 691, 527, 403.76 |
| 1891 |  |  | 37, 547, 135.37 | $365,352,470.87$ | 731, 126, 376.22 | 726, 222, 332. 60 |
|  | 9, 992, 372, 291. 13125,698,013.65 |  | $2,682,075,770.1811,807,130,532.4324,607,276,607.39$ |  |  |  |

warrants.
outstandiug warrants are then added, and the statement is by warrants issucd from that dato.

## CXXVI REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

# Table P.--Statement of the Receipts and Disbursemignts by United States assistant Treasurers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891. 

## BALTIMORE.

Balance June 30, 1890
$\$ 12,542,769.06$

## Receiprs.

| On accou | \$3,767, 281. 74 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal re | 267.16 |
| On account of gold certificates, series 1888 | 1, 025,000.00 |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June S, 187 | 4, 070, 000.00 |
| On account of Post-Oftice Dopartment........... | 432, 501. 25 |
| On account of transfers | 7,667, 797.55 |
| On account of patent fees | 225.00 |
| On account of disloursing officers | 3,564, 193.95 |
| On account of semiannual duty | 10, 115. 28 |
| On account of Secretary of the Treasury | 3, 804.90 |
| On account of Treasurer United States, transfer account | $667,772.09$ |
| On account of repayments. | 40, 146.12 |
| On account of redemption and exchange | 10,603,971.00 |
| Oń account of miscellancous . . . . . . . . | . 8, 059.15 |

## dISBURSEALENTS.

| On account of Treasury drafts | 4, 498, 007.43 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of post-office drafts | 454, 601. 55 |
| On account of disbursing officers | 3, 607, 768.44 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 610.25 |
| On account of interest | 759, 680.04 |
| On account of redemption and exchange | 10,589, 961.00 |
| On account of gold certificates, series 1888 | 1,580,000. 00 |
| On account of Treasurer United States, transfer accol | 1, 042, 392. 20 |
| On account of transfers | 4,713,342. 75 |
| On account of bonds purchased | 952, 827.00 |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872 | $4,400,000.00$ |
| On account of miscellaneous ... | 146.25 |

32,599, 386.91

Balance June 30, 1891
$\checkmark$

BOSTON, MASS.
Balance June 30, 1890
$\$ 16,538,088.62$

## RECEIPTS.

On acconnt of customs ................................................................ $\$ 19,743,463.37$

On account of Post-office Department . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .............. $2,735,105.21$
On account of transfers:
Treasurer's
Standard dollars
16,415, 741. 22
n account of patent fees
2, 415, 700.00
6, 838.20
On account of disbursing offlcers
$23,735,590.80$ 118, 812.27
27, 636.93
On account of semiannual duty , 77]. 703. 00
ancount of the Secretary of the Treasury $1,799,905.06$

## DISBURSEMENTS.


$94,068,584.68$

# Table P.-Receipts and Disbursements, etc.-Continued. 

CHICAGO.
Balance June 30, 1890.
$\$ 16,629,488.58$
RBEEIPTS.

| On account of customs | \$7,341,653.46 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal revenue | 902,407. 51 |
| On account of sales of public lands | 2, 199. 39 |
| On account of gold certiticate | 1,115,000. 00 |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 1,290, 000.00 |
| On account of Post-Otfice Department | -6,370, 802.30 |
| On account of transfors: |  |
| Treasurer's | 32, 098, 459. 64 |
| Standard dollars | 4, 578, 295.00 |
| On account of patent fees | 3,791.00 |
| On account of disbursing officers | 16,596, 322. 52 |
| On account of semiannual duty | 20,066. 38 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 6,907. 35 |
| On account of repayments | 360, 813. 08 |
| . On account of redemptions and silver exchanges | 6,885, 771. 86 |
| On account of miscellaneous | 11, 865. 11 |
| disbursements. |  |
| On account of Treasury drafts. | 20,766, 412. 17 |
| On account of Post-Office drafts | 7, 142, 131: 89 |
| On account of disbursing accounts | 16, 21.6, 897. 12 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 7, 155. 14 |
| On account of interest ...................... | 546, 138.24 |
| On account of silver exchanges | 6,877, 281.00 |
| On account of silver certificates. | 1, 402,000.00 |
| On account of gold certificates. | 3, 230,000.00 |
| On account of transfers | 15, 302, 572. 20 |
| On account of United States notes, mutilated | 3, 741, 000.00 |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872 | 1, 090, 000.00 |

## CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Balance June 30, 1890

## RECEIPTS.

| On account of customs. | \$1, 906, 256. 13 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal revenu | 617, 737.76 |
| On account of certificates of deposit, act Jane 8, | $780,000.00$ |
| On account of Post-Office Department. | 1,959, 132.98 |
| On account of transfers: |  |
| Treasurer's. | 7, 319, 445.42 |
| Standard dollars | 1, 879, 215.00 |
| On account of patent fees | 327.40 |
| On account of disbursing officers | 2, 157, 188. 13 |
| On account of semiannual duty | 19, 779.91 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 152, 126.72 |
| On account of redemption and exchange. | 3,962, 054.90 |
| On account of miscellaneous. | 1, 537, 331.34 |

22, 290, 595.69

35,576,228.80
$2,803,146.70$
2,051, 708. 25
2,079, 298.45
680, 698.31
3, 105,587. 00
38,000. 00
896, 000.00
6, 532, 622.58
1, 346,000.00
1, 110,000.00
870, 855.00
2, 758.94

77, 584, 354. 60
$94,213,843.18$
0
20, 766, 412. 17
16, 216 , 897.12
7, 155. 14
546, 138. 24
6, 402.000 .00
3, 230,000. 00
15, 302, 572. 20
]. $090,000.00$

## 5

$\$ 13 ; 285,633.11$

## CXXVIII REPOR'T OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

## Table P.-Receipts and Disbursements, etc.-Continued.

## NEW ORLEANS, LA:


RECEIPTS.

| On account of customs. | . $\$ 2,654,025.61$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal revenue | 720.06 |
| On account of sales of public lands | 67, 136. 26 |
| On account of Postroffice Department | 1, 145, 110.09 |
| On account of transfers: |  |
| Treasurer's | 22, 650, 088.07 |
| Standard dollars and fraction | 6, 839, 380.00 |
| On account of patent fees | 434.25 |
| On account of diskursing ofticers | 3,376, 807. 38 |
| On account of assay oftice, bullion | 956.49 |
| On account of semiammal duty | 11, 103. 27 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Irea | 1, 820.70 |
| On account of repayments . . . . . . . . . . . | 55, 293. 23 |
| On account of redemption and exchasge | 10, 008, 896.00 |
| On account of miscellaneous | 16,571. 50 |

$46,828,343.81$
$66,456,743.30$

| On account of Treasury drafts | \$4, 061, 756. 05 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of Post-Office drafts | 1, 187, 649. 19 |  |
| On account of disbursing officers | 3,291, 360.79 |  |
| On account of interest | 222, 058.08 |  |
| On account of redemption and exchange | 10,008,896. 00 |  |
| On account of gold certificates | 188, 000.00 |  |
| On account of silver certificates, mutilated | 1, 468,000.00 |  |
| On account of transters. | 25.189, 433.55 |  |
| On account of Unitde States notes, mutila | 1, 451, 003.00 |  |
| On account of Secretary of the Treasury. | - 1,540. 77 |  |
| On acconnt of national bank notes | 850, 0:0.00 |  |
| On account of Treasury notes mutilated | 2,000.00 |  |
|  |  | 47, 921, 294. 43 |
| Balance June 30, 1891. |  | 18,535,448.87 |

6
NEW YORK.
Balance June 30, 1890

## RECEIPTS.

| On account of customs | \$151, 973, 131. 16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of internal revenue. | $80,675.45$ |  |
| On account of gold certificates, series 1888. | 12, 625,000. 00 |  |
| On account of certificaties of deposil, act of June 8, 1872 | 23, $470,000.00$ |  |
| On account of Post-Office Department | 13, 753,334. 26 |  |
| On account of transfers: |  |  |
| Treasurer's | 245, 040,965.99 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | $5,296,025.00$ |  |
| On account of patent fees. | 2,559.65 |  |
| On account of disbursing officers | 314, 281, 079.01 |  |
| On account of assay office: |  |  |
| Ordinary expenses. | 172, 130.95 |  |
| Bullion. | 24, 056, 070.91 |  |
| On account of semiannual duty. | 172, 31.5 .24 |  |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 45, 972. 65 |  |
| On account of interest...... | 24, 203, 178.44 |  |
| On account of redemption and exchange | 300, 786394.90 |  |
| On account of purchase of United States bonds | $64,644,586.23$ |  |
| On account of special customs deposits | 207, 934, 731.86 |  |
| On account of purchase of Pacific Railroad bonds | 4, 529,519.03 |  |
| On account of miscellaneous... | $5,575,290.58$ |  |
|  |  | 1, 398, 642, 96. 26 |
| , |  | 1, 579, 382, 743. 70 |


| acount of | 378, 456, 083. 82 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of Post-Ottice drafts | 13.858, 453.50 |
| On account of disbursing officers | 200, 382, 971.67 |
| On account of assay oftice: |  |
| Ordinary expenses | 170, 988. 83 |
| Bullion | 17, 255, 002.52 |
| On account of interes | 24, 203, 178; 44 |

## RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS BY SUB-TREASURIES.

## Table P.-Receipts and Disbursements, etc.-Continued.

## NEW YORK-Continued.

## disbursements-Continued.

| On account of redemption and exchange | \$300, 412, 937. 90 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On account of gold certificates | $38,745,120.00$ | * |
| On account of silver certificates | 33, 806, 007. 00 |  |
| On account of transfers | 104, 735, 787.68 |  |
| On account of United States notes, mut | 34, 398, 051. 00 |  |
| On account of certificates of deposit, ac | 13, 650, 000.00 |  |
| On account of fractional currency. | 1,350.00 |  |
| On account of national-bank notes | 3,072, 000.00 |  |
| On account of Treasury notes. | $749,000.00$ |  |
| On account of United States bouds | 64, 644, 586. 23 |  |
| On account of special customs deposits | 208, 215, 049. 85 |  |
| On account of Pacific Railroad bouds. | $4,553,834.93$ | $, 453.37$ |
| Balance June 30, 1891 |  | 290.33 |

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Balance June 30, 1890 ..................................................................................................... $\$ 26,276,294.53$

## RECEIPTS.

| On accoun | \$20, 553, 084. 55 |
| :---: | :---: |
| On account of transfer account Treastirer U | 2,510, 679.01 |
| On account of the Secretary of the Treasury | 15, 120.00 |
| On account of certificates, act June $8,1872$. | 7,210, 000.00 |
| On account of Post-Office. Tepartm | 2,993, 700.45 |
| On account of transfers of funds | 20,071, 893.13 |
| On account of patent fees | 1, 747. 25 |
| On account of disbursing officers | 17, 049, 541.01 |
| On account of redemption and exchange | 22, 259, 829.00 |
| On account of semiannual duty | 50, 123.56 |
| On account of gold certificates, series 1888 | 14, 665,000.00 |
| On account of suspense account. | 2, 442.40 |
| On account of miscellaneous. | 1, 898, 409. 21 |

$-135,557,864.10$
18, 314, 599. 70
3,270, 089.68
16,454,723. 04
22, 194, 267. 00
9,668. 45
$1,411,500.97$
2, 288, 476.52
31, $627,045,14$
$6,700,000.00$
$13,710,000.00$
$2,377.84$
115, 982, 748. 34
Balance June 30, 1891
$19,575,115.76$

## ST. LOUIS, MO.

Balance June 30, 1890
$\$ 22,861,276.87$

## RECEIPTS.



## REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Table P.-Receipts and Disbursements, etc.-Continued.

## ST. LOUIS-Continued.

## DISBURSEMENTS.



## SAN FRANCISCO.

Balance June 30, 1890
$\$ 68,223,605.06$

## RECLIPTS.


On account of internal revenue.
304, 513. 42



On account of transfers:
'Treasurer's
11, 644, 567. 65
Standard dollars
11, 644, 567. 65
$2,140,245.00$
$14,206.80$

$13,083,505.99$
4, 727. 22
On account of semiannual duty
40, 493. 15
On account of the Secretary of the Treasury
$40,493.15$
$960,930.00$
On account of fractional silver coin
577,756. 63

112, 178, 541.17
DISBURSEMENTS.


Tabrif Q．－Statement showing the Present Liabifities of the United States to Indian Tribes undfr Treaty Stipulations．

| Namcs of treaties． | Description of annuities，etc． | Number of installments yet unap－ propriated，explanations，etc． | Reference to laws，Statutes at Largo． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A paches，Kiowas， and Comanches． | Thirty installments，provided to be expended under the tenth article treaty of October 21， 1867. | Six installments，unappropriated， at $\$ 30,000$ each． | Vol．15，p．584， 810 |  | \＄180， 000.00 | － |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Purchase of clothing．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Tenth article treaty of October 21， 1867. | ．．．do | \＄11，000． 00 |  |  |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Pay of carpenter，farmer，blacksmith，miller， and engineer． <br> Pay of physician and teacher $\qquad$ | Fourteenth article treaty of Oc－ tober $21,1867$. $\qquad$ | Vol．15；p．585，§ 14 <br> $\ldots .$. do ．．．．．．．． | $4,500.00$ $2,500.00$ |  |  |  |
| Cheyennes and Arapahoes． | Thirty installments，provided to be expended under tenth article treaty of October 28， 1867. | Six installments，unappropriated， at $\$ 20,000$ each． | Vol． $15, \mathrm{p} .596, ¢ 10$ | 2，500．00 | $120,000.00$ |  |  |
| Arapahoes． Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | under tenth article treaty of October 28，1867． Purchase of clothing，same article |  |  | 12，000． 00 |  |  |  |
| Do．．．．．．．．．． | Pay of physician，carpenter，farmer，black－ smith，miller，engineer，and teacher． |  | Vol．15，p．597，§13 | 6，500．00 |  |  |  |
| Do．．． | Interest on $\$ 1,000,000$ at 5 per cent per annum． | Agreement approved Mar．3，1891， 26 Stats．， 1025. |  |  | ．$\quad$－．．．．．．．．．． | \＄50，000．00 | \＄1，000，000．00 |
| Chickasaws． | Permanent annuity in geods ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | Vol．1，p． $619 . . .$. |  |  | 8，000．00 |  |
| Chippewas of the Mississippi． | Forty－six installments to be paid to the chiefs of the Mississippi Indians． | One installment of $\$ 1,000$ ，due．．． | Vol．9，p．904，§ 3. |  | 1，000．00 |  |  |
| Chippewas，Pilla－ ger and Lake Winnebagoshish bands． | Forty installments：in money，$\$ 1.0,666.66$ ； goods，$\$ 8,000$ ；and for purpeses of utility， $\$ 4,000$ ． | Three installments，of $\$ 22,666.66$ each，due． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vol. 10, p. 1168, § } \\ & \text { ?; vol.13,p.694, } \\ & \S 3 . \end{aligned}$ |  | 67， 909.98 |  |  |
| Choctaws．．．．．．．．．．． | Permanent annuities | Second article treaty of Novem． ber $16,1805, \$ 3,000$ ；thirteenth article treaty of October 18,1820 ， $\$ 600$ ；second article treaty of January $20,1825, \$ 6,000$ ． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vol. 7, p. 99, § } 2 ; \\ & \text { vol. } 11, \text { p. 614, } \\ & \text { 13; vol.7,p.21. } \\ & \text { § 13; vol. } 7, \mathrm{p} . \end{aligned}$ | ＊－－ |  | $\therefore 9,600.00$ | ．－．．．．．．．．．．． |
| ¢ Do．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Provisions for smiths，ete．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Sixth article treaty of October 18 ， 1820；minth article treaty of January 20， 1825. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Vol. }, \mathrm{p} .212, \S 6 ; \\ \text { vol.7,p.236, } 89 ; \\ \text { vol.7,p.614, §13. } \end{array}$ |  |  | 920.00 | ．．．．． |

Table Q.-Statement showing the Present Llabilities of the United States to Indian Tribes, etc.-Continued.

| Names of treaties. | Description of annuities, eto. | Number of installments zet unappropriated, explaniations, ète. | Reference to laws, Statutes at Large. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choctaws..... | Interest on $\$ 390,257.92$, articles 10 and 13 , treaty of January 22, 1855. |  | Vol.11, p. 614, § 13 |  |  | \$19,512. 89 | \$390, 257.92 |
| Creeks | Permanent annuities............................ | Treaty of August 7, 1790 | Vol. 7, p. 36, § 4.. |  |  | 1,500.00 |  |
|  | - ....do.......... | Treaty of June 16, $1802 \ldots$. | Vol. 7, p. $699^{8} 2$. |  |  | 3,000.00 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do } \\ & \text { Do } \end{aligned}$ | Smiths, shops, etc ...... | Treaty of January 24, 1826....... | Vol. 7, p. 287, \%8. |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,110.00 \\ 600.00 \end{array}$ | $22,200.00$ $12,000.00$ |
| Do. | Wheelwright, permanent........................ | Treaty of January 24, 1826, and August 7, 1856 . | Vol. 7, p. 287, §8; Vol. 11, p. 700, §5. |  |  | 600.00 | 12, 000.00 |
| Do.............. | Allowance, during the pleasure of the President, for blacksmitlis, assistants, shops, and tools, iron and steel, wagon-maker, education, and assistants in asricultural opera- | Treaty of February 14, 1833, and treaty of August 7, 1856. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Vol. } 7, \text { p. } 419, \text { \& } 5 ; \\ \text { vol. } 11, \text { p. } 700, \S 55 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 840.00 \\ 270.00 \\ 600.00 \\ 1,000.00 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| - | tions, etc. |  |  | 2,000. 00 |  |  |  |
| Do............. | Interest on $\$ 200,000$ held in trust, sixth article treaty August 7, 1856. | Treaty of August 7,1856. | Vol.11, p. 700; §6. |  |  | 10,000.00 | 200,000.00 |
| Do.. | Interest on $\$ 275,168$ held in trust, third article treaty June 14, 1886, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior. | Expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior. | Vol. 14, p. 786, §3. |  |  | 13,758. 40 | $275,168.00$ |
| Do. | Interest on $\$ 2,000$, at 5 per cent per annum. | Act March 1; $1889 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 25 Stats., $789 \ldots$ |  |  | 100,000.00 | 2,000,000.00 |
| Crows | For supplying male persons over fourteen years of age with a suit of good. substantial woolen clothing; fernales over twelve years of age a flannel skirt or goods to make the same; a pair of woolen hose, calico, and domestic; and boys and girls under the ages named such flannel and cotton goods as their recessities may require. | Treaty of May 7, 1868; seven installments, of $\$ 15,000$ each, due, estimated. | Vol.15, p.651, §9. |  | \$105, 000.00 |  |  |
| Do. |  | Treaty of May 7, $1868 . \ldots \ldots . . . . .$. | do ............ | 4,500.00 |  |  |  |
| Do. | Blacksmith. iron and steel. and for seeds and agricaltural implements. | Estimater at. | Vnt.15: n. 651.58 | 1.500, 00 |  |  |  |
| Do............ | Twenty-five installments of $\$ 30,000$ each, in cash or otherwise, under the direction of the President. | Fifteen installments of $\$ 30,000$ each, due. | Act of April 11, | . | 450,000.00 |  |  |


| Lowas | Interest on $\$ 57,500$, being the balance on $\$ 157,500$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Do | Five annual installments of \$3,600; five an- |
|  | nual installments of $\$ 3,000$; five anuual installments of $\$ 2,400$; five annual install- |
|  | ments of $\$ 1,800$; five annual installments of |
|  | \$1,200, to be paid per capita. |
| Indians at Blạckfeet A gency. | Ten installments of annuity at $\$ 150,000$ each. |
| Indians at Fort | Ten installments of annuity at $\$ 115,000$ each . |
| Belknap Agency. |  |
| Indians at Fort | Ten installments of annuity at $\$ 165,000$ each |
| Peok Agency. |  |
| Indians at Fort Hall Agency. | Twenty installments of annuity of \$6,000 |
| Indians at Fort | Ten installments of \$80,000 each, under direc- |
| Berthold Agency. | tion of the Secretary of the Interior. |
| Kansas | Interest on $\$ 135,000$ ail 5 per cent. |
| Kickapoos | Interest on \$73,648.86, at 5 per cent |
| Molels | Pay of teacher to manual-labor school and subsistence of pupils, etc. |
| Nez Percés | Salary of tive matrons for schools, fivassistant teachers, farmer, carpenter, and five millers. |
| Northern Chey. ennes and Arapahoes. | Thirty installments for purchase of clothing, as per sixth article of treaty May 10, 1868. |
| Do. | Pay of two teachers, two carpenters, two farmers, miller, blacksmith, engineer, and physician: |
| Osages | Interest on $\$ 69,120$ at 5 per cent for educational purposes. |
| , Do.............. | Interest on $\$ 300,000$ at 5 per cent, to be paid semiannually in money or such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct. |
| Ottoes and Missou. rias. | Twelve installments, last series, in money or otherwise. |
| Pawnees. | Annuity goods and such articles as may be necessary. |
| Do | Support of two manual-labor schools and pay of teachers, |
| Do | For iron and steel and other necessary articles for shops, and pay of two blacksmiths, one of whom is to be tin and gun smith, and compensation of two strikers and apprentices. |
| Do | Farming utensils and stock, pay of farmer, miller, and engineer, and compensation of apprentices to assistin working in the mill |
| Pon | Amount to be expended during the pleasure of the President for purposes of civilization. |


|  | Vol.10,p.1071,89 |  |  | . 2,875.00 | 57,500.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Four installments of $\$ 3,600$, due, also the twenty installments mentioned in first column. | Vol. 26,p.756, §7 |  | $56,400.00$ |  | $\therefore . . .$ |
| Six installments due.. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Act of May } 1, \\ & 1888 . \end{aligned}$ |  | 900, 000.00 |  |  |
| . do |  |  | 690,000.00 |  |  |
| .do | . do |  | 990,000.00 |  |  |
| Expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior; seventeen installments due. | Agreement of February 23; 1889. |  | 102, 000. 00 |  |  |
| Nine installments of $\$ 80,000$, each, due. | $\text { Act of March } 3,$ |  | 720,000.00 |  |  |
|  | Vol.9, p. 842, \& 2. |  |  | 6,750.00 | 135,000.00 |
|  | Vol.10, $\mathrm{p} .1079,82$. |  |  | 3,682.44 | 73,648.86 |
| Treaty of December 21, 1855 | Vol.12,p,982, §2. | 3,000.00 |  |  |  |
| Treaty of June 9, 1863 | Vol.14, p. 650, §5. | 6, 000.00 |  |  |  |
| Seven installments, of $\$ 12,000$ each, due. | Vol.15,p.657, §6. |  | 84, 000.00 |  |  |
| Estimated at. | Vol.15,p.658, §7: | 9,000.00 |  |  |  |
| Resolution of the Senate to treaty, Jamuary 2, 1885. | Vol. 7, p. 242, §6. |  |  | 3,450.00 | 69,120.00 |
| Treaty of September 29, 1865...... | Vol. 14,p.687, §1. |  |  | 15,000.00 | 300,000.00 |
| Three installweuts, of $\$ 5,000$ each, due. | Vol.10,p.1039,§4. |  | 15, 000.00 |  |  |
| Treaty of September 24, $1857 \ldots$ | Vol.11, p. 729, §2. |  |  | 30, 000.00 |  |
| . . do | Vol.11, p. 729,§ 3. | 10,000.00 |  |  |  |
| Estimated for iron and steel, $\$ 500$; two blacksmiths, $\$ 1,200$; and two strikers, $\$ 480$. | Vol.11,p.729, §4- | 2,180.00 |  |  |  |
| Estimated | Vol.12,p.730, § 4. | 4,400.00 |  |  |  |
| Treaty of March 12, 1868. | Fol.12, p.998, § 2. | 18,000. 00 |  |  |  |

Table Q.-Statement showing the Present Liabilities of the United States to Indian Tribes, etc.-Continued.

| Names of treaties. | Description of annuities, etc. | Number of installments yet unappropriated, explanations, etc. | Reference to laws, Statutes at Large. |  |  | A mount of annual liabilities of a permanent character. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pottawatomies | Permanent annuity in money | Angust 3, 1795 ... | Vol. 7, p. 51, 84. |  |  | \$357.80 | \$7, 156.00 |
| Do |  | September 30,1809 | Vol. 7, p. 114, 3 3. |  |  | 178.90 | 3,578.00 |
| Do | do. | October 2,1818... | Vol. 7, p. 185, \% 3. |  |  | 894.50 | 17,880.00 |
| Do | .....do.. | September 20, 1828 | Vol. 7, p. 317, S2. |  |  | $\bigcirc{ }^{5} 715.60$ | 14,312.00 |
| Do | Permanent annuties............................. | July 29,1829 ....................... | -Vol. 7, p. 330, §2. |  |  | 5,724.77 | 114, 495.40 |
| Do | Permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, iron, and steel. | Octobor 16, 1826; September 20 , 1828; July 29, 1829. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Vol, } 7, p, 296,3 ; \\ \text { vol. } 7, p .318,2 \\ \text { vol } 7, p 321,82 \end{array}$ | $\because$ | . | 1,008.99 | 20, 179.80 |
| Do | Permanent provision for furnishing salt | July 29, 1829 | Vol. 7, p, 320. 2. |  |  | 156.54 | 3,120.80 |
| Do. | Permanent provision for payment of money in lien of tobacco, iron, and steel. | September 29, 1828; June 5 and 17, 1846. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vol. } 7, \text { p. } 318,82 ; \\ & \text { vol. } 9, \text { p. } 855,810 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 107. 34 | 2,146.80 |
| Do. | For interest on $\$ 230,064.20$ at 5 per cent . ..... | June 5 and 17,1846............... | Vol. 9.p, 855.87. |  |  | 11,593:21 | 230, 064. 20 |
| Quapaws | For education, smith, farmer, and smith-shop during the pleasure of the President. | $\$ 1,000$ for education, $\$ 500$ for smith, etc. | Vol. 7, p. 425, §3. | \$1,500. 00 |  |  |  |
| Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. | Permanent annuity . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Treaty of November 3,1804 ....... | Vol, 7, p. 85, § $3 .$. |  |  | 1,000.00 | 20,000.00 |
|  | Interest on \$200,000, at 5 per cent . . . . . . . . . . | Treaty of October 21, 1837........ | Vol. 7, p. 541, \$2.. |  |  | 10,000.00 | 200, 000.00 |
| Do. | Interest on $\$ 800,000$, at 5 per ceut. . . . . . . . . . . | Treaty of October 21, 1842 | Vol. 7, p. 596, 62. |  |  | 40,000. 00 | $800,000.00$ |
| Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi. | Interest on $\$ 300,000$ at 5 per cent per annum ... | Act February 13, 1891..... | 26 Stats, 758.... |  |  | 15,000.00 | 300.000.00 |
| Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. | Interest on \$157,400, at 5 per cent | Treaty of October 21, 1837......... | Vol. 7, p. 543, §2. |  |  | 7,870.00 | 157, 400.00 |
| Do............ | For support of school | Treaty of March 6, 1861 | Vol.12,p.1172, § 5. | 200.00 |  |  |  |
| Seminoles ....... | Interest on $\$ 500,000$, eighth article of treaty of August 7, 1856. | \$25,000 annual annuity. | Vol. 11, p. 702, $8^{\circ}$ |  |  | 25,000.00 | 500,000.00 |
| Do.. | Interest on $\$ 70,000$, at 5 per cent. . . . . . . . . . . . . | Support of schools, ete | Vol, 14. p, 757,§3 |  |  | 3,500.00 | 70,000. 00 |
| Seminoles | Interest on \$1,500.000, at 5 per cent per annum . | March 2, $1889 \ldots$. | 25 Stats. $\mathbf{p}, 1004$ |  |  | 75,000.00 | 1,500, 000.00 |
| Senecas... | Permanent.annuity ............................. | September 9 and 17,1817 | Vol.7,p.161, §4; |  |  | 1,000.00 | 20,000,00 |
| Do. | Smith and smith shop and miller; permanent.. | February 28,1821 | Vol. 7, p. 349,\% 4. |  |  | 1,660, 00 | 33,200.00 |






Table R.-Statement of Redeemed United States Securities Received by the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury for Final Count, Examination, and Destruction, during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| Title of security. | Denominations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1's. | 2's. | 5's. | 10's. | 20's. | 50's. | 100's. | 500's. | 1,000's. | 5,000's. | 10,000's. |  |
| United States notes, new issue... | \$1,962.00 | \$3,216 | \$31, 160. 00 | \$64,435 | \$78, 220 | \$12,700 | \$15, 200 | \$7,500 | \$3, 000 |  |  | \$217, 393.00 |
| United States uotes, series $1869 .$. | 8, 862. 50 | 11,424 | 100, 787. 50 | 482, 290 | 642, 630 | 94, 250 | 261, 800 | 7, 000 | 139,000 |  |  | 1, 748, 044.00 |
| United States notes, series 1874... | 4, 760.50 | 5,312 |  |  |  | 396, 350 |  | 115, 500 |  |  |  | 1521,921.50 |
| United States notes, series 1875.. | $12,315.50$ | 15,322 | 152;262.50 | 220,505 | 420,930 | 49,500 | 405, 000 | 143,500 |  |  |  | 1,419, 335.00 |
| United States notios, series 1878.. | 11,859.00 | 10, 163 | 157, 575.00 | 17 341,590 | 790, 970 | 336,950 | - 689,200 | 406, 000 | 493, 000 | \$10,000 |  | \%3,247, 307. 00 |
| Onited States notes, series 1880.. | 338, 383.50 | 367, 561 | 16, 261, 610. 00 | 17, 156, 605 | 15, 957, 230 | 3, 129, 100 | 4, 533, 500 | 2, 271, 000 | 3,623,000 |  |  | $63,637,999.50$ $1,624,000.00$ |
| Treasury notes, series 1890. | 139,967.00 | 34, 908 | 123,815.00 | 512,290 | 21, 320 |  | 186, 700 |  | 605,000 |  |  | 1, 624, 000.00 |
| Demand notes |  |  | 125.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 385.00 |
| One-year notes of 1863 |  |  |  | 70 | 320 |  | 100 |  |  |  |  | 490.00 |
| Two-year notes of 1863... |  |  |  |  |  | 150 | 100 |  |  |  |  | 250.00 |
| Compound-interest notes of 1863 . |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30.00 |
| Compound-interest notes of 1864 . |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{330}$ | 1,240 | ${ }^{3} 5350$ | 100 | 7500 |  |  |  | 2,720.00 |
| Silver certificates, series $1878 \ldots$. |  |  |  | 8,850 | 28, 200 |  | 36, 200 | 7,000 | 18,000 |  |  | 134, 600.00 |
| Silver certificates, series 1880 |  |  |  | 7,557, 250 | 8,040,440 | 755,750 | 849,200 | 490, 000 | 715, 000 |  |  | 18,407, 640.00 |
| Silver certificates, series 1886. | 11, 389, 274.00 | 7,868,255 | 21, 597, 432.00 | 12, 200, 385 | 130, 980 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 53, 186, 326. 00 |
| Gold, certificates, New York, sories 1882 |  |  |  |  | 701,140 | 557, 750 | 270, 200 | 186,000 | 161, 000 | 60,000 | \$630,000 | 2,566,090.00 |
| Gold certificates, Waslington, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| series $1882 . . . . . . . .$. |  |  |  |  | 1,270,540 | 1, 029, 600 | 1,427, 300 | 1,981, 500 | 5, 150, 000 | 4,555,000 | 9,020,000 | 24, 433, 1240.140 .00 |
| Refunding certificates.......... |  |  |  | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $12,140.00$ |
| and liquidating banks ......... | 3,638.00 | , 2,984 | 1,564, 460.00 | 3, 048, 410 | 2, 494, 960 | 649, 950 | 842,500 | 15,000 | 8,000 |  |  | 8,629,902.00 |
| retired. ......................... |  | 576 | 15,277, 305.00 | 14, 041, 330 | 0, 126, 580 | 1, 962, 350 | 3, 664,300 | 1,000 |  |  |  | 44, 074, 220.00 |
|  | 11, 911, 811.00 | 8,319,720 | 55, 266, 532.00 | 55, 646, 570 | 39, 705, 900 | 9, 011, 300 | 13, 181, 400 | 5,631,500 | 10, 915, 000 | 4,625,000 | 9,650,000 |  |
| Redeemed United States fractional currency. |  |  |  |  |  | Denominations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 c . | 5 c . | 10c. | 15c. | 25. | 50 c. |  |
| Fractional currenoy, first issue.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$8. 47 | \$16.18 |  | \$33.58 | \$44. 05 | 102.28 |
| Fractional currency, second issu Fractional currency, third issue |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.11 5.13 | 20.66 74.23 |  | ${ }^{30} 53$ | -33,75 | 98.05. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0.35 | 5.13 | 74.23 143.96 | \$64.99 | ${ }^{1271.58}$ | - 223.60 | 425.40 531.13 |
| Fractional currency, fourth issue.Fractional currency, fourtb issue, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 331.25 | 331.25 |
| Fractional currency, fourth issue, Fractional currency, fifth issue. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 300.70 | 300.70 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 385.67 |  | 965.49 | 691.40 | 2,042. 56 |
| Total. <br> Redeemed United States internal-revenue stam |  |  |  |  |  | . 35 | 26.71 | 640.70 | 64.99 | 1,423.17 | 1,675.45 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2. 588, 803.48 |
| Aggregate of redeemed United States secarities received for destruction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 266, 457, 367.85 |

Table S.-Statement of United States Bonds and other Obligatiolis Received and issued by the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury from NOVEMBER 1, 1890, TO OCTOBER 31, 1891, INCLUSIVE.

| Title of loan. | Received for exchange and transfer. | Received for redemption. | Issued. | ${ }^{*}$ Trital. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of July and August, 1861, acts of July |  |  |  |  |
| 17 and August 5, 1861 ........................ |  | \$20,100 |  | \$20,100 |
| 5.20 bonds of 1862, act of February 25, 1862. |  | 1.350 |  | 1,350 |
| Bonds issued to Pacific railroads, acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864. | \$7, 148, 000 |  | \$7,148, 000 | 14, 296, 000 |
| Loan of 1863 (1881), act of March 3, 1863.... |  | 100 | 17,18,000 | - 100 |
| Gold certificates, act of March 3, 1863. |  | 3,720 |  | 3,720 |
| Gold certificates, series of 1888 .. |  | 37, 505, 000 | 36,705, 000 | 74, 210, 000 |
| $10-40$ bonds of 1864, act of March 3,186 |  | 1,550 |  | 1,550 |
| 5-20 bonds of 1864, act of June 30, 1864 |  | 11,650 |  | 11,650 |
| 7-30 notes of 1864 and 1865, acts of June 30 , 1864, and March 3, 1865 |  | 1,150 |  | 1,150 |
| Consols of 1865, act of March 3, 1865 |  | 16,050 |  | 16, 050 |
| Consols of 1867, act March 3, 1865 |  | 9,000 |  | 9,000 |
| Consols of 1868, act March 3, 1865............ |  | 50 |  | 50 |
| Funded loan of 1881, 5 percents, acts of July 14,1870 , andJamuary 20,1870 |  | 4,500 |  | 4,500 |
| Funded loan of 1891, $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percents, same acts | 4,966,600 | 59, 378,350 | 4,966,600 | 69,:11,550 |
| Funded loan of 1907, 4 percents, same acts. | 60, 201,600 | 8,645, 850 | 60, 306, 750 | 129, 644,200 |
| Certificates of deposit, act of June 8,1872... |  | 50, 265,000 | $54,430,000$ | 104, 695,000 |
| 31 per cent bonds, act of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871. |  | 7,800 |  | 7,800 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds, acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861 |  | 1, 000 |  | 1,000 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds, act of March 3, 1863. 3 per cent bonds, act of July 12, 1882. |  | 50 21.500 |  |  |
| Funded loan of 1891, continued at 2 per cent. | 371,200 | 47; 700 | 25,783, 400 | 26, 2 22,300 |
| - ! | 72,777, 400 | 155,941, 470 | 189, 339, 750 | 418,0:8, 620 |

## APPENDIX TO THE REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

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## APPENDIX.

## REPORTS OF HEADS OF BUREAUS AND OTHER OFFICERS.

(No. 1.)
REPORT OF THE TREASURER.

## Treasury of the United States, Washington, December 1, 1891.

SIR : I have the honor to submit the annual report on the operations and condition of the Treasury.

For convenience of reference, the tabular statements relating to the work of the past fiscal year, as well as those covering longer periods of time, are presented in the Appendix, where they are grouped according to their topics in the following general order: The revenues and expenditures; the state of the Treasury; the receipts and disbursements of moneys; the issue and redemption of currency; the circulation; the public debt; and the redemption of national-bank notes.

In the preparation of the tables it has been the aim to begin with the the minutest particulars that possess any degree of public interest, to combine these into classes and groups, and lastly to deduce the net results. The operations of the fiscal year, forming the chief subject-matter in hand, are shown with much attention to detail, while those of former years, where brought in for the purpose of presenting a connected historic survey, are treated in a more summary manner. From considerations suggested by current discussion and events, these tables have been a good deal elaborated, for which perhaps no apology will be necessary, if in any measure they may serve to throw new light on the matters to which they relate.

Important legislation, creating a new kind of currency; imposing a new responsibility upon the Treasury, and completely transforming some of the Departmental statements, has made it necessary to alter a number of tables which have been more or less familiar to the readers of former reports. Some other tables heretofore published, relating to transactions long past, or to events of transient interest only, have been shortened or dropped; but no matter of this kind has been omitted, it is believed, that would be useful in forming an understanding of the business of the Treasury, or its bearing upon the financial history, of the country. So far as it has been possible the statistics relating to similar subjects have been compiled according to a uniform plan and are presented in uniform slape.

## REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES.

There was a decrease of $\$ 10,468,535.32$ in the net ordinary revenues of the Government for the fiscal year as compared with those of the years ${ }^{2}$ before, from $\$ 403,080,982.63$ to $\$ 392,612,447.31$. At the same time there was an increase of $\$ 57,636,198.14$ in the ordinary expenditures, excluding therefrom the amount paid in premium on the public debt. The surplus revenues were thus cut down from $\$ 105,344,496.03$ to $\$ 37,239,762.57$. Of this last sum $\$ 10,401,220.61$ was expended in premium on bonds purchased, leaving $\$ 26,838,541.96$ of surplus for the year applicable to the extinction of as much of the principal of the debt.

The net ordinary receipts and expenditures for the two years, together with the premiums paid, are shown in the following table:

|  | 1890. | 1801. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| revenues. |  |  |  |  |
| Customs | \$229, 668, 584. 57 | \$219, 522, 205. 23 |  | \$10, 146, : 79.34 |
| Internal revenue | 142, 606, 705.81 | 145, 686, 249.44 | \$3, 079, 543.63 |  |
| Sale of public land | 6, 358, 272.51 | 4, 029, 535.41 |  | 2, 328, 737. 10 |
| Miscellaneous sources | 24, 447, 41.9.74 | 23, 374, 457. 23 |  | 1, $072,962.51$ |
| Total | 403, 080, 982.63 | 392, 612,447.31 | 3, 079,543. 63 | 13, 548,078.95 |
| Net decrease |  |  |  | 10, 468, 535.32 |
| EXPENDITURES. |  |  |  |  |
| Civil and miscellaneous: |  |  |  |  |
| Customs,light-houses, public bnild. | $19.734,371.91$ | 24 |  |  |
| Internal revenie | 3, 928, 068.31 | 16,552, 292. 50 | 12, 624, 224. 19 |  |
| Interior civil (lauds, patents, etc.). | 8, 442, 113.14 | 15, 281, 705.34 | 6, 839, 292.20 |  |
| Treasury proper (legislative, executive, and other civil) | 43, 430, 561. 05 | 45, 217, 510.47 | 1, 786, 949.42 |  |
| Diplomatic (foreign relations)...... | 1, 648, 276.59 | 2, $028,715.26$ | 1, 380, 438.67 |  |
| Judiciary. | 4, 219, 565. 49 | 6, 058, 254.76 | 1,838, 689.27 |  |
| War Department | 44, 582, 838.08 | 48, 720, 065.01 | 4, 137, 226.93 |  |
| Navy Department ...................... | 22, 006, 206. 24 | 26, 113, 896.46 | 4, 107, 690.22 |  |
| Interest on public delit | 36, 099, 284.05 | 137,547, 135.37 | 1,447, 851.32 |  |
| Premium on public debt | 20, 304, 224.06 | 10,401, 220.61 |  | $0,903,003.45$ |
| Total | 318, 040, 710.66 | 365, 773, 905.35 | 57, 636, 198.14 | 9,903,003. 45 |
| Net increaso |  |  | 47, 733, 194.69 |  |
| Surplus. | 85, 040, 271.97 | 26,838, 541.96 |  | 58, 201, 7310.01 |

Besides the revenues, the amount of which is given as shown by the receiving warrants issued, there was covered into the Treasury during the year the aggregate sum of $\$ 373,208,857.75$ as receipts on account of the public debt, consisting of gold coin, silver dollars, and legal tender notes deposited for certificates to be circulated as money; of United States notes received for issue in place of others destroyed, of 4 per cent bonds issued for refunding certificates, of Treasury notes of 1830 issued, and lastly of the fund which before had been on deposit with tine Treasurer, as agent, for the retirement of national-bank notes.

The expenditures on the same account, which will be noticed more in detail under another head, amounted to $\$ 365,352.470 .87$.

The postal revenues amounted to $\$ 65,762,908.55$, an increase of $\$ 4,656,867.26$ over those of the preceding year, and the expenditures to $\$ 72,067,580.65$, an increase of $\$ 5,056,317.01$. Of the revenues $\$ 38,730,624.39$ was received and disbursed by postmasters, without passing through the Treasury. The balance standing to the credit of the Post-Office Department on the Treasurer's books was $\$ 5,505,621: 79$ at the beginning of the year and $\$ 4,242,608.13$ at the close.

## STATE OF THE TREASURT.

As a public officer the Treasurer is responsible to his superior for the perfonmance of his duties, which consist generally in receiving, keeping, and disbursing the funds of the Government. He stands in the same relations to the Department that a banker does to a depositor. For each receipt or disbursement he must have a proper warrant; for the balance, representing the excess of receipts over disbursements, he must be able to show an equivalent in lawful money or other acceptable assets.

In its essential form the account kept with him on the books of the Department is a simple record of receipts on the one hand and of payments on the other. Save in exceptional cases the Department has no concern in the kinds of money he may receive or pay out. He may accept from the taxpayer any kind of money the law allows, and he may satisfy the public creditor, ůnless a particular kind is specified in the contract, with any he can most conveniently pay. Hence it follows that the condition of the Treasury, with respect to the proportions of the different kinds of money composing its funds, is dependent much upon the character of the circulating medium of the country, and to a very great extent upon the management of the Treasurer and his subordinate officers. A most important consideration with reference to the state of the Treasury is, thexefore, how much of each kind of money the Treasurer may have in his custody against the balance charged to him on the books of the Department.

On June 30, 1890, that balance was $\$ 691,527,403.76$. Adding thereto the sum of $\$ 765,821,305.06$, which comprises the receipts of the year from all sources, gives $\$ 1,457,348,708.82$ as the aggregate to be accounted for on June 30,1891 . Out of this there was disbursed, by warrant, the total sum of $\$ 355,372,684.74$ on account of the ordinary expenses of the Government, together with a total sum of $\$ 375,753,691.48$ on account of the public debt, making an aggregate disbursement of $\$ 731,126,376.22$, and leaving a balance of $\$ 726,222,332.60$, for which the Treasurer must be able to produce cash or other valid assets.

The foregoing statement does not, however, comprise the whole of the operations of the Treasury, nor do the figures represent the sum of its liabilities. Besides being the bank of the General Government, the Treasury is also the depository of the Post-Office Department, of the national bank note redemption fund, and of the disbursing officers of the various services of the Government, to whom the moneys to meet the expenditures are advanced in the first instance. Through these channels a stream of money flows continuously in and out of the Treasury, and a varying amount is always on hand, for which the Treasurer is responsible on his so-called agency account, and for which also he must hold cash or available credits. The balance of this account standing on his books was $\$ 95,581,164.22$ on June 30, 1890, and $\$ 50,290,009.36$ on June 30, 1891. Lastly, the Treasurer held, at the former date, the sum of $\$ 323$,589.78 , and at the latter, the sum of $\$ 1,342,603.71$, which had been received on account of revenues, but not yet covered by warrant or charged to him on the books of the Department. The total liabilities of the Treasury, therefore, in the strictest technical sense in which the term is understood, were $\$ 787,432,157.76$ at the opening of the fiscal year, and $\$ 777,854,945.67$ at the close.

To meet these liabilities the Treasury held in the vaults and tills of its ten offices, and in the several associated offices of the mint, in the
form of gold, silver, legal tender and other notes, certificates of deposit, minor coin, fractional currency, bonds, interest checks, and coupons, an aggregate of cash items, which with the amounts on deposit to the Treasurer's credit in depositary banks, a certain sum deposited under a law of 1836 with the States, and certain unavailable funds, composed exactly the same amounts. Arranged in tabular form the figures make the following showing:

|  | June 30, 1800. | June 20, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS. |  |  |
| Gold coin and bullion | \$320, 933, 145. 02 | \$239, 132, $: 128.53$ |
| Silver coin and ballion. | 346, 626, 603. 43 | 399, 746, 143.51 |
| Notes and certificates. | 59, 463, 509. 09 | 82, 742, , 777.4 .0 |
| Minor coin and fractional currency | 194, 722.87 | 328, 50.88 |
| Bonds, interest checks, and coupons | 37,533.21 | 27, 818.22 |
| Deposits in national bank depositaries | 30, 659, 565. 32 | 26, $369,582.31$ |
| Deposits with States. | 28, 101, 644.91 | 28,101, 44.91 |
| Unavailable funds | 1, 415, 433.91 | 1, 405,433. 91 |
| Total | 787, 432, 157.76 | 777, 854, ¢45. 67 |
| General account | 691, 527, 103.76 | 726, 222, 532.60 |
| Asrency account | 95, 581, 164. 22 | 50,290, c09. 36 |
| Uncovored moneys | 1323, 589.78 | 1,342, (03. 71 |
| Total | 787, 432, 157.76 | 777, 854,945.67 |

Of these assets the coin and paper money were instantly available, with the exception of relatively small amounts of uncurrent coin, which will be noticed on another page. The deposits with banks were subject to the Treasurer's draft. The gold and silver bullion, the former valued by weight, and the latter at the cost price, could be coined into legal-tender pieces, in the one case without loss, and in the other ait an apparent profit. The deposits with States, which occupy an anomalous position, and would seem to be well worthy of the consideration of Congress, are held to be without the Treasurer's control, and are not actually carried on his books, while the unavailable funds, representing old losses from deficits and defalcations, have no existence as assets, and are omitted by authority of the Secretary from the statements of cash in the Treasury rendered to him. The true assets and liabilities were, therefore, $\$ 757,915,078.94$ on June 30,1890 , and $\$ 748,347,866.85$ on June 30, 1891, as given elsewhere in this reprrt. These figures represent, on the one side, the total cash actually at the Treasurer's command, and measure, on the other, his accountability as a public officer and his obligation to pay, whether on demand of the Secretary or of any other person.

Since the moneys of the Treasury are derived from three general sources, which may be described as the revenues, the debt, and pullic deposits, they are held for as many purposes, and the liabilities fall into as many categories. While generally no separation is made in the moneys themselves, with reference to the accounts on which they were received, and it would be inexact to say that any particular coins or notes are held against a given liability, sums of gold, silver, and legaltender notes must be kept in reserve against certificates of deposit and Treasury notes, and these sums may be considered as set apart, leaving a residue of assets, which are held in the mass against the deposits
carried in the agency accounts, as well as against the reserve or working balance. In this form the statement would be as follows:


These figures, which exhibit the condition of the Treasury precisely as it stood at the close of business on the days named, without confusing either prospective expenditures with liabilities or anticipated revenues with assets, present, on their face, the apparent incongruity of $\$ 499,000,000$ of gold, silver, and notes held against $\$ 541,000,000$ of certificates, and of $\$ 248,000,000$ in various assets standing against deposits and the reserve, amounting together to only $\$ 207,000,000$. The explanation is found in the certificates in the Treasury, against which nothing needed to be held, and which might have been canceled and destroyed without decreasing either the reserve or the assets necessary to protect the certificates in circulation. If the $\$ 31,215,633$ of certificates in the Treasury in 1890 and the $\$ 41,807,579$ there in 1891 had in fact been destroyed, the statement would have appeared thus:


Since June, 1890, the form of the published monthly statement of assets and liabilites has been twice-revised, and the document itself was incorporated, at the last revision, into the debt statement, without, of
course, in any manner affecting the true condition of the Treasury or altering the significance of existing facts. The changes that have been made, where not mere matters of clerical or typographical technicality, have amounted simply to a contraction of scope. The present formextends over less ground than some of the others, but the ground itself, whether admitted or excluded, remains unchanged. Differences of opinion exist respecting the value of the various shapes which have been given to the document at different times, but it is believed that this latest form will commend itself to the public judgment for its sinnplicity and clearness. It consists of a plain schedule of the moneys and other assets, where each item stands, without comment, at the value fixed by law and charged to the Treasurer, and of an equally plain list of those liabilities only which exist in consequence of the presence of those assets. Where moneys are deposited for a specific object, that object is stated as the liability; but where there is no object more specific than the current needs of the Government, no attempt is made to find one. The Treasury is shown as it stands, not as it would stand in the event of a variety of contingencies, all dependent upon time.
The method by which the state of the Treasury is daily ascertained is illustrated in the appendix, where the condition of each office and the composition of the funds held by the mint on June 30, 1891, are given as reported to the Treasurer. The figures for the ten offices of the Treasury proper are first aggregated, as well as those for the eleven offices of the mint, those for the depositary banks, and those for moneys in transit. The four results are then combined, which brings out the aggregate assets and the liabilities on the agency and general accounts. To put this statement in the form in which it is published monthly the liabilities on general account, which arise from outstanding certificetes and Treasury notes of 1890, are set out separately, leaving a remainder which is called the balance, and which in fact represents the liabilities' arising from revenues collected and not yet expended. For convenieace of comparison the statement for June 30,1890 , in the appeudix, is made up as if the fund for the retirement of national-bank notes, which by the act of July 14, 1890, was transferred to the debt statement, had already been covered into the Treasury.
By a direction in the act of March 3, 1891, making deficiency appropriations, the sum of $\$ 10,000$, heretofore reported as unavailable in the office of the assistant treasurer in San Francisco, representing losses incurred in.his office without default or negligence on his part, has been credited in the account of the Treasurer, and the item has disappeared from the list of unavailable funds. This is the only change that has occurred in these somewhat unsubstantial assets of the Treasury, an ite.mized statement of which is given, as usual, in the appendix. Tncluding the deposits with certain States, they amount, at present, to $\$ 29,507$, , 078.82 for the Treasury itself, and $\$ 37,277.06$ for the Post-Office Department.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.
Although the Treasurer is not charged with the management of the debt of the United States, he receives the proceeds of any loans that may be made, and pays the interest as it falls due, as well as the principal when it matures. This part of his duties requires much of his attention and employs the labors of an important division of his office. Besides, the debt stands in such intimate relations, not only to the Treasury, but to the money circulation of the country as well, that no satisfactory presentation of the condition of either can be made if the
debt be left out of view. For these reasons a brief notice of the public loans and of the changes made in them during the fiscal year will be given.

Incidentally to the transfer of the fund for the retirement of surrendered national-bank circulation from the Treasurer's agency account, where it had been secured by a full deposit of lawful money, to the general Treasury, and the adoption of the outstanding notes as part of the debt of the United States, the debt statement was recast and much simplified. By a later revision, in June, 1891, its scope was still more clearly defined and its contents still more succinctly set forth. In its present shape it presents few of the difficulties which before must have been encountered in the attempt to explain the condition of the debt and the relations of the Treasury thereto.

The outstanding principal of the various loans, classed according to the character of their securities, on June 30, 1890, and June 30, 1891, was as given below, the bank-note redemption fund being included under both dates:

| Class. | June 30, 1890. | June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest-bearing loans | \$711, 313, 110.00 | \$610, 529, 120.00 |
| Matared loans | 1, 815, 805.26 | 1,614, 705.26 |
| Old demand notes. | 56, 032.50 | 55, 647.50 |
| United States notes. | 346, 681, 016.00 | 346,681, 016.00 |
| Fractional currency, estimated | 6, 911, 510.97 | 6, 907, 679.60 |
| National-bank notes. | 55, 619, 359. 75 | 40; 018, 392. 25 |
| Certificates of deposit | 471, 492, 730.00 | 489, 961, 614.00 |
| Treasury notes of 1890. |  | 50, 228, 417.00 |
| Total | 1,593, 889, 564.48 | 1,545, 996, 591. 61 |

With respect to the conditions and means of payment, the interestbearing loans were payable at future dates; the matured loans, the old demand notes, the fractional currency, and the national-bank notes were payable on demand, out of any moneys in the Treasury, for retirement without reissue; the United States notes and Treasury notes were redeemable in coin, but when redeemed or received in the revenues the reissue of like amounts was compulsory; and the certificates of deposit were payable out of coin and legal-tender notes reserved for that purpose. Classified according to these conditions, the amounts outstanding at the two dates were as follows:

| Condition of payment. | June 30, 1890. | June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At future dates. | \$711, 313, 110.00 | \$610,529, 120.00 |
| On demand, without reissue | 64, 402, 708.48 | 48,596, 424. 61 |
| On demand, for reissue. | 346, 681, 016.00 | 896, 909, 433.00 |
| On demand, out of deposits | 471, 492, 730.00 | 489, 961, 614.00 |
| Total. | 1,593, 889, 564.48 | 1,545, 996, 591. 61 |

The total reduction resulting from the operations of the year in the principal of the bonded debt and the circulating notes redeemable without reissue was $\$ 116,590,273.89$, effected at a cost, including premiums, of $\$ 126,991,494.48$. The amounts retired from each loan, including the redemptions of bank notes in excess of fresh deposits of lawful money, together with the premium paid on bonds purchased and the total cost, are shown in the table below. Full details of the issue and redemption
of circulating notes and certificates of deposit will be found in the ap. pendix.

| Loan. | Principal. | Premium. | Totil cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 per cent bonds | \$58, 146, 550. 00 | \$70, 081. 62 | \$58, ${ }^{2} 16,631.62$ |
| 4 per cent bonds | 42,627,500.00 | 10,331, 138.99 | 52, $(58,638.99$ |
| Returding certificates | 9,940.00 |  | 9,940.00 |
| Matured debt. . | 201, 100.00 | ............... | <01, 100.00 |
| Old demand notes | 385.00 |  | 385.00 |
| Tractional currency | 3, 831. 37 |  | 3, 831. 37 |
| National-bank notes | 15, 600, 967.50 |  | 15, $600,967.50$ |
| Total. | 116, 590, 273.87 | 10,401, 220.61 | 126, \$91, 494.48 |

Means for this expenditure were found in the $\$ 37,239,762.57$ of surplus revenues for the year, together with $\$ 89,751,731.91$ of the reserve in the Treasury. The consequent reduction in the annual interest charge was $\$ 4,322,092.35$. A considerable part of these disbursements were made at a time when the financial situation of the country was haghly critical and the need of such relief was very urgent. At the same time, during the months of September and October, 1890, as a further means of relieving the monetary stringency, there were paid out of the 'Treasury, chiefly atb the offices in Washington and New York, under the circular of the Department dated September 6, the following amounts for interest due from January 1 to July 1, 1891:


## THE CURRENCY.

According to the revised estimates of the Department and the showing of the accounts of the several offices of the Treasury and mint, the stock of money in the country on June 30, 1890 and 1891, inclading gold, silver, and currency certificates, but omitting the small outstanding remnants of the old issues of the Government and the State banks, was composed as follows:


These figures, so far as they relate to the metals, represent their subject strictly as it is defined, and nothing more. They do not pretend to be an estimate of the total metallic stock, but only of the monetary. stock. The distinction is at once explained and established by considerations which will appear later on.

As between the Treasury and the circulation, the total cash holdings of the various offices, but not the deposits in banks, being included under the former head, and the remainder of the estimated stock under the latter, the distribution of the several kinds of money on the two days is shown below:


Since the certificates of deposits are mere titles to the ownership of money in the Treasury, and since those in the Treasury itself, whether acquired by redemption and awaiting destruction, or freshly printed and held in readiness for issue, are mere vouchers for use in the settlement of an account, the virtual condition of the currency, as well as that of the Treasury and the circulation, can best be shown by substituting in the place of certificates their value in the kind of money they represent. The notes of 1890 have some peculiarities of their 0 wn, which will be considered under another head. By making the substitution for the certificates and treating all the silver and notes for the present as one.item, the following result is brought_out:


The statement published by the Secretary of the Treasury under date of July 1,1891 , places the amount of money in circulation on that day at $\$ 1,500,067,555$, or $\$ 2,846,149$ more than is given above. This difference, although it appears to be one of fact, is really one of time. The Secretary's statement was prepared on the day of its date, from data then at hand, some of which, coming from distant subtreasuries, were
from one or two days to a week old. It happened that in the intervals there were heavy receipts a't these offices from the revenues, while a large sum was in transit from depositary banks. These changes in the Treasury are fully explained in the appendix, and the apparent diffexence in the amount of money in circulation is a direct consequence from them.

It appears from the above figures that during the year there was a net loss of forty-nine millions of gold, with a net gain of nearly forty-two millions of other money; and a consequent net contraction of about seven millions in the whole volume. The details of the movements which together produced this result, as well as those for each year since 1878, may be gathered from the tables in the appendix, which show the composition and distribution of the stock of money, together with the imports and exports of gold, at intervals of a month.

Collated from that source, the figures showing the movements of gold, and the resulting changes in the amount of the general stock of that metal, for each month of the last fiscal year, are as follows:

| Month. | Imports. | Exports. | Net production. | Net consumption. | Net gain. | Net loss. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | \$1, 195, 054 | \$11, 860, 029 | \$6,752,965 |  |  | \$3, 912, 010 |
| August | 1, 724, 565 | 2, 135, 821 |  | \$1,966,456 |  | 2, 377,712 |
| September | 1, 425, 632 | 281, 627 | 2, 608,882 |  | \$3, 752, 887 |  |
| October.- | 2, 635, 583 | 425, 235 |  | 368, 809 | 1,841, 539 |  |
| November | 1, 926, 401 | 567, 152 | 2,634,795 |  | 3, 994, 044 |  |
| December. | 6,033, 013- | 632, 354 |  | 161, 625 | 5,239, 034 |  |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1, 397, 918 | 729,246 | 2, 239, 398 |  | 2,908, 070 |  |
| February | 565, 304 | 4, 010, 146 | 2,020,788 |  |  | 1,424, 054 |
| March ... | 614, 170 | 5,155,736 | - | 139,192 |  | 4,680, 758 |
| April. | 238, 318 | 14, 163, 116 | 2,521,550 |  |  | 11, 408, 248 |
| May | 212, 648 | 30, 580, 760 | 2, 865,654 |  |  | 27, 502, 458 |
| June. | 282, 906 | 15, 822, 400 | 128,983 |  |  | 15, 410, 511 |
| Total | 18, 246, 512 | 86, 363, 622 | 21, 773, 015 | 2, 636, 082 | 17, 735, 574 | 66, 715, 751 |
| Net for year | - - ......... | $68,117,110$ | 19, 136,933 | ............ | ............. | 48,980, 177 |

The table perhaps requires no comment, unless it should be a word in explanation of the columns of net production and consumption. These are filled in by adding the imports to the stock of the previous month, subtracting the exports from the sum, and comparing the remainder with the estimated stock at the end of the month. If the remainder is less than the estimated stock, the difference is set down as the net production; if less, as the net consumption for the month. It may be remarked, too, that the figures for the stock are those furnished by the Director of the Mint, and published monthly by the Department, with the exception of those for June in each year, which are taken from the revised estimate published in the Director's annual report. As the regular monthly estimates are unavoidably made from imperfect data, they must be taken as provisional or approximate merely; and necessarily whatever inaccuracies they may contain are reproduced in the figures, which here are derived from them. The estimates for the end of each: fiscal year, however, may be relied upon as the best that can be,obtained. It is assumed, therefore, that the figures above given for the net production of the year are correct, and that the errors, if any, in the column of monthly production are offset by those in the column of: monthly consumption.

Such heavy exports of gold as signalized the last six months of the year, the heaviest by far that have been recorded in the history of the country, naturally excited profound interest, not only at home, but throughout the whole world. To the Treasury this outflow was particularly significant, since the Treasury was obliged to furnish all the material. It is well understood, indeed, and it will appear in other parts of the present report, that this gold was drawn almost altogether from the sub-treasury in New York, in exchange for other kinds of money. It is important to know, and the inquiry may throw some light upon the monetary situation, what those other kinds of money were. The records do not appear to have been kept in such a manner as to show directly, and in the lack of better data the daily report of receipts and disbursements rendered to this office have been resorted to. During the period in question the assistant treasurer paid out gold coin for gold certificates directly, for gold certificates and other kinds of money upon what is called his exchange account, and in small sums on disbursing officers' cheeks. It has been possible, therefore, to compile two tables, which will be found in the appendix, the one showing all the operations involving the paying out of gold for other kinds of money, and the other all the rest of the operations of whatever nature. Summarized for the six months ending with June, the first of these shows the following result:

| Kind of money. | Receipts. | Disbursements. | Gain. | Loss. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grold coin | \$13, 692, 789 | \$92, 422, 109 |  | \$78, 729, 820 |
| Standard silver dollars | 20,446 | 884, 636 |  | 864, 190 |
| Fractional silver coin | : 121 | 3,329, 22.1 |  | 3,329, 100 |
| United States notes. | 11., 267, 965 | 3,384, 250 | \$7,883, 715 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1880 | 7, 537,245 | 3,216,667 | 4,320,578 |  |
| National-bank notes | 312, 045 |  | 312, 045 |  |
| Gold cerlificates | 85, 792, 677 | 24, 475, 290 | 61, 317, 387 |  |
| Silver certificates | 12, 354,668 | 3, 265, 783 | 9,088, 885 |  |
| Total | 130, 977, 956 | 130,977, 956 | 82, 922, 610 | 82, 922, 610 |

While some gold was gained from other sources, and considerable sums in exchange for other currency, it is here seen that the operations by which the metal was drawn from the subtreasury resulted in a loss exceeding the actual exports, and exceeding by $\$ 17,000,000$ the receipts of gold certiticates.

These movements were the result, apparently, of the operation of natural laws. No statate requires the importation, exportation, mining, or industrial employment of a single dollar's worth of gold. Whatever expenditure of time, labor, and substance the cost may have been was made at private risk, presumably for private profit. The motives of the miner and the goldsmith are plain; the circumstances which give the opportunity to either are equally so. The exporter of gold is not less the simple man of business. Before an ounce of gold is put aboard ship his profit is certain or reasonably sure. In the exercise of a legitimate calling, performing, in fact, a necessary and useful service for the commercial world, he is not to blame that his clients have been willing to pay him his premiums, or that his operations in the short space of six months have drained the country of the tenth part of its entire stock of gold. This result, even, is differently viewed by different interests. Nevertheless, the condition of things which has made it possible, whether due to domestic or foreign causes, to fimancial legislation or the state of trade, whether viewed as unusual and alarming or as ordinary and of no significance, would seem to be worthy of the most careful study. No attempt is here made to throw any light on the subject further than to state the facts and to advance a few points, which, though.lying on the surface, are often overlooked.

Concurrently with the operations in gold there went on a set of others, which affected the remainder of the currency to nearly as great an extent. These, however, were induced by causes entirely different and perfectly plain. They consisted in the purchase and coinage of silver, conducted, of course, by the Government in compliance with law, and the contraction of the national-bank circulation, induced, in the main, by the retirement of the bonded debt. The former sproduced an increase of fifty-eight millions in the stock of silver, and the latter a diminution of eighteen millions in the stock of bank motes. The changes from month to month in the stock of silver dollars and bullion, of fractional silver coin, and national-bank notes, are shown in the following table:

| Month. | Increase. |  | Decrease. |  | Netincrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Silver dollars and bullion. | Fractional silver. | Fractional silver. | Nationalbank notes. |  |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |
| July. | \$3, 333, 155 |  | \$207, 051 | \$1, 494, 722 | \$1, 631, 382 |
| August | 4, 025, 887 | \$188, 891 |  | 1, 119, 115 | 3,095,663 |
| September. | 4, 702, 322 | 68,410 |  | 1, 531, 838 | 3,238,894 |
| October | 5, 870, 501 | 317, 513 |  | 1,992, 482 | 4, 195, 532 |
| November. | 5, 244, 104 | 146, 485 |  | 1,281, 422 | 4, 109, 167 |
| December | $5,053,074$ | 299, 291 |  | 1,240, 840 | 4,111,525 |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 4, 563, 025 | 57,996 | ............ | 1,784,622 | 2,836,399 |
| February | 4, 428, 553 | 1,463 |  | 1, 880,525 | 2,549,491 |
| March. | 6, 203, 173 | 41,793 |  | 1, 8887,960 | 4,357, 006 |
| April. | 4, 406, 051 | 196,817 |  | 1,307, 418 | 3, 295, 450 |
| May. | 4, 163,508 |  | 19,805 | 1,376, 807 | 2,766,896 |
| June | 5, 343, 051 |  | 68,408 | 1,273, 625 | 4, 001, 018 |
| Total | 57, 336,404 | 1,318,659 | 295, 264 | 18, 171,376 | 40, 188, 423 |

In order to present a concise view of the changes in the whole money stock the results of the two foregoing tables are combined below:

| Month. | Gain of gold. | Loss of gold. | 'Increase of silver and notes. | Increase of stock. | Decrease of stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1800. |  |  |  |  |  |
| July . |  | \$3,912, 010 | \$1, 631,382 |  | \$2, 280,628 |
| August . . |  | 2,377, 712 | 3, 095, 663 | \$717, 951 |  |
| September | \$3, 752, 887 |  | 3,238, 894 | 6, 991, 78.1 | ............ |
| October | 1, 841, 539 |  | 4, 195, 532 | 6, 037, 07.1 |  |
| November | 3, 994, 044 |  | 4, 109, 167 | 8, 103, 211 |  |
| December | 5,239, 034 |  | 4,111, 525 | 9,350, 559 |  |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 2,908, 070 |  | 2, 836, 399 | 5, 744, 469 |  |
| February | $2,808,070$ | 1, 424, 054 | 2, 549, 491 | 1, 125, 437 |  |
| March .. |  | 4,680,758 | 4, 357, 006 | 1,125, | 323,752 |
| April |  | 11, 408, 248 | 3,295, 450 |  | 8,112,798 |
| May |  | 27, 502, 458 | 2,766,895 |  | 24, 735,562 |
| June |  | 15,410,511 | 4,001,018 |  | 11, 409, 493 |
| Total | 17, 735, 574 | 66,715, 751 | 40,188, 423 | 38,070,479 | 46, 862, 233 |
| Net decrease |  |  |  | .............. | 8,791,754 |

In the appendix will be found tables, occupying a number of pages, in which, for the first time in a public document, the attempt is made to give a connected view of the amount, composition, and general distribution of the money of the country over any extended period of time. They are in the main a further elaboration of matter first presented in the report for 1890 , with a considerable enlargement of scope and the introduction of much new material. So full are they that perhaps there is no fact obtainable from the records, not such a mere matter of detail as to possess no statistical interest, relating to their subject and to the
time they cover, from June 30, 1878, to September 30, 1891, that can not be gathered from them. The figures for the Treasury holdings are taken uniformly from the Treasurer's monthly statements of assets and liabilities, while those for the stock of gold and silver are taken, with the exception mentioned below; from the official estimates.

The chief difficulty encountered in the preparation of these tables arose from the insufficiency of data relating to the coin circulation. The records of the coinage and movement of silver dollars are very complete, but the estimates of the stock of gold and of fractional silver coin, down to 1887, had been made at intervals of a year, whereas, for these tables, they were wanted by months. To fill the vacant places a method was adopted which may be briefly explained. By adding to the stock at the beginning of any year the imports for that year, subtracting the exports from the sum, and subtracting this remainder from the estimated stock at the beginning of the next year, a result was obtained which represents the year's domestic production in excess of the use in the arts. This quantity was then divided into twelve equal parts and one part was added to the stock obtained for each month as the result of importations and exportations. While the method is indirect and the result provisional, the only possibility of error is in the distribution of the year's domestic production and consumption. From the nature of the case the approximation to the fact must be close, perhaps close enough for all purposes. With the help of this expedient it became possible to develop the entire scheme of the currency and circulation, by no means simple or easy to understand. The result is submitted with regret that it has been necessary to occupy so much space.

- THE CIRCULATION。

The monetary history of the past fiscal year is unusually interesting, and not less so from the character than the magnitude of the movements recorded. Promptly with the beginning of July the autumnal expansion of the circulation set in, drawing material not only from the Treasury reserves and foreign gold, the accustomed sources of supply, but also, a little later on, in greatly increased quantities, from the Government purchases of silver. The month of September witnessed the unparalleled event of the addition of nearly $\$ 62,000,000$ to the money in the hands or control of the people. All of this, with the exception of a million of gold imported from other countries, was paid out of the Treasury. During the remainder of the season, to the end of December, there occurred a still further expansion of thirty millions of dollars, of which twenty-two millions came from the Treasury and eight millions in gold from abroad. Altogether, between the 1st of Jüly aud the 1st of January, the circulation was increased by the addition of almost exactly a hundred million dollars, consisting of fifty millions in gold and gold certificates, twenty-seven millions in silver and silver certificates, together with twenty-three millions in notes. To effect this result the Treasury paid out seventy-one millions of dollars on balance and twenty-eight millions in purchases of silver, while the gold mines produced ten millions in excess of the quantity used in the arts, making in all an increase of a hundred and nine millions; but as against this a net million in gold was lost to foreign countries and eight millions in national-bank notes were retired.

While a movement of this kind has occcurred annually, since the resumption of specie payments, with the single exception of the year 1885 , it never before attained such proportions, or even approached them, since the period of rapid and continuous expansion which followed resumption. The general causes of this annual movement, as well as
the special conditions which influenced it during the past year，are well understood，and need not be mentioned here．

In January there began a reverse current，though not exactly in a reverse direction．The people who had demanded this hundred mil－ lions of ready cash had made their use of it，and collectively were ready to part with a considerable portion of it．But the Treasury，which had found the means of paying it out，was not in a position to call it back． Money began to find its way into the great commercial centers，foreign exchange began to rise，and gold bars began to be taken from the Treasury for shipment abroad．The new safeguards thrown about the gold reserve of the Treasury at the last session of Congress were resorted to and doubtless produced their effect，though it would be difficult to estimate the valne of the protection they afforded．By the end of Jume the exports of gold had reached the unexampled figures of $\$ 70,000,000$ for the six months，and $\$ 86,000,000$ for the year．Opinions，agreeing in the main with respect to the causes of the expansion of the first half of the year，differ widely as to the canses of this rapid contraction in the last half．The facts alone can be discussed in this report．

Concurrently with this outflow of gold the Treasury poured into the circulation eight and a half millions on balance，and about thirty millions through the operations in silver，while nine and a half millions of gold were extracted from the mines in excess of the industrial consumption，and three millions of the same metal were imported，making in all a gain of fifty－one millions．On the other hand，there must be added to the con－ traction of seventy millions resulting from exports of gold another of nearly ten millions caused by the retirement of national－bank notes， making eighty millions in all，and exceeding the realizations from the sources of supply by twenty－nine millions．＇In fact，the circulation declined in the six months from $\$ 1,528,736,268$ to $\$ 1,499,618,800$ ．

It will of course be understood that these particular gains and losses of monetary material，while they directly affected the circulation in volume，did not in like manner alter it in composition．The value of the gold exported came through the banks out of the pockets of the people， but the metal itself was drawn in great part from the Treasury．Other operations，too，had their usual influence．The actual changes of the six montlis in the composition of the circulation consisted in a loss of twenty－ six millions in gold and gold certificates，together with one of eleven mi⿱一𫝀口lions in silver and silver certificates，and a net gain of eight millions in notes．The net changes in the volume of the circulation in the first and last six months and the whole twelve months of each of the past thirteen fiscal years，as well as the net average change in each period for the whole time，are shown，in round numbers，in the following table：

| Fiscal year． | First six months． |  | Last six months． |  | Twelve months． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Increase． | Decrease． | Increase． | Decrease． | Increase． | Decrease． |
| 1879. | \＄9，800， 000 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | \＄7，200， 000 |  | \＄17，000， 000 |  |
| 1880 | 119，000，000 |  | 35，500， 000 |  | 154，500， 000 |  |
| 1881. | 105，600， 000 |  | 35，700， 000 |  | 141，300． 000 |  |
| 1882 | 73，900，000 |  |  | \＄14，500， 000 | $59,400,000$ |  |
| 1883. | 58，700， 000 |  |  | 1，400，000 | 57，300，000 |  |
| 1884. | 26，800， 000 |  |  | 20，600，000 | 6，200， 000 |  |
| 1885. | 49，100， 000 |  |  | 1，100，000 | 48，000，000 |  |
| 1886. |  | \＄2，400， 000 |  | 38，800，000 |  | \＄41，200， 000 |
| 1887. | $65,400,000$ $66,700,000$ |  | 2，700，000 |  | 68，100， 000 |  |
| 1888. | $66,700,000$ $34,100,000$ |  |  | 11，700， 000 | 55，000，000 |  |
| 1890. | 49， 900,000 |  |  | $25,800,000$ $1,300,000$ | －88，300，000 |  |
| 1891. | 99，700， 000 |  |  | 29，100， 000 | 70，600，000 |  |
| Netaverage．．． | 58，200， 000 |  |  | 4，900，000 | $53,300,000$ |  |

During the period covered by the fiscal years 1879,1880 , and 1881, in the first six months of which the paper currency passed for the first time at the par of its face value, the circulation was increased by the enormous amount of $\$ 312,000,000$, of which all but a bundred million was in the form of foreign and domestic gold. No such transition has been passed through since, nor have any such rapid changes occurred in the circulation. Within that period the amount of money in the hands of the people increased from season to season and from year to year; but since then, with the single exception already noted, a greater or smaller growth from January to July has been followed by a contraction of less volume and narrower variations from July to January. It seems proper, therefore, in computing an average for comparison with the results of a single year, to talke only the data for the ten years since 1881, á period in which it is true there have been some changes of legislation, and some other important occurrences both at home and abroad, but a period nevertheless in which substantially the same conditions have prevailed as now exist. For the past ten years, then, it is found that from the end of June to the end of December the circulation has been increased on the average by $\$ 52,200,000$, and from the end of December to the end of June it has been diminished on the average by $\$ 14,200,000$, leaving an average net gain of $\$ 38,000,000$ for the whole twelvemonth. The increase actually realized in the past year has, therefore, been nearly double the average, and in the past two years has exceeded the average by $\$ 43,000,000$. The bearing of these facts upon possible future changes in the currency. may be worthy of serious consideration in the present situation of the monetary affairs of the country.

The plan of receiving money at the subtreasuries and forwarding new notes, which during the autumn months are wanted in small denominations, from Washington to any place that may be designated, has been found to work well as an aid in moving the crops, and has been in satisfactory operation during the season now about to close. Congress at the last session made provisions, which were promptly carried out, for largely increasing the facilities of the printing bureau, and the personal attention of the Secretary, who early in the summer gave directions that every resource of the Department should be employed in the work of supplying currency, has produced a result which has been not less beneficial to the country than gratifying to the officials of the Treasury. Under his supervision an ample stock of notes, in denominations of from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 20$, was ready when the time came, a thing that had not happened before in some years. North, South, and West have been freely supplied with whatever kind of currency was wanted, at inconsiderable expense to the consignors, while the Treasury has suffered from none of the embarrassments which it so often labored under before, as the consequence of inadquate foresight and provision.

Between July 1st and November 13th the Department sent out in all directions $\$ 49,272,278$ in these small notes, chiefly for deposits in the subtreasury in New York. During the month of September alone these deposits amounted to upwards of $\$ 21,000,000$, or more than the aggregate for the months of July, August, and September, 1890, and they were followed by $\$ 13,000,000$ more in October. The magnitude of these operations can be appreciated by comparing them with the like transactions in the twelve months of the past fiscal year, which reached a total of only $\$ 61,000,000$. With the aid thus rendered to the commercial community the handling of the enormous crops of the year has required little effort and produced no strain, while money has never been easier or more plentiful.

It was pointed out in the last report that the policy, which has been persisted in for the past eight years, of making no provision for the free transportation of United States paper currency to Washington for redemption, imposes double work upon the Department, without effecting any considerable saving of expense. So long as the Government paid the express charges on worn-out notes and certificates they were sent in to the Treasury by bankers from nearly every part of the country for other kinds of money or for checks on the assistant treasurers. In this way the paper circulation was kept in good condition, the people had no difficulty in obtaining the kinds and denominations of money they wished, and the work of redemption was carried on at Washington, where the machinery for it has been erected.

But when the appropriations were stopped, in 1883, and the banks were required to bear the transportation charges on the worn United States currency they sent to Washington, they chose rather to pay it out in their business, if it was at all fit for use, or to send it to their nearest correspondent. The notes thus find their way to the large cities, and next into the subtreasuries, either in the public revenues or for redemption in lawful money. After having been counted and assorted there, they are put up in parcels and sent to the Treasury, of course at the Government's expense. Here they are again counted, in the same manner as if they had been received directly from the interior bank, and they are ultimately paid for, in seasons when the receipts are not largely in excess of the disbursements, by shipments of new money to supply the subtreasuries, likewise at the expense of the Treasury. Only a small proportion of the notes redeemed each year are received directly from private holders, and only a like proportion of the cost of transportation is saved to the Government. At the same time the labor of primary redemption is practically transferred to the subtreasuries, and the Treasury acts merely in review of their work.

A return to the former practice would seem to be prudent, if, indeed, it did not prove, on trial, to be advantageous in several ways. An effect that would probably result from it would be the more rapid retirement of the older issues, of which the remnants still extant are worn by the service of many years.

## treasury notes of 1890.

On August 19, 1890, there were paid out the first of the Treasury notes authorized by the act of July 14, of the same year, to be issued in the purchase of silver bullion. By the end of the fiscal year the issues had reached $\$ 50,228,417$, and on the 30 th of September last there were $\$ 64,251,130$ of the notes outstanding, of the denominations of $\$ 1$, $\$ 2, \$ 5, \$ 10, \$ 20, \$ 100$, and $\$ 1,000$.

These notes seem destined to assume a prominent and peculiar place in the financial history of the future. They possess properties and qualities which are nowhere to be found in any other description of currency. The operations of which their issue forms a part are the most important of the kind, in character and magnitude, now going on anywhere in the world:

The exact status of the notes has yet to be settled, and the precise duties they are to perform in the circulation have yet to be determined. The law which creates them presents several difficulties of construction. In constitution they much resemble the older legal-tender notes, while in mode of issue they are more like silver certificates. As the United States notes, after many years of discussion, are generally recognized
to be a loan secured by a reserve of a hundred millions of gold, so the new notes will doubtless, in time, be regarded as a similar loan, secured by a full deposit of silver dollars and bullion. For the time being, at least, they are so treated by the Department, as will be seen by the following table, which shows the amount of bullion and coin held against them at the end of each month, the amount of notes issued, and their distribution as between the Treasury and the circulation:

| Month. | In J'reasury. |  | Notes issued. | Notes in Ircasury. | Notes in cir culation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. | Bullion. | Dollars. |  |  |  |
| Angust | \$2,029, 000.00 | 1, 580, 000 | \$3,609, 000 | \$2, 233, 100 | \$1, 375, 900 |
| September | 4, 278, 081.72 | 3, 790, 019 | 8,069,000 | 962,500 | 7, 106, 500 |
| October | 10, 478, 885.03 | 3, 470, 115 | 13, 949, 000 | 2, 481, 649 | 11, 467, 351 |
| November. | 13, 101, 676.00 | 6, 157, 1.24 | 19, 258, 800 | 2, 039, 1.44 | 17, 219, 656 |
| Decentber. | 14, 124, 934.00 | 9, 965,566 | 24, 090, 500 | 2, 193,717 | 21,896,783 |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 14, 974, 799. 35 | 13, 829, 201 | 28, 804, 000 | 3, 702, 294 | 25, 101, 706 |
| Februaty | 16, 854, 727.89 | 16, 295, 973 | 33, 1500,700 | 4, 279, 421 | 28, 871, 279 |
| March | 20,211, 51.3.63 | 16, 881, 687 | 37, 093, 200 | 3, 177,227 | 33, 915, 97: |
| April | 22, 142, 943.74 | 19, 588, 257 | 41, 731, 200 | 4,710,946 | 37, 020, 254 |
| May | 23,759, 733.00 | 21, 917.614 | 45, 677, 347 | 7, 565, 067 | 38, 112, 280 |
| Juno | 26, 880, 847.95 | 23,347, 570 | 50, 228, 417 | 9, 765, 252 | 40,463, 165 |
| July | 32, 544, 670. 26 | 22, 449,365 | 54, 994, 035 | 11, 309, 957 | 43, 6815, 078 |
| Augns | 37, 098, 577. 01 | 22, 587,458 | 59, 680, 035 | 13,937,685 | 45, 748,350 |
| September | 41, 579, 253. 44 | 22, 671, 877 | 64, 251, 130 | 7, 045, 902 | 57, 205, 228 |

As the new notes appear to fall within the provisions of the act of June 8,1872 , they are received on deposit for currency certificates. This has added a new intricacy to the monetary system and a new class to the assets of the Treasury. Let a million dollars' worth of silver be purchased with a million dollars' worth of notes, and let the notes be deposited for certificates, and there appears on the face of things to have been a sudden expansion of the currency by $\$ 3,000,000$. Then let the certificates be returned in the revenues, and the Treasury has increased its cash holdings by the same amount, while the real effect of the whole operation has been that the Treasury has received a million of revenue in silver bullion at the market price, and has assumed the obligation to reissue, in its expenditures, a million of its promissory notes for redemption in silver or gold at its own option. The virtual increase of the money stock has, of course, been only a million dollars, in the shape of uncoined silver valued at the current price of that metal in the markets of the world.

In compiling the statistics relating to the currency, and more particularly in attempting to make plain the complicated relations existing between the Treasury, the monetary stock, and the circulation, it has been found convenient, if indeed it be not necessary, to treat the increase of money resulting from the operations of the law of 1890 as consisting of silver alone. On the other hand, since the notes, whether in the hands of the citizen or in the tills of the Treasury, are the evidences of the obligation to pay, not in silver alone, but in gold or silver, the increase of the circulation itself, as well as that of the assets of the Treasury, so far as it is due to the presence of the new paper, is treated as one of notes alone. There is thus presented the paradox of a growth of the stock of silver without change in the stock of notes, and a.growth of the circulation of notes without change in the circulation of silver. Upon a little reffection, however, it will doubtless be recoguized that this, paradoxical as it may appear, is the simplest view that can be taken of what is actually going on. In this view, at least, has the matter been considered in the present report, the first of the series in which
the subject has been mentioned; and it has been found possible to marshal the statistics of the currency on these lines, in such manner as to exhibit the composition of the whole stock, and its distribution between the Treasury and the people, in the simplest form, without conflict or contradiction, save on this point alone.

An enormous responsibility is imposed by this law of 1890 upon the Treasury and mint. Fifty-four million troy ounces are $3,702,857$ avoirdupois pounds, or upwards of 1,851 tons. Nearly two thousand cart loads of silver must be stowed away each year in the Govermment's vaults. The annual collection of such a vast quantity of treasure, which, though widely distributed, must necessarily accumulate in heavy masses, will ultimately, if continued for any great length of time, raise questions not merely of safe-keeping, but even of national defense.

## THE COINAGE.

More liberal appropriations by Congress have made it possible to effect a measurable improvement in the condition of the coinage, particularly the silver, and at the same time to relieve the Treasury of a large part of the superfluous subsidiary coins which it has had to carry for a number of years. During the fiscal year the following amounts of gold, silver, and minor coins were transferred from the Treasury offices to the mint to be recoined, or, in the case of the last, to be cleaned where recoinage was unnecessary:

| Kind. | Amount. | Kind. | A mount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. | \$32, 322. 40 | 5-cent pieces | \$13, 250.40 |
| Standard silver dollars | 10,800.00 | 3-cent pieces | 839.09 |
| 50 -cent pieces . | 419, 1.40. 50 | Minor coins. | 34, 049.00 |
| 25-cent pieces.. | $355,559.50$ $1,807.20$ | Total | 976, 418.09 |
| 10-cent pieces. | 108,650.00 |  | $976,418.09$ |

A loss of $\$ 148.45$ was sustained in melting the gold, and one of $\$ 48,366.28$ in melting the silver, which were made good to the Treasurer out of the appropriations for recoinage. In the case of the gold the loss was a little less than one-half of 1 per cent, while in that of the silver it was upwards of 5 per cent.

The kind and amount of uncurrent coin held in the several offices of the Treasury on June 30 last, as compared with the total for the same date in 1890, are shown in the following table:

| Office. | Gold coin. | Standard silver dollars. | Fractional silver coin. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Washington | \$4, 081. 40 |  | \$15, 056.80 | \$19, 138. 20 |
| Baltimore... |  | \$400.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,400.00 |
| New York | 740,000.00 |  | $63,000.00$ | 803, 000.00 |
| Philadelphia. |  | 31, 000.00 | 45,430.00 | 76, 430. 00 |
| Boston..... | 573, 676. 00 |  | 400.00 | 574, 076.00 |
| Cincinnati . |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago. | 56, 000.00 |  |  | 56,000.00 |
| St. Louis |  |  | 2,350.00 | 2,350.00 |
| New Orleans. |  |  |  |  |
| San Francisco. | 2,955.00 | 690.00 | 180, 339.10 | 183, 984.10 |
| Total, 1891 | 1, 376, 712.40 | 32,090.00 | 307, 575.90 | 1.716,378.30 |
| Total, 1890 | 939,768.35 | 4,624.00 | 818,017, 58 | 1, 762, 4:09.93 |

While these figures would appear to show that the improvement in the condition of the silver coinage was offset by the degradation in that of the gold, it is not so, for the reason that, as seen above, the cost of restoration to full weight, in the case of gold, is not the tenth part of what it is in the case of silver.

As the result of this expenditure for recoinage and of some special efforts in other directions the amomet of fractional silver coin in the Treasury was reduced from $\$ 20,563,708.87$ to $\$ 16,846,619.77$ in the twelve months ending the 30th of last September. The relief thus afforded to the Treasury vaults may perhaps best be appreciated by considering that the weight of the metal thus parted with, it is hoped permanently, is upward of 200,000 pounds avoirdupois.

Many of the inquiries for fractional silver specify new coins, and much of the difficulty in the way of enlarging the popular use of this kind of money is found in the objection which most bankers appear to have against all coins showing any signs of wear. But for this prejudice, which, perhaps is not confined to banking circles, and which in the case of silver is altogether groundless, it is believed that the present stock of subsidiary silver would long ago have been absorbed into the circulation.

While the laws relating to the gold coinage provide that worn or abraded pieces shall be received by the Treasury only when the reduction in weight is not more than one-half of 1 per cent below the standard after a circulation of twenty years, and at a ratable proportion for any period less than twenty years, there are absolutely no restrictions whatever upon the receipt of any of the silver coins, no matter how much reduced in weight, if the reduction be the effect of natural abrasion, and not of willful mutilation. This distinction between the coins of the two metals was first made in the coinage act of 1873 , and has been adhered to without interruption since.

Such differences of practice are always more or less confusing, and this one has caused much popular misunderstanding. However, it is not only based on good grounds, but is almost necessary. The gold coins are manufactured at the mint out of bullion brought by a private citizen, who receives back weight for weight and value for value, without charge for the work done. To all intents and purposes the gold remained throughout the operation what it was at first, the private property of the owner. The benefits of the manufacture into coin were all on the side of the citizen; the cost was all borne by the Government. When in the course of business a coin of such origin is offered to the Treasury in a worn or mutilated condition and of less intrinsic value than the standard fixed by law for the money of the country, it is clearly proper that the Government should prescribe a reasonable limit of loss as the utmost it is willing to assume. Since gold is the monetary standard, the value of the dollar of account is the same as that of the legaltender piece. If the weight of that piece is allowed to be reduced by wear, the value of the dollar of account depreciates in like proportion. Hence it is bighly important that gold coins seriously reduced in weight should not possess the full legal-tender quality, and the law provides that any such coins in the Treasury, when the reduction amounts to more than one-half of 1 per cent of the standard weight, shall be recoined.

But with the silver coinage the case is entirely different. This, from the dollar down to the dime, is manufactured, not from metal brought to the mint by the producer, and for his benefit, but from bullion pur-
chased by the Government in the market, and at a large proft. That which gives value to the gold dollar, and at the same time to the dollar of account, is weight of metal, to be determined by a scale; that which gives value to the silver dollar, and makes it equal to the dollar of account, is the fiat of the Government, expressed by a stamp. The metal will wear away, and the value with it; but the fiat is unchangeable, and stands so long as the stamp can be recognized. Hence it is that while the Government can not afford to receive gold coins which have been reduced in weight to the extent of one-half. of 1 per cent, and it is necessary to the maintenance of the staindard of value that this regulation should be rigidly observed, no silver piece is ever weighed at the Treasury to determine whether it shall be received, and none can be rejected for lightness of weight, no matter how great the deficiency, if the loss be apparently due to natural abrasion. A perfectly new silver coin may be handsomer than an old, worn one, and more desirable in the eyes of some people, but it is no better money. In some respects, indeed, the advantage is with the latter. The counterfeiter takes as his model the perfect or nearly perfect piece. The smooth half dollar, quartér, or dime, with its shining surface and faint outlines of devices, is pretty certain to be genuine; but the rough, unworn one, with its soiled and discolored indentations, or even the clean, new one, may be spurious.

These remarks have been ventured upon, not to apologize for the condition of the silver circulation, nor to criticise the public taste in such matters, but with the single object of removing a widespread misapprehension, which has worked to the disadvantage of the Treasury. There can, of course, be no excuse for allowing any part of the coinage to fall into neglect, and no reason why Congress should fail to make proper provisions for keeping all of it in good condition. If Congress does not see fit to do this by making a permanent annual appropriation of as much as may be necessary, another special appropriation of not less than $\$ 150,000$ is earnestly recommended.

No extensive investigation of the condition of the gold coinage has been made, but when the exports set in last spring a bag of each of the three larger denominations, taken haphazard out of the vaults of the New York subtreasury, was weighed, with the following results, stated in grains:

| Denomination. | Standard weight. | Actral weight. | Actualreduction. | Tolerated reduction. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Double eagles. | 129,000 | 128, 952 | 48 | 645 |
| Eagles ..... | 129,000 | 128,880 | 120 | 645 |
| Half eagles | 129,000 | 128,808 | 192 | 645 |

In the lack of better statistics these figures may be taken as indicating the condition of this part of the circulation, which is seen to be well up to the standard.

## SPURIOUS AND FRAUDULENT ISSUES.

The following table shows the amount of the several kinds of spurious silver coin and paper currency rejected and canceled during the fiscal year at the several offices of the Treasury, all counterfeits of the
genuine, with the exception of $\$ 280$ in bank notes, which had been stolen while yet unsigned and fraudulently put in circulation:

| Denomination. | Silver coin. | United States notes. | Silver certifi. cates. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { National- } \\ & \text { bank } \\ & \text { notes. } \end{aligned}$ | Fractional currency. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Twenty-five cents | \$1.35. 75 |  |  |  | \$11.00 ${ }^{\circ}$ | \$146. 75 |
| Fifty cents....... | 275.00 |  |  |  | 225.50 | 500.50 |
| One dollar | 1,536.00 | \$11 | \$21 |  |  | 1,568. 00 |
| Two dollars. |  | 60 | 138 | \$40 |  | 238.00 |
| Five dollars |  | 220 | - 260 | 540 |  | 1,020.00 |
| Ten dollars |  | 810 | - 10 | 1,060 |  | 1,880.00 |
| Twenty dollars |  | 560 |  | 920 |  | 1,480.00 |
| Fifty dollars. |  | 1,100 |  | 50 |  | 1,150.00 |
| One hundred dollars |  | 300 |  | 600 |  | 900.00 |
| Total | 1,946. 75 | 3,061 | 429 | 3,210 | 236. 50 | 8,883. 25 |

In the aggregate there was a considerable decrease from the year before, showing presumably a corresponding improvement in the condition of the currency in this respect. Since the date of the last report there have been seen at this office two examples of a new counterfeit of the ten-dollar United States note bearing the vignette of Webster; four of the five-dollar note of the Quincy National Bank, of Quincy, Ill.; and one of the five-dollar note of the First National Bank, of Bay City, Mich., all photographic. Under date of August 6, 1891, the Kinsman National Bank, of Kinsman, Ohio, informed the Treasurer that $\$ 500$ of its notes, of the denominations of $\$ 10$ and $\$ 20$, bearing Treasury numbers 577058 to 577067 and bank numbers 520 to 529 , signed by the president but not by the cashier, had been stolen from its vault by burglars. Under the regulations of the Department these notes will not be redeemed at this office. None of them have yet been seen, and it is not known whether they have been put in circulation or not.

There has been redeemed out of the appropriation of $\$ 2,500$ made by the act of September 30, 1890, the aggregate sum of $\$ 1,350$ of the notes of the Third National Bank, of New York; the First National Bank, of Jersey City; and the National City Bank, of Lynn, which.were stolen, between the years 1864 and 1868, from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency. The estimate for the appropriation was prepared in this office from the records of former rejections, and provided for all of the notes certainly known to have been in circulation and not redeemed out of a former appropriation, with a small margin of excess. Since the appropriation became available a sum in notes never before seen at this office has been redeemed, which, together with the remainder of the notes estimated for, would exceed the amount authorized to be used; but as the fact that the notes had become payable was widely announced in the newspapers, and as none of them have been presented since February 4 , it is presumable that not many more of them are in existence. Out of a block of forty-two consecutive numbers of the hundred-dollar notes not one has ever been seen, and it has always been understood that these, with a large part of the others, were destroyed by the thief to avoid detection.

Although the appropriation will doubtless be ample to provide for the retirement of the last of these notes, the Treasurer can not take them from the list of irredeemable notes, because so many of them are still theoretically outstanding without any provision to meet them. Although the public may feel reasonably sure that all danger from them has been removed, yet as the matter now stands no one can with safety receive a bank note of any of the same denominations without scruti-
nizing the title and numbers. It is suggested that, considering all the circumstances, it would be well for Congress to appropriate the remaining sum of $\$ 9,750$ required to cover the whole theft. The probability that any part of this money would actually be needed is very remote, but such a step would relieve the public of all future risk from a source for many years so extremely dangerous.

## NATIONAL BANKS.

United States bonds of the face value of $\$ 142,508,900$ were held in trust June 30, 1891, to secure the circulating notes of national banks, a decrease of $\$ 2,719,400$ during the year. There were also held $\$ 26,349,500$ of bonds to secure public deposits, a decrease of $\$ 3,363,500$. Two hundred and thirty-nine new banks were organized and deposited bonds. Seven new depositaries were designated, and ten old ones were discontinued. Altogether $\$ 22,099,050$ of bonds were deposited during the year, and $\$ 28,181,950$ were withdrawn. The amount of each kind remaining on deposit at the close of the year is shown in the following table:

| Class of bonds. | Rate of interest. | To secture cir culation. | To secure public moneys. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bonds issued to Pacific railroads | 6 | \$7, 957, 000 | \$2,113,000 | \$10, 070, 000 |
| Funded loan of 1891. | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | 22; 565,950 | 3, 353, 000 | 25, 918,950 |
| Funded loan of 1907 | 4 | 111, 985,950 | 20,883, 500 | 132, 869, 450 |
| Total |  | 142, 508, 900 | 26,349, 500. | 168, 858, 400 |

Under the provisions of the circular of July $2,1891, \$ 20,223,350$ of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds held to secure circulation, and $\$ 2,158,000$ held to secure deposits, were continued at 2 per cent.

The amount paid into the Treasury during the year by the national banks as the semi-amnual duty on their outstanding circulation was $\$ 1,216,104.72$, a decrease of $\$ 38,734.93$ as compared with the preceding year.

## PACIFIC RAILROAD SINKING FUNDS.

First-mortgage bonds of the Pacific railroads amounting to $\$ 1,331,750$ were added during the year to the sinking fund of the Union Pacific Railroad, and $\$ 426,000$ of them to that of the Central Pacific Railroad, by purchase. All of the United States. 4 per cent bonds formerly belonging to the first-named fund have been sold and the proceeds invested in first-mortgage bonds. The composition of these funds on June 30, 1891, is shown below:

| Kind of bonds. | Rate per cent. | Union Pacific sinking fund. | Central Pacific sinking fund. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads | 6 | \$1, 043, 000 | \$2, 548, 000 | \$3, 591, 000 |
| Union Pacific first-mortgage. | 6 | 3,996,000 | 385,000 | 4, 381,000 |
| Central Pacific first-mortgage | 6 | 2,496, 000 | 985, 000 | 3,481, 000 |
| Central Branch, Union Pacific. | 6 | 835,000 | 20,000 | 855,000 |
| Eastern Division, Union Pacifio | 6 | 791.000 | 29,000 | 820,000 |
| Sioux City and Pacific. | 6 | 625,500 | 3,000 | 628, 500 |
| Western Pacific | 6 | 163, 000 | 13,000 | 1760, 000 |
| Total |  | 9,949,500 | 3,983, 000 | 13,932, 500 |

Since the above date $\$ 580,000$ of the bonds held for the Union Pacific have been exchanged for a like amount of first-mortgage bonds of the different roads at a profit of $\$ 34,133.15$. A like exchanige of $\$ 67,000$ for the Central Pacific produced a profit of $\$ 2,246.23$. In both cases the profits were invested in bonds of the same kind as those acquired by the exchange.

The continued growth of these funds, and the prospect that in a short time they will consist entirely of coupon bonds, will soon make an increase of vault space indispensable, to say nothing of other muchmeeded conveniences for handling the bonds and cutting the coupons. There are now $\$ 14,000,000$ of such bonds in the vault, which must be kept separate according to the road which issued them, the year and month in which they mature, and the series to which they belong. They are issued by six different companies, and mature in different months of each of five years, from 1895 to 1899.

The bonds of the Central Pacific äre issued in eight series, and bonds of each series are held. Interest becomes due on them, and coupons must be cut from thèm, in January, February, May, June, July, August, November, and December. All of these securities are payable to bearer, and if any of them were lost they might be sold in the open market before they were missed. They are kept in the same vault as those of the registered bonds belonging to the national banks, of which there are nearly four thousand lots. These last must all be examined and counted at least once a year by the authorized agents of the bauks, a work that should be done inside the vault, but can not be, for want of space.

## INDIAN TRUST FUND.

Under the act of June 10, 1876, the bonds and stocks described in the following table are held for the Secretary of the Interior, trustee of various Indian tribes:


On May 14, 1891, by direction of the trustee, in accordance with the provisions of the Indian appropriation act of March $3,1891, \$ 37,000$ of Florida and $\$ 15,000$ of Louisiana stocks were withdrawn from the fund and became the property of the United States. Next day, by the same authority, $\$ 26,000$ of Florida and $\$ 4,000$ of North Carolina stocks were transferred in the same manner. At the same time $\$ 24,000$ of the United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads were sold and the proceeds deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the Delaware tribe of Indians. On September 3, 1891, the bonds of the State of Maryland, amounting to $\$ 8,350.17$, were paid.

## MISCELLANEOUS TRUSTS.

.United States bonds, of the kinds and amounts described below, are held in trust, under various provisions of law, for the institutions named:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { American Printing House for the Blind, } 4 \text { per cents............................. } \$ 250,000 \\
& \text { Pennsylvania Company, } 4 \frac{1}{2} \text { per cents ................................................ 200, } 000 \\
& \text { Manhattan Savings Institution, } 4 \text { per cents.................................................................. 75,000 } \\
& \text { North American Commercial Company, } 2 \text { per cents............................. } 50,000 \\
& \text { Total........................................................................................... } 575,000
\end{aligned}
$$

The bonds and other securities comprised in the following list are the property of the United States, and are held for the Secretary of the Treasury:


The bonds of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, formerly in this list, amounting to $\$ 500,000$, became due and were paid, together with $\$ 10,000$ of accrued interest.

United States 4 per cent bonds, of the face value of $\$ 70,000$, are held as a special deposit in the name of the Comptroller of the Currency, for the benefit of the creditors of the Fidelity National Bank, of Cincinnati.

## REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES.

The heavy fluctuations which have characterized the movements of money have been reflected in the bank-note redemptions, and these have been large in proportion to the volume of the notes outstanding. A greater amount was presented in January, when currency began to return from the interior, than in any previous month since May, 1889, although in the interval the outstanding circulation had been reduced from two hundred and fifteen to one hundred and seventy-five millions. Nearly sixty-seven millions were redeemed in the fiscal year, a decrease of about three millions as compared with the year before. A full statement of the year's operations, including, besides the details presented in former reports, some others which are given for the first time, will be found in the appendix.

What public interest is now taken in the redemption of bank notes is centered chiefly in the effect upon the currency and in the changes in the fund on deposit in the Treasury for the retirement of surrendered circulation, topics which have already been touched upon in this report, and of which the former has perhaps been sufficiently discussed.

The fresh deposits made during the year for the withdrawal of notes from circulation amounted to $\$ 9,725,060$, of which $\$ 8,048,530$ was received from banks desiring to reduce their issues, $\$ 1,600,200$ for banks whose affairs are being wound up, and $\$ 79,330$ for the retirement of notes issued prior to the extension of charters.

The redemptions of the year from the aggregate fund were $. \$ 25,329$; 027.50 , so that the balance on deposit was reduced from $\$ 55,619,359.75$
to $\$ 40,018,392.25$. An analyzed statement of the ycar's operations affecting this fund is given in the following table:

| Month. | Deposits. |  |  |  | Redemptions. | Balance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | For reduetiòn. | For reticement. | For reissue. | Total. |  |  |
| $\text { July } 1890 .$ | \$534, 195.00 | \$133, 900.00 |  | \$668,095. 00 | \$2, 131, 929.00 | \$54, 155, 525.75 |
| August. | 2,528, 650.00 | 171,890.00 |  | 2, $700,540.00$ | 1,796, 769.00 | 55, 059, 296.75 |
| September | 2, 964,150.00 | 56, 250.00 | \$600. 00 | $3,021,000.00$ | 2, $074,431.50$ | 56, 005, 865.25 |
| October. | 776, 250.00 | 217, 470.00 |  | $993,720.00$ | 2, 202, 728.00 | 54, 796, 857.25 |
| November | 90, 900.00 | 171,550.00 | 45, 000.00 | 307, 450.00 | 2, 109, 684. 50 | 52, 994, 622. 75 |
| December.. | 191, 250.00 | 72, 625.00 |  | 263, 875.00 | 1,935, 467.00 | 51, $323,030.75$ |
| January.. | 92, 610.00 | 153, 130.00 |  | 245, 740.00 | 2,461,760.00 | 49, 107, 010.75 |
| February | 191, 700.00 | 138, 495.00 | 7,950.00 | 338, 145.00 | 2, 279, 340.50 | 47, 165, 815. 25 |
| March | 223,875.00 | 167,000.00 |  | 390,875.00 | 2, 440, 204. 50 | 45, 11.6, 485.75 |
| April | 370, 800.00 | 190, 450.00 | 1.9,350. 00 | 580, 600.00 | 1,540,086. 50 | 44, 1.56, 999. 25 |
| May | 49,500.00 | 72, 190.00 | 6,430.00 | 128, 120.00 | 2, 081, 758.50 | 42, 203, 360.75 |
| June | 34, 650.00 | 55, 250.00 |  | 89,900.00 | 2, 274, 868. 50 | 40, 018, 392.25 |
| Total | 8, 048, 530.00 | 1, 600, 200.00 | 79, 330. 00 | 9, 728, 060.00 | 25, 329,027. 50 |  |

Partly by anticipation, but chiefly by accepting the Secretary's offer of extension, the banks were able to tide over the maturity of the $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds without any considerable effect upon their circulation. Indeed, the deposits of the new bonds during the months of July, August, and September exceeded the withdrawals of the old, and the new cifculation issued on them not only checked for the time the gradual contractions that had. so long been going on, but actually increased the volume of this currency by some $\$ 4,000,000$. Only $\$ 1,088,663$ of lawful money was deposited in this period for the retirement of outstanding notes, while $\$ 4,566,917$ of notes were redeemed, so that the new issues would appear to have amounted to about $\$ 7,500,000$.

Some little difficulty has arisen in the administration of the act of June 20, 1874, from the narrowness of the working balance now afforded by the ' 5 per cent redemption fund. Many banks have less than $\$ 1,000$ on deposit, and a majority of them all have no more than $\$ 2,250$ each. Although by strict interpretation the law would require all redemptions to be reimbursed by the banks before the delivery of any part of the redeemed notes from the Treasury, this provision was early found to be unnecessarily burdensome to the banks and vexatious to the Department. For the last sixteen years it has been the uniform practice to deliver the redeemed notes for the bank's account on the same day that they were charged to the redemption fund, provided only that the whole amount of the notes did not exceed the lawful money on deposit. Manifestly, while the Treasurer could run no risk in parting with notes already paid for by the bank of issue, and could subserve no useful purpose in refusing to do so, he had no authority to let notes go out of his custody which had not been so paid for, but had in fact been received in exchange for other moneys belonging to the Treasury itself.

As long as the redemption fund was ample this system worked satisfactorily; so satisfactorily, indeed, that many bank officers appear to have given themselves little concern about the matter, and made their remittances, not in response to the Treasurer's notifications, as the law requires, but only when currency was actually received from the Department. In time they began to consider it their right to have their notes collected and delivered, no matter what the amount might be, and to pay for them at their convenience. Many of the smaller bonks in
particular, with $\$ 562.50$ on deposit, have fallen into this error. In the interval from one assortment of a bank's notes to the next it frequently happens that more are redeemed than this sum will take up, and the redemption agency is obliged to hold a part or all of them for a further deposit. A notice is sent to the bank, expressed as clearly as possible, reciting the facts, and calling for the necessary remittance.

This communication has a forcible legal effect. A bank failing to respond to it forthwith is in default-may even be exposed to summary proceedings. But the paper in many cases is misunderstood or laid aside. No currency being received, no remittance is made. The outstanding notes of the bank continue to be presented at the Treasury and continue to be redeemed. In a few weeks another sum of them has accumulated. Another notice is sent to the bank, and receives as little attention as the first. Eventually a considerable part of a bank's circulation may be in the Treasurer's hands. Correspondence is opened, misunderstandings are found to exist, explanations are asked for, long transcripts of account are exchanged. The bank officer at last is made to see that unless he redeems his notes as the law requires they must go to protest, and be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of the bonds on deposit for their security; also that this proceeding will lead to the forfeiture of his charter and the appointment of a receiver. To prevent such a catastrophe he remits in one sum, perhaps not without inconvenience, what he might have remitted from time to time in a number of small installments, lies out of the use of his money till the return remittance reaches him, feels perhaps that he has been badly treated, and, strange as it may seem, allows himself, by returning to his former methods, to get into the same entanglement the next time the occasion arises.

All this is avoided by the best conducted banks, and might be avoided by all, with no hardship to them, and much less trouble to the Treasurer, by a little attention to the scheme of the redemption system set up by law, if not to the plain requirements of the law itself. The fundamental principle of the plan is that national-bank notes are redeemable at the Treasury out of money advanced by the bank of issue. Necessarily the original deposit must become impaired, and that too without the direct knowledge of the bank. When this has occurred to the extent of not less than $\$ 500$, the Treasurer may notify the bank of the fact, whereupon the bank must make good the impairment forthwith, under pain of the severest penalties that can be visited upon a financial institution. The privilege of issuing notes to circulate as money is a valuable franchise, and one which in the nature of things it would be improper to grant without the condition that the notes must be paid on demand. When the demand is made, and it comes to the bank, not by the presentation of the notes themselves, but in the shape of a notification from the Treasurer that they have been presented to him, the bank's first and most important business is to respond by remitting to the Treasurer the amount he asks for. The issue of new notes to take the place of those paid off and clestroyed is another matter altogether, with which the Treasurer has nothing whatever to do. "And when," in the language of the statute, "such redemptions have been so reimbursed, the circulating notes so redeemed shall be forwarded to the respective associations by which they were issued; but if any of such notes are worn, mutilated, defaced, or rendered otherwisu unfit for use, they shall be forwarded to the Comptroller of the Currency and destroyed, and replaced as now provided by law."

This plan is not less simple than fair, and has been in successful oper-
ation for nearly twenty years. There are many banks throughout the country to whose management such incidents as those above detailed are unknown, and many others in which parts or the whole of the foregoing recital will be recognized as familiar history,-so many, in fact, that in no instance can exception be taken to what at first might appear to be a direct criticism. It is no part of the Treasurer's duty to in-- struct bank officers in theirs, but a good share of his labors are devoted to this field. It is perhaps unavoidably so; and the assistance he is called upon to render is cheerfully undertaken, in the spirit, he trusts, of friendly correspondence. The remarks and suggestions here ventured upon are advanced in the same feeling, with the single object of adding to the amenities of the relations which exist between the banks and himself.

## COMMISSION ON SAFE AND VAULT CONSTRUCIION.

The commission appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury under the provisions of a clause in the deficiency appropration act of September 30, 1890, "to report on the best method of safe and vault construction, with a view of renewing or improving the vault facilities of the Treasury Department," have been actively engaged in their investigations, and have paid several visits to the Treasurer's Office. The high character and attainments of the gentlemen selected for this important task give the comforting assurance that their: labors will be productive of the best results within the reach of modern skill and science.

The chairman, Robert H. Thurston, LL. D., is director of the College of Mechanical Engineering and Mechanic Arts in Cornell University. He served in the Corps of United States Naval Engineers during the late war, and at its close became professor of natural and experimental philosophy in the Naval Academy at Amnapolis.

In 1870 he visited Europe, and made extensive investigations in the manufactures of iron and steel in Great Britain. He resigned from the Navy in 1871, to accept the chair of mechanical engineering in the Stevens Institute of Technology at Hoboken, N. J. He served as United States Commissioner to the World's Fair at Vienna, and as a member of the United States Commission to examine into the causes of boiler explosions; also for a number of years on the United States Board appointed to make tests of iron, steel, and various other metals, in which positions he performed valuable scientific services.

Dr. Thurston was the first president of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. He is the author of many works on mechanics and subjects connected therewith, and is an inventor of note.

Mr. Francis A. Pratt, of Hartford, the second member of the commission, is the senior member of the Pratt \& Whitney Company, and its president; the founder of the firm and its great establishments in which are built an enormous variety of tools of all kinds, but especially for gunmakers, and where are built the Gardner, Hotchkiss, and other rapid-firing guns of modern invention, and a great variety of standard iron-workers' tools. This firm has established the standards of sizes and forms for the United States in the whole range of construction of bolts and nuts, of taps and dies; and they secure accuracy, formerly considered absolutely impossible of even approximation, through the use of a measuring machine capable of making measurements to the fifty-thousandth of an inch and less, and actually making their work accurate, as sent to the market, to within the ten-thousandth of an inch of standard.

Mr. Pratt is the founder of this system of application of scientific methods of exact measurement to such purposes in practical construction. As a mechanic he is considered to be fully the equal of any man living, and is considered by his colleagues in his profession the "American Whitworth," having accomplished what Sir Joseph Whitworth aspired to, but never reached.
Mr. Theo. N. Ely, the general superintendent of motive power of the Pennsylvania Railway, is also a noted mechanic and an educated and experienced engineer. He was taught the elements of his profession at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, N. X., and graduated with high honors. He later became a member of the engineering staff of the Pennsylvania Railway, and quickly rose to the most important and responsible position in the gift of that great corporation in his department, taking charge of all the mechanical engineering of the road, and finally, as other roads were bought, built, or leased, becoming the general superintendent of the mechanical engineering departments of all. The high standing of that railway in efficiency of all its mechanical departments and all its machinery, whether of transportation or constiuction, is attributed very largely to Mr. Bly. He has introduced the best and most thoroughly scientific methods and processes of production, of inspection, test, and purchase of materials, and of maintenance and repair, and has made the whole motive-power department a model after which are patterned the similar departments of the majority of other roads in this country and many abroad.

Mr. Ely has also kept up his acquaintance with both the scientific and the practitioner's side of his work, outside his own department, and is regarded as quite as high an authority, on constructive engineering generally, as can be found.

The chairman has kindly furnished the following statement in regard to the labors and plans of the commission:
The United States commission on safe and vault construction, appointed in April last to consider and report upon the desirability and required extent of new vanlt constructions for the Treasury and upon the best methods of vault construction as practiced at the present time, has been at work, as its members could get together, throughout the intervening period. The three members of this commission are very closely engaged, their regular duties being both important and engrossing; but they have found time to conduct, as suggested by this office, a very extended and thorough investigation of the best of recent methods of insuring safety in the storage of money and securities, and are expected to report upon all the modern systems of safe and vault construction, of detection of attempts to tamper with such receptacles, and of alarm in case of their attack, either by burglars or by their own appointed guardians.
The commission has, up to the present date, given its attention mainly to the generally standard systems of construction of safes and vaults, by the aggregation of laminated plates of iron, steel, and various special compositions; the methods of securely putting together such plates to form a vault or safe; and the best systems of bolting, of securing the corners against injury or penetration, the construction of doors and accessories, and the later forms of bolting doors and of putting in locks and time attachments.

The commission have, in this investigation, visited the establishments of a number of makers, on their invitation, where the processes of construction could be studied, and have seen the whole work of safe-building carried on, including the preliminary fitting of plates, their erection in the vanlt under construction, and the fimal completion of the vatilt in place. They have been permitted to inspect the safes aud vaults most recently constructed by the banks and safe deposit cormpanies of the large cities, and have very fully examined the details of their construction. They have studied the newest forms of time-lock and especially the most recent of the devices known as the automatic systerns of opening; in which the time-lock not only removes the obstructions preventing the unlocking of the vault doors during: the time for which it is set, but also actually unlocks the door at a specified time, and from the inside, thus doing away with the otherwise mavoidable oxternal mechanism for unlocking, and the consequently necessary passage of a spindle or
its mechanical equivalent throngh the door, a generally admitted cause of wèakness and source of more or less danger.
The commission have looked into the latest systems of electric guards and alarms, and their arrangements for protection by simple detection of all attempts of tho attacking party to even tonch the protected receptacle, and of giving an alacm at a distant point, or at any desired point in the neighborhood. These systems are initended to be efficients irrespective of the extent or efficiency of the presumably burglar-proof construction of the safe or vault.
There remains, on the programme, the further study of a few special constructions, the investigation of the later methods of application of chilled cast iron to such work, and the examination of some new forms of lock and automatic bolting. It is possible that some cxperimentation may be called for. The commission are expected to report soon after the opening of the next session of Congress.

## CONDITION OF BUSINESS.

The recent operations of the Treasury, by their magnitude, have called for unwonted exertions on the part of the administrative and clerical force. In particular, the labor of receiving and forwarding currency has been made very heavy by the unusual demands for shipments or the exchange of one kind of money for another. Much extra work was required to carry out the provisions of the act of December 15,1890 , which provided for the payment of a drawback or rebate to manufacturers and dealers, on certain kinds of tobacco, upon which the tax had been paid. All business that has come to the office has been attended to with promptness and, it is believed, with satisfaction to the public.

I desire to express my appreciation of the prompt and cheerful manner in which the subordinate officers, clerks, and other employés in this office have performed their laborious and, in most cases, responsible duties. Skill and integrity in handling enormous sums of money, diligeuce and correctness in keeping accounts, are absolute necessities in the daily transactions of the United States Treasury. Anxieties surround the proper conduct of such an office, but with a well-trained and tried force to rely upon cares and worries are greatly lessened.

Thanks are due to Mr. F. W. Lantz for his careful and conscientious work in compiling and editing this report.

- I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, E. H. Nebeker, 0 Treasurer of the United States.
Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.


## APPENDIX.

## No. 1.-Receipts and Expenditures for the Fiscal Year 1891, as shown by Warrants Issued.

| Account. | Receipts. | Expenditures. | Repayments from unexpended appropriations. | Counter credits to appropriations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customs | \$219, 522, 205. 23 | \$24,909, 689.16 | \$405, 892. 06 | \$42, 728. 29 |
| Interual revenue. | 145, 686, 249.44. | 16, 552, 292.50 | 13,381. 29 |  |
| Lands | 4, 029, 535.41 |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneons | 23, 374, 457. 23 |  |  |  |
| Interior civil . |  | 15, 281, 705. 34 | 247, 360:41 | 15,497. 10 |
| Treasury proper |  | 45, 217, 510.47 | 4, 348, 950. $14-$ | 381, 074. 31 |
| Diplomatic |  | 2,028, 715. 26 | 33, 925.24 | 38,908. 78 |
| Judiciary. |  | 6, 058, 254.76 | 227, 909. 04 | 70, 274. 10 |
| War Department |  | $48,720,065.01$ | 1, 009, 160. 76 | 649, 910.52 |
| Navy Department |  | 26, 113, 896.46 | 233, 810. 59 | 6, 513,351. 49 |
| Interior Department, Indian |  | 8, 527, 469. 01 | 355, 923. 36 | 50, 042.61 |
| Interior Department, pensions |  | 124, 415, 951.40 | 5, 059, 923. 96 | 88.12 |
| Interest on the public debt |  | 37, 547, 135. 37 | 482, 972. 69 |  |
| Premium on the public debt |  | 10, 401, 220. 61 |  |  |
| Total, net | 392, 612, 447. 31 | 365, 773, 905. 35 |  |  |
| the publio debt. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold certificates | $63,515,000.00$ | 68, 601, 550.00 |  |  |
| Silver certificates | 84, 904, 000.00 | 71, 728, 566. 00 |  |  |
| Currency certificates. | 38, 560, 000.00 | 28, 050, 000. 00 |  |  |
| Refunding certificates | 70, 792, 000.00 | 70, 792, 9000.00 |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| Fractional currency |  | 3,831. 37 |  |  |
| Old demand notes. |  | 385.00 |  |  |
| One and two year notes of |  | 730.00 |  |  |
| Compound-interest notes |  | 3, 320.00 |  |  |
| $7-30 \mathrm{~s}$ of 1864 and 1865 |  | 1,150.00 |  |  |
| Funded loan of 1907. | 13,750.00 | 42, 641, 250.00 |  |  |
| Funded loan of 1891 |  | 58, 146, 550.00 |  |  |
| $5-20 \mathrm{~s}$ of 1862. |  | 150.00 |  |  |
| Loan of 1863 |  | 500.00 |  |  |
| 10-40s of 1864. |  | 11,500.00 |  |  |
| 5-20s of June, 1864 |  | 10,650.00 |  |  |
| Consols of 1865. |  | 15, 850.00 |  |  |
| Consols of 1867. <br> Loan of July 12, 1 |  | 35, 450.00 |  |  |
| Consols of 1868 . |  | 20, 050.00 |  |  |
| Funded loan of 1881 |  | 12, 800.00 |  |  |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 |  | 22, 050.00 |  |  |
| Boumty-land scrip |  | 100.00 |  |  |
| Loan of 1847 |  | 300.00 |  |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 51, 852, 417.00 | 1,624, 000.00 |  |  |
| National-bank notes, redemption account | 63, 571, 690.75 | 23, 553, 208. 50 |  |  |
| Total | 765, 821, 305. 06 | ' 731, 126, 376.22 | 12, 419, 209. 54 | 7, 762, 333.58 |
| Balance June 30, 1890 | 663, 425, 758.85 |  |  |  |
| B3alance June 30, 1891 |  | 698, 120, 687. 69 |  |  |
| Aggregate | 1, 429, 247, 063.91 | 1, 429, 247, 063.91 | 12,419, 209. 54 | 7,762, 333.58 |

No. \%.-Receipts and Expenditures for each Quarter of the Fiscal Year 1891, as shown by-Warrants Issued.'


## No. B.-Comparative Statement of Balances in the Treasury at tee Close of the Fiscal Years 1890 and 1891.

| Balance as shown by the last report, June 30, 1890 <br> Net revenue 1891 <br> Net expenditures 1891 |  |  |  |  | \$663, 425, 758.85 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \$392, 612, 447.31 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 365, 773, 905.35 |  |
| Excess of revenue over expenditures ............................. |  |  |  |  | 26, 838, 541.96 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 690, 264, 300.81 |
| Public debt. | Issues during year. | Redemptions during year. | Excess of issues over redemptions. | Excess of redemptions over issues. |  |
| Funded loan of 1907... | \$13, 750.00 | \$42, 641, 250.00 |  | \$42,627, 500.00 |  |
| Silver certificates...... | 84, 904, 000.00 | 71, $728,566.00$ | \$13, 175, 434.00 |  |  |
| Gold certificates....... | 63, 515, 000.00 | 68,601,550.00 |  | 5,086, 550.00 |  |
| Currency certificates.. | 38, 560, 000.00 | 28,050, 000.00 | 10,510,000.00 |  |  |
| United States notes... | 70, 792, 000.00 | 70, 792, 000.00 |  |  |  |
| Refunding certificates. |  | 9, 940.00 |  | $9,940.00$. |  |
| Fractional currency . |  | 3, 831. 37 |  | 3, 831.37 |  |
| Funded loan of 1891... |  | 58, 146, 550.00 |  | $58,146,850.00$ |  |
| National-bank notes, redemption account. | 63, 571; 690.75 | 23,553, 298. 50 | 40, 018, 392.25 |  |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890. | 51, 852, 417.00 | 1, $624,000.00$ | 50, 228, 417.00 |  |  |
| Matured debt .......... |  | 201, 100.00 |  | 201, 100.00 |  |
| Total............ | 373, 208, 857.75 | 365, 352, 470.87 | 113, 932, 243. 25 | 106, 075, 856.37 |  |
| Net excess of issues : over redemptions.... |  |  |  |  | 7,856, 386. 88 |
| Balance June 30, 1891.. |  |  |  |  | 698, 120, 687. 69 |

No. 4.-Receipts and Expenditures on accoun't of the Post-Offict Department for the Fiscal Year 1891, as shown by Warrants Issued.

| By whom handled. | Receipts from postal revonues. | Deficiency appropriation. | Total receipts. | Expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The Treasurer. | \$27, 032, 284. 16 | \$4, 741, 772.08 | \$31, 774, 056. 24 | \$33, 336, 956. 26 |
| Postmasters | 38,730,624. 39 |  | 38, 730, 624. 39 | 38,730,624.39 |
| Total | 65, 762, 908.55 | 4,741,772.08 | 70, 504, 680. 63 | 72, 067, 580.65 |
| Balance June 30, 1890 |  |  | 5, 842, 719. 11 |  |
| Balance June 30, 1891 |  |  |  | 4, 279,819.09 |
| Aggregate. |  |  | 76,347.399. 74 | 76,347, 399.74 |

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No. 5.-Assets and Liabilities of the Treasury Ofrices, June 30, 1891.

|  | Washington. | Baltimore. | New York. | Philadelphia. | Boston. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS. <br> Gold coin | \$26, 135, 320.40 | \$5, 726, 335.00 | \$54, 986, 970.00 | \$5, 732, 700.00 |  |
| Standard silver dollar | 148, 904, 330.00 | 4, 047, 011.00 | 31, 681, 920.00 | 10,188, 003.00 | 1,887, 277.00 |
| Fractional silver coin | 1, 523, 280.70 | 261, 130.70 | 8, 982, 970.84 | 96, 085. 29 | 340,260.20 |
| United States notes | 2, 062, 299.00 | 1, 398, 312.00 | 13, 470, 356. 00 | $2,253,515.00$ | $1,000,549.00$ |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 255, 136.00 | 13,179.00 | 8,559, 147.00 | 103,879.00 | -6,688.00 |
| National-bank notes | 5, 542, 271. 65 | 2, 144.00 | 15,390. 00 | 2,467.00 | - 11,323.00 |
| Gold certificates. | 691, 610.00 | 847, 580.00 | 15,901, 210. 00 | 694, 010.00 | 3, 455, 630.00 |
| Silver certificates | 1, 030,768. 00 | 104, 533.00 | 2, 616,379.00 | 409, 699.00 | 700, 821.00 |
| Currency certificates |  | 20, 000.00 | 1, 685, 000.00 | 60, 000.00 | 10, 000.00 |
| Minor coin ... | 10,969.92 | 4,292. 64 | 159,559. 92 | 33, 524. 64 | 2,589.33 |
| Fractional currency | 821.02 | 50.00 |  | 40.38 |  |
| Bonds and interest paid .... |  | 63.75 | 13, 387.87 | 1,252.45 | 6,586. 42 |
| Total cash assets..... Treasurer's transfer account | $\begin{array}{r} 186,156,806.69 \\ 54,170,956.21 \end{array}$ | 12, 424, 631.09 | 138,072, 290.63 | 19, 575, 115. 76 | 12, 451, 546. 45 |
| Aggrega | 240, 327, 762.90 | 12, 424, 631.09 | 138, 072, 290. 63 | 19, 575, 115.76 | 12, 451, 546. 45 |
| hlabilities. <br> Outstanding drafts and checks $\qquad$ | ${ }^{1} 154,989.52$ | 96,644. 10 | 3, 330, 297.05 | 200, 231. 16 | 195, 186.75 |
| Disbursing officers' balances | 2, 292,498. 24 | 375, 208. 35 | 17,696, 719.31 | 1,091,962.05 | 1, 495, 049. 33 |
| P. O. Department account .. | 436, 083.97 | 55,531. 49 | 1,305, 063.85 | 540, 871.46 | 481, 488.97 |
| Bank-note 5 per cent redemption fund .............. | 4,906, 866.81 |  |  |  |  |
| Other deposit and redemption accounts. | 1, 564, 774.34 | 23,610.00 | 529, 164.00 | 94,873.00 | 70,165.00 |
| Total Treasurer's agency account..... | 9,355, 212.88 | 550, 993.94 | 22, 861, 244.21 | 1, 927,937.67 | 2, 241, 890.05 |
| Balance to credit of mints and assay offices. |  |  | 24, 977, 709. 20 | 132, 448.69 |  |
| Balance I'reasucer's transfer account. |  | 2;060, 190.50 | 7, 969,673.16 | 5, 747, 601. 26 | 3, 591, 193.04 |
| Balance Treasurer's general account | 230, 972, 550.02 | 9,813,446.65 | 82, 263, 664.06 | 11, 767, 128.14 | 6, 618,463.36 |
| Agg | 240, 327, 762.90 | 12, 424, 631.09 | 138, 072, 290. 63 | 19, 575, 115.76 | 12, 451, 546.45 |
|  | Cincinnati. | Chicago. | St. Louis. | New Orleans. | San Francisco. |
| ASSETS. |  | - 0 - 00 |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | \$10, 682, 945.00 | \$4, 008, 840.00 | \$7, 406, 685. 00 | \$3, 458, 618. 00 | \$44, 755, 782.00 |
| Standard silver dolla | 967, 035.00 | $1,288,824.00$ | 12, 608, 551. 00 | 12, 870, 113.00 | 21, 308, 366. 00 |
| Tractional silver coin | 148, 939.00 | 797, 200.00 | 808, 943.91 | 209, 662. 31 | 5, 971, 451.85 |
| United States notes | 1, 045, 272.00 | 1,983,887.00 | 480,158.00 | 95, 615. 59 | 34,213. 00 |
| Treasury notes of 189 |  |  |  | 160, 476.00 | 1,900.00 |
| National-bank notes. | 12,300.00 | 7,980.00 | 35. 00 | 713.00 | 18,305.00 |
| Gold certificates. | 860,900.00 | 8, 583, 100.00 | 380, 220. 00 | 1, 000, 940.00 | 3,160.00 |
| Silver certificates | 325, 543.00 | 1, 152, 437.00 | 393,632.00 | 35, 062.00 | 266,405.00 |
| Currency certificate |  | 20,000. 00 |  |  |  |
| Minor coin | 14,795.75 | 47, 730. 80 | 11, 089.19 | 2,335,13 | 11, 229.80 |
| Fractional currency |  |  | $.50$ |  |  |
| Bonds and interest paid | 1,828.82 | 2,306.62 | 138.00 | 62.50 |  |
| Total | 14, 059, 558.57 | 17, 892, 255. 42 | 22,089, 452. 60 | 17, 833, 597. 53 | 72, 370, 812.65 |
| Unavailable |  |  |  | 701, 851, 34 |  |
| Aggregate | 14, 059, 558. 57 | 17, 892,255. 42 | 22, 089, 452. 60 | 18, 585, 448.87 | 72, 370, 812. 65 |
| liabilities. <br> Outstanding drafts and checks | 366, 075.15 | 379, 002. 74 | 342,676.43 | 208, 215. 41 | 343, 248.45 |
| Disbursing officers' balances | 270, 123.50 | 1, 781, 030.54 | 1, 128,761. 54 | 439, 762.56 | 1,309, 075.90 |
| P. O. Department account .- | 290, 622.07 | 461, 875. 46 | 319, 900.64 | 64,914.82 | $278,949.23$ |
| Other deposit and redemption accounts. | 23,992.90 | 39,645,00 | 11,080.00 |  |  |
| Total Treasurer's agency account. | 950,813.62 | 2,661, 553.74 | 1,802, 418.61 | 712, 892. 79 | 1,931,273.58 |
| Balance to credit of mints and assay offices. |  |  | 12,014.75 |  |  |
| Batance Treasurer's transf'er account. | 5, 957, 525. 91 | 1, 799, 014. 38 | 11, 823, 067.09 | 2,990, 399.37 | 12, 232, 291.50 |
| Balance Treasurer's general account | 7, 151, 219.04 | 13, 431, 687. 30 | 8, 451, 052.15 | 14, 832, 156.71 | 58, 207, 247. 57 |
| Aggregate | 14, 059, 558. 57 | 17, 892, 255. 42 | 22, 089, 452.60 | 18, 535, 448.87 | $72,370,812.65$ |

No. 6.-Composition of the Bullion Fund, by Offices, June 30, 1891.

| Component. | Dahlonega. | Denver. | Carson City. | New Orleans. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin |  | \$7.00 | \$1, 952, 605.00 | \$170, 000.00 |
| Gold bullio |  | 58,558.70 | 1, 005, 060.10 | $860,228.98$ |
| Standard silver dollars |  |  | 2, 880, 360. 00 | 10,674, 141.00 |
| Fractional silver coin |  |  | 4, 420.28 | 7, 7.74 |
| Silver bullion. |  |  | 322,683.79 | 489,763.43 |
| Trade dollar bars |  |  |  | 3, 295, 643.00 |
| United States notes |  |  |  |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 |  |  | 175, 037.11 | 34,413.65 |
| Minor coin .-.............................. |  | . 97 |  |  |
| Balance in subtreasuries and national-bank depositaries |  | 53, 842.91 | 326, 884.15 | 272, 688.97 |
| Total available |  | 112, 409.58 | 6,667,050.43 | 15, 796, 879.77 |
| Unavailable | \$27, 950.03. |  |  |  |
| Aggregate | 27,950. 03 | 112, 409. 58 | 6, 667, 050. 43 | 15, 796, 879.77 |
| Component. | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Boise City, | Charlotte. |
| Gold coin | \$1, 372,412.00 | \$6, 399, 715.00 |  |  |
| Gold bullion .......... | 32, 125, 131. 10 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1,953,943.21 \\ & 36,362,220.00 \end{aligned}\right.$ | \$58,841. 75 | \$16, 478.43 |
| Fractional silver coin. | 53, 475.15 | - 63,664.31 |  |  |
| Silver bullion. | 25, 934, 795:44 | 1, 308, 484.91 |  |  |
| Trade-dollar bars | 1, 472,604. 70 |  |  |  |
| United States notes. |  |  |  |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 26, 394.03 | 363, 463.46 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance in subtreasuries and national-bank depositaries. | 305,155. 66 | 608, 017.65 | 20, 835. 85 | 25,597.09 |
| Total available <br> Unavailable ......... | 112,453,643.08 | $\begin{array}{r} 47,059,508.54 \\ 413,557.96 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79,677.60 \\ & 11,611.03 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42,075.52 \\ & 32,000.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Aggregate. | 112,453,643.08 | 47, 473, 066. 50 | 91, 288. 63 | 74, 075.52 |
| Component. | Helena. | New York. | St. Louis. | Total. |
| Gold coin ... |  | \$2, 130.00 |  | \$9, 896, 869.00 |
| Gold bullion... | \$61, 031.14 | 25, 156, 548.74 | \$15,519. 48 | 61, 311, 341.63 |
| Frandard silver dollar | 27.39 | 881.00 59.30 |  | 101, $081,277.00$ |
| Silver bulliou... |  | 447, 414.70 | 274.02 | 28,503,416.29 |
| Trade-dollar bars |  |  |  | 4, 768, 247.70 |
| United States notes. |  |  | 10.00 | -10.00 |
| Treasury notes of 1890. |  |  |  | 599, 308. 25 |
| Minor coin................................. |  | 92 | 1.48 |  |
| depositaries | 16,510.62 | 20, 558, 529.87 | 12, 914.75 | 22, 200, 977. 52 |
| Aggregate............................... | 77, 569. 15 | 46, 165, 564. 53 | 28,724.93 | 228, 068, 222.15 |

No.7.-Composition of the Recoinage and Metal Funds, Mint at PhiladelPhịa, June 30, 1891.


No. 8.-General Distribution of the Assets and Liabilities of the TreasURY, JUNE 30, 1891.


No. 9.-Assets and Liabilities of the Treasury, June 30, 1890 and 1891.

|  | June 30, 1890. |  | June 30, 1891. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold |  |  |  |  |
| Coin | \$255, 673, 526. 35 |  | \$177, 820, 886:90 |  |
| Bullion | 65, 259, 618.67 | -020 03311502 | 61,311, 341.63 |  |
| Silver: |  |  |  |  |
| Dollars | 313, 147, 717.00 |  | 346, 833, 089.00 | - |
| Fractional coin | 22, 792, 718. 39 |  | 19, 629, 479.80 |  |
| Bullion. | 4, 611, 630.34 |  | 28, 516, 127.01 |  |
| Trade-dollar bars | 6, 074, 537.70 |  | 4,768, 247.70 |  |
| Paper: $0 \cdot \square$ - 346,626,603.43 $\longrightarrow$ 399, 746, 943. 51 |  |  |  |  |
| United States notes. <br> Treasnry notes of 1890 | 23,882, 038.64 |  | $25,348,656.50$ $9,879,713.25$ |  |
| National bank notes | 4,365, 837. 45 |  | 5, 706, 928.65 |  |
| Gold certificates. | 26, $332,120.00$ |  | 32, $223,360.00$ |  |
| Silver certificates | 3,983, 513.00 |  | 7,479.219.00 |  |
| Currency certificates | 500, $000.00^{\circ}$ |  | 1,905, 000.00 |  |
| Other: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Fractional currency - .............. taries <br> Bonds and interest paid....................................... | 260.21 |  | 911.90 |  |
|  | 30, 659, 565.32 |  | 26, $369,482.31$ |  |
|  | 37, 533.21 | $\cdots{ }^{30} 8.81,821.40$ | 27,384. 22 | 26,725, 817.41 |
| Aggregate |  | 757, 915, 078.94 |  | 748, 347, 866.85 |
| liabilities. |  |  |  |  |
| Agency account: <br> Outstanding drafts and checks... |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 014, 992. 83 |  | 6, 080,887. 77 |  |
| Disbursing officers balances..... | 24, 718, 510.86 |  | 32,300, 452.41 |  |
|  | 5, 805, 621.79 |  | 4, 242, 608.13 |  |
| Bank-note 5 per cent redemption fund | 5,619,498. 03 |  | 4, 906, 866.81 |  |
| Other deposit and redemption accounts. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1, 803, 180.96 | $39,961,804.47$ | 2,759,194. 24 |  |
| General account: . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| - Gold certificates | 157, 562, 979.00 |  | 152, 486,429.00 |  |
| Silver certificates. | 301, 539, 751. 00 |  | 314, 715, 185. 00 |  |
| Currency certificates. | 12, 390, 000.00 |  | 23, 780, 000. 00 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 |  |  | 50, 228, 417.00 |  |
| Balance. | 246, 460, 544.47 |  | 156, 847, 826. 49 |  |
| Aggregate |  | 717, 953, 274.47 |  | 698, 057, 857.49 |
|  |  | 757, 915, 078. 94 |  | 748, 347, 866.85 |

No. 10.-Assets and Liábilities of the Treasury, September 30, 1890 and 1891.


## No. 11.-Unavallable Funds of the General Treasury and of the PostOffice Department.

## GENERAL TREASURY.

| On deposit with the following States under the act of June 23, 1836: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | \$955,838.25 |  |  |
| New Hampshire | $669,086.79$ |  |  |
| Vermont. | 669, 086.79 |  |  |
| Massachusetts. | 1,338, 173.58 |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 764, 670,60 |  |  |
| Rhode Island | 382, 335.30 |  |  |
| New York | 4, $014,520.71$ |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 2, 867, 514.78 |  |  |
| New Jersey. | 764,670.60 |  |  |
|  | 2, 007, 260. 34 |  |  |
| Indiana | 860, 254. 44 |  |  |
| Illinois | 477, 919.14 |  |  |
| Michigan | 286, 751.49 |  |  |
| Delaware | 280, 751.49 |  |  |
| Maryland. | 955, 838. 25 |  |  |
| Virginia. | 2, 198, 427.99 |  |  |
| North Carolina | 1,433, 757.39 |  |  |
| South Carolina | 1, 051, 422.09 |  |  |
| Georgia. | 1,051, 422. 09 |  |  |
| Alabama | 669, 086. 79 |  |  |
| Louisiana. | 477, 919.14 |  |  |
| Mississippi | 382, 335. 30 |  |  |
| Tennessee. | 1, 433, 757.39 |  |  |
| Kentucky. | 1,433, 757. 39 |  |  |
| Missouri. | 382, 335.30 |  |  |
| Arkansas | 286,751. 49 |  |  |
| Total on deposit with the States |  |  | \$28, 101, 644.91 |
| Deficits and defalcations: |  |  |  |
| Subtreasuries: |  |  |  |
| Defalcation, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 3867, May \& Whitaker | 675, 325.22 |  | - |
| subtreasury United States, New Orleans, |  |  |  |
| 1867, May property. <br> Deficit, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 1885.. | $5,566.31$ $20,959.81$ |  |  |
|  |  | \$701, 851.34 |  |
| Mints and assay offices: |  |  |  |
| Deficits, and defalcations, branch mint United States, San |  |  |  |
| Francisco, 1857 to 1869.........-..................... | 413, 557. 96 |  |  |
| Defalcation, branch mint United States, Dahlonega, 1861.. | 27, 950. 03 |  |  |
| branch mint United States, Charlotte, 1861.. | 32,000.00 |  |  |
| United States assay office, Boisé City, 1885, N. H. Camp's account. | 11,611.03 |  |  |
|  |  | 485, 119.02 |  |
| National bank depositaries: |  |  |  |
| Failure, Venango National Bank of Tranklin, Pa......... <br> First Nationad Bank of Selma, Ala.. | $\begin{array}{r} 181,377.51 \\ 33 \\ \hline 883 \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 214, 761.38 |  |
| Depositories United States: |  |  |  |
| Defalcation, depository United States, Galveston, 1861.... | 778.66 |  |  |
| - depository United States, Baltimore, 1866:... | 547.50 | - |  |
| depository United States, Pittsburg, 1867.... | 2,126.11 |  | - |
| Deficit, depository United States, Santa Fé, 1866, short in remittance. | 249.90 |  |  |
|  |  | 3,702. 17 |  |
| Total deficits and defalcations |  |  | 1,405,433.91 |
| Total general Treasury |  |  | 29,507,078.82 |

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Defalcation, subtreasury United States, New Orleans, 1861. depository United States, Savannah, 1861... depository United States, Galveston, 1861.... depository United States, Little Rock, 1861...

31, 164.44
205.76
83.36

5,823.50

No. 12.-Fractional Silver Coin of each Denomination in each Office of the Treasury and Mint, June 30, 1891.

| Office. | Fitty cents. | Twenty-tive cents. | Twenty cents. | Ten cents. | Five cents. | Three cents. | Unas. sorted. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TREASURT. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | \$1,339, 460.00 | \$163, 710.00 | \$0. 20 | \$3,110.00 | \$5. 50 |  | \$16, 995. 00 |
| Baltimore | - $231,700.00$ | 20,050.00 |  | 1, 250.00 |  | \$30.00 | $8,100.70$ |
| Boston | 188, 479.00 | 133, 950.00 |  | 1,398.90 |  |  | 16,432. 30 |
| Chicago | 656, 000.00 | 137, 000.00 |  | 2,000.00 |  |  | 2, 200.00 |
| Cincinuati | 48, 124. 00 | 84, 250.00 |  | 16,000.00 |  |  | 565.00 |
| New Orleans | 116,280.00 | 88,720.00 |  | 4,470.00 |  |  | 192.31 |
| New York | 8,581, 000.00 | 264, 000.00 |  |  |  |  | 137,970.84 |
| Philadelphia | 22,000.00 | 19,000.00 | 100.00 |  | 300.00 | 30.00 | 54, 655.29 |
| San Francisco | 5,709,386.00 | 237, 817.75 | 419.20 | 19,871.00 | 3,904.90 | 15.00 | 38.00 |
| St. Louis... | $665,050.00$ | 128,850,00 |  | 11, 700.00 |  |  | 3,343.91 |
| MINT. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carson City |  | 4, 191.75 |  | 228.50 |  | . 03 |  |
| New Orleans |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74 |
| Philadelphia | 11,200. 00 | 38, 700. 00 |  | 3, 575. 10 | : 05 |  |  |
| San Francisco |  | 56,084. 00 |  | 7,580.00 | .... |  | .31 27.39 |
| New York | 8.00 | 49.50 |  | 1. 80 |  |  |  |
| St. Louis. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.20 |
| In transit | 188, 409.00 | 135, 708.50 | 922.40 | 36,364. 50 | 6,152.20 | 315.45 | 30. 58 |
| Total. | 17,757,096. 00 | 1,512,081.50 | 1,441.80 | 107, 549.80 | 10, 362.65 | 390.48 | 240,557. 57 |

No. 1 3.-Minor Coin of each Denomination ìn each Office of the Treasury and Mint, June 30, 1891.

| Office. | Five cents. | Threecents. | Two cents. | One cent. | Unassorted. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TREASURY. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | \$5, 966.00 | \$180.00 | \$30.00 | \$2,090.00 | \$2,703. 92 | - \$10.969.92 |
| Baltimore.. | 1,800.00 | 420.00 | 90.00 | 1,595.00 | 387. 64 | 4,292.64 |
| Boston. | 810.00 | 519.00 | 175.00 | 417.00 | 668.33 | 2,589. 33 |
| Chirago. | 19,750.00 | 300.00 | 60.00 | 25, 760.00 | 1,860.80 | 47, 730.80 |
| Cincinnati | 10, 189.90 | 30.00 | 44.00 | 4,509.00 | 22.85 | 14,795. 75 |
| New Orleans | 1,900.00 | 51.00 | 42.50 | 341.63 |  | 2,335. 13 |
| New York | 80,437.00 | 1, 140.00 | 770.00 | 74, 670.00 | 2,542.92 | 159,559.92 |
| Philadelphia | 14,050.00 | 690.00 | 260.00 | 14,800.00 | 3,724. 64 | 33, 524.64 |
| San Francisco | 6,597. 45 | 943.23 | 119.63 | 3,569.49 |  | 11, 229.80 |
| St. Louis . | 7,850.00 | 90.00 | 60.00 | 2,800.00 | 289.19 | 11,089. 19 |
| mint. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia. |  |  |  |  | 29, 918.49 | 29, 918.49 |
| Denver |  |  |  |  | . 97 | . 97 |
| New York |  |  |  |  | . 92 | . 92 |
| St. Louis |  |  |  |  | 1.48 | 1. 48 |
| Total | 149,350. 35 | - 4,963.23 | 1, 651.13 | 130,552.12 | 42, 122.15 | 328, 038.98 |

No. 14.-Reconcillation of the several Accounts and Statements of Cash in the Treasury, June 30, 1891.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 30, not covered into the Treasury by warrant. |  | 51, 265, 911. 80 |
| Aggregate assets, including certificates held in the cash, as shown in the published monthly statement of assets and liabilities. |  | 745, 349, $751 . \mathrm{C3}$ |
| Add receipts prior to July 1 not yet reported to the Treasurer: |  |  |
|  | \$1, 190, 704. 35 |  |
| National bank depositari | 1, 795, 884.15 |  |
| For certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872 | 990, 000.00 |  |
| For gold certificates, series of 1888 | 30, 000. 00 |  |
|  |  | 4,006,588.50 |
|  |  | \% $49,356,340.13$ |
| Deduct excess of disbursements over receipts, agency account, prior to July 1, not yet reported | 975, 903. 44 |  |
| And unavailable funds treated in the monthy statement of assets and liabilities as cash | 32,570.84 |  |
|  |  | 1, 008, 473. 28 |
| Aggregate available assets, as stated in this report |  | 748,347, 866. 85 |
| Deduct amount on doposit, agency account, as finally ascertained |  | 50, 290, 009, 36 |
| A vailable funds, general account, as stated in this report |  | 698, 057, 857.49 |
| Add unavailable funds |  | 1, 405, 433.91 |
| Balance, general account, as shown by the Treasurer's books........................... $699,463,291.40$Deduct receipts prior to July 1 not yet covered by warrant: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Waskington | 36, 914.81 |  |
| Baltimore. | 25. 48 |  |
| New York | 823, 189. 42 |  |
| Philadelphia | 196, 028.58 |  |
| Boston. | 2,284. 38 |  |
| Cincinnati | 2,878.81 |  |
| Chicago. | 59,153.80 |  |
| St. Louis | 7,143.38 |  |
| New Orleans. | 10,874.38 |  |
| San Francisco | 78,410.35 |  |
| National bank depositaries | 125,700. 32 |  |
|  |  | 1,342,603.71 |
| Balance of cov |  |  |
| Add amount on deposit with the States, not borne on the Treasurer's books............ 28, 101,644.91 |  |  |
| Balance standing charged to the Treasurer on the Register of the Treasury's books.... 726, 222,332.60 |  |  |

No. 15.-Semi-annual ${ }^{\circ}$ Duty Assessed upon and Collected from National Banks, by Fiscal Years.

|  | Fiscal year. | On circulation. | On deposits. | On capital. | - Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864. |  | \$53, 198.32 | \$95, 911. 87 | \$18,432.07 | \$167, 537. 26 |
| 1865. |  | 733, 247:59 | 1, 087, 530. 86 | 133, 251.15 | 1,954, 029.60 |
| 1866 |  | 2, 106, 785. 30 | 2,633, 102.77 | 406,947. 74 | 5, 146, 835.81 |
| 1867. |  | 2,868, 636. 78 | 2,650, 180.09 | 321, $881 . .36$ | 5,840,698. 23 |
| 1868. |  | 2,946, 343.07 | 2,564, 143. 44 | 306, 781.67 | 5, 817, 268. 18 |
| 1869 |  | 2,957, 416.73 | 2,614, 553. 58 | 312,918. 68 | 5, 884, 888.99 |
| 1870. |  | 2, 949, 744. 13 | 2,614, 767.61 | 375,962. 26 | 5, 940, 474.00 |
| 1871. |  | 2,987, 021. 69 | - 2,802,840.85 | $385,292.13$ | 6, 175, 154.67 |
| 1872. |  | 3, 193, 570.03 | 3,120, 984.37 | 389, 356. 27 | 6, 703, 910.67 |
| 1873. |  | 3, 353, 186. 13 | 3,196, 569. 29 | 454, 891.51 | 7,004, 646.93 |
| 1874. |  | 3, 404, 483. 11 | 3, 209, 967. 72 | 469, 048.02 | 7,083; 498.85 |
| 1875. |  | 3, 283, 450.89 | 3,514, 265.39 | 507, 417.76 | 7,305, 134.04 |
| 1876. |  | 3, 091, 795.76 | 3, 505, 129.64 | 632, 296.16 | 7.229, 221. 56 |
| 1877. |  | 2,900, 957.53 | 3, 451, 965. 38 | 660, 784. 90 | 7, 013, 707. 81 |
| 1878. |  | 2,948, 047.08 | 3, 273, 111: 74 | $560,296.83$ | 6,781, 455.65 |
| 1879. |  | 3, 009, 647. 16 | 3,309, 668.90 | 401, 920.61 | 6,721, 236.67 |
| 1880. |  | 3, 153, 635.63 | 4, 058, 710.61 | 379, 424.19 | 7,591, 770.43 |
| 1881.. |  | 3, 121,374. 33 | 4,940,945.12 | 431, 233.10 | 8,493, 552. 55 |
| 1882. |  | 3, 190, 981.98 | 5,521, 927.47 | 437, 774.90 | 9,150,684.35 |
| 1883. |  | 3, 132, 006. 73 | 2,773,790. 46 | 269,976.43 | .6,175, 773.62 |
| 1884 |  | 3, 024, 668. 24 |  |  | 3, 024, 668.24 |
| 1885. |  | 2, 794, 584. 01 |  |  | 2,794, 584.01 |
| 1886 |  | 2, 592, 021. 33 |  |  | 2,592,021.33 |
| 1887. |  | 2, 044, 922.75 |  |  | 2, 044, 922.75 |
| 1888. |  | 1, 616, 127. 53 |  |  | 1,616, 127.53 |
| 1889. |  | 1, 410, 331. 84 |  |  | 1,410, 331.84 |
| 1890 |  | 1, 254, 839.65 |  |  | 1,254, 839.65 |
| 1891. |  | 1, 216, 104. 72 |  |  | 1, 216, 104. 72 |
|  |  | 71, 339, 125.04 | 60,940, 067.16 | $7,855,887.74$ | 140, 135, 079.94 |

No. 16.-United States Bonds of each loan Held in Trust for National banks, June 30, 1890 and 1891, and changes during the Fiscal Year.

| Account. | Bouds issued to Paciticrail. roads ( 6 per cent). | Funded loan of 1891 (4년 per cent). | Funded loan of 1907 (4 per cent). | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bonds held in trust June 30, 1890 : |  |  |  |  |
| For circulation. | \$4, 913, 000 | \$39, 486, 750 | ' $\$ 100,828,550$ | \$145, 228, 300 |
| For public moneys | 1, 175, 000 | 6, 874, 500 | 21, 663, 500 | 29,713, 000 |
| Total | 6,088,000 | 46,361, 250 | 122, 492, 050 | 174, 941, 300 |
| Deposited and withdrawn during fiscal year: For circulation- |  |  |  |  |
| Deposited | 3,189,000 | 1,011, 800 | 15, 063, 250 | 19, 264, 050 |
| Withdrawn. | 145, 000 | 17, 932, 600 | 3,905,850 | 21, 983, 450 |
| For pablic moneys-Deposited. | 1,038, 000 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 1, 797, 000 | 2,835,000 |
| Withdrawn | 1, 100,000 | . $3,521,500$ | 2, 577,000 | $6,198,500$ |
| Bonds held in trust June 30, 1891: |  |  |  |  |
| For circulation ... | $7,957,000$ | $22,565,950$ | $111,985,950$ | $112,508,900$ |
| For public moneys. | 2,113, 000 | $3,353,000$ | $20,883,500$ | $26,349,500$ |
| Total | 10,070,000 | 25, 918,950 | 132, 869, 450 | 168, 858, 260 |

No. 1\%.-Receipts and Disbursements of Public Moneys through National, Bank Depositaries, by fiscat Years.

| Fiscal year. | Receipts. | Funds trans. ferred to depositary banks. | Funds transferred to Treasury by depositary banks. | Drafts drawn on depositary banks. | - Balanco. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1864 | \$153, 395, 108.71 | \$816,000.00 | \$85, 507, 674.08 | \$28, 726, 695. 88 | \$39, 976, 738.75 |
| 1865 | 987, 564, 639.14 | 8, 110, 294. 70 | 583, 697, 912. 72 | 415, 887, 767. 81 | 36,065, 992.06 |
| 1866 | 497, 566, 676. 42 | 13, 523, 972. 62 | $363,085,565.65$ | 149, 772, 756.11 | 34, 298, 31.9 .34 |
| 1867 | 35], 737, 083.83 | 8, 405, 903. 63 | 381, 039, 872.57 | 37, 218, 612. 76 | 26, 182, 821.47 |
| 1868 | $225,244,144.75$ | 9, 404, 39\%. 00 | 215, 311, 460.69 | 22, 218, 187. 92. | 23, 301, 709.61 |
| 1869 | 105, 160, 573. 67 | 10, 052, 199. 44 | 114, 748, 877.24 | 14, 890, 463.75 | 8,875, 141. 73 |
| 1870 | 120, 084, 041.79 | 2,466, 521. 06 | 111, 125, 926.18 | - 11, 818, 228.61 | 8,483, 549.79 |
| 1871 | 99, 299, 840.85 | 2,633, 129.45 | 89, 428, 544. 04 | 13, 790, 961. 01 | 7, 197, 015.04 |
| 1872 | 106, 104, 855.16 | 3, 050, 444.05 | 94, 938, 603.76 | 13, 635, 837.49 | 7, 777, 873.00 |
| 1873 | 169, 602, 743.98 | 9, 004, 842.49 | 108, 089, 786.76 | 16, 110, 519.07 | 62, 185, 153. 64 |
| 1874 | 91, 108, 846.70 | 2, 729, 958.81 | 134, 869, 112.57 | 13, 364, 554. 52 | 7,790, 292.06 |
| 1875 | 98, 228, 249.53 | 1, 737, 445. 60 | 82, 184, 304. 05 | 13, 657, 678. 25 | 11,914, 004. 89 |
| 1876 | 97, 402, 227. 57 | 2, 445, 451. 49 | 89, 981, 146.99 | 13, 909, 616. 83 | 7, 870, 920. 13 |
| 1877 | 106, 470, 261. 22 | 2,353, 196. 29 | $94,276,400.35$ | 14,862, 200.88 | 7, 555, 776.41 |
| 1878 | 99, 781, 053.48 | 2, 385, 920.38 | $90,177,963.35$ | 12, 606, 870.60 | 6, 937, 916. 32 |
| 1879 | 109, 397 , 525.67 | 6,890, 489.06 | 100, 498, 469. 29 | 15,544, 058.34 | 7,183, 403. 42 |
| 1880 | 119, 493, 171.94 | 6,489, 634. 17 | 109, 641, 232. 64 | 15, 525, 023.03 | 7, 999, 953.86 |
| 1881 | 131, 820, 002. 20 | 5, 646, 092. 46 | 118, 143, 724.91 | 18, 388, 772.82 | 8, 933, 550.79 |
| 1882 | 143, 261, 541.41 | 5, 256, 574. 29 | 129, 131, 305.07 | 18,709, 928.56 | 9, 610, 432. 80 |
| 1883 | 145, 974, 256. 86 | 5, 292, 840. 22 | 132, 075, 358. 80 | 18,771, 472.81 | 10, 030, 698. 33 |
| 1884 | 129, 100, 449.35 | $5,501,161.18$ | 116, 227, 722.17 | 17, 688, 442.52 | 10, 716, 144. 17 |
| 1885 | 119, 056,058.94 | 4,798,782. 35 | 105,952,609.09 | 17,633, 235. 03 | 10, 985, 141. 34 |
| 1886 | 123, 592, 221.68 | 8, 786, 546.55 | 112, 862, 815. 24 | 16,464, 462. 15 | 14, 036, 632. 18 |
| 1887 | 128, 482, 769. 20 | 11, 476, 772.92 | 118, 372, 954. 27 | 16, 432, 743.24 | 19, 190, 076. 79 |
| 1888 | 132, 591, 946. 77 | 80, 082, 442.39 | 161, 168, 708.67 | 15,782, 267.54 | 54, 913, 489.74 |
| 1889 | 139, 316, 214. 49 | $20,723,547.15$ | 152, 338, 700. 22 | 19,309, 039. 25 | 43, $305,511.91$ |
| 1890 | 147, 761, 566.81 | 20,285, 150.91 | 163, 808, 952. 13 | 20, 548, 812.80 | 26, 994, 464.70 |
| 1891 | 152, 389, 837. 70 | 21, 364, 103.93 | 154, 461, 345. 29 | 23,386, 731. 39 | 22,900, 329.65 |
| Total. | 5, 030,987, 909.82 | 281, 713, 409.59 | 4, 263, 145, 048.79 | 1, 026,655, 940.97 |  |

No: 18.-Number of National Banks and of National Bank Depositaries and amount of Bonds held for them at the close of lach fiscal Year.

|  | Fiscal year. | Number of banks. | Number of deposi. taries. | Londs held to secare circulation. | Bonds held to secure public funds. | Total of bonds held. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1863 |  | 26 |  | \$1, 185, 750 |  | \$1, 185, 750 |
| 1864 |  | 467 | 204 | 44, 266, 900 | \$30, 009, 750 | 74, 276, 650 |
| 1865 |  | 1,294 | 330 | 235, 989, 700 | 32, 707, 500 | 268, 697, 200 |
| 1866 |  | 1,634 | 382 | 327, 310, 350 | 38, 177, 500 | 365,487, 850 |
| 1867 |  | 1,636 | 385 | 340, 607, 500 | 39, 177, 950 | 379, 785,450 |
| 1868 |  | 1,640 | 370 | 341, 495, 900 | 38, 517, 950 | $380,013,850$ |
| 1869 |  | 1,619 | 276 | 342, 851, 600 | 25, 423, 350 | 368, 274, 950 |
| 1.870 |  | 1,612 | 148 | 342, 278, 550 | 16,072,500 | 358, 351,050 |
| 1871 |  | 1,723 | 159 | 359, 885, 550 | 15,536,500 | 375, 422, 050 |
| 1872 |  | 1, 853 | 163 | 380,440, 700 | 15, 229,000 | 395, 769, 700 |
| 1873 |  | 1,968 | 158 | 390, 410, 550 | 15, 210,000 | 405, 620, 550 |
| 1874 |  | 1,983 | 154 | 391, 171, 200 | 15,390, 200 | 406, 561, 400 |
| 1875 |  | 2,076 | 145 | 376, 314, 500 | 14,547, 200 | 390, 861, 700 |
| 1876 |  | 2,091 | 143 | -341, 394, 750 | 14, 578, 0.0 | 355, 972, 750 |
| 1877 |  | 2,078 | 145 | 338, 713, 600 | 15, 377, 0 00 | 354, 090, 600 |
| 1878 |  | 2,056 | 124 | 349, 546, 400 | 13, 858,0 0 | 363, 404, 400 |
| 1879 |  | 2,048 | 127 | 354, 254, 600 | 14,421, 4 po | 368, 676, 000 |
| 1880 |  | 2,076 | 131 | 361, 652, 050 | 14, 777, 000 | 376, 429, 050 |
| 1881 |  | 2,115 | 130 | 360, 505, 900 | 15, 295, 500 | 375, 801, 400 |
| 1882 |  | 2, 239 | 134 | 360, 722, 700 | 15, 925, 000 | 376, 647, 700 |
| 1883 |  | 2,417 | 140 | 356, 596, 500 | 17, 116, 000. | 373, 712,500 |
| 1884 |  | 2,625 | 135 | 334, 147, 850 | 17,060, 000 | 351, 207, 850 |
| 1885 |  | 2,689 | 132 | 312, 145, 200 | 17, 607, 000 | 329,752, 200 |
| 1886 |  | 2, 809 | 160 | $275,974,800$ | 19, 659, 900 | 295, 634, 700 |
| 1887 |  | 3, 014 | 200 | 191, 966, 700 | 26,485,500 | 218,452,200 |
| 1888 |  | 3,128 | 290 | 178,312, 650 | 56, 128, 000 | 234,440,650 |
| 1889 |  | 3,262 | 270 | 148, 121, 450 | 45, 222,000 | 193, 343, 450 |
| 1890 |  | 3, 508 | 205 | 145, 228, 300 | $29,713,000$ | 174, 941, 300 |
| 1891 |  | 3, 675 | 185 | 142, 508, 900 | 26,349,500 | 168, 858, 400 |

Ne. $19 .-$ Bonds held fof the Sinking Funds of the Pacific Railroad Companies at the close of each Fiscal Year.


No. 20.-Receipts and Disbursements of the Severail Kinds of Money at the Treasury Offices, on all accounts, for the Fiscal Year 1891.


No. 21.-Receipts and Disbursements of all Kinds of Money at the Subtreasury in New Yori, on Exchange account, during tee Six Monthis ending with June, 1891.

| Kind. | Receipts. | Disbursements. | Gain. | Less. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January. | - |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | \$1,657, 249 | \$4, 685, 651 |  | \$3, 028, 402 |
| Standard silver dollars | 3,409 | 109,941 | .............. | 106,532 |
| Fractional silver coin | 10 | 452, 327 |  | 452, 317 |
| United States notes. | 2,152, 050 | 25,700 | \$2, 126, 350 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 2,058,040 | 85,007 | 1, 973,033 |  |
| National-bank notes | 48,845 |  | 48,845 |  |
| Gold certificates | 2, 919, 060 | 8,857,903 |  | 5, 938, 843 |
| Silver certificates | 5,396, 327 | 18,461 | 5,377, 866 |  |
| Total | 14, 234, 990 | 14, 234, 990 | 9,526, 004 | 9,526, 094 |
| February. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | 1,404, 287 | 7, 737, 450 |  | 6,333, 163 |
| Standard silver dollars | 2,768 | 115, 355 |  | 112, 587 |
| Fractional silver coin | 10 | 468,987 |  | 463,977 |
| United States notes. | 1,001, 600 | 153, 900 | 847,700 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 386, 255 | 608,509 |  | 222, 254 |
| National-bank notes | 43,850 |  | 43,850 |  |
| Gold certificates | 8,960, 664 | 3, 207, 064 | 5,753, 600 |  |
| Silver certificates | 1, 455, 704 | 968, 873 | -486,831 |  |
| Total | 13, 255, 138 | 13, 255, 138 | 7,131,981 | 7, 131, 981 |
| March. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | 1,954, 628 | 9,325, 781 |  | 7, 371, 153 |
| Standard silver dollars | 2,278 | 158,930 |  | ].56, 652 |
| Fractional silver coin. | 62 | 607, 468 |  | 607, 406 |
| United States notes | 712,495 | 216, 050 | 496, 445 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 765, 490 | 626, 018 | 139, 472 |  |
| National-bank notes. | 49, 215 |  | 49,21.5- |  |
| Gold certificates | 10,628, 840 | 2, 079, 184 | 8,549,656 |  |
| Silver certificates | 348, 400 | 1,447,977 |  | 1,099,577 |
| Total | 14, 461, 408 | 14, 461, 408 | 9, 234, 788 | 9, 234, 788 |
| April. |  | ,763, 903 |  |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 5,095 | 165,810 |  | 160,735 |
| Fractional silver coin | 13 | 666, 029 |  | 666, 016 |
| United States notes. | 726, 240 | 347, 800 | 378, 440 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1800 | 632, 560 | 362,914 | 269, 646 |  |
| National-bank notes . | 56, 110 |  | - 56,110 |  |
| Gold certificates | 17, 597, 845 | 2, 292, 697 | 15,305, 148 |  |
| Silver certificates | 432,985 | 452,983 |  | 19,998. |
| Total | 21, 052, 136 | 21, 052, 136 | 16, 009, 344 | 16, 009, 344 |
| May. |  |  | , |  |
| Gold coin | 4,600, 073 | 34, 813, 228 |  | 30, 213, 1.55 |
| Standard silver dollars | 2,872 | 182, 335 |  | 179, 463 |
| Fractional silver coin | 13 | 665, 579 |  | 565,566 |
| United States notes | 2, 707, 770 | 48,000 | 2, 659,770 |  |
| I'reasury notes of 1890 | 1,240, 230 | 88, 514 | 1, 151,716 |  |
| National-bank notes | 1, 59,340 |  | 159,340 |  |
| Gold certificates | 31, 980, 773 | 5, 162, 130 | 26, 818, 643 |  |
| Silver certificates | 571, 211 | 302, 496 | 268, 715 |  |
| Total | 41, 162, 282 | 41, 162, 282 | 30, 958, 184 | 30,958, 184 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | 2, 475, 264 | 19, 096, 096 |  | 16, 620, 832 |
| Standard silver dollar | 4,024 | 152, 265 |  | 148,24.1 |
| Fractional silver coin | 13 | 573, 831 |  | 573;818 |
| United States notes. | 3,967, 810 | 2, 592, 800 | 1, 375, 010 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 2, 454, 670 | 1, 445, 705 | 1,008,965 |  |
| National-bank notes | 54,685 |  | 54, 685 |  |
| Gold certificates | 13, 705, 495 | 2,876,312 | 10,829, 183 |  |
| Silver certificatea | 4,150,041 | -74,993 | 4, 075, 048 |  |
| Total | 26, 812, 002 | 26,812, 002 | 17, 342, 891 | 17, 342, 891 |

No. 22.-Receipts and Disbursements of all kinds of Money at the Subtreasury in New York, on all Accounts save Exchange, during the Six Months ending with June, 1891.

| Kind. | Receipts. | Disburse. ments. | Gain. | Loss. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jantary. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | \$4, 991, 014 | \$43,320 | \$4, 947, 694 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 977, 279 | 71, 117 | 926, 162 |  |
| Fractional siver coin | 871,395 | 85, 992 | 785,403 |  |
| United States notes... | 7,801, 653 | 7, 486,541 | 315, 112 | \$1,492,969 |
| National-bank notes.. | ${ }^{3}$ 238, 183 | -286, 000 |  | \$1,492, 47.817 |
| Gold certificates. | 36, 689, 114 | 41, 546,811 |  | 4,857, 697 |
| Silver certificates | 5,976,622 | 10,451, 111 |  | 4, 474, 489 |
| Total | 61, 256, 799 | $65,155,400$ | 6,974,371 | 10, 872,972 |
| February. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | 6, 227, 138 | 23,385 | 6,203,753 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 649, 885 | 117, 833 | 532,052 611,568 |  |
| United States notes.. | 4, 802, 274 | 4, 8188, 117 | 611, 568 | 45,843 |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 5,532,500 | 4, 825, 593 | 706, 907 |  |
| National-bank notes. | 193, 710 | 233, 000 | - | 39,290 |
| Gold certificates | 26, 195,630 | 26, 535, 802 |  | 340,172 |
| Silver certificates | 5, 830, 253 | 6, 697, 618 |  | 867,365 |
| Total | 50, 161, 215 | 43, 399, 605 | 8, 054, 280 | 1, 292, 670 |
| March. | $?$ |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | 3,706,572 | 19, 640 | 3, 686, 932 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 620,448 766,953 | 146,843 148,195 | 473,605 618,758 | . |
| United States notes. | 3,168,720 | 4, 631, 994 | 610, 758 | 1, 463, 274 |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 7,156, 270 | 7,350, 079 |  | 193, 809 |
| National bank notes | 152,243 | 209,000 |  | 56,757 |
| Gold certificates | 30, 310,334 | 40, 516, 138 |  | 10, 205, 804 |
| Silver certificatos | 7, 389, 492 | 6, 630, 427 | 759,065 |  |
| Total | 53, 271, 032 | 59, 652, 316 | 5, 538,360 | 11,919,644 |
| April. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin. | 2,236,648 | 23,490 | 2, 213, 158 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 614, 154 | 124, 250 | 489, 904 | ......... |
| Fractional silver coin | -883, 831 | 180, 838 | 702,993 |  |
| United States notes | 4, 261, 211 | 4,045,902 | 215,309 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 8, 323,826 | 6, 680, 754 | 1,643, 072 |  |
| National bank notes | 179, 730 | 240, 000 |  | 60, 270 |
| Gold certificates. | 33, 019,060 | 44, 539, 358 |  | 11, 520, 298 |
| Silver certificātes | 6, 504, 621 | 6, 313, 646 | 190, 975 |  |
| Total | 56, 023, 081 | 62, 148, 238 | 5, 455,411 | 11, 580, 568 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold coin | 2, 581,384 | 41, 570 | 2, 539, 814 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 567, 290 | 141. 403 | 425, 797 |  |
| Fractional silver coin | 830, 084 | 266, 842 | 563,242 |  |
| United States notes | 9, 464, 661 | 8,392, 639 | 1, 072,022 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 7,882,545 | 6, 406, 689 | 1, 475, 856 |  |
| National-bank notes | 166,448 | 227,000 |  |  |
| Gold certificates | 19, 903, 306 | 37, 677,569 |  | 17,774,263 |
| Silver certificates | 9, 777, 519 | 9, 662, 468 | 115, 051 |  |
| Total | 51,173, 237 | 62, 816, 270 | 6, 191,782 | 17, 834, 815 |
| Gold coin | 3,614,698 | 39, 290 | 3, 575, 408 |  |
| Standard silver dollars | 606, 050 | 131,454 | 474,596 |  |
| Fractional silver coin | 864, 545 | 324,430 | 540, 115 |  |
| United States notes. | 18,437, 561 | 16, 247, 464 | 2,190,097 |  |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 11, 9066 , 801 | 10, 438, 134 | 1, 468, 667 |  |
| National-bank notes | 197,947 | 246,000 |  | $48,053$ |
| Silver certificates | $21,417,684$ $8,095,959$ | $39,667,977$ $10,482,942$ |  | $18,250,293$ $2,386,983$ |
| Total | 65, 141, 245 | 77, 577, 691 | 8, 248, 883 | 20,685, 329 |

No. 23,-Monthly Receipts from Customs at New York from April, 1878, and Percentage of Each Kind of Money Received.

| Month. | Receipts. | Gold coin. | Silver coin. | Gold certif. cates. | Silver certificates. | United States notes. | Treasury notes of 1890. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per cent. | Per cont. | Per cent. | Per cent. | Per cent. | Per cent. |
| 1878-April (18 to 30) | \$3, 054, 364. | 0.6 | 0.1 | 95.4 | 2.6 | 1.3 |  |
| May........... | 6, 617, 137 | 6.2 | 0.8 | 75.7 | 15.8 | 1.5 |  |
| June | 6,065, 828 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 60.1 | 32.6 | 1.8 |  |
| Total.. | 15, 737, 329 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 73.3 | 19.9 | 1.6 | ......t... |
| July | 8, 201, 698 | 4.6 | 0.1 | 65.0 | 29.1 | 1.2 |  |
| Angust | 10, 249, 459 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 71.0 | 23.5 | 0.9 |  |
| September | 9, 199, 455 | 4.7 | 0.3 | - 75.1 | 18.2 | 1.3 |  |
| Octoler | 8, 387, 976 | 5.2 | 0.4 | 64.6 | 28.6 | 1.2 |  |
| November | 6, 824, 556 | 5.9 | 0.3 | 68.7 | 28.6 | 1.5 |  |
| December | $6,264,674$ | 60.3 | 0.3 | 13.1 | 24.9 | 1.4 |  |
| Total. | 49, 127, 818 | 12.0 | 0.3 | 61.3 | 25.2 | 1.2 | .......... |
| 1879 -Tanuary. | 7, 659,000 | 6.1 | 0.1 | 3.9 | 20.4 | 69.5 |  |
| Febraary | 8,236, 000 | 2.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 6.1 | 90.9 |  |
| March. | 9, 339, 000 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 2.7 | 96.4 |  |
| April. | 8,190, 000 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 3.3 | 95.1 |  |
| May. | 7,584, 000 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 4.7 | 94.1 |  |
| June | 7, 208, 000 | 0.6 | 0.2 |  | 6.2 | 93.0 |  |
| Total. | 48,216, 000 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 7.0 | 90.1 | .......... |
| July | 9,335, 000 | 0.3 | 0.1 |  | 15.1 | 84.5 |  |
| Angust | 10,565, 000 | 0.4 | 0.3 |  | 18.6 | 80.7 |  |
| September | 11, 472,000. | 0.5 | 0.2 |  | 20.8 | 78.5 |  |
| October. | 10,979, 000 | 19.5 | 0.1 |  | 21.8 | 58.6 |  |
| November | 8,467, 000 | 46.4 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 27.4 | 24.1 |  |
| December | 8,175, 000 | 66.9 | 0.2 |  | 23.4 | 9.5 | .......... |
| Total. | 58, 993, 000 | 19.8 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 21.0 | 58.7 |  |
| 1880-January. | 11, 969,000 | 68.3 | 0.2 |  | 16.5 | 15.0 |  |
| February | 12, 258, 000 | 63.2 | 0.1 |  | 21.8 | 14.9 |  |
| March ... | 14, 477, 000 | 69.0 | 0.1 |  | 24.9 | 6.0 |  |
| April | 11, 818, 000 | 62.2 | 0.1 |  | 29.7 | 8. 0 |  |
| May | 9, 852, 000 | 52.1 | 0.2 |  | 27.1 | 20.6 |  |
| June | 10,701, 000 | 48.8 | 0.1 |  | 32.9 | 18.2 |  |
| Total | 71, 075, 000 | 61.4 | 0.1 |  | 25.3 | 13.2 | ........... |
| July | 13, 301, 000 | 57.7 | 0.1 |  | 31. 4 | 10.8 |  |
| Angust | 14, 403, 000 | 55.9 | 0.1 |  | 37.8 | 6.2 |  |
| September | 12,859,000 | 49.9 | 0.1 |  | 44.6 | 5.4 |  |
| October ... | J.0,575, 000 | 42.4 | 0.1 | ......... | 51.9 | 5.6 |  |
| November. | 9,081, 000 | 45.0 | 0.1 | ......... | 50.0 | 4. 9 |  |
| December | 9,234, 000 | 46.2 | 0.2 |  | 47.8 | 5.8 |  |
| Total. | 69, 453, 000 | 50.4 | 0.1 |  | 42.9 | 6.6 | ............ |
| 1881-January | 10,573, 000 | 47.5 | 0.1 |  | 45.1 | 7.3 |  |
| February | 11, 221,000 | - 44.5 | 0.1 | ......... | 44.1 | 11.3 |  |
| March. | 13, 1196, 000 | 47.6 | 0.1 | ......... | 47.1 | 5.2 |  |
| April | 11, 684, 000 | 44.5 | 0.1 | - | 51.5 | 3.9 |  |
| May. | 11, 051, 000 | 45.9 | 0.1 |  | 50.9 | 3.1 |  |
| Juno | 11, 013, 000 | 39.3 | 0.1 |  | 57.0 | 3.6 |  |
| Total. | $68,738,000$ | 45.0 | 0.1 |  | 49.3 | 5.6 | . . . . |
| July ... | 12,082, 000 | 38.8 | 0.1 |  | 57.9 | 3.2 | ․-.-..... |
| August | 15, 206,000 | - 43.5 | 0.1 | - | 52.8 | 3.6 | .......... |
| September | 14, 108, 000 | 37.1 | 0.1 | - ......... | 60.7 | 2.1 |  |
| October. | 13, 019,000 | 35.8 | 0.1 | --7.0. | 62.1 | 2.0 |  |
| November | 9,718,000 | 62. 9 | 0.1 |  | 33.8 | 3.2 |  |
| December | 10,973,000 | 77.1 | 0.1 |  | 18.7 | 4.1 |  |
| Total. | $75,106,000$ | 47.6 | 0.1 |  | 49.3 | 3.0 |  |
| 1882-January. | 13, 393, 000 | 72.9 | 0.1 |  | 20.3 | 6. 7 |  |
| February | 13,589,000 | 66.5 | 0.1 | - .-... | 24.8 | 8.6 |  |
| March. | 14, 000, 000 | - 75.6 | 0.1 |  | 19.8 | 4.5 |  |
| April. | 10,528, 000 | 73.5 | 0.2 |  | 22.2 | 4.1 |  |
| May. | 11, 986, 000 | 70.7 | 0.2 |  | 23.4 | 5.7 |  |
| $J$ une | 11, 434,000 | 68.7 | 0.1 |  | 23.4 | 7.8 |  |
| Total.. | $74,930,000$ | 72.9 | 0.1 |  | 21. 2 | 5.8 | ............ |

No. 23.-MONTHLY Receipts from Customs, ETC.-Continued.


No. 23.-Monthly Receipts from Customs, etc.-Continued.


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No. 24.-Transactions between the Súbtreasury and Clearing House in New York during each Fiscal Year mom 1884.

| Period. | Checks sent to clearing house. | Checks received from clearing house. | Balances due assistant treasurer. | Balances due clearing house. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal year 1884 | \$116, 666, 000.26 | \$295, 541, 948.32 | \$1, 331, 880.02 | \$180, 207, 828.08 |
| Fiscal year 1885 | 109, 420, 072. 25 | 278, 830, 720.11 | 694, 284.08 | 170, 104, 931.94 |
| Fiscal year 1886 | 125, 782, 520. 53 | 276, 855, 487. 30 | 1,643, 279.86 | 152, 716, 246. 63 |
| Fiscal year 1887 | 116, 671, 928. 61 | 353, 470, 901. 64 | 181, 409.57 | 236, 980, 382. 60 |
| Tiscal year 1888 | 99, 399, 535. 24 | 337, 849, 743. 13 | 382, 681. 63 | 238, 832, 889. 52 |
| Fiscal year 1889 | 132, 109, 004. 39 | 424, 429, 651.01 | 2, 268, 958.36 | 294, 589, 604.98 |
| Fiscal year 1890. | 126, 595, 570.62 | 359, 395, 045.27 | 33, 185. 69 | 232, 832, 660. 34 |
| 1890-July | 11, 994, 282. 63 | 39, 133, 522.04 |  | 27,139, 239. 41 |
| August. | 11, 853, 751.42 | 27, 778, 087. 62 |  | 15, $924,336.20$ |
| September | 12, 373, 366.15 | 64, 569, 721.82 |  | 52, 196, 355.67 |
| October. | 13, 006, 532.10 | 31, 087, 577. 91 | ...... | 18, 081, 045. 81 |
| November | 11, 138, 414. 78 | 22, 465, 579.41 |  | 11,327, 164. 63 |
| Deceuber. | 12,780, 464. 99 | $30,402,783.40$. |  | 17, 622, 318.41 |
| 1891-Jамиату | 9,690, 592. 79 | 32, 290, 425. 01 |  | 22, 605, 832.22 |
| Irebruary | 9,622, 421.41 | 22, 678, 822.45 |  | 13, 056, 401.04 |
| March | 11, 604, 663.62 | 32, 486, 784.43 |  | 20,882, 120.81 |
| April | 9, 486, 266.76 | 24, 724, 064. 01 |  | 15, 237, 797.25 |
|  | 7, 688, 010.80 | 21, $026,880.09$ |  | 1.3, 358, 875.29 |
| June | 9, 806, 284.40 | 34, $065,475.58$ |  | 24, 859, 191. 18 |
| Fiscal year 1891 | 131, 025, 051. 85 | 383,315, 729.77 |  | 252, 290,677.92 |

No. 25.-Amount of each Kind of Money Paid into the Clearing Housi in New Yori in settlement of Balances against the Subtreasury during each month from July, 1889.

| Month. | United States notes. | Treasury notes of 1890 . | Gold certifif cates. | Silver cer tificates. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1889-July | \$154, 835.28 |  | \$23,320,000. 00 |  | \$23, 474, 885. 28 |
| August | 154, 208.90 |  | 28, $049,000.00$ |  | 28, 203, 208.90 |
| September | 136, 926. 32 |  | 20, 861, 000. 00 |  | 20, 997, 926. 32 |
| October | 73, 579. 53 |  | 22, 129, 500. 00 |  | 22, 203, 079. 53 |
|  | 138, 874. 90 |  | 14, 705, 000.00 |  | 14, 812, 874.90 |
| December | 144, 470.77 |  | 20, 653, 000. 00 |  | 20,797, 470.77 |
| 1890-January | 145, 349.00 |  | 26, 984, 000. 00 |  | 27, 129, 349.00 |
| February | 112, 066. 85 |  | 8,382, 000.00 |  | 8,494, 0696.85 |
| March | 1, 388, 121. 57 |  | 19,258, 000. 00 |  | $20,646,121.57$ |
| April | 156, 484.83 |  | 17, 173, 000. 00 |  | 17, 329, 48. 83 |
| May | 144, 624. 11 |  | 9, 811, 000.00 |  | 9, 955, 624. 11 |
| June | 142, 618. 28 |  | 18, 615, 000.00 |  | 18,757, 618.28 |
| Total. | 2, 892, 160.34 |  | 229, 940, 500. 00 |  | 232, 832, 660.34 |
| July | 143, 239.41 |  | 26,996,000.00' |  | 27, 139,239.41 |
| August | 144, 536. 20 | \$291, 800.00 | 15,488, 000. 00 |  | 15, 924, 336. 20 |
| Septembe | 48,855. 67 | 4, 296, 000.00 | 47, 851, 500. 00 |  | 52, 196, 355.67 |
| October | 49, 445.81 | 3, 293, 600.00 | 14, 738, 000. 00 |  | 18,081, 045. 81 |
| November | 62, 264.63 | 3,737, 900.00 | 7,527, 000.00 |  | 11, 327, 164. 63 |
| 1891-J.January | 15, 528.41 | $2,304,890.00$ 3665 | 15, 301, 9000.00 |  | 17, 622, 318.41 |
| 1891-January | - $281,196.04$ | 3,65, $2,721,730.00$ | - $18,999,900.00$ | $\bigcirc 53,575.00$ | 22,605, 832.22 |
| March | 473, 205. 81 | 2, 539, 705.00 | 17, 863, 000.00 | 6,210.00 | 20,882, 120.81 |
| April. | 101, 186. 25 | 2, 177, 146.00 | 12, 958, 000.00 | 1, 465.00 | 15, 237, 797.25 |
| May | 1,201,140.29 | 1, 897, 190.00 | 10, 260, 000. 00 | 545.00 | 13,358, 875.29 |
| June | 5, 556, 416. 18 | 5, 032, 775.00 | 14, 270, 000.00 |  | 24, 859, 191. 18 |
| Total | 8, 079, 736.92 | 31, 957, 946.00 | 212, 191, 200.00 | 61, 795.00 | 252, 290, 677.92 |

No. 26.-Old Demand Notes of each Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Five dollars | \$21, 800, 000 | \$125.00 | \$21, 777, 757. 50 | \$22,242.50 |
| Ten dollars | 20,030,000 | 60.00 | 20, 009, 475.00 | 20,525.00 |
| 'Iwenty dollars | 18,200,000 | 200.00 | 18, 187, 120.00 | 12,880.00 |
| Total | 60, 030, 000 | 385.00 | $-59,974,352.50$ | 55,647.50 |

No. 2\%-United States Notes of each Issue and-Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Issue and denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New issue. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar.. |  | \$28, 351,348 | \$1,962.00 | \$27, 578, 862. 80 | \$772, 485.20 |
| Two dollars |  | 34,071, 128 | 3,216.00 | 33,486, 704. 80 | 584, 423.20 |
| Five dollars |  | 101, 000,000 | 31,160.00 | 100, 571, 263. 50 | 428,736.50 |
| Ten dollars. |  | 118, 010,000 | 64, 435.00 | 114, 711, 915.00 | 3, 298, 085.00 |
| Twenty dollar |  | 102, 920, 000 | 78,220.00 | 101, 122, 078.00 | 1, 797, 922.00 |
| Fifty dollars |  | 30,055, 200 | 12,700.00 | 29, 816, 620.00 | 238, 580.00 |
| One hundred dollars |  | $4{ }^{40}, 000,000$ | 15,200.00 | 39, 654, 400.00 | 345, 600.00 |
| Five hundred dollars |  | 58, 986,000 | 7,500.00 | 58, 773, 000. 00 | 213, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 155, 928, 000 | 3,000. 00 | 155, 734, 000.00 | 194,000. 00 |
| Unknown |  |  |  | 135,000.00 |  |
| Deduct unknow |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,872,831.90 \\ 135,000.00 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  | 609, 321, 676 | 217, 393.00 | 661, 583, 844.10 | 7,737,831.90 |
| Series of 1869. | $\sim$ |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. |  | 42, 456, 812 | 8,862. 50 | 42, 086, 076.80 | $370,735.20$ |
| Two dollars |  | 50, 511, 920 | 11,424. 00 | 50, 168, 039. 00 | 343, 881.00 |
| Five dollars |  | 50,581, 760 | 100,787.50 | 49, 919, 561.00 | 662, 199.00 |
| Ten dollars. |  | 85, 221, 240 | 482, 290.00 | 83, 239, 297.00 | 1,981,943. 00 |
| Twenty doll |  | 73, 162,400 | $\therefore 642,630.00$ | 70, 784, 186.00- | 2, 378, 214. 00 |
| Fifty dollas |  | 30, 200, 000 | 94, 250.00 | 29, 501, 875.00 | 698, 125. 00 |
| One hundred dollar |  | 37, 104, 000 | 261, 800.00 | 35, 764, 870.00 | 1, 339, 130.00 |
| five hundred dollar |  | 44, 890, 000 | 7,000.00 | 44, 654, 500.00 | 235,500.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 79, 700, 000 | 139,000.00 | 78, 851, 000.00 | 849,000.00 |
| Unknown |  |  | - | 865,000.00 |  |
| Deduct unknown |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8,858,727.20 \\ 865,000.00 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  | 493, 828, 132 | 1, 748,044.00 | 485, 834, 404.80 | 7,993, 727. 20 |
| Series of 1874: |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. |  | 18, 988, 000 | 4, 760.50 | 18, 866, 551.70 | 121, 448.30 |
| Two dollars |  | 16, 520, 000 | - 5,311.00 | 16, 432, 039.60 | 87, 960. 40 |
| Fifty doilars |  | 24,460, 000 | 396, 350. 00 | 23, 081, 630.00 | 1, 378,370.00 |
| Five hundred dollars |  | 28, 000, 000 | 115, 500.00 | 27, 914, 000.00 | 86; 000.00 |
| Total. |  | 87, 968, 000 | 521, 921.50 | 86, 294, 221. 30 | 1,673,778.70 |
| Series of 1875. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. |  | 26, 212, 000 | 12,315. 50 | 26, 005, 072.80 | 206, 927.20 |
| Two dollàrs |  | 23, 036,000 | 15,322. 00 | 22, 863, 313.20 | 172, 686. 80 |
| Five dollars |  | 46, 180, 000 | 152, 262.50 | 45, 415; 155: 50 | 764, 844.50 |
| Ten dollars. |  | 23, 660, 000 | 220, 505.00 | 22, 915, 569.00 | 744, 431.00 |
| Twenty dollar |  | 25, 000;000. | 420, 930.00 | 23, 665, 654.00 | 1,334, 346.00 |
| Fifty dollars |  | 2,000,000 | 49,500.00 | 1, 898, 805, 00 | 101, 195.00 |
| One hundred dollars |  | 16,200, 000 | 405, 000.00 | 14, 730, 740.00 | 1, 469, 260.00 |
| Five hundred dollars |  | - $28,400,000$ | -143, 500.00 | 27, 488, 000, 00 | 911, 000.00 |
| Total. |  | 190,688, 000 | 1,419,335.00 | 184, 983; 309.50 | 5, 704; 690. 50 |

No. 2\%.-United States Notes of each Issue and Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding, etc.-Continued.

| Issue and denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series of 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. |  | \$12,512,000 | \$11, 859.00 | \$12, 377, 232. 70 | \$134, 767. 30 |
| Two dollars |  | 9,352, 000 | 10, 163.00 | 9, 259, 459.80 | 92, 540.20 |
| Five dollars |  | 30, 160, 000 | 157, 575.00 | 29, 466, 167. 50 | 693, 832.50 |
| Ten dollars. |  | 26, 000,000 | 341,590.00 | 24, 925, 242.00 | 1,074, 758.00 |
| Twenty doll |  | 34, 800, 000 | 790, 970.00 | 32, 734, 838.00 | 2,065, 162.00 |
| Fifty collars |  | 10,500,000 | 336, 950. 00 | 9, 553, 045.00 | 946, 955. 00 |
| One hundred dollars |  | 20,200, 000 | 689, 200.00 | 17, 842, 050.00 | 2, 357, 950.00 |
| Tive hundred dollars |  | 12,000,000 | 406, 000.00 | 10, 895, 500.00 | 1, 104, 500.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 24,000, 000 | 493, 000.00 | 21,968, 000.00 | 2, 032, 000.00 |
| Five thousand dollars |  | 20,000, 000 | 10,000.00 | 19, 985, 000.00 | 15, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars |  | 40, 000, 000 |  | 39, 990, 000.00 | 10,000:00 |
| Total |  | 239, 524,000 | 3, 247, 307.00 | 228, 996, 535.00 | 10, 527, 466.00 |
| Serics of 1880. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | \$476,000 | 55, 860,000 | 338, 393.50 | 54, 076, 163.00 | 1,783, 837.00 |
| Two dollars | 856, 000 | 49,072, 000 | 367,561.00 | 47, 037, 609. 80 | 2, 034, 390. 20 |
| Five dollars | 16, 500, 000 | 183, 860,000 | 16, 261, 610.00 | 128, 882, 623.50 | 54, 977, 376. 50 |
| Ten dollars. | 19, 440, 000 | 154, 360, 000 | 17, 156, 605. 00 | $69,873,842.00$ | 84, 486, 158.00 |
| Twenty dollar | 25,120, 000 | 153, 840,000 | 15, 957, 230.00 | 42, 699, 274.00 | 111, 140, 726.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 1, 800,000 | 27, 600,000 | 3, 129, 100.00 | 12, 119, 675.00 | 15, 480, 325.00 |
| One inundred dollars. | 2, 100, 000 | 38,700, 000 | 4,533,500.00 | 15, 492, 290. 00 | 23, 207, 710. 00 |
| Five hundred dollars | $\begin{array}{r}600,000 \\ 3,900 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14,400, 4300 | 2, 271, 000.00 <br> 3,623 | $7,572,000.00$ $30,795,000.00$ | 6, $828,000.00$ $13,105,000.00$ |
| One thousand dollars | 3, 900, 000 | 43, 300, 000 | 3, 623, 000.00 | 30, 795, 000.00 | 13, 105, 000.00 |
| Total. | 70,792,000 | 721, 592, 000 | 63, 637,999, 50 | 408, 548, 477. 30 | 313, 043, 522.70 |

No. 28.-Treasury Notes of 1890 of each Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | -Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One dollar. | \$3, 656, 417 | \$3, 656, 417 | \$139, 967 | \$139,967 | \$3, 516, 450 |
| Two dollars | 3, 176, 000 | 3, 176,000 | 34,908 | 34,908 | 3,141, 092 |
| Five dollars | 10, 220,000 | 10, 220, 000 | 123, 815 | 123,815 | 10,096, 185 |
| Ten dollars. | 17, 560,000 | 17,560,000 | 512, 290 | 512, 290 | 17, 047, 710 |
| Twenty dollars | 3, 440, 000 | 3, 440,000 | 21,320 | 21, 320 | 3, 418, 680 |
| One hundred dollars | 6,900,000 | 6, 900, 000 | 186,700 | 186, 700 | 6, 713, 300 |
| One thousand dollars | 6,900, 000 | 6,000, 000 | 605, 000. | 605, 000 | 6,295,000 |
| Total. | 51, 852,417 | 51, 852, 417 | 1,624,000 | 1, 624; 000 | 50,228,417 |

No. 29.-Currency Certipicates of each Issue and Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Issue and denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outsanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series of 18\%2. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five thousand dollars |  | \$55, 185, 000 | \$5,000 | \$55, 095, 000 | \$90, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. |  | 201, 000, 000 |  | 200,970,000 | 30,000 |
| Total. |  | 256, 185, 000 | 5,000 | 256, 065, 000 | 120,000 |
| Series of 1875. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five thousand dollars. |  | $47,250,000$ | $\cdots 145,000$ | $47,040,000$ | 210,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. | \$39, 440, 000 | $638,300,000$ | - 27,900,000 | $614,850,000$ | 23,450,000 |
| Total. | 39,440, 000 | 685,550, 000 | 28,045,000 | 661, 890, 000 | 25, 660, 000 |

No. 30.-Gold Certificates of each Issue and Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Series and denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Act March 3, 1863. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollars |  | \$900, 000. 00 | \$20 | \$959,780.00 | \$220 |
| One hundred dollars |  | $20,234,300.00$ | 1,000 | $20,215,400.00$ | 18,900 |
| Five hundred dollars |  | 32, 844, 000.00 | 2,500 | 32, 829,500.00 | 14,500 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 121, 881, 000.00 | 3,000 | 121, 831, 000.00 | 50, 000 |
| Five thousand dollars |  | 457, 885, 000.00 |  | $457,850,000.00$ | 35, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. |  | 314, 330, 000. 00 |  | $314,180,000.00$ | 150,000 |
| Account Geneva award |  | 33, 000, 580.40 |  | $33,000,580.46$ |  |
| Total. |  | 981, 134, 880.46 | 6,520 | 980, 866, 260.46 | 268,620 |
| Act July 12, 1882, series 1882. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollars | \$4, 240,000 | 27, 200, 000.00 | 1,971, 680 | 12, 978, 446.00 | 14, 221,554 |
| Fifty dollars ................... | 1, 000,000 | 21, $000,000.00$ | 1,587,350 | 12, 544, 145.00 | $8,455,855$ |
| One hundred dollars........... | 2,400, 000 | 24, 400, 000.00. | 1,697,500 | 11,604, 100.00 | 12,795,900 |
| Five hundred dollars......... | 2,200,000 | 28, 200, 000.00 | 2, 167,500 | 16, 843, 000.00 | 11, 357, 000 |
| One thousand dollars | 3,300, 000 | $58,300,000.00$ | 5,311, 000 | 32, 302, 500.00 | 20, 297, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 1,000,000 | 60, 500, 000.00 | 4, 615,000 | 43, 715,000.00 | 16, 785, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 15, 000,000 | 152, $000,000,00$ | 9, 650,000 | 116, 100, 000.00 | 35, 900,000 |
| Total. | 29, 140, 000 | 366, 600, 000.00 | 27,000,030 | 246, 087, 191.00 | 120,512, 809 |
| Act July 12, 1882, series 1888. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five thousand dollars | 5, 680, 000 | 30, 185, 000.00 | 9, 765, 000 | 20, 305, 000.00 | 9, 880, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 28,700, 000 | 72, 440, 000. 00 | 31, 830, 000 | $50,640,000.00$ | 21,800,000 |
| Total.................... | 34,380,000 | 102, 625,000.00 | 41,595, 000 | 70,945, 000.00 | 31, 680,000 |

No. 31.-Silver Certificates of rach Issue and Denomination Issued, Redemmed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Series and denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Totalredeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series of 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars. |  | \$2, 274, 000 | \$8,850 | \$2, 245, 65700 | \$28, 343.00 |
| Twenty dollar |  | 2,746000 | 28, 200 | 2,671, 512.00 | 74, 488.00 |
| Fifty dollars |  | $3,250,000$ | 36, 350 | 3, 128, 050.00 | 121, 950.00 |
| One hundred dollars |  | 3, 540, 000 | 36, 200 | 3, 421, 600. 00 | 118, 400.00 |
| Five hundred dollars |  | 4,650,000 | 7,000 | 4; 612,000.00 | 38,000.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 14, 490, 000 | 18,000 | 14, 444, 000.00 | 46,000.00 |
| Total. |  | 30, 850, 000 | 134, 600 | 30, 522, 819.00 | 427, 181, 00 |
| Series of 1880. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars |  | $86,000,000$ | 7,557, 250 | 73, 526, 471.00 | 12,473, 529.00 |
| Twenty dollar |  | $80,760,000$ | 8, 040, 440 | 62, 821, 752.00 | 17,938, 248.00 |
| Fifty dollars | \$3, 400, 000 | 13, 000, 000 | 755,750 |  | $5,740,810.00$ |
| One hundred dollars | $3,000,000$ $2,700,000$ | $16,200,000$ $11,700,000$ | 849,200 490,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,914,68000 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | 6, $285,320.00$ $2,418,500.00$ |
| One thousand dollars. | $2,700,000$ $3,200,000$ | 12, 200, 000 | 715,000 | 9,608, 000.00 | 2, 592, 000.00 |
| Total | 12,300, 000 | 219, 860, 000 | 18, 407, 640 | 172, 411, 593. 00 | 47, 448,407.00 |
| One dollar. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | , | 3,120, 00 | 5 |  | 29,065, 208. 10 |
| Two dollars | 4,544,000 | 39,024,000 | 7, 868, 255 | 19, 790, 494. 60 | 19, 233, 505.40 |
| Ten dollars. | 18,880,000 | $148,640,000$ $118,880,000$ | 21, $12,200,485$ | 20,797, 341.00 | $110,069.724 .50$ $98,082,659.00$ |
| Twenty dollars | 10, 320, 000 | 10,560, 000 | 130, 980 | 171,500.00 | 10,388, 500.00 |
| Total. | 72,604, 000 | 378, 224,000 | 53, 186, 326 | 111, 384, 403. 00 | 266, $339,597.00$ |

No. 32.-Fractional Currency of each Issue and Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.


No. 33.-Compound-Interest Notes of each Denomination Issurd, Redefmed, and Outstanding:at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Denomination. | Total issued. | Redeemod during year | Total'redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ten dollars | \$23, 285, 200 | \$360 | \$23,261, 890 | \$23, 310 |
| Twenty dollars | 30, 125, 840 | 1,240 | 30, 089, 290 | 36,550 |
| Fifty dollars | 60, 824,000 | 550 | 60, 756, 850 | 67, 150 |
| One hundred dollars | 45, 094, 400 | $\therefore 100$ | 45,059, 500 | 34, 900 |
| Five hundred dollars | 67, 846, 000 | 500 | 67, 834, 000 | 12,000 |
| One thousand dollars | 39, 420, 000 |  | 39, 414, 000 | 6,000 |
| Total | 266, 595, 440 | 2,750 | $266,415,530$ | 179,910 |

No. 34.-One and Two Year Notes of each Issue and Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Issue and denomination. | Total issued. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Redeemed } \\ \text { during year }\end{gathered}\right.$ | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One-year notes. |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars | \$6,200, 000 | \$70 | \$6,193, 295 | \$6,705 |
| Twenty dollars | 16, 440, 000 | 320 | 16, 426, 160 | 13, 840 |
| Fifty dollars. | 8,240,000 |  | 8,233, 450 | 6,550 |
| One lundred dollars | 13, 640,000 | 100 | 18, 633, 500 | 6,500 |
| Deduct unknown |  |  |  | 33,595 90 |
| Total | 44, 520,000 | 490 | 44, 486, 495 | 33,505 |
| , Moo year notes. |  |  |  |  |
| Fifty dollars. | 6,800,000 | 150 | 6,794, 050 | 5,950 |
| One hundred dollars | 9,680,000 | 100 | 9, 677, 900 | 2,100 |
| Total | 16,480, 000 | 250 | 16, 471,950 | 8,050 |
| Two-year coupon notes. |  |  |  |  |
| Fifty dollars. | 5, 905, 600 | .....n...... | 5, 903, 700 |  |
| One hundred dollars | 14, 48, 400 | ...........; | 14,476, 200 | 8,200 |
| Five hundred dollars | $40,302,000$ $89,308,000$ |  | 40,300, 500 | 1,500 19,000 |
| Unknown............ | 8,308,000 |  | -10,500 |  |
| Deduct unknown |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 30,600 \\ & 10,500 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 150, 000, 000 |  | 149, 979, 900 | 20, 100 |

No. 35.-United States Currency of each Class, together with One and Two Year Notes and Compound-Interest Notes, Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Class. | Issued dur. ing year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Old demand notes |  | \$60, 030, 000.00 | \$385.00 | \$59, 974, 352. 50 | \$55, 647. 50 |
| United States notes | \$70, 792, 000 | 2, 402, 921, 808.00 | 70,792, 000.00 | $2056,240,792.00$ | 346,681, 016.00 |
| Treasury notes of 1890.. | 51, 852,417 | 51, 852.417.00 | 1,624,000.00 | 1,624, 000.00 | 50, 228, 417.00 |
| Currency certificates.. : | 39, 440, 000 | 941, 735, 000. 00 | 28,050, 000.00 | 917, 955, 000.00 | 23, 780, 000. 00 |
| Gold certificates. | 63, 520, 000 | 1, 450, 359, 880.46 | 68, 601, 550.00 | 1, 297, 898, 451.46 | 152, 461, 429.00 |
| Silver certificates. | 84, 904, 000 | $629,034,000.00$ | 71, 728, 566.00 | 314, 318, 815.00 | 314, 71.5, 185.00 |
| Fractional currency | ............. | $368,724,079.45$ | 3,831.37 | 353, 440, 461. 52 | 15, 283, 617. 93 |
| One and two year notes.. |  | 211, 000, 000.00 | 740.00 | 210, 938, 34.5. 00 | 61, 655.00 |
| Compound-interest notes |  | $266,595,440.00$ | 2,750.00 | 266, 415, 530.00 | 179,910. 00 |
| Total | $310,508,417$ | 6 382, 252, 624.91 | 240, 803, 822.37 | $5,478,805,747.48$ | 903, 446, 877. 43 |

No. 36. -Face and Nev Value of United States Currency, Onf and Two Year Notes, and Compound-Incerist Notes Redeemed, and Deductions on Account of Mutilation, to the Close of the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Class. | Total face value. | Net value re. deemed during jear. | Total net value redeemed. | Deductions during year. | Total deductions. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Old demand notes | \$59, 974, 352.50 | \$385.00 | \$59, 972, 221. 25 |  | \$2, 131. 25 |
| United States notes | 2,056, 248, 060.00 | 70,792, 000. 00 | 2, 056, 046, 201. 50 | \$1,030.00 | 201, 858.50 |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 1, 624, 000.00 | 1,624, 000.00 | 1, 624, 000. 00 |  |  |
| Curreney certificates. | 917, 955, 000.00 | 28, 050, 000.00 | 917, 955, 000.00 |  |  |
| Gold certificates. | 1, 297, 899, 070. 46 | 68,601, 550.00 | 1, 297, 898, 298.46 |  | 772.00 |
| Silver certificates. | 314, 322, 886.00 | 71,728, 566. 00 | 314, 316, 193.00 | 871.00 | 6,693.00 |
| Fractional currency. | 353, 440, 552. 25 | 3,831. 37 | 353, 298, 584.13 | 53.77 | 141,968. 12 |
| One and two year notes | 210, 938, 345.00 | 740.00 | 210, 937, 953.00 |  | 392.00 |
| Compound-interest notes | $266,415,530.00$ | 2,750.00 | 266, 415, 050.00 |  | 480.00 |
| Total | 5, 478, 817, 796. 21 | 240,803,822.37 | $5,478,463,501.34$ | 1,954. 77 | 354, 294.87 |

No. 3\%.-United States Notes of each Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of each Fiscal Year from 1878, including $\$ 1,000,000$ of Unknown Denominations Destroyed.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | \$7, 562,351 | \$115, 676, 103 | \$11, 792, 775. 00 | \$94, 746, 228.70 | \$20, 929, 874.30 |
| Two dollars | 6, 288,000 | 119, 807, 048 | 10, 746, 878. 00 | 98; $896,099.80$ | 20,910,948. 20 |
| Five dollar | 15, 820,000 | 194, 541, 760 | 16, 111, 867.00 | 139,872, 203, 50 | 54, 669, 556. 50 |
| Ten dollars | 11, 380, 000 | 227, 091, 240 | 13, 763, 063. 00 | 161, $539,596.00$ | 65, 551, 644.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 9,200,000 | 200, 482, 400 | 9, 086, 554. 00 | 137, 761, 757. 00 | 62, 720,643.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 3,200, 000 | 87, 715, 200 | 6, 267, 030.00 | $60,532,520.00$ | 27, 182, 680.00 |
| One hundred dollar | 6, 408, 600 | 95, 977, 800 | $4,194,100.00$ | 64, 353, 130.00 | 31, 624, 670.00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 4, 817, 000 | 154, 626, 000 | 4, 424,000.00 | 123, 747, 500.00 | 30, 878,500.00 |
| One thousand dolla <br> Five thousand doll | 2, 600, 000 | 238, 228, 000 | $3,973,000.00$ | 205, 015,500.00 | $33,212,500.00$ |
| Five thousa <br> Ten thousa |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 67, 275, 951 | 1, 434, 145, 551 | 80, 359, 267.00 | 1, 086, 464, 535.00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |
| 1879. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two dolla |  |  |  | 103, 969, 255. 20 | $18,209,980.80$ |
| Five dolla | 11, 060, 000 | 205, 601, 760 | 11, 622, 443.50 | 151, 494, 647.00 | 54, 107, 113.00 |
| Ten dollar | 9,280, 000 | 236, 371, 240 | 10, 193, 082.00 | 171, 732, 678.00 | 64, 638,562.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 7,400,000 | 207, 882, 400 | 9, 649, 756.00 | 147, 411, 513.00 | 60, 470, 887.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 2,400, 000 | $90,115,200$ | 4, 059,340.00 | 64, 591, 860.00 | 25, 523, 340.00 |
| One hundred d | 5, 007, 700 | 100,985, 500 | 4,593,890.00 | $68.947,020.00$ | 32, 038, 480.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | - 5,650,000 | 160, 276, 000 | 3,959,000.00 | 127, 706, 500. 00 | 32, 569, 500.00 |
| One thousand doll | 3, 900,000 | 242, 128, 000 | 2, 042, 000.00 | 207, 057, 500.00 | 35, 070, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla | 4, 005,000 | 4,005,000 | 5,000.00 | . $5,000.00$ | 4,000, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollar | 3, 010,000 | 3,010,000 | 50,000.00 | $50,000.00$ | $2,960,000.00$ |
| Tota | 64, 107, 833 | 1, 498, 253, 384 | 64, 107, 833.00 | 1,150, 572, 368.00 | 347, 681,016.00 |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,057,863 | 131, 237, 099 | $6.935,511.80$ | 110, 904, 767.00 | 20,332, 332.00 |
| Two dollars | 8,232,000 | 133, 931, 048 | 5, 971, 840. 20 | 113, 578, 235.00 | $20,352,813.00$ |
| Five dollars | 19, 680, 000 | 225, 281, 760 | 8,354, 565.00 | $159,849,212.00$ | 65, 432, 548. 00 |
| Ten dollars | 16, 520,000 | 252, 891, 240 | 6, 241, 811.00 | 177, 974, 489.00 | 74, 916, 751. 00 |
| Twenty doll | 17, 360, 000 | 225, 242, 400 | $5,687,680.00$ | 153, 099, 193.00 | 72, 143, 207. 00 |
| Fifty dollar | 1, 400, 000 | 91, 515, 200 | $2,114,345.00$ | 66, 706, 205.00 | 24, 808, 995.00 |
| One hundred dolla | 3, 052, 700 | 104, 038, 200 | 2, 293, 310.00 | 71, $240,330.00$ | 32, 797, 870.00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 2,300, 000 | 162, 576, 000 | 15,645,500.00 | 143, 352, 000. 00 | 19, 224, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 700,000 | 242, 828, 000 | 19, 238, 000.00 | 226, 295; 300.00 | 16,532, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollars | 1,000,000 | $5,005,000$ | 4, 320, 000.00 | $4,325,000.00$ | $680,000.00$ |
| Ton thousand dollars | 2, 000, 000 | 5, 010, 000 | 4,500, 000, 00 | 4,550,000.00 | 460, 000.00 |
| Tot | 81,302, 563 | 1, 579, 555, 947 | 81, 302,563.00 | 1,231, 874, 931.00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |
| 188 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,889, $03 \pm$ | 141, 126, 133 | 7, 575, 604. 40 | 118, 480, 371.40 | 22, 645, 761.60 |
|  | $8,752,000$ $14,760,000$ | 142, 688,048 | 6,860, 690.60 | 120, 438,925. 60 | 22, 244, 122.40 |
| Ten dollars | $14,760,000$ $9,160,000$ | 262, 051, 240 | $10,623,470.00$ $7,086,364.00$ | $170,472,682.00$ <br> 185,060 |  |
| Twenty dol | 6, 240, 000 | 231, 482, 400 | 6, 111, 610..00 | 159,210, 803.00 | 72, 271, 597.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 1,200, 000 | 92, 715, 200 | 2,306,085.00 | 69, 012, 290.00 | 23, 702, 910.00 |
| One hundred doll | 2,944, 300 | 106 982, 500 | 2,794, 510.00 | $74,034,840.00$ | 32, 947, 660.00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 700,000 | 163, 276,000 | $5,354,000.00$ | 148, 706, 000.00 | 14,570, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 900, 000 | 243, 728,000 | $5,408,000.00$ | 231, 703, 500.00 | 12,024,500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla |  | 5, 005, 000 | $225,000.00$ | - 4,550,000.00 | 455, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollar |  | 5,010000 | 200,000. 00 | $4,750,000.00$ | 260, 000.00 |
| Tot | 54, 545, 334 | 1, 634, 101, 281 | 54, 545, 334.00 | 1,286, 420, 265. 00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |
| 1882. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | 11, 445,524 | 152, 571, 657 | 8,370, 332.00 | 126, 850, 703.40 | $25,720,953.60$ |
| Two dollars | 10, 472, 000 | 153, 155, 048 | 8, 093, 497.00 | 128, 532, 422. 60 | 24, 622, 625.40 |
| Five dollars | 14, 280, 000 | 254, 321, 760 | 16, 506, 538.00 | 186, 979, 220.00 | 67, 342, 540.00 |
| Ten dollar | 6, 680, 000 | 268, 731, 240 | 10, 885, 621.00 | 195, $846,474.00$ | 72, 784, 766.00 |
| Twenty doll | 5, 680, 000 | 237, 162, 400 | 9, 294, 126.00 | 168, 504, 929.00 | 68, 657, 471. 00 |
| Fifty dollars | 3, 200,000 | 95, 915, 200 | 2, 711, 140.00 | 71, 723, 430.00 | 24, 191, 770.00 |
| One hundred dollar | 4, 527, 900 | 111, 510, 400 | 3, 006, 170.00 | $77,041,010.00$ | 34, 469, 390.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 1, 750, 000 | 165, 026, 000 | 1, 444,000.00 | 150, 150, 000.00 | 14,876, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 1,500, 000 | 245, 228, 000 | 1, 189,000.00 | 232, 892, 500.00 | 12,335,500.00 |
| Five thousand dollars | 4, 995, 000 | 10, 000, 000 | 5, 030,000. 00 | $9,580,000.00$ | 420,000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 14,990, 000 | 20, 000, 000 | 12,990, 000.00 | 17, 740, 000.00 | 2,260,000.00 |
| Total. | 79, 520, 424 | 1,713,621, 705 | 79,520, 424.00 | 1,365, 940,689.00 | 347, 681, 016. 00 |

No. 3\%.-United States Notes of each Denomination Issuld, Redeemid, and Outstanding; etc.-Continued.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed. during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  | $*$ |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | \$11, 986, 114 | \$164, 557, 771 | \$9, 970, 610. 80 | \$136, 821, 314. 20 | \$27, 736, 456. 80 |
| Two dollars | 9,672, 000 | 162, 827, 048 | 8,770, 231. 20 | 137, 302, 653.80 | 25, 524, 394. 20 |
| Five dollar | 22, 860, 000 | 277, 181, 760 | 19, 052, 455.00 | 206, 031, 675.00 | 71, 150, 085.00 |
| Fen dollar | 14, 240, 000 | 282, 971, 240 | 14, 291, 880.00 | $210,238,354.00$ | 72, 732, 886.00 |
| Twenty | 6,000,000 | 243, 162, 400 | 12, 210; 562.00 | 180, 715, 491.00 | 62, 446, 909.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 3,900, 000 | 99, 815, 200 | 4, 205, 875.00 | 75, 929,305.00 | $23,885,895.00$ |
| One hundred dollars | 4,356, 600 | 115, 867, 000 | 4, 523, 600.00 | 81, 564, 610.00 | 34, 302, 390.00 |
| Five hundred dollars | 2,350, 000 | 167, 376, 000 | 2,127, 500.00 | 152, 277, 500.00 | 15, 098, 500.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 4,400,000 | 249, 628, 000 | 2, 407,000.00 | 235, 299, 500.00 | 14, 328, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla | 10,000, 000 | 20,000,000 | 10, 105, 000.00 | 19, 685, 000.00 | $315,000.00$ |
| Ten thousand dollars | 20,000, 000 | 40,000; 000 | 22, 100, 000.00 | 39, 840, 000. 00 | 160, 000.00 |
| Total | 109, 764, 714 | 1,823, 386, 419 | 109, 764, 714.00 | 1, 475, 705, 403.00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | 8,943, 236 | 173, 501, 007 | 10, 019, 508.00 | 146, 840, 822. 20 | 26, 660, 184. 80 |
| Two dollars | 7,808,000 | 170, 635, 048 | 8, 434, 508.00 | 145, 737, 161. 80 | 24, 897, 886.20 |
| Five dollar | 23, 420, 000 | 300, 601, 760 | 19, 017, 170.00 | $225,048,845.00$ | 75, 552, 915. 00 |
| Ten dollars | 12,160,000 | 295, 131, 240 | $15,365,870.00$ | 225, 604, 224.00 | 69, 527, 016.00 |
| Twenty doll | 9,280,000 | 252, 442, 400 | 13, 672, 280.00 | 194, 387, 771.00 | 58, 054, 629,00 |
| Fifty dollars | 4, 200, 000 | 104, 015, 200 | 4, 877, 000.00 | 80, 806, 305.00 | $23,208,895.00$ |
| One hundred do | 5, 237, 000 | 121, 104,000 | $5,898,400.00$ | $87,463,010.00$ | 33, $640,990.00$ |
| Five hundred dollar | 4,900,000 | 172, 276, 000 | 3, 084, 500. 00 | 155, 362, 000. 00 | 16,914,000.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 10,000,000 | 259, 628, 000 | $5,294,000.00$ | 240, 593, 500.00 | 19, 034, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla |  | 20,000,000 | 185, 000.00 | 19,870, 000.00 | 130,000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars |  | 40, 000,000 | 100,000.00 | 39, 940, 000.00 | 60,000. 00 |
| Tota | 85, 948, 236 | 1, 909, 334, 655 | 85, 948, 236. 00 | 1,561, 653, 639.00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two dollars | 10, $10.856,000$ | 181, 491,048 | 11, $458,817.00$ | $\begin{aligned} & 158,736,698.20 \\ & 156,195,978.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,952,061.80 \\ & 25,295,069.20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Five dollar | 19,300, 000 | 319, 901, 760 | 18, 855, 110.00 | 243, 903, 955.00 | 75, 997, 805.00 |
| Ten dollar | 9,640,000 | 304, 771, 240 | 14, 627, 630.00 | 240, 231,854.00 | 64, 589, 386.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 9,760, 000 | 262, 202, 400 | 12, 688, 120.00 | 207, 075, 891.00 | 55, 126, 509.00 |
| Tifty dollars | 4,800,000 | 108, 815, 200 | 4,549, 000.00 | 85, 355, 305.00 | 23, 459, 895,00 |
| One hundred dollar | 5, 600, 000 | 126, 704, 000 | 6,344, 200.00 | 93, 807, 210.00 | 32, 896, 790. 00 |
| Five hundred dollars | 2, 350, 000 | 174, 626, 000 | 2,707, 000. 00 | 158, 069, 000.00 | 16, 557, 000. 00 |
| One thousand dollars | 12, 000,000 | 271, 628, 000 | 2,318, 000.00 | 242, 911, 500.00 | $28,716,500.00$ |
| Five thousand dollar |  | 20,000, 000 | 30,000. 00 | 19,900,000.00 | 100,000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollar |  | 40,000,000 | $20,000.00$ | 39, 960, 000.00. | 40,000.00 |
| Total | 84, 493, 153 | 1, 993, 827, 808 | 84, 493, 153.00 | 1, 646, 146, 792.00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |
| One dollar |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two dollars |  | 181, 491,048 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,348,139,40 \\ & 7,090,699.60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 166,084,237.60 \\ & 163,286,678.40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17,603,922.40 \\ & 18,204,369 . .60 \end{aligned}$ |
| Five dollars | 21, 320, 000 | 341, 221, 760 | 11, 688.586.00 | 255, 592, 541.00 | 85, 629, 21.9.00 |
| Ten dollars | 9,960, 000 | 314, 731, 240 | 7, 840,725.00 | 248, 072, 579.00 | 66, 658, 661, 00 |
| Twenty dolla | 7, 12, 0000 | 269, 322, 400 | 7, 168, 130.00. | 214, 244, 021.00 | $55,078,379.00$ |
| Fifty dollars | 2, 000,000 | 110, 815, 200 | 2, 168, 630.00 | 87, 523, 935.00 | 23, 291, 265.00 |
| One hundred dollar | 4,700,000 | 131, 404, 000 | $6,237,090.00$ | 100, 044, 300.00 | 31, 359, 700.00 |
| Five hundred dollas | 400, 000 | 175, 026, 000 | 4,533,000.00 | 162, 602, 000.00 | 12, $424,000.00$ |
| One thousand dollars | 17, 500, 000 | 289, 128, 000 | 8,855, 000.00 | 251, 766, 500.00 | 37, 361, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollars. |  | 20, 000, 000 | 40,000.00 | 19,940.000.00 | - $60,000.00$ |
| Ten thousand dollars |  | 40,000,000 | 30,000.00 | 39,990, 000.00 | 10,000.00 |
| Tot | 63,000,000 | 2, 056,827, 808 | 63, 000, 000.00 | 1, 709, 146, 792.00 | 347, 68.1, 016.00 |
| Onedolar 1887. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. |  | 183, 688, 160 | 8,806, 545.90 | 174, 890, 783. 50 | 8,797,376.50 |
| Two dollars |  | 181, 491,048 | 9, 195, 797.60 | 172, 482, 476. 00 | $9,008,572.00$ |
| Five dollar | 26,740, 000 | 367,961, 760 | 17, 304, 368. 50 | 272, 896, 909. 50 | 95, $064,850.50$ |
| Ten dollars | 22, 640, 000 | 337, 371, 240 | 8, 927, 190.00 | 256, 999, 769.00 | 80, 371, 471.00 |
| Twenty dollar | 16, 240,000 | 285, 562, 400 | $7,389,018.00$ | 221, 633, 039.00 | $63,929,361.00$ |
| Fifty dollars | 2,000,000 | 112, 815, 200 | 3, 382, 280.00 | 90, 906, 215.00 | 21, 908, 985.00 |
| One hundred dolla | 2, 800,000 | 134, 204, 000 | 4,516, 300.00 | 104, 560, 600.00 | 29, 643, 400.00 |
| Five hundred dollars |  | 175, 026, 000 | 4,719,500.00 | $167,321,500.00$ | $7,704,500.00$ |
| One thousand dollars | 3, 648,000 | 292, 776, 000 | 9,812, 000.00 | $261,578,500.00$ | $31,197,500.00$ |
| Five thousand dollars I'en thousand dollars |  | $20,000,000$ | 15,000.00 | $19,955,000.00$ | $45,000.00$ |
| I'en thousand dollars |  | 40,000, 000 |  | 39,990, 000, 00 | 10,000.00 |
| Total | 74, 068, 000 | 2,180,895, 808 | 74, 068, 000.00 | 1, 783, 214, 792.00 | 347, 681, 016.00 |

No. 37.-United States Notes on mach Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and OUTSTANDING, ÉTC.-Continued.


No. 38.-Currency Certificates, act of June 8, 1872, Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of each Fiscal Year from 1878.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 7,300,000 \\ & 79,380.000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 67,405,000 \\ 397,560.000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 11,125,000 \\ 84,300,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 61,990,000 \\ & 356,730,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,415,000 \\ 40,830,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 86, 680, 000 | 464, 965, 000 | 95, 425,000 | 418,720, 000 | 46,245,000 |
| 1879. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 7,435,000 \\ 82,330,000 \end{array}$ | $74,840,000$ $479,890,000$ $479,890,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,500,000 \\ 97,180,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 71,490,000 \\ 453,910,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 ; 350,000 \\ 25,980,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 89, 765, 000 | 554, 730, 000 | 106, 680, 000 | 525, 400, 000 | 29,330, 000 |
| Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 4,015,000 \\ 43,040,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78,855,000 \\ 522,930.000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,240,000 \\ 56,870,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,730,000 \\ 510,780,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,125,000 \\ 12,150,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 47, 055, 000 | 601, 785, 000 | 62, 110, 000 | 587, 510, 000 | 14, 275, 000 |
| 1881. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,215,000 \\ 15,350,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 81,070,000 \\ 538,280,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,875,000 \\ 17,350,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 79,605,000 \\ 528,130,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,465,000 \\ 10,150,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 17,565, 000 | 619,350, 000 | 20, 225, 000 | 607, 735, 000 | 11,615, 000 |
| 1882. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,950,000 \\ 13,960,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84,020,000 \\ 552,240,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,875,000 \\ 13,290,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 81,480,000 \\ 541,420,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,540,000 \\ 10,820,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 16,910,000 | 636, 260, 000 | 15, 165, 000 | 622, 900,000 | 13, 360,000 |
| Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 3,470,000 \\ 16,560,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87,490,000 \\ 568,800,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,520,000 \\ 16,690,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 85,000,000 \\ 558,110,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,490,000 \\ 10,690,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 20, 030, 000 | 656, 290, 000 | 20, 210, 000 | 643, 110, 000 | 13,180, 000 |
| 1834. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 4,300,000 \\ 22,570,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 91,790,000 \\ 591,370,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,520,000 \\ 23,300,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89,520,000 \\ 581 ; 410,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,970,000 \\ & 9,960,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total. | 26, 870, 000 | 683, 160, 000 | 27, 820,000 | 670,930, 000 | 12, 230, 000 |
| 1885. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 5,785,000 \\ 50,770,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97,575,000 \\ 642,140,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,390,000 \\ 35,110,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93,910,000 \\ 616,520,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,665,000 \\ 25,620,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 56, 555,000 | 739, 715, 000 | 39, 500, 000 | 710,430, 000 | 29, 285, 000 |
| Five thousand dollars <br> Ten thousand dollars | $\begin{array}{r} 4,630,000 \\ 43,020,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102,205,000 \\ & 685,160,000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,085,000 \\ 52,740,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,995,000 \\ 669,260,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,210,000 \\ 15,900,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 47, 650, 000 | 787, 365, 000 | 58, 825, 000 | 769, 255, 000 | 18,110, 000 |
| Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars | 28,400, 000 | $\begin{array}{r} 102,205,000 \\ 713,560,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,740,000 \\ 35,750,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101,735,000 \\ & 705,010,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 470,000 \\ 8,550,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 28,400, 000 | 815, 765, 000 | 37,490, 000 | 806, 745, 000 | 9,020, 000 |
| 1888. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | $\begin{array}{r} 230,000 \\ 30,170,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102,435,000 \\ & 743,730,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,000 \\ 24,490,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101,800,000 \\ & 729,500,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 635,000 \\ 14,230,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 30, 400, 000 | 846, 165, 000 | 24, 555, 000 | 831,300, 000 | 14,865,000 |
| Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | 32, 650, 000 | $\begin{aligned} & 102,435,000 \\ & 776,380,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90,000 \\ 30,230,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101,890,000 \\ & 759,730,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 545,000 \\ 16,650,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 32, 650, 000 | 878, 815, 000 | 30, 320, 000 | 861, 620, 000 | 17,195,000 |
| 1890. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | 23,480, 000 | $\begin{aligned} & 102,435,000 \\ & 799,860,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95,000 \\ 28,190,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101,985,000 \\ & 787,920,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 450,000 \\ 11,940,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 23, 480, 000 | 902, 295, 000 | 28,285, 000 | 889, 905, 000 | 12,390, 000 |
| 1891. <br> Five thousand dollars Ten thousand dollars. | 39,440, 000 | $\begin{aligned} & 102,435,000 \\ & 859,300,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 150,000 \\ 27,900,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102,135,000 \\ & 815,820,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 300,000 \\ 23,480,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 39,440, 000 | 941, 735, 000 | 28, 050, 000 | 917, 955,000 | $\stackrel{23,780,000}{ }$ |

No. 39.-Gold Certificates of pach Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the closif of fach Fiscal Year from 1878, exclusive of $\$ 33,000,580.46$ in Irregular amounts Issued and Redeemed on account of the Geneva Award.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { redeemed. } \end{gathered}$ | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Twenty dollars... |  | \$960, 000 |  | \$958,000 | \$2,000 |
| Fifty dollars..... |  | -0,00 |  | \$08,00 |  |
| One handred dollars | \$1,448,400 | 19,910, 900 | \$1, 315,000 | 18, 572, 900 | 1,338, 000 |
| Five hundred dollars | 1,795, 000 | 32, 308, 000 | 1,791,000 | 29, 286, 000 | 3,022,000 |
| One thousand dollars. | ${ }^{4,534,000}$ | 120, 143,000 | 4, 422,000 | .113, 938,000 | ${ }^{\mathbf{6}, 205,000}$ |
| Five thousand dollars | $\begin{array}{r} 8,275,000 \\ 34,290,000 \end{array}$ | 453, 655,000 $308,840,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,870,000 \\ 31,150,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 448,255,000 \\ 280,440,000 \end{gathered}$ | $5,400,000$ $28,400,000$ |
| Total. | 50,342,400 | 935,816,900 | 47,548,000 | 891,449,900 | 44, 367, 000 |
| Twenty dollars... |  | 960,000 | 500 | 958, 500 | , 50 |
| Fiftr dollars... |  |  |  | 19535100 | 00 |
| One hundrect Five hundred dolla | 323,400 536,000 | 20, $32,844,3000$ | 2,348,000 | 1, 634,000 |  |
| One thousand dollars | 1,738,000 | 121, 881,000 | 4,945,000 | 118, 883,000 | 2,998, 000 |
| Five thousand dollar | 4,230,000 | 457, 885,000 | 7,175,000 | 455, 430,000 | 2, 455,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 5,490,000 | 314, 331, 000 | 25,840,000 | 306, 280, 000 | 8, 050,000 |
| Total. | 12, 317,400 | 948, 134, 300 | 41,270, 700 | 932, 720,600 | 15,413,700 |
| Twenty dollars.. |  | 960,000 | 400 | 958,900 | 1,100 |
| Fint hollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five handred doll |  | 32, 844,000 | ${ }_{744,500}$ | 32, 378,500 | 465, 500 |
| One thousand dollur |  | 121,881,000 | 1,788,000 | 120, 671,000 | 1,210,000 |
| Five thousand dolla |  | $457,885,000$ <br> $314,330,000$ | $1,385,000$ $3,200,000$ | 456, 815,000 | ${ }_{4,850,000}^{1,07000}$ |
| To |  | 948 , | 7,409, 10 | 940, 129 | 8, 004, 600 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollars |  | 960,000 | 380 | 959, 280 | 720 |
| One hundred doil |  | 20, 234,300 | 139,300 | 19,965,600 |  |
| Five hundred dollars |  | 32, 844, 000 | 207, 000 | 32, 585,500 | 258,500 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 121, 881,000 | 485, 000 | 121, 156,000 | 725,000 |
| Five thousand dolla |  | 457,885,000 | 270,0 | 457, 085,000 | 0 |
| Ten thousand |  | 314,330,0 | 1,120,000 | 310,600,000 | , 730,000 |
| Total |  | 948, 134, 300 | 2, 221, 680 | 942, 351, 880 | 5,782,920. |
| centy dollars |  | 960,000 |  | 959,280 | 720 |
| ty dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| One hundred dolla |  | 20, 234, 300 | ${ }^{44,800}$ | 20, 010,400 | ${ }^{223,900}$ |
| One thousand dol |  | - $1212,881,000$ | ${ }_{151,000}$ | 121,307, 000 | 574,000 |
| Five thousand doll |  | 457, 885, 000 | 210, 000 | 457, 295, 000 | 590,000 |
| Ten thousand dollar |  | 314, 330, 000 | 290, 000 | 310, 890, 000 | 3,440,000 |
| Total. |  | 948, 134, 300 | 745, 800 | 943, 097, 180 | 5,037, 120 |
| $188$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fifty dollars. | 9, 2000,000 | 9,200, 000 | 149, 200 | 149, 200 | 9,050,800 |
| One hundred dollar | 8,900, 000 | 29, 134, 300 | 251,100 | 20, 261, 500 | 8,872,800 |
| Five hundred dollar | $8,250,000$ | 41, 094,000 | 331,000 | 32,966,500 | ${ }^{8,127,500}$ |
| One thousand dollar | $13,000,000$ | 134,881,000 | ${ }^{640,000}$ | 121,947,000 | 12,934,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. | $8,000,000$ $30,000,00$ |  | 6,640,000 | 317, 530,000 | 26,800, 000 |
| Total. | 86,710,000 | 1, 034, 844, 300 | 9,368,480 | 952, 465, 660 | 82, 378, 640 |
| Twenty dollars |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| Fifty dollars | 1,300,000 | 10,500, 000 | ${ }_{1}^{1}, 231,800$ | 1,381,000 | 9,119,000 |
| Ono handred dol | 1,400,000 | 30, 534, 300 | 1,083,000 | 21, 344, 500 | 9,189, 800 |
| Five hundred doll | 2, 250, 000 | 43,344,000. | 1,599,000 | 34,562,500 | 8,781,500 |
| One thousand dolla | $4,000,000$ | 138, 881,000 | 2,132,000 | 124, 079,000 | 14, 802, 000 |
| Five thourand dollars | $7,000,000$ $20,000,000$ | $472,885,000$ $364,330,000$ | $3,435,000$ 144 $14.650,000$ | $461,890,000$ $332,180,000$ |  |
| Total. | 41,470, 000 | 1,076,314, 300 | 25,455,980 | 977, 921, 640 | 98, 392,660 |

No. 39.-Gold Certificates of each Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding, evc.-Continued.

| Denomination. | Issued dur. ing year. | 'lotal issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollars. | \$400, 000 | \$16,240,000 | \$L, 411, 020 | \$3, 895, 660 | \$12, 344, 340 |
| Fifty dollars.. | 2,700,000 | 13, 200, 000 | 1,375, 200 | 2, 756, 200 | 10, 443,800 |
| One hundred dollars | 1, 800, 000 | $32,334,300$ | 1, 386,300 | 22, 730, 800 | 9, 603,500 |
| Five hundred dollars | 6, 600, 000 | $49,944,000$ | 1,189, 000 | 35, \% $^{\text {1, }} 500$ | 14, 192, 500 |
| One thousand dollars | 9, 000, 000 | 147, 881, 000 | 1, 443, 000 | 125, 522, 000 | 22, 359,000 |
| Five thousand dollars | 7,500,000 | 480, 385, 000 | 3,995, 000 | 465, 885, 000 | 14, 500,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 35, 000, 000 | 399, 330, 000 | . 10,270, 000 | 342,450, 000 | 56, 880,000 |
| Total | 63, 000, 000 | 1, 139, 314, 300 | 21, 069, 520 | 998, 991, 160 | 140, 323,140 |
| 1886. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollars | 640, 000 | 16,880,000 | 1,007, 450 | 4,903, 110 | 11, 976, 890 |
| Fifty dollars | 100,000 | 13, 300, 000 | 825, 845 | 3,582, 045 | 9, 717, 955 |
| One hundred dolla | 100,000 | 32, 434, 300 | 690, 100 | 23, 420,900 | 9, 013, 400 |
| Five lhundred dollar | 200, 000 | 50, 144, 000 | 952, 500 | 36, 704, 000 | 13, 440, 000 |
| One thousand dollar |  | 147, 881, 000 | 3,863, 000 | 129, 385, 000 | 18, 496,000 |
| Five thousand dollars |  | 480, 385, 000 | 680,000 | 466, 565, 000 | 13, 820,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. |  | 399, 330, 000 | 2, 170,000 | 344, 620, 000 | 54, 710,000 |
| Tota | 1,040,000 | 1,140, 354, 300 | 10, 188, 895 | 1,009, 180, 055 | 131, 174, 245 |
| 1887. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollars |  | 16, 880, 000 | 1, 104, 828 | 6,007,938 | 10,872, 062 |
| Fifty dollars |  | 13, 300, 000 | 1, 492, 600 | $5,074,645$ | $8,225,355$ |
| One hundred dol |  | 32, 434, 300 | 1,056, 000 | 24, 476,900 | 7,957, 400 |
| Five hundred dollar |  | 50, 144, 000 | 1,409, 000 | 38, 113,000 | 12,031,000 |
| One thousand dollar |  | 147, 881, 000 | 1, 120,000 | 130, 505, 000. | 17, 376, 000 |
| Five thousand dollar |  | 480, 385, 000 | 625,000 | 467, 190, 000 | 13, 195,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars |  | $399,330,000$. | 2,880,000 | 347, 500, 000 | 51, 830,000 |
| Total |  | 1, 140, 354, 300 | 9, 687, 428 | 1, 018, 867, 483 | 121, 486, 817 |
| Twenty dollars. | 4,160,000 | 21,040, 000 | 2,070,062 | 8,078, 000 | 12,962, 000 |
| Fifty dollars | 4,500,000 | 17,800, 000 | 2,480, 205 | 7,554,850 | 10, 245, 150 |
| One hundred dolla | 7,800,000 | 40, 234, 300 | 2, 088, 400 | 26,565,300 | 13,669,000 |
| Five hundred dollar | 4,700, 000 | 54, 844, 000 | 4, 420, 000 | 42, 583, 000 | 12,311, 000 |
| One thousand dollar | 14, 000, 000 | 161, 881, 000 | 5, 875, 000 | 136,380, 000 | 25,501, 000 |
| Five thousand dollar | 20, 000, 000 | 500, 385,000 | 9,330, 000 | 476,520, 000 | 23, 865, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 30, 000, 000 | 429,330, 000 | 38, 360,000 | 385, 860, 000 | $43,470,000$ |
| Tota | $85,160,000$ | 1,225, 514, 300 | 64, 623, 667 | 1, 083, 491, 150 | 142, 023, 150 |
| 1889. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollar |  | 21, 040, 000 | 1,982, 898 | 10, 060, 898 | 10,979, 102 |
| Fifty dollars |  | 17, 800, 000 | 1, 801, 800 | 9, 356, 650 | 8, 443, 350 |
| One hundred dollar |  | 40, 234, 300 | 2, 021, 900 | 28,587, 200 | 11, 647, 100 |
| Five hundred dollars | 2,000,000 | 56, 844, 000 | 3,235,500 | 45,768, 500 | 11, 075, 500 |
| One thousand dollars | 6,000,000 | 167, 881,000 | 10, 287,500 | 146, 667, 500 | 21, 213, 500 |
| Five thousand dolla | 30, 155, 000 | 530,540, 000 | 17,020,000 | 493,540, 000 | 37, 000, 000 |
| Ten. thousand dollars | 41,120, 000 | $470,450,000$ | 30,900,000 | 416,760, 000 | $53,690,000$ |
| Total | 79,275, 000 | 1,304, 789, 300 | 67,249,598 | 1, 150, 740, 748 | 154, 048, 552 |
| Twenty ${ }^{1890}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollar |  |  |  |  | 11, 953, 474 |
| Fifty dollars .a... | 2,200,000 |  | 1,600,145 | 10, 956,795 | 9, 043, 205 |
| One hundred dollar | - 2,000,000 | 42, 234, 300 | 1, 533, 800 | 30, 121, 000 | 12,113, 300 |
| Five hundred dollar | 2,000,000 | 58, 844, 000 | 1,734, 000 | 47, 502, 500 | 11, 341,500 |
| One thousand dollars | 4, 000, 000 | 171,881, 000 | 2,152,000 | 148, 819,500 | 23,061, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 11, 350,000 | 541, 890, 000 | 13, 950,000 | 507, 490, 000 | 34, 400, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 24, 620,000 | 495, 070, 000 | 22,680, 000 | 439, 440, 000 | 55, 630, 000 |
| Tot | 49,050,000 | 1, 353, 839, 300 | 45, 555, 573 | 1, 196, 296, 321 | 157, 542, 979 |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Twenty dollar | 4,240, 000 | 28, 160,000 | 1,971, 700 | 13,938, 226 | 14, 221, 774 |
| Fility dollars | 1,000, 000 | 21, 000, 000 | O 1,587,350 | 12,544, 145 | $8,455,855$ |
| One hundred dollars | 2,400,000 | 44, 634, 300 | 1,698,500 | 31, 819, 500 | 12, 814, 800 |
| Five hundred dollars | $2,200,000$ | 61, 044, 000 | 2, 170,000 | 49,672, 500 | 11, 371, 500 |
| One thousand dollars | 3, 300, 000 | 175, 181, 000 | $5,314,000$ | 154, 133, 500 | 21, 047, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 6,680, 000 | 548, 570, 000 | 14, 380, 000 | 521, 870, 000 | 26, 700, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 43, 700, 000 | 538, 770, 000 | 41, 480, 000 | 480,920, 000 | 57, 850, 000 |
| Total. | 63,520,000 | 1, 417, 359, 300 | 68, 601, 550 | 1, 264, 897, 871 | 152, 461, 429 |

No. 40.-Silver Certificates of each Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of each Fiscal Year from 1878.

| Donomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstauding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars. | \$123,220 | \$123, 220 |  |  | \$123,220.00 |
| Twenty dollax | 10,240 | 10,240 |  |  | 10, 240.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 13,250 | 13,250 |  |  | 13,250.00 |
| One hundred dollars | 179, 700 | 179, 700 |  |  | 179, 700.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 268,000 | 268,000 |  |  | 268, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollars. | 1,256,000 | 1,256,000 |  |  | 1, 256, 000.00 |
| Total | 1,850, 410 | 1, 850, 41.0 |  |  | 1, 850,410.00 |
| 1879. | 43,780 | 167 | \$3,170.00 | \$3, 170.00 | $163,830.00$ |
| Twenty doliar | 85, 760 | 96,000 | 580.00 | 580.00 | 95, 420.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 131,750 | 145, 000 |  |  | 145, 000.00 |
| One hundred dollars | 301, 300 | 481, 000 | 5,300,00 | 5,300.00 | 475, 700.00 |
| Five hundred dollars | 2, 000, 000 | 2, 268,000 | 1,768, 000.00 | 1,768,000.00 | 500, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 6,587, 000 | 7, 843, 000 | 6,683, 000.00 | 6,683,000.00 | 1, 160, 000.00 |
| Total. | 9, 149, 590 | 11,000,000 | 8,460, 050.00 | 8,460, 050.00 | 2,539,950.00 |
| Ten dollars..... | 000 | 2, 174,000 | 23,490.00 | 6, 660.00 | 2, 147, 340,00 |
| Twenty dolla | 1, 890, 000 | 1, 986, 000 | 10,540.00 | 11, 120.00 | 1,974, 880.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 1, 195, 000 | 1,340,000 | 11, 050.00 | 11,050.00 | 1, 328, 950.00 |
| One hundred dol | 1,449,000 | 1,930,000 | 20, 100. 00 | 25,400.00 | 1,904, 600. 00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 750,000 | 3, 018, 000 | 20,500.00 | 1,788,500.00 | 1,229,500.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 2,727, 000 | 10,570,000 | 98, 000.00 | 6,781, 000.00 | 3,789, 000.00 |
| Total. | 10,018,000 | 21,018, 000 | 183, 680.00 | 8, 643, 730.00 | 12, 374, 270.00 |
| Ten dollars...... | 18,700, 00 | 20, 874,000 | 480,310.00 | 506, 970.00 | 20, 367, 030, 00 |
| Twenty dolla | 16,560, 000 | 18,546, 000 | 372, 780, 00 | 383, 900. 00 | 18, 162, 100.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 2, 310, 000 | 3, 650, 000 | 157, 350.00 | 168, 400.00 | 3, 481, 600.00 |
| One hundred dolla | 2, 410,000 | 4,340,000 | $285,300.00$ | 310, 700.00 | 4, 029, 300.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 632,000 | 3,650,000 | 215, 000.00 | 2,003,500.00 | 1,646,500.00 |
| One thotsand dollar | 300,000 | 10,870, 000 | 609,000.00 | 7,390,000.00 | 3,480,000. 00 |
| Total. | 40, 912, 000 | 61, 930, 000 | 2,119, 740.00 | 10, 763, 470. 00 | 51, 166, 530.00 |
| Ten dollars..... | 12,240,000 | 33, 114,000 | 3,361,310.00 | 3,868, 280.00 | 29,245,720.00 |
| Twenty dollar | 9, 440,000 | 27, 586, 000 | 2, 241, 860.00 | 2,625,760.00 | 24, $960,240.00$ |
| Fifty dollars | 400, 000 | 4, 050, 000 | 598, 050.00 | 766, 450.00 | 3,283, 550.00 |
| One hundred collars | 800, 000 | 5, 140, 000 | 808, 600. 00 | 1,119, 300.00 | 4, 020, 700.00 |
| Five hundred dollars | 700,000 | 4,350, 000 | 612,000.00 | 2, 615, 500.00 | 1,734, 500.00 |
| Ono thousand dollars | 1, 120,000 | 11, 990, 000 | 1, 748, 000.00 | 9,138,000.00 | 2, 852, 000.00 |
| Total. | 24, 300, 000 | 86, 230, 000 | 9,369, 820.00 | 20, 133, 290. 00 | 66, 096, 710.00 |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars. | 11, 880, 000 | 44, 994, 000 | 4, 237, 828.00 | 8, 106, 108.00 | 36, 887, 892. 00 |
| Twenty dollar | 13, 360, 000 | 40, 946, 000 | 3, 167, 456. 00 | $5,793,216.00$ | 35, 152, 784.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 1, 600, 000 | 5, 650, 000 | 886, 615. 00 | 1, 653,065.00 | 3, 996, 935.00 |
| One hundred dollars | 2, 400, 000 | 7,540, 000 | 1, 173, 480.00 | 2, 292,780.00 | 5, 247, 220.00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 1, 800, 000 | 6, 150, 000 | 1, 008, 500.00 | 3,624, 000.00 | 2,526, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 4, 000,000 | 15, 990, 000 | 2, 046, 000.00 | 11, 184, 000.00 | 4, 806, 000.00 |
| Total | 35, 040, 000 | 121, 270, 000 | 12, 519, 879.00 | 32, 653, 169.00 | 88,616, 831.00 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars. |  |  | 8, 397 | 16,503 | 47,490 |
| Twenty dolla | $20,080,000$ $3,200,000$ | 61, 026, 000 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,368,260.00 \\ \quad 903,300.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 13, 161, } \\ 2,556,46.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $47,864,524.00$ $6,293,635.00$ |
| One hundred dol | 4, 000,000 | 11, 540,000 | 1, 107, 900.00 | 3,400, 680.00 | 8,139, 320.00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 2,500,000 | 8,650, 000 | 648, 500.00 | 4, 272, 500.00 | 4,377,500.00 |
| One thousand dolars | 3,500,000 | 19, 490, 000 | 1,580, 000,00 | 12,764, 000. 00 | 6, 726, 000.00 |
| Total. | 52,280,000 | 173, 550, 000 | 20,005, 140:00 | 52,658, 309. 00 | 120, 891, 691. 00 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1885 . \\ \text { Ten dollars..... } \end{array}$ | 14,040, 000~ | 78,034, 000 | 9,783, 585.00 | 26, 286, 873.00 | 51, 747, 127. 00 |
| Twenty dollars | 12, 160, 000 | 73,186, 000 | 8,013,560.00 | 21, 175, 036. 00 | 52, 010, 964. 00 |
| Fifty dollars. | 2, 200, 000 | 11, 050, 000 | 839, 600.00 | 3, 395, 965. 00 | 7, 654, 035.00 |
| One hundred dollars | 2, 600, 000 | 14, 140,000 | $860,800.00$ | 4,261, 480.00 | 9, 878, 520.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 5,000,000 | 13,650,000 | 467, 500. 00 | 4, 740, 000.00 | 8, 910, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 4,000,000 | 23,490,000 | 1, 025, 000. 00 | 13,789, 000. 00 | $9,701,000.00$ |
| Total. | 40, 000, 000 | 213, 550, 000 | 20,990, 045.00 | 73,648, 354. 00 | 139, 901, 646.00 |

No. 40.-Silver Certificates of tach Denomination Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding, etc.-Continued.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1886. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten dollars | \$3, 800, 000 | \$81, 834, 000 | \$5, 277, 740.00 | \$31, 564, 613.00 | \$50, 269, 387. 00 |
| Twenty dollas | 800,000 | 73, 986,000 | 7, 853, 336. 00 | 29, 028, 372.00 | 44, 957, 628.00 |
| Fifty dollars |  | 11, 050,000 | 269, 195.00 | $3,665,160.00$ | 7, 384, 810.00 |
| One hundred dolla |  | 14, 140,000 | 267, 700.00 | $4,529,180.00$ | $9,610,820.00$ |
| Five hundred dollar |  | 13,650,000 | 7, 075, 000.00 | 11, 815, 000.00 | 1, 835,000.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 23,490,000 | 7, 781, 000.00 | 21, 570, 000.00 | 1,920, 000.00 |
| Total | 4,600, 000 | 218, 150,000 | 28, 523, 971.00 | 102, 172, 325.00 | 115, 977, 675.00 |
| One dollar | 14, 156,000 | 14, 156,000 | 176,503.90 | 176,503.90 | 13, 979, 496. 10 |
| Two dollars | 8,976,000 | 8,976, 000 | 70, 003. 60 | 70, 003. 60 | 8, 905,996. 40 |
| Five dollars | 7, 760,000 | 7,760,000 | 31, 758. 50 | 31,758. 50 | 7,728, 241. 50 |
| Ten dollars | 10, 440, 000 | 92, 274, 000 | 6,508,517.00 | 38, 073, 130.00 | 54, 200, 870.00 |
| Twonty dolla | 0, 520,000 | 83, 506,000 | 3, 848, 612.00 | $32,876,984.00$ | $50,529,016.00$ |
| Fifty dollars | 1,000, 000 | 12,050,000 | $3,188,740.00$ | 6,853, 900.00 | $5,196,100.00$ |
| One hundred doll |  | 14, 140, 000 | 5, 897, 390.00 | 10, 426,570.00 | 3, 713, 430, 00 |
| Five hundred doll |  | 13, 650,000 | 1,166, 000.00 | 12, 981, 000.00 | 669,000. 00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 23,490,000 | 1,399,000.00 | -22,969, 000.00 | 521, 000.00 |
| Total | $51,852,000$ | 270,002,000 | 22, 286, 525.00 | 124, 458, 850.00 | 145,543, 150.00 |
| One dollar. | 14, 172, 000 | 28, 328,000 | 1, 419, 892.10 | 1, 596, 396.00 | 26,731, 604. 00 |
| Two dollars | 10, 424, 000 | 19, 400,000 | 732,758. 40 | 802, 762.00 | 18,597, 238.00 |
| Five dollars | 44, 700, 000 | 52, 460, 000 | 818, 381.50 | $850,140.00$ | 51, 609, 860.00 |
| Ten dollars | 36, 530, 000 | 128, 794, 000 | 10, 255, 360.00 | 48, 328, 490.00 | $80,465,510.00$ |
| Twenty dollar | 80, 000 | 83, 586, 000 | 6, 868, 856.00 | 39, 745, 340.06 | 43, 840, 160.00 |
| Fifty dollars |  | 12,050,000 | 804, 500.00 | 7,658, 400.00 | 4, 391, 600.00 |
| One liundred dolla |  | 14, 140,000 | 660, 130.00 | .11, 086, 700. 00 | 3, 053,300.00 |
| Five hundred dollá |  | 13, 650, 000 | 188, 500.00 | 13, 169, 500.00 | 480, 500.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | $23,490,000$ | 199, 000.00 | 23, 168, 000. 00 | 322, 000.00 |
| Tot | 105, 896, 000 | 375, 898; 000 | -21, 947, 378.00 | 146, 406, 228.00 | 229, 491, 772.00 |
| 1889. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oṇe dollar. | 8, $5,800,000$ | 25, 200,000 | $7,595,632.20$ $4,159,572.80$ | 9, 192, $4,9628.20$ | $\begin{array}{r} 80 \\ .20 \end{array}$ |
| Five dollars | 38, 540,000 | 91, 000,000 | 4, 570, 120.00 | $5,420,260.00$ | 85, 579, 740.00 |
| Ten dollars | 20, 480,000 | 149, 274, 000 | 13,508, 887.00 | 61, 837, 377.00 | 87, 436, 623.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 160,000 | -83,746,000 | 8, 890, 544. 00 | $48,636,384.00$ | 35, 109, 616.00 |
| Fitty dollass |  | 12,050,000 | 932,790.00 | 8, 59], 190.00 | $3,458,810.00$ |
| One Thundred dollar |  | 14,140,000 | 727, 480.00 | 11, 814, 1.80.00 | 2, 325, 820.00 |
| Five handred dollat |  | 13,650,000 | 134, 000.00 | 13, 303, 500.00 | 346, 500.00 |
| One thousand dollars |  | 23, 490,000 | 95,000.00 | 23, 263, 000.00 | 227, 000. 00 |
| Tota | 73, 752,000 | 449,650, 000 | 40, 614, 026.00 | 187, 020, 254.00 | 262, 629, 746.00 |
| One dollar. | 14,700, 000 | 51, 800, 000 | 11, 473, 489. 70 | 20,665, 517.90 | - 31, 134, 482.10 |
| Two dollars | 9,280,000 | 34, 480, 000 | 6,959, 904. 80 | 11, 922, 239.60 | 22, 557, 760.40 |
| Five dollar | 28, 100, 000 | 119, 100, 000 | 11,552, 588. 50 | 16, $972,843.50$ | 102, 127, 156.50 |
| Ten dollars. | 39,000, 000 | 188, 274, 000 | 14, $965,607.00$ | 76, 802, 984. 00 | 111, 471, 016.00 |
| Twenty dollar |  | 83, 746,000 | 8, 828, 760.00 | $57,465,144.00$ | 26, 280, 856.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 800, 000 | 12, 850, 000 | 1,003, 950.00 | 9, 595, 140.00 | 3, 254, 860.00 |
| One hubdred dolla | 2,600,000 | 16, 740,000 | 636, 700.00 | 12, 450, 880.00 | 4, 289, 120.00 |
| Five humdred loila |  | 13, 650, 000 | 93,000. 00 | 1.3, 396, 500. 00 | 253, 500.00 |
| One thousand dolla's |  | 23; 490, 000 | $56,000.00$ | 23, 319, 000.00 | 171, 000.00 |
| Tota | 94, 480, 000 | 544, 130,000 | 55, 569, 995. 00 | 242, 590, 249.00 | 301, 539, 751.00 |
| 1891 |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | 9,320,000 | 61, 120, 000 | 11, 389, 274. 00 | 32, 054, 791.90 | 29, 065, 208. 10 |
| Two dollars | 4, 544, 000 | 39, 024, 000 | 7, 868,255.00 | 19,790, 494.60. | 19, 233, 505. 40 |
| Five inollars | 29, 540,000 | 148, 640, 000 | 21, 597, 432. 00 | 38, 570, 275. 50 | 110, 069, 724.50 |
| Ten dopars | 18, 880,000 | 207, 154, 000 | 19, 766, 485.00 | 96, 569, 469.00 | 110, 584, 531.00 |
| Trenty dollars | 10,320, 000 | 94, 066,000 | 8, 199, 620.00 | 65, 664, 764.00 | $28,401,236.00$ |
| Fitty dollars. | 3,400,000 | - 16,250,000 | 792, 100. 00 | 10,387, 240.00 | $5,862,760.04$ |
| One hundred dollars | 3,000,000 | 19, 740,000 | 885, 400.00 | 13, 336, 280.00 | 6, 403, 720.00 |
| Five hindred dollars | 2,700, 000 | 16,350,000 | 497, 000.00 | 13, 893, 200.00 | 2, 456,500.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 3,200,000 | 26,690, 000 | 7S3, 000.00 | 24, 052, 000.00 | 2, 688,000. 00 |
| Total. | 84, 904, 000 | 629,034, 000 | 71,728,566. 00 | 314, 318, 815.00 | $314,715,185.00$ |

No. 41.-Amount of United States Notes, Treasury Notes, and Gold, Silver, and Currency Certificates, of each Denomination, Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding at the close of each líscal Year from 1878, including $\$ 1,000,000$ of Unknown Denominations Destroyed.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878. |  |  |  |  | $\therefore$ |
| One dollar | \$7, 562, 351 | \$115, 676, 103 | \$11.792, 775.00 | \$94, 746, 228. 70 | \$20, 929, 874.30 |
| Two dollar | 6, 288,000 | 119, 807, 048. | 10,746, 878.00 | $98,896,099.80$ | 20,910, 918.20 |
| Five dollar | $15,820,000$ | 194, 541, 760 | 16, 111, 867,00 | 139,872, 203.50 | 54, 669, 556. 50 |
| Ten dollars | 11, 503, 220 | 227, 214, 460 | 13, 763, 063.00 | 161, $539,596.00$ | 65, 674, 864.00 |
| Twenty dollar | 9,210, 240 | 201, 452, 640 | 9, 086, 554.00 | 138, 719, 757.00 | 62, 732, 883.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 3,213, 250 | 87, 728, 450 | 6, 267, 030.00 | $60,532,520,00$ | 27, 195, 930.00 |
| One hundred do | 8,036, 700 | 116, 068, 400 | $5,509,100.00$ | 82, 926, 030.00 | 33' $142,370.00$ |
| Five hundred dollars | 6,880,000 | 187, 202, 000 | 6, 215, 000.00 | 153, 033, 500.00 | 34, 168, 500.00 |
| One throusand dollars | 8,390,000 | 359, 627, 000 | 8, 395, 000.00 | 318, 953, 500. 00 | 40,673, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollars | 15, 575, 000 | 521, 060, 000 | 19,995, 000.00 | 510, 245, 000. 00 | 10, 815, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 113, 670, 000 | 706, 400, 000 | 115, 450,000.00 | $637,170,000.00$ | 69, 230, 000.00 |
| Total | 206, 148, 761 | 2, 836, 777, 861 | 223, 332, 267.00 | 2, 396, 634,435.00 | 440, 143, 426.00 |
| 1879. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | 6,503, 133 | 122, 179, 236 | 9, 223, 026. 50 | 103, 969, 255.20 | 18, 209, 980.80 |
| Two dollar | 5,892, 000 | 125. 699, 048 | 8,710, 295.00 | 107, 606, 394.80 | 18, 092, 653.20 |
| Five dollars | 11,060,040 | 205, 601, ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ' 60 | 11, 622, 443.50 | 151, 494, 647.00 | 54, 107, 113. 00 |
| Ten dollars | 9, 323, 780 | 236, 538, 240 | $10,196,252.00$ | 171, 735, 848.00. | 64, 802, 392. 00 |
| Twenty dol | 7,485, 760 | 208, 938, 400 | 9, 650, 836.00 | 148, 370, $593.00^{\circ}$ | 60, 567, 807.00 |
| Fifty dollas's | 2,531,750 | 90, 260, 200 | 4, 059,340.00 | 64, 591, 860.00 | 25, 668, 340.00 |
| One hundred dolla | 5, 632,400 | 121, 700, 800 | 5,561, 390.00 | $88,487,420.00$ | 33, 213, 380.00 |
| Five hundred dollas | 8,186, 000 | 195, 388, 000 | 8, $075,000.00$ | 161, 108, 500.00 | 34, 279, 500. 00 |
| One thousand dolla | 12, 225, 000 | 371, 852, 000 | 13, 670,000.00 | 332, 623, 500.00 | $39,228,500.00$ |
| Five thousand dol | 15,670, 000 | 536,730, 000 | 16,680, 000.00 | $526,925,000.00$ | 9, 805, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 90, 830, 000 | 797, 230, 000 | 123, 070, 000.00 | 760, 240, 000.00 | 36,990, 000.00 |
| Tot | 175, 339, 823 | 3, 012,117, 684 | 220, 518, 583.00 | 2, 617, 153, 018.00 | 394, 964, 666.00 |
| 1880. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | 9,057, 863 | 131, 237, 099 | 6, 935,511.80 | 110, 904, 767. 00 | 20,332, 382. 00 |
| 'Two dollars | $8,232,000$ | 133, 931, 048 | 5,971, 840. 20 | 113, 578, 285.00 | $20,352,813.00$ |
| Five dollars | 19,680, 000 | 225, 281, 760 | 8, 354, 565.00 | 159, 849, 212. 00 | $65,432,548.00$ |
| Ten dollars | 18,527, 000 | 255, 065, 240 | 6, 265, 301. 00 | 178, 001, 149.00 | 77, 064, 091.00 |
| I'wenty dolla | 19, 250, 000 | 228, 188, 400 | $5,698,620.00$ | 154, 069, 213.00 | 74, 119, 187. 60 |
| Fifty dollars | 2,595,000 | 92, 855, 200 | 2, 125, 395.00 | 66, 717, 255. 00 | 26, 137, 945.00 |
| Orie hundred dolla | 4, 501, 700 | 126, 202, 500 | 2, 604,610.00 | 91, $092,030.00$ | $35,110,470.00$ |
| Five hundred dollar | 3,050, 000 | 198, 438, 000 | 16, 410,500.00 | 177, 519, 000.00 | $20,919,000.00$ |
| One thousand dollar | 3,427,000 | 375, 279,000 | 21, 124, 000.00 | 353, 747, 500.00 | 21, 531, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollat | 5,015, 000 | 541, 745, 000 | $10,945,000.00$ | $537,870,000.00$ | 3, 875, 000.00 |
| Ten thousaind dollars | 45,040, 000 | 842,270, 000 | 64, 570, 000.00 | 824, 810, 000.00 | 17, 460,000.00 |
| Tot | 138, 375, 563 | 3, 150, 493, 247 | 151, 005, 343.00 | 2, 768, 158, 361.00 | 382, 334, 886.00 |
| One dollar 1881. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two dollars | 9,889,034 | 141, 126, 133 | 7,575,604.40 | 118, 480, 371.40 | 22,645, 761.60 |
| Five dollars | $8,752,000$ $14,760,000$ | 142, $240,041,760$ | $6,860,690.60$ $10,623,470.00$ | $120,438,925.60$ $170,472,682.00$ |  |
| Ten dollar | 27, 860, 000 | 282, 925, 240 | 7, 566, 674.00 | 185, 567, 823.00 | 97, 357, 417.00 |
| Twenty dol | 22,800,000 | 250, 988, 400 | 6, 484, 770.00 | 160, 553, 983.00 | 90, 434, 417.00 |
| Fifty dollar | 3,510,000 | 96, 365, 200 | 2, 463, 435.00 | $69,180,690.00$ | 27, 184, 510.00 |
| One hundred dollars | 5,354, 300 | 131, 556, 800 | 3, 219, 110.00 | $94,311,140.00$ | 37, 245, 660.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 1, 332, 000 | 199, 770, 000 | 5,776,000.00 | 183, 295, 000.00 | 16, 475, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 1,200, 000 | 376, 479, 000 | 6,502, 000.00 | $360,249,500.00$ | 16, 229,500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla | 2,215,000 | 543, 960, $000{ }^{\circ}$ | 3, 370, 000.00 | 541, $240,000.00$ | 2,720, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 15,350, 000 | 857, 620,000 | 18,670,000.00 | 843, 480, 000.00 | 14, 140, 000.00 |
| Total | 113,022, 334 | 3, 263, 515,581 | 79, 111, 754. 00 | 2, 847, 270, 115.00 | 416, 245, 466. 00 |
| 1882. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | 11, 445,524 | 152,571, 657 | 8,370, 332.00 | 126, 850, 703. 40 | 25,720, 953. 60 |
| Two dollars | 10,472,000 | 153, 155,048 | 8, 093; 497.00 | 128, 532, 422. 60 | 24, 622, 625.40 |
| Five dollars | 14, 280,000 | 254,321, 760 | 16,506, 538.00 | 186, 979, 220.00 | 67, 342, 540. 00 |
| Ten dollars | 18,920,000 | 301, 845,240 | 14, 246, 931. 00 | 199, 814, 754.00 | 102, 030, 486.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 14, 720,000 | 265, 708, 400 | 11, 535, 986. 00 | 172, 089, 969.00 | 93, 618,431.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 3, 600, 000 | 99, 965, 200 | 3, 309, 100. 00 | $72,489,880.00$ | 27, 475, 320.00 |
| One hundred dollars | 5,327, 900 | 136,884, 709 | 3, 859, 570.00 | 98, 170, 710. 00 | 38, 713, 990.00 |
| Five hundred dollars | 2,450,000 | 202, 220, 000 | 2, 106,000.00 | 185, 401, 000.00 | 16, 819, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 2,620,000 | 379,099, 000 | 3,088, 000.00 | $363,337,500.00$ | 15, 761, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollar | 7,945, 000 | 551, 905, 000 | 7, 115, 000.00 | $548,355,000.00$ | 3, 550,000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars. | 28,950,000 | 886,570,000 | 26,570, 000.00 | 870, 050,000.00 | 16, 520, 000. 00 |
| Total | 120,730,424 | $3,384,246,005$ | 104, 801, 044.00 | 2, 952, 071, 159. 00 | 432, 174, 846.00 |

No. 41.-Amount of United States Notes, Treasury Notes, and Gold, Silver, and Currency Certificates, etc.-Continued.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during year. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | \$11, 986, 114 | \$164, 557, 771 | \$9, 970,610. 80 | \$136, 821, 314. 20 | \$27, 736, 456. 80 |
| Two dollars | 9,672,000 | 152, 827, 048 | 8,770, 231. 20 | 137; 302,653.80 | 25, 524, 394.20 |
| Five dollars | 22, 860,000 | 277, 181, 760 | $19,052,455.00$ | 206, 031, 675.00 | 71, 150,085.00 |
| Ten dollars | 26, 120,000 | 327, 965, 240 | 18, 529, 708. 00 | 218, 344, 462.00 | 109, 620, 778.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 28, 720, 000 | 294, 428, 400 | $15,575,198.00$ | 187, 665, 167.00 | 106, 763, 233.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 14, 700, 000 | 114, 665, 200 | 5, 241, 690.00 | 77, 731,570.00 | 36, 933, 630.00 |
| One hundred doll | 15, 656,600 | 152, 541, 300 | $5,948,180.00$ | 104, 118, 890.00 | 48, 4.22, 410.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 12, 400, 000 | 214, 620, 000 | 3,467, 000.00 | 188, 868, 000.00 | 25, 752, 000.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 21,400, 000 | 400, 499, 000 | 5,093, 000.00 | $368,430,500.00$ | 32, 068, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollia | 21, 470, 000 | 573, 375, 000 | $14,785,000.00$ | $563,140,000.00$ | 10, 235, 000. 00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 66, 560, 000 | 953, 130, 000 | 45, 430, 000.00. | 915, 480, 000. 00 | 37,650,000,00 |
| Total | 251, 544, 714 | $3,635,790,719$ | 151, 863, 073.00 | 3, 103, 934, 232.00 | 531, 856, 487.00 |
| ne dollar 1884 |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar <br> Two doll | 8,943,236 <br> 7, 808, 000 | $\begin{aligned} & 173,501,007 \\ & 170.635,048 \end{aligned}$ | $10,019,508.00$ $8,434,508.00$ | $\begin{aligned} & 146,840,822.20 \\ & 145,737,161.80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26 \cdot 660,184.80 \\ & 24.897 .886 .20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Five dolla | 23, 420, 000 | 300, 601, 760 | 19, 017, 170.00 | 225, 048, 845. 00 | 75, 552, 915.00 |
| Ten dollar | 31, 160,000 | 359, 125, 240 | 23, 763, 050.00 | 242, 107,512 00 | 117, 017, 728.00 |
| Twenty doll | 34, 880, 000 | 329, 308, 400 | 22, 368, 720.00 | 210, 033, 887. 00 | 119, 274, 513. 00 |
| Fifty dollars | 8,700,000 | 123, 365, 200 | 7, 012, 100.00 | $84,743,670.00$ | 38, 621, 530.00 |
| One liundred d | 10, 637,000 | 163, 178, 300 | 8, 089, 300. 00 | 112, 208, 190.00 | $50,970,110.00$ |
| Five hundred dol | 9,650,000 | 224, 270, 000 | 5, 329, 000.00 | 194, 197, 000.00 | $30,073,000.00$ |
| One thousand doll | 17, 500, 000 | 417, 999, 000 | $9,006,000.00$ | 377, 436, 500.00 | 40, 562, 500. 00 |
| Five thousand doll | 11,300, 000 | 584, 675, 000 | 8,140, 000.00 | 571, 280, 000. 00 | 13, $395,000.00$ |
| Ten thousand dollar | 42,570,000 | 995, 700, 000 | $38,050,000.00$ | 953, 530,000.00 | 42, 170,000. 00 |
| Total | 206, 568, 236 | 3, 842, 358,955 | 159, 229,356.00 | 3,263, 168, 588.00 | 579, 195, 367.00 |
| 188 |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | 10, 187, 153 | 183, 688, 160 | 11,895, 276.00 | 158, 736, 098. 20 | $24,952,061.80$ |
| Two dollar | 10, 856, 000 | 181, 491, 048 | 10, 458.817.00 | 156, 195, 978. 80 | 25, 295, 069. 20 |
| Five dollars | 19, 300, 000 | $\checkmark 319,901,760$ | $18,855,11000$ | 243, 903, 955. 00 | 75, 997, 805. 00 |
| Ten dolla | 23, 680, 000 | 382, 805, 240 | $24,411,215.00$ | 266, 518, 727. 00 | 116, 286, 51300 |
| Twenty doll | 22, 320, 000 | 351, 628, 400 | 22, 112,700. 00 | $232,146,587.00$ | 119, 481, 813.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 9, 700, 000 | 133, 065, 200 | $6,763,800.00$ | 91, 507, 470.00 | 41,557,730.00 |
| One Junclred dollar | 10,000,000 | 173, 178, 300 | $8,591,300.00$ | 120, 799, 490.00 | 52, 378, 810.00 |
| Five hundred dollar | 13, 950, 000 | 238, 220, 000 | 4,363,500.00 | 198, $560,500.00$ | 39, 659, 500. 00 |
| One thousand dolla | 25,000, 000 | 442, 999, 000 | 4,786,000.00 | 382, 222, 500.00 | 60, 776,500 00 |
| Five thousand doll | 13, 285, 000 | 597, 960,000 | $8,415,000.00$ | $579,695,000.00$ | 18, 265, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 85, 770, 000 | 1, 081, 470,000 | 45, 400, 000.00 | 998, 930,000.00 | $82,540,000.00$ |
| Total | 244, 048, 153 | 4, 086, 407, 108 | 166, 052, 718.00 | $3,429,216,306.00$ | 657, 190, 802.00 |
| 1886 |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar |  | 183, 688, 160 | 7, 348, 139. 40 | 166, 084, 237. 60 | 17, 603, 922. 40 |
| Twodollars |  | 181, 491, 048 | 7, 090, 699. 60 | 163, 286, 678.40 | 18, 204, 369.60 |
| Five dolliars | 21, 320, 000 | 341, 221, 760 | '11, 688, 586. 00 | $255,592,541.00$ | $85,629,219.00$ |
| Ten dolla | 13, 760, 000 | 396, 565, 240 | $13,118,465.00$ | 279, 637, 192.00 | 116, 928, 048.00 |
| Twenty do | 8,560,000 | $360,188,400$ | 16,028, 916.00 | 248, 175, 503.00 | 1.12, 012, 897.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 2, 100,000 | 135, 165, 200 | $3,263,670.00$ | 94, 771, 140.00 | $40,394,060.00$ |
| One hundred doll | 4,800,000 | 177, 978, 300 | 7, 194, 890.00 | 127, 994, 380.00 | $49,983,920.00$ |
| Five hundred dolla | 600,009 | 238, 820, 000 | 12, 560, 500.00 | 211, 121, 000.00 | 27, 699, 00000 |
| One thousand dollar | 17,500,000 | 460, 499, 000 | $20,499,000.00$ | 402, 721, 500.00 | 57, 777, 500. 00 |
| Five thousand dollars | 4, 680, 000 | 602, 590, 000 | 6, 805, 000.00 | 586, 500, 000. 00 | 16,090, 000. 00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 43,020,000 | 1,124, 490,000 | 54, 940, 000. 00 | $1,053,870,000.00$ | 70, 620, 000.00 |
| Tot | 116, 290,000 | 4,202, 697, 108 | 160, 537, 866.00 | $3,589,754,172.00$ | 612, 942,936.00 |
| One dollar. | 14, 156, 000 | 197, 844, 160 | $\cdot 8,983,049.80$ | 175, 067, 287. 40 | 22, 776, 872.60 |
| Two dollars | 8,976,000 | 190, 467, 048 | 9,265, 801.20 | 172, 552, 479.60 | 17, 914, 568.40 |
| Five dollar | $34,500,000$ | 375, 721, 760 | 17, 336, 127.00 | 272, 928, 668.00 | 102, 793, 092.00 |
| Ten dollar | $33,080,000$ | 429, 645, 240 | 15, 435, 707. 00 | 295, 072, 899.00 | 134, 572, 341. 00 |
| Twenty doll | 25, 760, 000 | 385, 948, 400 | 12, 342, 458.00 | 260, 517,961.00 | 125, 430, 439.00 |
| Fifty dollar | 3, 000, 000 | 138, 165, 200 | 8, 063, 620.00 | 102, 834, 760.00 | $35,330,440.00$ |
| One hundred | 2,800, 000 | 180, 778, 300 | 11, 469, 690.00 | 139, 464, 070.00 | 41, 314, 230.00 |
| Five hundred dol |  | 238, 820, 000 | 7,294,500.00 | 218, 415,500.00 | 20, 404, 500.00 |
| One thonsand dollar | 3, 648, 000 | 464, 147, 000 | 12,331, 000.00 | 415, 052, 500. 00 | 49, 094, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dollars |  | 602, 590, 000 | 2,380,000.00 | $588,880,000.00$ | 13, 71.0, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars. | 28,400,000 | 1, 152, 890, 000 | 38,630,000.00 | $1,092,500,000.00$ | $60,390,000.00$ |
| Total | 154, 320, 000 | 4, 357, 017, 108 | 143, 531, 953.00 | $3,733,286,125.00$ | 623, 730, 983.00 |

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## No. 41.-Amount of United States Notes, Treasury Notes, and Gold, Silver, and Currency Certificates, etc.-Continued.

| Denomination. | Issued during year. | Total issued. | Redeemed during yeax. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1888. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | \$14, 172, 000 | \$212, 016, 160 | \$5, 037, 036. 10 | \$180, 104, 323.50 | \$31, 911, 886.50 |
| Two dollars | 10, 424, 000 | -200, 891, 048 | 4, 764, 394.40 | 177, 316, 874. 00 | $23,574,174.00$ |
| Five dollars | 52, 000, 000 | 427, 721, 760 | 22, 128, 359. 50 | 295, 057, 027. 50 | 132, 664, 732. 50 |
| 't'en dollars | 53, 520,000 | 483, 165, 240 | 21, 362, 430.00 | 316, 435, 329.00 | 166, 729, 911.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 33, 040, 000 | 418, 988, 400 | 16, 854, 355. 00 | 277, 372, 316.00 | 141, 616,084.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 7, 300, 000 | 145, 465, 200 | 6, 123, 140.00 | 108, 957, 900.00 | 36, 507, 300.00 |
| One hundred dol | 12,700, 000 | 193, 478, 300 | 6, 187, 830.00 | 145, 651, 900.00 | 47, 826, 400.00 |
| Five hundred dollars | 6,200, 000 | 245, 020, 000 | $5,745,000.00$ | 224, 160, 500. 00 | 20, 859, 500.00 |
| One thousand dollars | 15, 352, 000 | 479, 499, 000 | 14, 320, 500.00 | $429,373,000.00$ | $50,126,000.00$ |
| Five thousand dollar | 20, 230, 000 | 622, 820, 000 | 9,405, 000.00 | $598,285,000.00$ | 24, 535, 000.00 |
| Ten thousand dollars. <br> Total. | 60;170,000 | 1, 213, 060, 000 | 62, 850, 000.00 | 1, 155, $350,000.00$ | 57, 710, 000.00 |
|  | 285, 108, 000 | 4, 642, 125, 108 | 174, 778, 045.00 | 3, 908, 064, 170.00 | 734, 060,938.00 |
| 1889. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | $8,772,000$ | 220, 788, 160 | 9, 061, 336. 80 | 189, 165, 660. 30 | 31, 622, 499.70 |
| Two dollars | 5, 800,000 | 206, 691, 048 | 5, 785, 215. 20 | 183, 102, 089.20 | 23,588, 958. 80 |
| Five dollars | 38,540,000 | 466, 261, 760 | 27, 290, 032.00 | $322,347,059.50$ | 143, 914, 700.50 |
| Ten dollars | 34, 200, 000 | 517, 365, 240 | 26, 909, 035.00 | 343, 344, 364. 00 | 174, 020, 876.00 |
| I'wenty doll | 19, 040,000 | 438, 028, 400 | 21, 154, 120.00 | 298, $526,436.00$ | 139, 501,964.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 6,000,000 | 151, 465, 200 | 6, 362, 725.00 | 115, 320, 625.00 | $36,144,575.00$ |
| One hundred dol | 7,600,000 | 201, 078, 300 | 6, 644, 660.00 | 152, 296, 560.00 | 48, 781, 740.00 |
| Tive bundred doll | 9,750,000 | 254, 770, 000 | 4, 688, 000:00 | 228, $848,500.00$ | 25, 921, 500.00 |
| One thousand dollar | 11,500,000 | 490, 999, 000 | 11, 498, 500.00 | 440, 871. 500.00 | 50, 127, 500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla | 30, 155, 000 | 652, 975, 000 | 17, 110, 000.00 | $615,395,000.00$ | 37, 580, 000.00 |
| 'Ien thousand dolla | 73,770,000 | 1,286, 830, 000 | 61,130,000.00 | 1, 216, 480, 000.00 | 70,350, 000.00 |
| Tota | 245, 127, 000 | 4, 887, 252, 108 | 197, 633, 624.00 | 4, 105, 697, 794.00 | 781,554, 314. 00 |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| Five dollars | 48, 120,000 | 514, 381, 760 | 32, 177, 160.00 | 354, 524, 219.50 | 159,857, 540.50 |
| Ten dollars | 58,720,000 | 576, 085, 240 | 30, 859, 060.00 | 374, 203, 424.00 | 201, 881, 816.00 |
| Twenty doll | 34, 240,000 | 472, 268, 400 | 24, 021, 284. 00 | 322, 54.7, 720.00. | 149, 720, 680.00 |
| Tifty dollars | 4,800,000 | 156, 265, 200 | 7,184, 110.00 | 122, 504, 735.00 | $33,760,465.00$ |
| One hundred dollars | 8,000, 000 | 209, 078, 300 | 7, 854, 970. 00 | 160, 151, 530.00 | 48, 926, 770.00 |
| Five hundred dollas | 3,400,000 | 258, 170, 000 | 6, $398,000.00$ | 235, 246,500.00 | 22,923, 500.00 |
| One thousand dolla | 4,000,000 | 494, 999, 000 | 14, 357, 000.00 | 455, 228, 500.00 | 39,770,500. 00 |
| Five thousand dolla | 11, 350,000 | 664, 325, 000 | $14,055,000.00$ | 629, 450, 000. 00 | $-34,875,000.00$ |
| 'Ten thousand dollar | 48, 100, 000 | 1,334, 930, 000 | 50,870, 000.00 | 1, 267; $350,000.00$ | $67,580,000.00$ |
| Tot | 245, 142,000 | 5, 132, 394, 108 | 207, 542, 568.00 | 4,313, 240,362.00 | 819, 153, 746. 00 |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar. | 13,452,417 | 249, 156, 577 | 11, 907, 394.00 | 213, 184, 718.70 | 35, 971, 858.30 |
| Two dollars | 8, 576,000 | 224, 763, 048 | 8, 316, 160.00 | 199, 072, 568. 80 | 25,690, 479. 20 |
| Five dollar | 56, 260, 000 | 570, 641, 760 | 38, 424, 642.00 | 392, 948, 861.50 | 177, 692, 898. 50 |
| 'Len dollars | 55, 880, 000 | 631, 965, 240 | 38, 544, 200.00 | 412, 747, 624. 00 | 219, 217, 616.00 |
| Twenty dolla | 43, 120, 000 | 515, 388, 400 | 28, 082, 620.00 | 350, 630, 340. 00 | 164, 758, 060.00 |
| Fifty dollars | 6,200, 000 | 162, 065, 200 | 6,398,300.00 | 128, 903, 035.00 | $33,162,165.00$ |
| One hundred dolla | 14, 400, 000 | 223, 478, 300 | $8,675,300.00$ | 168, 826, 830.00 | 54,651, 470.00 |
| Five hundred dolla | 5, 500, 000 | 264, 070, 000 | $5,617,500.00$ | $240,864,000.00$ | 23, 206, 000. 00 |
| One thousand doll | 17,300,000 | 512, 299, 000 | 10, 910, 000.00 | $466,138,500.00$ | 46, 160,500.00 |
| Five thousand dolla | -6,680, 000 | 671,005,000 | 14, 540, 000.00 | $643,090,000.00$ | 27, 015, 000. 00 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 83, 140,000 | 1, 418, 070, 000 | 69,380, 000.00 | 1,336, 730,000.00 | 81, 340, 000. 00 |
| Total | 310, 508, 417 | 5, 442, 902,525 | $240,706,116.00$ | 4, 551, 036, 178.00 | 888, 866, 047. 00 |

No. 42.-Amount of Paper Currency of each Denomination Outstanding at the close of each Fiscal Year from 1878, including $\$ 1,000,000$ of unknown denominations of United States Notes Destroyed.

| Denomination. | Legal-tender notes. | Certificates of deposit. | National-bank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878. |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | \$20,929, 874 |  | \$4, 059, 836 | \$24, 989,710 |
| Two dollars | 20,910,948 |  | 2, 820, 132 | 23, 731,080 |
| Five dollars | 54, 669, 557 |  | 93, 908,525 | 148, 578, 082 |
| Ten dollars | 65, 551, 644 | \$123, 220 | 104, 097, 270 | 169, 772, 134 |
| Twenty dollars | 62, 720, 643 | 12,240 | 68, 632, 220 | 131, 365, 103 |
| Fifty dollars. | 27, 182, 680 | 13,250 | 21, 704, 900 | 48, 900, 830 |
| One hundred dollars | 31, 624, 670 | 1,517, 700 | 28, 300, 600 | 61, 442, 970 |
| Five hundred dollars | $30,878,500$ | 3,290,000 | 1,097, 000 | 35, 265, 500 |
| One thousand dollars | 33, 212, 500 | 7,461, 000 | 305, 000 | 40,978,500 |
| Five thousand dollars |  | 10, 815, 000 |  | 10, 815, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. |  | 69, 230, 000 |  | 69, 230, 000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 92, 462, 410 | 324, 925, 483 | 765, 068, 909 |
| One dollar | 18, 209, 981 |  | 4, 016,879 | 22, 226,800 |
| Two dollars | 18, 092, 653 |  | 2,800,006 | 20, 892,659 |
| Five dollars | 54, 107,113 |  | 95, 977, 475 | 150, 084, 588 |
| Ton dollars | 64, 638, 562 | 163, 830 | 106, 420, 340 | 171, 222, 732 |
| Twenty dollars | 60, 470, 887 | 96,920 | 70, 571,580 | 131, 189, 387 |
| Fifty dollars | - 25, 523,340 | 145,000 | 21, 134, 350 | 46, 802, 690 |
| One hundred dollars | 32, 038, 480 | 1,174,900 | 27, 044, 900 | 60, 258, 280 |
| Five hundred dollars | 32, 569,500. | 1, 710, 000 | 684,500 | 34, 964, 000 |
| One thousand dollars | 35, 070, 500 | 4, 158, 000 | 316, 000 | 39,544,500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 4,000,000 | 5, 805, 000 |  | 9,805, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 2,960, 000 | 34, 030,000 |  | 36,990,000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 47,283,650 | 328, 966, 080 | 723, 930,696 |
| One dollar | 20,332, 332 |  | 2, 687, 022 | 23, 019,354 |
| Two dollars. | 20,352, 813 |  | 1, 885,960 | 22, 238,773 |
| Five dollars | 65, 432, 548 |  | 100, 578, 275 | 166, 010,823 |
| Ten dollars | 74, 916, 751 | 2, 147, 340 | 113, 581, 040 | 190, 645,131 |
| Twenty dollar | 72, 143, 207 | 1,975,980 | 74, 988, 440 | 149, 107, 627 |
| Fifty dollars. | 24, 808, 995 | 1,328.950 | 21, 679,300 | 47, 817, 245 |
| One hundred dollars | 32,797, 870 | 2, 312,600 | 27, 521,500 | 62, 631,970 |
| Five lundred dollars | 19,224, 000 | 1,695, 000 | 702,000 | 21, 621, 000 |
| One thousand dollars | 16,532,500 | 4,999, 000 | 270, 000 | 21, 801, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 680, 000. | 3,195,000 |  | 3,875,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars. | 460, 000 | 17, 000,000 |  | 17, 460,000 |
| Total | 347,681, 016 | 34, 653, 870 | 343,893, 537 | 726, 228, 423 |
| 1881. |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | 22, 645, 762 |  | 1, 564, 390 | 24, 210, 152 |
| Two dollars. | 22, 244, 122 |  | 1,093, 334 | 23, 337, 456 |
| Five dollars. | 69,569, 078 |  | 99, 962, 365 | 169, 531, 443 |
| Ten dollars | - 76,990,387 | 20,367, 030 | 119, 214,320 | 216, 571, 737 |
| Twenty dollar | 72, 271,597 | 18, 162, 820 | 79, 255, 640 | 169, 690, 057 |
| Fifty dollars. | 23, 702, 910 | 3, 481, 600 | $23,051,750$ | 50, 236, 260 |
| One hundred dollars | 32, 947, 660 | 4, 298, 000 | 29, 518, 100 | 66, 763, 760 |
| Five hundred dollars | 14,570, 000 | 1,905, 000 | 723,500 | 17, 198,500 |
| One thousand dollars | 12, 024, 500 | 4,205, 000 | 235, 000 | 16, 464,500 |
| Five thousand dollars. | 455,000 | 2,265, 000 |  | 2,720,000 |
| Ton thousand dollars | 260, 000 | 13,880,000 |  | 14, 140, 000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 68,564, 450 | 354, 618, 399 | 770, 863, 865 |
| 1882. |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | 25, 720, 954 |  | 912,546 | 26, 603, 500 |
| Two dollars | 24, 622, 625 |  | 608, 080 | 25, 230, 705 |
| Five dollars | 67, 342, 540 |  | 97, 490, 980 | 164, 833, 520 |
| Ten dollars | 72, 784, 766 | 29, 245, 720 | 121, 436, 400 | 223, 466, 886 |
| Twenty dollars | 68, 657, 471 | 24, 960, 960 | 82, 186, 560 | 175, 804,991 |
| Fifty dollars. | 24, 191, 770 | 3, 283, 550 | 23, 395, 400 | 50, 870, 720 |
| One hundred dollars | 34, 469390 | 4, 244, 600 | 30, 453, 300 | 69, 167, 290 |
| Five hundred dollars | 14, 876, 000 | 1,943, 000 | 880, 000 | 17, 699, 000 |
| One thousand dollars | 12,335, 500 | 3, 426, 000 | 192, 000 | 15, 953, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 420,000 | 3, 130, 000 |  | 3, 550, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 2,260,000 | 14, 260,000 |  | 16,520,000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 84, 493, 830 | 357, 555, 266 | 789, 730, 112 |

# No. 2r.-Amount of Paper. Currency of each Denomination Outstanding at the close of each Flscal Year from 1878, etc.-Continued. 

| Denomination. | Legal-tender notes. | Certificates of deposit. | National-bank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | \$27, 736, 457 |  | \$628, 203 | \$28, 364, 660 |
| Two dollars | 25, 524, 394 |  | 393, 080 | 25, 917, 474 |
| Five dollars | 71, 150, 085 |  | 93,593, 555 | 164, 743,640 |
| Ten dollars | 72,732, 886 | \$36, 887, 892 | 120, 013, 440 | 229, 634, 218 |
| Twenty dollars | 62, 446, 909 | 44, 316, 324 | 83, 700, 980 | 190, 464, 213 |
| Fifty dollars. | 23, 885, 895 | -13,047, 735 | 23, 831, 250 | 60, 784, 880 |
| One hundred dollar | 34, 302, 390 | 14, 120, 020 | 32, 726,900 | 81, 149,310 |
| Five hundred dollars | 15, 098,500 | 10, 653,500 | 965, 000 | 26, 717, 000 |
| One thousand dollars | 14, 328,500 | 17, 740, 000 | 217, 000 | 32, 285, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 315, 000 | 9, 920, 000 |  | 10, 235,000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 160,000 | 37, 490, 000 |  | 37, 650,000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 184, 175, 471 | 356, 069, 408 | 887, 925,895 |
| 1884. |  | I |  |  |
| One dollar | 26,660, 185 |  | 511,564 | 27, 171, 749 |
| Two dollars | 24, 897, 886 |  | 298,642 | 25, 196, 528 |
| Five dollars | 75, 552, 915 |  | 87, 249, 585 | 162, 802,500 |
| Ten dollars | 69,527, 016 | - 47, 490, 712 | 113, 311, 490 | 230, 320, 218 |
| Twenty dollar | 58, 054, 629 | 61, 219,884 | 80, 515, 720 | 109, 790, 233 |
| Fifty dollars | 23, 208, 895 | 15, 412, 635 | 22,752, 100 | 61, 37, 630 |
| One hundred dollars | 33, 640, 990 | 17; 329, 120 | 32, 983,700 | 82, 95; 210 |
| Five hundred dollars | 16, 914, 000 | 13, 159,000 | 845,500 | 30, 918,500 |
| One thousand dollars | 19, 034, 500 | 21, 528,000 | 221, 000 | 40, 783,500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 130,000 | 13,265,000 |  | 13, 395, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 60,000 | 42, 110,000 |  | 42, 170,000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 231, 514, 351 | 338, 689, 301 | 917, 884,668 |
| One dollar |  |  |  | 25,407,419 |
| Two dollars | 25, 295, 069 |  | 250,976 | 25, 546, 045 |
| Five dollars | 75, 997, 805 |  | 81, 172, 315 | 157, 170, 120 |
| Ten dollars | 64, 539, 386 | 51, 747, 127 | 104, 951, 890 | 221, 238, 403 |
| Twenty dollars | 55, 126,509 | $64,355,304$ | 75, 721, 280 | 195, 203, 093 |
| Fifty dollars | 23, 459, 895 | 18,097, 885 | 21, 261, 200 | 62, 818, 930 |
| One handred dolla | 32, 896, 790 | 19, 482, 020 | 32, 155, 600 | 84, 534,410 |
| Five hundred dollars | 16,557,000 | 23, 102,500 | - 712,000 | 40,371,500 |
| One thousaud dollars | 28, 716,500 | 32, 060,000 | 172,000 | 60, 94¢, 500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 100,000 | 18, 165,000 |  | 18, 265, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 40, 000 | 82, 500,000 |  | 82, 540, 000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 309, 509, 786 | 316, 852, 618 | 974, 043,420 |
| 1886. |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | 17, 603, 922 |  | 418, 482 | 18, 022, 404 |
| Two dollars | 18, 204, 370 |  | 220, 796 | 18,425, 166 |
| Five dollars | 85, 629, 219 |  | 83, 283, 180 | 168, 912,399 |
| Ten dollars | 66, 658, 661 | 50, 269, 387 | 101, 490, 180 | 218, 418, 228 |
| Twenty dollars | 55, 078, 379 | 56, 984, 518 | 72, 966, 420 | 184,979,317 |
| Fifty dollars. | 23, 291, 265 | 17, 102,795 | 19, 266, 100 | $59,660,160$ |
| One hundred dollars | 31, 359,700 | 18, 624, 220 | 30, 293, 600 | 80, 277,520 |
| Five bundred dollars | 12, 424, 000 | 15, 275, 000 | 445,500 | 28, 141, 500 |
| One thousand dollars | 37, 361, 500 | 20, 416,000 | 101, 000 | 57,881,500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 60,000 | 16, 030, 000 |  | 16, 090, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | '10,000 | 70.610, 000 |  | 70,620,000 |
| Total | 347, 681, 016 | 265, 261, 920 | 308, 488, 258 | 921, 431, 194 |
| 1887. |  |  |  |  |
| One dollar | 8, 797, 377 | 13,979,496 | 397,856 | $23,174,7^{\circ} 9$ |
| Two dollars | 9,008, 572 | 8,905,996 | - 205,062 | 18, 110, 630 |
| Five dollars | 95, 064, 850 | 7, 728, 242 | 78, 116, 275 | 1.80, 909, 367 |
| Ten dollars | 80, 371, 471 | 54, 200, 870 | 91, 616,850 | 226, 189, 191 |
| Twenty dollars | 63, 929,361 | 61, 501, 078 | 65, 781, 220 | 5.91, 211,659 |
| Fifly dollars | 21,908,985 | 13, 421, 455 | 16,378,450 | $51,708,890$ |
| One hundred dollars | 29, 643, 400 | 11, 670,830 | 25,990, 800 | 67, 305, 030 |
| Five hundred dollars | 7, 704, 500 | 12, 700, 000 | 328;000 | 20; 732,500 |
| One thousand dollars | 31, 197, 500 | 17, 897, 000 | 79,000 | 49, 173,500 |
| Five thousand dollars | 45,000 | 13, 665,000 |  | 13, 710, 000 |
| Ten thousand dollars | 10,000 | 60,380,000 |  | 60, 390, 000 |
|  | 347, 681, 016 | 276,049,967 | 278, 893, 513 | 902, 624,496 |

No. 42.-Amount of Paper Currbncy of bach Denomination Outstanding at the closl of each Fiscal Year from 1878, etc.-Continued.


## No. 43.-Circulating Notes of the United S'tates Outstanding at the close of hach Fiscal Year from 1862.

| Fiscal jear. | Old demand notes. | United States notes. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasurr notes } \\ \text { of } 1890 . \end{gathered}$ | Fractional cur rency. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1862 | \$51, 105, 235.00 | \$96, 620, 000.00 |  |  | \$147, 725, 235. 00 |
| 1863 | 3,384, 000.00 | 387, 646, 589.00 |  | \$20, 192, 456.00 | 411, 22\%, 045, 00 |
| 1864 | 789, 037.50 | 447, 300, 203. 10 |  | 22, 324, 283.10 | 470, 413, 523.70 |
| 1845 | 472, 003.50 | 431, 066, 427.99 |  | $25,033,128.76$ | 456, 572, 160.25 |
| 1866 | 272, 162.75 | 400, 780, 305. 85 |  | $27,008,875.36$ | 428, 061, 343.96 |
| 1867 | 208, 432.50 | 371, 783, 597.00 |  | $28,474,623.02$ | 400, 466, 652.52 |
| 1868 | $143,912.00$ | 356, 000, 000. 00 |  | 32, 727, 908. 47 | 388, 871, 820.47 |
| 1869 | 123, 739. 25 | 356, 000, 000.00 |  | 32, 114, 637. 36 | 888, 238, 376.61 |
| 1870 | 106, 256.00 | 356, 000, 000. 60 |  | $39,878,684.48$ | 395, 984, 940. 48 |
| 1871 | 96, 505. 50 | 356.000, 000.00 |  | 40,582, 874. 56 | 396, 679, 380.06 |
| 1872 | 88,296. 25 | 357, 500, 000. 00 |  | $40,855,835.27$ | 398, 444, 131.52 |
| 1873 | 79, 967.50 | $356,000,000.00$ |  | 44, 799, 365.44 | $400,879,332.94$ |
| 1574 | $76,732.50$ | 381, 999, 073.00 |  | 45, 912, 003.84 | 427, 987, 808.84 |
| 1875 | 70, 107.50 | 375, 771, 580.00 |  | 42, 129, 424. 19 | 417, 971, 111.69 |
| 1870 | $66,917.50$ | $369,772,284.00$ |  | 34, 446, 595.39 | 404, 285, 796.89 |
| 1877 | 63, 962.50 | 359, 764, 332, 00 |  | 20, 403, 137.34 | 380, 231, 431.84 |
| 1878 | $62,297.50$ | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 16, 517, 768. 77 | 363, 291, 082.27 |
| 1379 | 61, 470.00 | $346,681,016.00$ |  | 15, 842,610. 11 | 362, 585, 096. 11 |
| 1880 | $60,975.00$ | $346,681,016.00$ |  | 15,590, 892. 70 | 362, 332, 883.70 |
| 1881 | $60,535.00$ | $346,681,016.00$ |  | 15, 481, 891. 65 | 362, 223, 442.65 |
| 1882 | 59,695.00 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15, 423, 186.10 | 362, 163, 897.10 |
| 1883 | 58,985. 00 | $346,681,016.00$ |  | 15, 376, 629. 14 | 362, 116, 630. 14 |
| 1884 | 58, 440.00 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15, 355, 999.64 | 362, 095, 455.64 |
| 1885 | 57, 950.00 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15,340, 114. 21 | 362, 079, 080.21 |
| 1886 | 57, 445.00 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15,330.025. 85 | $362.068,486.85$ |
| 1887 | 57, 130.00 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15, 322, 902.70 | 302, 061, 048. 70 |
| 1883 | 56,807. 50 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15, 298, 582.15 | 362, 036, 405.65 |
| 1889 | $56,442.50$ | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15, 292, 628.80 | 362. 030, 087. 30 |
| 1890 | 56,032. 50 | 346, 681, 016.00 |  | 15, 287, 449. 30 | 362, 024, 497. 80 |
| 1891 | 55,647.50 | 346, 681, 016.00 | \$50, 228, 417.00 | 15, 283, 617.93 | 412, 248, 698.43 |

No. ©4.-Gold, Silver, and Currency Certificates Outstanding at the Close of each Fiscal Year from 1866.

| Fiscal year. | Gold certificates. | Silver certif. cates. | Currency certificates. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866. | \$10,947, 860.00 |  |  | \$10, 947, 860.00 |
| 1867. | 18,773, 580.00 |  |  | 18,773, 580.00 |
| 1868. | 17, 678, 610.00 |  |  | 17, 678, 640.00 |
| 1869 | 33, 086, 180.00 |  |  | 33, 086. 180.00 |
| 1870 | 34, 547, 120.00 |  |  | 34, 547, 120.00 |
| 1871 | 19, 886, 300.00 |  |  | 19, 886,300. 00 |
| 1872 | 32, 086, 300.00 |  |  | 32,086, 300. 00 |
| 1873. | $39,460,000.00$ |  | \$31, 810, 000.00 | 71, 270,000.00 |
| 1874. | 22, 825, 100.00 |  | 58,990, 000.00 | 81, 815, 100.00 |
| 1875 | 21, 796, 300.00 |  | $59,045,000.00$ | $80,841,300.00$ |
| 1876 | 28, 681, 400.00 |  | 33, 140, 000.00 | $61,821,400.00$ |
| 1877. | 41, $572,600.00$ |  | $53,980,000.00$ | 95, 552, 600.00 |
| 1878. | 44, 367, 000.00 | \$1, 850, 410.00 | $46,245,000.00$ | 92, 462, 410.00 |
| 1879 | 15, 4.13, 700.00 | 2,539,950.00 | $29,330,000.00$ | 47, 283, 650.00 |
| 1880 | 8,004,600.00 | 12, 374, 270.00 | $14,275,000.00$ | 34, 653, 870.00 |
| 1881 | 5, 782, 920.00 | 51, 166, 530. 00 | $11,63.5,000.00$ | 68, 564, 450.00 |
| 1882. | 5, 037, 120.00 | 66, 096, 710.00 | 13, 360, 000.00 | 84, 493, 830.00 |
| 1883 | 82, 378, 640.00 | 88,616, 831.00 | 13, 180, 000. 00 | 184, 175, 471.00 |
| 1884. | $98,392,660.00$ | 120, 891, 691.00 | 12, 230, 000.00 | 231, 514, 351. 00 |
| 1885. | 140,323, 140.00 | 139, 901, 646.00 | 29, 285, 000.00 | 309, 509, 786.00 |
| 1886 | 131, 174, 245.00 | 115, 977, 675.00 | 18, 110, 000.00 | 265, 261, 920.00 |
| 1887. | 121, 486, 817.00 | 145, 543, 150.00 | 9,020,000.00 | 276, 049, 967.00 |
| 1888 | 142, 023, 150.00 | 229, 491, 772.00 | 14, 865, 000.00 | 386,379, 922. 00 |
| 1589 | 154, 048, 552.00 | 262, 629, 746.00 | 17, 195, 000.00 | 433, 873, 298.00 |
| 1890 | 157,542,979.00 | 301, 539, 751. 00 | 12, 390, 000.00 | 471, 472, 730.00 |
| 1891. | 152, 461, 429.00 | 314, 715, 185.00 | 23, 780, 000.00 | $490,956,614.00$ |

No. 45.-Gold Coin and Bullion in the Treasury, and Gold Certificates in the Treasury and in Circulation, at the end of each Month, from March, 1878.


No. 4.5.-Gold Coin and Bullion in the Treasury, and Gold Certificates
in the Treasury and in Ctrculation, etc.-Continued.


| Total gold in Treasury. | Certificates in Treasury. | Certificates in circulation | Net gold in Treasury. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$237, 167, 975. 84 | \$22, 299, 150 | \$111,980,380 | \$125, 187, 595.84 |
| 240, 029, 843.24 | 40,420, 930 | 112, 683, 290 | 127, 346, 553. 24 |
| 241, 440, 796.37 | 37, 689, 990 | 115, 647, 540 | 125, 793, 256.37 |
| 243, 162, 194. 81 | 28, 625, 290 | 125, 234, 800 | 117, $927,394.81$ |
| 244, 363, 543. 59 | 14, 371, 350 | 128, 553, 010 | 115, 810, 533. 59 |
| 247, 028, 625.25 | 13, 593, 410 | 126, 729, 730 | 120, 298, 895.25 |
| 249, 367, 595. 20 | 17, 322, 320 | 123, 289, 000 | 126, 078, 595. 20 |
| 250, 257, 417. 89 | 16, 606, 230 | 123, 885, 490 | 126, 371, 927.89 |
| 251, 251, 114. 54 | 22, 249,240 | 118, 137, 790 | 133, 113, 324. 54 |
| 251, 359, 349. 29 | 31, 115, 850 | 109, 020, 760 | 142,338, 589. 29 |
| 251, 945, 578.13 | 34, 492, 968 | 105, 554, 092 | 146, 391, 486. 13 |
| 253, 351, 409. 48 | 34, 350, 479 | 105, 359, 601 | 147, 991, 808. 48 |
| 251, 371, 561. 58 | 24, 060, 709 | 115, 284, 951 | 136, 086, 610.58 |
| 249, 801, 087. 53 | 33, 671, 010 | 105, 637, 050 | 144, 164, 037.53 |
| 242, 155, 167.40 | 46, 797, 927 | 90, 775, 643 | 151, 379, 524. 40 |
| 240,580, 532.67 | 52, 396, 875 | 84, 715, 225 | 155, 865, 307. 67 |
| 236, 424, 734. 21 | 51,735, 670 | $80,120,025$ | 156, 304, 709. 21 |
| 232, 838, 123.91 | 55, 129,870 | 76,044, 375 | 156, 793, 748.91 |
| 233, 651, 522.45 | 52, 258, 360 | 74, 718, 517 | 158, 933, 005. 45 |
| 235, 430,635. 24 | 48,693, 980 | 77, 698, 347 | 157, 732, 288. 24 |
| 242, 609, 018. 37 | 40, 654, 320 | 84, 691, 807 | 157, 917, 211. 37 |
| 246, 832, 148. 40 | 36, 878, 458 | 88, 294,969 | 158, 537, 179.40 |
| 254, 450, 853.57 | 34, 469, 694 | 90, 520, 633 | 163, 930, 220. 57 |
| 268, 128, 018.47 | 27,485, 804 | 97, 215, 605 | 170, 912, 413.47 |
| 274, 140, 468.85 | 18, 843, 632 | 105, 665, 107 | 168, 475, 361.85 |
| 275, 088, 626.45 | 24, 256, 230 | 99, 958, 365 | 175, 130, 261. 45 |
| 275, 985, 862.15 | 29,757,610 | 94, 046, 015 | 181, 939, 847.15 |
| 275, 336, 915. 90 | 28, 905,040 | 94, 434, 485 | 180, 902, 430. 90 |
| 277, 628, 750.47 | 32, 101, 358 | 90, 960,977 | 186, 667, 773.47 |
| 278, 101, 106. 26 | 30. 261, 380 | 91,225, 437 | 186, 875, 669.26 |
| 281, 296, 417.45 | 18, 098,560 | 94, 990, 087 | 186, 306, 330.45 |
| 282, 039, 533.67 | 23, 008, 207 | 88,765, 340 | 193, 274, 193.67 |
| 290, 702, 629.70 | 29, 154,288 | 97, 984, 683 | 192, 717, 946. 70 |
| 302, 544, 605.45 | 32, 858, 1.58 | 99, 684,773 | 202, 859, 332. 45 |
| 302, 661, 278.68 | 39, 974, 838 | 90, 780,753 | 211, 380, 525.68 |
| 305, 342, 187.07 | 31, 010,394 | 96, 734, 057 | 208, 608, 130.07 |
| 307. 809, 155. 27 | 20, 668,210 | 104, 853, 971 | 202, 955, 184. 27 |
| 309, 567, 826.88 | 26, 962, 1.68 | 96, 697, 913 | 212, 869, 913.88 |
| 310, 772, 202.63 | 29, 651, 464 | 91,953,949 | 218, 818, 253.63 |
| 312, 801, 287.15 | 20, 853,500 | 99, 561, 293 | 213, 239, 994. 15 |
| 309, 882, 858.81 | 33, 574, 110 | 109, 581, 730 | 200, 301, 128.81 |
| 313, 753, 616.89 | 22,135,780 | 119,887, 370 | 193, 866, 246.89 |
| 326, 551, 392.34 | 30, 234, 688 | 131, 959, 112 | 194, 592, 280.34 |
| 331, 133, 430.44 | 36, 591, 356 | 124, 750, 394 | 206, 383, 036. 44 |
| 332, 551, 305.52 | 25, 516, 410 | 134, 838, 190 | 197, 713, 115.52 |
| 331, 688, 233.11 | 26, 163, 492 | 140, 613, 658 | 191, 074, 575.11 |
| 328, 603, 361. 29 | 37,441, 932 | 129, 264, 228 | 199, 339, 133. 29 |
| 321, 773, 666. 56 | 36, 127, 702 | 120, 888,448 | 203, 885, 218. 56 |
| 325, 641, 856.12 | 25, 043, 518 | 130, 986, 592 | 194, 655, 264.12 |
| 326, 456, 697.81 | 24, 802, 813 | 130, 210, 717 | 196, 245, 980.81 |
| 326, 700, 938.96 | 26, 586,125 | 128, 826, 517 | 197, 874, 421.96 |
| 328, 203, 900.80 | 20,783,433 | 136,614, 789 | 191, 589, 111. 80 |
| 321, 297, 376. 96 | 27, 350, 140 | 129, 044, 662 | 192, 252,714.96 |
| 303, 504, 319. 58 | 37, 235, 793 | 116, 792, 759 | 186, 711, 560.58 |
| 300, 759, 572. 98 | 34, 669, 943. | 118, 541, 409 | 182, 218, 163. 98 |
| 304, 048, 189. 30 | 39, 557, 233 | 123, 393, 519 | 180, 654, 670. 30 |
| 305, 871. 772.02 | 42, 073, 803 | 116, 675, 349 | 189, 196,423.02 |
| 308, 509, 615. 21 | 34, 925, 823 | 120, 937, 229 | 187, 572, 386.21 |
| 310, 979, 791. 06 | 30, 668, 090 | 123, 483, 119 | 187, 496, 672. 06 |
| 313, 818, 341.47 | 31,316, 100 | 122,985, 889 | 190, 833, 052. 47 |
| 316, 043, 454. 19 | 20, 452, 870 | 138, 657, 169 | 177, 386, 285.19 |
| 318, 593, 752. 14 | 28,222,835 | 130, 604, 804 | 187, 988, 848.14 |
| 320, 225, 794.87 | 24,614, 210 | 134, 938, 079 | 185, 287, 715. 87 |
| 320, 878, 411.60 | 24, 142, 200 | 134, 642, 839 | 186, 235, 572. 60 |
| 321, 333, 253.10 | 27, 473,120 | 130,788, 399 | 190, 544, 854.10 |
| 321, 612, 423.49 | 26,162,960 | 131, 380, 019 | 190, 232, 404.49 |
| 316, 536, 823.28 | 27, 577, 120 | 132,444, 749 | 184, 092, 074.28 |
| 310, 220, 120.43 | 33, 005, 730 | 124, 382, 539 | 185, 837, 581. 43 |
| 306, 086, 471.18 | 16, 058,780 | 158,104, 739 | 147, 981, 732.18 |
| 294, 489, 603. 03 | 36,482, 690 | 138, 173, 979 | 156, 315, 624.43 |
| 293, 755, 879.85 | 43,755,570 | 131, 316, 499. | 162, 439, 380.85 |
| 293, 020, 214. 20 | 31, 384, 690 | 144, 047, 279 | 148, 972, 935. 20 |
| 297, 567, 546. 04 | 19,892,050 | 155, 839,449 | 141, 728, 097.04 |
| 296, 831, 953.14 | 25,155,770 | 147, 119, 1.29 | 149, 712, 824.14 |
| 292, 435, 218. 50 | 24, 050,460 | 144, 317, 069 | 148, 118, 149.50 |
| 280, 633, 039.99 | 27, 309, 200 | 138,890, 799 | 141, 742, 240.99 |
| 255, 331, 502. 93 | 36,777, 810 | 122, 124, 339 | 133, 207, 163. 93 |
| 238, 518, 121. 59 | 31, 606,030 | 120, 850, 399 | 117, 667, 722.59 |
| 236,828, 413.24 | 34, 004, 820 | 115,715,389 | 121, 113, 024.24 |
| 240, 744, 487.66 | 37, 721, 280 | 108, 273, 079 | 132, 471, 408. 66 |
| 244, 974, 790. 94 | 28, 332,490 | 112,451, 509 | -132, 523, 221.94 |

No. 46.-Standard.Silyer Dollars Coined, in the 'Treasury, and in Circulation, and Silver Bullion in the Treasury, at the end of each Month, from March, 1878.


No. 46.--Standard Silver Dollars Coined, in the Treasury, and in Circulation, and Silver Bullion in the Treasury, etc.-Continued.

| Month. | Dollars coined. | Bullion in Treasury. | Dellars in Treasury. | Dollars in circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January | \$191, 947, 194 | \$4, 613, 582.23 | \$150, 632, 154 | \$41, 315,040 |
| February | 194, 247, 194 | 3, 991, 129.93 | 153, 561, 007 | 40, 686, 187 |
| March | 196, 697, 394 | 3,887, 493. 52 | 156, 698, 482 | 39, 998, 912 |
| April | 199, 1.07, 394 | 4, 042, 186.86 | 159, 441, 034 | 39, 666, 360 |
| May | 201, 509, 231 | 4, 098, 143.86 | 162, 244, 855 | 39, 264,376 |
| June | 203, 884, 381 | 4, 038, 885.52 | 165, 473, 112 | 38, 471, 269 |
| July | 205, 784, 381 | 3, 944, 837.32 | 166, 499, 948 | 39, 284, 433 |
| August | 208, 259, 381 | 3,766, 196. 12 | 166, 854, 215 | 41, 405, 166 |
| Septembe | 210, 759,431 | 3, 916, 122. 84 | 165, 483, 721 | 45, 275, 710 |
| October | 213, 259,431 | $3,840,536.45$ | 163, 817, 342 | 49, 44, 089 |
| Novemb | 215, 759, 431 | - 3, 583, 956. 42 | 165, 568, 018 | 50, 191, 413 |
| 1886-Jecember | 218, 259,761 | $3,797,040.84$ 8 | 165, 718, 190 | 52, 541, 571 |
| 1886-January | 220, 553,761 | 3,658, 783.44 | 169,082, 385 | 51, 470, 376 |
| February | 223, 145, 761 | 2,612, 968.08 | $171,805,906$ $174,700,985$ | $51,339,855$ $51,258,776$ |
| March | 225, 959, 761 | 2,271, 104. 42 | 174, 700, 985 | ${ }_{52}^{51,258,776}$ |
| May | -228,434, ${ }^{3121}$ | 1,947, 761.61 | $175,928,502$ $178,252,045$ | 52, 908, 076 |
| June. | 233, 723, 286 | 3, 092, 198.45 | 181, 253, 566 | 52. 469, 720 |
| July | 235, 643,286 | 3,786, 069.56 | 181, 523, 924 | 54, 119, 362 |
| August | 238, 573, 286 | 3, 268, 940. 39 | 181, 769,457 | 56, 803, 829 |
| September | 241, 281, 286 | 3, 758, 393.89 | 181, 262,593 | 60, 018, 693 |
| October | 244, 779,386 | 3, 807, 948. 52 | 182, 931, 231 | $61,148,155$ |
| November | 246, 903, 386 | 4, 091, 383.17 | 184, 911, 938 | 61, 991, 448 |
| December | 249, 623, 647 | 4; 739, 376.81 | 188, 506, 238 | 61, 117, 409 |
| 1887-January | 252, 503, 647 | 4, 877, 039.10 | 193, 963, 783 | 58, 539, 864 |
| February | 255, 453, 647 | 4, 700, 182.85 | 198, 112, 760 | 57, 340, 887 |
| March | 258, 474, 027 | 8, 639, 452.28 | 201, 672, 372 | 56, 801, 655 |
| April | 261, 524,027 | 10, 134, 361.35 | 205, 788, 822 | 55, 735, 205 |
| May | 264, 474, 027 | 9, 869,628.81 | 209, 052, 567 | 55, 421, 460 |
| June. | 266, 990, 117 | 10, 917, 435.11 | 211, 483, 970 | 55, 506, 147 |
| July | 267, 440, 117 | 12, 278, 673.62 | 211, 528, 891 | 55, 911, 226 |
| August | 270, 250, 117 | 12, 177, 624.16 | 213, 212, 448 | 57, 037, 669 |
| Septembe | 273, 390, 157 | 12, 005, 908. 64 | 213,043, 796 | 60, 346, 361 |
| October | 276, 816, 157 | 11, 683, 032.19 | 214, 175, 532 | 62, 640, 625 |
| Novemb | 280, 144, 157 | 10, 831, 655. 13 | 215, 882,443 | 64, 261, 714 |
| December | 283, 140,357 | 9, 961, 866. 20 | 218, 917, 539 | 64, 222, 818 |
| 1888-January | 285, 845, 357 | 10, 219,545. 63 | 223, 918, 380 | 61,926,977 |
| February | 288,545,357 | 10, 305, 153. 19 | 227, 947,493 | 60, 597, 864 |
| March | 291, 355, 789 | 10,024, 975. 91 | 232, 037, 274 | 59, 318, 515 |
| April | 294, 039,790 | 9, 937, 442. 27 | 236; 156, 394 | 57, 883, 396 |
| May | 297, 037, 790 | 9, 357, 040.95 | 240, 587, 970 | 56, 449, 820 |
| June | 299, 424, 790 | 10, 619, 754. 36 | 243, 879, 487 | 55, 545, 303 |
| July | 300, 708, 790 | 11, 066, 053. 97 | 245, 798, 765 | 54, 910, 025 |
| August | 303, 320, 790 | 10, 973, 203. 90 | 247, 859, 402 | 55, 461, 388 |
| Septemb | 306,542, 890 | 10, 645, 833. 44 | 248,791, 534 | 57, 751, 356 |
| October | 309, 670,890 | 10, 559, 113. 55 | 249, 979, 440 | 59, 691,450 |
| November | 312, 450, 890 | 10.734, 583.13 | 251, 975, 505 | 60, 475, 385 |
| December | 315, 186, 190 | 10, 865, 236. 77 | 254, 406, 869 | $60,779,321$ |
| 1889-January | 318, 186, 190 | 10, 606, 676, 96 | 259, 811, 329 | 58, 374, 861 |
| - February | 320, 946, 490 | 10, 762, 957. 91 | 263, 514, 586 | 57, 431, 904 |
| March | 323, 776, 515 | 10, 801, 669.00 | 267, 286, 176 | 56,490,339 |
| April | 326, 974, 515 | 10, 755, 081. 93 | 271, 326, 743 | 55, 647, 772 |
| May | 330, 188, 540 | 10, 291, 861.17 | 275, 484, 223 | 54, 704, 317 |
| June. | 333, 422,650 | 10,603, 691. 50 | 279, 084, 683 | 54, 337, 967 |
| July | 334, 602, 650 | 11, 860, 282. 95 | 280, 382, 395 | 54, 220, 255 |
| August | 337, 502, 650 | 11, 343, 139.90 | 282, 583, 864 | 54, 918,786 |
| September | 340, 357, 650 | 11, 286, 828.49 | 282, 983, 550 | 57, 374, 100 |
| October. | 343, 428, 001 | 10, 918, 171. 31 | 283, 539, 521 | $59,888,480$ |
| November | 346, 798, 001 | 10, 322, 869. 50 | 286, 101, 364 | 60, 696, 637 |
| December | 349, 802, 001 | 10, 729, 078.00 | 288, 535, 500 | 61,266,501 |
| 1890-January | 352, 536, 001 | 11, 557, 759.93 | 293, 229, 364 | 59, 306,637 |
| February | 355, 948, 001 | 11, 156, 951. 75 | 297, 575, 621 | 58,372,380 |
| March | 359, 884, 266 | 10,709, 438. 87 | 302, 336,610 | 57, 847, 656 |
| April | 363, 424, 266 | 9, 432, 626. 74 | 306, 429, 289 | 56, 994, 977 |
| May | 366, 336, 266 | $8,955,254.40$ | 309, 988, 092 | 56, 348, 174 |
| June. | 369, 402, 466 | 10,649, 449.76 | 313, 259, 910 | 56, 142, 556 |
| July | 371, 726, 266 | 11, 658, 804. 91 | 314, 744, 998 | 56,981, 268 |
| - August. | 374, 578, 266 | 12, 832, 691. 58 | 316, 711,592 | 58, 506, 674 |
| September | 377,628, 266 | 14, 485, 013.51 | 315, 495, 812 | 62, 132, 454 |
| October | 380, 988, 466 | 16, 995, 314. 65 | 315, 278, 902 | 65,709, 564 |
| Noremb | 384, 431, 839 | 18, 796, 045. 98 | 317, 183, 482 | 67, 248,357 |
| December | 387, 981, 005 | 20, 299, 953. 71 | 320, 433, 982 | 67, 547, 023 |
| 1891-January | 391, 566, 005 | 21, 277, 978.68 | 326, 747, 056 | 64, 818, 949 |
| February | 394, 601, 005 | 22, $671,531.87$ | 331, 040,452 | 63, 560,553 |
| March | 397, 605, 327 | 25, 870, 383. 36 | 334, 684, 317 | 62,921,010 |
| April | 400, 281, 327 | 27, 600, 433. 87 | 338,588, 509 | 61, 692, 818 |
| May | 402, 873, 158 | 29, 172, 110. 53 | 343, 004, 448 | 59, 868,710 |
| Jume | 405, 659, 268 | 31, 729, 051.65 | 347, 976, 227 | 57, 683, 041 |
| July | 406, 635,268 | 36, 583, 123.96 | 348, 471,389 | 58, 163, 879 |
| August | 407, 815, 268 | 40, 146, 730.05 | 349, 356,571 | 58, 558,697 |
| Septembe | 408,535, 368 | 43, 973, 513.48 | 348, 341, 193 | 60, 194, 175 |

No. 4\%.-Standard Silver Dollars in the Treasury avallable for the issue of Silver Certificates, and Silver Certificatrs in the Treasury and in Circulation, at the end of each Month, from March, 1878.

| Month. | Dollars in Treasury. | Certificates in Treasury. | Certificates in circulation. | Net dollars in Treasury. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-March | \$810,561 |  |  | \$810, 561 |
| April | 3,169,681 |  | \$63,000 | 3,106,681 |
| May | 5,950,451 | \$314, 710 | 27,330 | 5, 923, 121 |
|  | 7,718, 357 | 1, 455,520 | 7,080 | 7, 711, 277 |
| July. | 9, 550, 236 | 2, 647,940 | -959,690 | 8, 590, 546 |
| August. <br> September | $\begin{aligned} & 11,292,849 \\ & 12,155,205 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,424,600 \\ & 1316.470 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 709, 280 | 9, ${ }^{9} 1,483,569$ |
| October. | 13,397, 571 | 2, 639,560 | 68, 790 | 13,328,781 |
| November | 14, 843, 219 | 1,907,460 | 366, 060 | 14,477, 159 |
| December | 16, 704, 829 | 2, 082,770 | 413, 360 | 16, 291, 469 |
| 1879-JJanuary | 17, 874, 457 | 2, 170, 840 | 400, 340 | 17, 474, 117 |
| Felbruary | 19, 505, 767 | 1,976,320 | 331, 860 | 19,173, 907 |
| March | 21, 558, 894 | 2, 074,830 | 251, 700 | 21, 307, 194 |
| April | 23, 694, 563 | 1,779,340 | 197, 680 | 23,496, 883 |
| May: | 26,181, 045 | 1,922, 820 | 444, 140 | 25,736, 905 |
|  | 28, 147, 351 | 2,052, 470 | 414,480 | 27,732, 871 |
| July | 29,151, 801 | 2, 014,680 | 771, 170 | 28, 380, 631 |
| August | 30, 678,464 | 1,976,960 | 1,304,890 | 29, 373,574 |
| September | 31, 559, 870 | 3, 045, 130 | 1, 176, 720 | 30, 383, 150 |
| October | 32, 322, 634 | 4, 531, 479 | 1,604,371 | 30, 718,263 |
| November | 32, 839, 207 | 5, 173, 188 | 1,894, 722 | 30, 944, 485 |
| 1880 - December | 34, ${ }^{3661}$, 611 | 6,888, <br> 5 <br> 5 | 3, 3 389,454 | - $39,343,872,157$ |
| February | 36,972, 093 | 4,797, 314 | 4,572, 606 | 32, 399,487 |
| March | 38,780, 342 | 5, 611,914 | $6,017,006$ | 32, 763, 336 |
| April | 40,411, 673 | 5, 428, 354 | 6, 615, 366 | 33, 796, 307 |
| May | 42,778, 190 | 6, 322, 731 | 6, 051, 539 | 36,726,651 |
| June. | 44,425, 315 | 6,584,701 | 5,789, 569 | 38,635, 746 |
| July | 46, 192, 791 | 5, 758, 331 | 6, 930, 959 | 39, 261, 832 |
| August | 47, 495, 063 | 5, 518, 821 | 7, 619, 219 | 39, 875, 844 |
| Septembe | 47, 654, 675 | 6,318,769 | 12, 203, 191 | 35, 451, 484 |
| October. | 47, 084, 459 | 7, 333, 719 | 19,780, 241 | 27, 304, 218 |
| November | 47, 397, 453 | 8,572, 294 | 26, 504, 986 | 20, 892,467 |
| December | 48,190, 518 | 9,454, 419 | 36, 127, 711 | 12, 062, 807 |
| 1881-January | 50, 235, 102 | 9,985, 583 | 36, 814, 637 | 13,420,465 |
| February | 52, 939,460 | 10, 856, 463 | 37, 027,797 | 15,911,663 |
| March | 55, 176, 158 | 10,733, 085 | 39, 445, 815 | 15, 730, 343 |
| April | 58, 044, 826 | 11,522, 208 | 39, 157, 932 | 18, 886, 894 |
| May . | 60, 518, 273 | 11, 988, 710 | 38,784, 540 | 21, 733, 733 |
| June. | 62,544,722 | 12, 055, 801 | 39, 110, 729 | 23,433, 993 |
| July. | 64, 246, 302 | 11, 181, 088 | 40, 802, 892 | 23,443,410 |
| August | 65, 948, 344 | 11, 516, 432 | 46,061, 878 | 19,886, 466 |
| Septeniber | 66, 092, 667 | 11, 559,730 | 52, 590, 180 | 13, 502, 487 |
| October. | 66, 576,378 | 7, 488, 900 | 58, 838,770 | 7, 737, 608 |
| November | 68,017,452 | 7,089, 880 | 59, 573, 950 | 8, 443,502 |
| December. | 69, 589, 937 | 6, 359,910 | 62, 315, 320 | 7, 274, 617 |
| 1882-January . | 72, 421,584 | 7,462,130 | 61, 537, 540 | 10, 884, 044 |
| February | 75, 138,957 | $8,549,470$ | 60, 125, 010 | 15, 013,947 |
| March | 78, 178, 583 | 8,931, 930 | 50, 423, 440 | 18,755,143 |
| April | 81, 595,056 | -8,872,790 | 58, 908, 570 | 22,686, 486 |
| May. | 84, 606,043 | -10, 509, 160 | 57, 227, 060 | 27, 378, 983 . |
| June. | 87, 153, 816 | 11,590, 620 | 54, 506, 090 | 32,647, 726 |
| July | 88, 840, 899 | 12, 361, 490 | 54, 757, 720 | 34,083, 179 |
| August | 91, 166, 249 | 11, 700, 330 | 57, 739, 880 | 33,426, 369 |
| September | 92, 228,649 | 8, 364,430 | 63, 204, 780 | 29, 023, 869 |
| October | 92, 414, 977 | 7, 987. 260 | 65, 620, 450 | 26,794, 527 |
| November | 92, 940, 582 | 5, 752, 970 | 67, 342, 690 | 25, 597, 892 |
| Decomber | 94, 016, 842 | 4, 405, 000 | 68, 443, 660 | 25, 573, 182 |
| 1883-January | 97, 530,969 | 4,306,650 | 68, 438, 820 | 29, 092, 149 |
| February | - 100, 261, 444 | 5, 268, 550 | 68, 027, 420 | 32, 234, 024 |
| March | 103, 482, 305 | 6,865, 340 | 70, 759, 991 | 32,722,314 |
| April | 106, 366,348 | 8,887, 260 | 71, 884, 071 | 34, 482, 277 |
| May | 108, 898, 977 | 8,305,940 | .71, 727, 391 | 37, 171,586 |
| June. | 111, 914, 019 | 15, 996, 145 | 72, 620, 686 | 39, 293, 333 |
| July | 113, 057, 052 | 15,542,730 | 73,728, 681 | 39, 328, 371 |
| August | 114, 320, 197 | 17,276, 820 | 75,375, 161 | 38,945,036 |
| September | 114, 587, 372 | -15, 568,280 | 78, 921,961 | 35, 665,411 |
| October | 116, 036, 450 | 14,244, 760 | 85,334, 381 | 30, 702, 069 |
| Novemb | 117, 768, 966 | 13,806,610 | 87,976,201 | 29,792,765 |
| December | 119, 449, 385 | 13, 180, 890 | 96, 717, 721 | 22,731,664 |
| 1884-January | 123, 474, 748 | 13,179, 020 | 96,958, 031 | 26,516,717 |
| February | 126, 822, 399 | 13, 890, 100 | 96, 247, 721 | 30,574, 678 |
| March | 129, 006, 101 | 20,488,585 | 95,919,576 | 33, 086,525 |
| April | 130, 314, 065 | 20, 876, 250 | 95, 497, 981 | 34, $81.6,084$ |
| May | 132, 626, 753 | 19,936, 620 | -97, 363,471 | 35; 2633,282 |
| June | 135,560, 916 | 23, 384, 680 | 96, 427, 011 | 39, 133, 905 |
| July | 137, 692,119 | 25, 265, 980 | 95, 138, 361 | 42, 553,758 |
| August | 140, 615, 722 | 26, 903, 230 | 94, 228, 691 | 46, 387, 031 |
| Septembe | 142, 058,787 | 26,769,470 | 96,491, 251 | 45, 567, 536 |
| October | 142, 926, 725 | 30, 814, 970 | 100, 741,561 | 42,185, 164 |
| November | 144, 745,075 | 28, 951, 590 | 104, 988, 531 | 39, 756, 544 |

No. 47.-Standard Silver Dollars in the Treasury available for the issue of Silver Certificates, etc.-Continued.


No. 18.-Legal-Tender Notes in the Triasury, and Currency Certificates in the Treasury and in Circulation, at the end of each Month from March, 1878.

| Month. | Notes in Treasury. | Certificates in Treasury. | Certificatesin circulation. | Net notes in Treasury. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-March | \$47, 327, 341.75 | \$2, 810,000 | \$22,585, 000 | \$24, 742, 341. 75 |
| April | 49.521, 372.12 | 920,000 | $27,835,000$ | 21, 686, 372. 12 |
| May | 56, 695, 892. 66 | 235,000 | 36, 955, 000 | 19,740, 892. 66 |
|  | 62, 020, 120.73 | 570,000 | 46, 245, 000 | 15,775, 120.73 |
| July | 67, 105, 859. 19 | 460, 000 | 51, 120, 000 | 15, 985 ¢, 859.19 |
| August | 68, 348, 254.36 | 1,460, 000 | 47, 815, 000 | 20, 533, 254. 36 |
| Septemb | 63, 049, 339. 67 | 1,345, 000 | 39, 545, 000 | 23, 504, 339. 67 |
| October | 64, 175, 605.84 | 180, 000 | 35, 660,000 | 28,515, 605.84 |
| Novembe | 53, 655, 404. 16 | 2, 120,000 | 35, 070,000 | 28,585, 404. 16 |
| December | 59, 582, 505. 38 | 1,510,000 | 33, 190, 000 | 26, 392, 505. 38 |
| 1879-January | 62, 463, 706. 94 | 755, 000 | $40,445,000$ | 22,018,706.94 |
| February | $72,650,231.65$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,425,000 \\ & , ~ 580 \end{aligned}$ | $36,675,000$ | $35,975,231.65$ |
| March April. | $67,370.677 .54$ $61,998,485.16$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 5 8 0 , 0 0 0} \\ & \mathbf{1}, 140,000 \end{aligned}$ | $25,145,000$ $30,905,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42,225,677.54 \\ & 31,093,485.16 \end{aligned}$ |
| May | 69, 142, 335. 67 | 1,155,000 | 25, 880, 000 | 43, 262, 335.67 |
| June | 66, 015, 969. 62 | 1, 450,000 | 29, 355, 000 | 36, 660, 969.62 |
| July | 63, 791, 465. 73 | 590,000 | 40, 250, 000 | 23, 541,465. 73 |
| August | 70, 597, 606. 37 | 960, 000 | 34, 375, 000 | 36, 222, 606. 37 |
| Septembe | 48, 173, 254. 41 | 1, 975, 000 | 29, 240, 000 | 18,933, 254.41 |
| October | 37, 522, 567. 20 | 2, 315, 000 | $20,195,000$ | 17, 327, 567. 20 |
| November | 29, 973, 454. 09 | 685,000 | 13, 585, 000 | 16, 388, 454. 09 |
| December | 22, 660, 493.88 | 425, 000 | 10,090, 000 | 12, $570,493.88$ |
| 1880-January | 24, 299, 562. 45 | 215, 000 | 12, 685, 000 | 11,614, 562. 45 |
| February | 26, 149, 093. 12 | 670,000 | 11, 095,000 | 15,054, 093.12 |
| March | 24, 080, 080.79 | 175, 000 | 8,320,000 | 15, 760, 080. 79 |
| April | 26, 474, 279.79 | 175, 000 | 8,985, 000 | 17, 489, 279.79 |
| May | 30, 833, 019.97 | 600,000 | 12, 650, 000 | 18, 183, 019.97 |
| June | 33, 020, 559. 11 | 360,000 | 14, 235, 000 | 18,785, 559.11 |
| July | 34, 099, 123.52 | 590, 000 | 15,075,000 | 19,024, 1.23. 52 |
| August | 31, 649, 849. 33 | 105, 000 | 11, 205, 000 | 20,444, 849.33 |
| Septembe | 27,148, 612. 89 | 90, 000 | $9,885,000$ | 17, 263,612. 89 |
| October | 22, 418, 992. 71 | 150, 000 | 8,625, 000 | 13,793, 992.71 |
| Novembe | 19, 574, 937. 36 | 75, 000 | $8,450,000$ | 11, 124, 937. 36 |
| Decembe | 15, 741, 818.06 | 25,000 | 6,980, 000 | 8, 761, 818.06 |
| 1881-Jamuary | 19, 181, 616.35 |  | $8,630,000$ | 10,551, 616. 35 |
| February | 22, 206, 600. 52 | 325; 000 | 7, 640,000 | 14, 566, 600.52 |
| March | 21, 338, 197. 63 | 240,000 | 6,565,000 | 14,773, 197.63 |
| April | 22, 927, 086. 33 | 40,000 | 8, 255, 000 | 14,67.2, 086. 33 |
| May. | 26, 922, 304. 87 |  | 10, 860, 000 | 16, 062, 304. 87 |
| June. | 30, 204, 092. 45 | 275, 000 | 11, 650, 000 | 18, 554, 09.45 |
| July | 29, 624, 909.88 | 215,000 | 10, 525, 000 | 19,099, 909. 88 |
| August... | 29,320, 869. 01 | 175,000 | 9, 450, 000 | 19,870, 869. 01 |
| September | 27, 130, 132. 07 | 210, 000 | $8,205,000$ | 19,025, 132.07 |
| October.. | 26, 281, 768. 66 |  | $8,275,000$ | $18,006,768.66$ $17.411,078.19$ |
| Novembe | 25,922, 799.99 | 50,000 | ${ }_{9}^{8,540,000}$ | 16,452,799.99 |
| 1882-January | 28,714, 394.46 | 70,000 | 11, 330, 000 | 17,381, 394.46 |
| February | 29,701, 850. 17 | 105, 000 | 11, 445, 000 | 18, 256, 850.17 |
| March | 28, 371, 415. 21 | 215, 000 | 10,925, 000 | 17,446,415. 21 |
| April | 28, 627, 824. 31 | 125, 000 | 10, 999,000 | 17, $937,824.31$ |
| May | 31, 938, 690. 18 | 265, 000 | 12, 065,000 | 19,873, 690.18 |
| June | 34, 670, 589. 08 | 75, 000 | 13, 245, 000 | 21, 425,589.08 |
| July ... | 34, 969, 589. 86 | 510,000 | 12, 220, 000 | 22,749, 589, 86 |
| August. | 35, 883, 940. 65 | 185, 000 | 11, 815, 000 | 24, 068, 940.65 |
| Septembe | 31, 948, 158.41 | 130,000 | $10.510,000$ | 21, 408, 158.41 |
| October.. November | 29, 689, 196.17 | 110,000 | 9,835,000 | 19, 854, 196. 17 |
| November | 30, 591, 392.21 | 10,000 | 9, 835, 000 | 20, 756, 392.21 |
| 1883-January ${ }^{\text {Decmber }}$ | 28, 454, 394.86 | 10,000 | 9, 575, 000 | 18, 879, 394. 86 |
| 1883-January. | 33, 592, 236. 55 | 60, 000 | 12, 430, 000 | 21, 162, 236.55 |
| February | 32, 744, 817. 28 | 210, 000 | 11, 130,000 | 21, $614,817.28$ |
| March . | 29,878,561.26 | 250,000 | $9,465,000$ $10,050,000$ | 20,919,623. 27 |
| May | 33, 471, 824.57 | 15,000 | 11, 790, 000 | 21,681, 824.57 |
| June | 36, 498, 839. 42 | 315,000 | 13,060,000 | 23, 438, 839.42 |
| July | 37, 632, 646. 03 | 25, 000 | 12, 885, 000 | 24, $747,64.6 .03$ |
| Angust | 37,791, 765.88 | 90,000 | 12, 055, 000 |  |
| Septembe | 37, 194, 420. 01 | 75,000 | 11, 870, 000 | ${ }^{25} 5324,420.01$ |
| October. | 37,113, 037. 33 | 75, 000 | 12, 545, 000 | 24, 568, 037.33 |
| Novembe | 39,874, 644. 35 | 100, 000 | 14, 365,000 | 25, 509, 644. 35 |
| 1884-Jecember | 39, 644, 248. 72 | 80,000 | 14, 480, 000 | 25, 164, 248.72 |
| 1884-January | 42, 156, 188.89 | 45, 000 | 16,835, 000 | 25, $321,188.89$ |
| February | 45, 808, 632.26 | 90,000 | 18,125, 000 | 27,683, 332.26 |
| March | 45, $904,652.22$ | 520,000 105,000 | 14, $14.955,000$ | 30, $345,833.28$ |
| May | 38,731, 840.75 | 20,000 | 11, 030, 000 | 27,701, 840. 75 |
| June | 40, 183, 801.75 | 195, 000 | 12, 190, 000 | 27, 993, 801. 75 |
| July | 42, 727, 989. 53 | 65,000 | 13, 165, 000 | 29, 562, 989. 53 |
| August | 40, 843, 5533.52 | 150,000 | 14, 2770,000 | 26, 573, 553.52 |
| Seprembe | 36,524, 872. 86 | 1515,060 85,000 | $15,630,000$ 17 | 20, $894,872.86$ |
| Noven | 32, 200, 883.43 | 120,000 | 22, 575,000 | 9, 625, 683. 43 |
|  | 36, 499, 575. 42 | 160,000 | 24,760, 000 | 11,739,575.42 |

No. 48.-Legal-Tender Notes in the Treasury, and Currency Certificates in the Treasury and in Circulation, etc.-Continued.


No. 49.-Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion in the Treasury at the bnd of each Monti from June, 1878.


## No.49.-Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion in the Treasury at the end of each Month from June, 1878 -Continued.

|  | Month. | Gold coin and bullion. | Silver dollars and bullion. | Fractional silver coin. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January | . | \$237, 167, 976 | \$155, 245, 736 | \$29, 901, 105 | \$ $\mathbf{4} 422,314,817$ |
| Tebruary |  | 240, 029, 843 | 157, 552, 137 | 30, 244, 836 | 427, 826,816 |
| March |  | 241, 440, 796 | 160, 585, 976 | 30,682, 326 | 432, 659, 098 |
| April |  | $243,162,195$ | 163, 483, 221 | 30, 944, 049 | 437, 589, 465 |
| May |  | 244, 363, 544 | 166,342, 999 | 31, 694, 365 | 442, 400, 908 |
| June. |  | 247, 028, 625 | 169, 451, 998 | 31, 236, 899 | 447, 717,522 |
| July |  | 24.9,367, 595 | 170, 444, 785 | $25,355,020$ | 445, 167, 400 |
| August |  | 250, 257, 418 | 170,620, 411 | 24, 724, 287 | 445, 002, 116 |
| September |  | 251, 251, 115 | 169,399, 844 | 23, 641., 894 | $444,292,853$ |
| October. |  | 251, 359, 349 | 167,657, 878 | 22, 965, 536 | 441, 982, 763 |
| November |  | 25], 945, 578 | 169, 151, 974 | 27, 920, 309 | 449, 017, 861 |
| December. |  | 253, 351, 409 | 169, 515, 231 | 27, 796, 431 | 450, 663, 071 |
| 1886-banuary. |  | 251, 371, 562 | 172, 742, 168 | 29, 013, 994 | 453, 127, 724 |
| February |  | 249, 801, 088 | 174, 418, 874 | 28, 811, 038 | $453,031,000$ |
| March.. |  | 242, 155, 167 | 176, 972, 089 | 28, 822,638 | 447, 949, 894 |
| April. |  | 240, 580, 533 | 178,485, 024 | 28, 864, 483 | 447, 930, 040 |
| May |  | 236, 424, 784 | 180, 199, 807 | 28, 912, 277 | 445, 536, 818 |
| June |  | 232, 838, 124 | 184, 345, 764 | 28, 904, 682 | 446, 088, 570 |
| July |  | 233, 651, 522 | 185, 309, 994 | 28,584, 625 | 447, 546, 141 |
| August |  | 235, 430, 635 | 185, 038, 397 | 27, 956,992 | 448, 426, 024 |
| September |  | 242, 609, 018 | 185, 020, 987 | 26, 899, 745 | $454,529,750$ |
| October. |  | 246, 832, 148 | 186, 739. 180 | 26,300, 336 | 459, 871, 664 |
| November |  | 254, 450, 854 | 189, 003, 321 | 25, 808, 067 | 469, 262, 242 |
| December |  | $268,128,018$ | 193, 245, 615 | 25, 660, 935 | 487, 034, 568 |
| 1887-Japuary |  | $274,140,469$ | 198,840, 822 | 26, 323, 525 | 499, 304, 816 |
| February |  | 275, 088, 626 | 202, 812, 943 | 26, 482, 472 | 504, 384, 041 |
| March .. |  | $275,985,862$ | 210, 311, 824 | 26, 601, 614 | $512,899,300$ |
| April |  | 275, 336,916 | $215,923,183$ | 26, 891, 077 | 518, 151, 176 |
| May |  | 277, 628, 750 | 218, 922, 196 | 27, 064, 743 | 523,615, 689 |
| June. |  | 278, 101, 106 | 222, 401, 405 | 26,977, 494 | 527,480, 005 |
| July . |  | 281, 296, 417 | 223, 807, 565 | 26,691, 106 | 531, 795, 088 |
| Angust |  | 282, 039, 534 | 225, 390, 072 | 26, 148, 531 | $533,578,137$ |
| Septemb |  | 290, 702, 630 | 225, 049, 705 | 24, 984, 219 | 540, 736, 554 |
| October.. |  | 302, 544, 605 | 225, 858, 564 | 24, 468, 135 | 552, 871, 304 |
| Novemiber |  | 302, 661, 279 | 226,714, 098 | 24, 158, 004 | 553, 533, 381 |
| December |  | 305, 342, 187 | 228, 879, 405 | 24, 327, 529 | 558, 549, 121 |
| 1888-January |  | 307, 809, 155 | 234, 137, 926 | 25, 019, 973 | 566, 967, 054 |
| February |  | 309, 567, 827 | 238,252, 640 | 25, 355, 432 | 573, 175, 905 |
| March... |  | 310,772, 203 | 242,062, 250 | 25,566,280 | $578,400,733$ |
| April |  | 312, 801, 287 | 246, 093, 836 | 25, 750, 228 | 584, 645, 351 |
| May. |  | 309, 882, 859 | 249, 945, 011 | 25, 878, 872 | 585, 706, 742 |
| June. |  | 313, 753, 617 | 254,499, 241 | 26, 051,741 | 594, 304, 599 |
| July. |  | 326, 551, 392 | 256, 864, 819 | 26, 034, 462 | $609,450,673$ |
| August |  | 381, 133, 430 | 258, 832, 606 | 25, 746, 759 | 615, 712, 795 |
| September |  | 332, 551, 306 | $259,437,367$ | 24,738, 696 | 616, 727, 369 |
| October. |  | 331, 688,233 | 260, 538,554 | 24, 088, 769 | 616, 315, 5 56 |
| November |  | 328, 603, 361 | 262,710, 088 | 23, 801, 676 | $615,115,125$ |
| December |  | 324, 773, 667 | 265, 272, 106 | 23, 655, 458 | 613,701, 231 |
| 1889-January |  | 325, 641, 856 | 270, 418, 006 | 24, 449, 597 | 620, 509, 45b |
| February |  | 326, 456, 698 | 274, 277, 544 | 24, 715, 021. | $625,449,263$ |
| March .. |  | 326, 700, 939 | 278, 087, 845 | 24, 921, 004 | 629,709,788 |
| April |  | 328, 203, 901 | 282, 081, 825 | 24, 975, 567 | 635,261, 293 |
| May |  | 321, 297, 377 | 285, 776, 084 | 25, 125, 295 | 632, 198, 756 |
| June |  | 303, 504, 320 | 289, 688, 374 | 25, 129, 733 | 618,322, 427 |
| July |  | 300, 759, 573 | 292, 242, 678 | 25, 012, 877 | $618,015,128$ |
| August.... |  | 304, 048, 189 | 293, 927, 004 | 24, 766,455 | 622,741, 648 |
| September |  | 305, 871, 772 | 294, 270, 378 | 23, 864, 841 | 624, 006, 991 |
| - October.... |  | 308, 509, 615 | 294, 457, 692 | 22, 737, 900 | 625, 705, 207 |
| November |  | 310, 979, 791 | 296, 424, 234 | 22, 133, 430 | 629, 537, 455 |
| December |  | 313, 818, 941 | 299, 264, 578 | 21, 927, 928 | 635, 011, 447 |
| 1890-Jantary |  | 316, 043, 454 | 304, 787, 124 | 22, 506,504 | 643, 337, 082 |
| February |  | 318, 593, 752 | 308, 732,573 | 22, 758,530 | 650, 084, 855 |
| March |  | 320, 225, 795 | 312,746, 049 | 22, 814, 565 | $655,786,409$ |
| April |  | 320, 878, 412 | $315,861,916$ | 22, 989,474 | 659, 729, 802 |
| May. |  | 321, 333, 253 | 318, 943, 346 | 22, 902, 558 | $663,179,157$ |
| June |  | 321, 612, 423 | 323, 909, 360 | 22, 805, 226 | $668,327,009$ |
| July. |  | 316, 536, 823 | 326, 403, 803 | 22, 333, 891 | 665, 274, 517 |
| August. |  | 310, 220, 120 | 328,904, 284 | 21, 858, 259 | $660,982,663$ |
| September |  | 306, 086, 471 | 329, 980, 826 | 20, 563, 709 | 656, 631, 006 |
| October. |  | 294, 489, 603 | 332, 274, 217 | 19,551, 410 | 646, 315,230 |
| November |  | 293, 755, 880 | 335, 979, 528 | 19, 066, 586 | 648, 801, 994 |
| 1801 December |  | 293, 020, 214 | 340, 733, 936 | 18, 987,690 | 652, 741, 840 |
| 1891-January |  | 297, 567, 546 | 348, 025, 035 | 19,973, 211 | $665,565,792$ |
| February |  | 296, 831, 953 | 353, 711, 984 | 20, 352, 665 | $670,896,602$ |
| March. |  | 292, 435, 219 | 360, 554, 700 | 20, 486, 094 | 673,476, 013 |
| April |  | 280, 683, 040 | 366, 188, 943 | $20,568,406$ | 667, 390, 389 |
| May |  | 255, 331, 503 | 372, 176, 559 | 20, 063, 882 | 647, 571, 944 |
| June. |  | 238, 518, 122 | 379, 705, 279 | 19, 656, 695 | 637,880, 096 |
| July... |  | 236, 828, 413 | 385, 054, 513 | 19, 368, 142 | 641, 251, 068 |
| August. |  | 240, 744, 488 | $389,403,301$ | 18,440,722 | 648, 588, 511 |
| - September |  | 244, 974, 791 | 392, 314, 706 | 16, 846, 620 | 654, 136, 117 |

No. 50.-Paper Currency in the Treabury at the end of eace Month from June, 1878.

| Month. | Legal-tender notes. | Currency certificates. | Gold certificates. | Silver certificates. | Nationalbank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-June | \$72,020, 121 | \$570, 000 | \$19, 469, 320 | \$1, 455, 520 | \$12, 789, 923 , | \$106, 304, 884 |
| July | 77, 105, 859 | 460,000 | 18, 170,420 | 2, 647,940 | 14, 119,544 | 112, 503,763 |
| Augu | 78, 348, 254 | 1,460,000 | 20, 794, 220 | 4, 424, 600 | 11, 772, 829 | 116, 799, 903 |
| September | 73, 049, 340 | 1,345, 000 | 9,392,920 | 1, 316, 470 | 9, 260, 764 | 94, 364, 494 |
| October. | 74, 175, 606 | 180,000 | 9,901,520 | 2,639,560 | 6, 370, 449 | 93, 267, 135 |
| November | 73, 655, 404 | 2, 120,000 | $9,845,120$ | 1, 907,460 | 8,055, 844 | 95, 583, 828 |
| December | 69, 582, 505 | - 1,510,000 | 391, 420 | 2, 082, 770 | 8,469, 162 | 82, 035, 857 |
| 1879-January | 71, 024,531 | 755, 000 | 544, 020 | 2,170,840 C | 12,374, 371 | 86, 868, 762 |
| Febrasary | 81, 169,973 | 9, 425, 000 | 400, 220 | 1,976, 320 | 10,233, 225 | 103, 204, 738 |
| March | 75, 829, 669 | 2,580, 000 | 50,740 | 2,074,830 | 5, 542, 552 | 86, 077,791 |
| April | 70, 444, 823 | 1, 140, 000 | 62,140 | 1,779, 340 | 7,762, 196 | 81, 188,499 |
| May. | 77,550,442 | 1, 155,000 | 33, 580 | 1, 922, 820 | 14, 661,786 | 95, 323, 628 |
| June | 74, 391, 904 | 1, 450, 000 | 138,880 | 2,052, 470 | 8, 286, 701 | 86, 314, 955 |
| , July | 63, 791, 466 | 590, 000 | 43,800 | 2,014, 680 | 7, 188, 445 | 73, 628, 391 |
| Augu | 70,597, 606 | 960, 000 | 120, 000 | 1,976, 960 | 5, 138,655 | 78, 793, 221 |
| Septera | 48, 173, 254 | 1,975, 000 | 67, 700 | 3,045, 130 | 4, 321, 302 | 57, 582, 386 |
| Octobe | 37, 522, 567 | 2, 315, 000 | 213, 400 | 4,531,479 | 3,658, 168 | 48, 240.614 |
| Novembe | 29, 973, 454 | 685,000 | 183, 740 | 5,173, 188 | 3,208, 277 | 39, 223,659 |
| December | 22, 660, 494 | 425, 000 | 740, 960 | $4,888,658$ | 3, 242, 708 | 31, 957, 820 |
| 1880-January | 24, 299, 562 | 215, 000 | 61, 100 | 5, 063,456 | 6, 885, 966 | 36, 525,084 |
| - February | 26, 149, 093 | 670, 000 | 327, 300 | 4,797, 314 | 4, 242,984 | 36, 186,691 |
| Marcl | 24, 080, 081 | 175, 000 | 611; 500 | 5; 611,914 | 3, 606,364 | 34, 084, 859 |
| April | 26, 474, 280 | 175, 000 | 173,800 | 5, 428, 354 | 5, 588, 049 | 37, 839, 483 |
| May | 30, 833, 020 | 600, 000 | 39,800 | 6,322, 731 | 8,983, 508 | 46,779, 059. |
| June | 33, 020, 559 | 360, 000 | 40,700 | 6, 584, 701 | 7,090, 250 | 47, 096, 210 |
| July. | 34, 099, 124 | 590, 000 | 32, 600 | 5,758,331 | 7,237, 795 | 47, 717, 850 |
| Anga | 31, 649, 849 | 105, 000 | 36, 800 | 5, 518, 821 | 4,335,906 | 41, 646,376 |
| Septemb | -27, 148, 613 | 90,000 | 31,600 | 6,318, 769 | 3, 575, 440 | 37, 164,422 |
| October | 22, 418, 993 | 150, 000 | 6, 800 | 7,333, 719 | 4, 197, 224 | 34, 106, 736 |
| Novembe | 19, 574, 987 | 75,000 | 19, 120 | 8,572, 294 | 3, 702, 629 | 31, 943,980 |
| December | 15, 741, 818 | 25,000 | 130,500 | $\mathbf{9}, 454,419$ | 4, 242, 828 | 29,594,565 |
| 1881-January | 19, 181, 616 |  | -50,080 | $9,985,583$ | 6, 342, 410 | 35, 559, 689 |
| February | 22, 206, 601 | 325, 000 | 312, 080 | 10,856, 463 | 4, 144,895 | 37, 845, 039 |
| Match | 21, 338, 198 | 240, 000 | 142,900 | 10, 733, 085 | 4,321, 844 | 36, 776, 027 |
| April | 22, 927, 086 | 40,000 | 1,400 | 11, 522, 208 | 5, 988, 259 | 40, 478, 953 |
| May. | 26,922,305 |  | 36, 320 | 11, 988, 710 | 7, 784, 186 | 46, 731, 521 |
| June | 30, 204, 092 | 275, 000 | 23, 400 | 12, 055, 801 | 5, 296. 382 | 47, 854, 675 |
| July | 29, 624, 910 | 215, 000 | 1, 700 | 11, 181, 088 | 5, 532,708 | 46, 555, 406 |
| Augus | 29, 320, 869 | 175, 000 | 3,800 | 11, 516, 432 | 4, 273,541 | 45, 289, 642 |
| Septemb | 27, 130, 132 | 210, 000 | 9, 600 | 11, 559, 730 | 4,551,400 | 43, 460,862 |
| October | 26, 281, 769 | 35, 000 | 3,700 | 7,488, 900 | 4, 739, 547 | 38,548,916 |
| November | 26, 401, 078 | 55, 000 | 8,300 | 7, 089, 880 | 4, 556,305 | 38, 110, 563 |
| December | 25, 992, 800 | 50, 000 |  | 6, 359,910 | 5, 677,691 | 38, 080, 401 |
| 1882-January | 28, 714, 394 | 70,000 | 7+900 | 7, 462, 130 | 7,377,995 | 43, 632, 419 |
| Tebruary | 29, 701, 850 | 105,000 | 15,800 | 8,549, 470 | 5, 484, 211 | 43, 856, 331 |
| March | 28,371, 415 | 21.5, 000 |  | $8,931,930$ | 4, 516, 077 | 42, 034, 422 |
| Apr | 28, 627, 824 | 125,000 | 1,000 | 8, 872,790 | 6, 180, 209 | 43, 806, 823 |
| May | 31. 938, 690 | 265, 000 | 2,500 | 10, 509, 160 | 7,418, 245 | 50, 133, 595 |
| June | 34, 670, 889 | 75, 000 | 8, 100 | 11, 590, 620 | 6, 277, 247 | 52, 621, 556 |
| July | 34, 969,590 | 510,000 | 1,500 | 12, 361, 490 | 8,428, 411 | 56, 270, 991 |
| August | 35, 883, 941 | 185,000 |  | 11, 700, 330 | 7,287, 442 | 55, 056,713 |
| Septemb | 31,948, 158 | 130,000 |  | 8, 364, 430 | 6, 828, 786 | 47,271, 374 |
| October | 29, 689, 196 | 110,000 | 14, 990, 170 | 7,987,260 | 6,370, 052 | 59, 146, 678 |
| November | 30, 591, 392 | 10, 000 | 15, 950, 270 | 5, 752, 970 | 6, 311, 110 | 58, 615, 742 |
| December | -28, 454, 395 | 10,000 | 25, 105, 030 | 4, 405,000 | 6,532, 021 | 64, 506, 446 |
| 1883-January | 33, 592, 237 | 60, 000 | 25, 107, 300 | 4, 306, 650 | 10,486, 291 | 73, 552, 478 |
| February | 32,744, 817 | 210,000 | 32, 296, 270 | 5, 268, 550 | 6, 761, 527 | 77, 281, 164 |
| March . | 29, 878, 561 | 250, 000 | 31, 525, 210 | $6,865,340$ | 4, 199, 135 | 72,718, 246 |
| April | 30, 969,623 | 55, 000 | 32, 935, 420 | 8, 887, 260 | 6, 343, 01.5 | 79, 190, 318 |
| May | 33, 471, 825 | 15, 000 | 23, 869, 000 | 8,305, 940 | 8,361, 571 | 74, 023, 336 |
| June | 36, 498, 839 | 315, 000 | 22, 571, 270 | 15, 996,145 | 8, 217, 062 | 83, 598, 316 |
| July | 37, 632, 646 | 25,000 | 23, 383, 440 | 15, 542,730 | 8, 343, 000 | 84, 926, 816 |
| Augn | 37, 791, 766 | 90, 000 | $28,445,200$ | 17. 276,820 | 6. 019,802 | 89; 623, 588 |
| Septem | 37, 194, 420 | 75,000 | 27, 480, 300 | 15, 568, 280 | 6, 017, 710 | 86, 335, 710 |
| October. | 37, 113, 037 | 75,000 | 31, 252,760 | 14, 244, 760 | 6, 428, 180 | 89, 113, 737 |
| Novembe | 39, 874, 644 | 100; 000 | 27, 035, 300 | 13, 806, 610 | 7,070, 474 | 87, 887, 028 |
| December | 39, 644, 249 | 80, 000 | 27, 446, 780 | 13, 180, 890 | 8, 955,820 | 89, 307, 739 |
| 1884-January | 42, 156, 189 | 45,000 | 23, 788, 000 | 13, 179, 020 | 14,746, 745 | 93, 914, 954 |
| February | 45, 808, 632 | 90,000 | 30, 600, 070 | 13, 890, 100 | 12, 048, 941 | 102, 437, 743 |
| March | 45, 904, 652 | 520, 000 | 35, 424, 250 | 20, 488,585 | 7, 862, 366 | 110, 199, 853 |
| April | 45, 765, 833 | 105,000 | 44, 415, 395 | 20, 876, 250 | 9, 950, 326 | 121, 112, 804 |
| May | 38, 731, 841 | 20, 000 | 39, 686, 780 | 19, 936, 620 | 7, 583, 779 | 105, 909, 020 |
| June | 40, 183, 802 | 195, 000 | 27, 246, 020 | 23, 384, 680 | 8, 809, 991 | 99, 819, 493 |
| $\checkmark$ July | 42, 727, 990 | 65, 000 | 26, 525, 830 | 25, 265,980 | 10,529,336 | 105, 114, 136 |
| Augirst | 40, 843, 554 | 150,000 | 29, 701,980 | 26, 908, 230 | 11, 614, 068 | 109, 212, 832 |
| Septem | 36, 524, 873 | 315, 000 | 33, 546, 960 | 26, 769, 470 | 11, 078, 957 | 108, 235, 260 |
| October | 33, 942, 172 | 85, 000 | 32, 477, 750 | 30, 814, 970 | 10,171, 655 | 107, 491, 547 |
| Novembe | 32, 200, 683 | 120, 000 | 26,701, 060 | 28, 951,590 | 10,525,634 | 98, 498,967 |
| December | 36, 499, 575 | 160,000 | 26, 343, 730 | 23, 302, 380 | 10, 329, 994 | 96, 685, 679 |
| FI 91 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

No. 50.-Paper Currency in the Treasury at the end of each month from June, 1878-Continued.

| Montl. | Legal-tender notes. | Currency certificates! | Gold certificates. | Silver certificates. | National- ${ }^{-}$ bank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-Jainuary | \$43, 958, 469 | \$45,000 | \$22, 299, 150 | \$27,337, 890 | \$13,880,648 | \$107, 521, 157 |
| Tebruary | 48, 926, 822 | 380,000 | 40, 426, 930 | 29, 951, 880 | 9, 774, 141 | 120, 459, 773 |
| March | 40, 683, 288 | 1, 005,000 | 37, 689, 990 | 30, 861, 015 | 7,312, 940 | 123, 552, 833 |
| April | 46, 865, 690 | 50, 000 | 28, 625, 290 | 32, 141, 140 | 8,120,660 | 11.5, 802, 780 |
| May | 50, 417, 109 | 315, 000 | 14,371, 350 | 35, 575,590 | 9, 806, 087 | 110, 485,136 |
| June | 45,047, 379 | 200,000 | 13, 593, 410 | 38, 370, 700 | 9, 945, 711 | 107, 157, 200 |
| Jaly | 48, 418, 997 | 260,000 | 17, 322, 320 | 40, 340, 980 | 8 8,081, 130 | 114, 423,427 |
| Augus | 55, 658,656 | 6995,000 | 16, 606, 230 | 42, 712, 800 | 7, 556, 108 | 123, 228, 884 |
| Septemb | 51, 129, 332 | 695,000 | 22, 249, 240 | 31, 722, 990 | 6, 196, 408 | 111, 992, 970 |
| October | 45, 695, 341 | 410,000 | 31, 115, 850 | 31, 906, 514 | 5,438, 241 | 114, 565, 946 |
| November | 43, 290, 643 | 210,000 | 34, 492, 968 | 32, 034, 464 | 5,775, 356 | 115, 803, 431 |
| 1880-Jamuary | $\begin{aligned} & 41,731,200 \\ & 47,800,389 \end{aligned}$ | 265,000 | $34,350,479$ <br> 24,060 | $31,164,311$ $33,978,767$ | 5, 347, <br> $\mathbf{9} 951$ <br> 951 | 112, 8588,757 |
| Febrnary | 47, 197, 292 | 385, 000 | 33, 671,010 | 34, 837, 660. | 7,961, 334 | 1124, 052, 296 |
| March | 42, 214,485 | 840,000 | 46, 797, 927 | 32,410, 575 | 3,392, 203 | 125, 655, 190 |
| April | 37, 603, 774 | 225, 000 | 52,396, 875 | 31, 141, 055 | 3, 831, 002 | 125, 197, 706 |
| May | 40, 244, 098 | 585, 000 | 51, 735, 670 | 30, 411, 016 | 4, 962, 150 | 127, 937, 934 |
| June | 41, 118, 317 | 250,000 | 55, 129, 870 | 27, 861, 450. | 4, 034, 416 | 128, 394, 053 |
| July | 41, 044, 142 | 470,000 | 52, 258, 360 | 27, 728, 858 | 3,792,409 | 125, 293, 769 |
| Augrs | 46, 774, 647 | 1,510,000 | 48, 693, 980 | 25, 571, 492 | 2, 878, 520 | 125, 428, 639 |
| Septem | 44, 224, 081 | 150, 000 | 40, 654, 320 | 22, 555, 990 | 2, 104, 764 | 109, 689 , 155 |
| October | 38, 107, 305 | 20, 000 | 36, 878, 458 | 17, 562,302 | 3, 192, 746 | 95,760, 811 |
| Novemb | 36, 573; 188 | 280,000 | 34, 469, 694 | 14, 137,285 | 2, 522, 033 | 87,982, 200 |
| Decembe | 29, 679, 326 | 200, 000 | 27, 485, 804 | 7.338, 432 | 3, 012,335 | 67, 715, 897 |
| 1887-January | 33, 003, 682 | 100, 000 | 18, 843, 632 | 6,737,388 | 4, 606,322 | 63, 291, 024 |
| February | 33, 869, 202 | 250,000 | 24, 256, 230 | 5,466, 347 | 3, 072,561 | 66,914, 340 |
| March | 28, 294, 938 | 410,000 | 29, 757, 610 | 6, 212, 849 | 2,558,485 | 67,233, 882 |
| April | 28, 575, 474 | 160,000 | 28, 905, 040 | 5, 007, 700 | 3,480, 653 | 66, 128,867 |
| May | 30, 757, 376 | 410, 000 | 32, 101, 358 | .5, 289, 164 | 3, 927, 245 | 72,485, 143 |
| June | 28,783, 797 | 310, 000 | 30, 261, 380 | 3,425, 133 | 2, 362,585 | 65,142, 895 |
| July | 28, 093, 740 | 350,000 | 18,098, 560 | 4, 209, 659 | 3,142, 105 | 53, 894,064 |
| Augus | 28,287, 539 | 420,000 | 23, 008, 207 | 5, 996,743 | 3,354, 726 | 61,067, 215 |
| Septemb | 24, 145, 212 | 150,000 | 29, 154, 288 | 3, 919, 841 | 2, 938,593 | 60, 307, 934 |
| October | 22, 476,067 | 170,000 | 32; 858,158 | 3, 451, 494 | 4, 157, 980 | 63, 113,699 |
| Novambe | 23, 153, 220 | 320,000 | 39, 974, 838 | 4,413,446 | 3, 131, 864 | 70, 993, 368 |
| December | 22, 409, 425 | 130,000 | 31, 010, 394 | 6, 339,570 | 4, 919,434 | 64, 808,823 |
| 1888-January | 28,660, 469 | 280,000 | 20,668, 210 | 14, 930, 517 | 7,782, 203 | 72, 321, 399 |
| Februai | 33, 482,087 | 440, 000 | 26, 962, 168 | 21, 166,469 | 6. 355,477 | 88, 406, 201 |
| March | 38, 080, 623 | 650,000 | 29, 651,464 | 19, 370, 425 | 5, 323,787 | 88,081, 299 |
| April | 39, 046,614 | 100, 000 | 20, 853, 500 | 18, 316,109 | 5, 942, 194 | 84, 258, 417 |
| May | 46, 158, 200 | 470, 000 | 33, 574, 110 | 20,458,423 | 6, 702, 811 | 107, 363, 544 |
| June | 52, 398, 204 | 250,000 | 22, 135, 780 | 29, 104, 396 | 7, 054,221 | 110,942, 601 |
| July. | 55, 030,740 | 100,000 | 30, 234, 688 | 23,361, 286 | 8, 218, 834 | 116, 945, 548 |
| August | $56,225,393$ | 90,000 | 36, 591,356 | 15,528,762 | 7, 880, 157 | 116, 315, 668 |
| Septembe | 53,35s, 963 | 580,000 | 25, 516,410 | 9, 819, 875 | 6,023, 307 | 95, 298, 555 |
| October. | 48,393, 320 | 390,000 | 26, 163,492 | 7, 404, 624 | 4, 167, 954 | 86, 519, 390 |
| Novembe | 46, 502, | 150,000 | 37, 441, 932 | 8, 834, 485 | 3, 381, 456 | 96, 370, 829 |
| December | 41., 125, 860 | 470,000 | 36, 127, 702 | 3, 958, 567 | 4, 068,040 | 85,750, 175 |
| 1889-January | 43, 361, 498 | 95.000 | 25, 043, 518 | 4, 717,113 | $5,439,229$ | 78, 656, 358 |
| February | 45, 220, 511 | 280,000 | 24, 802, 813 | 5, 717, 898 | 3,433, 572 | 79, 454, 794 |
| March | 39, 501, 231 | 510,000 | 26, 586, 125 | 4,760, 236 | 3, 054, 267 | 74, 411. 859 |
| April | 38, 350, 137 | 110,000 | 20, 783, 433 | 3, 451,830 | 3, 686, 890 | 66, 382, 290 |
| May. | 43, 940, 387 | 270,000 | 27, 350, 140 | 6,205, 089 | 4, 703,087 | - $82,468,703$ |
| June | 46, 336,085 | 240, 000 | 37, 235,793 | 5,527,301 | 4, 158,331 | 98,497, 510 |
| July | 47, $939,36{ }^{6}$ | 30,000 | 34, 669, 943 | 5, 651, 271 | 3,632, 535 | 91, 923, 11.5 |
| Augr | 48, 870, 935 | 460,000 | 39, 557, 233 | 6, 141, 570 | 4,590,661 | 99.620, 399 |
| Septemb | 36, 445, 258 | 770, 000 | 42, 073, 803 | 3, 878, 052 | 3;883,721 | 87,050, 834 |
| October | 29, 813,501 | 351, 000 | 34, 925, 823 | 2, 328, 373 | 5, 211, 415 | 72, 629, 112 |
| Novembe | 24, 959, 022 | 610, 000 | 30, 668,090 | 2, 419, 174 | 4,251., 973 | 62, 908, 259 |
| Decembe | 15, 673, 925 | 570, 000 | 31, 316, 100 | 2, 252, 966 | 4, 500, 355 | 54, 313, 346 |
| 1890-January | 19, 236, 224 | 90, 000 | 20, 452, 870 | 3, 254, 118 | 6, 1.72, 760 | 49, 205, 972 |
| February | 19,823, 865 | 250,000 | 28.222, 835 | 4;063, 377 | $4,339,314$ | 56, 699,391 |
| March | 14,579,657 | 990, 000 | 24, 614, 210 | 3,407, 891 | 3,937, 196 | 47, 528,954 |
| April | 16, 004, 411 | 140, 000 | 24, 142, 200 | 4, 438, 605 | 3,942, 536 | 48,667, 752 |
| May | 19, 747, 799 | 340,000 | 27, 473, 120 | 4, 936,023 | 4, 289, 295 | 56,786, 237 |
| June | 23, 634, 190 | 450,000 | 26,162, 960 | 4, 329, 708 | 4,351,767 | 58,928,625 |
| July | 23, 983,412 | 40, 000 | 27, 577, 120 | 3,442, 258 | 4,766, 359 | 59, 809, 149 |
| Augus | 21, 626, 810 | 410, 000 | 33;005,730 | 4, 951., 861 | 5, 063, 223 | 65,059,629 |
| Septemb | 13, 727, 790 | 180,000 | 16, 058,780 | 1, 852, 364 | 4,620,511 | 36,439,445 |
| October | 14, 744, 912 | 20,000 | 36,482, 690 | 2, 443, 197 | 3, 662,638 | 57, 353, 437 |
| Noverube | 13, 144, 864 | 320,000 | 43,755,570 | 1, 976,525 | 3, 416, 944 | 62, 613, 903 |
| December | 12, 199, 348 | 10,000 | 31, 384, 690 | 1, 566, 315 | 3, 349, 587 | 48,509, 940 |
| 1891-January | 22, 057, 802 ' | 140, 000 | 19, 892, 050 | 3, 218,788 | 6,320, 151 | 51, 628,791 |
| February | 22, 955, 586 | 260,000 | 25, 155, 770 | 3,346, 215 | 4, 970, 638 | 56, 688, 209 |
| March | 15, 822, 045. | 530,000 | 24, 050, 460 | 3,757, 247 | 3, 41.5, 237 | 47, 574, 989 |
| April | 19, 207, 344 | 270, 000 | 27, 309, 200 | 3, 309,417 | 4, 055,760 | 54, 151,721 |
| May | 26, 927, 337 | 310,000 | 36, 777, 810 | 5,009,775 | 5, 189, 490 | 74, 214, 412 |
| June | 32, 731.996 | 1, 425, 000 | 31, 606, 030 | 7,351, 037 | 5 5,655, 179 | 78,760, 337 |
| July | 38, 098, 309 | 180,000 | 34, 004, 820 | 8, 198,345 | 5,924, 947 | 86, 406, 52] |
| Augns | 42, 922, 265 | 730,000 | 37, 721, 280 | 6,624,888 | (6, 882, 252 | 94,820, 685 |
| September | $26,995,717$ | 1,990,000 | 28, 332, 490 | 2, 920,072 | 5, 6950080 | 65, 933, 359 |

No. 51.-Gold, Silver, and Paper Currency in the Treasury, in excess of Certificates in Circulation, at the end of each Month, from June, 1878.

| Month. | Gold. | Silver. | Legal-tender notes. | Nationalbank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-June | \$103, 562, 523 | \$21, 113, 254 | \$25, 775, 121 | \$12, 789, 923 | \$164, 040, 821 |
| July | 108, 161, 639 | 23, 335, 974 | $25,985,859$ | 14, 119, 544 | 171, 603, 016 |
| Augrast | 117, 325,857 | 25, 044, 450 | 30, 533, 254 | 11, 772, 829 | 1.84, 676,390 |
| Septembe | 112, 602,622 | 27,221, 542 | 33, 504, 340 | 9, 260, 764 | 182, 589, 268 |
| October | 117, 965, 675 | 28,003, 956 | 38,515, 606. | 6,370, 449 | 1.90, 855 , 686 |
| Novemb | 118, 282, 355 | 30, 646, 485 | 38,585, 404 | $8,055,844$ | 185, 570, 088 |
| 1879-January | -114, 103, ${ }^{114929}$ | $31,762,735$ <br> $33,965,456$ | $36,392,505$ <br> $30,579,531$ | $8,469,162$ $12,374,371$ | 190, 817, 76.1 $193,583,585$ |
| February | 116, 886, 279 | 35, 289,800 | 44, 494, 973 | 10, 23: 225 | 206, 1004,277 |
| March | 117, 1.62, 166 | 36, 423, 640 | 50, 684, 669 | 5,542, 552 | 209; 813, 027 |
| April | 118, 809,680 | 37, 067, 870 | 39, 539, 823 | 7, 762, 196 | 203; 179, 569 |
| May | 121, 300, 140 | 38, 223, 150 | 51, 670,442 | 14, 661,786 | 22:5; 855, 51.8 |
| June | 119, 956, 655 | 41, 728,838 | 45, 036, 904 | 8, 286, 701 | 215, 009,098 |
| July | 120, 320, 583 | 46, 224, 621 | 23, 541, 466 | 7,188, 445 | 197, 275, 115 |
| Aingust | 126, 537, 691 | 49.514, 910 | 36, 222, 606 | $5,138,655$ | 217,413, 862 |
| Septern | 154, 763, 795 | 51, 754, 963 | 18, 933,254 | 4, 321, 302 | 229, 773,314 |
| October | 157, 140, 114 | 52, 011, 474 | 17,327,567 | 3, 658,168 | 230, 137, 323 |
| Novembe | 147, 247, 977 | 53,700, 061 | 16, 388, 454 | 3, 208, 277 | 220,1544, 769 |
| Decembe | 146, 194, 182 | 52,717, 862 | 12,570, 494 | 3, 242, 708 | 214, 725,246 |
| 1880-January. | 143,340, 026 | 56, 065, 003 | 11, 614, 562 | 6, 885, 966 | 217,905,557 |
| Febrnary | 136, 995, 458 | 58, 104, 106 | 15. 054,093 | 4, 242,984 | 214, 396, 641 |
| March | 135. 766, 552 | 58, 839, 990 | 15,760, 081 | 3, 606,364 | 213,972,987 |
| April | 130, 726, 640 | 61,571, 311 | 17, 489,280 | 5, 588, 049 | 21.5, 375,280 |
| June | 118, 181, 527 | 68, 110, 764 | 18,785, 559 | 7, 090,250 | 212,168, 100 |
| July | 115, 274, 646 | 70, 319, 193 | 19, 024, 124 | 7, 237, 795 | 211,855, 758 |
| Augus | 120, 018, 179 | 71, 409, 074 | 20, 444, 849 | 4, 335, 906 | 216,208, 008 |
| September | 127, 764, 734 | 65, 809, 169 | 17, 263, 613 | 3, 575, 440 | 214, 412, 956 |
| October | 133, 278, 253 | 57, 977, 075 | 13,793, 993 | 4, 197, 224 | 209, 246,545 |
| Novernb | 143, 981, 139 | 51, 801, 387. | 11, 124,937 | 3, 702, 629 | ${ }^{210}, 610,092$ |
| December | 150, 213, 716 | 43, 015, 088 | 8, 761, 818 | 4, 242, 828 | 206,233,450 |
| 1881-January | 148, 052, 809 | 45, 615, 577 | 10,551, 616 | 6, 342, 410 | 210,562, 412 |
| February | 166, 808, 853 | 47, 081, 029 | 14,566,601 | 4, 144, 895 | 232, 601, 378 |
| March | 167, 639, 263 | 46, 032, 005 | 14, 773, 198 | 4, 321, 844 | 232,166, 310 |
| April. | 164, 358, 555 | 49, 244, 089 | 14, 672, 086 | 5, 988, 259 | 234, 262,989 |
| May | 157, 893, 878 | 52, 032, 883 | 16,062, 305 | 7,784, 186 | 233, 773, 252 |
| June | 157, 412, 141 | 53, 991, 639 | 18, 554, 092 | 5, 296, 382 | 235, 254, 254 |
| July | 149, 163, 355 | 53, 701, 174 | 19, 099, 910 | 5, 532, 708 | 227,497, 147 |
| Augus | 164, 098, 402 | 49, 662, 135 | 19,870,869 | 4, 273, 541 | 237, 904, 947 |
| Septem | 169, 122, 025 | 42, 447, 785 | 19, 025, 132 | 4, 551, 400 | 235, 146, 342 |
| October | 167, 785, 609 | 37, 146, 871 | 18,006, 769 | 4, 739, 547 | 227, 678, 796 |
| Novemb | 173, 025, 683 | 37, 450,464 | 17, 411, 078 | 4,556,305 | 232, 443,530 |
| Decembe | 167, 429, 347 | 36, 846,088 | 16,452, 800 | 5, 677,691 | 226, 405, 926 |
| 1882-January | 159, 972, 569 | 40, 710,844 | 17, 384, 394 | 7, 377,995 | 225, 445, 802 |
| Februa | 168, 585, 554 | 44, 689, 996 | 18, 256, 850 | 5, 484, 211 | 237, 016, 611 |
| March | 161, 290, 437 | 50, 383, 486 | 17,446, 415 | 4,516, 077 | 233, 636, 415 |
| April. | 149, 997, 982 | 53, 364, 703 | 17,637, 824 | 6,180, 209 | 227, 180,718 |
| May. | 148, 932, 625 | 58, 928, 570 | 19,873, 690 | 7,418, 245 | 235, 153, 130 |
| June | 143, 477, 370 | 63, 927,265 | 21, 425,589 | 6, 277, 247 | 235, 107, 471 |
| July | 140, 062, 590 | 65, 053,405 | 22,749. 590 | 8,428, 411 | 236, 293, 996 |
| August | 144, 311,881 | 64, 147, 473 | 24,068, 941 | 7,287,442 | 239, 815, 737 |
| Septemb | 147, 831, 666 | 59, 793, 574 | 21, 408, 158 | 6, 828, 786 | 235, 862,184 |
| October | 148, 435, 474 | 57, 551, 463 | 19, 854, 196 | 6, 370, 052 | 232, 216, 185 |
| December | 144, 809, 315 | 55, 911, 656 | 20,756, 392 | 6,311, 110 | 227, 788,473 |
| December | 131., 989, 758 | 56, 563,067 | 18,879,395 | 6, 532, 021 | 213,964,241 |
| Febriary | 125, 688,194 | 59,989, 352 | 21,162, 237 | 10, 486, 291 | 217, 286,074 |
| - March | 1451, 107,161 | $63,71.5,414$ $64 ; 531,775$ | $21,614,817$ $20,413,561$ | ${ }^{6,7,199,1351}$ | ${ }_{230}^{22,452,675}$ |
| April | 139,439, 242 | 66, 229,656 | 20, 919, 623 | 6,343, 015 | 232, 731,536 |
| May. | 133, 718, 103 | 69, 632, 000 | 21, 681, 825 | 8,361, 571 | 233, 393,499 |
| June | 138, 271, 198 | 72, 261, 550 | 23, 438, 839 | 8,217, 062 | 242, 188, 649 |
| July | 142, 705, 435 | 71, 873, 151 | 24, 747, 646 | 8, 343, 000 | 247, 669, 232 |
| Angus | 149, 625, 435 | 71, 459, 307 | 25, 736, 766 | 6, 019, 802 | 252, 841, 310 |
| Septemb | 151, 11.5, 603 | 67, 523, 483 | 25, 324, 420 | 6, 017, 710 | 249, 981, 216 |
| October | 157, 353, 760 | 62, 350, 858 | 24, 568, 037 | 6, 428, 180 | 250, 700, 835 |
| Novem | 157, 235, 708 | 61, 386, 659 | 25, 509, 644 | 7, 070, 474 | 251, 202, 485 |
| Decernber | 155, 429, 600 | 54, 490, 163 | 25, 164, 249 | 8, 955, 820 | 244, 039, 832 |
| 1884-January | 144, 350, 736 | 59, 205, 565 | 25, 321,189 | 14,746, 745 | 243, 62:4, 235 |
| February | 144, 038, 203 | 63, 985, 498 | 27, 683, 632 | 12, 048, 941 | 247, 756, 274 |
| March | 142, 259,357 | 66, 996,906 | 30, 949, 652 | ${ }^{7} 7,868,366$ | 248, 068, 281 |
| April | 139, 624, 821 | $69,125,407$ | 30, 845, 833 | 9, 950,326 | 249, 546, 387 |
| May | 142, 006, 908 | 69, 263, 646 | 27, 701, 841 | 7,533,779 | 246, 506, 174 |
| June | 133,729, 954 | 72,790, 123 | 27, 993,802 | 8,809,991 | 243, 323,870 |
| July | 119, 048, 061 | 76, 954, 854 | 29, 562, 990 | 10, 529, 336 | 236, 095, 241 |
| Aug | 122, 465, 717 | 80, 769, 454 | 26, 573, 554 | 11, 614, 068 | 241, 422,793 |
| September | 130, 51.4, 383 | 79, 976, 102 | 20,894 873 | 11, 078, 957 | 242, 464, 315 |
| October | 134, 670, 790 | 76, 178, 418 | 16, 172, 172 | 10, 171, 655 | 237, 193, 035 |
| Noveńbe | 138, 015, 071 | 78, 678, 676 | 9, 625, 683 | 10, 525, 634 | 231, 845, 064 |
| December | 141, 688, 432 | 65, 547, 365 | 11, 739, 575 | 10, 329, 994 | 229, 305, 366 |

No. 51.-Gold, Silver, and Paper Currenoy in the Treasury, in excess of Certificates in Circulation, etc.-Continued.

| Month. | Gold. | Silver. | Legal-tender notes. | Nationalbank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January | \$195, 187, 596 | \$71, 288, 030 | \$13, 873, 469 | \$13,880, 648. | \$224, 229, 743 |
| February | 127, 346, 553 | 76, 329, 022 | 18, 726, 822 | 9,774, 141 | 232, 176, 538 |
| March... | 125, 793, 256 | 78, 718, 076 | 20, 473, 288 | 7,312,940 | 232, 197, 560 |
| April | 117, 927, 395 | 84, 983, 324 | 21, 465,690 | 8,120, 660 | 232, 497, 069 |
| May | 115, 810, 534 | 92,952, 178 | 23, 492, 109 | 9,806, 087 | 242, 060, 908 |
| June | 120, 298, 895 | 99, 157, 951 | 15, 462,379 | 9,945, 711 | 244, 864, 936 |
| July | 126, 078, 595 | 96, 927, 700 | 16,998,997 | $8,081,130$ | 248, 086, 422 |
| August | 126, 371, 928 | 99, 265, 403 | 24, 793, 656 | 7,556, 108 | 267, 987, 095 |
| September | 133, 113, 325 | 99, 385, 022 | 27, 944, 332 | 6,196, 408 | 266, 639, 087 |
| October . | 142, 338, $589^{*}$ | 97, 476, 642 | 27, 550,341 | 5, 438, 241 | 272, 803, 813 |
| Novembe | 146, 391, 486 | 104, 369, 642 | 25, 735, 643 | 5,775, 356 | 282, 272, 127 |
| December | 147, 991, 808 | 104, 132, 197 | 27, 941, 200 | 5, 347, 767 | 285, 412, 972 |
| 1886-January | 136, 086, 611 | 111, 994, 553 | 33,300, 389 | 9,951, 057 | 291, 332, 610 |
| February | 144, 164, 038 | 114, 839, 096 | 32, 277, 292 | 7,961, 334 | 299, 241, 760 |
| March | 151, 379, 524 | 115, 672, 306 | 30, 289, 485 | 3, 392, 203 | 300, 733, 518 |
| April | 155, 865, 308 | 116, 616, 366 | 26, 088, $774^{\circ}$ | 3,831, 002 | 302, 401, 450 |
| May | 156, 304, 709 | 119, 927, 955 | 26, 289, 098 | 4,962, 150 | 307, 483, 912 |
| June | 156, 793,749 | 125, 134, 221 | 22, 868, 317 | 4, 034, 416 | 308, 830, 703 |
| July | 158, 933, 005 | 126, 330, 574 | 21, 939, 142 | 3, 792, 409 | 310, 995, 130 |
| Augus | 157, 732, 288 | 123, 973, 629 | 35, 579, 647 | 2, 878, 520 | 320, 164, 084 |
| September | 157, 917, 211 | 116, 533, 620 | 36, 519,081 | 2, 104, 764 | 313, 074, 676 |
| October | 158, 537, 179 | 112,732, 715 | 30, 967, 305 | 3,192,746 | 305, 429, 945 |
| November | 163, 930, 221 | 109,291, 571 | 29,548, 188 | 2, 522; 033 | 305, 292, 013 |
| December | 170, 912, 413 | 101, 659, 880 | 23, 169,326 | 3, 012, 335 | 298, 753, 954 |
| 1887-January | 168, 475, 362 | 106, 848, 633 | 24, 283, 682 | 4, 606, 322 | 304, 213, 999 |
| February | 175, 130, 261 | 108, 164, 660 | 25, 689, 202 | 3,072,561 | 312, 056, 684 |
| March | 181, 939, 847 | 104,982,949 | 21, 159, 938 | 2, 558, 485 | 310, 641, 219 |
| April. | 180, 902, 431 | 105, 073, 830 | 20, 225, 474 | 3,480,653 | 309, 682, 388 |
| May | 186, 667, 773 | 106,843, 611 | 21, 767, 376 | 3, 927, 245 | 319, 206, 005 |
| June | 186, 875, 669 | 107, 260, 882 | 20, 013,797 | 2,362,585 | 316, 512, 933 |
| July. | 186, 306, 330 | 106, 332, 529 | 19,633, 740 | 3,142, 105 | 315, 414, 704 |
| Augus | 193, 274, 194 | 103, 662, 219 | 21, 157, 539 | 3,354, 726 | 321, 448, 678 |
| Septemb | 192, 717, 947 | 95, 679, 098 | 17, 610,212 | 2,938, 593 | 308, 945, 850 |
| October | 202, 859, 832 | 89, 612, 742 | 15, 261, 067 | 4,157,980 | 311, 891, 621 |
| November | 211, 880, 526 | 82, 722, 828 | 16, 318, 220 | 3, 131, 864 | 314, 053, 438 |
| December | 208, 608, 130 | 76, 351, 511 | 15. 424,425 | 4, 919, 434 | 305, 303, 500 |
| 1888-January | 202, 955, 184 | 79, 836, 846 | 18, 015,469 | 7,782,203 | 308, 589, 702 |
| Tebruar | 212, 869, 914 | 79, 155, 419 | 22, 267,087 | 6, 355, 477 | 320, 647, 897 |
| March. | 218, 818,254 | 76, 102.085 | 24, 170,623 | 5, 323, 787 | 324, 414, 749 |
| April | 213, 239, 994 | 77, 417, 133 | 28, 491, 614 | $5,942,194$ | 325, 090, 935 |
| May | 200, 301, 129. | 79, 178, 478 | 33, 928,200 | 6, 702, 811 | 320, 110, 618 |
| June | 193, 866, 247 | 80, 163, 607 | 37, 983, 204 | 7, 054, 221 | 319, 067, 279 |
| July. | 194, 592, 280 | 79, 218, 602 | 39, 825, 740 | 8,218, 834 | 321, 855, 456 |
| August | 206, 383, 036 | 74, 920, 399 | 41,580, 393 | 7, 880, 157 | 330, 763, 985 |
| Septembe | 197, 713, 116 | $65,614,462$ | 40,628,963 | 6, 023,307 | 309, 979, 848 |
| October | 191, 074, 575 | 54, 844, 170 | 36, 813,320 | 4, 167, 954 | 286, 900, 019 |
| November | 199, 339, 133 | 49, 095, 975 | 35, 202,956 | 3,381, 456 | 287, 019, 520 |
| December | 203, 885, 219 | 42, 707, 565 | 30, 875, 860 | 4, 068, 046 | 281, 536, 690 |
| 1889-January | 194, 655, 264 | 49,530, 165 | 29, 446, 498 | 5, 439, 229 | 279, 071, 156 |
| Tobruar | 196, 245, 981 | 52, 363, 612 | 29, 300, 511 | 3,433,572 | 281, 343, 676 |
| March. | 197, 874, 422 | 51, 745, 170 | 25, 051, 231 | 3, 054, 267 | 277, 725, 090 |
| April | 191, 589, 112 | 52, 118, 189 | 23, 770, 137 | 3,686, 890 | 271, 164, 328 |
| May. | 192, 252, 715 | 55, 363, 569 | 27,790,387 | 4,703, 087 | 280, 109, 758. |
| June | 186, 711, 561 | 57, 715, 663 | [29,601, 085 | 4,158,331 | 278, 186, 640 |
| July | 182, 218, 164 | 57, 698, 430 | 30, 364, 366 | 3,632,535 | 273, 913, 495 |
| Angust | 180, 654, 670 | 50, 112, 833 | 32,325,935 | 4,590,661 | 267, 684, 099 |
| Septembe | 189, 196, 423 | 41, 515, 504 | 21, 170, 258 | 3,883, 721 | 255, 765, 906 |
| October | 187, 572, 386 | 39, 875. 648 | 17, 303, 501 | 5,211, 415 | 249, 962, 950 |
| November | 187, 496, 672 | 41, 763, 278 | 14, 819, 022 | 4, 251,973 | 248,330, 945 |
| December | 190, 833, 052 | 38, 243, 433 | 6,673, 925 | 4, 500, 355 | 240, 250, 765 |
| 1890-January | 177, 386, 285 | 45, 961, 857 | 7, 606, 224 | 6,172, 760 | 237, 127, 126 |
| February | '187, 988, 948 | 47, 314, 840 | 9,593, 865 | 4, 339,314 | 249, 236, 967 |
| March | 185, 287, 716 | 44, 955, 052 | 6,919, 657 | 3,937, 196 | 241, 099, 621 |
| April | 186, 235, 573 | 45, 928, 042 | 7, 209,411 | 3,942,536 | 243, 315, 562 |
| May. | 190, 544, 854 | 47, 189, 821 | -9,892, 799 | 4,289, 295 | 251, 916, 769 |
| June | 190, 232, 404 | 49,504, 543 | 11, 804, 190 | 4,351, 767 | 255, 892, 904 |
| July. | 184, 092, 074 | 49, 988, 781 | 12, 163, 412 | 4, 766, 359 | 251, 010, 626 |
| August | 185, 837, 581 | 43, 682, 332 | 12, 806, 810 | 5,063,228 | 247, 389, 951 |
| September | 147, 981, 732 | 33, 154, 327 | 6,737, 790 | 4, 620, 511 | 192, 494, 360 |
| October .. | 156, 315, 624 | 29, 670, 449 | 7,834, 912 | 3,662, 638 | 197, 483, 623 |
| Novembe | 162, 439, 381 | 27, 210, 815 | 6, 874, 864 | 3,416,944 | 199, 942, 004 |
| December | 148, 972, 935 | 27, 341, 663 | 5,389, 348 | 3,349, 587 | 185, 053, 533 |
| 1891-January | 141, 728, 097 | 35, 350, 159 | 10,697, 802 | 6, 320, 151 | 194, 096, 209 |
| Februar | $149,712,824$ | 37, 091., 690 | 10,685,586 | 4, 970, 638 | 202, 460, 738 |
| March | 148, 118, 150 | 34, 315, 060 | 4.677, 045 | 3, 415, 237 | 190, 525, 4.92 |
| April. | 141, 742, 241 | 32, 092,709 | $5,207,344$ | 4, 055, 760 | 183, 098, 054 |
| May. | 133, 207, 164 | 36, 021, 715 | 9,177, 337 | 5, 189, 490 | $183,595,706$ $176,459,302$ |
| June | 117, 667, 723 | 41, 769,409 | 11, 366,996 | 5, 655, 174 | 176, 459,302 |
| July... | 121, 113, 024 | 42, 137,506 | 10, 883, 409 | 5,924, 947 | 180, 008, 886 |
| August | 132, 471, 409 | 30, 569, 667 | 14, 467, 265 | 6,822, 252 | 184, 330, 593 |
| Septombe | 132,523, 222 | 22;893,709 | $9,150,717$ | 5, 695, 080 | 170, 262, 728 |

No. 52.-Estimated Stock-of Gold and Silyer Coin and Bullion and of United States and National-Bank Notes at the end of each Month, from June, 1878.

| Month. | Gold. | Silver dollars and bullion. | Fractional silver coin. | Notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-June | \$213, 199, 977 | \$15, 914,971 | \$71, 778, 828 | \$669, 600,826 | \$970, 494,602 |
| July | 215, 848,736 | 18,086, 260 | 72, 151, 424 | 668, 626,431 | 974, 712,851 |
| August | 218, 186, 311 | 22, 430,739 | 72, 524, 020 | 668, 322, 549 | 981,463, 119 |
| Septemb | 221, 300,413 | 25, 846, 534 | 72, 896, 616 | 667, 442, 666 | 987,486, 229 |
| October | 226, 043, 368 | 26,634,542 | 73, 269, 213 | 667, 802, 057 | 993,749, 180 |
| Novembe | 228, 625, 207 | 30, 598,041 | 73,641,809 | 668,713, 378 | 1,001,578, 435 |
| December | 231, 645, 490 | 31, 935, 011 | 74, 014, 406 | 669, 489, 576 | 1,007, 084, 483 |
| 1879-January | 234, 199, 478 | 34, 903, 639 | 74,387,002 | 670, 090, 211 | 1,013,580, 330 |
| February | 236, 846, 728 | $36,525,153$ | 74, 759, 599 | 671, 717, 492 | 1, $1,19,848,972$ |
| March | 239, 583, 620 | 37, 463, 211 | 75, 132, 195 | 672, 774, 418 | 1, 024, 953,444 |
| April | 241, 953, 581 | 38, 104, 996 | 75,504, 792 | 675, 123, 982 | 1, 030,687, 351 |
| May. | 244, 414, 180 | 39, 158, 606 | 75, 877, 388 | 675, 357, 763 | 1, 034, 807, 937 |
|  | 245, 741, 837 | 40, 893, 566 | 76,249,985 | 675, 643,089 | 1, 038,528, 477 |
| July.. | 248, 058, 439 | 42, 563, 224 | 76,467,675 | 875, 925, 909 | 1, 043, 1015,247 |
| Augus Septem | $\begin{aligned} & 256,846,088 \\ & 286,656,727 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45,142,662 \\ & 47,191,604 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76,685,365 \\ & 76,903,055 \end{aligned}$ | 676, 743, 729 $680,330,759$ | 1, 055, 417, 844 |
| Octobe | 307, 964, 532 | 48, 743, 424 | 77, 120, 746 | 683, 262, 640 | 1,117,091, 342 |
| Novem | 327, 697, 367 | 52,028, 298 | 77, 338,436 | 686, 175, 090 | 1,143,239, 191 |
| December | 336, 540, 249 | 54, 548,071 | 77, 556, 127 | 688, 533, 258 | 1, 1.57, 177, 705 |
| 1880-January | 339, 524, 612 | 57, 393, 686 | 77, 773, 817 | 689, 868, 44.4 | 1,164,560, 561 |
| February | 342, 254, 473 | 59, 331, 356 | 77, 991, 508 | $689,922,267$ | 1, 169,490, 604 |
| March | 344, 394, 974 | 61, 243, 090 | 78, 209, 198 | 690, 630, 417 | 1, 174,477, 679 |
| April | 346, 887, 214 | 64, 463, 581 | 78,426, 889 | $691,219,600$ | 1, 180, 1997, 284 |
| May | 349, 319, 297 | 66.576,838 | 78,644, 580 | 691, 359, 243 | 1, 185, 899,958 |
| June | 351, 841, 206 | 68, 859, 286 | 78, 862, 270 | 690, 571, 917 | 1, 190, 1134, 679 |
| July | 354, 455, 084 | 72,096, 398 | 78, 964, 336 | 690, 462, 727 | 1, 195,978, 545 |
| Angus | 365, 940, 999 | 74, 648, 008 | 79, 066, 401 | 690, 338,963 | 1, 209,994, 371 |
| Septemb | 387, 138, 517 | 76, 126, 510 | 79, 168,467 | 690, 128, 758 | 1,232',562, 252 |
| Octobe | 405, 656, 138 | 78,891, 117 | 79, 270,533 | $690,060,412$ | 1, 253,878, 200 |
| Novem | 417, 422, 204 | 81, 403, 140 | 79, 372, 599 | 689, 978, 176 | 1, 268;176, 119 |
| Decembe | 436, 201, 090 | 83, 636, 229 | 79, 474, 665 | 690, 473, 848 | 1, 289,785, 832 |
| 1881-January. | 443, 342, 011 | 86, 457, 202 | 79, 576, 731 | 690, 532, 139 | 1, 299,908, 083 |
| Februar | 446, 079, 544 | 87, 416,313 | 79,678,797 | 689, 923,494 | 1, 303, 098,148 |
| March | 455, 519, 966 | 88, 377, 275 | 79, 780, 863 | 693, 735, 178 | 1, 317,413, 282 |
| Apri | 473, 214, 787 | 90, 523, 088 | 79, 882, 929 | 698, 728, 113 | 1, 342, 348,917 |
| May | 476, 347, 500 | 92, 416, 698 | 79, 084, 995 | 700, 285, 909 | 1, 349,035, 102 |
| June | 478, 484, 538 | 94, 682, 654 | 80, 087, 061 | 701, 298, 131 | 1,354,552,384 |
| $J u l y$. | 481, 330,029 | 96, 584,983 | $80,115,520$ | 703, 594, 249 | $1,361,624,781$ |
| Supust.. | 488, 785, 577 | 98, 655, 568 | 80, 143, 980 | 704, 130,922 | 1,371,716,047 |
| Septembe | 501, 505, 052 | 100, 954, 890 | $80,172,440$ | 705, 086, 656 | 1, 387,719, 038 |
| October | 511, 830,601 | 104, 097, 280 | 80, 200, 900 | 706, 544, 016 | 1, 402, 672,797 |
| November | 516, 999, 679 | 106, 061, 415 | $80,229,360$ | 708, 190, 686 | 1, 411,481, 120. |
| 1882-January. | 521, 826, 768 | 108, 388, 810 | $80,257,820$ | 708, 538, 484 | 1,419, 011,882 |
| 1882-January | 525, 065, 589 | 110, 939, 906 | 80, 286, 280 | 708, 561, 780 | 1, 424,853, 555 |
| Mebruar | 520, 510, 021 | 112, 787, 323 | 80, 314,740 | 707, 776, 666 | 1, 421,388, 750 |
| March | 520, 327, 747 | 116, 722, 342 | $80,343,200$ | 707, 596, 803 | 1, 424,950, 092 |
| April | 520, 743, 599 | 117, 820,713 | 80, 371, 660 | 707, 044, 905 | 1, 425,980, 877 |
| ${ }_{\text {May }}$ | 509, 865, 821 | 120,637, 344 | $80,400,120$ | 705, 706, 070 | 1., 416, 609,355 |
| June | 506, 757, 715 | 122, 375, 688 | 80, 428, 580 | 704, 233, 580 | 1, 413,795; 563 |
| July. | 504, 652, 252 | 124, 121,050 | $80,472,890$ | 704, 655, 158 | 1, 413, 901,350 |
| Augu | 505, 926, 675 | 126,460, 496 | $80,517,200$ | 706, 515, 446 | 1, 419,419, 817 |
| Septen | 509, 319, 382 | 129, 373,445 | 80, 561, 510 | 708, 937, 678 | 1, 428,192, 015 |
| October | 515, 530, 933 | 132, 342, 383 | 80, 605, 820 | 708, 460,351 | 1,436,1945,487 |
| November | 520, 212, 752 | 134, 399, 100 | $80,650,130$ | 708, 372, 585 | 1,443;634,567 |
| December | 524, 670,762 | 137, 423, 273 | 80, 694, 440 | 708, 563,806 | 1,451, 352,281 |
| 1883-January. | 528, 433.158 | 139,167, 038 | 80, 738,750 | 707, 991,864 | 1,456; 330,810 |
| February | 530, 465, 211 | 141, 779, 194 | 80, 783, 060 | 707,105, 113 | 1,460,132,578 |
| March | 535, 912, 647 | 144, 149, 166 | 80, 827,370 | 705, 873, 019 | 1, 466, 1762,202 |
| April | 538, 660, 540 | 146, 034,449 | 80, 871, 680 | 705, 227, 970 | 1,470,794, 639 |
| May | 540, 444, 206 | 149,062, 917 | 80, 915, 990 | 704, 138, 266 | 1, 474,5661,379 |
| June | 542, 732, 063 | 151, 738,115 | $80,960,300$ | 702, 753,224 | 1.,478,183, 702 |
| $J \mathrm{July}$ | 544, 812,562 | 154, 167, 537 | 80, 485, 402 | 701, 794, 839 | 1,481:260,340 |
| August | 548, 409, 207 | 156, 715, 458 | $80,010.504$ | 700, 587, 890 | 1,485,723, 059 |
| Septemb | 552, 197, 749 | 159,478, 810 | 79, 535,607 | 699, 409, 130 | 1,490, 621,296 |
| October | 558, 078, 263 | 161, 657, 314 | 79,060,709 | 698, 209, 436 | 1, 497,005, 722 |
| Novemb | 563, 790, 328 | 163, 695,228 | 78, 585, 811 | 696, 981, 900 | 1, 503,1053, 267 |
| 1884 Decembe | 566, 108, 185 | 165, 959, 492 | 78, 110,914 | 696, 630, 367 | 1,506, 808,958 |
| 1884-January. | 568, 231, 447 | 168,449,552 | 77, 636,016 | 695, 361,822 | 1,509,1678.837 |
| February | 566, 994, 208 | 171, 045, 032 | 77,161, 118 | 692, 465, 957 | 1, 507, 6066,315 |
| March | 557, 424, 889 | 173,469, 454 | 76, 686, 221 | 690, 716, 521 | 1,498,297, 085 |
| April | 541; 139,407 | 175, 876, 472 | 76, 211, 323 | 688, 897, 543 | 1, 482, 124, 745 |
| May | 541, 805, 689 | 177, 658,787 | 75, 736, 425 | 686, 699, 525 | -1, 481,900,426 |
| June | 545, 500, 797 | 179, 411, 327 | 75, 261, 528 | 685, 373, 628 | 1,485,547, 280 |
| July | 549, 706, 663 | 182, 284, 439 | 75, 234,719 | 683, 746,371 | 1,490,972, 1.92 |
| Augus | 554, 371, 214 | 184, 754, 249 | 75, 207, 910 | 682, 812,980 | 1,497,146, 353 |
| Septemb | 557, 853, 406 | 187. 315,234 | 75, 181, 101 | 681, 724, 954 | 1, 502, 074,695 |
| October | 562, 194, 144 | 189,377,326 | 75, 154, 292 | 679,688,788 | 1,506,414, 550 |
| November | 572, 025, 389 | 191,959,678 | 75, 127,483 | 677, 461, 499 | 1,516;574, 049 |
| December | 576,118,500 | 194, 27S, 049 | 75, 100, 074 | 675, 073, 348 | 1, 520, 570,571 |

No. ER.-Estimated Stock of Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion and of United States and National-Bank Notes, etc.-Continued.

| Month. | , | Gold. | Silver dollars and bullion. | Fractional silver coin. | Notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January |  | \$578, 828, 967 | \$196, 560, 776 | \$75, 073, 865 | \$672, 730, 923 | \$1,523, 194, 531 |
| Februar |  | 581, 162, 973 | 198, 238, 324 | 75, 047, 056 | 670, 317, 136 | 1, 524, 765, 489 |
| March |  | 584, 168, 358 | 200, 584, 888 | 75, 020; 247 | 667, 578, 411 | 1,527, 351, 904 |
| A.pril |  | 585, 874, 765 | 203,-149, 581 | 74, 993, 438 | 666, 096, 820 | 1, 530, 114, 604 |
| May. |  | 587, 127, 395 | 205, 607, 375 | 74,966, 629 | 663, 670, 262 | 1, 531, 371, 661 |
| June |  | 588, 697, 036 | 207, 923, 267 | 74, 939, 820 | 663, 538, 097 | 1, 535, 098, 220 |
| July |  | 589, 979, 734 | 209, 729, 218 | 74, 949, 914 | 662, 059, 857 | 1, 536, 718, 723 |
| Augas |  | 592, 378,180 | 212, 025, 577 | 74, 960, 007 | 662, 112, 723 | 1, 541, 476, 487 |
| Septembe |  | 597, 236, 584 | 214, 675, 554 | 74, 970, 100 | 663, 029,138 | 1, 549,911, 376 |
| October |  | $600,445,130$ | 217, 099, 967 | 74, 980, 193 | 661, 960, 103. | 1, 554, 485, 393 |
| Novemb |  | 607, 126, 884 | 219, 343, 387 | 74, 990, 286 | $663,429,863$ | 1, 564, 890, 420 |
| December |  | 612, 980, 956 | 222, 056, 802 | 75, 000, 379 | $668,193,319$ | 1, 573, 231, 456 |
| 1886-January |  | 614, 128, 979 | 224, 212, 544 | 75, 010, 472 | 663, 681, 178 | 1, 577, 033, 173 |
| February |  | $611,484,909$ | 225, 758, 729 | 75, 020, 565 | 663, 682, 268 | 1,575,946, 471 |
| March. |  | 604, 428, 341 | 228, 230, 865 | 75, 030, 658 | 661, 831, 405 | 1, 569, 521, 269 |
| April |  | 601, 990, 691 | 230,990, 643 | 75, 040, 751 | $659,942,890$ | 1,567, 964, 975 |
| May. |  | 596, 868, 058 | 233, 107, 883 | 75, 050, 844 | 657, 849, 181 | 1, 562, 875,966 |
| June |  | 590, 774, 461 | 236, 815, 484 | $75,060,937$ | 655, 191, 907 | 1, 557, 842, 789 |
| July |  | 592, 725, 907 | 239, 429, 356 | $75,068,424$ | 652, 919,554 | 1, 560, 143, 241 |
| Angu |  | 600, 098, 404 | 241, 842, 226 | 75, 075, 912 | 650, 930, 631 | 1, 567, 947, 173 |
| Septemb |  | 607, 329, 358 | 245, 039, 680 | 75, 083, 399 | 649, 780, 828 | 1, 577, 233, 265 |
| October |  | 615, 023, 046 | 247, 887, 335 | 75, 090, 887 | 647, 990, 306 | 1, 585, 991, 574 |
| Novembe |  | 626, 523, 113 | 250, 994, 769 | 75, 098, 374 | $645,825,292$ | 1, 598, 441, 548 |
| Decembe |  | 640, 418, 278 | 254, 363, 024 | 75, 105, 862 | 643, 253, 088 | 1, 613, 140, 252 |
| 1887-January |  | 645, 869,918 | 257, 380, 686 | 75, 113, 349 | 639, 463,743 | 1, 617, 827, 696 |
| Februar |  | 646, 880, 837 | $260,153,830$ | 75, 120, 837 | $685,545,813$ | $1,617,701,317$ |
| March. |  | $649,194,324$ | 267, 113, 479 | 75, 128, 324 | 633, 631, 727 | 1, 625, 067, 854 |
| April |  | 650,578,766 | 271, 658, 388 | 75, 343, 251 | 631, 474, 327 | 1,629, 054, 732 |
| May |  | $655,423,246$ | 274, 343, 656 | 75,560,244 | 628, 663, 423 | 1,633, 990, 569 |
| June |  | 654, 520, 335 | 277, 907, 552 | 75, 547, 799 | 625, 598, 089 | 1, $633,573,775$ |
| July |  | 658, 646, 711 | 279, 718, 791 | 75, 638, 932 | 622, 969, 328 | 1, 636, 973, 762 |
| Augu |  | 663, 589, 790 | 282, 427, 741 | 75, 312, 773 | 620, 809, 845 | 1, 642, 140, 149 |
| Septemb |  | 681, 793, 520 | 285,396, 066 | 75, 398, 925 | 619, 402,546 | 1, 661, 931, 057 |
| October |  | $695,130,375$ | 288, 499, 189 | 75, 758, 186 | 618, 596, 274 | 1, 677, 984, 024 |
| November |  | $699,111,494$ | 290, 975, 812 | 75, 909, 136 | 616, 371, 394 | 1, 682, 367, 836 |
| Decembe |  | 704, 703, 330 | 293, 102, 233 | 76, 295, 886 | 615, 044, 870 | 1, 689, 146, 309 |
| 1888-January |  | 706, 471, 081 | 296, 064, 903 | 76, 345, 966 | 612,383, 649 | 1, 691, 265,599 |
| Febrtary |  | 707, 848, 344 | 298,850, 510 | 76, 327, 799 | 609, 133, 609 | 1, 692, 160, 262 |
| March . |  | 708, 518, 186 | 301, 380, 765 | 76, 383, 888 | 606, 678, 220 | 1, 692, 011, 059 |
| April |  | 711, 369, 409 | 303, 977, 232 | 76, 299, 882 | 605, 107, 517 | 1., $6906,754,040$ |
| May |  | 706, 262, 491 | 306, 394, 831 | 76, 349, 137 | 602, 262, 289 | 1, 691, 268,748 |
| June |  | 705, 818, 855 | 310,044, 544 | 76,406, 376 | 598, 884, 957. | 1,691, 154, 732 |
| July |  | 705, 158, 196 | 311, 774, 844 | 76,510,842 | 596, 134, 751 | 1, 689, 578, 633 |
| Angust |  | 707, 481, 335 | 314, 293, 994 | 76,582, 235 | 593, 028, 043 | 1,691, 385, 607 |
| September |  | 709, 881, 170 | 317, 188, 723 | 76,759, 671 | 590, 210, 018 | 1, 694, 039, 582 |
| October |  | 71.1., 705, 050 | 320, 230, 004 | 76, 660, 481 | 585, 939, 233 | 1, 694, 534, 768 |
| November |  | 709,994, 448 | 323, 185, 473 | 76,715,873 | 583, 007, 888 | 1,692,903, 682 |
| Decembe |  | 704, 608, 179 | 326, 051, 427 | 76, 889,983 | 580, 235, 208 | 1, 687, 784, 797 |
| 1889-January |  | $705,758,221$ | 328, 792, 867 | 76, 889, 716 | $575,722,840$ | 1,687, 163, 644 |
| February |  | 705, 954, 608 | 331, 709, 448 | 76,659,772 | 570, 929, 601 | 1,685, 253, 429 |
| March |  | 704, 773, 319 | 334, 578, 184 | 76,628, 116 | 567, 709, 637 | 1, 683, 689, 256 |
| April |  | 705, 611, 209 | 337, 729, 597 | 76,597, 677 | 565, 187, 489 | 1,685, 1.25, 972 |
| May. |  | 698, 260, 225 | 340, 480, 401 | 76, 585, 840 | 561, 967, 753 | 1,677, 294, 229 |
| June |  | 680, 068, 505 | 344, 026, 341 | 76,601,836 | 557, 878, 699 | 1, 658, 570,381 |
| July |  | 675, 558, 008 | 346, 462, 933 | 76,534, 026 | 554, 674, 705 | 1, 653, 229, 672 |
| Augus |  | 679, 859, 398 | 348, 845,790 | 76, 626, 764 | 552, 444, 387 | 1,657,776, 339 |
| September |  | 681, 819, 487 | 351, 644, 478 | 76, 796, 193 | 550, 248, 818 | 1,660, 508, 976 |
| October |  | 684, 194, 686 | 354, 346, 172 | 76, 628, 781 | 548, 606, 841 | 1, 663, 776, 480 |
| November |  | 685, 749, 280 | 357, 120, 871 | 76, 527, 216 | 546, 227, 653 | 1, 665, 625, 020 |
| December |  | 689, 524, 863 | 360, 531, 079 | 76,697, 331 | 543, 768, 401 | 1,670, 521, 674 |
| 1890-January |  | 690, 980, 770 | 364, 093, 761 | 76, 708, 644 | 541, 128, 235 | 1, 672,911, 410 |
| February |  | 692, 100, 955 | 367, 104, 953 | 76, 708, 892 | $538,681,469$ | 1, 674, 596, 269 |
| March |  | 693, 850, 282 | 370, 593, 705 | 76,799,537 | 536, 955, 618 | 1, 678, 199, 142 |
| April |  | $695,189,333$ | $372,856,893$ | 76,793,513 | 535,945, 916 | 1, 680, 785, 655 |
| May |  | 696, 579, 609 | 375, 291., 520 | 76, 818,427 | 534, 042, 539 | 1,682, 732, 095 |
| June |  | 695, 563, 029 | 380, 051, 916 | 76, 825, 305 | 532, 429, 606 | 1,684, 869,856 |
| July |  | $691.651,019$ | 383, 385, 071 | 76,618, 254 | 530, 934,884 | 1,682, 589, 228 |
| August |  | 689, 273, 307 | 387, 410,958 | 76, 807, 145 | 529,815, 769 | 1, 683, 307, 179 |
| Septemb |  | 693, 026, 194 | 392, 113, 280 | 76,875, 555 | 528, 283, 931 | 1, 690, 298, 960 |
| October |  | 694, 867, 733 | 397, 983, 781 | 77, 193, 068 | 526,291, 449 | 1,696,336, 031 |
| Novembe |  | 698, 801, 777 | 403, 227, 885 | 77, 339, 553 | 525, 010, 027 | 1, 704, 439, 242 |
| December |  | $704,100,811$ | 408, 280, 959 | 77, 638,844 | 523, 769, 187 | 1,713,789, 801 |
| 1801-January |  | $707,008,881$ | 412, 843,984 | 77, 696, 840 | 521, 984, 565 | 1,719,534, 270 |
| February |  | 705, 584, 827 | 417, 272, 537 | 77, 698, 303 | 520, 104, 040 | 1,720,659,707 |
| Mareh |  | 700, 901, 069 | 423, 475, 710 | 77, 740,096 | 518, 216, 080 | 1, 720, 335, 955 |
| April |  | 689, 495, 821 | 427, 881, 761 | 77, 936,913 | 516, 908, 662 | 1, 712, 223, 157 |
| May |  | 661, 993, 363 | 432, 045, 269 | 77, 917, 108 | 515, 531, 855 | 1, 687, 487, 595 |
| June |  | 646,582, 852 | 437, 388, 320 | 77, 848,700 | 514,258, 230 | 1, 676, 078, 102 |
| July |  | 644, 458, 425 | $443,21.8,392$ | 77, 131, 606 | 514, 847, 955 | 1, 679, 656,378 |
| August |  | 647, 489, 823 | $447,961.998$ | 76, 995,390 | 517, 815, 325 | 1, 690, 262, 536 |
| September |  | 653,308, 095 | 452, 508,881 | 76,511, 066 | 518, 466, 162 | 1, 700, 794, 204 |

Ro. eb. - Estmated Amount of Gold and Sifver in Circulation at the end of each Month from June, 1878.

|  | Gold coin. | Silver dollars. | Fractional silver coin. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-June. | \$84, 739, 774 | \$855, 143 | \$64, 918, 322 | \$150, 513, 239 |
| July | 83, 834, 117 | 870, 264 | 65, 071, 757 | 149, 776,138 |
| August | 83, 638,274 | 2, 155,651 | 66, 045, 378 | 151, 839, 303 |
| Septeniber | 85, 264, 1.11 | 4, 057, 295 | 66, 752, 713 | 156, 074, 119 |
| October | 85, 1.71, 21.3 | 4, 884, 929 | 66, 946, 08.1 | 157, 002, 223 |
| November | 86, 225, 072 | 5,595,331 | 67, $633 ., 975$ | 159, 452, 378 |
| December. | 96, 262, 851 | 5,790,721 | 67, 982 , 601 | 170,036; 173 |
| 1879-January | 100, 442, 571 | 6,681, 293 | 68, 243,553 | 175, 267,417 |
| Fobruary | 103,581, 169 | 7,181, 983 | 68,481, 108 | 179, 244, 260 |
| March | 106, 167, 494 | 7,216, 056 | 68, 704, 070 | 182,087, 560 |
| April | 107, 433, 441 | 7, 461,387 | 68, 832, 852 | 183, 777, 680 |
| May | 107, 733, 920 | 7,304,905 | 69, 063, 799 | 184, 102, 634 |
| June | 110, 505, 362 | 7, 653, 649 | 67, 346, 584 | 185, 505, 595 |
| July | 112, 540, 956 | 8, 299, 199 | 63, 735, 909 | 184, 576, 064 |
| Augast | J15, 299, 697 | 9,559,586 | 61, 448,641 | 186, 307, 924 |
| Septenb | 117, 049, 732 | 11, 074, 230 | 60,088,746 | 188, 212, 708 |
| Octaber | 136, 446, 818 | 12,883,566 | 59, 364, 759 | 208, 695, 143 |
| November | 167, 253, 930 | 14, 865, 993 | 58, 905,358 | 241, 025, 881 |
| December | 178, 749, 927 | 16,887, 586 | 58, 674, 498 | 254, 31.2, 011 |
| 1880-Jtnuary | 185, 334, 586 | 17, 544, 039 | 57, 569,007 | 260, 947, 632 |
| February | 195, 503, 715 | 17, 833, 957 | 56, 812, 196 | 270, 149, 868 |
| March | 200, 384, 423 | 18, 375, 908 | 56, 219, 384 | 274, 979, 715 |
| April | 208, 103, 774 | 19,044, 577 | 55, 659,216 | 282, 807,567 |
| May | 220, 609, 800 | 18, 945,060 | 55, 067, 488 | 294, 622, 348 |
|  | 225, 695, 779 | 19, 309,4 45 | 54, 511, 788 | 299, 517, 002 |
| July | 231, 328, 438 | 19,821, 959 | 53, 988, 622 | 305, 139, 019 |
| August | 238, 261, 720 | 20; 772, 687 | 53, 913, 429 | 312, 947, 836 |
| September | 251, 893, 683 | 22, 914, 075 | 54, 368, 542 | 329, 176, 300 |
| October... | 264,930, 185 | 25,763, 291 | 54, 641,043 | 345, 334,519 |
| November | 266, 059, 685 | 27,750, 297 | 54, 719, 069 | 348, 529,051 |
| December. | 279, 458,994 | 29, 262, 487 | 54, 705, 608 | 363, 427,089 |
| 1881-January | 288, 797, 802 | 29,517, 903 | 54, 085, 816 | 372, 401, 521 |
| February | 273,041, 291 | 29,120,545 | 53,865, 739 | 356,027, 575 |
| March | 281, 851, 803 | 29,183, 347 | 53, 496, 971 | 364, 532, 121 |
| April | 302, 895, 032 | 28,614,679 | 53, 389, 316 | 384, 899, 027 |
| May | 312, 577, 342 | 28, 441, 232 | 53, 143, 038 | 394, 161, 612 |
| Jume | 315,312, 877 | 28,827,983 | 52, 839, 364 | 396,980, 224 |
| July | 326, 418, 554 | 29,376,403 | 52, 820, 033 | 408, 614,990 |
| Angast | 319, 290, 055 | 29, 974, 361 | 53, 1.01, 173 | 402, 365, 589 |
| September | 327, 143, 707 | 32, 230, 038 | 53, 859, 326 | 413, 233, 071 |
| October. | 338, 840,772 | 34,096, 327 | 54, 216, 212 | 427, 153, 311 |
| Novemb | 338,774, 376 | 34, 955, 253 | 54, 311, 108 | 428, 040, 737 |
| Decembe | 349, 209,301 | 35, 791, 043 | 54, 294, 179 | 439, 294, 523 |
| 1882--January | 359, 912,800 | 35, 259, 396 | 53, 718,407 | 448, 890, 603 |
| February | 346, 752, 147 | 34, 842, 223 | 53, 444, 834 | 435, 039, 204 |
| March | 353, 870, 390 | 34, 103, 097 | 53,155,519 | 441, 129, 006 |
| April | 365, 674, 497 | 32,986, 624 | 52, 932,476 | 451, 593,597 |
| May. | 355, 880, 276 | 32, 237, 637 | 52, 644, 197 | 440, 762, 110 |
| June | 358, 251, 325 | 31, 990, 964 | 52, 379, 949 | 442, 622, 238 |
| July. | 359, 573, 222 | 32,463, 881 | 52, 318, 934 | 444, 356, 037 |
| August | 356, 622, 754 | 32,563, 531 | 52, 526, 812 | 441, 713, 097 |
| September | 356, 580, 276 | 33, 801, 231 | 53, 185, 370 | 443, 516, 877 |
| October. | 355, 731, 189 | 35, 914, 903 | 53, 856, 388 | 445, 502, 480 |
| Novembe | 355, 945, 167 | 37, 689, 298 | 54, 105, 588 | 447, 740, 051 |
| December . | 353, 166, 194 | 38, 938, 238 | 54, 172, 748 | 446, 277, 180 |
| 1883-January | 355, 115, 324 | 37, 874, 111 | 53,603, 505 | 446, 592, 940 |
| February | 352, 803, 580 | 37, 543, 636 | 53, 275, 784 | 443, 623, 000 |
| March | 351, 159, 933 | 36, 723, 394 | 52,961, 376 | 440, 844, 703 |
| April | 350, 823, 098 | 36,189, 351 | 52, 803, 051 | 439, 81.5, 500 |
| May | 347, 134, 163 | 36, 006, 722 | 52, 612, 794 | 435, 753,679 |
| June | 344, 653,495 | 35, 341, 880 | 52, 474, 299 | 432, 469, 674 |
| July | 342, 038, 527 | 36,623, 847 | 52, 427, 260 | 431, 089,634 |
| A.ugust | 344, 236, 232 | 37, 700, 702 | 52, 190, 792 | 434, 127, 726 |
| Septembe | 346, 067, 206 | 39,783, 527 | 52, 785,446 | 438, 636, 179 |
| October | 348, 648, 323 | 40, 684, 499 | 52, 348,285 | 441, 681, 107 |
| Noremb | 347, 657, 000 | 41, 301, 983 | 51, 616, 197 | 440, 575, 180 |
| December | 347, 093, 445 | 41, 975, 734 | 50, 886, 788 | 439, 955, 967 |
| 1884--January | 346, 418, 091 | 40, 300, 371 | 49, 621, 601 | 436,340, 063 |
| February | 345, 112, 575 | 39, 302, 720 | 48,670, 211 | 433, 085, 506 |
| March | 346, 353, 382 | 39,419, 528 | 47, 819, 665 | 433, 592, 575 |
| April. | 344, 813, 781 | 40,411,564 | 47, 052, 843 | 432, 278, 188 |
| May | 340, 673, 301 | 40, 408, 876 | 46, 359, 219 | 427, 441,396 |
| June | 340, 624, 203 | 39, 794, 913 | 45, 660, 808 | 426, 079, 924 |
| July | 339, 167, 112 | 39,988, 710 | 45, 437, 233 | 424, 593, 055 |
| August | 339, 887, 557 | 39, 415, 107 | 45, 548, 907 | 424, 851, 571 |
| Septembe | 339, 949,363 | 40, 322, 042 | 45, 706, 940 | 425, 978,345 |
| October | 339, 657 , 784 | 41, 804, 104 | 45, 807, 535 | 427, 269,423 |
| Novemb | 340, 636,028 | 42,435, 754 | 45, 984, 200 | 429, 055,982 |
| Dece | 341, 142, 648 | 43, 059, 129 | 45,906, 318 | 430, 108, 095 |

No. 33.-Estimated Amount of Gold and Silver in Circulation at the end of each Month from June, 1878-Continued.


No. 54.-Paper Currency in Circulation at the mad of each Month from June, 1878.

| Month. | $\underset{\substack{\text { notes. }}}{\text { Legal tender }}$ | Currency certificates. | Gold certiticates. | Silver certificates. | National. bank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-J |  |  | \$2 |  |  | \$655, 9 |
| July | 269, 575, 157 | 51, 120, 000 | 23, 852, 9 | 959, 690 | 307, 825, 871 | 653, 333, 69 |
| Aligu | 268,332, 762 | 47.815. 000 | 17, 222, 180 | 1,709, 280 | 309, 868, 704 | 644, 947, 926 |
| Septembe | 273, 6331.676 | 39, 515,000 | 23, 439, 680 | 711, 600 | 311, 500, 886 | 648, 822,842 |
| October | 272, 505, 410 | 35, 660, 000 | 22, 906, 480 | 68,790 | 314.750, 592 | 645, 891, 272 |
| Novem | 273, 025, 612 | 35, 070,000 | 24, 117, 780 | 366, 060 | 313, 976, 518 | 646, 555, 970 |
| December | 277,098, 511 | 33, 1.90, 000 | 21, 189, 280 | 413, 360 | 314, 339, 398 | 646, 230,549 |
| 1879-January | 275. 656, 485 | $40.445,000$ | 17, 082, 680 | 400.340 | 311,034, 824 | 644, 619, 329 |
| Febrrary | 265, 511.043 | 36, 675, 000 | 16, 379, 230 | 331, 860 | 314, 803, 251 | 33, 700, 434 |
| March | 270, 851, 347 | 25, 145, 000 | 16, 253, 960 | 251, 700 | 320, 550, 850 | 633, 052, 857 |
| Apri | 276, 236, 193 | 30, 905, 000 | 15,710, 460 | 197, 680 | 320, 680, 770 | 643, 730, 103 |
| May | 269, 130, 574 | 25, 880, 000 | 15, 380, 120 | 444, 140 | 314, 014; 961 | 624, 849, 795 |
|  | 272, 389, 112 | 29, 355, 000 | 15, 279. 820 | 414, 480 | 320, 675, 372 | 638, 013, 784 |
| July | 283, 889, 550 | 40, 250, 000 | 15. 195, 900 | 771, 170 | 322, 056,448 | 661, 164, 068 |
| Ang | 276, 083, 410 | 34, 375. 000 | 1.5, 008, 700 | 1. 304, 890 | 324, 924, 058 | 651, 696, 058 |
| Septemb | 298, 507, 762 | 29, 240,000 | 14, 513, 200 | 1,176,720 | 329, 328, 434 | 673, 096, 116 |
| Octobe | 309. 158,449 | 20, 195, 000 | 14, 377, 600 | 1,604,371 | 332, 923, 456 | 678, 258, 876 |
| Novem | 316, 707, 562 | 13, 585.000 | 13, 195, 460 | 1, 894, 722 | 336, 285, 797 | 681, 668, 541 |
| Decembe | 324, 020, 522 | 10, 090.000 | 11, 595, 140 | 3,824, 252 | 338, 609, 534 | 688, 140,448 |
| 1880-January | 322. 381,454 | 12.685, 000 | 10, 350, 000 | 3, 989, 454 | 336, 301, 464 | 685, 707, 372 |
| February | 320, 531, 923 | 11,095, 000 | 9, 755, 300 | 4,572, 606 | 338, 998, 267 | 684, 953, 096 |
|  | 322, 600, 935 | 8,320.000 | 8, 244,000 | 6, 017, 006 | 340, 343, 037 | 685, 524, 978 |
| April | 320. 206, 737 | 8,985,000 | 8, 056,800 | 6, 615, 366 | 338, 950, 535 | 682, 814, 438 |
| May | 315. 847,997 | 12,650, 000 | 8,010, 300 | 6, 051, 539 | 335, 694, 719 | 678, 254, 555 |
| Jnne | 313, 660, 457 | 14,235,000 | 7, 963,900 | 5, 789, 569 | 336, 800, 651 | 678, 449,577 |
| July | 312. 581,892 | 15, 075, 000 | 7,852,000 | 6, 930, 959 | 330, 543, 916 | 678, 983, 767 |
| Augu | 315, 031,167 | 11, 205. 000 | 7,661, 100 | 7,619, 219 | 339, 322, 041 | 680, 838,527 |
| Septen | 319, 532.403 | 9,885, 000 | 7,480, 100 | 12, 203, 191 | 339, 872, 302 | 688, 972,996 |
| Octobe | 324, 262, 023 | 8, 625,000 | 7, 447, 700 | 19,780, 241 | 339, 182, 172 | 699, 297, 136 |
|  | 327, 106, 079 | 8, 450, 000 | 7, 381, | 26, 504, 986 | 339, 591, 531 | 709, 036, 976 |
| Decembe | 330, 939, 198 | 6,980,000 | 6, 528, 380 | 36, 127, 711 | 339, 550, 004 | 720, 125, 293 |
| - January | 327, 499, 400 | 8, 630, 000 | 6. 491 , 4 | 36,814, 637 | 337, 508, 713 | 716, 944, 150 |
| Felorua | 324, 474,415 | 7, 640, 000 | 6, 229, 400 | 37, 027,797 | 339, 097, 583 | 714, 469, 195 |
| Miarc | 325, 342, 818 | 6,565. 000 | 6, 028, 900 | 39, 445, 815 | 342, 732, 318 | 720, 114, 851 |
| Apr | 323, 753, 930 | 8, 255, 000 | 5, 961, 200 | 39, 157, 932 | 346, 058, 838 | 723, 186, 900 |
| May | 319,758, 711 | 10,860, 000 | 5, 876, 280 | 38,784, 540 | 345, 820, 707 | 721, 100, 238 |
|  | 31.6, 476, 924 | 11,650,000 | 5,759,520 | 39, 110. 729 | 349, 320, 733 | 722, 317, 906 |
| July | 317, 056, 106 | 10, 525,000 | 5, 748, 120 | 40, 802.892 | 351, 380, 525 | 25, 512,643 |
| Augu | 317, 360, 147 | 9, 450, 000 | 5, 397, 120 | 46, 061, 878 | 353, 176, 365 | 731, 445, 510 |
| Sept | 319, 550, 884 | 8, 105, 000 | 5,239,330 | 52, 590, 180 | 353, 854, 240 | 730, 339, 624 |
| Octo | 320, 399, 247 | $8,275,000$ | 5, 204, 220 | 58, 838, 770 | 355. 123, 453 | 747, 810, 690 |
| No | 320, 279.938 | 8,990,000 | , 199, 620 | 59, 573, 950 | 35f, 953, 345 | 50, 996, 853 |
| Decembe | 320, 688, 216 | 9,510,000 | 5, 188,120 | 62, 315, 320 | 856, 179, 777 | 753, 911, 433 |
| Janaary | 317, 906.622 | 11, 330, 000 | , 180, 220 | $63.537,540$ | 354, 502, 769 | 750, 517, 151 |
| Februa | 316, 979. 166 | 11, 445,000 | 5, 172, 320 | 60, 125, 010 | 355. 611, 439 | 749, 332, 935 |
| March | 318, 309,601 | 10, 925, 000 | 5,166,920 | 59, 423,440 | 356, 399, 710 | 50, 294, 671 |
| April | 318, 053, 192 | 10.990.000 | 5,071, 120 | 58, 908, 570 | 354, 183. 680 | 747, 206, 562 |
| May | 314, 742, 326 | 12,065. 000 | 5, 052, 920 | 57, 227, 060 | 351, 606, 809 | 740.694. 115 |
| June | 312, 010,427 | 13, 245, 000 | $5,029,020$ | 54, 506. 090 | 351, 275, 317 | 736, 065, 854 |
| July | 311, 711, 426 | 12, 220,000 | 5, 016, 440 | 54, 757, 720 | 349, 545, 731 | 733, 251,317 |
| Angi | 310, 797, 075 | 11,81.5, 000 | 4, 992, 040 | 57,739,880 | 352, 546, 988 | 737, 890, 983 |
| Septemb | 314, 732,858 | 10,540,000 | 4, 907, 440 | 63, 20, 780 | 355, 427, 876 | $748,812,954$ |
| Octobe | 316, 991, 820 | 9, 835,000 | 11, 370, 270 | 65, 620, 450 | 355, 409, 283 | 759 926, 823 |
| November | 316, 889,624 | 9,835,000 | 19, 458, 270 | 67, 342, 690 | 355, 380, 459 | 768, 106, 043 |
| December | 318, 226, 621 | 9,575,000 | 39, 514, 810 | 68, 443, 660 | 355, 350, 769 | 791, 110, 860 |
| 1883-January | 813, 088.779 | 12,430,000 | 47, 669, 640 | 68, 438, 520 | 350, 824, 557 | 792, 451,796 |
| Februa | 313, 936, 199 | 11,130, 000 | 42, 554, 470 | 68, 027,420 | 353, 662, 570 | 789, 310, 659 |
| March | 316. 802,455 | 9, 465,000 | 43, 444, 510 | 70, 759, 991 | 354, 992, 868 | 795, 464, 224 |
|  | 315, 711, 393 | 10, 050, 000 | 48, 398, 200 | 71,884. 071 | 352, 203, 939 | 798, 247, 603 |
| May | 313, 209, 191 | 11,790, 000 | 59, 591, 940 | 71, 727, 391 | 349, 095, 679 | 805, 414, 201 |
| June | 310, 1.82, 177 | 13, 060.000 | 59, 307, 370 | 72, 6200,686 | 347, 855, 146 | 803, 525, 379 |
| July | $309,048,370$ | 12, 885, 000 | 60, 068, 600 | 73,728, 681 | 346, 770, 823 | 802,501, 474 |
| Augu | 308, 889, 250 | 12, 055, 000 | 54, 547, 540 | 75, 375, 161 | 347, 887,072 | 798,754, 023 |
| Septemb | $309,480,596$ | 11, 870,000 | 55, 014, 940 | 78, 921,961 | 346, 710, 404 | 802, 003,901 |
| Octob | 309. 567,979 | 12,545,000 | 52,076, 180 | 85, 334, 381 | 345. 100, 240 | 804, 623, 780 |
| Nove | 306. 806, 372 | 14, 365, 000 | 58, 897, 620 | 87, 976, 201 | 343, 230, 410 | 811, 275, 603 |
| Decernb | 307, 036, 767 | 14, 480, 000 | 63, 585̃, 140 | 96, 717, 721 | 340, 993, 531 | 822, 813, 159 |
| 1884-Wanuary | 304, 524, 827 | 16, 835.000 | 77, 462, 620 | 96, 958, 031 | 333, 934, 061 | 829,714, 539 |
| Februar | 300, 872, 384 | 18, 125, 000 | 77, 843, 430 | 96, 247, 721 | 333, 736, 000 | 826, 824 , 535 |
| Marc | 300. 776, 364 | 14, 955, 000 | 68,812, 150 | 95, 919, 576 | 336, 173, 139 | 816, 6336,229 |
|  | 300, 915, 183 | 14, 920.000 | 56, 700, 805 | 95.497, 981 | 332, 266, 201 | 800, 300, 170 |
| May | 307. 919.175 | 11,030, 000 | 59, 125, 480 | 97, 363, 471 | 332, 481, 730 | 807.952, 856 |
| June | 306, 497, 214 | 12,390, 000 | 71, 146, 610 | 96, 427, 011 | 329, 882, 621 | 816, 143, 486 |
| July | 303, 953, 026 | 13,165, 000 | 91, 491. 490 | 95, 138, 361 | 326, 536, 019 | 830, 283, 896 |
| Aug | 305. 837, 462 | 14, 270,000 | 92, 017, 940 | 94, 228, 691 | 324, 517, 896 | 830, 871, 989 |
| Septe | 310, 156, 143 | 15, 630,000 | 87, 389, 660 | 96, 491.251 | 323, 904, 981 | 833,632, 035 |
| Octob | 312, 738.844 | 17,770,000 | 87, 865, 570 | 100, 741. 561 | 322, 836, 117 | 841,952, 092 |
| Novem | 314, 480, 333 | 22, 575,000 | 93, 374,290 | 104, 988, 531 | 320, 254, 849 | 855, 673,003 |
| Deceml | 310. 181, 44.1 | 2:1,760, 000 | 93,287, 420 | 114, 865, 91 | 318, 062,338 | 861,157,110 |

No. 54.-Paper Curriency in Circulation at the end of fach Month from June, 1878-Continued.

| Month. | Legal-tender notes. | Currency certificates. | Gold certificates. | Silver certificates. | Nationalbank notes. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-Jan | \$302,722, 547 | \$30, 085, 000 | \$111,980, 380 | \$113,858,811 | \$312, 169, 259 | \$870, 815: 997 |
| Feln | 297, 754, 194 | 30, 200, 000 | 112, 683, 290 | 111, 467, 951 | 313, 861, 979 | 865, 967, 414 |
| March | 299, 997, 728 | 26, 210,000 | 115, 647, 540 | 112, 500, 226 | 313, 584, 455 | 867, 939, 949 |
| Apr | 299, 815, 326 | 25, 400, 000 | 125, 234, 800 | 109, 443, 946 | 311, 295, 144 | 871, 189, 216 |
| May | 296, 263, 907 | 26, 925,000 | 128, 553, 010 | 105, 085, 186 | 307, 183,159. | 864, 010, 262 |
| June | 301, 633, 637 | 29, 585, 000 | 126, 729, 730 | 101, 530, 946 | 306, 911, 370 | 860,390, 683 |
| July | 298, 262, 019 | 31,420, 000 | 123, 289, 000 | 98, 872, 106 | 307, 297, 711 | 859, 140, 836 |
| Aug | 291, 022,360 | 30, 865, 000 | 123, 885, 490 | 96, 079, 296 | 307, 875,599 | 849, 727, 745 |
| Sept | 295, 551, 684 | 23, 185,000 | 118,137, 790 | 93, 656, 716 | 310, 151, 714 | 840, 682, 904 |
| Octobe | 300, 985, 675 | 18, 145, 000 | 109, 020, 760 | 93, 146, 772 | 309, 840, 846 | 831, 139, 053 |
| Novem | 303, 390, 373 | 17, 555, 000 | 105, 554, 092 | 92, 702, 642 | 310, 973, 491 | 830, 175, 598 |
| Decembe | 304, 949, 816 | 13, 790,000 | 105, 359, 601 | 93, 179, 465 | 311, 164, 536 | 828, 443, 418 |
| 1886-Jamuary | 298, 790, 627 | 14, 590, 000 | 115, 284, 951 | 89,761, 600 | 307, 049, 105 | 825, 476, 292 |
| Febru | 299.483, 725 | 14, 920, 000 | 105, 637, 050 | 88,390, 816 | 309, 039,918 | 817, 471, 509 |
| March | 304, 466,531 | 11, 925, 000 | 90, 775, 643 | 90, 122, 421 | 311, 758, 186 | 809, 047, 781 |
| April | 309, 077, 242 | 11, 515, 000 | $84,715,225$ | $90,733,141$ | 309, 430, 872 | $805,471,480$ |
| May | 306, 436,918 | 13, 955,000 | 80, 120, 025 | 89, 184, 129 | 306, 206, 015 | 795, 902, 087 |
| June | 305, 562, 699 | 18, 250, 000 | 76, 044, 375 | $88,116,225$ | 304, 476, 475 | 792, 449, 774 |
| Jul | 305, 636, 874 | 19, 105, 000 | 74, 718, 517 | 87, 564, 044 | 302, 446, 129 | 789, 470, 564 |
| Aug | 299, 906, 369 | 11, 195, 000 | 77, 698,347 | 89, 021, 760 | 301, 371, 095 | 779, 192, 571 |
| Sep | 302, 456 935 | 7,705, 000 | 84, 691, 807 | 95, 387, 112 | 300,995, 048 | 791, 235, 902 |
| Oeto | 308, 573, 711 | 7,140,000 | 88, 294, 969 | 100, 306, 800 | 298, 116, 544 | 802, 432, 024 |
| Noven | 310, 107, 828 | 7,025, 000 | 90, 520, 633 | 105, 519, 817 | $296,622,243$ | 809, 795, 521 |
| Decemb | 317, 001, 690 | 6,510,000 | 97, 215,605 | 117, 246, 670 | 293, 559, 737 | 831, 533, 702 |
| 1887-January | 313, 677, 334 | 8,720,000 | 105, 665, 107 | 118, 315, 714 | 288, 176, 405 | 834, 554, 560 |
| Februar | 312, 811, 814 | $8,180,000$. | 99, 958,365 | 121, 130, 755 | 285, 792, 236 | 827, 873, 170 |
| Mare | 318, 386, 078 | 7, 135, 000 | 94, 046, 015 | 131, 930, 489 | 281, 392, 226 | 835, 889, 808 |
| Apri | 318, 105, 542 | 8,350,000 | 94, 434, 485 | 137, 740, 430 | 281, 312, 658 | 839,943, 115 |
| May | 315, 923, 640 | 8,990,000 | 90,960, 977 | 139, 143, 328 | 278, 055, 162 | 833, 073, 107 |
| June | 317, 897, 219 | 8,770,000 | 91, 225, 437 | 142, 118, 017 | 276, 554, 488 | 836,565, 161 |
| Jul | 318,587, 276 | 8, 460,000 | 94, 990, 087 | 144, 166, 141 | 273, 146, 207 | 839, 349, 711 |
| Aug | 318, 393, 477 | 7, 130,000 | 88, 765, 340 | 147, 876, 385 | 270, 774, 103 | 832, 939, 305 |
| Sept | 322, 585, 804 | 6, 535, 000 | 97, 984, 683 | 154, 354, 826 | 269, 782, 937 | 851, 193, 250 |
| Octobe | 324, 204, 949 | 7,215,000 | 99, 684, 773 | 160,713, 957 | 267, 757, 278 | 859, 575,957 |
| Novem | 323, 527, 796 | 6, 835, 000 | 0, 780, 753 | 168, 149, 274 | 266, 558, 514 | 855, 851, 337 |
| Decembe | 324, 271, 591 | 6,985, 000 | 96, 734, 057 | 176, 855, 423 | 263, 444, 420 | 868, 290,491 |
| 1888-January | 318, 020, 547 | 10,645,000 | 104, 853, 971 | 179, 321, 053 | 257, 920, 431 | 870, 761, 002 |
| Februal | 313, 198, 929 | 11, 215, 000 | 96, 697, 913 | 1.84, 452, 659 | 256, 097, 116 | 861, 661, 617 |
| Marc | 313, 595, 393 | 8,915, 000 | 91, 953, 949 | 191, 526, 445 | 254, 673, 417 | 860, 664, 204 |
| Apri | 307, 634, 402 | 10,555.000 | 99,561, 293 | 194, 426, 932 | 252, 484, 307 | 864, 661, 934 |
| May | 300,522, 816 | 12, 230, 000 | 109,581, 730 | 196, 645,405 | 248, 878, 462 | 867, 858,413 |
| Jun | 294, 282. 812 | 14, 415, 000 | 119,887, 370 | 200, 387, 376 | 245, 149, 720 | 874, 122, 278 |
| July | -291, 650, 276 | 15, 205, 000 | 131, 959, 112 | 203, 680, 679 | 241, 234, 901 | 883, 729, 968 |
| Al | 290, 455, 623 | 14, 645,000 | 124, 750, 394 | 209, 658, 966 | 238, 466, 870 | 877, 976, 853 |
| Sep | 293, 322,053 | 12,730,000 | 134, 838, 190 | 218, 561, 601 | 237, 505, 695 | 896, 957, 539 |
| Octobe | 298, 287, 696 | 11, 580, 000 | 140,613, 658 | 229, 783, 152 | 235, 090, 263 | 915, 354, 769 |
| Novemb | 300, 11.8, 060 | 11, 360,000 | 129, 264, 228 | 237, 415, 789 | 232, 945, 416 | 911, 102, 493 |
| Decembe | 305, 555, 156 | 10, 250,000 | 120, 888, 448 | 246, 219, 999 | 229, 486, 146 | 912, 399, 749 |
| 1859-Jantary | 308, 319,518 | 13,915, 000 | 130,986, 592 | 245, 337, 438 | 223, 602, 595 | 917, 161, 143 |
| Februa | 301, 460, 505 | 15, 920, 000 | 130, 210, 717 | 246, 628, 953 | 220, 815, 013 | 915, 035,188 |
| March | 307, 179, 785 | 14, 450, 000 | 128, 826, 517 | 251, 263, 679 | 217, 974, 354 | 919, 694, 335 |
| Apiril | 308, 330, 879 | 14,580, 000 | 136, 614, 789 | 254, 939, 203 | 214, 819, 583 | 929, 284, 454 |
| May | 302, 740, 629 | 16, 150,000 | 129,044, 662 | 255, 337,810 | 210, 583, 650 | 914, 056, 751 |
| Jun | 300, 344, 981 | 16, 735,000 | 116,792, 759 | 257, 102, 445 | 207, 039, 352 | 898, 014, 487 |
| $J \mathrm{July}$ | 298, 741, 650 | 17, 575, 000 | 118, 541, 409 | 259, 557, 125 | 204, 361, 154 | 898, 776, 338 |
| Augi | 297, 810, 081 | 16, 545,000 | 123, 393, 519 | 268, 580, 626 | 201, 172, 71.0 | 907, 501, 936 |
| Septe | 310,235, 758 | 15, 275, 000 | 116, 675, 349 | 276, 619, 715 | 199, 684, 081 | 918, 489, 903 |
| Octobe | 316;867,515 | 12,510,000 | 120,937, 229 | 277, 319, 944 | 196, 714, 410 | 924,349, 098 |
| Novem | 321, 721, 994 | 10,140, 000 | 123, 483, 119 | 276, 794, 386 | 195, 294, 664 | 927, 434, 163 |
| Decembe | 331, 007, 091 | 9,000,000 | 122, 985, 889 | 282, 949, 073 | 192, 587, 030 | 988, 529, 088 |
| 1890-January | 327, 444, 792 | 11, 630,000 | 138,657, 169 | 281, 331, 771 | 188, 274, 459 | 947, 338, 191 |
| - Februa | 326, 857, 151 | 10,230, 000 | 130, 604, 804 | 284, 176, 262 | 187, 661, 139 | 939,529, 356 |
| March | 332, 101, 359 | 7.660, 000 | 134, 938, 079 | 290, 605, 562 | 186, 337, 406 | 951, 642, 406 |
| Apr | $380,676,605$ | 8, 795,000 | 134, 642, 839 | 292, 923, 348 | 185, 322, 364 | 852, 360, 156 |
| May | 326,933, 217 | 9,855,000 | 130,788, 399 | 294, 656, 083 | 183, 072, 228 | 945, 304, 927 |
| Juî | 323, 046, 826 | 11, 830, 000 | 131, 380, 019 | 297, 210, 043 | 181, 396, 823 | 944, 863, 711 |
| July | 322, 697, 604 | 11, 820,000 | 132, 444, 749 | 298, 748, 913 | 179, 487, 509 | 945, 198, 775 |
| Ang | 328,663, 206 | 8,820, 000 | 124, 382, 539 | 303, 471, 210 | 178,071, 525 | 943, 408, 480 |
| Septem | 341, 022, 226 | 6,990,000 | 158, 104, 739 | 309, 321, 207 | 176, 982, 404 | 992, 420,576 |
| Octobe | 345, 885, 104 | 6,910, 000 | 138, 173, 979 | 308, 206, 177 | 175, 947, 795 | 975, 123, 055 |
| Novemb | 352, 794, 952 | 6,270,000 | 131, 316, 499 | 308, 576, 499 | 174, 912, 067 | 973, 870,017 |
| December | 358, 572, 168 | 6,810, 000 | 144, 047, 279 | 308, 289, 463 | 173, 738,584 | 991, 457, 494 |
| 1891-January | 353, 427, 214 | 11, 360,000 | $155,839,449$ | 303, 844, 086 | 168, 9883,398 | 993, 454,147 |
| - Februa | 356,876, 130 | 12,270,000 | 147, 119, 129 | $303,822,259$ | 168, 452, 386 | 988, 539, 904 |
| March | 367, 952, 171. | 11, 145, 000 | 144, 317, 069 | 309, 632, 535 | $168,119,827$ | 1, 001, 166, 602 |
| April | 369, 204, 872 | 14,000, 000 | 138,890,799 | 312, 933,440 | 166, 171, 886 | 1, 001, 200, 997 |
| May | 365, 431, 026 | 17,750,000 | 122, 124, 339 | 310, 541, 378 | 163, 661, 349 | 979, 508, 092 |
| Jane | 364, 177, 437 | 21, 365,000 | 120, 850, 399 | $307,364,148$ | 161,922, 040 | 975, 679, 024 |
| July | $363,576,642$ | 27, 265, 000 | 115, 715, 389 | 307, 291, 114 | 162, 241, 992 | 976, 090, 137 |
| Augu | 363, 444, 786 | 28, 455, 000 | 108, 273, 079 | 317,588, 321 | 164, 312, 057 | 982, 073, 243 |
| Septembe | 383, 936, 429 | 17,845, 000 | 112, 451, 569 | 322,016,487 | 166,090, 066 | 1, 002, 339, 551 |

No. 55.-Estimated Amount of Money in Circulation at the end of each Monte from June, 1878.

|  | Month. | Gold and gold certificates. | Silver and silver certifi. cates. | Notes and currency certificates. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878-June |  | \$109, 637, 454 | \$65, 780, 545 | \$631, 035,782 | \$806, 453, 781 |
| July |  | 107, 687, 097 | 66,901, 711 | 628,521, 028 | 803, 109,836 |
| August |  | 100,860, 454 | 69, 910, 309 | 626, 016, 466 | 796, 787. 229 |
| September |  | 108,697, 791 | 71, 521, 608 | 624, 677, 562 | 801, 896,961 |
| October |  | 108,077, 693 | 71, 899, 800 | 622,916, 002 | 802, 893, 495 |
| November |  | 110, 342, 852 | 73, 593, 366 | 622,072, 130 | 806, 008, 348 |
| December |  | 117, 452, 131 | 74, 186, 683 | 624, 627, 909 | 816, 266,722 |
| 1879-January |  | 117, 525, 251 | 75, 325, 186 | 627, 136, 309 | 819, 986, 746 |
| February |  | 119,960, 449 | 75.994, 951 | 616, 989, 294 | 812, 944, 694 |
| Mareh |  | 122, 421,454 | 76, 171, 766 | 616,547, ,1.97 | 815, 140, 417 |
| April |  | 123, 143,901 | 76, 541, 919 | 627, 821, 963 | 827, 507,783 |
| May |  | 123, 114, 040 | 76, 812, 844 | 609, 025, 535 | 808, 952, 419 |
| June |  | 125,785, 182 | 75, 414, 713 | 622, 319, 484 | 823, 519, 379 |
| July |  | 127,737, 856 | 72, 806, 278 | $645,195,998$ | 845, 740,132 |
| August |  | 130, 308, 397 | 72, 313, 117 | 635, 382, 468 | 838, 003,982 |
| Septambe |  | 131, 892, 932 | 72, 339, 696 | 657, 076, 196 | 861, 308,824 |
| October |  | 150, 824, 418 | 73, 852,696 | 662, 276, 905 | 886, 954, 019 |
| Nov |  | 180, 449, 390 | 75, 666, 673 | 666, 578, 359 | 922, 691, 422 |
| December |  | 190, 346,067 | 79, 386, 336 | $672,720,056$ | 942, 452, 459 |
| 1880-January |  | 196, 184, 586 | 79, 102, 500 | 671, 367, 918 | 946, 655, 004 |
| February |  | 205, 259,015 | 79, 218,759 | $670,625,190$ | 955, 102, 964 |
| March |  | 208, 628, 423 | 80,612, 298 | 671, 263, 972 | 960, 504, 693 |
| April |  | 216, 160, 574 | 81, 319, 159 | 668, 142, 272 | 965, 622, 005 |
| May |  | 228,620, 100 | 80, 064, 087 | 664, 192, 716 | 972; 876, 903 |
| June |  | 233, 659,679 | 79, 610, 792 | 664, 696, 108 | 977, 966, 579 |
| July |  | 239, 180, 438 | 80, 741,540 | 664, 200,808 | 984, 122, 786 |
| Augrast |  | 245, 922, 820 | 82, 305, 335 | 665, 558, 208 | 993, 786, 363 |
| Septembe |  | 259, 373,783 | 89, 485, 808 | 669, 289, 705 | 1, 018, 149, 296 |
| October. |  | 272,377, 885 | 100, 184, 575 | 672, 069, 195 | 1, $044,631,655$ |
| November |  | 273,441,065 | 108, 974,352 | $675,150,610$ | 1, 057, 566, 027 |
| December |  | 285, 987, 374 | 120, 095, 806 | 677, 469, 202 | 1, 083, 552, 382 |
| 1881-January |  | 295, 289, 202 | 120, 418, 356 | 673, 638, 113 | 1, 089, 345, 671 |
| February |  | 279, 270,691 | 120, 014, 081 | 671, 211, 998 | 1, 070, 496, 770 |
| March |  | 287, 880, 703 | 122, 126, 133 | 674, 640,136 | 1, 084, 646, 972 |
| April |  | 308, 856, 232 | 121, 161, 927 | 678, 067, 768 | 1, 108, 085, 927 |
| May |  | 318,453, 622 | 120, 308, 810 | 676, 439,418 | 1, 115, 261, 850 |
| June |  | 321, 072, 397 | 120, 778, 076 | 677,447,657 | 1, 119, 298, 130 |
| July |  | 332, 166, 674 | 122, 999, 328 | 678,961, 631 | 1, 134, 127,633 |
| August |  | 324, 687, 175 | 129, 137, 412 | 679, 986,512 | 1, 133, 811, 099 |
| Septembe |  | 352, 383, 027 | 138, 679,544 | $681,510,124$ | 1, 152,572,695 |
| October |  | 344, 044, 992 | 147, 151, 309 | $683,797,700$ | 1, 174, 994,001 |
| November |  | 343, 973,996 | 148, 840,311 | 686, 223,283 | 1, 179, 037, 590 |
| December |  | 354, 397, 421 | 152, 400, 542 | 686, 407, 993 | 1. 193, 205, 956 |
| 1882-January |  | 365, 093, 020 | 150, 515,343 | 683, 799, 391 | 1, 199, 407, 754 |
| February |  | 351, 924,467 | 148, 412,067 | 684, 035, 605 | 1, 184, 372, 139 |
| March |  | 359, 037, 310 | 146, 682, 056 | 685, 634,311 | 1, 191, 353, 677 |
| April |  | 370, 745,617 | 144, 827, 670 | 683, 226, 872 | 1, 198, 800, 159 |
| May |  | 360, 933, 196 | 142, 108, 894 | 678, 414, 135 | 1, 181, 456, 225 |
| June |  | 363, 280, 345 | 138, 877, 003 | 676, 530, 744 | 1, 178,688,092 |
| July |  | 364, 589, 662 | 139, 540, 535 | 673, 477, 157 | 1, 177, 607, 354 |
| Augu |  | 361,614,794 | 142, 830,223 | 675, 159, 063 | 1, 179, 604, 480 |
| Septembe |  | 361, 487, 716 | 150, 141, 381 | 680, 700, 734 | 1, 192, 329,831 |
| October |  | 367, 101, 459 | 155, 391, 741 | 682, 236, 103. | 1, 204, 729, 303 |
| Novembe |  | 375, 403, 437 | 159, 137, 574 | 681, 305, 083 | 1, 215, 846,094 |
| December |  | 392, 681, 004 | 161, 554,646 | 683, 152, 390 | 1, 237, 388, 040 |
| 1883-January |  | 402, 784, 964 | 159, 916,436 | 676, 343; 336 | 1, 239, 044,736 |
| Telruary |  | 395, 358, 050 | 158, 846, 840 | 678, 728,769 | 1, 232, 933, 059 |
| March |  | 394, 604, 443 | 160,444, 761 | 681, 260, 323 | 1, 236, 309, 527 |
| April |  | 399, 221, 298 | 160, 876, 473 | 677, 965, 332 | 1, 238, 063, 103 |
| May |  | 406, 726, 103 | 160, 346, 907 | 674, 094, 870 | 1, $241,167,880$ |
| Jane |  | 404, 460, 865 | 160, 436, 865 | 671, 097, 323 | 1, 235, 995, 153 |
| July |  | 402, 107, 127 | 162, 779, 788 | 668, 704, 193 | 1, 233, 591, 108 |
| August |  | 398,783, 772 | 165, 266, $6 \overline{5}$ | 668, 831, 322 | 1, 232, 881, 749 |
| Septembe |  | 401, 082, 146 | 171, 490, 934 | 668, 067, 000 | 1,240. 640,080 |
| Oetober |  | 400, 724, 503 | 178, 367, 165 | 667, 213, 219 | 1, 246, 301, 887 |
| November |  | 400, 554, 620 | 180, , 894, 381 | 664, 401,782 | 1, 251, 850, 783 |
| December |  | 410, 678, 585 | 189, 580,243 | 662, 510, 298 | 1, 262, 769, 126 |
| 1884-January |  | 423, 880, 711 | 186, 880, 003 | 655, 293, 888 | 1, 266, 054, 602 |
| February |  | 422,956,005 | 184, 220, 652 | 652, 733, 384 | 1, 250, 910, 041 |
| March |  | 415, 165, 532 | 183, 158, 769 | 651, 904, 503 | 1, 250, 228;804 |
| April |  | 401, 514, 586 | 182, 962, 388 | 648, 101, 384 | 1, 232, 578, 358 |
| May |  | 399, 798,781 | 184, 131, 566 | 651, 463, 905 | 1, 235, 394, 252 |
| June |  | 4.11, 770, 843 | 181, 882,732 | 648, 569, 835 | 1, 242, 223, 410 |
| July |  | 430, 658, 602 | 180, 564, 304 | 643, 654, 045 | 1, 254, 876, 951 |
| Augus |  | 431, 905, 497 | 179, 192, 705 | 644, 625,358 | 1, 255, 723,560 |
| Septembe |  | 427, 339, 023 | 182, 520, 233 | $649,751,124$ | 1, 259, 610, 380 |
| October |  | 427, 523,354 | 188, 353, 200 | 653, 344, 961 | 1, 269, 2221,515 |
| Novemb |  | 434, 010,318 | 193, 408, 485 | 657, 310, 182 | 1, 284, 728, 985 |
| Decembe |  | 434, 430, 068 | 203, 831, 358 | 653, 003, 779 | 1, 291, 265, 205 |

 Month from June, 1878 --Continued.

|  | Month. | Gold and gold certificales. | Silver and silver certificates. | Notes and currency cer. tificates. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January |  | \$453, 641, 371 | \$200, 346, 611 | \$644, 976, 806 | \$1, 298, 964, 788 |
| February |  | 453, 816, 420 | 196, 956, 358 | 641, 816, 173 | 1, 292, 588,951 |
| March |  | 458, 375, 102 | 196, 887, 059 | $659,792,183$ | 1, 295, 054, 344 |
| April. |  | 467, 947, 370 | 193, 159,695 | $636,510,470$ | 1,297, 617, 535 |
| May |  | 471, 316, 861 | 187, 621, 826 | 630, 372, 066 | 1,289, 310, 753 |
| June |  | 468, 398, 141 | 183, 705, 136 | 638, 130, 007 | 1, 290, 233, 284 |
| July |  | 463, 901, 139 | 187, 751, 433 | 636,979, 730 | 1, 288, 632, 302 |
| Angust |  | 466, 006, 252 | 187, 720, 182 | 629, 762, 959 | 1, 283, 489, 393 |
| September |  | 464, 123, 259 | 190, 260, 632. | 628, 888, 398 | 1,283, 272, 289 |
| October. |  | 458, 106, 541 | 194, 603, 518 | 628,971, 521 | 1,281, 681,580 |
| November |  | 460, 735, 398 | 189, 961, 032 | 631, 918, 864 | 1, 282, 618, 294 |
| December |  | 464, 989, 148 | 192, 924,984 | 629, 904, 352 | 1, 287, 818, 484 |
| 1886-January |  | 478, 042, 368 | 187, 228, 463 | 620, 429, 732 | 1, 285, 700, 563 |
| February. |  | 467, 320, 871 | 185, 940, 198 | 623, 443, 643 | 1,276, 704, 712 |
| March ... |  | 453, 048, 817 | 187, 589, 217 | 628, 149, 717 | 1, 268, 787,751 |
| April |  | 446, 125, 383 | 189, 415, 028 | 630, 023, 114 | 1,265, 563, 525 |
| May |  | 440, 563, 349 | 188, 230, 772 | 626, 597, 983 | 1, 255, 392, 054 |
| June. |  | 433, 980, 712 | 186, 742, 200 | 628, 289, 174 | 1,249, 012, 086 |
| Jaly |  | 433, 792, 902 | 188, 167, 205 | 627, 188, 003 | 1, 249, 148, 11.0 |
| August |  | $442,366,116$ | 192,914,509 | $612,472,464$ | 1,247, 783, 089 |
| September |  | 449, 412, 147 | 203, 589, 459 | 611, 156, 983 | 1,264, 158,589 |
| October. |  | $456,485,867$ | 210, 245, 506 | 613, 830, 255 | 1, 280, 561, 628 |
| Novembe |  | $462,592,892$ | 216, 801, 572 | 613, 755, 071 | 1,293, 149,535 |
| December |  | 469, 505, 865 | 227, 809, 006 | 617, 071, 427 | 1, 314,386, 298 |
| 1887-Jamuary |  | 477, 394, 556 | 225, 645, 402 | 610, 573, 739 | ], 313, 613, 697. |
| February |  | 471, 750,576 | 227, 110, 007 | 606, 784, 050 | I, 305, 644,633 |
| March |  | 467, 254, 477 | 237, 258, 854 | 609, 913, 304 | 1, 314, 426, 635 |
| April |  | 469, 676,335 | 241, 927, 809 | 607, 768, 200 | 1, 319, 372, 344 |
| May . |  | 468, 755, 473 | 243, 060, 289 | 602,968, 802 | 1, 314, 784, 564 |
| June |  | 467, 644, 666 | 246, 194, 469 | 603, 221,707 | 1, 317, 060, 842 |
| July |  | 472, 340, 381 | 249, 025, 193 | 600, 193, 483 | 1, 321, 559, 057 |
| August |  | 470, 315, 596 | 254, 078, 296 | 596, 297, 580 | 1, 320, 691, 472 |
| September |  | 489, 075, 573 | 265, 115,893 | 598, 853, 741 | 1,353, 045, 207 |
| October. |  | 492, 270, 543 | 274, 644, 633 | 599, 177, 227 | 1,366, 092, 403 |
| November |  | 487, 230, 968 | 284, 162, 120 | 596, 921, 310 | 1, 368, 314, 398 |
| December |  | 496, 095, 200 | 298, 046, 598 | 594, 701, 011 | 1, 388, 842, 809 |
| 1888-Jamuary |  | 503, 515, 897 | 292, 574, 023 | 586, 585, 978 | 1, 382, 675, 898 |
| February |  | 494, 978,430 | 296, 022, 890 | 580, 511, 045 | $1,371,512,365$ |
| March... |  | 489, 699, 932 | 301, 612,568 | 577, 183, 810 | 1, 368, 496, 310 |
| April |  | 498, 129,415 | 302, 859, 982 | 570,673, 709 | 1, 371, 663, 106 |
| May |  | 505, 961, 362 | 303, 565, 490 | 561, 631, 278 | 1,371, 158, 130 |
| June. |  | 511, 952, 608 | 306, 287, 314 | 553, 847, 532 | 1, 372, 087, 454 |
| July. |  | $510,565,916$ | 309, 067, 084 | 548, 090, 177 | 1, 367, 723, 177 |
| Angust |  | 501, 098, 299 | 315, 955,830 | 543, 567, 493 | 1, 360, 621, 622 |
| September |  | 512, 168, 054 | 328, 333, 932 | 543, 557, 748 | 1, 384, 059, 734 |
| October.. |  | 520, 630, 475 | 342, 046, 314 | 544, 957, 959 | 1, 407, 634, 748 |
| November |  | $510,655,315$ | 350, 805, 371 | 544, 423, 476 | 1, 405, 884, 162 |
| December |  | 500, 722, 960 | 360, 233, 845 | 545, 291, 302 | 1, 406, 248, 107 |
| 1889-January |  | 511, 102, 957 | 356, 152, 418 | 540, 837, 113 | 1, 408, 092, 488 |
| February |  | 509, 708, 627 | 356, 005, 608 | 538, 195, 518 | $1,403,909,753$ |
| March. |  | 506, 898, 897 | 359, 461, 130 | 539, 604, 189 | 1, 405, 964, 166 |
| April |  | 514, 022, 097 | 362, 209, 085 | 537, 730, 462 | 1, 413, 961, 644 |
| May |  | 506, 007, 520 | 361, 702, 672 | 529, 474, 279 | 1, 397, 184, 471 |
| Jnne |  | 493, 351, 944 | 362, 912, 515 | 524, 119, 283 | 1, 380, 388, 742 |
| July. |  | 493, 339, 844 | 365, 298, 529 | 520, 677, 804 | 1,379, 316, 177 |
| August. |  | 499, 204, 728 | 375, 359, 721 | 515, 527, 791 | 1, 390, 092, 240 |
| Septembe |  | 4.92, 623, 064 | $3866,925,167$ | $525,194,839$ | 1, 404, 743, 070 |
| October. |  | 496, 622, 300 | 391, 099, 305 | 526, 091, 925 | 1, 413, 813, 530 |
| November |  | 498, 252, 608 | 391, 884, 809 | 527, 156, 658 | 1, 417, 294, 075 |
| December. |  | 498, 691, 811 | 398,984, 977 | 532, 594, 121 | 1, 430, 270,909 |
| 1890- January. |  | 513, 594, 485 | 394, 840, 548 | 527, 349, 251 |  |
| February |  | 504, 112, 007 | 396, 499, 004 | 524, 748, 290 | 1, 425, 359, 301 |
| March... |  | 508, 562, 566 | 402, 438, 190 | 526, 098, 765 | 1, 437, 099, 521 |
| April |  | 508, 953, 760 | 403, 722, 364 | 524, 793, 969 | 1, 437, 470, 093 |
| May |  | 506, 034, 755 | $404,920,126$ | 519,860, 445 | 1, 430, 815, 326 |
| June. |  | 505, 330, 625 | 407, 372, 678 | 516, 273, 649 | 1, 428, 976,952 |
| July |  | 507, 558, 945 | 410, 014, 544 | 514, 005, 113 | 1, 431, 578, 602 |
| August. |  | $503,435,726$ | 416, 926, 770 | 515, 554, 731 | 1, 435, 917, 227 |
| Septembe |  | 545, 044, 462 | 427, 765, 507 | 524, 994, 630 | 1, 497, 804, 599 |
| October. |  | 538, 552, 109 | 431, 557, 399 | 528, 742, 899 | 1, 498, 852, 407 |
| November |  | $536,422,396$ | 434, 097, 823 | $533,977,019$ | 1, 504, 497, 238 |
| December |  | $555,127,876$ | 434, 487, 640 | 539, 120, 752 | 1,528.736, 268 |
| 1891-January |  | $565,280,78 \mathrm{~d}$. | 426, 386, 664 | $533,770,612$ | 1, 525, 438, 060 |
| February |  | $555,872,003$ | 424, 728, 450 | 537, 598, 516 | $1,518,198,969$ |
| March.. |  | 552, 785, 919 | $429,807,547$ | 547, 216, 998 | $1,529,810,464$ |
| April |  | 547, 753, 580 | 431,994, 764 | 549, 376, 758 | $1,529,1.25,102$ |
| May. |  | $528,786,199$ | 428, 263, 314 | 546, 842, 375 | $1,503,891,888$ |
| June |  | 528, 915, 129 | 423, 239, 194 | 547, 464, 477 | $1,499,618,800$ |
| July |  | 523, 345, 401 | 423, 218, 457 | 553, 083, 634 | 1, 499, 647, 492 |
| August. |  | $515,018,414$ | 434, 701, 686 | 556, 211, 843 | 1, 505, 931, 943 |
| September |  | 520, 784, 873 | 441, 875, 108 | 567, 871, 495 | 1,530, 531, 476 |

No. 56.-Distribution of the Stock of Money at the end of each Month from June, 1878.

| Month. | Belonging to Treasury. | On deposit in Ireasury. | Total in Treasury. | In circulation. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 78-June |  |  |  |  | ! |
|  | \$1 | \$9 | \$256, 685, 421 | \$806, 453, 781 | \$1, 063, 139, 202 |
| July | 171, 603,016 | 97, 211, 030 | 268, 81.4, 046 | 803, 109,836 | 1, $071,923,882$ |
| Augu | 184, 676, 390 | 98, 425, 280 | 278, 101, 670 | 796, 787, 229 | 1. $074,888,899$ |
| September | 182, 589,268 | 75, 744, 670 | 258, 333, 938 | 804, 896, 961 | 1, $063,230,899$ |
| October | 190, 855, 686 | 71, 356, 350 | 262, 212, 036 | 802, 893, 495 | 1, 065, 105,531 |
| Novemb | 195, 570, 088 | $73,426,420$ | 268, 996, 508 | 806, 008, 348 | 1, $075,004,856$ |
| Decembe | 190, 817, 761 | 58,776, 830 | 249, 594, 591 | 816, 266, 722. | 1, 065, 861, 313 |
| 1879-Jannary | 193, 593, 585 | 61, 397, 880 | 254, 991, 465 | 819, 986, 746 | 1, 074, 978, 211 |
| Februar | 206, 904, 277 | $65,187,680$ | 272, 091, 957 | 812, 944, 694 | 1, 085, 036, 651 |
| March | 209, 813, 027 | 46, 356, 230 | 256, 169, 257 | $815,140,417$ | 1, 071, 309, 674 |
| April | 203, 179,569 | 49, 794, 620 | 252, 974, 189 | 827, 507, 783 | 1, 080, 481, 972 |
| May | 225, 855, 518 | 44, 815, 660 | 270, 671, 178 | 808, 952, 419 | 1, 079, 623, 597 |
| June | 215, 009, 098 | -48, 685, 650 | 263, 694, 748 | 823, 519, 379 | 1,087, 214, 127 |
| July | 197, 275, 115 | 58, 866, 550 | 256, 141, 665 | 845, 740, 132 | 1, 101, 881, 797 |
| Augu | 217, 413, 862 | 58,745,550 | 271, 159, 412 | 838, 003, 982 | 1, 109, 163, 394 |
| Septem | 229, 773, 314 | 50,347, 750 | 280, 121, 064 | 801, 308, 824 | 1, 141, 429, 888 |
| October | 230, 137, 323 | $43,236,850$ | 273, 374, 173 | 886, 954, 019 | 1, 160, 328, 192 |
| Novembe | 220, 544, 769 | 34, 717, 110 | 255, 261, 879 | 922, 694, 422 | 1, 177,956,301 |
| December | 214, 725,246 | 31, 565, 010 | 246, 290, 256 | 942, 452, 459 | 1, 188, 742, 715 |
| 1880-January | 217, 905, 557 | 32, 364, 010 | 250, 269, 567 | 946, 655, 004 | 1, 196, 924, 571 |
| February | 214, 396, 641 | 31, 217, 520 | 245, 614, 161 | 955, 102, 964 | 1, 200, 717,125 |
| March | 213, 972, 987 | 28, 979, 420 | 242, 952, 407 | 960, 504, 693 | 1, 203, 457, 100 |
| April | 215, 375, 280 | 29, 434, 320 | 244, 809, 600 | 965, 622, 005 | 1, 210,431, 605 |
| May | 213, 023, 056 | 33, 674, 370 | 246, 697, 426 | 972, 876, 903 | 1, 219,574, 329 |
| Jun | 212, 168, 100 | 34, 973, 870 | 247, 141, 970 | 977, 966,579 | 1, 225,108, 549 |
| July | 211, 855,758 | 36, 238, 890 | 248, 094, 648 | 984, 122,786 | 1, 232, 217, 434 |
| August | 216, 208, 008 | 32,145, 940 | 248, 353,948 | 993, 786, 363 | 1, 242,140, 311 |
| Septemb | 214, 412, 956 | 36, 008, 660 | 250; 421, 616 | 1,018, 149, 296 | 1, 268,570,912 |
| October | 209, 246, 545 | 43, 343, 460 | 252, 590, 005 | 1,044, 681,655 | 1, 297, 222,660 |
| Novemb | 210, 610, 092 | 51, 002, 780 | 261, 612, 872 | 1, 057, 566, 027 | $1,319,178,899$ |
| December | 208, 238,450 | 59, 246, 010 | 265, 479, 460 | 1,083, 552, 382 | 1, 349,081, 842 |
| 1881--January | 210, 562, 412 | 61, 971, 700 | 272, 534, 112 | 1, 089, 345; 671 | 1,361,879, 783 |
| Frebrua | 232, 601, 378 | 62, 390, 740 | 294, 992, 118 | 1,070, 496, 770 | 1,365, 188,888 |
| March | 232, 766, 310 | 63, 155,700 | 295, 922, 010 | 1, 084, 646, 972 | 1,380, 568, 982 |
| April | 234, 262, 989 | 64, 937, 740 | 299, 200, 729 | 1, 108, 085, 927 | 1, 407, 286,656 |
| May | 233, 773, 252 | 67, 545, 850 | 301, 319, 102 | 1, 115, 261, 850 | 1, 416,580, 952 |
| June | 235,254, 254 | 68, 874, 450 | 304, 128, 704 | 1,119, 298, 1.30 | 1, 423,;426,834 |
| July | 227, 497, 147 | 68,473, 800 | 295, 970, 947 | 1, 134, 127, 633 | ]., 430, 0988,580 |
| Augu | 237, 904, 947 | 72, 604, 230 | 310, 509, 177 | 1,133, 811, 099 | 1, 444,320, 276 |
| Septemb | $235,146,342$ | 77, 713, 830 | 312, 860, 172/ | 1, 152, 572, 695 | 1,465,432,867 |
| October | 227, 678, 796 | 79, 845, 590 | 307, 524, 386 | 1, 174, 994, 001 | 1, 482, 518,387 |
| Norember | 232, 443, 530 | 80,916,750 | 313, 360, 280 | 1,179, 037, 590 | 1, 492,397, 870 |
| Decernbe | 226, 405,926 | $83,453,350$ | 309, 859, 276 | 1, 193, 205, 956 | 1,503, 0655,232 |
| 1882-January | 225, 44.5, 802 | 85, 587, 790 | 311, 033, 592 | 1,199, 407, 754 | 1,510,441, 346 |
| February | 237, 016, 611 | $85,412,600$ | 322, 429, 211 | 1, 184, 372, 139 | 1,506, 801, 350 |
| March | 233, 636, 415 | 84, 662, 290 | 318, 298, 705 | 1, 191, 353, 677 | 1, 509,652,382 |
| April | 227, 180, 718 | $83,968,480$ | 311, 149, 198 | 1, 198,800, 159 | 1, 509, 949,357 |
| May | 235, 153, 130 | $85,121,640$ | 320,274, 770 | 1,181, 456, 225 | 1,501,730, 995 |
| June | 235, 107, 471 | 84, 453, 830 | 319,561, 301 | 1, 178, 688, 092 | 1, 498, 249,393 |
| July | 236, 293, 996 | 84, 867, 150 | 321,161, 146 | 1, 177,607, 354 | 1, 498,768,500 |
| Augu | 239, 815, 737 | 86, 432, 250 | 326, 247, 987 | 1, 179, 604, 080 | 1,505,852, 067 |
| Septeribe | 235, 862, 184 | 87, 146, 650 | 323, 008, 834 | 1, 1.92, 329,831 | 1,515,338, 665 |
| October | 232, 216, 185 | 109, 913, 150 | 342, 129, 335 | 1, 204, 729, 303 | 1,546, 858, 638 |
| Novem | 227, 788, 473 | 118, 349, 200 | 346, 137, 673 | 1, 215, 846, 094 | 1, 561, 983, 767 |
| December | 213, 964, 241 | 147, 053, 500 | 361, 017, 741 | 1,237, 388, 040 | 1, 598, 405,781 |
| 1885-January | 217, 286, 074 | 158, 012, 410 | 375, 298, 484 | 1, 239, 044, 736 | 1, 614; 343,-220 |
| Februa | 227, 198, 919 | 159, 486, 710 | 386, 685. €29 | 1,232, 933, 659 | 1, 619,619,288 |
| March | 230, 452, 675 | 162, 310, 05.1 | 392, 762, 726 | 1, 236, 309, 527 | 1,629, 072, 253 |
| Apri | 232, 731, 536 | 172, 209, 951 | 404, 941, 487 | 1,238, 063,103 | 1, 643, 004,590 |
| May | 233, 393,499 | 175, 299, 271 | 408, 692, 770 | 1,241, 167, 880 | 1,649; 860,650 |
| June | $242,188,649$ | 184, 370, 471 | 426, 559, 120 | 1, 235, 995, 053 | 1,662, 554, 173 |
| July | 247, 669, 232 | 185, 633, 451 | 433, 302, 683 | 1,233,591, 108 | 1, $666 ; 893,791$ |
| August | 252, 841, 310 | 187, 789, 721 | 440,631, 031 | 1, 232, 881, 749 | 1, 673, 512,780 |
| September | 249, 981, 216 | 188, 930, 481 | 438,911, 697 | 1, 240,640, 080 | 1, 679, 551, 777 |
| October | 250, 700, 835 | 195, 528, 081 | 446, 228, 916 | 1,246, 304, 887 | 1, 692, 533, 803 |
| Novembe | 251, 202, 485 | 202, 180, 731 | 453, 383, 216 | 1, 251, 850, 783 | 1, 705, 233, 999 |
| December | 244, 039, 832 | 215, 490, 531 | 459,530, 363 | 1, 262, 769, 126 | 1, 722 299,489 |
| 1884-January | 243, 624, 235 | 228, 267, 671 | 471, 891, 906 | 1, 266,054, 602 | 1, 737, 946,508 |
| February | 247, 756, 274 | 236,796, 321 | 484,552,595 | 1,259, 910,041 | 1, 744, 462, 636 |
| March | $248,068,281$ | 236, 119, 561 | 484, 187, 842 | 1,250, 228,804 | 1, 734, 416, 646 |
| April. | 249, 546, 387 | 232, 515, 431 | 482, 061, 818 | 1, 232, 578,358 | 1, 714, 640, 176 |
| May | 246, 506; 174 | 227, 162, 351 | 473, 668, 525 | 1,235, 394, 252 | 1, 709, 062, 777 |
| June | 243, 323, 870 | 230, 589, 351 | 473, 913, 221 | 1, 242, 223, 410 | 1, 716, 136, 631 |
| July | 236, 095, 241 | 251, 651, 661 | 487, 746, 902 | 1,254, 876, 951 | 1,742, 623, 853 |
| Augast | 241, 422, 793 | 257, 271, 841 | 498, 694, 634 | 1, 255, 723, 560 | $1,754,418,194$ |
| September | 242, 464, 31.5 | 260, 142, 341 | 502, 606, 656 | 1,259,610,380 | 1, 762, 217, 036 |
| October | 237, 193, 035 | 269, 754, 851 | 506, 947, 886 | 1,269, 221,515 | 1, 776, 169, 401 |
| Novemb | 231, 845, 064 | 276,710, 471 | 508, 555, 585 | 1,284, 728, 985 | 1,793, 284, 520 |
| December | $229,305,366$ | 282, 719,441 | 512,024, 807 | 1,291, 265, 205 | 1, 803, 290, 012 |

No.56.-Distribution of the Stock of Money at the rnd of each Month FROM JUNE, 1878-Continued.

| Month. | Belonging to Treasury. | On deposit in Treasury. | Total in Treasury. | In circulation. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January | \$224, 229, 743 | \$305, 606, 231 | \$529, 835, 974 | \$1, $298,964,788$ | \$1, 828, 800, 762 |
| February | 232, 176, 538 | 325, 110, 051 | 557, 286, 589 | 1, 292, 588, 951 | 1,849, 875,540 |
| March | 232, 297, 560 | 323, 914, 371 | 556, 211, 931 | 1, 295, 054, 344 | 1, 851, 266, 275 |
| April | 232, 497, 069 | 320, 895, 176 | 553, 392, 245 | 1, 297, 617, 585 | 1, 851, 009, 780 |
| May | 242, 060, 908 | 31.0, 825, 136 | 552, 886, 044 | 1,289, 310, 753 | 1, 842, 196, 797 |
| June | 244, 864, 983 | 310, 009, 786 | 554, 874, 722 | 1, 290, 233, 284 | 1, 845, 108, 006 |
| July | 248, 086, 4.22 | 311, 504, 406 | 559, 590, 828 | 1, 288, 632, 302 | 1, 848, 223, 130 |
| Auga | 257, 987, 095 | 310, 843, 906 | 568, 831, 001 | 1, 283, 489, 393 | 1, 852, 320, 394 |
| Septe | '660, 639, 087 | 289, 646, 736 | 556, 285, 823 | 1, 283, 272, 289 | 1, 839, 558, 112 |
| October | 272, 803, 813 | 283, 744, 896 | 556, 548, 70.9 | 1, 281,681,580 | I, 838, 230, 289 |
| Novembe | 282, 272, 127 | 282, 549, 166 | 564, 821, 293 | 1, 282, 618, 294 | 1, 847, 439,587 |
| Decembe | 285, 412,972 | 278, 108, 856 | 563, 521, 828 | 1, 287, 818, 484 | 1,851, 340, 312 |
| 1886-January | 291, 332,610 | 277, 936, 036 | 569, 268, 646 | 1, 285, 700, 563 | 1,854, 969, 209 |
| Februar | 299, 241, 760 | 277, 841, 536 | 577, 083, 296 | 1, 276, 704, 712 | 1, 853, 788, 008 |
| March | 300, 733, 518 | 272, 871, 566 | 573, 605, 084 | 1, 268, 787, 751 | 1, 842, 392, 835 |
| April | 302, 401, 450 | 270, 726, 296 | 573, 127, 746 | 1, 265, 563,525 | 1, 838, 691, 271 |
| May | 307, 483, 912 | $265,990,840$ | 573, 474, 752 | 1, 255, 392, 054 | 1, 828, 866, 806 |
| Jun | 308, 880, 703 | 205, 651, 920 | 574, 482, 623 | 1, 249, 012, 086 | 1, 823, 494,709 |
| July | 310, 995, 130 | 261, 844, 779 | 572, 839, 909 | 1, 249, 148, 110 | -1, 821, 988, 01.9 |
| Angust | 320, 164, 084 | 253, 690. 579 | 573, 854, 663 | 1, 247, 783, 089 | 1, 821, 637, 752 |
| Septemb | 313, 074, 676 | 251, 144, 229 | 564, 218, 905 | 1,264, 158, 589 | 1,828, 377, 494 |
| October | 305, 429,945 | $250,202,529$ | 555, 632, 474 | 1, 280, 561, 628 | 1, 836, 194, 102 |
| Novembe | 305, 292, 013 | 251, 952, 429 | 557, 244, 442 | 1, 298, 149, 535 | 1, 850, 393, 977 |
| Decembe | 298, 753, 954 | 255, 996, 511 | 554, 750, 465 | 1, 314, 386, 298 | 1, 869, 136, 763 |
| 1887-January | 304, 213, 999 | 258, 381, 841 | 562, 595, 840 | 1, 313, 613, 697 | 1, 876, 209, 587 |
| Februar | 312, 056, 684 | 259, 241, 697 | 571, 298, 381 | 1, 305, 644, 633 | 1,876, 943, 014 |
| March | 310,641, 219 | 269, 491, 963 | 580, 133, 182 | 1, 314, 426, 635 | 1,894, 559, 817 |
| Apri | 309, 682, 388 | 274, 597, 655 | 584, 280, 043 | 1, 319, 372, 344 | 1,903, 652,387 |
| May | 319, 206, 005 | 276, 894, 827 | 596, 100, 832 | 1, 314, 784, 564 | 1, 910, 885,396 |
| June | 316, 512, 983 | 276, 109,967 | 592, 622, 900 | 1, 317, 060, 842 | 1,909, 883, 742 |
| July | 315, 414, 704 | 270, 274, 447 | 585, 689, 151 | 1,321, 559, 057 | 1, 907, 248, 208 |
| Aug | 321, 448, 678 | 273, 196, 675 | 594, 645, 353 | $1,320,691,472$ | 1,915, 336, 825 |
| Septeml | 308, 945, 850 | 292, 098, 638 | 601, 044, 488 | 1, 353, 045, $207^{\circ}$ | 1,954, 089, 695 |
| October | 311, 891,621 | 304, 093, 382 | 615, 985, 003 | 1, 366, 092, 403 | 1,982, 077, 406 |
| Novemb | 314, 053, 438 | 310, 473, 311 | 624, 526, 749 | 1, 368, 314, 398 | 1, 992, 841, 147 |
| Decembe | 305, 308, 500 | 318, 054, 444 | 623, 357, 944 | 1, 383, 842, 809 | 2, 007, 200, 753 |
| 1888-January | 308, 589, 702 | 330, 698, 751 | 639, 288, 453 | 1, 382, 675, 898 | 2, 021, 904, 351 |
| Februa | 320, 647, 897 | 340, 934, 209 | 661, 582, 106 | 1, 371, 512, 365 | 2, 033, 094, 471 |
| March | 324, 414, 749 | 342, 067, 283 | 666, 482, 032 | 1, 368, 496, \$10 | 2, 034, 978, 342 |
| April | 325, 090, 985 | 343, 812, 834 | 668, 903, 769 | 1, 371, 663, 106 | 2, 040, 566, 875 |
| May | 320, 110, 618 | $372,959,668$ | 693, 070, 286 | 1, 371, 158, 130 | 2, 064, 228, 41.16 |
| Ju | 319, 067, 279 | 386, 179, 922 | 705, 247, 201 | 1, 372, 087, 454 | 2, 077, 334, 655 |
| July | 321, 855,456 | 404, 540, 765 | 726, 396, 221 | 1, 367, 723, 177 | 2, 094, 119, 398 |
| Augus | 330, 763, 985 | 401, 264, 478 | 732, 028, 463 | 1, 360, 621, 622 | 2,092,650,085 |
| Septemb | 309, 979, 848 | 402, 046, 076 | 712, 025, 924 | 1, 384, 059, 734 | 2,096, 085, 658 |
| October. | 286, 900, 019 | 415, 934, 926 | 702, 834, 945 | 1, 407, 634, 748 | 2, 110, 469, 693 |
| Novembe | 287, 019,520 | 424, 466, 434 | 711, 485, 954 | 1, 405, 884, 162 | 2,117, 370, 116 |
| Decembe | 281, 536, 690 | 417, 914, 716 | 699, 451, 406 | 1, 106, 248, 107 | 2, 105, 699, 513 |
| 1889-January | 279, 071, 156 | 420, 094, 661 | $699,165,817$ | 1, 408, 092, 488 | 2, 107, 258, 305 |
| February | 281, 343, 676 | 423, 560, 381 | 704, 904, 057 | $1,403,909,753$ | 2, 108, 813, 810 |
| March . | 277, 725, 090 | 426, 396, 557 | 704, 121, 647 | 1, 405, 964, 166 | 2,110, 085, 813 |
| April | 271, 164, 328 | 430, 479, 255 | 701, 643, 583 | 1,413, 961, 644 | 2,115, 605, 227 |
| May | 280, 109, 758 | 434, 557, 701 | 714, 667, 459 | 1, 397, 184, 471 | 2,111, 851, 930 |
| June | 278, 186, 640 | $433,633,298$. | 711, 819, 938 | 1, $380,383,742$ | 2,092, 203,680 |
| July | 273, 913, 495 | 436, 024, 748 | 709, 938, 243 | 1,379, 316, 177 | 2,089, 254,420 |
| August | 267, 684, 099 | 454, 677, 948 | 722, 362, 047 | 1, $390,092,240$ | 2, 112, 454, 287 |
| Septembe | $255,765,906$ | 455, 291, 919 | 711, 057, 825 | 1, 404, 743, 070 | 2,115, 800, 895 |
| October | 249,962, 950 | 448, 371, 369 | 698, 334, 319 | 1, 413, 813, 530 | 2, 112, 147, 849 |
| November | 248, 330, 945 | 444, 114, 769 | 692, 445, 714 | 1, 417, 294, 075 | 2, 109, 739, 789 |
| Decembe | $240,250,765$ | 449, 074, 028 | 689, 324, 793 | 1, 430, 270, 909 | 2,119, 595, 702 |
| 1890-January | $237,127,1.26$ | 455, 415, 928 | 692, 543,054 | 1, 435, 784, 284 | 2, 128,327, 338 |
| February | 249, 236, 967 | 457, 547, 278 | 706, 784, 245 | 1, 425, 359, 301 | 2,132, 143, 546 |
| March | 241, 099, 621 | 462, 215, 742 | 703, 315, 363 | 1, 437, 099, 521 | 2, 140, 414, 884 |
| April | 243, 315, 562 | $465,081,992$ | 708, 397, 554 | 1,437, 470, 098 | 2, 145, 867, 647 |
| May | 251, 916, 769 | 468, 048, 625 | $719,965,394$ | 1, 430, 815, 326 | 2, 150, 780, 720 |
| June | 255, 892, 904 | 471, 362, 730 | 727, 255, 634 | 1, 428, 976, 952 | 2, 156, 232, 586 |
| July | 251, 010, 626 | 474, 073, 040 | 725, 083, 666 | 1, 431, 578, 602 | 2,156, 662, 268 |
| August | 247, 389, 951 | $478,650,340$ | 726, 040, 291 | 1, 435, 917, 227 | 2,161,957,518 |
| Septembe | 192, 494, 360 | $500,576,090$ | 693, 070, 450 | 1,497, 804, 599 | 2, 190, 875, 049 |
| October | 197, 483, 623 | 506, 185, 043 | 703, 668, 666 | 1, 4.98, 852, 407 | 2,202, 521, 073 |
| Novemb | 199, 942, 004 | 511, 473, 893 | 711, 415, 897 | 1, 504, 497, 238 | 2,215, 913,135 |
| 1891 Decenabe | 185, 053, 533 | 516, 198, 247 | 701, 251, 780 | 1,528, 736, 268 | 2, 229,988, 048 |
| 1891-January | 194, 096, 209 | 523, 098, 373 | 717, 194, 582 | 1, 525, 438, 060 | 2, 242,632,642 |
| - February | 202, 460, 738 | 525, 124, 073 | 727,584, 811 | 1,518, 198, 969 | 2, 245, 783, 780 |
| March | 190, 525, 492 | 530, 525, 511 | 721, 051, 003 | 1, 529, 810, 464 | 2, 250, 861, 467 |
| April | 183,098, 054 | 538, 444, 056 | 721, 542, 110 | 1, 529, 125, 102 | 2, 250, 667, 212 |
| May | 183, 595, 706 | 538, 190, 649 | 721, 786, 355 | 1,503, 891,888 | 2, 225, 678, 243 |
| June | 176, 459, 302 | $540,190,031$ | 716,649, 333 | 1,499, 61.8, 800 | $2,216,268,133$ |
| July | 180, 008, 880 | 547, 648, 703 | 727, 657, 589 | 1, 499, 647, 492 | 2, 227, 305, 081 |
| Augus | 18:1,330, 593 | $559,078,603$ | $743,409,1.96$ | 1., 505, 931, 943 | 2, 249,341, 139 |
| September | 170,262, 728 | 549, 806, 748 | 720, 069, 476 | 1, 530, 531, 476 | 2,250,600,952 |

Ne. 5y.-Changes in the Volume of Money in Circulation, from Intiernal Expansion and Contraction and from imports and Exports of Gold, during each Month from June, 1878.

| Month. | Internal expansion. | Internal contraction. | Imports of gold. | Exports of gold. | Net <br> increase. | Net decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jrue |  |  | \$754, 487 | \$367,679 |  |  |
| July. |  | \$3, 367, 327 | 332, 829 | 309,447 |  | \$3,343,945 |
| Angu |  | 6, 054, 345 | 239,758 | 527, 560 |  | 6,342,147 |
| Sepember | \$7, 621, 007 |  | 522,107 | 33,382 | \$8, 109, 732 |  |
| October... |  | 4, 121, 044 | 2,500, 063 | 382, 485 |  | 2,003,466 |
| November December. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 ,} 158,391 \\ & \mathbf{9}, 863,468 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 416,468 \\ & 513,673 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 460,006 \\ & 118,767 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,114,853 \\ 10,258,374 \end{array}$ |  |
| 1879-Jauvary | 3,791,413 |  | 274, 707 | 346,096 | -3,720,024 |  |
| Tebruary |  | 7,063,925 | 137, 386 | 115,513 |  | 7,042,052 |
| March | 2, 084, 208. |  | 188,500 | 76, 985 | 2,195,723 |  |
| April | 12, 622, 782 | 18, 390, 586 | 170, 1784 | 426,310 | 12,367, 366 |  |
| May | 15,864,682 |  | 143, 338 | 1,441,060 | 14,566,960 |  |
| July | 22,319, 1.51 |  | 251,381 | 349, 779 | 22, 220, 753 |  |
| Augu |  | 14, 108, 799 | 6, 723, 313 | 350, 664 |  | 7, 736, 150 |
| Sentember |  | 4, 090, 797 | 27, 528,082 | 132, 443 | 23, 304, 842 |  |
| October Novemb | 6,752, 390 |  | 19, 178, 631 | 285, 826 | 25, 645, 195 |  |
| Novemb December | $18,422,568$ |  | 17, 423, 834 | 105,999 | 35,740,403 |  |
| 1880-Jantary | 3, 633, 182 |  | 795, 568 | 226, 205 | 4, 202, 545 |  |
| Febrmary | 8, 133,099 |  | 464, 473 | 149, 612 | $8,447,960$ |  |
| March | 5, 676, 228 |  | 892, 180 | 1, 166, 679 | 5, 401, 729 |  |
| April | 5, 040, 072 |  | 166, 432 | 89, 192 | 5, 117, 312 |  |
| May | 7, 237,815 $4,982,765$ |  | 123,580 648,272 | 106,497 541,361 | 7, 254, 898 $5,089,676$ |  |
| July | 5, 973, 763 |  | 244, 330 | 61, 886 | 6, 156, 207 |  |
| Angu | 609, 096 |  | 9, 145, 390 | 90, 909 | 9, 663, 577 |  |
| Septemb | 5, 596, 849 |  | 18, 846, 998 | 80, 914 | 24, 362, 933 |  |
| October | 10,396, 172 |  | 16, 256, 058 | 169, 871 | 26, 482, 359 |  |
| Novemb | 3, 599, 740 |  | 9, 555, 391 | 220, 759 | 12,934, 372 |  |
| 1881-January | i, 083,802 |  | 4, 4 4 739,902 | 158,544 30,415 |  |  |
| Tebriary |  | 19, 155, 000 | 577,478 | 271, 379 |  | 18,848, 901 |
| Merrch | 7, 141, 214 |  | 7,169, 774. | 160, 786 | 14, 150, 202. |  |
| Mar | 8, 6 874,644 |  | 1,315, 777 | 614, 498 | 23, ${ }_{175}$ |  |
| June | 4, 330, 673 |  | 322, 155 | 616, 548 | 4, 036, 280 |  |
| July | 14, 191, 012 |  | 750, 852 | 112,361 | 14, 829, 503 |  |
| Aucus |  | 5,565, 082 | $\begin{aligned} & -5,427,196 \\ & 10,660,641 \end{aligned}$ | 178,648 148,166 |  | 316, 534 |
| October | 14, 302, 757 |  | 8, 295, 490. | 176, 941 | 22,421, 306 |  |
| November | 1, 081, 511 |  | 3, 059,202 | 97, 124 | 4, 043,589 |  |
| December | 11, 548, 277 |  | 2,728, 173 | 108, 084 | 14, 168, 366 |  |
| 1882-Jamuary | 5, 169, 977 |  | 1, 134, 040 | 102, 219 | 6, 201, 798 |  |
| Febriary |  | 8,273, 047 | 468, 825 | 7, 231, 393 |  | 15,035,615 |
| March | 9,370, 812 |  | 839, 566 | 3, ${ }^{\text {a }} 328,840$ | 6, 981, 538 |  |
| Apry | 9,237, 630 | 4, 259, 156 | 204, 626 | 13, 289, 404 | 7,446,482 | 17, 343, 934 |
| June | 2, 546,976 |  | 257, 142 | 5, 572, 251 |  | 2, 768, 133 |
| July | 3, 511, 482 |  | 162, 202 | 4,754,422 |  | 1, 080, 738 |
| August | 3, 209, 060 |  | 424, 878 | 1, 637, 212 | 1, 996, 726 |  |
| Septemb | 11, 819, 801 |  | 1, 135, 799 | 229, 849 | 12, 725, 751 |  |
| October. | 8,668, 678 |  | 3, 835, 410 | 104, 616 | 12, 399, 472 |  |
| November | 8,927, 19 |  | 2, 241, ${ }^{2}$ | -175, 699 | ${ }_{21}^{11,511, ~}{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 83-January | 381, 057 |  | 1,309,639 | 34, 000 | 1,656, 696 |  |
| February |  | 5,656, 373 | 291,011 | 745, 715 |  | 6, 111, 077 |
| March | 415, 189 |  | 3, 244, 859 | 284, 180 | 3, 375, 868 |  |
| April | 1, 492, 440 |  | 2, 311, 351 | 2, 050, 215 | 1,753, 776 |  |
| May June | 3, 807, 868 |  | 232, 015 | 935, 106 | 3, 104, 777 |  |
| July |  | $\stackrel{4}{4,732,829}$ | 429, 754 | 100, 870 |  | 2, 403, 945 |
| Augus |  | 2, 554,390 | 1,977, 354 | 132, 323 |  | 709,359 |
| Septemb | 5, 721, 404 |  | 2, 233, 272 | 196, 345 | 7,758,331 |  |
| Octobe | 1, 535, 907 |  | 4, 261, 430 | 132,530 | 5, 664, 807 |  |
| November | 1,585, 446 |  | 4, 363, 818 | 403, 368 | 5, 545, 896 |  |
| - December | 10, 352, 100 |  | 1, 003, 212 | 436,969 | 10, 918, 343 |  |
| Tebrua | 2, 913,829 | 3, 155, 708 | 525,413 422,304 | 153,766 $3,411.157$ | 3,285, 476 | 6, 144..56. |
| March | 1,639,697 |  | 903, 201 | 12, 224, 135 |  | 9, 681,237 |
| April | 386,650 |  | 3, 010,429 | 21, 047,525 |  | 17, 650,446 |
| May | 3,901, 227 |  | 1,626,531 | 2, 711, 864 | 2, 815, 894 |  |
| $\checkmark$ June | 4, 885, 664 |  | 2, 074, 599 | 131, 105 | 6,829, 158 |  |
| Angy . | 10, 529, 544 | 1,736,072 | $2,283,103$ 2,758 1,300 | 159,106 175,619 | $12,653,541$ 846,609 |  |
| Septemin | 2, 486, 498 |  | 1, 477,672 | 77,350 | 3, 886, 820 |  |
| October | 7, 352, 266 | ........... | 2, 451, 402 | 192,533 | 9, 611, 135 |  |
| No | $7,758,095$ $4,524,978$ |  | $8,192,904$ $2,231,799$ | 443,529 220,557 | $15,507,470$ $6,536,220$ |  |

No. 5\%.-Changes of the Volume of Monty in Circulation, from Internal Expansion and Contraction, etc.-Continued.

| Month. | Internal expansion. | Internal contraction. | Imports of gold. | Exports of gold. | Net increase. | Net decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-January | \$7, 070, 986 |  | \$2,074,923 | \$1,446,326 | \$7,699, 583 |  |
| February | $\cdots \cdots$ | \$6,627,974 | 1,887, 965 | 1, 635, 828 | \$1,60, 583 | \$6,375,837 |
| March . | 1, 541, 878 |  | 1,756,597 | -833, 082 | 2, 465, 393 |  |
| April | 2, 938, 653 |  | 782, 533 | 1,157, 995 | 2,563, 191 |  |
| May |  | 7,477,542 | 564,735 | 1. 393,975 |  | 8,306,782 |
| June | 1, 434, 760 |  | 229, 763 | 741, 992 | 922,531 |  |
| July |  | 859,824 | 588, 412 | 1, 329, 570 |  | 1, 600, 982 |
| Augus |  | 5, 517, 499 | 733, 907 | 1, 359,317 |  | 5, 142, 909 |
| Septemb |  | 3, 051, 652 | 2,986, 116 | 151, 568 |  | 217, 104 |
| October |  | 2,775,400 | 1,323, 811 | 139, 120 |  | 1, 590, 709 |
| Novemb |  | 3,721, 184 | $5,096,358$ | 438.460 | 936, 714 |  |
| Decembe | 1,369, 073 |  | 5, 620, 191 | 1,780,974 | 5, 200, 190 |  |
| 1886-January |  | 1, 242, 088 | 1,705, 841 | 2, 581, 674 | 5, 200,100 | 2, 117, 921 |
| Tebruary |  | 4,327, 926 | -986, 384 | 5, 654, 309 |  | 8, 9995,851 |
| March | 1, 163, 463 |  | 840, 337 | 9,920, 761 |  | 7, 916,961 |
| April | 1,237, 279 |  | 350, 751 | 4, 812, 256 |  | 3, 224, 226 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ |  | 3, 024,982 | 248, 550 | $7,395,039$ $8,380,143$ |  | $10,171,471$ |
| June July | $\begin{array}{r} 1,737,484 \\ 729,283 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 202,691 \\ & 582,052 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,380,143 \\ & 1,175,311 \end{aligned}$ |  | 6, 379, 968 |
| Angus |  | 6, 192, 813 | 4, 958, 557 | 130, 765 |  | 1,365, 021 |
| Septembe | 11, 689, 251 |  | 4,994. 609 | 308, 360 | 16, 375, 500 |  |
| October | 11, 254, 056 |  | 5,412,995 | 264, 012 | 16, 403, 039 |  |
| November | 3, 632,545 |  | 9,310,607 | 355, 245 | 12,587, 907 |  |
| December | 9,886, 303 |  | 11., 655, 807 | 305, 347 | 21, 236, 763 |  |
| 1887-Jamary |  | 3, 679, 536 | 3, 535,928 | 628, 993 | 21,23,76 | 772. 601 |
| February |  | 6,435, 278 | 143, 611 | ], 677, 397 |  | 7,969,064 |
| March | 10,648, 963 |  | 577,965 | $2,444,926$ | 8,782, 002 |  |
| April | 6,110,677 |  | 329, 278 | 1,494, 246 | 4,945,709 . |  |
| May |  | 5, 195, 450 | 903, 939 | 296, 269 |  | 4,587, 780 |
| June | 2, 301, 341 |  | 505, 252 | 620, 316 | 2, 276. 278 |  |
| July | 2,816, 239 |  | 2, 177, 752 | 495, 776 | 4,498, 215 |  |
| Angust. | 18,440,378 | 6, | $5,978,776$ $14,089,274$ | 241, 17.961 | 32,353,735 | 85 |
| October.. | 470,017 |  | 12,889, 682 | 312,503 | 13, 047, 196 |  |
| Novomber | 659, 538 |  | 1,952,593 | 390, 136 | 2,221,995 |  |
| December | 14, 089, 149 |  | 1, 805, 248 | 365, 986 | 15, 528, 411 |  |
| 1888-Janmary |  | 938, 092 | , 395, 471 | 624, 290 |  | 1,166,911 |
| Februa |  | 10, 510, 583 | 1, 014, 068 | 1, 667,018 |  | 11, 168, 583 |
| March |  | 3,173, 385 | 2, 270, 840 | 2, 113,510 |  | 3, 016,055 |
| April | 3,376, 719 |  | 748, 164 | 958, 087 | 3, 166,796 |  |
| May | 7, 052, 519 |  | 319, 279 | -7,876,774 |  | 504, 976 |
| June | 3, 790, 430 |  | 293, 170 | 3, 154, 276 | 929, 324 |  |
| July.. |  | 881,471 | 347, 046 | 3, 829, 852 |  | $4,364,277$ |
| August. |  | 7,118,268 | 207, 843 | 191, 130 |  | 7,101,555 |
| Septemb | 22, 486, 181 |  | 1, 275, 356 | - 323,425 | 23, 438, 11.2 |  |
| October.. | 23, 089, 297 |  | 1, 222, 189 | 686,472 | 23, 575, 014 |  |
| Novembe | 1,664.829 |  | 1,960,847 | 5,376, 262 |  | 1, 750, 586 |
| 1889 December | 7, 182, 796 |  | 906,500 | 7, 725, 351 | 363,945 |  |
| 1889-January. | 2,392, 455 |  | 649, 006 | 1, 1.97, 080 | 1,844, 381 |  |
| Felbruary |  | 3, 521, 927 | 817, 400 | 1,478,208 |  | 4, 182,735 |
| March | 5,766, 688 |  | 680, 359 | 4,392, 584 | 2, 054, 413 |  |
| April | 10,367, 739 |  | 805.753 | 3,176, 014 | 7,997, 478 |  |
| May |  | 4,086, 034 | 753, 894 | 13, 445, 033 |  | 16, 777, 173 |
| June | 671,480 |  | 658, 665 | 18, 130, 874 |  | 16, 800,729 |
| July | 3,357, 889 |  | 851, 332 | 5, 281, 786 |  | 1, 067, 565 |
| August | 10, 698, 31.2 |  | 497,927 | 420, 176 | 10, 776, 063 |  |
| Septemb | 12, 530, 719 |  | 2, 409.691 | 289, 580 | 14, 650, 830 |  |
| Octuber | 10,506, 935 |  | 796,988 | 2,233, 463 | 9, 07.0, 460 |  |
| November | 2, 282, 520 |  | 1,773,767 | 575, 742 | 3,480, 545 |  |
| 1890 December | 11, 984, 90¢ |  | 1, 304,850 | 312,920 | 12,970, 834 |  |
| 1890-January | 4,914,507 |  | 1, 059, 837 | 460,969 | 5, 513, 375 |  |
| February |  | 10, 730, 726 | 1, 476, 483 | 1, 170, 690 |  | 10,424, 983 |
| March ... | 11, 574, 612 |  | 1, 629, 432 | 1, 456, 824 | 11, 740, 220 |  |
| April | 944. 574 |  | 478, 353 | 1, 052, 355 | $370,572$ |  |
| May |  | 6, 647, 049 | 280.902 | 288,620 |  | 6, 654, 767 |
| July | 13, 260, 625 |  | 1, 195, 054 | 11, 860,029 | 2,601,650 |  |
| Angust | -4,749,881 |  | 1, 724,565 | 2, 135, 821 | 4, 338, 625 |  |
| Sejitanobar | 60, 743,367 |  | 1, 425, 632 | 281, 627 | 61, 887, 372 |  |
| Octolory |  | 1,162,540 | 2, 635, 583 | 425, 235 | . $1,047,808$ |  |
| November | 4.285, 582 |  | 1,926, 401 | 567. 152 | 5, 644, 831 |  |
| 1891-Decentuer | 18, 838, 371 |  | 6, 033,013 | 632, 354 | 24, 239,030 |  |
| 1891-Jannary |  | 3,966,880 | $1,397,918$ | 729, 246 |  | 3, 298, 208 |
| Febrnary |  | 3,794,249 | 565, 304 | 4, 010, 146 |  | 7, 239, 091 |
| March | 16, 153, 061 |  | 614, 170 | 5, 155, 736 | 11, 611,495 | - 36 |
| April | 13, 244, 436 |  | 233, 318 | 14, 163, 116 |  | 685, 362 |
| May | 5, 134, 898 |  | 212, 618 | 30.580, 760 |  | 25, 233, 214 |
| June | 11, 266, 406 |  | 282,906 | 15, 822, 400 |  | 4,273,088 |
| July. | 5, 602, 218 |  | 1, 029, 148 | 6, 662, 674 | 28,692 |  |
| August... | 5, 061, 864 |  | 1, 394, 755 | 172, 168 | 6,284, 451 |  |
| September | 17, 493, 395 |  | 7, 451, 428 | 345, 290 | 24,599, 583 |  |

No. 5\%.-Seven-Thirty Notes Issued, Redicmed, and Outstanding.

| Issue. |  | Total issued. | Redeomerl to June 30, 1830. | Redcemed during fiscal year. | Total xedeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 17, 1861. |  | \$140, 094, 750 | \$140, 083, 950 |  | \$140, 083, 950 | -\$10,800 |
| August 15, 1864 |  | 299, 992,500 | 299, 942,400 | \$150 | 299, 942,550 | 49,950 |
| June 15, 1865 |  | 381, 000, 000 | 330, 967, 550 | 150 | 330, 967, 700 | 32, 300 |
| July 15, 1865. |  | 199, 000, 000 | 198, 952, 350 | 850 | 198, 953, 200 | 46,800 |
| Total. |  | 970, 087, 250 | 969, 940, 250 . | 1,150 | 969, 947, 400 | 139,850 |

No. 59. -Coupoñs from United States Bonds and Interest Notes Paid during the Fiscal Year 1891, Classified by Loans.


No. 60.-Checks Issued for Interest on Registered Bonds of the United States during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Title of loas. | Number. | Amonint. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Funded loan of 1891. | 15,400 | \$2,420,622.98 |
| Funded loan of 1907 | 111. 027 | 14, 307, 369.50 |
| Total | 126, 427 | 16, 777, 992. 48 |
| Bonds issued to Pacific railways. | 3,272 | 2, 347, 360.32 |
| Total | 129,699 | 19, 125, 352.80 |

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No. 6 1.-Interest on 3.65 Per Cent Bonds of the District of Columbia Padd during the Fiscal Year 1891.

- 0


No. 62.-Refunding Certificates Issued under the act of February 26, 1879, Converted into Bonds of the Funded Loan of 1907.

|  | Issued. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Converted } \\ & \text { to Jume } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1890 \text {, } \end{aligned}$ | Converted during fiscal year. | Total converted. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payable to order <br> Payable to bearer | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 58,500 \\ 39,954,250 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 58,120 \\ 39,850,770 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10 \\ \mathbf{9}, 930 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 58,130 \\ 39,860,700 \end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}\$ 370 \\ 98,550\end{array}$ |
| Total. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 40,012, 750 | 39, 208, 890 | 9,940 | 39, 918, 830 | 93, 920 |

Ne. 63.-United States Bonds and Securities Retired for the Sinking Fund, from May, 1869, to June 30 , 1891.

| 'litle of loan. | How retired. | To June 30, 1890. | During fiscal year. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of February, 1801 , ......... | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,612,000.00 \\ 2,000.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10,612,000.00 \\ 2,000.00 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 10,614, 000.00 |  | 10, 614, 000.00 |
| Oregon war delit. | Parchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 256,800.00 \\ 1,250.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 256,800.00 \\ 1,250.00 \end{array}$ |
| Loan of July and August, 1.861.. | Total | 258, 050.00 |  | 258, 050.00 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 48,776,700.00 \\ 31,700.00 \end{array}$ | \$950.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 48,776,700.00 \\ 32,6 \overline{50.00} \end{array}$ |
|  | Tota | 48, 808, 400.00 | 950.00 | 48, 809, 350.00 |
| 5-20s of 1803................... | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} -24,029,150.00 \\ 30,036,400.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24,029,150.00 \\ & 30,036,400.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Loan of 1863 | Total | 254, 065, 550.00 |  | $54,065,550.00$ |
|  | Purchased. Redeemed. | $\begin{array}{r} 19,854,250.00 \\ 14,500.00 \end{array}$ | 100.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 19,854,250.00 \\ 14,600.00 \end{array}$ |
|  | Total | 19, 868, 750.00 | 100.00 | 19,868,850.00 |
| 10.40s of 1864 <br> 5-20s of March, 1864. | Rcdeemed Purchased | $\begin{aligned} & 691,600.00 \\ & 361,600.00 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 691,600.00 \\ & 361,600.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5-20s of Jone, 1864 | Redeemed | $\begin{aligned} & 18,356,100.00 \\ & 11,072,100.00 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18,356,100.00 \\ & 11,072,100.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| 20s of 1865 | Total | 29, 428, 200.00 |  | 29, 428, 200.00 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 16, \$ 66,150.00 \\ 1,982,450.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16,866,150.00 \\ 1,982,450.00 \end{array}$ |
| Consols of 1865................. | Total | 18, 848, 600.00 |  | 18, 848, 600. 00 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 48,166,150.00 \\ 65,450.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 48,166,150.00 \\ 65,450.00 \end{array}$ |
| Consols of 1867.................. | Total | 48, 231, 600.00 |  | 48,231,600. 00 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} 32,115,600.00 \\ 76,700.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 32,115,600.00 \\ 76,700.00 \end{array}$ |
| Consols of 1868................. | - Total | 32, 192, 300. 00 |  | 32, 192, 300, 60 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 2,213,800.00 \\ 21,350.00 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,213,80.00 \\ 21,350.00 \end{array}$ |
| Funded loan of 1881............. | Total | 2. 235.150 .00 |  | 2, 285, 150.00 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | $\begin{aligned} & 43,599,000.00 \\ & 25,073,800.00 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 43,599,000.00 \\ & 25,073,800.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Funded loan of 1891. | Total | 68, 672, 800. 00 |  | 68,672,800.00 |
|  | Purchased Redeemed | 43, 746, 000. 00 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,528,850.00 \\ 25,381,550.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46,274,850.00 \\ & 25,331,550.00 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total | $43,746,000.00$ | 27, $660,400.00$ | 71,606, 400.00 |
| Funded loan of 1907 <br> Loan of July and August, 1861 continued. | Purchased Redeemed | $61,424,500.00$ $56,598,350.00$ | 16,134, 000.80 | $77,558,500.00$ $56,598,350.00$ |
| Loan of 1863-continued........... | ...do.. | 37, 219, 250.00 |  | 37,219, 250.00 |
| Loan of July 12, 1882 <br> Total bonds. | S.do | 43, 688, 700.00 |  | 43, 688,700.00 |
|  | . do | 168,572, 150.00 | 6,300.00 | 168, 578, 450.00 |
|  | Bonds purchased Bonds redeemed | $\begin{aligned} & 370,377,800.00 \\ & 375,147,750.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,662,850.00 \\ & 25,338,900.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389,040,650.00 \\ & 400,486,650.00 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 745, 525, 550.00 | 44, 001, 750.00 | 789, 527, 300.00 |
| Treasury notes issued prior to 1846. | Redeemed | 100.00 |  | 100.00 |
| Certificates of indebtedness of 1870. |  | 678,000.00 |  | 678, 000.00 |
| One-year notes of 1863.. |  | 2,060.00 | 160.00 | 2, 220.00 |
| Two-jear notes of 1863.... | . . do | 350.00 $10,130.00$ | 270.00 | 350.00 $10,400.00$ |

No. 63.-United States Bonds and Securities Retired for the Sinifing Fund; ETC.-Continued:

| Title of loan. | How retired. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To June } 30, \\ & 1890 . \end{aligned}$ | During fiscal year. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7-30s of 1861 | Redeemed | \$50. 00 |  | \$50.00 |
| $7-30$ of 1864 65 | . . do | 4,350.00 | \$100.00 | 4, 450.00 |
| Fractional currency | do | 26, 204, 371.96 | 3,831. 37 | 26, 208, 203.33 |
| United States notes. | do | 29, 090, 564.00 |  | 29, 090, 564.00 |
| Old demand notes. | .do | 820.00 |  | $\bigcirc 820.00$ |
| Aggregate |  | 801. 516, 345.96 | 44, 006, 111: 37 | 845; 522, 457. 33 |

No. 64.-United States Bonds Retimed, from May, 1869 , to June 30, 1891.


No. 61 :-Unitmd States Bonds Retired, from May, 1869, etc.-Continued.

| Title of loan. | How retired. | Rate of interest. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To June } 30, \\ & 1890 . \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { year. }}{\substack{\text { During fiscal } \\ \hline}}$ | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consols of 1868 <br> Total of 6 per cents | Purchased.... Redeemed.... Converted.... Exchanged... <br> Total.... | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \text { Per ct. } \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4,794,050 \\ 37,421,950 \\ 211,750 \\ 44,900 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4,794,050 \\ 37,442,000 \\ 211,750 \\ 44,900 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 42, 472, 650 | 20,050 | 42,492,700 |
|  |  |  | 1, 707, 493, 700 | 104,800 | 1,707, 598, 500 |
| Texan indemnity stock <br> Loan of 1858 $\qquad$ | Redeemed .... | - 5 | 232,000 |  | 232, 000 |
|  | Redeemer .... <br> Converted.... | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,041,000 \\ 13,957,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,041,000 \\ 13,957,000 \end{array}$ |
| 10.40s of 1864..................... | Total |  | 19,998, 000 |  | 19,998, 000 |
|  | Redeemed ... . Exchanged ... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 192,421,200 \\ 2,089,500 \end{array}$ | 11,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 192,432,700 \\ 2,089,500 \end{array}$ |
| Funded loan of 1881 <br> Total of 5 per cents | Total |  | 194, 510, 700 | 11,500 | 194, 522, 200 |
|  | Purchased.... Redeemed.... <br> Total .:. | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43,599,000 \\ 72,845,100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | - $\quad$, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43,599,000 \\ 72,850,100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 116, 444, 100 | 5,000 | 116, 449, 100 |
|  |  |  | 331, 184, 800 | 16,500 | 331, 201, 300 |
| Funded loar of 1891 <br> Funded loan of 1907 | Purchased .... Redeemed... <br> Total.... | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \frac{1}{2} \\ & 4 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | 140, 984, 250 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,583.950 \\ 55,612,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 143,518,200 \\ 55,612,600 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 58, 146, 550 | 199, 130, 800 |
|  | Purchased.... Redeomed... | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 137,201,250 \\ 1,418,850 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 42, 641, } 250 \\ \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 179,842,500 \\ 1,418,850 \end{array}$ |
|  | Tota |  | $138,620,100$ | 42, 641, 250 | 181, 261, 350 |
| Loan of July and August, 1801continued. <br> Loan of 1863-continued......... | Redeemed.... | -312 | $127,560,950$ |  | 127,560, 050 |
|  | Redeemed .... <br> Exchanged... <br> Total... | ${ }_{3}^{3 \frac{1}{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37,224,850 \\ & 13,231,650 \end{aligned}$ | 300 | $\begin{aligned} & 37,225,150 \\ & 13,23 \mathrm{l}, 650 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 50, 456, 500 | 300 | 50, 456, 800 |
| Funded loan of 1881-continued.- Total of $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents...... | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \text { Redeemed .... } \\ \text { Exchanged ... } \\ \therefore \quad \text { Total .... } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \frac{2}{2} \\ & 3 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -199,125,850 \\ 202,349,600 . \end{array}$ | 7,800 | $\begin{aligned} & 109,133,650 \\ & 292,349,600 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 401, 475, 450 | 7,800 | 401, 483, 250 |
|  |  | 3 | 579, 492, 900 | 8,100 | 579, 501; 000 |
| 'Loan of July 12, 1882 ............ | Reduemel .... |  | 305, 400, 250 | 66,500 | $\xrightarrow{305,466,750}$ |
| Total purcinased <br> Total redeemed <br> Total converted <br> Total exchanged $\qquad$ <br> Aggregate $\qquad$ |  | ... | $72,5,634,550$ $2,091,108,100$ | 45, 175,200 $55,808,500$ | $\begin{array}{r} 770,809,750 \\ 2,146,916,600 \\ 77,906,600 \\ 308,476,750 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | $2,091,108,100$ $77,956,600$ | 55,808,500 |  |
|  |  |  | 308, 476, 750 |  |  |
|  |  | ... | 3, 203, 176, 000 | 100, 983, 700 | 3,304, 159,700 |

No. 65.-Bonds of the Loans given in Stàtement No. 64, Retired prior to May, 1869.


No. 66.-Called Bonds Redeemed and Outstanding June 30, 1891.


## No. 66.-Called Bonds Redeemed and Outstanding June 30, 1891-Cout'd.



No. 66.-Called Bonds Redeemed and Outstanding June 30, 1891-Cont'd.

| Loan. | Call. | When matured. | Amount called. | Redeemed during fiscal jear. | Total redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan of July 12,1882.. | 122 | Dec. 1,1883 | \$15, 272, 100 | \$1,300 | \$15, 272, 000 | -\$100 |
|  | 123 | Dec. 15, 1883 | 15, 133, 650 |  | 15, 133, 300 | 350 |
|  | 124 | Feb. 1, 1884 | 10, 208, 850 |  | 10, 207, 850 | 1,000 |
| : | 125 | Mar. 15, 1884 | 10, 047, 850 |  | 10, 047, 850 |  |
|  | 126 | May 1,1884 | 10,093, 100 |  | 10, 092, 200 | 900 |
| $\because$ | 127 | June 20, 1884 | 10,010, 250 |  | 10,009, 850 | 400 |
|  | 128 | June 30, 1884 | 10, 151, 050 |  | 10, 147, 450 | 3,600. |
|  | 129 | Aug. 1, 1884 | 10, 040, 800 |  | 10,040, 100 | 700 |
|  | 130 | Sept. 30, 1884 | 10, 050, 100 |  | 10, 050, 100 |  |
|  | 131 | Nov. 1, 1884 | 10, 330, 750 | 300 | 10, 329, 750 | 1,000 |
|  | 132 | Feb. 1, 1886 | 10, 098, 150 | 5, 000 | 10, 097, 150 | - 1,000 |
|  | 133 | Mar. 1, 1886 | 10,000, 250 |  | 9,990, 250 | - 10,000 |
|  | 134 | Apr. 1, 1886 | 10, 012, 750 | 10,000 | 10, 012, 650 | $\because 100$ |
|  | 135 | May 1, 1886 | 10,009,850 |  | 10, 009,750 | 100 |
|  | 136 | June 1,1886 | 10,002,900 |  | 10, 002, 900 |  |
| . . | 137 | July 1,1886 | 4,001, 850 |  | 4,001, 250 | 600 |
|  | 138 | Aug. 1, 1886 | 4,007, 700 |  | 4,007,600 | 100 |
| - | 139 | Sept. 1, 1886 | 4, 004, 950 | 5,500 | 4, 004, 850 | 100 |
|  | 140 | Sept. 15, 1886 | 10, 003, 650 |  | 10, 002,950 | 700 |
|  | 141 | Oct. 1, 1886 | 15, 005, 000 |  | 15, 005, 000 |  |
| - | 142 | Oct. 16, 1886 | 15, 122, 400 |  | 15, 117, 600 | - 4,800 |
|  | 143 | Nov. 1, 1886 | 15,008, 300 | 1,300 | 15, 006, 200 | : 2,100 |
| - . | 144 | Dec. 1, 1886 | 10, 005, 350 | 1, 000 | 10, 005, 200 | 150 |
|  | 145 | Feb. 1,1887 | 10, 010, 000 | 500 | 10, 010, 900 |  |
|  | 146 | Mar. 1, 1887 | 13, 887, 000 | 40, 100 | 13, 884, 500 | 2,500 |
|  | 147 | Apr. 1,1887 | 10, 007, 750 | 500 | 10, 007, 550 | 200 |
|  | 148 | May 1,1887 | 10, 014, 250 |  | 10, 013,850 | - 4000 |
|  | 149 | July 1, 1887 | 19, 717, 500 | 1, 000 | 19, 683, 900 | 83, 600 |
| Total |  |  | 302, 259, 000 | 66,500 | 302, 144, 500 | .114, 500 |

## RECAPIIULATION BY LOANS.

| Loan. | Amount called. | Redeemed during fiscal year. | Total redeemed. | Oùtstanding. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5-20$ s of 1.862 | \$391, 600, 600 | - \$150 | \$391, 348, 900 | \$251, 700 |
| $5-20$ s of March, 1864 | 946,600 |  | 946, 600 |  |
| $5-20 \mathrm{~s}$ of June, 1864 | 58, 046, 200 | 10,650 | 58, 012, 800 | 33, 400 |
| 5.20 s of $1865 .$. | 152, 583, 850 |  | 152, 509, 700 | 24, 150 |
| Consols of 1865 | 202, 631, 750 | 15,850 | 202, 504,700 | 127, 050 |
| Consols of 1867 | 309, 846, 150 | 35,450 | 309, 634, 050 | 212, 100 |
| Consols of 1868 | 37, 420, 300 | 20, 050 | 37, 373, 650 | 46, 650 |
| 10-40s of 1864 | 192, 476,800 | 11,500 | 192, 431, 700 | 45, 100 |
| Loan of 1858 | 260, 000 |  | 260,000 |  |
| Funded loan of 1881 | 63, 336,450 | 5,000 | 63, 296, 300 | 40, 150 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861 | 12, 947, 450 | 22,050 | 12, 886,600 | 60, 850 |
| Loan of 1868 ..................................... | 4,687,800 | 200 | 4, 676, 200 | - 11,600 |
| Loan of July and August, 1861-continued at 33 per cent. | $=121,857,650$ |  | 121,821, 400 | - 36,250 |
| Loan of 1863-continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent | 34,598,450 | 300 | 34, 597, 300 | -1,150 |
| Funded loan of 1881-continued at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. | 103, 132, 950 | 7,800 | 103, 111, 300 | 21, 650 |
| Loan of July 12, 1882...... | 302, 259, 000 | 66,500 | 302, 144, 500 | 114,500 |
| Total | 1,988,582,000 | 195, 500 | 1,987,555, 700 | 1, 026, 300 |

No. 6\%.-Bonds Purceased during the Fiscal Year 1891.


No. 68:-Changes during the Fiscal Year 1891 in thie Princital of ther In-terest-bearing Deb' and Debt on which Interest has Ceased.


No. 69.-Interest Prepaid during Sieptember and Ociober, 1890, under Department Circular of September 6, 1890.

| Oftice where paid. | 4 per cent reg istered, due January, April, and July, 1891. | 4 per cent coupons, due- |  |  | On Pacific ratroad bonds, due January and July, 1891. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jamary, } \\ 1891 . \end{gathered}$ | April, 1891. | July, 1891. |  |  |
| Washingtou | \$8, 391, 842.00 | \$2, 127. 50 | \$2, 008.50 | \$1, 903.50 | \$674, 820.00 | \$4, 072, 701.50 |
| New Yorl | 4, 181, 755.50 | 74, 315. 50 | 73, 842.00 | 73,317.00 | 1, 999, 240.80 | 6, 402, 470.80 |
| Boston. | 202, 911.00 | 14, 998.50 | 14, 338.00 | 14, 183. 00 | 104, 820.00 | 351, 250.50 |
| Philadelphi | 163,629.00 | $5,985.00$ | 5,849.00 | 5, 694. 50 | 37, 200. 00 | 218, 357.50 |
| Baltimore | 131, 122.50 | 4,512.00 | 4, 51.2.00 | 4, 507.00 | 227, 400.00 | 372, 053.50 |
| Chicago.. | 50, 839.50 | 6, 696. 00 | 6,695.00 | 6,795. 00 | 6, 420.00 | 77, 445.50 |
| Cincinnati | 112, 293.00 | 8,888.00 | 8,701. 50 | 8,655. 50 | 9,300.00 | 147,838.00 |
| St. Louis . | 12, 487.50 | 11, 031.50 | 10,975.00 | 10,875. 00 | 420.00 | 45, 789.00 |
| New Orleans | 56, 794.50. | 645.00 | 545.00 | 6 545.00 | 480 | 58,429.50 |
| Total | 8,568, 906.00 | 135,384.00 | 133,613.00 | 132,613. 50 | 3,060, 100.80 | 12,030,617.30 |

No. 70.-National-Bank Notes Received for Redemption each Month of the Fiscal Year 1891 from tihe Principal Cities and other Places.

| Month. | New York. | Boston. | Philadelphia. |  | Chi | ago. | Cinc | nnati. |  | Louis. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890-July. | \$2, 317, 547 | \$705, 000 | \$394, 750 |  |  | 21, 500 | \$114, 500 |  |  | 114, 500 |
| Angust | 1,740,419 | 558, 720 | 347, 722 |  |  | 1, 500 |  |  |  | 104, 420 |
| September | 1,633, 225 | 466,000 | 319, 851 |  |  | 5, 000 |  | 7, 237 |  | 94, 500 |
| October | 1,405, 040 | 530, 500 | 350, 379 |  |  | 69, 000 |  | 6,000 |  | 108, 000 |
| November | 1, 565, 157 | 599, 600 | 320, 057 |  |  | 9, 002 |  | 9,500 |  | 100,500 |
| December | 1, 670, 227 | 638,305 | 343, 513 |  |  | 96, 150 |  | 4, 502 |  | 100, 520 |
| 1891-January | 5, 304, 302 | 1, 094, 475 | 431, 904 |  |  | 7, 000 |  | 6, 747 |  | 130, 000 |
| February | 2, 298, 324 | 535, 800 | 296,000 |  |  | 2, 500 |  | 9,500 |  | 90, 000 |
| March | 2, 018, 889 | 515, 580 | 384,426 |  |  | 51, 138 |  | 6,500 |  | 97,000 |
| April | 2, 143, 154 | 453, 700 | 401, 304 |  |  | 69, 500 |  | 8,000 |  | 127, 500 |
| May | 4, 007, 602 | 460,500 | 400, 555 |  |  | 86,500 |  | 8,000 |  | 110,734 |
| June | 4,288,666 | 547, 880 | 390, 896 |  |  | 3, 000 |  | 6,330. |  | 106, 500 |
| Total | $30,392,552$ . | 7, 105, 560 | 4,381,357 |  | 4,614,790 |  | 1,495, 311 |  | 1,284,174 |  |
| Month. | Balti. more. | New <br> Orleans. | Providence. | Pittsburg. |  | Other places. |  | Total. |  | Packages. |
| 1890-July | \$161, 000 | \$75, 000 | \$48, 000 | \$42,980 |  | \$1, 288, 642 |  | \$5, 693, 419 |  | 1,426 |
| August | 133,000 | 92,500 | 50,000 | 48,500 |  | 1, 234, 140 |  | 4, 799, 416 |  | 1,408 |
| Septembe | 91, 000 | 134,000 | 43,00039000 | 39, 100 |  | 953, 991 |  | 4,256, 904 |  | "1. 323 |
| October | 71, 500 | 109, 000 |  | 69,375 |  | 1,093, 412 |  | 4, 281, 206 |  | 1,393 |
| November | 84, 000 | 75, 000 | 39,000 <br> 70,500 | 37, 520 |  | 1, 026, 251 |  | 4, 327, 087 |  | 1,435 |
| December | 106, 000 | 72,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 70,500 \\ 63,000 \end{array}$ | 46,095 |  | 1, 141, 524 |  | 4, 711, 836 |  | 1,568 |
| 1891-January | 224, 395 | 56, 000 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6 3}, 000 \\ & \mathbf{5 9}, 000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41,600 \\ & 40,795 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1, 481, 497 |  | 9, 443, 920 |  | 1,823 |
| February | 101, 000 | 77, 500 | 66, 000 |  |  | 1., 026,118 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,953,537 \\ & 5,115,459 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,318 |
| March | 77,000 | 95, 000 | 67, 000 | 31, 240 |  |  |  | 1,495 |
| April | 120,000 | 78,500 | $\begin{aligned} & 61,000 \\ & 77,000 \end{aligned}$ | 44, 430 |  | 1, 111, 282 |  |  |  | 5,048, 370 |  | 1, 414 |
| May | 236, 000 | 75,500 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 41,705 \\ & 52,260 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,338,605 \\ & 1,231,432 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7,262,701 \\ & 7,566,764 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,555 |
| June | 208, 300 | 98,000 | 68,000 |  |  | 1,572 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,613,195 | 1,038, 000 | 711, 500 | 535, 600 |  |  |  | 14, 288, 580 |  | 67, 460,619 |  | 17,730 |

No. gl.-Lawful Money deposited in the Tridasury each Monthi of thr Fiscal Year 1891 for the Redrmption of National-Baní Notes.

| Month. | Tive per cent account. | Failed accognt. | Liquidating account. | Reducing account. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890-July | \$3, 403, 589. 55 |  | \$158, 470.00 | \$534, 195.00 | \$4, 096, 254.55 |
| Angust | 2, 640, 816.00 | \$140, 390.00 | 54, 441. 00 | 2,528, 650.00 | 5, 364, 297.00 |
| September | 2, 475, 004. 14 |  | 106, 033.00 | 2, 964, 150.00 | $5,545,187.14$ |
| October | 3, 217, 519.63 |  | 384, 039.00 | 776, 250. 00 | 4, 377, 808.63 |
| November | 2,338, 577.70 | 33,250.00 | 241, 510.00 | 90, 900.00 | 2, 704, 237. 70 |
| December | 2, 805, 990.54 | 61,875.00 | 63, 780.00 | 191, 850.00 | 3, 123, 495.54 |
| 1891-January. | 3,371, 154.83 | 44,500. 00 | 108, 639.00 | 92, 610.00 | 3, 616, 903. 83 |
| February | $4,209,843.21$ | 39,550.00 | 106,900.00 | 191, 700.00 | $4,547,993.21$ |
| March. | $4,078,194.84$ | $80,000.00$ | -87, 000.00 | 223, 875.00 | 4, 469, 069.84 . |
| April | $3,345,217.96$ | 11,250.00 | 198,550.00 | 3708800.00 | 3, 925, 817.96 |
| May. | 3, 229, 636. 17 |  | 78, 620.00 | 49,500.00 | 3, 357, 756.17 |
| June | 4, 775, 719.95 |  | 94, 388. 00 | 34;650.00 | 4, 904; 757. 95 |
| Total. | 39, 891, 264. 52 | 410, 815.00 | 1,682,370.00 | 8,049,130.00 | 50, 033, 579.52 |

No. 72.-Disbursements from Redemption Accounts of National banis each Month of the Fiscal Year 1891, and Balance on Deposit.

| Montl. | For notes redeemed. | Transfers and repayments. | Total disbursements. | Balance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890-5uly | $\$ 5,174,779.00$ | \$51, 924.33 | \$5, 226, 703. 33 | \$59, 809, 227.85 |
| , August. | 4, 471, 31.9.00 | 98, 934.65 | 4,570, 253.65 | 60,603, 271. 20 |
| - September | 4,664,951. 50 | 233, 551.95 | 4, 898, 503.45 | $61.249,954.89$ |
| October... | 5, 165, 648.00 | 206, 384, 00 | 5,372,032.00 | 60, 255, 731. 52 |
| November | $4,521,899.50$ | 71, 238.02 | 4, 593, 137.52 | $58,366,831.70$ |
| December | $4,666,407.00$ | 172, 202.13 | 4, 838, 609.13 | 56,651, 718. 11 |
| 1891-January | 6, 426, 365.00 | 10, 897.29 | 6, 437, 262.29 | 53,831, 359.65 |
| February | 6,323, 840.50 | 15, 131. 89 | 6, 338, 972.39 | 52, 040,380. 47 |
| March. | $6,490,319.50$ | 15,-473.00 | 6, 505,792. 50 | 50, 003, 657.81 |
| April | $4,314,606.50$ | 25, 596. 45 | 4, 340, 202. 95 | $49,589,272.82$ |
| Maý. | 6,239, 688. 50 | 6,005.00 | 6, 245, 693.50 | 46, 701, 335.49 |
| June | 7, 068, 548. 50 | 47, 215.50 | 7, 115, 764.00 | 44, 490, 329.44 |
| Total | 65, 528, 372. 50 | 954, 554.21 | 66, 482, 926.71 |  |

No. 73.-Redemptions and Deliveries of Natiońal-Bank Notes each Month of the fiscal Year 1891, and Balance on hand.


No. 74.-Redeemed National-Bank Notes Drlivernd from the Treasury each Montit of the Fiscal Year 1891, and Balance on Hand.

| Month. | For return to banks of issue. | For destruction and reissue. | For destruction and retirement. | Total. | Balance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890-July | \$1, 163, 890.00 | \$11,910, 480.00 | \$2,131, 929.00 | \$5, 212, 299.00 | \$4, 660, 870.15 |
| August | 1,090, 470.00 | 1,565, 820.00 | 1,796, 769.00 | 4, 453, 059.00 | 4, 935,522.55 |
| - September | 805, 600.00 | 1, 755, 520.00 | 2,074, 431. 50 | $4,635,551.50$ | 4,505,712.45 |
| October ... | 939.700 .00 | 2, 063, 240.00 | 2, 202, 728.00 | 5, 205, 668.00 | 3,549,663.55 |
| November | 766, 850.00 | 1, 665,575.00 | $2,109,684.50$ | $4,542,109.50$ | 3, 285; 3377.70 |
| December | 784, 910.00 | 1,926, 180.00 | 1,935, 467.00 | 4, 646,557.00 | 3, 277,840. 30 |
| 1891-Januairy | 1, 293, 470.00 | 2;538,155.00 | 2,461, 760.00 | 6,293, 385.00 | 6,181,625. 10 |
| - February | 1,703,350.00 | 2,379, 950.00 | 2, 279, 340.50 | 6, 362, 640.50 | $4,845,746.90$ |
| March | 1, 415, 020.00 | 2. 671, 605.00 | 2, 440, 204. 50 | 6, 526,829. 50 | $3,302,465.00$ |
| April | $617,550.00$ | 2, 190, 280.00 | 1,540, 086.50 | 4, 347, 916.50 | 3, 953, 5555.90 |
| May. | 780, 520.00 | 3, 317, 440.00 | 2, 081, 758.50 | 6, 179, 718.50 | 5, 003, 448. 10 |
| June | 1, 181, 890.00 | 3, 504, 200.00 | 2, 274, 868.50 | 6, 960, 958. 50 | 5, 542,271.65 |
| Total | 12, 543, 220.00 | 27, 494, 445.00 | $25,329,027.50$ | 65, 366, 692. 50 |  |

No. g5.-Result of the Count of National-Bank Notes Received for Reodemption, by Fiscal Years.


No. J6.-Disposition made of the Notes Redeemed at the National Bank Redemption agency, by Fiscal Years.

| Fiscal year. | Returned to banks of issuc. | ${ }_{\text {S }}$ Delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency. |  |  |  | Deposited in 'Ireasury. | Balance on hand. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Five per cent account. | Reducing account. | Liquidating account. | Failed account. |  |  |
| 1875 | \$15, 213, 500 | \$115, 109, 445 |  |  |  | 17, 532, 008.00 | 036, 902.00 |
| 1876 | 97, 478, 700 | 78, 643, 155 |  |  |  | 29, 927, 900.00 | 7, 942,539.00 |
| 1877 | 151, 070, 300 | $62,518,600$ |  |  |  | 24, 439, 700.00 | 11, 505, 312:52 |
| 1878 | 152, 437, 300 | 51, 585, 400 |  |  |  | 11, 852, 100.00 | 8, 410, 848.33 |
| 1879 | 112, 411, 800 | 40, 204, 700 |  |  |  | $9,313,382.00$ | 3,784, 589. 29 |
| 1880 | 24. 980,500 | 29, 561,700 |  |  |  | 7, 100, 386.00 | 3, 097, 983.77 |
| 1881 | 6,763, 600 | 40, 080, 700 |  |  |  | 12, 466, 045.00 | 2, 844, 10 -. 37 |
| 1882 | 3, 801, 500 | 53, 838, 500 |  |  |  | 16, 978, 700.00 | 3,630,989. 22 |
| 1883 | 15, 572, 1.00 | 59, 875, 000 | \$17, 642, 869.00 | 1, 146, 889.00 |  | 4, 674, 927.00 | 6,562,943.85 |
| 1884 | 26, 255, 500. | 72, 260, 700 | 20, 486, 304. 00 | 2, 869, 060.00 |  | 3, 589, 808.00 | 6, 861, 741. 03 |
| 1885 | 45, 634, 800 | 72, 669,700 | 20,692, 213.00 | 5, 236, 257.00 |  | 5, 769, 080.00 | 6,791, 087.93 |
| 1886 | 46,701, 100 | 54, 532, 935 | 14, 311, 170.00 | 13, 412, 608.50 |  | 4, 022, 497.50 | 3, 840, 402. 05 |
| 1887 | 20, 786, 640 | 30, 506, 030 | 19, 647, 970.50 | 1.6, 687, 549.50 |  | 1, 259,942.60 | 2, 165,539. 41 |
| 1888 | 17, 453, 780 | 25, 843, 765 | 29,008, 271.00 | 20, 662, 140. 25 | \$398, 580. 20 | $275,350.30$ | 6,770, 380.08 |
| 1889 | 17, 084, 590 | 27, 443, 340 | 28, $159,373.50$ | 17, 807, 773. 90 | 418, 974. 50 | 114, 970.00 | $3,959,218.75$ |
| 1890 | 12,590,880 | 23, 275, 005 | 22, 021, 661. 50 | 11, 327, 772.00 | 284, 455.50 | 112, 206. 00 | 4, 203, 261.45 |
| 1891 | 12,543, 220 | 27, 494, 445 | 16,638, 873.00 | 8, 330, 876.00 | 359, 278.50 | 107, 547.00 | 5,542, 271. 65 |
| Total. | $\overline{778,779,810}$ | 865, 743, 120 | 188, 608, 705. 50 | $97,480,926.15$ | $1,461,288.70$ | $149,536,549.40$ |  |

No. $77 .-\mathrm{Mode}$ of Payment for Notes Redeemed at the National Bank Redemption Agency, by Fiscal Years.


No. 78.-Defostrs, Redemptions; Assessments for Explisises, and Transfers and Repayments, on account of the Five Pier Cent Redemption Fund of National Banks, by fiscal Years, and Balance of the Drposits at the close of each year.

| Fiscal year. | - Deposits. | Redemptions. | Assessments. | Transfers and repayments. | Balanc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1875 | \$140, 874, 563. 53 | \$130, 322, 945. 00 |  | \$1, 000, 262. 76 | \$9,551, 355. 77 |
| 1876 | 177, 485, 074. 44 | 176, 121, 855.00 | \$290, 965.37 | 1,634, 644. 11 | 8,988, 965. 73 |
| 1877 | $215,580,271.83$ | $214,361,300.00$ | 365, 193.31 | 782, 797.06 | 9, 059, 947.19 |
| 1878 | 205, 308, 371.37 | $203,416,400.00$ | 357, 066. 10 | $530,180.92$ | 10, 064, 671. 54 |
| 1879 | 156, 670, 138. 19 | 152, 455, 000.00 | 317,942.48 | 580, 732.28 | 13, 381, 134.97 |
| 1880 | 56, 512, 201. 10 | $54,837,600.00$ | 240, 949.95 | 789, 961.25 | 14, 024, 824.87 |
| 1881 | 48, 831, 326.63 | 46, 844, 300.00 | 143,728.39 | 1, 415, 570.04 | 14, 452, 553.07 |
| 1882 | 58, 041, 777.64 | 57, 644, 500.00 | 126, 212. 12 | -978, 047.03 | 13,745, 571.56 |
| 1883 | 76, 307, 727.55 | $75,452,100.00$ | 142, 508.72 | 1, 136, 352.83 | 18,322, 337. 56 |
| 1884 | 98.883, 599.17 | $98,553,100.00$ | 150,611.53 | 1, 314, 180.15 | 12, 188, 045.05 |
| 1885 | 117, 172, 640.18 | - 118, 745, 200.00 | 178, 579. 34 | 1, 077, 584. 73 | 9, 359, 321.16. |
| 1886 | 103, $859,393.61$ | 100, 794, 895.00 | 175, 522. 15 | 1, 552, 680..34 | 10, 195, 617.28 |
| 1887 | 52, 522, 359. 27 | 51, 261, 200. 00 | 160, 611. 15 | 3, 327, 246. 34 | 7, 968, 919.06 |
| 1888 | 43, 290, 223.72 | $43,379,185.00$. | 135, 180.53 | 1, 219, 495.34 | 6, 525, 281. 91. |
| 1889 | 44, 916, 163, 37 | 44, 491, 370.00 | 139, 719.98 | 1, 390, 770.35 | 5, 419, 584. 95 |
| 1890 | 30,424.560. 95. | 35, 890, 235. 00 | 129, 207.10 | -504,386.92 | 5, 320, 316.88 |
| 1801 | 39, 891, 264.52 | 40, 199, 345.00 | 107, 719.52 | 432,579.69 | 4,471,937. 19 |
| Total | 1,672, 071,657.07 | 1,644, 770,530.00 | 3,161, 717.74 | 19,667, 472.14 | ............... |

No. 79.-Deposits, Redemptions, and Transfers and Repayments, on Account of National Banks Failed, in liquidation, and Reducing Circulafion, by Fiscal Years, and Balance of the Deposits at the close of each Year.

| Fiscal year. | Deposits. | Redemptions. | Transfers and repayments. | Balauce. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Failed. |  |  |  |  |
| 1868 | \$44, 000.00 | \$87, 230.00 |  |  |
| 1869. | 653, 220. 20 | 419, 978.90 |  | 253, 430.60 |
| 1870. | 27, 732.00 | 122, 227.60 |  | 158,935. 00 |
| 1871. | 96, 209.60 | 104, 159. 50 |  | $1.50,985.10$ |
| 1872. | 1,473,459. 25 | 842,369. 35 |  | 782, 075. 00 |
| 1873. | 474,701. 25 | 818,627.00 |  | 438, 149.25 |
| 1874. | $724,126.54$ | 458, 51.0. 00 |  | 703, 765.79 |
| 1875 | 1, 434, 065.96 | 1, 115, 693.00 |  | 1, 022, 138.75 |
| 1876. | 586, 535. 00 | $770,818.80$ |  | 837, 854. 95 |
| 1877. | 855, 988. 25 | 773, 915.00 |  | 919, 928. 20 |
| 1878. | 598, 104.50 | 752, 497.50 |  | 765, 535.20 |
| 1879. | 814, 870.25 | 636, 613. 50 |  | 943, 791.95 |
| 1880 | 217, 008. 00 | 382, 116. 50 |  | 778, 683. 45 |
| 1881. | 325, 562.50 | 426, 888. 50 |  | 677, 357.45 |
| 1882. | 915,729. 25 | 533, 504. 50 |  | 1, 119, 582.20 |
| 1883 | 452, 787.50 | 722, 808. 00 |  | 849, 561.70 |
| 1884. | 634, 780. 00 | 625, 212. 00 |  | $859,129.70$ |
| 1885. | 837, 413.00 | 703, 785.50 | \$99, 323. 00 | 893, 434.20 |
| 1886 | 885, 440.00 | 608, 707. 00 |  | 1, 170, 167.20 |
| 1887. | 297, 890.00 | 406,773. 50 | 83, 445.00 | 977, 838.70 |
|  | 581, 338.00 | 437, 793.20 |  | 1. $121,3838.50$ |
| . 1890. | 126, 410.00 | - $284,455.50$ |  | $920,289.00$ $762,243.50$ |
| 1891. | 410,815.00 | 359, 278.50 |  | 813,780.00 |
| Total | 14, 394, 238.00 | 13, 397, 690.00 | 182, 768.00 |  |
| In liquidation |  |  |  | ' ${ }^{1} 800$ |
| 1868 | $\begin{array}{r} 37,490.00 \\ 92 \\ 92 \end{array}$ | 5;600.00 |  | $31,890.00$ |
| 1869 | 112, 500.00 | 38, 430. 50 |  | 180, 730.00 |
| 1870 | 758, 428.00 | 80, 527. 65 |  | 858, 630.35 |
| 1871. | 2, 920, 861.00 | 1, 203, 367.50 |  | 2, 576, 123. 85 |
| 1872 | 1,999, 645.00 | 2, 531,784. 55 |  | 2, $443,984.30$ |
| 1873. | 1,858, 620.00 | 2, 423, 151.00 |  | 1, 479, 453.30 |
| 1874. | 2,561, 283.00 | 915, 990. 00 | 900.00 | 3, 123, 846.30 |
| 1875. | 3,316, 721.00 | 1,974, 954. 00 | 2,000.00 | 4, 463, 613.30 |
| 1876. | 2, 607, 643.00 | 2, 509, 456.50 |  | 4, 561, 799.80 |
| 1877 | 1,878,016.00 | 2, 405, 317.00 | 29,662. 00 | 4, 004, 836.80 |
| 1878 | 2,561, 039.50 | 1, 810, 752. 00 | 163, 429.50 | 4, 591, 694.80 |
| 1879 | 2,569, 228. 00 | 1, 554, 086. 50 | 179,594.00 | 5, 427, 242.30 |
| 1880 | 1, 056, 183.00 | 1, 058, 414.50 |  | $5,425,010.80$ |
| 1881 | 1, 281, 961.00 | $1,144,906.40$ 1,769 |  | $5,562,065.40$ $11,732,304$ |
|  | 7,957, 752.00 | 1,769, 756.00 | 17,757.00 | 11, 732, 304. 40 |

No. \%9.-Deposits, Redemptions, and Transfers and Repayments, on Account of National Banks Faifed, in Liquidation, etc.-Continued.


No. 80.-Expenses Incurred in the Redemption of National-Bank Notre, by Fiscal Years.

| Year. | Charges for transportation. | Salaries. | Stationery, printing, and linding. | Contingent expenses. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1875 | \$88, 098.31 | \$158, 227.39 | \$12, 290.72 | \$32, 348. 95 | \$290, 965. 37 |
| 1876 | 159, 142.81 | 188, 018.94 | 9, 174, 68 | 8, 856.85 | 365, 193.31 |
| 1877 | 189, 36i. 05. | 150, 695. 68 | 10,422.40 | 6,585. 97 | 357, 066. 10 |
| 1878 | 173,420.60 | 136, 580. 63 | 5,750. 32 | 2, 190.93 | 317, 942. 48 |
| 1879 | 98, 298.75 | 133, 956. 27 | 5,491. 82 | 3, 203.11 | 240, 949.95 |
| 1880 | 34,764. 24 | 104, 350. 08 | 3,666, 98 | 947.09 | 143, $728.39^{\prime}$ |
| 1881 | 33, 843.86 | 89,564. 72 | 2, 271. 87 | 531.67 | 126, 212.12 |
| 1882 | 39, 203. 31 | 87,593.56 | 2, 341.93 | 390: 58 | 129,529. 38 |
| 1883 | 57, 190.86 | 86, 213.35 | 3,291. 95 | 896.11 | 147, 592.27 |
| 1884 | 68,684. 11 | 88, 426.79 | 3, 069.75 | 716.00 | 160, 896. 65 |
| 1885 | $85,255.48$ | 93,371.82 | 2,784, 96 | 444.90 | 181, 857. 16 |
| 1886 | 74,490. 52 | 89,065. 18 | 4,354.54 | 333.11 | 168, 243.35 |
| 1887 | 48,020. 53 | 87,450. 54 | 2, 484.32 | 1,011.61 | 138,967.00 |
| 1888 | 51,529.76 | 86, 232.40 | 3,268. 22 | 111.10 | 141, 141. 48 |
| 1889 | 42, 413. 56 | 85,974.55 | 2,064.16 | 738.40 | 131, 190. 67 |
| 1890 | 19, 862.65 | 83, 841.30 | 3, 157, 53 | 981.91 | 107,843.39 |
| 1891 | 18,536.54 | 78,989.85 | 1,671.00 | 169.13 | 99,366. 52 |
| Total | 1,282, 117.97 | 1, 828, 553.05 | 77,557. 15 | 60,457. 42 | 3,248, 685.59 |

No. 81.-Balancird Statement of Recelpts and Deliveries of Moneys by the National Bańk Redemption Agency for thie Fiscal Yfar 1891.


No. 82.-Balañced Statement of Receipts and Deliveries of Moneys by the National Bank Redemption agency from July 1, 1874, to June 30, 1891.


No. 83.-Shipments of Silver Coin from the Treasury Offices and Mints from July 1, 1885, to June 30, 1891.

| Office. | From July 1, 1890, to June 30, 1891. |  |  | Silver coin shipped from <br> July 1, 1885, to <br> June 30, 1890. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard dollars. | Fractional silver. | Total. |  |  |
| Washingto | \$932, 293.95 | , \$316, 017.65 | \$1,248, 311.60 | \$4, 827, 049.69 | \$6, 075, 361. 29 |
| Baltimore | 351, 500.00 | - 323,250.00 | 674, 750.00 | 2,490, 283. 93 | 3, 165, 033.98 |
| New York | 2, 119,525.00 | 2, 108,731.95 | 4, 228, 256.95 | 20, 643,-155. 92 | 24, 87.1, 412.87 |
| Philadelph | 5, 100.00 | 1,562, 412.30 | I, 567, 512. 30 | 5, 209, 303. 06 | 6,776, 815.36 |
| Boston. | 2, 719, 491. 20 | 1,165, 038.00 | 3, 884, 529. 20 | 17, 096, 391. 15 | 20.980, 920. 35 |
| Cincinnat | 2, 203, 083.05 | 1, 071,234.20 | 3, 274, 317. 25 | 15, 304, 631. 21 | 18;578, 948. 46 |
| Chicago | $5,129,418.00$ | 2, 047, 784.20 | 7, 177, 202. 20 | 26, 797, 322. 17 | 33, 974, 524. 37 |
| St. Louis | 3,283,579:25 | 1, 274, 594.70 | 4, 558, 173.95 | 17, 412, 055. 99 | 21, 970, 229.94 |
| New Orlean | -11, 925.00 | 776,063. 80 | 787,988.80 | $4,720,678.77$ | 5,508, 667.57 |
| Tot | 16, 755, 915.45 | 10,645, 126.80 | 27, 401, 042.25 | 114, 500, 871. 89 | 141, 901, 914.14 |
| San Franc | 5,347 | $910,865.75$ | 916, 212. | 11, 174, 399.00 | 12,090,611. 75 |
| Mint, Philadelphia... | 3, 031, 974. 75 | 42, 199. 55 | 3, 074, 174. 30 | 14, 075, 436.98. | 17, 149, 611. 38 |
| Mint, New Orleans... | 7, 303, 000.00 |  | 7, 303, 000.00 | 33, 429, 640.55 | $40,732,640.55$ |
| Mint, San Francisco - | $1,824,000.00$ | 500.00 | 1, 824, 500.00 | 3, 968, 130.00 | 5, 792, 630.00 |
| Mint, Carson City .-.. | 379, 000.00 |  | 379, 000.00' | 44, 130,00 | 423, 130.00 |
| Tota | 12, 537, 974, 75 | 42, 699.55 | 1.2, 580, 674. 30 | 51, 517, 337.53 | 64, 098, 011. 83 |
| Total shipments | 29, 299, 237. 20 | 11, 598, 692. 10 | 40,897, 929.30 | 177, 192, 608.42 | 218,090, 537.72 |

No. 8t.-Shiparents of Silver Coin since June 30 , 1885 , from tme Trtasuiy Officles and Mints, and Charges thereon for Transportation.

| Period. | From Treasury offices east of the Rocky Mountains. |  |  | From mints. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount. | Charges. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \$ 1,000 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Amount. | Charges. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \$ 1,000 . \end{gathered}$ |
| Fiscal year 1886. | \$21, 805, 109. 81 | \$29, 774.76 | \$1:36 | \$10,960, 927.76 | \$33, 537.58 | \$3. 06 |
| Fiscal year 1887. | 23, 112, 760.02 | 31, 466. 96 | 1.36 | 9, 973, 642.82 | 18, 055.37 | 1. 81 |
| Fiscal year 1888. | 23, 260, 809. 83 | 34, 070.67 | 1.46 | 10,596, 043.10 | 16, 060.46 | 1.51 |
| Fiscal year 1889. | 22,456, 964.98 | 34, 860.22 | 1.55 | 9, 408, 495.70 | 14, 585.02 | 1.55 |
| 1889-July | 1,762, 695.15 | 2,506.63 |  | 347, 401.30 | 534.50 |  |
| Augus | 2, 424, 919.70 | 3,704.51 |  | 717, 998. 35 | 1,218.97 |  |
| Septembe | 3, 038, 619.55 | 4, 801.23 |  | 2, $042,996.85$ | 3,158.42 |  |
| October | 3, 404, 617.15 | 5,264. 16 |  | 2, 222, 498.50 | 3,266. 42 |  |
| Novembe | 2, $038,105.80$ | 3,784.98 |  | 1, 333, 997.60 | 2, 290. 51 |  |
| 1890-Jecember | 2, 287, 831.90 | 3,576. 21 |  | 1, 280, 999.10 | 2, 085.46 |  |
| February | 1, 177, 256.15 | 1,835.41 |  | 364, 997. 40 | 539.70 |  |
| March | 1, 732, 025.25 | 2,676.03 |  | 367, 258.15 | 700.97 |  |
| April | 1, 517, 544.95 | 2, 352.12 |  | 478, 497.35 | 1,176. 37 |  |
| May | 1, 759, 726.75 | 2,689.48 |  | 515, 496.50 | 1,607. 33 |  |
| June | 1, 882, 116. 80 | 4, 470.18 |  | 564, 499.10 | 1,860.93 |  |
| Fiscal year 1800 | 23,865, 227.25 | 38, 938.91 | 1.65 | 10, 578, 228. 15 | 18,936.62 | 1.79 |
| 1800-July | 2, 080, 637.00 | 3, 372.48 |  | 659, 998. 80 | 1,957. 32 |  |
| Angust | 2, 988, 305.40 | 4, 758.55 |  | 1, 234, 493.20 | 3,235. 02 |  |
| Septembe | $4,121,605.00$ $3,836,735.30$ |  |  | 2, 289, 498.00 | ${ }^{5}, 4988,90$ |  |
| Novemb | $\stackrel{3}{2,450,263.10}$ | ${ }_{3}{ }^{6} 790.06$ |  | 1,522, 499.55 | $\stackrel{4}{4,946.86}$ |  |
| December | 2, 271, 244.90 | 3,603.86 |  | 1, $591,495.85$ | 3,133.90 |  |
| i891--January | 954, 556. 10 | 1,321. 69 |  | 752, 999.40 | 1,553.47 |  |
| Febriary | - 1, 273, 433. 30 | 1, 742.47 |  | - 473,499. 25 | 889.15 |  |
| March | 1, $7366,954.15$ | 2, 476.78 |  | 540, 998. 75 | 1,345. 25 |  |
| April | 1, 647, 261.80 | 2, 397. 37 |  | 560, 498.30 | 1,439.66 |  |
| May | 1, 922, 340.90 | 3, 173. 53 |  | 361, 999. 05 | 994.76 |  |
| June | 2, 117, 705.30 | 3,826. 36 |  | 306, 697. 30 | 708.36 |  |
| Fiscal year | 27, 401, 042.25 | 44, 184.00 | 1.61 | 12,580, 674. 30 | 29, 088.42 | 2.31 |
| "Period. | From sub-treasury at San Francisco. |  |  | Total. |  |  |
|  | Amount. | Charges. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \$ 1,000 . \end{gathered}$ | Amount. | Charges. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \$ 1,000 . \end{gathered}$ |
| Fiscal year 1886 | \$795, 000.00 | \$4, 508.65 | \$5. 67 | \$33, 561, 037. 57 | \$67, 820. 99 | \$2. 02 |
| Fiscal year 1887 |  | 12. 831.05 | 6.08 | 35, 196, 902.84 | 62,353. 38 | 1.77 |
| Fiscal year 1888 | $3,129.855 .00$ | 19,926.55 | 6.37 | 36, $986,707.93$ | 70, 057. 68 | 1.89 |
| Fiscal year 1889 | 2, 893, 814.00 | 19,864. 10 | 6.86 | 34, 759, 274.68 | 69, 309.34 | 1. 99 |
| 1889-July | 334, 080.00 | 2,065.50 |  | 2,444, 266, 45 | 5,096. 63 |  |
| August. | 421, 380.00 | 2, 831.45 |  | 3, 564, 298. 05 | 7,754.93 |  |
| Septembe | 336, 750.00 | 2, 509.20- |  | $5,418,366.40$ | 10, 528.85 |  |
| October. | $280,000.00$ | 2, 067.05 |  | 5, 907, 115. 65 | 10, 597. 63 |  |
| November | 259, 590.00 | 1,775. 30 |  | 3, 631, 693.40. | 7,850.79 |  |
| December | 171, 940.00 | 1,389. 50 |  | 3,740,771.00 | 7,051. 17 |  |
| 1890-Jamuary | 90, 060.00 | 515.75 |  | 1,271, 326.05 | 2,240.76 |  |
| February | $96,670.00$ | 600.95 |  | 1, $638,923.55$ | $\stackrel{2}{2,976.06}$ |  |
| March | 86,615.00 | 500.40 |  | $2,185,898.40$ | 3, 877.40 |  |
| April | 41, 335. 00 | 209.60 |  | 2, 037, 377.30 | 3,738. 09 |  |
| May | 53, 910.00 | 281. 10 |  | 2, 329, 133. 25 | 4, 577.91 |  |
| June | 72, 900.00 | 424.40 |  | 2, 519,515.90 | 6,755. 51 |  |
| Fiscal year 1890 | 2, 245, 230.00 | 15,170.20 | 6.76 | 36,688, 685. 40 | 73, 045. 73 | 1. 99 |
| 1890-July | 75,300. 00 | 347.75 |  | 2, 815, 935.80 | 5,677. 55 |  |
| August | 101, 120.00 | 356.75 |  | 4, 323, 918. 60 | 8,350.32 |  |
| September | 111, 475.00 | 528.45 |  | 6,522, 578.00 | 13, 080.47 |  |
| October. | 76,930.00 | - 425.25 |  | 6, 199,662. 15 | 12, 039.84 |  |
| November | $47,420.00$ | 214.45 |  | 4, 020, 182. 65 | 7,390. 28 |  |
| December | 31, 420.00 | 132.60 |  | 3, 894, 160. 75 | 6, 870.36 |  |
| 1891-January | 12, 430.00 | 37.80 |  | 1, 719, 985. 50 | 2,912.96 |  |
| February March | 29, 130.00 | 86.45 |  | 1, 776,062. 55 | 2,718.07 |  |
| March April | $37,130.00$ $29,510.00$ | $\begin{array}{r}159.35 \\ -103.85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $2,315,082.90$ $2,237,270.10$ | $3,974.38$ $3,940.88$ |  |
| May | 138, 740.00 | 593.15 |  | 2, 423, 079.95 | 4,761.44 |  |
| Jame | 225, 607.75 | 1,006. 35 |  | 2,650,010.35 | 5,541.07 |  |
| Fiscal year 1.891. | 916, 212.75 | 3,985. 20 | 4.35 | 40, 897, 929. 30 | 77, 257. 62 | 1. 89 |

## No. 85.-Changes during the Fiscal Year 1891 in qhe Force Employed in the Treasurer's Office.



No. 86.-Appropriations Made for the Force Employed in the Treasurer's Offici and Salaries Paid during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| - Roll on which paid. | Appropriated. | Expended. | Balance unexpended. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regular roll............................................... | \$273, 361. 60 | \$268, 883.76 | \$4, 477.84 |
| Reimbursable roll: force employed in redemption of national currency. | 64,964.38 | 62,812. 25 | 2,152. 13 |
| Total. | 338, 325.98 | 331, 696.01 | 6,629. 97 |

(No. 2).

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

> Treasury Department,
> Bureau of THe Mint, Washington, D. C., November $1,1891$.

SIR: As required by section 345 of the Revised Statutes, I have the honor to hand you herewith a report of the operations of the mints and assay offices of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, the present being the mineteenth annual report of the Director of the Mint and the third of the same series signed by me.

## DEPOSITS AND PURGHASES OF GOLD AND SILVER.

Gold.-The gold deposits at the mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, including gold contained in silver deposits and purchases, aggregated $3,204,880.200$ standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 59,625,678.08$, against $\$ 49,228,823.56$ in the precediñg fiscal year', an increase of $\$ 10,396,854.52$.

Of the gold deposited, $2,606,111.797$ standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 48,485,800.82$, were original deposits, and $598,768.403$ standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 11,139,877.26$, were redeposits.

Of the redeposits $\$ 4,601,070.52$ consisted of fine bars bearing the stamp of the United States assay office at New York, being large gold bars redeposited for small; and $\$ 6,538,806.74$ were unparted bars, representing the deposits at the minor assay offices shipped to the mint at Philadelphia, for refining and coinage.

Of the gold bullion received at Government institutions during the fiscal year, $\$ 31,555,116.85$ was the product of our own mines, against $\$ 30,474,900.25$ of the same class of bullion deposited in the preceding fiscal year, an increase of $\$ 1,080,216.60$.

Of the domestic gold bullion received at Government institutions during the year, $\$ 17,344,451.21$ were fine bars bearing the stamp of private refineries, and $\$ 14,210,665.64$ were unrefined domestic bullion.

The distribution among producing States and Territories of the unrefined gold deposited at Government institutions during the year will be found in a table in the appendix to this report.

Foreign gold bullion of the valuie of $\$ 4,054,822.86$, and foreign gold coin of the value of $\$ 8,256,303.80$, a total foreign gold of $\$ 12,311,126.66$, were deposited and melted at the mints and assay offices during the last fiscal year.

Light-weight domestic gold coins were melted for recoinage of the value of $\$ 583,847.16$, and old material, consisting of jewelry, plate, etc., containing gold of the value of $\$ 4,035,710.15$.

Silver.-The deposits and purchases of silver, including silver contained in gold deposits, aggregated during the last fiscal year $71,869,663.92$ standard ounces, of the coining value ( $\$ 1.16 \frac{4}{47}$ per standard
ounce, or $\$ 1.2929$ per fine ounce) of $\$ 83,630,154.31$, against $\$ 43,565,135.15$ in the preceding year, an increase of $\$ 40,065,019.16$.

Of the silver received at Government institations during the year $10,006,707.61$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 11,644,168.84$, were redeposits, so that the original deposits of silver aggregated $61,862,956.31$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 71,985,985.47$.

Of the silver received, $52,744,930.07$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 61,375,988.45$, consisted of fine bars bearing the stamp of private refineries in the United States. All such bars are classified at Government institutions as of domestic production. As a matter of fact, such bars contain foreign as well as domestic silver, as nearly all the silver imported into the United States in the form of base bars, or contained in miscellaneous ores, is reduced at private works in conjunction with domestic ores, and no distinction is made in the resulting product.

Of the domestic silver bullion deposited at the mints during the year, $3,551,805.12$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 4,133,009.58$, was unrefined silver from the mines of the United States.

The distribution of the unrefined silver deposited at Government institutions among producing States and Territories, is exhibited in a table in the appendix to this report.

Foreign silver bullion, distinctively known as such, containing $1,964,342.47$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 2,285,780.32$, and foreign silver coin, containing $2,189,902.34$ standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 2,548,249.99$, a total foreign silver of $\$ 4,834,030.31$, was received at the mints and melted during the year.

Light-weight silyer coins of the United States, principally subsidiary pieces transferred from the Treasury to the mints for recoinage, were melted during the year, containing 705,253.82 standard ounces of silver, of the coining value of $\$ 820,658.98$.

In addition, trade dollars were sold to the Government as bullion and melted, containing $3,248.47$ standard ounces of silver, of the coining value of $\$ 3,780.04$.

Old silver, consisting of jewelry, plate, etc., was melted during the year, containing 703,414.02 standard ounces, of the coining value of $\$ 818,518.11$.

The coining value of the gold and silver (not including redeposits) received at the mints and assay offices of the United States each fiscal year since 1880 is exhibited in the following table:

Valief of the Gold and Silver (not including Redeposits) Rec̣eived at the Mints and Assay Offices, 1880-1891.

| Fiscal years. | Gold. | Silver <br> (coining value). | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1880. | \$98,885, 096 | \$34, 640, 522 | \$133, 475, 618 |
| 1881. | 130, 833, 102 | 30, 791, 146 | 161, 624, 248 |
| . 1882 | $66,756,652$ | 33,720,491 | 100, 477, 143 |
| 1883. | 46,347, 106 | 36, 869,834 | 83, 216,940 |
| 1884. | 46, 326, 678 | 36,520, 290 | 82, 846,968 |
| 1885 | 52, 894, 075 | 36, 789, 774 | 89, 683, 84.9 |
| 1880. | 44, 909, 749 | 35, 494, 183 | 80, 403, 932 |
| 1887. | 68, 223, 072 | 47, 756, 918 | 115, 979,990 |
| 1888. | 72, 225,497 | 41, 331, 014 | 113, 556, 511 |
| 1889. | 42, 136,436 | 41, 238, 151 | 83, 374, 587 |
| 1890. | 42, 663, 095 | 42, 644, 719 | 85, 307, 814 |
| 1891. | 48, 485, 801 | 71, 985, 985 | 120, 471, 786 |

The usual tables exhibiting, by weight and value, the deposits and purchases of gold and silver, at each of the mints and assay offices, will be found in the Appendix.

## coInAge.

The coinage executed during the fiscal year at the four coinage mints located at Philadelphia, San Francisco, Carson City, and New Orleans, aggregated $119,547,877$ pieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 63,611,159.35$, against 112,698,071 pieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 60,254,436.93$, struck in the preceding fiscal year.

The gold coins aggregated $1,414,154$ pieces, of the value of $\$ 24,172,-$ 202.50 , of which $\$ 22,062,580$ were in double-eagles, $\$ 1,170,100$ in eagles, \$908,445 in half-eagles, and \$30,777.50 in quarter-eagles.

The bulk of the gold coinage was executed for depositors at the mints on the Pacific coast.

The coinage of the three-dollar and one-dollar gold pieces, as well as the three-cent mickel piece, was discontinued by act of Congress approved September 26, 1890, and no pieces of these denominations were struck during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.

The silver coinage consisted of $36,232,802$ silver dollars, $\$ 82,637.50$ in half-dollars, $\$ 195,118.75$ in quarter-dollars, and $\$ 1,761,462,10$ in dimes.

The minor coinage, executed at the mint at Philadelphia, consisted of $13,338,275$ nickel five-cent pieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 666,913.75$, and $50,002,275$ one-centbronzepieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 500,022.75$.

The coinage of the mints during the last fiscal year is recapitulated in the following table:

Cornage, Fiscal Year 1891.

| Description. | Pieces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , Gold | 1, 414, 154 | \$24, 172, 202. 50 |
| Silver dollars | 36, 232, 802 | 36,232, 802. 00 |
| Subsidiary silver coins. | 18,560,371 | 2, 039, 218. 35 |
| Minor coins. | 63, 340,550 | 1, 166, 936. 50 |
| Total | 119, 547, 877 | 63,611, 159.35 |

In the Appendix will be found tables exhibiting, by institutions and by denominations of pieces, the coins struck at the mints during the fiscal year 1891, and also during the calendar year 1890.

A table is also presented exhibiting the coinage of the mints each calendar year since the organization of the Mint in 1792 to the close of the fiscal year 1891.

## GOLD AND SILVER BARS MANUFAGTURED.

In addition to the coinage of the mints, gold and silver bars were manufactured during the fiscal year of the value of $\$ 39,603,199.42$, as follows:

Bars Manufactured, 1891.

| Desoription. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gold | \$31, 165, 541. 77 |
| Silver. | 8,437, 657.65 |
| Total . . . . . | $39,605,199.42$ |

## MEDALS AND DIES MANUFACITURED.

During the last fiscal year 1,237 dies were prepared in the engraving department of the mint at Philadelphia, as exhibited in the following table:

Dues Manufactured, 1891.

| Description. | $\cdots$ | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For gold ċoinage. |  | 93 |
| " silver coinage |  | 25 |
| " minor coinage |  | 486 |
| " proof coinage. |  | 20 |
| " Secretary Windom medal.. |  | 3 |
| " Director of the Mint medal.. |  | 2 |
| " Superintendent of the Mint medal. |  |  |
| " Indian peace medal.. |  | 2 |
| " annual assay medal. |  | 2 |
| " Railway Mail Service meidal |  | 2 |
| Total |  | 1,237 |

The number of medals manufactured aggregated 3,293, distributed as follows:

Medals Manufactured, 1891.

| - | Description. |  |  | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. |  |  |  | 1.91 |
| Silver. |  |  |  | 1,502 |
| Bronze. |  |  |  | 1,600 |
| Total |  |  |  | 3,293 |

The detailed description of the medals manufactured during the year will be found in the Appendix to this report.
The following table exhibits the number of medals and proof sets, as well as single-proof coins sold, during the year:

Medals and Proof Coins Sold, 1891.

| Description. | Number. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medals: |  |  |
| Gold. | 234 | \$0, 321. 65 |
| Silver. | 1,558 | 1,867. 50 |
| Bronze. | 823 | 696. F 9 |
| Total | 2,615 | 11, 885.34 |
| Proof sets: | ' |  |
| Gold. | 36 | 1, 386.00 |
| Silver. | 556 | 1, 499. 50 |
| Minor | 1,903 | 152.24 |
| Total | 2,495 | 3, 057.74 |
| Single proof picece: |  |  |
| Gold proof pleces.. | 42 | 250.00 |

The net profit realized from the sale of medals and proof coins during the year was $\$ 2,025.93$, distributed during the four quarters of the year as follows:

Net Profits on Medals, 1891.

| Quarters. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quarter ending- |  |
| September 30, 1890 | \$298. 62 |
| December 31, 1890. | 263. 58 |
| March 31, 1891 | 709.22 |
| June 30, 1891. | 754.51 |
| Total | 2,025.93 |

## GOLD BARS EXCHANGED FOR GOLD COIN.

During the fiscal year gold bars were exchanged for gold coin, at the mint at Philadelphia and the assay office at New York, of the value of $\$ 24,965,695.20$, as exhibited in the following table:

Fine Gold Bars Exchanged for Gold Coin, 1891.

| Months. | Philadelphia: | New York. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. |  |  |  |
| July | \$30, 169.07 | \$7, 407, 633.11 | \$7, 43?, 802.18 |
| August. | 60,349,90 | -6,416,468.97 | $6,476,818.87$ |
| September | 65,313. 00 | 788, 997.72 | - 854,310.72 |
| Octoler | 70, 328.56 | $925,331.09$ | 995, 659.65 |
| November | 75, 296. 64 | 657, 680. 42 | 732, 977. 06 |
| December. | 40, 201. 20 | 402, 584. 74 | 442, 785.94 |
| 1891. | ! |  |  |
| January | 70,379.75 | 574, 955. 70 | 645, 335. 45 |
| February | 55, 256.51 | 3,740, 954.35 | 3,796, 210, 86 |
| March | $85,460.72$ | 1,365,712.07 | 1,451, 172.79 |
| April | 175, 372.94 | 552, 408:38 | 727, 781. 32 |
| May | 166, 074. 58 | 530, 246. 19 | 696; 320.77 |
| June. | 155, 861.34 | 552, 658.25 | 708, 519,59 |
| Total | 1,050,064. 21 | $23,915,630.99$ | 24, 965, 695. 20 |

During the second session of the Fifty-first Congress, pursuant to recommendations contained in my last fiscal report, the following act, amendatory of the act of May 26, 1882, relative to the exchange of gold bars for United States gold coin, became a law March 3, 1891:

Sec. 3. That an act to authorize the receipt of United States gold coin in exchange for gold bars, approved May twenty-six, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, be amended to read as follows:

That the superintendents of the coinage mints and of the United States assay office at New York may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, but not otherwise, receive United States gold coin from any holder thereof in sums of not less than five thousand dollars, and pay and deliver in exchange therefor gold bars in value equaling such coin so received: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may impose for such exchange a charge which in his judgment shall equal the cost of manufacturing the bars.

SEC. 4. That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

In order that the change from the old law may be noted the act of May 26, 1882, is appended:


#### Abstract

That the superintendents of the coinage mints, and of the United States assay office at New York, are hereby authorized to receive United States gold coin from any holder thereof in sums not less than five thousand dollars, and to pay and deliver in exchange therefor gold bars in value equaling such coin so received.


The act of May 26, 1882, was construed by the Attorney-General to be mandatory as to the exchange of gold bars for gold coin, and he further held that under its provisions no charge could be imposed for the exchange.

The modified act provides that the Secretary of the Treasury may impose a charge for such exchange equal to the cost of manufacturing the bars; and the exchange is to take place only with the approval of of the Secretary of the Treasury, thus making it discretionary.

The day following the approval of the act (March 4, 1891) requests made at the United States assay office at New York for gold bars, for export, in exchange for gold coin were telegraphed the Director. The superintendent was instructed to deliver gold bars in exchange for gold coin upon the payment of a bar charge of 4 cents per hundred dollars in value.

Notwithstanding the charge imposed, exporters of gold continued to take large amounts of gold bars in exchange for gold coin, so that on March 23, 1891, the superintendent was instructed to decline to give gold bars in exchange for gold coin when required for shipment.

Gold bars are furnished in exchange for gold coin, upon the payment of the bar charge, to jewelers and manufacturers for domestic use in the industrial arts, but since March 23 of the present year have not been furnished for export.

As I have pointed out in prior reports, the movement of gold from the United States has been facilitated by the act of May 26, 1882.

The shipment of gold, rather than the purchase of exchange, is, as a rute, decided on a very narrow margin of profit, and it would seem reasonable to infer that when the margin of profit between the actual shipment of specie and the purchase of exchange is small, shipments might be prevented if exporters were required to ship coin or to pay a premium for bars.

The fact that exporters were willing and anxious to pay the charge of 4 cents per hundred dollars in value, and even a higher rate, for gold bars in exchange for coin, is proof conclusive that United States bars of full weight and of recognized purity are a more profitable form of gold for shipment than coin.

It has not been the policy of the Department to throw any obstacle in the way of the free movement of specie, but there is no good reason why the Government of the United States, reversing the policy of foreign banking houses under governmental control, should facilitate it.

While the refusal to furnish bars for export has been powerless to stop the movement of gold this summer from this country, for the reason that specially powerful causes were operating (which are discussed elsewhere in this report), such refusal should have the effect to raise the " gold point" so as to render it unprofitable as a business transaction to ship gold from this country to London unless the price of sterling exchange approximates $\$ 4.89 \frac{1}{4}$, a rise of at least one-half a cent.

## WORK OF GOVERNMENT REFINERIES.

The acid refineries of the coinage mints and of the assay office at New York operated during the last fiscal year on bullion contain-
ing $9,070,490$ standard ounces of gold and silver, of the value of $\$ 32,462,241.42$, as exhibited in the following table:

Prodjet of Acid Refineries, 1891.

| Bullion. | Standard ounces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold | 1,256, 090, 282 | \$23, 369, 121.51 |
| Silver | 7, 814, 399.930 | 9, 093, 119.91 |
| Total | 9, 070, 490. 212 | 32, 462, $\because .4$ |

The weight and value of the precious metals treara . .he refinery of each of the institutions is exhibited in the followis :! able:

Refinivg (by Acids), 1891.

| Institutions. | Gross ounces. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard ounces. | Value. | Standard ounces. | Value. |  |
| Pbiladelphia... | 891.,000. 14 | 241, 605.317 | \$4, 494, 982. 64 | 681, 059.68 | \$792.505. 81 | \$5, 287, 488.45 |
| San Francisco.. | 1,677, 786. 14 | $225,655.692$ | 4, 198, 245.43 | 1, 522, 273.04 | 1,771, 372.26 | $5,969,617.69$ |
| Carson | 2,013,792.95 | 97, 150.630 | 1, $807,453.58^{\prime}$ | 2, 134, 159.75 | 2, 483, 385.89 | : $290,839.47$ |
| New Orleans. | 9,970.51• | 5,577.473 | - $103,766.94$ | 4,008.80 | 4,664.78 | 108, 431.72 |
| New York. | 4, 231, 003.44 | -686, 101. 170 | 12, 764, 672.92 | 3, 472, 898.66 | 4, 041, 191. 17 | 16,805,864.09 |
| Total | 8, 823,553.18 | 1, 256, 090. 282 | 23,369, 121. 51 | 7, 814, 399.93 | 9,093, 119.91 | 32, 462, 241. 42 |

## PURCHASES OF SILVER.

From July 1 to August 13, 1890, the purchases of silver bullion were, made under the provisions of the act of February 28, 1878.

The amount purchased by the Treasury Department, on telegraphic offers of lots of over 10,000 ounces, was $2,431,827.18$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 2,382,267.28$.

In addition to Department purchases, the purchases of silver at the mints in lots of less than 10,000 ounces, aggregated $663,512.57$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 655,139.34$, while the silver purchased in partings, bar charges, and fractions aggregated 12,859.72 standard ounces, costing $\$ 12,019.84$.

The total amount of silver purchased during the last fiscal year, under the act of 1878 , was $3,108,199.47$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 3,049,426.46$.

The average cost of silver purchased under the act of February 28, 1878, during the first two months of the fiscal year, was $\$ 1.09$ per fine ounce.

The following table exhibits the quantity and cost of the silver purchased under the act of February 28, 1878, during the first two months of the fiscal year at each of the coinage mints:


|  | Mints. | Standard onnces. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia. |  | 1, 768, 110. 47 | \$1, 722, 648.66 |
| San Francisco |  | 426, 469.28 | 424, 062.30 |
| New Orjeans |  | 688,821.09 | 681, 576.31 |
| Carson |  | 224, 798. 63 | 221, 139. 19 |
| Total |  | $3,108,199.47$ | 3, 049, 426.46 |

Adding to this total the amount of silver on hand July 1, 4, 415, 244.66 standard ounces, costing $\$ 4,027,833.80$, makes the total amount of silver available for the coinage of silver dollars during the year, purchased under the act of February 28, 1878, 7,523,444.13 standard ounces, costing $\$ 7,077,260.26$.

Bullion Delivered on Silver Purchases, Act of February 28, 1878.

| Mode of acquisition. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purchased by the Treasury Department (lots of over 10,000 ounces) . | 2, 431, 827.18 | \$2,382,267. 28 |
| Purchased at mints (lots of less than 10,000 ounces) | $663,512.57$. | $655,139.34$ |
| Partings, bar charges, and fractions | 12,859.72 | 12, 019. 84 |
| Total delivered on purchases | 3, 108, 190.47 | 3, 049, 426.46 |
| Balance July 1, 1890 | $4,415,244.66$ | 4,027,833.80 |
| Available for coinage of silver dollars during fiscal year 1891.. | 7, 523.444.13. | 7,077,260. 26 |

Of the bullion purchased under the act of February 28, 1878, 7,511,218.49 standard ounces, costing $\$ 7,065,905.45$, were used in the coinage of $8,740,327$ standard silver dollars; $12,223.76$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 11,353.07$, were wasted by the operative officers and sold in sweeps, while the balance (consisting of fractions of less than an ounce at each of three coinage mints), 1.88 standard ounces, costing $\$ 1.74$, was transferred to the account of "silver purchases under act of July 14, 1890."

The total amount of silver bullion purchased under the act of February 28, 1878, from the commencement, March 1, 1878, to August 13, 1890 , was $323,635,576.19$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 308,199,261.71$, an average of $\$ 0.9523$ per standard ounce, or $\$ 1.058$ per fine ounce.

## SILVER PURCHASES UNDER AC'T OF JULY 14, 1890.

On August 13, 1890, the act of July 14, 1890, requiring the purchase monthly of $4,500,000$ ounces of silver, went into effect. The amount purchased by the Treasury Department, on telegraphic offers of lots of over 10,000 ounces, to the close of the fiscal year, aggregated 47, $710,254.77$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 44,861,371.32$. In addition to Department purchases, the purchases of silver at the mints in lots of less than 10,000 ounces, aggregated 5,962,742.75 standard ounces, costing \$5,625,039.30, while the silver purchased in partings, bar charges, and fractions (including 1.88 standard ounces, costing $\$ 1.74$, transferred from 1878 bullion) aggregated $97,128.09$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 91,087.82$.

The total amount purchased during the last fiscal year under the provisions of the act approved July 14, 1890, was $53,770,125.61$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 50,577,498.44$.

The average cost of the silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, was $\$ 1.045$ per fine ounce.

The following table exhibits the quantity and cost of the silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, during the fiscal year, at each of the coinage mints:

Deliveries on Purchasids of Silyme under Act of July 14, 1890, miscal year 1891.


The following table is a recapitulation of the purchases, and mode of acquisition, under the act of July 14, 1890:

Bullion Delivered on Silyer Purchases, Act of July 14, 1890.

| Mode of acquisition. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purchased by the Treasury Department (lots of over 10,000 ounces). | 47, 710, 254. 77 | ' $\$ 44,861,371.32$ |
| Purchased at mints (lets of less than 10,000 ounces). | $5,962,742.75$ | -5,625,099. 30 |
| Partings, bar charges, and fractions (including $1: 88$ standard ounces, costing \$1.74, transferred from 1878 bullion) | 97, 128:09 | 91, 087. 82 |
| Total | $53,770,125.61$ | 50, 577, 498. 44 |

The act of July 14, 1890, required" "That the Secretary of the Treasury shall each month coin $2,000,000$ ounces of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of this act into standard silver dollars, until the first day of July, 1891, and after that time lie shall coin of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of this act as much as may be necessary to provide for the redemption of the-Treasury notes herein provided for, and any gain or seignorage arising from such coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury."

In order to comply with the mandatory coinage of silver dollars required by this act $(2,000,000$ ounces monthly, equivalent to $2,585,000$ silver dollars), there were coined from August 13, 1890, to June 30, 1891, from bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, 27,292,475 silver dollars.

The quantity of silver used in this comage was $23,454,470.70$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 22,747,860.42$, while $27,272.98$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 25,466.43$, were wasted and sold in sweeps, leaving a balance of uncoined silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, on hand at the coinage mints June 30,1891 , of $30,288,3 \dot{81.93}$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 27,804,171.59$, distributed as follows:

Silver Bullion Purchased under Act of July 14, 1890, Uncoined June 30, 1891,


The total amount of silver purchased, during the fiscal year, under both acts, February 28, 1878, and July 14, 1890, was $56,878,325.08$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 53,626,924.90$, an average cost of $\$ 1.04 \frac{3}{4}$ per fine ounce.

The total coinage of silver dollars under the two acts was $\$ 36,032,802$.

In addition, 200,000 silver dollars were coined in the last month of the fiscal year from trade-dollar bullion.

The total coinage of silver dollars, during the fiscal year, and the total seignorage on such coinage, is exhibited in the following table:

Coinage of Silver Dollars, Fiscal Year 1891.


The total purchases of silver bullion under the provisions of the act of July 14, 1890, from August 13, 1890; to November 1, 1891, have aggregated $66,588,536$ fine ounces, costing $\$ 68,626,565$, an average for the whole period of $\$ 1.03$ per fine ounce. The balance of silver bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, on hand uncoined at this date, November 1, 1891, is 45,022,085 fine ounces, costipg $\$ 45,420,512$.
The accompanying table exhibits the offers and purchases of silver during the fiscal year, under the acts of February 28,1878 , and July 14, 1890 :

Silver Offered, Purchased, and Cost of Same, under the Act of February 28, 1878.


* All declined.

Silver Offered, Purchasid, and Cost of same, under Act of July 14, 1890.

| Date. | Offers. | Amount parchased. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. | Fine ounces. | Fine ounces. |  |
| August 13 | 882, 000 | , 310,000.00 | \$350, 300.00 |
| August 15 | 704,770 | 417, 770.00 | 478,957.80 |
| August 18 | 590,000 | $540,000.00$ | 640,650.00 |
| August 20 | 1,364, 000 | $516,000.00$ | 619, 530.00 |
| Angust 22 | 1,520,000 | 425,000.00 | 507, 575.00 |
| August 25 | 1,020,000 | 450, 000.00 | $538,365.00$. |
| August 27 | 1,946,000 | $613,000.00$ | 730, 470.00 |
| Angust 29 | ]. 453,000 | 358,000.00 | 428, 445.00 |
| Total | 9,479, 770 | $3,629,770.00$ | 4, 294, 292.80 |
| Local purchases. |  | 175, 336.06 | 209, 732.56 |
| Total for Augrist. | 9, 479, 770 | $3,805,106.06$ | 4,504, 025.36 |
| Septeraber 1 | 1, 215, 500 | 150, 500.00 | 179, 808. 75 |
| September 3 | 2,003,500 | $300,000.00$ | 358,050.00 |
| Septémber 5 | 1, 077,500 | 250,000.00 | 293, 087. 50 |
| September 8 | 804, 000 | $255,000.00$ | 298, 993.00 |
| September 10 | 640, 000 | 210,000.00 | 246, 750.00 |
| September 12 | 431, 000 | $321,000.00$ | 371., 428. 50 |
| September 15 | 500,000 | $360,000.00$ | 416, 830.00 |
| September 17 | 519,000 | $326,000.00$ | 380, 061. 25 . |
| September 19 | 820,000 | 470, 000.00 | 546,988.00 |
| September 22 | 1, 035,000 | $250,000.00$ | 2S9, 000.00 |
| September 24 | 338, 925 | 140, 000:00 | 159, 100.00 |
| September 26 | 166, 762 | 105,000.00 | 11.8,812.50 |
| Total | 9,551, 187 | $3,137,500.00$ | 3, 658,909.50 |
| Local purchases |  | 621,728.04 | 661, 421.96 |
| Total for September | 9, 551, 187 | 3,759,228.04 | 4,320,331.46 |
| October 1 | 375,000 | 225,000.00 | $250,375.00$ |
| October 3 | 957, 000 | $510,000.00$ | 580, 238. 30 |
| October 6 | 780, 000 | $300,000.00$ | 336,650.00 |
| October 8 | 733, 000 | 280, 000.00 | 312, 722.50 |
| October 10 | 843, 000 | $300,000.00$ | $332,400.00$ |
| October 13 | 871, 000 | 420,000. 00 | $465,151.00$ |
| October 15 | 436,000. | $275,000.00$ | 301,572.50 |
| October 17 | 424,000 | 148, 000.00 | 163,392.00 |
| October 20 | 1, 217, 000 | 647, 000.00 | 709, 267.00 |
| October 22 | 1,274, 000 | $515,000.00$ | $563,487.50$ |
| October 24 | 1, 050,000 | 200, 000.00 | 209,960.00 |
| Total | 8,960,000 | 3,820,000.00 | 4,231,216.00 |
| Local purchases |  | 896, 711.76 | 987,642.98 |
| Total for October | 8,960,000 | 4., 716, 711. 76 | 5, 218, 864. 98 |
| November 3 | 1,060;000 | 51.5,000.00 | 549, 205.00 |
| November 5 | 1,055, 000 | 370, 000.00 | $393,186.00$ |
| November 7. | 1,045,000 | 420, 000.00 | 430, 290. 00 |
| November 10. | 600, 000 | 600, 000.00 | 620; 155.00 |
| November 12 | 862,000 | 737, 000.00 | 763, 868. 50 |
| November 14. | 750,000 | 165,000.00 | 170,672.50 |
| November 17. | 1., 475, 000 | $745,000.00$ | 745, 990.00 |
| November 19. | 848,000 | $500,000.00$ | 488,565.00 |
| Local purchases |  | 447, 899. 44 | $468,943.35$ |
| Total for November | 7, 695, 000 | 4,499,899. 44 | 4, 630,875, 35 |

Silver Offered, Purceased, and Cost of Same, etc.-Continued.

| Date. | Offers. | Amount purchased. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1890 .$ | Fine ounces. | Fine ounces. |  |
| December 1.................. | 891, 000 | 566, 000.00 | \$606, 557. 50 |
| December 3. | 1, 283, 000 | 321, 000.00 | 339, 442.50 |
| December 5 . | 1,080,000 | 255, 000.00 | 266, 650.00 |
| December 8. | 1,120,000 | $685,000.00$ | 707, 767.50 |
| December 10. | 803, 000 | 400, 000.00 | 415, 317.50 |
| December 12 | 1,136,000 | 760, 000.00 | 801, 940.00 |
| December 15. | 918,000 | $698,000.00$ | 758, 457.00 |
| December 17. | 657, 000 | 210,000.00 | 226, 525.50 |
| Local purchases |  | 624, 190.07 | 659, 974.98 |
| Total for December | 7, 888,000 | 4, 519, 196.07 | 4,782, 632. 48 |
|  |  |  |  |
| January 2. | 932, 000 | 807, 000. 00 | 848, 145.00 |
| January 5. | 1,930,500 | 572, 000.00 | 598, 655.00 |
| January 7. | 1,356,000 | $628,000.00$ | 660, 238.40 |
| January 9. | 1,026, 600 | 754, 600, 00 | 793,779.90 |
| January 12. | 583, 800 | 283, 800.00 | 304, 831.35 |
| January 14. | 918, 000 | $455,000.00$ | 482, 470.00 |
| January 16. | 749.200 | 318,000.00 | 336.827 .00 |
| January 19. | 589, 000 |  |  |
| Januajy 21. | 1, 019,000 | 326, 000.00 | $343,763.50$ |
| Local purchases |  | 411, 421.92 | 433, 048.50 |
| Total for January | 9, 104, 100 | 4,555, 821.92 | 4,801, 758. 65 |
| February 4 | 1,144,500 | * $488,000.00$ | 501, 074.50 |
| February 6 | 1,057,000 | 507, 000.00 | 517,972. 10 |
| Felruary 9 . | 788, 900 | 60,000.00 | 60;580.00 |
| February 11 | 823, 500 | 414, 000.00 | 421, 366. 50 |
| February 13 | 955,500 | 670,500.00 | 675, 841.00 |
| February 16 | 568,500 | 362,500.00 | 362, 165.00 |
| February 18 | 613, 000 | 124, 000.00 | 122, 103.75 |
| February 20 | 1,058,000 | 851,000.00 | $843,781.63$ |
| February 25 | 1,173,300 | 608.000. 00 | 596, 794. 00 |
| Local purchases |  | 466,756. 34 | 468, 239.56 |
| Total for February | 8, 182, 100 | 4, 551, 756.34 | 4, 569, 918.8.04. |
| March 2. | 748,000 | 105000.00 | 103,162.50 |
| March 4. | 1, 089,000 | 745, 000.00 | 735, 225.50 |
| March 6. | 1,026, 000 | 276, 000.00 | 271, 360. 00 |
| March 9. | 1,189, 000 | 570, 000.00 | 562, 162.00 |
| March 11 | 777, 000 | $365,000.00$ | 361, 163.00 |
| March 13. | 870, 500 | 303,000.00 | 301, 392.50 |
| March 16. | 747,000 | $377,000.00$ | 374, 886. 63 |
| March 18. | 662, 000 | 412, 000.00 | 407, 832.00 |
| March 20. | 1, 204, 000 | 259,000.00 | 257, 341.00 |
| March 23. | 1, 204, 000 | 526, 000.00 | 520, 578.00 |
| March 25. | 533, 000 | 129, 000.00 | 126, 574.00 |
| March 27. | 339,000 | 115, 000.00 | 112,912. 50 |
| Local purchases. |  | 320,560. 32 | 317,736.75 |
| Total for March | 10,388,500 | 4, 502, 560.32 | 4, 452, 326.38 |
| April 1 | 1,291,500 | 541, 000.00 | 534, 217.50 |
| April 3 | 915, 000 | - 370,000.00 | 363, 780.00 |
| April 6 | 940,400 | $393,700.00$ | 387, 051. 95 |
| April 8 .... | 2,044, 600 | 470,000.00 | 460, 575.00 |

Silver Offered, Purchased, and Cost of Same, eitc.-Continued.

| Date. | Offers. | Amount purchased. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1891: | Fine ounces. | Fine ounces. |  |
| April 10.. | 1,605,500 | - 355,500.00 | \$348, 312.87 |
| April 13. | 960,000 | 242, 000.00 | 237, 139.50 |
| April 15. | 1,083,000 | 483,000.00 | 472, 012.50 |
| April 17. | 686,000 | $300,000.00$ | 292, 560.00 |
| April 20. | 894, 000 | 594, 000.00 | 578,626.00 |
| April 22. | 582, 000 | 177, 000.00 | 170, 615. 60 |
| Local purchases |  | 599,582. 19 | 587, 952. 56 |
| Total for April. | 11, 002, 000 | 4, 525, 782.19 | 4,432,843.48 |
| May 1................. | $739,1.00$ | 175, 000.00 | 171,440.00 |
| May 4. | 889,000 | $326,000.00$ | 324, 659.50 |
| May 6. | 958,000 | 468, 000.00 | 461, 297.00 |
| May 8. | 905, 000 | 414, 000.00 | 406, 888. 25 |
| May 11. | 839,500 | 593,500.00 | 582, 834.25 |
| May 13. | 434, 000 | 144, 000.00 | 141, 090.00 |
| May 15. | 464, 500 | 54, 800.00 | 53, 749.05 |
| May 18. | 940, 000 | 415, 000.00 | 407, 416. 75 |
| May 20. | 746.000 | $382,000.00$ | 373, 239.00 |
| May 22. | 754,000 | $300,000.00$ | 291,597. 50 |
| May 25. | 669,500 | $315,500.00$ | 306, 883.50 |
| May 27. | 883,000 | 294, 000.00 | 286, 502.50 |
| May 29. | 501, 000 | 120,000.00 | 116; 400.00 |
| Local purchases |  | 502, 581.13 | 494, 368.86 |
| Total for May | 9,725.900 | 4,504,381.13 | 4,418, 366.16 |
| June 1. | 566, 000 | 216, 000.00 | 209, 907.00 |
| June 3 | 944, 000 | $320,000.00$ | 312, 820.00 |
| June 5 | 881,600 | 434,600.00 | 426, 174, 60 |
| June 8. | 887, 500 | 532,500.00 | 521, 725. 82 |
| June 10 | 744, 000 | 103, 000.00 | 101, 071.75 |
| Jume 12 | 393, 500 | 343, 500.00 | 336, 926.50 |
| June 15 | 459,000 | $329,000.00$ | 323, 238.00 |
| June 17 | 638,000 | 538, 000.00 | 529, 220.00 |
| June 19 | 559, 000 | 559,000. 00 | 558,651. 25 |
| June 22. | 665, 000 | - 315,000.00 | 320, 807.50 |
| June 24. | 708, 000 | $388,000.00$ | 387, 047.50 |
| Local purchases |  | 448, 976.41 | 441,759.88 |
| Total for June. | 7,445,600 | 4, 522, 576.41 | 4,469, 349.80 |

## COURSE OF SILVER.

The fluctuations in the price of silver during the last fiscal year covered a wide range, extending from $\$ 0.964$ per fine ounce to $\$ 1.21-\mathrm{a}$ variation of nearly 25 cents-a fluctuation greater than in any previous year.

At the commencemənt of the fiscal year, July 1, 1890, silver was quoted in London at $47 \frac{9}{16}$ pence (the London quotation being per ounce British standard .925), equivalent, at the par of exchange, to $\$ 1.042$ per fine ounce; the New York price at the same date being $\$ 1.05$.

From this date, in anticipation of legislation by Congress which would increase the mandatory purchases of silver by this Government, the price of silver rose rapidly until, July 14, 1890, the date of the passage of the new silver law, the price had advanced in London to $49 \frac{1}{4}$ pence, and in New York to $\$ 1,08$ per fine ounce.

As the act was not to take effect until thirty days after its passage, the price fluctuated from $47 \frac{3}{4}$ pence to $50 \frac{1}{2}$ pence ( $\$ 1.107$ per fine ounce), closing at the end of July at the latter figure.

On August 1 the London price advanced to $51 \frac{1}{8}$ pence ( $\$ 1.12$ ) the New York price the same day being $\$ 1.14 \frac{1}{2}$.

On August 13, the date the new silver law took effect, the price had advanced in London to $51 \frac{1}{4}$ pence ( $\$ 1.123$ ) and in New York to $\$ 1.14$ per fine ounce.

The highest price reached was, in New York, August 19, $\$ 1.21$ per fine ounce (the highest point touched since 1878), and in London, September 3,545 pence ( $\$ 1.19 \frac{3}{4}$ ).

The price in New. York did not vary materially from August 19 to September 3, when a decline commenced, extending, with some fluctuations, to the end of the calendar year, the price on December 31, 1890, being in London 48 pence ( $\$ 1.052$ ) and in New York $\$ 1.045$.

From the 1st of August to the middle of September the difference between the price of silver in New York and London was so great that bullion dealers were enabled to import silver from London at a profit.

During the month of January, 1891, the price of silver fluctuated between 484 and 467 pence.

From this time forward the decline continued until April 24 , when the lowest point was reached-44 pence (\$0.964) in London, the New York price the same date being $\$ 0.97 \frac{1}{4}$.

From this date the price gradually advanced, closing June 30, 1891, at $45 \frac{3}{4}(\$ 1.003)$, the New York price on the same date being $\$ 1.01 \frac{1}{4}$.

The average price of silver during the year was, in London, $47 \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{T}}$ pence, equivalent to $\$ 1.04 \frac{1}{2}$ per fine ounce, and in New York $\$ 1.053$; an average difference of nearly 1 cent.

The highest, lowest, and average price of silver each month during the fiscal year, and also during the calendar year 1890, is shown in the following tables:

Highest, Lowest, and ayerage Price of Silver Bumlion, and value of a Fine Ounce, eace Month during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Months. | Highest. | Lowest. | Average price per ounce British. standard, .925. | Equivalent value of a fine ounce with exchange at par, $\$ 4.8665$. | Average monthly price at New York of exchange on London. | Equivalent value of a fine ounce, based on average monthly price and average rate of exchange. | Average monthly New York price of fine bax silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. | Pence. | Pence. | Fence.' |  | . |  | - |
| July | 50, | 47 9 9 | 49.201 | \$1.07854 | \$4.8852 | \$1. 08367 | \$1.08942 |
| August. | $54 \frac{1}{2}$ | 503 | 52.707 | 1. 15540 | 4.8718 | 1. 15643 | 1.16995 |
| September | 54\% | 50 | 58.128 | 1. 16452 | 4.8504 | 1. 15946 | 1. 16560 |
| October. | $51 \frac{1}{2}$ | $48 \frac{1}{5}$ | 49.708 | 1. 08966 | 4. 8599 | 1. 08821 | 1. 10315 |
| November | 49글 | 45 | 47.305 | 1. 03698 | 4.8615 | 1.03404 | 1.04022 |
| December | -491 | 47 ${ }_{4}^{1}$ | 48.135 | 1.0551. 8 | 4. 8388 | 1. 04939 | 1. 05606 |
| January | $48 \frac{3}{6}$ | 46\% | 47.9399 | 1. 05085 | 4. 8637 | 1. 05034 | 1. 0556 |
| February | 463 | 441 | 45.547 | . 99844 | 4.8772 | 1. 00202 | 1.0052 l |
| March | $45{ }_{1}{ }^{5}$ | 445 | 44.928 | . 98487 | 4. 8836 | . 98854 | . 99074 |
| April | 45 | 437 | 44.528 | . 97610 | 4. 8849 | . 99453 | . 98015 |
| May ... | 451 | 49 | 44. 48.1 | . 97507 | 4. $88: 10$ | . 97805 | . 98355 |
| June. | 46 | $44 \frac{1}{4}$ | 44.973 | . 98586 | 4.8861. | . 98924 | . 99557 |
| Average |  |  | 47.7146 | 1. 04195 | 4. 87059 | 1. 047801 | 1. $05 \% 935$ |

Highest, Lowest, and Average Price of Sluver Bullion, and Value of a Fine Ounce, each month during the Calendar Year 1890.

| Months. | Highest. | Lowest. | Average price per onnce, British standard .925. | Equivalent value of a fine ounce with exchange at par $\$ 4.8665$. | A verage monthly price at New York of exchange on London. | Equivalent value of a fine ounce, based on average monthiy price and average rate of exchange. | Average monthly New York price of fine bar silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1800. | Pence. | Pence. | Pence. |  |  |  |  |
| January | 447 | 448 | 44.502 | \$0.97554 | \$4. 8612 | \$0.97448 | \$0.97510 |
| February | 445 | - $43 \frac{1}{8}$ | 44.042 | . 96545 | 4.8674 | . 96582 | . 96668 |
| March | 448 | 433 | 43.908 | . 96251 | 4. 8550 | . 96025 | . 96149 |
| April | 48 | 43 乭 | 45.451 | . 99634 | 4. 8722 | . 99747 | 1. 00538 |
| May | . $47 \frac{1}{2}$ | 46 | 46.971 | 1. 02966 | 4.8596 | 1. 02862 | 1. 04890 |
| June | 49 | - $46 \frac{1}{4}$ | 47.727 | 1.04623 | 4.8737 | 1. 04780 | 1. 05750 |
| July | $50 \frac{1}{2}$ | 47 i | 49.201 | 1. 07854 | 4.8852 | 1. 08367 | 1. 08942 |
| August | $54 \frac{1}{2}$ | $50 \frac{3}{4}$ | 52.707 | 1. 15540 | 4. 87.18 | 1. 15643 | 1. 16995 |
| September | 545 | 50 | 53.123 | 1. 16452 | 4.8504 | 1. 15946 | 1. 16560 |
| October | $51 \frac{1}{2}$ | $48 \frac{1}{3}$ | 49.708 | 1. 08966 | 4.8599 | 1.08821 | 1. 10315 |
| November | 4912 | 45 | 47.305 | 1.03698 | 4.8615 | 1. 03404 | 1. 04022 |
| December. | 4912 | $47 \frac{1}{4}$ | 48.135 | 1.05518 | 4. 8388 | 1. 04939 | 1.05606 |
| Average |  |  | 473 | 1.04633 t | 4.8631- | 1.04547 | 1.05329- |

At the lowest price of silver during the fiscal year the value of the silver contained in a silver dollar was $\$ 0.75$; at the highest price, $\$ 0.936$; at the average price, $\$ 0.814$.

The price of silver at the date of the passage of the act of February 28,1878 , which remonetized the silver dollar, and required the purchase and coinage monthly of not less than $\$ 2,000,000$ nor more than $\$ 4,000,000$ worth of silver, was 55 pence, equivalent to $\$ 1: 205$ per fine ounce, at which price the commercial value of the silver in the silver dollar was $\$ 0.93 \frac{1}{4}$.
From that date the decline was, with some slight intermissions, uniform until May 19, 1888, when silver reached its lowest price, $41 \frac{5}{8}$ pence ( $\$ 0.912$ ), at which price the commercial value of the silver in the dollar was $\$ 0.705$.

The commercial value of the pure silver contained in the silver dollar has been annually since 1873, at the average price of each year, as follows:

Bullion Value of the Sllver Dollar, 1873-1890.

|  | Calendar years. | Average price. | Calendar year. | Average price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1873. |  | \$1.004 | 1882. | \$0.878 |
| 1874. |  | . 988 | 1883. | . 858 |
| 1875. |  | . 964 | 1884. | . 861 |
| 1876. |  | . 894 | 1885. | . 823 |
| 1877. |  | . 929 | 1880. | . 769 |
| 1878. |  | . 891 | 1887. | . 758 |
| 1879. |  | . 868 | 1888. | . 727 |
| 1880. | $\therefore$ | . 886 | 1889. | . 724 |
| 1881. |  | . 881 | 1890.. | . 809 |

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in a silver dollar, reckoned at the commercial price of silver bullion from $\$ 0.90$ to $\$ 1.2929$ (parity of our coining rate) per fine ounce:

Value of The Silver in a Silver Dollar, Reckoned at phe Commercial Price of Silver Bullon, trom 90 Cents to $\$ 1.2929$ (parity) per Fine Ounce.

| Price of siver jer tine ounce. | Value of the pure silver: in a silver dollax. | Price of silver per fine onnce. | Value of the pure silver in a silver dollar. | Price of silver per fine ounce. | Value of the puresilver jn a silver dollar. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0.90 | \$0.696 | \$1.04 | \$0.804 | \$1. 18 | \$9.913 |
| . 91 | 704 | 1. 05 | . 812 | 1.19 | . 920 |
| . 92 | . 712 | 1. 06 | . 820 | 1. 20 | . 928 |
| . 93 | . 719 | 1.07 | . 828 | 1. 2.1 | . 936 |
| . 94 | . 727 | 1.08 | . 835 | 1. 22 | . 944 |
| . 95 | . 735 | 1. 00 | . 843 | 1. 23 | . 951 |
| . 96 | . 740 | 1.10 | . 85.1 | 1. 24 | . 959 |
| . 97 | . 750 | 1.11 | . 859 | 1. 25 | . 967 |
| . . 98 | . 758 | 1. 12 | . 866 | 1. 26 | . 975 |
| . 99 | . 766 | 1.13 | . 874 | 1.27 | . 982 |
| 1.00 | . 773 | 1.14 | . 882 | 1. 28 . | . 990 |
| 1.01 | . 781 | 1.15 | . 889 | 1. 29 | . 998 |
| 1.02 | . 789 | 1. 16 | . 897 | *1. 2929 | 1.00 |
| 1.03 | . 797 | - 1.17 | . 905 |  |  |

*Parity.
The exports of silver from London to India during the first nine months of the present calendar year, that is, from January 1, 1891, to October 8, 1891, were $£ 3,093,626$, against $£ 6,591,156$ in the same period of 1890 , a falling off of $£ 3,497,530(\$ 17,020,730)$, over 50 per cent.

The exports of silver from London to India, China, and the Straits each year since 1881 have been as follows:

Exports of Silver co the East.

| Fears. | India. | China. | Straits. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1881. | \$12, 375, 612 | \$3,898, 860 | \$3, 577, 729 | \$19, 852, 201 |
| 1888. | 18, 604, 945 | 1,584,318 | 7, 354, 255 | 27,543,518 |
| 1883. | 18,040, 140 | 4,212,574 | 11., 189, 631 | $33,442,345$ |
| 188. | 26, 073, 909 | 5,018, 714 | 8, 136,097 | $39,228,720$ |
| 1885. | $30,913,667$ | 3,160,315 | 3, 108, 146 | 37, 182, 1.28 |
| 1886. | 21, 159, 591 | 1,769, 425 | 2, 892,064 | 25,821,080 |
| 1887. | 19, 798,328 | 1, 427, 179 | 2, 766, 9:46 | 23, 992, 453 |
| 1888. | 21, 162, 116 | 1,153, 002 | 3,219,321 | $25,534,439$ |
| 1889. | 28, 392, 786 | 2,731, 861 | 8, 181, 141 | 39, 305,788 |
| 1890. | 35, 673, 177 | 1, 284, 498 | 4, 441, 197 | 41,398,872 |
| 1891 (first nine months) | 15, 082, 258 | 670,857 | 6,896,526 | 22,599,641. |
| Total | 247, 226, 529 | 26,911, 603 | 61, 763, 053 | 335,901, 185 |

The net imports of silver into British India, and the amount of council bills sold, during the last seventeen English official years (ended March 31, of each year), have been as follows:

| Years. | Net imports of silver. | Amount of council bills sold. | Years. | Net imports of silver. | Amount of council bills sold. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1874-75 | \$22, 580, 560 | \$52, 760, 715 | 1884-'85 | 35,282, 125 | 66, 946, 731 |
| 1875-76 | 7, 543, 075 | 60, 294, 052 | 1885-'86 | 56, 500, 065 | 51, 212, 637 |
| 1876-77 | 35, 038, 800 | 61, 784, 106 | 1886-'87 | 34, 844, 140 | 54, 296, 577 |
| 1877-78 | 71, 440, 220 | 49,319,325 | 1887-'88 . . . . . . . . . . . . | $45,307,115$ | 73,220,790 |
| 1878-79 | 19,320, 005 | 67, 880, 692 | 1888-80 . . . . . . . . . . . . | 45,000,525 | 69, 218, 337 |
| 1879-'80 | 38, 299,355 | 74, 271, 598 | 1859-'90 | 43, 798,500 | 76, 890, 700 |
| 1880-'81. | 18,930,685 | $74,163,888$ | 1890-'91 | 51, 926, 717 | 77,713,304 |
| 1881-'82 | 26, 181, 770 | 89, 604, 086 | Total .......... | 619, 589, 342 | 1,158, 811, 004 |
| 1882-'83 | 36, 401, 420 | 73, 584, 015 | Annual average | 36,446, 43.1 | $68,165,353$ |
| 1883-'84 | 31, 194, 265 | 85, 649, 451 | Anoralarase |  |  |

## DISTRIBUTION OF SILVER DOLLARS.

The number of silver dollars distributed from the mints during the last fiscal year was $13,208,794$, an increase of $1,784,925$ over the preceding fiscal year.

The distribution during the fiscal year, and the number of silver dollars in the mints at the commencement and close of the year, are exhibited in the following table:

| Period. | Philadelphia. | $\underset{\text { sisco. }}{\text { San }}$ | New Orleans. | Carson. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In mints July 1, 1890 | 39, 448, 758 | 28,987, 782 | 8, 459,974 | 1, 270, 233 | 78, 166, 747 |
| Coinage of the fiscal year | . $14,902,475$ | 9,350,373 | 9,870,913 | 2,109, 041 | 36, 232, 802 |
| Total. | 54, 351, 233 | 38, 338, 155 | 18,330, 887 | 3; 379, 274 | 114, 399, 549 |
| In mints July 1, 1891 | 51, 163, 675 | 36, 362, 220 | 10, 884, 500 | 2, 880, 360 | 101, 290, 755 |
| Distributed from mints | 3, 187, 558 | 1,975,935 | 7, 446, 387 | 498, 914 | 13,108,794 |

CIRCULATION OF SILVER DOLLARS.
The following comparative statement exhibits the total number of silver dollars coined, the number held by the Treasury for the redemption of certificates, the number held in excess of outstanding certificates, and the number in circulation, on November 1, of each of the last six years:

Coinage, Ownershif, and Circulation of Silver Dollars.

|  |  |  | In the 1 | reasury. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Date. | Total coinage. | Held for payment of certificates outstanding. | Held in excess of certificates outstanding. | In circulation. |
| Nov. 1, 1886 |  | 244, 433, 386 | 100, 306, 800 | 82, 624, 431 | 61, 502,155 |
| Nov.1,1887 |  | 277,410, 157 | 160, 713, 957 | 53, 461, 575 | 62, 934, 625 |
| Nov. 1,1888 |  | 309,750, 890 | - 229, 783,152 | 20, 196, 288 | 59, 771, 450 |
| Nov. 1, 1889 |  | 343, 638,001 | 277, 319, 944 | 6, 219,577 | $60,098,480$ |
| Nov. 1, 1890 |  | - $380,988,466$ | 308, 206, 177 | 7,072, 725 | 65, 709, 564 |
| Nov. 1, 1891 |  | 409, 475, 368 | 321, 142, 642 | 26,197, 265 | 62, 135,461 |

## SUBSIDIARY SILVER COINAGE.

The subsidiary silver coinage, during the last fiscal year, aggregated $18,560,371$ pieces, of the nominal value of $\$ 2,039,218.35$, consisting of $\$ 82,637.50$ in half-dollars, $\$ 195,118$.75 in quarter-dollars, and $\$ 1,761,462.10$ in dimes.

Of this coinage, $\$ 1,211,400$ were manufactured from trade-dollar bullion and $\$ 403.75$ from purchased bullion.
As the act of March 3, 1891, directed that the trade-dollar bullion should be coined into silver dollars, whereas the act of March 3, 1887, providing for the redemption of the trade dollars, had left the recoinage into standard dollars or subsidiary coin discretionary with the Secretary, the use of this stock of silver for the coinage. of subsidiary silver was discontinued.
Worn and uncurrent silver coin, mostly subsidiary pieces, were transferred from the Treasury to the mints for recoinage during the year of the nominal value of $\$ 910,046.69$.
Upon melting, these coins produced 692,575.67 ounces of standard silver, which would manufacture in subsidiary silver coins $\$ 861,680.41$, showing a loss of $\$ 48,366.28$, or about 5 per cent., of which sum $\$ 19,851.55$ was reimbursed the Treasury from the appropriation for recoinage of uncurrent gold and silver coin, contained in the sundry civil bill, approved August 30, 1890, and the balance, $\$ 28,514.73$, from the appropriation for recoinage contained in the act of March 3, 1891.
The stock of silver used for subsidiary coinage during the fiscal year is exhibited in the following table:

Silver for Subsidiary Conage, 1891.

| Stock. | Mint at Philadelphia. |  | Mint at San Fran. cisco. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard: ounces. | Cost. |
| Silver ballion on hand <br> July 1, 1890 $\qquad$ | 2, 302, 404.45 | \$2,645,942. 34 |  |  | 2,302, 404. 45 | \$2,645, 942.34 |
| Uncurrent coins transferred from Treasury | $522,245.57$ | , 649,761.21 | 170,330.10 | \$211, 919.20 | 692, 575.67 | $861,680.41$ |
| Melted assay coins purchased. $\qquad$ | $136.58$ | $169.93$ |  | - | 136.58 | $169.93$ |
| Total stock | 2, 824, 786.60 | $3,295,873: 48$ | 170,330.10 | 211, 919.20 | 2,995, 116. 70 | 3,507, 792. 68 |
| Used in coinage, fiscal year 1891. $\qquad$ | 1,468,691. 70 | 1, 734, 864.67 | 170, 330.10 | 211, 919.20 | 1,639, 021.80 | $1,946,783.87$ |
| Trade-dollar bullion $\frac{\text { with. }}{}$ drawn from this account (act March 3, 1891) | 1,326,751. 50 | 1,524, 828.61 |  |  | 1, 326, 751.50 | 1,524, 828.61. |
| Silver bullion on hand <br> June 30, 1891 $\qquad$ | 29,343. 40 | 36, 180. 20 | -... |  | 29,343. 40 | $36,180.20$ |

The seigniorage on the subsidiary silver coinage during the year was $\$ 92,434.48$, derived as follows:

[^11]In my last annual report attention was directed to the lárge stock$\$ 19,545,362.71$ - of subsidiary silver coins in the Treasury of the United States, which, through abrasion or mutilation, were unfit for circulation, or else of denominations for which there was no popular demand, and a recommendation made that authority be given to recoin the same into such denominations of subsidiary coins as there was a demand for, and that the loss of metal incident to such recoinage be paid from the profits which had been made on silver coinage.

Such a provision was inserted by the House of Representatives of the Fifty-first Congress in the sundry civil act for 1892, but the provision was stricken out in the Senate, and in lieu thereof an appropriation of $\$ 150,000$ was made for "recoinage of the uncurrent fractional silver coins, abraded below the limit of tolerance, in the Treasury."

Under this liberal appropriation a large amount of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury have been recoined into dimes and quarter-dollars, and such recoinage is still in progress.

The nominal value of the silver coins transferred from the Treasury to the mints for recoinage from July 1, 1890 to November 1, 1891, has been $\$ 4,277,917.74$, upon which the loss of metal, representing the abrasion from wear, has been $\$ 134,676.10$ or an average of about 3 per cent. The actual coinage of the same into new silver coins has aggregated $\$ 3,226,414.60$.

It was estimated from previous recoinages that the loss would be about 5 per cent, and that the appropriation of $\$ 150,000$ would enable the Department to recoin about $\$ 3,000,000$. By careful and economical work the loss has been reduced considerably below this figure, and it is believed that the present appropriation will recoin nearly $\$ 5,000,000$.

The beneficial results of this appropriation are shown by the fact that the amount of subsidiary silver coin in the Treasury at the commencement of the last fiscal year, all of which was classed in Treasury statements as an "asset not available," was $\$ 22,805,225$, while the amount in the Treasury at the present date (November 1, 1891) is $\$ 15,196,379$, a reduction of $\$ 7,608,846$.

In view of the importance of relieving the Treasury of this incubus of uncurrent coin, as well as to provide change money in an attractive and desirable form, I renew the recommendation made in my previous report that either a permanent annual appropriation for recoinages be made, or that anthority be given to reimburse the Treasurer for the loss of metal incident to the recoinage of silver coins, from the large profits which have been made by the Government in the first instance in the manufacture and issue of such coins. It seems to me that instead of depending upon the caprice of.Congress for small annual appropriations for recoinage, that a permanent appropriation would be eminently proper and desirable. If, however, this does not meet with favor at the hands of Congress, I most urgently recommend an immediate appropriation of $\$ 100,000$ for continuing the recoinage of uncurrent silver coins in the Treasury.

## TRADE-DOLLAR RECOINAGE.

The total number of trade dollars redeemed under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1887, was 7,689,036, containing 6,687,690.61 standard ounces of silver, of the coining value in silver dollars of $\$ 7,782,040$. From this there were coined up to the close of the fiscal year 1891, $\$ 2,889,011$ in subsidiary silver coins, containing 2,322,042.62 standard ounces, costing $\$ 2,668,654.88$. In addition there was transferred from
trade dollars remelted at the San Francisco mint to silver dollar bullion, 16.97 standard ounces, costing $\$ 19.51$, making the total disposed of up to June 1, 1891, 2,322,059.59 standard ounces, costing $\$ 2,668,674.39$, leaving on hand $4,365,631.12$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 5,020,361.61$.

Of this amount there were stored, at the Philadelphia mint, $1,326,751.51$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 1,524,828.61$, and, at the New Orleans, mint $3,038,879.61$ standard ounces, costing $\$ 3,495,533$.

The act of March 3, 1891, directed the "Secretary of the Treasury shall, as soon as practicable, coin into standard silver dollars the tradedollar bullion and trade dollars now in the Treasury, the expense thereof to be charged to the silver profit fund."

As soon as the mandatory comage of silver dollars required by the act of July 14, 1890, ceased by limitation of law, the conversion of the trade-dollar bullion into standard silver dollars was commenced at the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans.

The total number of silver dollars coined from trade-dollar bullion to November 1, 1891, has been $\$ 3,260,100$, upon which seignorage has been $\$ 40,334.19$. The coinage of trade-dollar bullion into standard silver dollars will be completed during the present calendar year.

The number of trade dollars redeemed under the act of March 3, 1887, the amount used in the subsidiary silver coinage to the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, and the uncoined balance on hand are exhibited in the following table:

TRADE DOLLLARS RECOINED INTO SUBSIDIARY SILVER COIN.


Trade Dollars Recoined into Subsidiary Sllver Con-Continued.

| Tustitutions. | 1890. |  | 1891. |  | Tutal. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| 'I'rade dollars redeemed at Treasury and subtreasuries and transferred to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mint at Philadelphia.. |  |  |  |  | 2,983, 790.90 | \$3, 429, 240.00 |
| Mintat San Francisco. |  |  |  |  | 665, 020.20 | 764, 263. 00 |
| Assay office at New York |  |  |  |  | *3, 038, 879, 61. | 3, 495, 533.00 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 6, 687, 690.71. | 7, 089, 036.00 |
| Recoined- <br> Mint at Philadelphia. | 7,233.75 | \$8, 313.71 | 973, 662. 77 | \$1, 119, 025. 58 | 1, 657, 039.39 | 1, 904, 411. 39 |
| Mint at San Franciseo. |  |  |  |  | 665, 003. 23 | 764, 243.49 |
| Mint at New Orleans. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transferred to silverdollar bullion ac. count, San Francisco |  |  |  |  | 16.97 | 19. 51 |
| Total recoined | 7,233.75 | 8,313.71 | 973, 662.77 | 1, 119, 025.58 | 2,322, 059.59 | 2,668, 674.39 |
| Uncoined June 1, 1891- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mint at Philadelphia.. |  |  |  |  | 1,326,751. 51 | 1., 524, 828. 61 |
| Mint at New Orleans |  |  |  |  | 3, 038, 879.61 | 3, 495, 533.00 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 4, 365, 631.12 | 5, 020, 361. 61 |

* Transferped from mint at New Orleans.
$\dagger$ Transferred to the mint at New Orleans.
The following table exhibits the amount of trade-dollar bullion coined, the cost of same, number of dollars coined therefrom and the seigniorage thereon, under act of March 3, 1891, at the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans, to November 1, 1891:

Coinage of Sllyer Dollars from Trade-Dollar Bullion.
MINT AT PHILADELPHIA.

| Months. | Coined. |  | Sold in sweeps. |  | Total employment. |  | Dollars coined. | Seigniorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | 300, 781. 25 | \$345, 686. 33 |  |  | 300, 781. 25 | \$345,686. 33 | \$350,000 | \$4, 313.67 |
| Angust | 429,687. 50 | $493,857.61$ |  |  | 429,687. 50 | $493,837.61$ | 500, 000 | $6,162.39$ |
| September | 171,960.94 | 197, 633.81 |  |  | 171, 960.94 | 197,633. 81 | 200, 100 | 2,466. 19 |
| October | 214, 843.75 | 246, 918.80 |  |  | 214,843.75 | 246, 918.80 | 250,000 | 3, 083. 20 |
| - Tota | 1,117,273.44 | 1,284,076.55 |  |  | 1,117,273.44 | 1,284,076.55 | 1,300, 100 | 16,023.45 |

MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.

| June | 171, 875.00 | \$197, 702.71 |  |  | 171,875. 00 | \$197, 700.71 | \$200, 000 | \$2, 297. 29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July | 429,687. 50 | 494, 256. 77 |  |  | 429, 687. 50 | $494,250.77$ | 500,000 | 5, 743.23 |
| August | 481. 250.00 | 553, 567.58 |  |  | 481, 250.00 | 553, 567. 58 | 560, 000 | 6, 422.42 |
| September ... | 343, 750.00 | $395,405.42$ | 570.19 | \$655. 87 | 344, 220.19 | 396, 061. 29 | 400, 000 | 4, 594.58 |
| October | 429, 687. 50 | $494,256.78$ |  |  | 429,687. 50 | 494, 256.78 | 500, 000 | 5,743. 22 |
| 'Lota | 1,856,250.00 | 2,135,189.26 | 570.19 | 655.87 | 1,856,820.19 | 2,185,845.13 | 2,160,000 | $24,810.74$ |
| Grand to- <br> tal $\qquad$ | 2,973,523.44 | $3,429,265.81$ | 570.19 | 655.87 | 2,974,093.63 | 3,419,921.68 | $3,460,100$ | 40,834, 19 |

## SEIGNIORAGE ON SILVIBR.

The balance of silver profits on hand, at the four coinage mints, at the commencement of the fiscal year, was $\$ 302,659.51$.
The seigniorage on the coinage of silver dollars during the fiscal year aggregated $\$ 6,221,333.42$, and on subsidiary silver colnage $\$ 92,434.48$, a total of $\$ 6,313,767.90$.

From the gross seigniorage there was paid for the transportation of silver coins the sum of $\$ 52,904.16$, and for reimbursement of wastage and loss on sale of sweeps $\$ 6,530.90$, a total of $\$ 59,435.06$, leaving as the net seigniorage for the year the sum of $\$ 6,254,332.84$.

The total amount of seigniorage covered into the Treasury during the fiscal year aggregated $\$ 6,404,677$, leaving on hand in the coinage mints at the close of the year the sum of $\$ 152,315.35$.

The net profit on the coinage of silver during the thirteen years ended June 30,1891 , including the balance in the coinage mints on July 1,1878 , has aggregated $\$ 71,952,390.25$.

In the Appendix will be found the usual tables showing the seigniorage on the coinage of silver dollars and subsidiary silver separately, and the distribution of the profits.

A table will also be found exhibiting the expenditures from silver profits on account of distribution of silver coins.

## MINOR COINAGE.

During the fiscal year $63,340,550$ minor coin pieces were struck at the mint at Philadelphia, of the face value of $\$ 1,166,936.50$, as follows :

Minor Coinage, 1891.

|  | Denominations. | - | Pieces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Five-cent nickel |  |  | 13, 338, 275 | \$666, 913.75 |
| One-cent bronze. |  |  | 50, 002, 275 | 500,022. 75 |
| Total. |  |  | 63,340,550 | 1,166,936.50 |

The amount and cost of blanks purchased for minor coinage during the year was as follows :

| Blanks purchased. | Pounds avoirdupois. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One-cent bronze blanks | - 339,500 | \$67, 690. 30 |
| Five-cent nickel blanks. | 143, 000 | 46, 444. 20 |
| Total | 482,500 | 114, 140. 50 |

The demand for minor coins has been pressing, taxing to the utmost the capacity of the mint at Philadelphia, but there has been no delay upon the part of the mint in supplying such coins. The blanks used in the manufacture of these pieces were purchased, ready for striking, under contract, the rate paid being $\$ 0.1995$ per pound for the one-cent. blanks and $\$ 0.3194$ for the five-cent nickels.

No recoinage of minor coinage metal was executed during the year.

The accompanying statement shows the balance of coinage metal on hand at the commencement of the year, the amount transferred, and the cost of metal necessary to recoin the same and the loss in melting

Minor Cornage Metal.

| Character. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Balance on hand Joly 1, 1890. | \$28, 012.46 |
| Transterred to mint by Treasurer of United States | 34, 049.00 |
| In order to make the proper alloy for the recoinage of the 1 -cent wickel coins into 5 -cent nickel coins, it was necessary to add new nickel, costing $\qquad$ | 334.21 |
| In order to make the proper alloy for the recoinage of the old copper cents into bronze 1 -centcoins, it was necessary to add tin and zinc, costing. | 10.12 |
| In order to recoin the 3 cent nickel coins into 5 -cent nickel coins it was necessary to add metal of the same alloy, costing. | 255.76 |
| Making the total amount available for recoinage | 62, 6611.55 |
| Deduct from same wastage for the year | 1,186. 71 |
| Leaving the net amount available, at the close of the year, June 30, 1891; for recoinage, to be $\qquad$ | 61, 474. 84 |

The following table exhibits the distribution of minor coins during the fiscal year 1891:

Minor Coins Distributed from the Mint at Philadelphia during tfie Fiscal Year 1891.

| State or Territory. | 5.cent nickel. | 1-cent bronze. | State or Territory. | 5-cent nickel. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l-cent } \\ & \text { bronze. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$9,375 | \$1,890 | Nebraska. | \$14, 395 | \$5,819 |
| Arizona | 540 | 60 | New Hampshire | 4,525 | 3,785 |
| Arkausas | 2,120 | 240 | New Jersey. | 22, 290 | 16,345 |
| California. | 10,440 | 760 | New Mexico Texitorys | 940 |  |
| Colorado | 5,345 | 1,040 | New York. | \$2, 195 | 105,630 |
| Connecticut | 14,450 | 8,980 | North Carolina | 11,445 | 4,760 |
| Delaware | 4,450 | 2,940 | North Dakota | 650 | 650 |
| District of Columbia. | 100 | 340 | Ohio | 43,610 | 30,460 |
| Florida | 4,560 | 1,410 | Oklahoma Territory | 220 | 20 |
| Georgia | 17, 975 | 7,325 | Oregon | 4, 810 | 100 |
| Idaho. | 140 |  | Peunsylvania | 86,680 | 48, 060 |
| Illinois | 86, 125 | 68,950 | Rhode Island | 9,300 | 9,450 |
| Indian 'Territory | 220 |  | Sonth Carolina | 11, 100 | 3,090 |
| Indiana | 18,685 | 12,165 | South Dakota. | 1,985 | 1,045 |
| Iowa | 31,700 | 14, 050 | Tennesseo | 14,920 | 4,740 |
| Kansas | 10, 725 | 7,870 | Texas | 36,965 | 1,300 |
| Kentucky | 29,755 | 9,630 | Utah Territory | 1,960 | 25 |
| Louisiama. | 13, 180 | 80 | Vermont. | 3,720 | 2, 800 |
| Maine | 4,340 | 4, 030 | Virginia | 21,320 | 7,400 |
| Maryland. | 11,875 | 5,745 | Washington | 8, 405 | 395 |
| Massachusetts. | 37,590 | 36, 020 | West Virginia | 4,610 | 2,100 |
| Michigan | 25, 480 | 17,310 | Wisconsin | 22, 175 | 17, 290 |
| Minnesota | 10,875 | 12,325 | Wyoming. | 500 |  |
| Mississippi. | 2,970 | 345 | Total | \$789, 150 | \$488,874 |
| Missouri. | 22,475 | 9,000 |  |  |  |
| Montana. | 4,940 | 1,105 |  |  |  |

The several types and denominations of minor coins issued by the Philadelphia Mint since its establishment, the amount remelted by the mint, and the amount apparently outstanding June 30, 1891, are set forth in the following table:

| Denominations. | Coined. | Remelted. | Ontstanding <br> June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Copper cents. | \$1,562, 887. 44 | \$376, 300.44 | \$1, 186, 587. 10 |
| Copper half-cents*. | 39,926.11 |  |  |
| Copper nickel cents | 2, 007, 720.00 | 763, 782.78 | 1, 243, 937.22 |
| Bronze cents. | $6,172,897.17$ | 39, 871.73 | $6,133,085.44$ |
| Bronze 2-cent pieces | 912, 020.00 | 318,926.82 | 593, 093. 18 |
| Nickel 3-cent pieces. | 905, 768. 52 | 230, 684. 74 | 675, 083.78 |
| Nickel 5-cent pieces. | 11, 545, 224.55 | 111, 145. 60 | 11,430, 483.95 |
| Total : | 23, 146, 443.79 | 1,840,712. 11 | 21, 262, 270. 67 |

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## APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES.

The amounts specifically appropriated by Congress for the support of the mints and assay offices of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, aggregated $\$ 1,030,351.50$, against $\$ 1,094,650$ appropriated for the preceding fiscal year.

From specific appropriations there was expended $\$ 1,022,806.28$, leaving unexpended $\$ 7,545.22$.

In addition, there was expended at the four coinage mints from the general appropriations contained in the act of February 28, 1878, and July 14, 1890 , the sum of $\$ 312,191.72$.

There was also expended from the latter appropriations at the Treasury Department the sum of $\$ 912$ for cablegrams from London giving the daily price of silver.

The total expenditures, therefore, for the mint service for the last fiscal year aggregated $\$ 1 ; 335,910$.

The appropriations and expenditures for the mint service, exclusive of the amount paid by the Treasury Department for cablegrams, are exhibited in the following table:

Appropriations and Expenditures, 1891.
APPROPRLATLONS.

| Institutions. | Salaries. | Wages. | Contingent. | Appropriation for the coinage of the standard silver dollar, act February 28, 1878. | Appropriation for the comarge of silver bullion, act July 14, 1890. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MINTS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia. | \$41, 550.00 | \$293, 000.00 | \$80,000.00 |  |  | \$414, 550.00 |
| San Francisco | 41, 100. 00 | 170,000.00 | 40,000.00 |  |  | 251, 1.00.00 |
| Carson | 29,550.00 | 30, 000.00 | 12,500, 00 |  |  | 72,050.00 |
| New Orleans | 31,950.00 | 74,000.00 | 35, 000.00 |  |  | 140,950.00 |
| ASSAY OFFICES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 39, 250.00 | 25,000.00 | 10,000.00 |  |  | 74, 250,00 |
| Denver | 10,950.00 | 13,750.00 | 6,000.00 |  |  | 30,700.00 |
| Helena | 7,700.00 | 12, 701. 50 | $5,000.00$ |  |  | $25,401.50$ |
| Boise City | 3,200.00 |  | 7,500.00 |  |  | 10,700.00 |
| Charlotte | 2,750.00 |  | 2,000,00 |  |  | 4,750.00 |
| St. Loais | 3,500.00 |  | 2,400.00 |  |  | 5.900 .00 |
| Total | 211, 500.00 | 618,451. 50 | 200, 400.00 |  |  | 1, 030,351.50 |



The expenses of the office of the Director of the Mint, embracing the salaries of the Director and clerical force, the examination of mints and assay offices, the purchese of books and periodicals, the maintenance of the laboratory, the expenses of collecting and compiling the statistics of the precious metals, and all incidental and contingent expenses, aggregated $\$ 34,636.90$, leaving unexpeuded of appropriations for these purposes $\$ 2,073.10$.

The appropriations and expenditures were as follows:
Appropriations and Expenses on meme Ofece of the Director of the Mint for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Purposes for which appropriated. | Appropriated. | Exponded. | Uuexpended. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salaries. | \$2S,960.00 | \$28, 164.08 | \$795.92 |
| Eximination of mints. | 2,500.00 | 1,560.18 | 939,82 |
| Mining statistics | 4,000.00 | 3,696.95 | 303, 05 |
| Laboratory | 750.00 | 723.00 | 27.00 |
| Books, pamphlets, and incidental expenses. | 500.00 | 492.69 | 7.31 |
| Total | 36,710.00 | 34, 636.90 | 2,073.10 |

The appropriations made for the support of the mints and assay offices for the fiscal year to end June 30, 1892, are as follows:

Approprtations for Mints and Assay Offices, 1892.

| Institutions. | Salaries. | Wages of worlimen. | Contingent expenses. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - MINTS. . |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia. | \$41.,550.00 | \$293, 000.00 | \$80,000.00 | \$4.1.4, 55,0.00 |
| San Francisco | 41, 100.00 | 170,000.00 | $40,000.00$ | 251, 100.00 |
| Caisou | 29, 550.00 | $60,000.00$ | $25,000.00$ | 114, 550.00 |
| New Orleans | 31,950.00 | 74, 000.00 | $35,000.00$ | 140,950.00 |
| ASSAY OFFICES. |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 39,250.00 | 30,000.00 | 10,000.00 | 79,250.00 |
| Denver | 10,950.00 | 13,750.00 | 6,000.00 | $30,700.00$ |
| Helena | 7,700.00 | 12,700.00 | $5,000.00$ | 25,400.00 |
| Boisé City | 3,200.00 |  | 9, 000, 00 | 12,200. 00 |
| Charlotte | 2,750.00 |  | 2,500.00 | 5,250,00 |
| St. Louis. | 3,500.00 |  | 2, 400.00 | 5,900.00 |
| Total | 211, 500.00 | 653, 450.00 | 214, 900.00 | 1,079.850.00 |

On the 28th of. September, 1891, I had the honor to submit for your consideration estimates of appropriations required for the support of the mint service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1893.

These estimates, including the usual appropriation for "freight on bullion and coin," aggregated $\$ 1,126,711.50$, against appropriations for the same purposes for the current fiscal year aggregating $\$ 1,126,761.50$, a slight reduction.

## EARNINGS AND EXPENSES OF THE REFINERIES OF THE COINAGE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK.

The amount collected from depositors during the fiscal year 1891 at the coinage mints and assay office at New York, as charges for parting and refining bullion, was $\$ 199,946.79$.

The law requires that the charges collected of depositors shall be used to defray the expenses of the operations of the refinery.

The total amount expended was $\$ 215,767.63$.
There was realized, however, during the year, from the sale of by-products from the refinery (blue vitriol and spent acid) the sum of $\$ 19,480.42$,
a legitimate gain to the refinery, which gains prior to the fiscal year 1885 were used in offsetting payments for acids.

Since that date, under a decision of the First Comptroller, the proceeds of the sale of blue vitriol and spent acids, the by-products of the acid refinery, have not been available for reducing the expenses of the refinery, but are covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt.

Deducting from the gross expenditures the amount realized from the sale of these by-products, the net expenditures for parting and refining bullion were $\$ 196,287.14$, or $\$ 3,659.65$ less than the charges collected.

In my fiscal report attention was directed to the advisability of changing existing law, as construed by the accounting officers of the Department, so as to permit the use of moneys arising from the sale of refinery by-products in reducing the expenses of the refineries.

The purpose of the law was to make the refineries self-supporting, and this purpose is partly defeated by diverting legitimate gains, which in any metallurgical establishment would be used to offset losses and expenses.
Under a separate heading in this report I invite attention to the propriety and advisability of changing the law in this respect.

The total receipts for parting and refining bullion since July 1, 1876, the date at which the refineries were made self-supporting, have exceeded the gross expenditures for the same period by the sum of $\$ 114,727.02$, the latter amount standing to the credit of the appropriation for parting and refining bullion on July 1, 1891.

The receipts and expenses of the refineries for the fiscal year 1891 are exhibited.in the following table:

Charges Collected and Expenditures for Parting and Refining Bulliun, 1891.

| Institutions. | Charges collected. | Gross ex. penditures. | Net expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mint at Philadelphia | \$18,510.74 | \$19, 419.83 | \$19, 419.83 |
| Mint at San Francisco | 49,492.63 | 64,987.08 | 63, 916.40 |
| Mint at Carson | 37, 960.28 | 35,735.92 | 31,661.02 |
| Mint at New Orleans | 772.17 | 312.70 | 312. 63 |
| Assay office at New York. | 93,210.97 | $95,312.10$ | 80, 976.36 |
| 'Total | 199,946.79 | 215, 767. 63 | 196, 287. 14 |

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES OF THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.
The total earnings of the mints and assay offices during the last fiscal year aggregated $\$ 7,650,529.62$, of which $\$ 6,221,333.42$ arose from seigniorage on the coinage of silver dollars, $\$ 92,434.48$ from seiguiorage on subsidiary silver coins, and $\$ 1,050,144.31$ from seigniorage on minor coinage.

The remainder of the earnings were derived from charges collected from deposits, profits on the sale of medals and proof coins, from surplus bullion returned by the operative officers and recovered from the deposit melting room, and from the sale of old material and by-products.

The total expenditures and losses of all kinds, including the entire expenses for the support of the mints and assay offices and the acid refineries, the wastage of the operative departments and losses on the sale of sweeps, the expenses of distributing silver dollars, subsidiary
silver, and minor coins, aggregated $\$ 1,661,139.83$, leaving a net profit of earmings over expenditures for the fiscal year of $\$ 5,989,389.79$.

In the appendix will be found the usual table exhibiting in detail the earnings and expenditures under each classification and at each institution.

## CLASSLFIED STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

The following table exhibits the expenditures for the different classes of supplies (as well as for salaries and wages) at the institutions comprising the mint service during the fiscal year 1891, the expenses of the acid refimeries being separated from the ordinary expenses of the mints.

Statement of Expenditures for Supplies at the Mints and Assay Ofriches of the United States for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891.

| Supplies. | Oxdinary. | Refinery. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acids. | \$1,965.09 | \$47, 272.86 | \$49, 237.95 |
| Advertising | 348.33 |  | 348.33 |
| Adjusting and repair of balances.. | 233.00 |  | 233.00 |
| Assayer's materials. | 1,239. 83 |  | 1,239.83 |
| Barrols and tierces. |  | 1, 037.45 | 1,037.45 |
| Belting | 1,016. 55 | 36.87 | 1, 053.42 |
| Bricls, fire. |  | 228.52 | - 228.52 |
| Bullion balance. | '1,800.00 |  | 1,800.00 |
| Charcoal. | $5,650.66$ | 2, 195.16 | 7,845. 82. |
| Chemicals | 5,242. 38 | 435.40 | 5,677.78 |
| Coal | 17,858. 49 | 8,129.86 | 25, 988.35 |
| Coke. | 5,568.62 | 279. 53 | 5, 848.15 |
| Copper | 27, 841.00 | 16, 258.91 | 44, 099.91 |
| Crucibles. | - 6,654, 86 | 3,440.48 | 10,095. 34 |
| Dry goods | 2,111. 18 | 1,726. 94 | 3,838.12 |
| Electric motor | 865.15 |  | 865.15 |
| Flags | 10.00 |  | 10.00 |
| Tluxes. | 137.80 | 2,736. 66 | 2, 874.46 |
| Freight and drayage. | 3,484. 79 | 2, 503. 35 | 5,088. 1.4 |
| Gas and electric lighting. | 15, 508.18 | 2, 005.12 | 17,513.30 |
| Gas fumaces | 112.50 | 347.50 | 460.00 |
| Gloves and ganntlets | 10, 026. 53 | 834.90 | 10,861. 43 |
| Hardware. | 4, 555.66 | 1,689. 31 | 6,244.97 |
| Ice | 3;246.92 | 325.53 | 3,572.45 |
| Iron and steel. | 1,733.61 | 127.14 | 1,860. 75 |
| Labor and repairs | 10,745. 20 | 3,953. 29 | 1.4, 698.49 |
| Loss on sale of sweeps. | 534.26 | 674, 96 | 1,209. 22 |
| Lumber. | 3, 438.22 | 946.52 | 4,384. 74 |
| Maehinery and appliances. | 21,729.91 | 755.01 | 22, 484.92 |
| Metal work and castings | 4,781. 39 | 1, 409.68 | 6, 191. 07 |
| Oils. | 1,836:29 | 352.35 | 2, 188. 64 |
| Rent. | 480.00 |  | 480.00 |
| Salt. | 7.05 | 681.71 | 688.76 |
| Sewing. | 2, 573.37 | 985.65 | 3,559. 02 |
| Stationery, printing, and binding | 2,110. 69 |  | 2, 110. 69 |
| Steam | 862, 69 | 6, 81.5. 51 | 7,678. 20 |
| Sundries. | 42,666.92 | 1, 817.04 | 44,584.86 |
| Telegraphing and telephone service | 441.42 |  | 441.42 |
| Tools | 329.81 |  | 320.81 |

Statement of Expenditures for Suppled at the Mints and Ássay Offices of the United States, etc.-Continued.


## MOVEMENT OF GOLD FROM THE UNITED STATES.

In the report of this Bureau for the fiscal year 1889, attention was directed to the heavy export of gold from the United States, commencing in May, 188S, and continuing, with some interruption, to the end of July, 1889, aggregating $\$ 61,435,989$.

In considering this movement it was mentioned that in addition to the bars consigned directly to France, the bulk of the other gold shipments were intended for the Bank of France, and the causes which seemed to operate in producing this drain of gold were enumerated, among others the large expenditures by Americans at the Paris Exposition.

In the summer of 1890 a movement of gold from this country occurred, which, while by no means as serious in amount as its predecessor, was somewhat remarkable as a monetary transaction, considering the low rate of sight sterling exchange which obtained during the period.

This movement aggregated in a period of less than two months the sum of $\$ 15,672,982$.

In February of the present year another movement of gold to Europe commenced which did not cease until near the close of July, exceeding in amount the exports of the fiscal year 1889, and causing by far the most serious loss of gold which this country has sustained for many years.

The total amount exported from the port of New York was $\$ 70,223,494.31$.
The following table, which has been prepared with great care and research by the superintendent of the assay office at New York, exhibits the dates and value of the shipments, the names of the shippers, and the destination of the specie, and prevailing rates of sterling exchange:

Gold Bars and Gold Coin Shifped from the Port of New York to Europe from February 13 to July 24, 1891:

| Date. | Name of shipper. | Value. | Rate of exchange. | Destination. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fel. 13 | united states assay office bars. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,027,378.57 \\ 762,709.13 \\ 601,830.72 \\ 602,611.48 \\ 601,629.41 \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | Lazard Frères |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4.88-4.88 \frac{1}{4} \\ & 4.88-4.88_{4}^{4} \\ & 4.87-4.87 \frac{3}{4} \\ & 4.87-4.87 \frac{3}{4} \\ & 4.88 \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$ | Germany. <br> Do. <br> Do. <br> Do. <br> Do. |
|  | Heidelbacl, Ickelheimer \& Co. |  |  |  |
|  | ......do |  |  |  |
|  | . . do |  |  |  |
| Mar. 5 | . do |  |  |  |
|  | Total Unitel States Assay Office bars | 3,596, 152. 31 |  |  |

## Gold Bars and Gold Coln Shipped from the Port of New York to Europe, ETC.-Continued.

| Date. | Name of shipper. | Value. | Rate of exchange. | . Destination. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | united states coin. |  |  |  |
| Mar. 21 | Lazard Frères | \$500, 005. 00 | 4.883 | France. |
|  | ...do | 1, $000,000.00$ | 4.88\% | Germany. |
| 21 | Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co | 1, 278, 000.00 | 4. $88 \frac{8}{3}$ | Do. |
| 27 | Lazard Frères | 700,000.00 | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}-4.88 \frac{3}{4}$ | France. |
| Apr. | . do | $800,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Ladenburg, 'Ihalman \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{4}{4}$ | Germany: |
|  | Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co | 1, 001, 500.00 | 4.883-4.883 | Do. |
|  | A. Belmont \& Có | $300,000.00$ | 4.88!-4.883 | Do. |
|  | Ladenburg, Thalman \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4. 88 롤 | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{2}$ | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoffimann \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4. $88 \frac{1}{2}$ | Do. |
|  | Kidder, Peabody \& Co | 250, 000.00 | 4.882 | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{3}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | Do. |
|  | . . do | $500,000.00$ | 4.88를 | France. |
|  | Ladenburg, Thalman \& Con | $500,000.00$ | 4.884 | Germany. |
|  | L. Von Hoffiman \& Co | $500,000.00$. | 4.881 | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, rekelhemat \& Co | - $100,000.00$ | 4.881 | Do. |
|  | Kidder; Peabody \& Co | 1,000, 000.00 | 4.883 | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 1,150, 000.00 | 4.884 | France. |
|  | L. Von Hंofiman \& Co | 500, 000. 00 | 4.883 | Germany. |
|  | A. Belmont \& Co. | 500,000.00 | 4.881 | Do. |
|  | Kidder, Peabody \& Co | 500,000.00 | 4.882 | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 1,800, 000.00 | 4.89 | France. |
|  | ...do | 700, 000.00 | 4.89 | England. |
|  | L. Von Hoffuan \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4. 89 | Do. |
|  | Kessler \& Co | 250, 000.00 | 4.89 | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach Ickelheimer \& Co. | 500, 000.00 | 4.89 | Do. |
|  | A. Belmont \& Co | 500, 000. 00 | 4.89 | Do. |
| May | Lazard Frères | 500;000.00 | 4.883 | Do. |
|  | .do | 1, 400, 000.00 | 4. $88{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ | France. |
|  | Baring, Magoun \& Co | 1,000,000.00 | $4.883_{3}^{3}-4.89$ | England. |
|  | A. Belmont \& Co. | 500, 000.00 | 4.884 -4. 89 | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4. $888^{3}-4.89$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 650, 000. 00 | 4.883-4. 89 | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoffman \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4.883-4.89 | Do. |
|  | Baring, Magoun \& Co | 600, 000. 00 | 4.883 | Do. |
|  | A. Belmont \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4.884 ${ }^{\text {+ }}$ | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoffman \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4.884 | Do. |
|  | Kuhn, Loeb \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4.88 | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 500,000.00 | 4.883 | Do. |
|  | ..do | 1, 150, 000.00 | 4.88 ${ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | France. |
|  | Heidelback, Ickelheimer \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{6}$ | England. |
|  | ......do | $500,000.00$ | 4.881-4.882 | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | $750,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}-4.88 \frac{1}{2}$ | Do. |
|  | ......do | $750,000.00$ | 4.88 | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoffman \& Co | 1,000,000.00 | 4.88 | Do. |
|  | Ladenburg, Thalumin \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4.88 | Do. |
|  | do | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 1, 250, 000.00 | 4.88 ${ }^{\frac{1}{4}}$ | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoftimamn \& Co. | 1,000, 000.00 | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, Tekelheimer \& Co. | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | ....do. | 500, 000.00 | 5. $88 \frac{1}{4}$ | Trauce. |
|  | Baring; Magoun \& Co. | 1,000, 000. 00 | 4. $87 \frac{3}{4}$ | England. |
|  | Lazard Frıères. | $750,000.00$ | 4. $87{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | Do. |

Gold Bars and Gold Coin Selpfid trom the Port of New York to Eurobe, ETC.-Continued.

| Date. | Name of shipper. | Value. | Date of exohange. | Destination. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | united states coln-continued. |  |  |  |
| May 20 | Ladenburg, Thalmann \& Co | \$500, 000. 00 | 4.87 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | England. |
|  | Brown Bros. \& Co | 750, 000.00 | 4.874 | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoffman \& Co | 250, 000.00 | 4.873 | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co | 970,000.00 | 4.873 | Do. |
|  | Baring, Magoun \& Co. | 1.000, 000.00 | 4. $87 \frac{3}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | L. Vou Hoffman \& Co. | 300,000.00 | 4.873 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}}$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 1,000,000.00 | $4.87 \frac{3}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co | . $500,000.00$ | 4.873 | France. |
|  | Kahn, Loeb \& Co. | 500, 000.00 | 4.88 | England. |
|  | Baring, Magoun \&.. | $250,000.00$ | 4.884 | Do. |
|  | Ladeubarg, Thalmann \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4. $8.3 \frac{1}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoftman \& Co. | 500, 000.00 | 4.881 | Do. |
|  | ......to | $350,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{2}-4.88 \frac{3}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 750, 000.00 | 4. 888 - $4.88 \frac{3}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | ....do | 1,250,000.00 | 4. 888 -4. $88 \frac{2}{4}$ | France. |
|  | Heidelbach, Tckelheimer \& Co. | $500,000.00$ | 4. 888 -4.883 | Do. |
| June | Lazard Frères | 1,000,000.00 | 4. 88 졸 | England. |
|  | ...do | 750,000.00 | 4. 88814.888 | Do. |
|  | Baring, Magoun \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}-4.88 \frac{1}{2}$ | Do. |
|  | L. Vou Hoffiman \& Co | 500,000.00 | 4.883-4.881 | Do. |
|  | Heidelbach, Lckelheimer \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}-4.88 \frac{1}{2}$ | Do. |
|  | . .do | $600,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Kuhn, Loeb \& Co | $500,000.00$ | 4.883 | Do. |
|  | . d o | $500,000.00$ | $4.87{ }^{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frère | $500,000.00$ | 4.873 | Do. |
|  | . do | 1, 000, 000.00 | 4. $87 \frac{3}{3}$ | France. |
|  | A. Belmont \& Co | 500, 000.00 | 4.872 | England. |
|  | Lazard Frères | 1, 250, 000.00 | 4. 881 | Do. |
|  | . do | 1,250,000.00. | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}-4.88$ 零 | France. |
|  | . do | $600,000.00$ | 4. $88 \frac{1}{4}-4.88 \frac{1}{2}$ | England. |
|  | Heidelbach, Ickelbeimer \& Ca | $500,000.00$ | 4.883 | Germany. |
|  | .....do | $500,000.00$ | 4. $8882-4.888$ | Do. |
|  | L. Von Hoffmann \& Co | 750, 000. 00 | 4. $88 \frac{1}{3}-4.88 \frac{3}{4}$ | Do. |
|  | Ladenburg, Thalman \& Co | 750,000.00 | 4. 888 - $4.883^{3}$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frères. | 1,000, 000.00 | 4. $888 \frac{1}{2}-4.88 \frac{3}{3}$ | England. |
|  | . ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1,250,000.00 | 4.883-4.883 | France. |
|  | ...do | 500, 000.00 | 4. $88 \frac{8}{8}$ | Engelami. |
|  | Ladenburg, Thalman \& Co. | 500, 000.00 | 4.884 | Germany. |
| Juiy $\begin{array}{rr}1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 17 \\ 20 \\ 24 \\ 24\end{array}$ | Heidelbach, Inchelhimer \& Co | $200,000.00$ | 4. $87 \frac{1}{4}-4.877$ | Do. |
|  | Lazard Frècs | 500, 000. 00 | 4. $877_{4}^{4}-4.87 \frac{1}{2}$ | England. |
|  | do | 1, 100, 000.00 | 4.871-4.873 | France. |
|  | .do | 500,000.00 | 4.87-4.87\% | England. |
|  | Heidelbach, Ichelheimer \& Co | $300,000.00$ | 4. $86 \frac{1}{3}-4.863$ | Germany. |
|  | Lazard Fuères | - $600,000.00$ | 4. $86 \frac{3}{4}-4.87$ | England. |
|  | .....do | 500, 000.00 | 4.803 | Do. |
|  | do | 1,000,000.00 | 4. 86\% | Frauco. |
|  | Total coin | 66, 399, 505.00 |  |  |
|  | Add United States Assay Ofice bars. | 3, 596, 152. 31 |  |  |
|  | 'lotal | 69, 995, 657.31 |  |  |
| May - | Lazard Frères (Selby birs) | 227, 837.00 |  |  |
|  | Grand total ......... | 70, 233,494.31 |  |  |

An examination of the above table discloses the very singular fact that of this large amount all but $\$ 9,300,000$ was shipped when the rate of sterling exchauge was below the point (about \$4.886) at which gold shipments can be made without loss. The movement, therefore, must have been artificially stimulated by banks and bankers in Europe paying a premium on gold or making discounts to bill-drawers for cash remittances.

This was the result of a condition of affairs very unusual in the mercantile world.

Ordinarily, large banking houses in New York, at certain seasons, can draw on correspondents in the financial centers of Europe sight and time exchange to a large amount in advance of expected commercial bills drawn against shipments of produce, etc.

The heavy losses incurred by European capitalists in South American countries, and the resulting financial disturbances and uneasiness produced thereby, not only greatly restricted this credit, but led to a continuous pressure, more or less strong, for gold to strengthen the reserves of the banks in England, France, and Germany.

For reasons connected with loan difficulties, Russia at the same time withdrew from the depositories of Western Europe large quantities of gold, thus adding greatly to the drain and increasing the pressure for the import of gold from the United States, this country being the only outside source from which gold in large amounts could be readily drawn.

The usual encouragement to the import of gold by the banks of Paris and Berlin in giving credit to importers for money on the day of shipment from New Tork, was, of course, in operation.

It is a well-known fact that the Bank of England paid a premium for American gold coin, and increased that premium from time to time as the financial crisis grew more threatening.

The rate of interest for money being above the normal price in Europe, investments in American securities were discouraged. Indeed, large amounts of the latter were returned in exchange for gold, some holders being doubtless influenced by the fear of the advent of a silver standard here.

The amount of silver exported was also greatly reduced by the increased monthly purchases by this Government, and gold took its place.

The relative amounts of exports and imports of produce and merchandise generally were such as to make our indebtedness larger than usual.

The gold carried out of the country to meet the expenses, by sea and land, of Americans spending their summers abroad, must have nearly if not quite equaled the year of the Paris Exposition, when such expenditures were estimated at over $\$ 92,000,000$.

The balance of trade, for these reasons, being against us, and the pressing need for gold in London, Paris, and Berlin, account very largely for the very heavy exports of gold during these five months.

Desultory quantities of gold were returned to this country from Europe in the month of July of the present year, but by September the return movement was well under way and has continued to the present time. The following table exhibits the importations of gold (over half our own coin returned), from July 1 to November 1, 1891:

Imports of Goid Coln and Gold Bullion at New York from July 1, 1891, to October 31, 1891.

| Month. | Country. | $\begin{gathered} \text { United States } \\ \text { coin. } \end{gathered}$ | Foreign coin. | Foreign bullion. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July | England $\qquad$ <br> France. <br> Gerōaany |  | \$267, 658.00 | .............. | \$267, 058.00 |
|  |  |  | 120,625.00 |  | 120,625.00 |
|  |  |  | 306,590.00 | \$13.00 | 306, 603.00 |
| September | England........... | ............... | $339,825.00$ | ................ | 339,825.00 |
|  | Franc | \$2, 614, 200.00 | $935,980.00$ |  | 3, 550, 180.00 |
|  | Geimany | 376, 225.00 | 1, 032, 745.00 | 48, 665.00 | 2, 057, 635.00 |
| October | England........... | $4,144,417.00$ | $3,108,991.00$ | $866,445.00$ | 8,119, 853.00 |
|  | France............ | $3,323,430.00$ | 439, 243.00 | $* 1,549,081.00$ | 5, 31.1, 754. 00 |
|  | Germany | 511, 200.00 | $243,325.00$ | $34,572.00$ | 789, 097.00 |
| Total | $\text { .......................... } 11,569,472.00$ |  | 6,794, 982.00 | 2, 498, 776.00 | $20,863,230.00$ |

During the same period there were received at the port of New York the following amonnts of gold coin and bullion from Mexico, Central and South America, and the West Indies, viz:

| Total. | $939,886.00$ | 187, 341.00 | 333.316 .00 | 1,460,543.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grand total | 12, 509,358.00 | 6,982, 323.00 | 2,832, 092.00 | 22,323,773.00 |

*Includes $\$ 20,967.07$ United States assay office bars.
With the return of confidence in Europe, investors and others there have bought heavily in American securities, and these investments, together with the large exports of breadstuffs and other materials from the United States this fall and winter, must necessitate additional shipments of gold to this country, and it is believed that the movement of specie to our shores now in progress will continue, with some interruptions, for some months yet and in increasing amounts.

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECTOUS METALS.

Gold.-The value of the gold bullion imported into the United States during the fiscal year 1891-all foreign gold-was \$2,105,034, of which $\$ 1,073,243$ came from Mexico, $\$ 399,472$ from British Columbia, $\$ 324,010$ from Colombia, $\$ 145,995$ from Great Britain, and the remainder from countries of Central America and South America.

Gold was contained in imported silver-lead ores of the value of \$68,742.

Foreign gold ores, of the invoiced value of $\$ 214,803$, were imported into the United States for reduction, all except a small amount coming from Mexico.

Foreign gold coins were imported of the value of $\$ 13,303,387$, of which $\$ 5,851,526$ were from Australia, $\$ 2,447,901$ from Great Britain, $\$ 2,375,133$ from Cuba, $\$ 1,410,385$ from Germany, $\$ 472,850$ from France, $\$ 328,208$ from San Domingo, $\$ 154,592$ from Mexico, and the remainder from various countries.

United States gold coins were returned to this country during the year of the value of $\$ 2,824,146$.

The total imports of gold into the United States during the fiscal year may be summed up as follows:

Gond Imporis, 1891.

| Items. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Foreign bullion.. | \$2, 105, 034 |
| Foreign coin. | 13, 308, 387 |
| Foreign ores. | - 214, 803 |
| Foreign gold in silver-lead ores. | 68, 742 |
| Total foreign | 15, 691, 966 |
| United States coin. | 2, 824,146 |
| Total imports. | 18,516, 112 |

The exports of domestic gold bullion aggregated $\$ 17,234,651$, of which $\$ 15,118,702$ were United States bars and $\$ 2,115,949$ private bars.

Of the gold bullion exported, $\$ 12,901,547$ were consigned to Great Britain, $\$ 4,100,877$ to Germany, $\$ 209,010$ to France, $\$ 13,217$ to Hongkong, and $\$ 10,000$ to British West Indies.

In addition $\$ 11,770$ in foreign gold bullion was reëxported to Great Britain, while $\$ 34,542$ represented the invoiced value of the exports of domestic gold ores, and $\$ 209$ of the gold in foreign ores exported.

United States gold coin was exported of the value of $\$ 67,704,900$, of which $\$ 35,285,950$ was consigned to Great Britain, $\$ 14,450,005$ to France, $\$ 12,429,500$ to Germany, and the remainder to various countries.

Foreign gold coins were reëxported during the year of the value of $\$ 1,411,333$, of which $\$ 1,027,196$ went to Cuba, $\$ 327,889$ to Veneztuela, and the remainder to various countries.

The movement of gold from the United States during the last fiscal year may be summed up as follows:

Gond Exports. 1891.


From the above tables it will be seen that there was a net loss of gold to the United States, by excess of exports over imports, of $\$ 67,946,768$.

Silver.-The commercial value of the foreign silver bulliou imported into the United States during the fiscal year was, as registered at the custom-houses, $\$ 6,321,977$, of which $\$ 4,848,771$ consisted of umparted bars from Mexico, $\$ 838,992$ commercial bars from Germany, $\$ 388,304$
commercial bars from England, and the remainder small lots from various countries of this continent.
In addition to the imports of silver bars, silver ores were imported into the United States for reduction, of the invoiced value of $\$ 8,953,608$.

As usual, the bulk of these ores, $\$ 8,679,845$ came from Mexico, $\$ 254,-$ 270 from the British Possessions in North America, and the remainder in small lots from other countries of this continent.
The silver ores imported into the United States were what is known as silver-lead ores, containing in addition to the silver contents large quantities of metallic lead and some gold and copper.
The following valuable table, compiled by the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics from special statements furnished by collectors of customs, exhibits approximately the quantity and value of the different metals contained in these ores.

Silyer Ore Imported into the United States during the Fiscal Year 1891, with the quantities and Values of Gold, Silver, Lead, and Coppier contanned, in the Ore, as far as could be ascertatned.

| Customs districts. | Total ore. |  | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds. | Value. | Ounces. | Value. | Ounces. | Value. |
| Arizona | 15,520,656 | \$1,527, 018 |  |  |  | \$\$1, 462, 434 |
| Champlain, N. Y. |  | * 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Corpus Christi, Tex | 34, 486, 045 | 1, 424, 089 | 1,905 | \$36, 226 | 1, 443, 792 | 1, 285, 756 |
| Montana and Idaho. | 397, 323 | 40,294 |  |  |  | 35,074 |
| New Orleans, La | 637, 720 | 48, 453 |  |  |  | 48, 453 |
| New York, N. Y. | 1,212,000 | * 358,457 |  |  |  |  |
| North and South Dakota... | 85 | * 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Oswegatchie, N. Y........ | 391,578 | 217, 893 |  |  |  | 217, 893 |
| Paso del Norte, Tex. and N. Mex. | 167, 019, 844 | 5,349,671 |  |  |  | 4,169,502 |
| Puget Sound, Wash. | 62,000 | 2,395 |  |  | 1, 050 | 1,050 |
| Saluria, Tex | 19,359,558 | 713, 644 | 1,778 | 32,516 | 595,775 | 516,246 |
| San Diego, Cal.. |  | 4, 250 |  |  |  | 4,205 |
| San Francisco, Cal |  | 511, 070 |  |  |  | 511, 070 |
| Superior, Mich |  | 1,260 |  |  | 346 | 353 |
| Total | 239, 086, 809 | 10, 199, 344 | 3,683 | 68,742 | 2,040,963 | 8,252,036 |
| Customs districts. |  |  | Lead. |  | Copper. |  |
|  |  | Pounds. |  | Value. | Pounds. | Value. |
| Arizona |  | 1, 430, 295 |  | \$50, 060 | 242, 667 | ${ }^{6}$ \$12,181 |
| Corpas Cluristi, Tex |  | 693, 262 |  | 24, 264 |  |  |
| Montana and Idaho. |  |  | 11,988 | 420 | 64, 270 | 4,800 |
| Paso del Norte, Tex., and N | Mex | 34, 134, 681 |  | 1,194, 714 | 161,447 | 8,148 |
| Puget Sound, Wash. |  | 24,542 |  | 859 |  |  |
| Saluria, Tex.. |  |  | 3,962,066 | 138, 672 |  |  |
| San Diego, Cal. |  | - 744 |  | 26 |  |  |
| Superior, Mich |  | 32,225 |  | 1,128 |  |  |
| Tot |  | 40, 289, 803 |  | 1, 410,143 | 468,384 | 25,129 |

## *No details obtainable:

$\dagger$ Includes value of gold and silver.
Note.-The data in this table have been obtained from special reports by the collectors of customs, and although necessarily incomplete in some details are believed to be valuable. This table will not in the total value of ore compare with the stated publications which latter represent only the value of free silver ore and exclude dutiable contents, such as copper, and, since October 5, 1890, lead. The value of the load is estimated at 3 直 cents per pound, the average value of bar lead at New York less 1 cent.

From the above table it will be seen that the approximate value of the silver contained in these ores was $\$ 8,252 ; 036$ and of the gold $\$ 68,742$, while they contained in addition $40,289,803$ pounds of metallic lead, of the invoiced value of $\$ 1,410,143$ (against $\$ 905,470$ in the previous fiscal year), and 468,384 pounds of copper, of the value of $\$ 25,129$.

Foreign silver coins were imported of the value of $\$ 11,379,663$, of which $\$ 8,187,918$ were Mexican dollars and the remainder principally South American coins.

Our own silver coins, principally subsidiary pieces, were returned during the year of the value of $\$ 325,240$.

The imports of silver into the United States during the fiscal year may be summed up as follows:

Imports of Silver, 1891.

| Iterns. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Foreign bullion (commercial value). | \$6, 321, 977 |
| Silver jn foreigu ores (commercial value) | 8,252,036 |
| Foreign silver coin | 11, 379,663 |
| Total foreign . . . . . | 25,953, 676 |
| United States silver coin | 325, 240 |
| Total silver imports | 26;278,916 |

Domestic silver bars of the value of $\$ 13,797,391$ were exported from the United States during the fiscal year, of which $\$ 12,722,398$ were consigned to England.

In addition to exports of domestic silver bullion, copper matte was exported from the port of Baltimore to England, for reduction, containing silver of the commercial value of $\$ 838,388$.

The following letter from the collector of the port of Baltimore in regard to the character of this matte and where it was produced will be found interesting:

## Custom-house, Baltimore, Md., Collector's Office, September 8;'1891.

Sir: In reply to your letter of the 4th instant requesting me to furnish you a statement of the amount of gold and silver contained in silver ores, copper matte, and argentiferous matte exported from the port of Baltimore, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, I inclose a transcript, showing the amount in copper, silver, and gold.
I would say that the "Baltimore Copper Smelting and Rolling Company," the principal exporters of copper ores, now make no distinction between copper matte and silver-copper matte, it being all exported from this custom-house as silver-copper matte, at the uniform basis of 60.5 per cent pure copper, 35 ounces pure silver, and 0.14 of pure gold.

The locality from which the ore is received is the Anaconda mine, State of Montana.
Very respectfully,

## H. Lingentelder, Special Deputy Collector.

[^13]Thanschipt of the Exportation of Copper Mathe and Silver-Copper Matte from the Port of Batimore duling the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.
[Silvercopper matte calculated on a basis of $60 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent fine copper, 35 ounces prire silver, and 0.14 ounce gold per ton.]

|  | Year. | Pounds. | Tons. | Pounds fine copper: | Ounces of silver. | Ounces of gold. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |
| July |  | 3, 662, 915 | 1,831.46 | 2, 216,066 | 64, 101.1 | 256.40 |
| August. |  | 3,823, 297 | 1,911.64 | 2,313.080 | 66,907.4 | 267.63 |
| November |  | 3,382,625 | 1,691. 32 | 2, 046,488 | 59,196 | 236.78 |
| December. |  | 5,934, 000 | 2,967 | 3,590,070 | 103,845 | 415.38 |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . |  | 4,033, 281 | 2,017 | 2, 440,570 | 70,595 | 282.38 |
| February |  | 6,005, 042 | 3, 003 | 3, 633, 630 | 105, 105 | 420.42 |
| March |  | 8,828,000 | 4,414 | 5,340,940 | 154, 490 | 617.96 |
| April. |  | 5, 224, 000 | 2,612 | 3, 160, 520 | 91, 420 | 365.88 |
| May. |  | 2, 222,000 | 1,111 | 1,344,310 | 38,885 | 155.54 |

[Copper matte calculated on a basis of $60 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent fine copper, 32 ounces silver, and 0.10 ounce pore gold per ton.]


The quantity of gold contained in this matte was approximately $3,167.37$ fine ounces, of the value of $\$ 65,475$, and the quantity of silver 802,285 fine ounces, worth, at the average price of silver for the year, $\$ 838,385$.

United States silver coins were exported of the value of $\$ 236,323$.
Foreign silver bullion was reëxported of the value of $\$ 29,914$, and foreign silver ores of the value of $\$ 104,175$.

Foreign silver coin was reëxported of the value of $\$ 8,527,360$.
The exports of silver during the last fiscal year may be recapitulated as follows:

Exports of Silver, 1891.

| Items. |  | A mount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic bars (commercial value) <br> Silver contained in copper matte. <br> United States subsidiary silver coin <br> Total domestic. |  | \$13, 797, 391 |
|  |  | 838,388 |
|  |  | 236,323 |
|  |  | 14,872, 102 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | 8,661,449 |
|  |  | 23,583,551 |

From the above table it will be seen that there was a net gain of silver to the United States during the year, by excess of imports over exports, of the value of $\$ 2,745,365$.

In the Appendix will be found the usual tables exhibiting the movements of the precious metals to and from the United States each month during the year, and also tables showing the countries from which the precious metals were shipped to the United States and the countries to which the precious metals exported from the United States were consigned.

## STOCK OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

It has been the practice to present in the reports of this Burean an estimate, based upon official tabulations, of the stock of gold and silver coin in the country.

The foundation of these estimates was the actual amount of gold in the Treasury and in National banks on June 30, 1872, with an addition of $\$ 20,000,000$ as the minimum amount of gold coin in circulation in the States of the Pacific slope. No allowance was made for the amount in circulation in the States east of the Rocky Mountains.

Since that date the official estimates, presented from year to year, have been prepared, by adding to the actual stock June 30, 1872, the annual coinage of the mints (less, the amount of our own coin melted for recoinage), and the gain (or loss) by import and export of our own coin, with an annual allowance for melting of United States coin for use in the arts and industries. ${ }^{\bullet}$

In continuation of previous tabulations, the following estimate of the stock of United States coin in the country on July 1, 1891, is presented:

Official Table of Stock of Coin in the United States July 1, 1891.

| Items. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated stock of coin July 1, 1800 | \$629, 932, 449 | \$446, 251, 771 | \$1, 076, 184, 220 |
| Coinage, fiscal year 1891. | 24, 172, 202 | 38, 272, 620 | 62, 444, 222 |
| Net imports of United States coin, fiscal year 1891 |  | 88,917 | 88, 917 |
| Sotal | 654, 104, 651 | 484, 612,708 | 1, 138, 717, 359 |
| Loss: |  |  |  |
| Net exports of United States coin for fiscal year 1891... | 64, 880, 754 |  | 64, 88:, 754 |
| United States coin melted for recoinage, fiscal year 1891. | 583, 847 | 904, 740 | 1,488,587 |
| United States coin used in the arts, fiscal year 1891 | 3,500,000 | 200, 000 | 3,700,000 |
| Total | 68, 964, 601 | 1, 104, 740 | 70, 069, 341 |
| Estimated stock of coin July 1, 1891 | 585, 140, 050 | 483, 507, 968 | 1,068, 648,018 |

In addition to the gold and silver coin in the country July 1, 1891, gold and silver bullion belonging to the Govermment was stored in the mints and assay offices, at that date, valued as follows:

Buldion in Mints and Assay Offices, July 1, 1891.

| Metals. |  | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold |  | \$61, 442, 802 |
| Silver (cost) |  | 33, 094, 234 |
| Total |  | 94, 537,036 |

The stock of silver bullion outside Government vaults, is not known except the bars with the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company in New York City, which, according to the report of that company to the New York Stock Exchange, contained, at the close of business June 30, 1891, to $5,605,470$ ounces of fine silver, of the market value of $\$ 5,675,538$.

Adding the value of the silver bullion in the vaults of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company and the value of the gold and silver bullion in Government institutions to the stock of coin, the total metallic stock of the United States, July 1, 1891, was as follows:

Metallic Stock, July 1, 1891:

| Coin and bullion. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gold. | \$646, 582, 852 |
| Silver (bullion in mints and Mercantile Safe Deposit Company) | 522, 277, 740 |
| Total. | 1, 168, 860,592 |

While the total metallic stock was increased during the year by the sum of $\$ 10,085,644$, there was a loss of gold of $\$ 48,980,177$, and a gain of silver of $\$ 59,065,821$, as compared with the stocks of these metals respectively at the commencement of the year.

This loss of gold was due to the heavy export of United States gold coin during the spring and summer of 1891.

The ownership of the stock of United States coin and gold and silver bullion in the country is exhibited in the following table:

Ownership of Gold and Silver in the United States, July 1, 1891.

| Ownership. | Gold coin and bullion. | Silver coin and bullion. |  |  |  | Total gold and silver coin and bullion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Silver dollars. | Subsidiary silver coin. | Silver bullion. | Total silver. |  |
| UnitedStates Treasury | *\$119, 200, 620 | \$\$39,597, 123 | \$19,629, $480^{\circ}$ | \$33, 094, 234 | \$92, 320, 837 | \$211, 521, 45 |
| National banks (JuIy 9, 1891) | \#158, 311, 452 | §27, 434, 165 | 5, 023, 920 |  | 32, 458,085 | 190, 769,53 |
| Private banks and individuals $\qquad$ | 369, 070, 780 | 338,627, 980 | 53, 195,300 | 5,675,538 | 397, 498, 818 | 766, 569, 598 |
| Total | 646, 582, 852 | 405, 659, 268 | 77, 848, 700 | 38, 769, 772 | 522, 277, 740 | 1, 168,860,59 |

[^14]The following table exhibits the stock of metallic and paper money in the United States and the location of the same July 1, 1891:

Location of the Moneys of the United States, July 1, 1891.

| Monejs. | In 'Treasury. | In national banks (July 9, 1891). | In other banks and general circulation. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| metallic. |  |  |  |  |
| Gold bullion. | \$61, 442, 802 |  |  | \$61, 442, 802 |
| Silver bullion. | 33, 094, 234 |  | $5,675,538$ | 38,769,772 |
| Gold coin | 177, 820,887 ${ }^{\circ}$ | *94, 401, 142 | 312, 918, 021 | 585, 140, 050 |
| Silver dollars | 346, 833, 089 | 7,631,470 | 51, 194, 709 | 405, 659, 268 |
| Subsidiary silver coin. | 19,629,480 | 5, 023, 920 | $53,195,300$ | 77, 848,700 |
| Total | $638,820,492$ | 107, 056, 532 | 422,983, 568 | 1, 168, 860,592 |
| PAPER. |  |  |  |  |
| Legal-tender notes (old issue) . . . . . . . . | 25,348, 656 | 100, 399, 811 | 220, 932, 549 | 346, 681, 016 |
| Legal-tender notes (act July 14, 1890). | 9, 879,713 |  | 40, 348, 704 | $50,228,417$ |
| Gold certificates | 32,423,360 | 63, 910,310 | $56,152,759$ | 1.52, 486,429 |
| Silver certificates | 7, 479, 219 | 19, 802, 695 | 287, 438, 271 | 314, 715, 185 |
| National-bank notes | $5,706,928$ | $\dagger 24,710,899$ | 137,510, 147 | 167, 927, 974 |
| Currency certificates................... | 1,905, 000 | 21,875, 000 |  | 23, 780, 000 |
| Iotal | 82, 742, 876 | 230, 698, 715 | $742,377,430$ | 1,055, 819,021 |

* Includes \$6,706,000 gold clearing.honse certificates.
$\dagger$ Includes $\$ 3,291,922$ of their own notes held by different national banks.
The number of silver dollars in circulation-that is, outside of Treasury vaults-was, on July 1, 1891, $\$ 58,826,179$, agajnst $\$ 56,278,749$ at the commencement of the year, an increase of $\$ 2,547,430$; while the number of silver dollars owned by the people-thatis, silver dollars and silver certificates in actual circulation-aggregated $\$ 366,062,145$, against $\$ 353,834,987$ at the commencement of the year, an increase of $\$ 12,227,158$ in the silver circulation of the United States.

The number of silver dollars owned by the Treasury on July 1, 1891, was $\$ 39,597,123$, against $\$ 15,591,479$ at the commencement of the fiscal year.

The total metallic and paper money in the United States July 1, 1891, exclusive of the holdings of the United States Treasury and of the silver bullion in the vaults of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, was $\$ 1,497,440,707$, against $\$ 1,429,307,302$ at the commencement of the fiscal year, an increase of $\$ 68,133,405$.

The following table exhibits, approximately, the stock of United States gold and silver coins in the country on November 1, 1891:

Stock of Gold and Silver Coin in the United Statid, November 1, 1891.

| Date. | Gold coin. | Silver coin. |  |  | Total gold and silver coin. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Silver dollars. | Subsidiary. | Total silver coin. |  |
| Stock July 1, 1891.. | \$585, 1.40, 050 | \$405.659, 268 | \$77, 848, 700 | \$483, 507, 968 | \$1, 068, 648, 018 |
| Gain since that date | 11, 246, 222 | 3, 816, 100 | -547,185 | 3, 268, 915 | 14, 515, 137 |
| Stock, November 1,1891. | 596, 386, 272 | 409, 475, 368 | 77,301, 515 | 486, 776, 883 | 1,083, 163, 155 |

The value of the gold and silver bullion in the mints and assay oftices at the same date was as follows:

Gold and Silver Bullion ln Mints and assay Offices, November 1, 1891.


The market value of the silver bullion reported by the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company to the Stock Exchange as in its vaults at the close of business October 31, 1891, was $\$ 3,982,249$.

Adding the visible stock of bullion-that is, gold and silver bullion in the mints and silver bullion in the vaults of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company-to the stock of coin, the total metallic stock on November 1, 1891, was approximately as follows:

Metallic Stock, November 1, 1891.


The following table exhibits the amount of paper and metallic money in the United States and the location of the same on November 1, 1891:

Location of the Moneys of the United States, November 1, 1891.

| Moneys. | In Treasury. | Outside of Treasury. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| merallic. | , |  |  |
| Gold bullion | \$74, 753, 259 |  | \$74, 753, 259 |
| Silver ballion. | 48,482, 492 | \$3, 982, 249 | 52, 464,741 |
| Gold coin | 189, 615, 905 | 406,770,367 | 596,386, 272 |
| Silver dollars | 347, 339, 907 | $62,185,461$ | 409, 475, 368 |
| Subsidiary silver coin. | 15, 196, 379 | $62,105,136$ | 77, 301, 515 |
| Total | 675, 387, 942 | 534,903, 213 | 1,210,381, 155 |
| Paper. |  |  |  |
| Legal-tender notes, old issue | 14, 127, 027 | 332, 553,989 | 346,681, 016 |
| Legal-tender notes (act July 14, 1890) | 2, 251,786 | $66,473,484$ | 68, 725, 270 |
| Gold certificates | 20,790,420 | 136; 100, 319 | 156, 890, 739 |
| Silver certificates | 2, 525, 759 | 321, 142, 642 | 323, 668, 401 |
| National-bank notes | $5,738,795$ | 166, 445, 763 | 172,184,558 |
| Currency certificates. | - 330,000 | 10,765, 000 | 11., 095, 000 |
| Total | 45, 763, 787 | 1, 033, 481, 197 | 1, 079, 244, 984 |

From an examination of this table it will be seen that the amount of metallic and papermoney in circulation, that is outside of the Treasury vaults, and exclusive of the stock of silver bullion in New York City, was $\$ 1,564,492,161$ against $\$ 1,499,004,121$ at the same date last year, showing an increase in the amount of money in actual circulation in the United States of \$65,488,040.
The following table exhibits, approximately, the stock of gold and silver and "uncovered" paper money in the United Kingdom, France, Germany, and the United States at the present time, and the amount per capita.
The stocks of gold and silver are of course estimates made by the best recognized authorities. In the case of Great Britain the estimate is that of the deputy master of the royal mint, and in the case of Germany it is based upon one by Dr. A. Soetbeer.

Estimated Stock of Gold and Silvier and Actual Amount of "Uncovered" Paper Money, in the United Kingdom, France, Germaíy, and the United States.

| Countries. | Population. | Gold stock. | Silver stock. | Uncorered notes. |  | Total metallic stock and uncovered notes. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom | $38,000,000$ | \$550, 000, 000 | \$107, 000, 000 | \$40,000,000 |  | \$697,000,000 |  |
| France ........... | 39, 000, 000 | 900,000,000 | $700,000,000$$220,000,000$ |  | , 000, 000 | 1, 688 | 000, 000 |
| Grited States | 49,500,000 | 540, 000, 000 |  | 150, 000, 000 |  | 1,910,000,000 |  |
|  | 64, 000, 000. | 671, 000, 000 | 539, 000, 000 | 409, 764, 000 |  | 1, 619, 764,000 |  |
|  |  |  | Per capita. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Gold. |  | Silver. | Paper. | Total. |
| United Kingdom |  |  |  | 14.47 | \$2. 81 | \$1.05 | \$18.33 |
| France... |  |  |  | 23.0810.91 | 17.95 | 2.26 | 43.29 |
|  |  |  |  | 4.44 8.42 | 3.03 | 18.38 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.42 | 6.40 | 25.30 |

In this table the gold certificates outstanding are embraced in the gold stock, and the silver certificates and Treasury notes in the silver stock, and the same amounts have been deducted from the amount of paper money outstanding. From the legal tender notes outstanding have been deducted $\$ 100,000,000$ gold held in the Treasury.

The following table, from the "Bulletin de Statistique," shows the metallic stock of the principal banks of issue of Europe, and the division of the same between gold and silver, and the notes in circulation; and the ratio of reserve to circulation, on the 1st of April of the present year:

The Metallic Reserives and Circulation of the Principal Banks of Issue of Europe, April 1, 1891.
[From the "Bulletin de Statistique," May, 1891.]

| Name of bank. | Metallic reserve. | Composition of the reserve. |  | Notes in cir. culation. | Ratio of reserve to circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gold. | Silver. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Per cent: |
| Imperial Bank of Germany | \$201, 782, 000 |  |  | \$251, 151, 000 | 80 |
| Austro-Hungarian Bank... | 106, 208, 000 | \$26, 209, 000 | \$79, 999, 000 | 194, 197, 000 | 55 |
| National Bank of Belgium. | 21, 384,000 |  |  | 74, 247,000 | 29 |
| National Bank of Bulgaria. | 676,000 |  |  | 251, 000 | 270 |
| Bank of Denmark. | 13, 722, 000 |  |  | 20, 014, 000 | 69 |
| Bank of Spain | 49, 717,000 | 29, 239,000 | 20, 477, 000 | 143, 148, 000 | 35 |
| Bank of France. | 475, 629,000 | 235, 055, 000 | 240,382, 000 | 601,986,000 | 79 |

The Metallic Reserves and Circulation of thi Principal Banis of Issue of Lurope, April 1, 1891-Continued.

| Nume of bank. | Metallic reserve. | Compositionfor the reserve. |  | Notes in circulation. | Ratio of reserve to circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gold. | Silver. |  |  |
| Great Britain : |  |  |  |  | Per cent. |
| Bank of England | \$111, 940, 000 |  | $\therefore$ | \$119, 178, 000 | 94 |
| Banks of Scotland | 21, 076,000 | \$17, 428, 000 | \$3,648,000 | 28,429.000 | 74 |
| National Bank of Greece | 695,000 |  |  | 21,018,000 | 3 |
| Italy : |  |  |  |  |  |
| National Bank | 38, 658;000 | $33,370,000$ | 5,346,000 | 111, 786, 000 | 34 |
| Institutions of issue | 41, 989,000 | 36, 284, 000 | 5,655,000 | 98, 065, 000 | 45 |
| Bank of Norway. | 5,211, 000 |  |  | 13,163,000 | 40 |
| Bank of Netherland | 47, 864,000 | 20,458,000 | 27, 406,000 | 78, 184, 000 | 61 |
| Bank of Portugal | 3,995, 000 | 1,949,000 | 2,046, 000 | 8,318, 000 | 48 |
| National Bank of Roumania | 9, 785, 000 |  |  | 21, 114, 000 | 46 |
| Inperial Bank of Russia. | 212, 532, 000 | 207, 128, 000 | 5, 404, 000 | $693,874,000$ | 30 |
| - Royal Bank of Sweden. | $5,327,000$ | 4,651,000 | 676,000 | 10,808, 000 | 50 |
| Swiss banks | 15,730,000 | 11, 927,000 | 3,802,000 | 30, 108, 000 | 52 |

GOLD AND SILVER USED IN THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS.
The following table exhibits the quantity and value of the gold and silver bars furnished manufacturers and jewelers by the United States assay office at New York during the calendar year 1890, and the material employed:

Bars Manufactured for Use in the Industrial Arts by the United States assay Office at New York during the Calendar Year ended December 31, 1890.

| Material used. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine ounces. | Value. | Fine ounces. | Value. |
| Domestic bullion | 426, 432. 62.1 | \$8,815, 145 | 2, 554, 689.02 | \$3, 303, 032 |
| United States coin | 47.998 | 992 | 613.01 | 793 |
| Foreign material. | 17,514.745 | 362, 062 | 963, 018.21 | 1,245, 114 |
| Old plate, jewelry, ete | 103, 743. 207 | 2, 144, 562 | 308, 966. 16 | 399, 471 |
| Total | 547, 738.571 | 11, 322, 761 | $3,827,286.40$ | 4, 948,410 |

The following table exhibits the value of the gold and silver bars furnished for industrial use by the mint at Philadelphia during the calendar year 1890, and the material employed in the composition of such bars:

Bars Manufactured for Use in the Industrial Arts by the United States Mint at Peiladelpifa during the Calendar Year ended December 31, 1890.

| Material used. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine ounces. | Value. | Fine ounces. | Coining valne. |
| Domestic bullion | 34, 998.325 | \$728, 479 | 102,649. 09 | \$114, 055 |
| United States coin. | 1,657.026 | 34, 254 | 409.54 | 455 |
| Foreign material |  |  | 274.03 | 205 |
| Old plate, jewelry, ete | 3,228.079 | 66, 730 | 12, 604.54 | 14,005 |
| 'Total | 39, 883. 430 | 824,463 | 115, 338, 10 | 128, 320 |

For the purpose of ascertaining the value of gold and silver bars furnished by private worlas for industrial purposes, a circular letter, inclosing a form of report, was addressed to thirty-mine firms in the United States, believed to comprise all the private works engaged in the business of making gold and silver bars.

Replies have been received from thirty-eight of the thirty-nine firms addressed, of which number sixteen reported that they had not manufactured any bars for industrial use during the year, while twenty-two furnished a statement in detail showing the value and composition of the bars so furnished.

The returns on the part of private works are more complete than for any previous inquiry, showing that much popular interest is taken in this important subject. The thanks of the Bureau are due, and are hereby extended, to the officers in charge of private works in the United States who have so courteously furnished the information asked for.

The result of this inquiry upon the part of private works is exhibited in the following table:

Bars for Industrial use Furinshed Goldsmiths and Others by Private Refineries during the Calindar Year 1890.

| Material used. | Gold bars manafactured. |  | Silver bars manufactured. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine ounces. | Valne. | Fine ounces. | Coining value. |
| Domestic bullion (exclusive of United States bars) | 57, 026.800 | \$1, 178,848 | 2,882, 251.97 | \$3,726, 548 |
| United States bars. | 100; 773.687 | 2,083, 177 | 371, 479.71 | 480, 297 |
| United States coin | $20,060.870$ | 414, 695 | 600.18 | 776 |
| Old plate, jewelry, and other old material ........ | 41,850.857 | 865, 134 | 175, 279.50 | 226,624 |
| Total | 219, 71.2. 214 | 4,541, 854 | 3,429, 611.36 | 4,434, 245 |

Number of firms addressed
$.39 \mid$ Number not manufacturing
16
Number replying . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $88 \mid$ Number manufacturing . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 22
Of the bars furnished by private works to goldsmiths and others for industrial uses $\$ 2,083,177$ in gold, and $\$ 480,297$ in silver, were what are known as "United States bars," that is, bars bearing the stamp of a mint or Govermment assay office. As these are included in the bars reported by Government institutions as issued for the same purpose, to prevent duplication the value of these bars must be deducted from the totals reported by private works.

Eliminating, therefore, the value of "United States bars" furnished by private works, the following table exhibits the work of private refineries in this line during the calendar year 1890:

Bars for Industrial use (exclusive of Government Bars), Furnished Goldsmiths and óters by Private Reflneries during the Calendar Year 1890.


The following is a summary of the work of Government and private institutions in the preparation of bars for industrial use during the calendar year 1890:

Gold and Silver Bars furnished for use in Manufactures and the Arts during the Calendar Year 1890, and Classification of the Matterial used.

| Mateilal. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic bullion | \$10, 717, 472 | \$7, 143, 635 | \$17, 861, 107 |
| United States coin. | 449, 941 | 2,024 | 451,965 |
| Foreign bullion and coin | 362, 062 | 1,245,419 | 1,607,481. |
| Ofd material | 3,076, 426 | 640, 100 | 3,716,526 |
| Total | 14, 605, 901 | 9, 031, 178 | 23,637,079 |

For the purpose of comparison, a table exhibiting the work of Government institutions and private refineries in this line during the calendar year 1889 is here presented:

Gold and Silyer Bals furnished for use in Manufactures and the Arts during the Calendar Year 1889, and Classification of the Material used.


Comparing the totals for the two years, it will be seen that the quantity of both gold and silver employed for industrial purposes is steadily increasing in the United States.

The value of the gold bars reported as furnished for industrial use during the calendar year 1889 was $\$ 13,623,935$, and in $1890, \$ 14,605,901$, an increase of $\$ 981,966$, and silver, $\$ 9,031,178$ in 1890 against $\$ 8,569,318$ in the preceding year.

The amount of gold coin reported as used in the composition of bars for industrial uses was only $\$ 449,941$, against an estimated melting down annually of $\$ 3,500,000$ of our gold coin for industrial uses, based upon four censuses taken for different years by this Bureau as to the direct employment of the precious metals by goldsmiths and others in the manufacture of watches, jewelry, and gilding. The amount of United States silver coin reported as melted in the composition of bars for industrial use during the last year was only $\$ 2,024$, against a reported melting down of silver coin by jewelers and others, based upon the censuses referred to, of $\$ 200,000$ anmually.

As is well known, the melting of coin for industrial uses is principally upon the part of.jewelers, and not by private works manufacturing bars. If, therefore, there has been no falling off in the amount of coin used in repairs and jewelry, the value of the precious metals used in the industrial arts in the United States during the calendar year 1890 approximated $\$ 18,105,991$ gold, and $\$ 9,231,178$ silver (coining value), of which $\$ 10,717,472$ gold and $\$ 7,143,635$ silver was new bullion.

It has been the practice of the Bureau to solicit information from private refineries as to the preparation of bars of gold and silver only for calendar years. The information covering the last fiscal year is therefore confined to Government institutions.

The following tables exhibit the quantity and value of the bars of gold and silver issued by Government institutions for industrial uses during the fiscal year ended June $30,1891$.

Bars issued for use in the Industrial Arts, by the United States Assay Office at New York, durlng fhe Fiscal Year 1891.

| Material used. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine ounces. | Value. | Fine ounces. | Value. |
| United States coin. | 74.157 | \$1,532.96 | - 559.90 | \$123.92 |
| Domestic bullion | 410,081. 260 | $8,477,132.01$ | 2, 849, 616. 22 | 3, 684, 352.28 |
| Foreign material. | 18, 060. 379 | 373, 341.16 | 862, 345.36 | 1, 114, 951. 58 |
| Old plate, jewelry, etc. | 109,880.777 | 2, 271, 437. 28 | 321, 858.44 | 416, 1.40. 21 |
| Total | 538,096. 573 | 11, 123, 443: 35 | 4, 034, 379. 92 | $5,216,167.99$ |

Bars issued by the United States Mint at Philadelphia, for use in the Industrial arts, during tele Fiscal Year 1891.

| Material used. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine ounces. | Value. | Fine ounces. | Value. |
| United States coin. | 1,731.775 | \$35, 798.97 | 177.30 | \$229. 23 |
| Domestic bullion. | 50,796. 859 | 1,050,064. 26 | 2,978. 23 | 3,850. 62 |
| Foreign material. |  |  | 1,336. 58 | 1, 728.09 |
| Old plate, jewelry etc. | 2,823. 745 | 58,371.99 | 17,433. 81 | 22, 540.67 |
| Tȯtal | 55, 352. 379 | 1,144, 235.22 | 21, 925.92 | 28,348:61 |

Bars issund by the United States Assay Offici at New Yori and the United States mint at Phladelphia, for use in the Industrial abts, during the Fiscal Year 1891.

|  | Gold, |  | Silvet. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine ounces. | Value. | Fine ounces. | Value. |
| United States coin. | 1, 805,982 | \$37,331.93 | 737.20 | \$953. 1.5 |
| Domestic bulliou. | $460,878.119$ | 9,527, 796. 27 | 2,852,594.45 | 3,688, 202.90 |
| Foreign material. | 18, 060, 379 | 373,341.16 | 863, 681.94 | 1, 116, 679.67 |
| Old plate, jewelry, eto | 112, 704. 522 | $2,329,809.21$ | 339, 292.25 | $438,680.88$ |
| Total | 593, 448.352 | 12, 267, 678.57 | 4, 056, 305.84 | 5,244, 516.60 |

Comparing the totals of the above tables with the work of the preceding fiscal year, it appears that the gold bars paid out at these two institutions for use in the industrial arts during the fiscal year 1891 aggregated $\$ 12,267,678.57$ against $\$ 11,639,980$ in the preceding fiscal year, an increase of $\$ 627,698$ in gold. For silver, the amount for the fiscal year 1891 was $\$ 5,244,516.60$ against $\$ 5,312,349$ in the preceding fiscal year, a falling off of $\$ 67,833$.

## PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER.

The statistics of the product of gold and silver in the United States were presented for the calendar year 1890 in a special report to Congress.

These statistics are collected only for calendar years.
The product of gold and silver from the mines of the United States, exclusive of foreign bullion and ores reduced in this country, was as follows:

Product of Mines of the United States, 1890.


The following tables exhibit, approximately, the product of gold and silver from the mines and smelters of the United States during the calendar year 1890, including the amount obtained from foreign material treated.

Gold Product of Refinerifs in the United States, 1890.

| Items. | Fine onaces (troy). |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic. | Foreign. | Total. |
| Reported product of private refineries in the United States | 807,584 | 44,078 | 911,662 |
| Unrefined gold deposited at Government institutions. | 716, 156 | 210,548 | 926, 704 |
| Total | 1,583,740 | 251, 626 | 1,838,366 |

Sllver Product of Refingries in the United States, 1890.

| Items. | Fine ounces (troy). |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic. | Foreign. | Total. |
| Reported product of private refineries in the United States...... | 50, 132, 421 | 9, 304, 036 | 59, 436,457 |
| Uurefined silver deposited at Government institutions | 3, 101, 246 | 2: 383,224 | $5,484,470$ |
| Total | 53, 233, 667 | 11, 687, 260 | 64, 920,927 |

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The distribution of the product of our own mines among producing States and Territories was, approximately, as follows:

Appronimate Distribution, by Producing States and Territories, of the Product of Gold and Silvier from the mines of the United States for the Calendar Year 1890.

| State or Territory. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine eunces. | Value. | Fine ounces. | Coining value. |  |
| Alaska | 36,886 | \$762,500 | 7,500 | \$9,697 | \$772, 197 |
| Arizona | 48,375 | 1, 000,000 | 1, 000,000 | 1, 292, 929 | 2, 292, 92.9 |
| California: | 604, 687 | 12,500,000 | 900,000 | 1,163, 636 | 13, 663,636 |
| Colorado. | 200, 750 | 4, 150,000 | 18,800, 000 | 24, 307, 070 | 28,457, 070 |
| Georgia. | 4,837 | 100, 000 | 400 | 517 | 100,517 |
| Idaho. | 89,494 | 1, 850,009 | 3,700,000 | 4,783, 838 | 6,633, 838 |
| Michigau | 4, 354 | 90,000 | 55,000 | 71., 111 | 1.61, 111 |
| Moutana. | 159,638 | 3,300,000 | 15,750, 000 | 20, 363, 636 | 23, 663, 636 |
| Nevada. | 135, 450 | 2, 800, 000 | 4,450,000 | 5,753,535 | 8,553,535 |
| New Mexico | 4.1, 1.19 | 850,010 | 1,300,000 | 1,680,808 | 2,530, 808 |
| North Carolina | 5,732 | 118,500 | 6,000 | 7,757 | 126, 257 |
| Oregon | 53, 213 | 1,100,000 | 75, 000 | 96, 969 | J., 196,969 |
| South Carolina. | 4,837 | 100,000 | 400 | 517 | 100,517 |
| South Dasota. | 154, 800 | 3, 200, 000 | 100, 000. | 129, 292 | 3, 320,202 |
| Texas |  |  | 300,000 | 387, 878 | 387, 878 |
| Utah. | 32, 895 | 680, 000 | 8,000,000 | 10, 343,434 | 11, 023, 434 |
| Washington | 9,869 | 204,000 | 70,000 | 90;505 | 294,505 |
| Alabama, Maryland, Tennessee, Virginia, Vermont, and Wyoming $\qquad$ | 1,935 | 40;000 | 2,000 | 2,585 | 42,585 |
| Total | 1,588,877 | 32,845, 000 | 54, 516;300 | 70, 485, 714 | 103, 330, 714 |

In the Appendix will be found a table showing the annual product of gold and silver from the mines of the United States since 1792.

A table will also be found, compiled principally from information furnished at the instance of this Bureau by foreign governments through our diplomatic representatives abroad, and revised from the latest returns at hand, exhibiting the quantity and value of the gold and silver product of the principal producing countries of the world for the calendar years 1888, 1889 , and 1890.

In the preparation of this table, in cases where official estimates or reports were not at hand, either the product officially reported for the preceding or some near year has been used by way of estimate, or the product as ascertained from other reliable sources; but in cases where the product credited a producing country is not an official estimate this fact, as well as the data upon which the estimate is based, has beeu stated in a footnote.

The value of silver in this table, as in similar tables for preceding years, published in the reports of this Bureau, has, for the purpose of uniformity, been reckoned at the coining rate in silver dollars, viz, $\$ 1.2929$ per fine ounce,

The following table exhibits the product of the precious metals in the world for each calendar year, since 1873. The silver product is given at its commercial value, calculated at the average market price of silver each year, as well as at its coining value:

Product of Ggld and Silver in the World, Calexdar Years 1873-1890.

|  | Calendar years. | Gold. | Silver. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Fine ounces (troy). | Commercial value: | Coiming value. |
| 1873. |  | \$96, 200, 000 | 63, 267, 000 | \$82, 120,000 | \$81, 800, 000 |
| 1874 |  | 90, 750,000 | $55,300,000$ | 70,673,000 | 71,500, 000 |
| 1875 |  | 97, 500,000 | 62, 262, 000 | 77, 578,000 | 80,500, 000 |
| 1876. |  | 103,700,000 | $67,753,000$ | $78,322,000$ | 87, 600, 000 |
| 1877 |  | 114, 000, 000 | 62, 648,000 | 75, 240,000 | 81, 000;000 |
| 1878. |  | 119,000,000 | 73, 476,000 | 84, 644, 000 | 95, 000, 000 |
| 1879 |  | 109,000, 000 | 74, 250,000 | $83,383,000$ | 96, 000, 000 |
| 1880 |  | 106,500, 000 | 74, 791, 000 | $85,636,000$ | 96, 700; 000 |
| 1881 |  | 103, 000, 000 | $78.890,000$ | $89,777,000$ | 102, 000, 000 |
| 1882 |  | 102, 000,000 | 86, 470,000 | 98, 230, 000 | 111, 800,000 |
| 1883 |  | $95,400,000$ | 89, 177,000 | 98, 986, 000 | 115, 300, 000 |
| 1884 |  | 101, 700, 000 | 81; 597, 000 | 90, 817,000 | 105, 500, 000 |
| 1885 |  | 108,400, 000 | 91, 652, 000 | 97, 564,000 | 118,500,000 |
| 1886. |  | 106,000,000 | 93, 276,000 | 92, 772,000 | 120,600,000 |
| 1887. |  | 105, 775, 000 | 96, 124, 000 | 94, 031, 000 | 124, 281,000 |
| 1888 |  | 110, 197, 000 | 108, 827, 000 | 102, 185, 000 | 140,706,000 |
| 1889 |  | 122, 438,500 | 123, 500, 000 | 115,487, 000 | 159,678,000 |
| 1890. |  | 116, 009, 000 | 128, 914, 000 | 134, 886, 000 | 166,677, 000 |

## WORLD'S COINAGE.

In the Appendix will be found a table exhibiting the coinage of each nation, so far as reported, during the calendar years 1888, 1889, and 1890.

## The follownig summary is presented:

World's Coinage.


It should be remembered that the coinage executed does not represent the amount of new. gold and silver, of current production, made into coins during the year, for the reason that the coinages reported include the value of domestic and foreigi coins melted for recoinage as well as old material, plate, etc., used in coinage.

Governments were requested to report, in addition to the coinage of gold and silver, the data covering recoinages, but failed to do so in many instances.

The following table of recoinages for the calendar years 1889 and 1890 has been prepared from information furnished by foreign governmeuts.

Ricoinages Reported by C̦ertain Countries, Calendar Years 1889 and 1890.

| Countries. | 1889. |  | 1890. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
| United States.. | \$4, 666, 442 | \$1., 173, 526 | \$8, 840, 150 | \$3, 373,000 |
| Great Britain. | 2,937, 084 | 1,120,476 | 15, 808, 519 | 1, 444, 844 |
| Australasia. | 658, 982 |  | 373,669 |  |
| India (British) . | 1, 148 | 4,731,944 |  | $2,942,450$ |
| Prance | 1,596, 801 |  | 2,315,919 |  |
| Switzeriand |  | 217, 125 | . $:$. | 279,850 |
| Spain |  |  | 467,716 | 1, 479, 1.52 |
| Italy. |  | 60,208 |  | 1,091 |
| Portugal. |  |  | 407, 160 | 540,000 |
| Netherlands |  | 132,660 |  | 84, 420 |
| Germany : | 7,946,065 | 177,079 | 2, 191, 691 |  |
| Austria-Hungary | 9,229 |  | 922, 417 | 928, 653 |
| Denmark | . | 27,607 |  |  |
| Norway |  | 23,718 | ........ | 20,368 |
| Sweden |  | 127,389 |  | 253, 867 |
| Russia. |  | 762, 480 | . 433,752 |  |
| Colombia |  | . 65, 156 |  |  |
| Japan | 15 | 23,539 |  | 1, 125 |
| Total | 17, 815,766 | 8,651, 907 | 31, 760, 993 | 11,348, 820 |

* 

VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS.

## The law requires:

That the value of foreign coins as expressedin the money of account of the United States shall be that of the pure metal of such coin of standard value; and the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall. be estimated quarterly by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury immediately after the passage of this act and thereafter quarterly on the 1st day of January, April, July, and October in each year.

In accordance with the above requirement the values of foreign coins were estimated by me, and proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury, on January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1, 1891, to be as follows:

Valuids of Foreign Coins, January 1, 1891.

| Country. | Standard. | Monetary unit. |  | Coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic. | Gold and silver. | Peso | \$0.96,5 | Gold: argentine ( $\$ 4.82,4$ ) and $\frac{1}{2}$ argentine. Silver: peso and divisious. |
| Austria-Hungary | Silver | Fiorin | . 38,1 | Gold: 4 florins ( $\$ 1.92,9$ ), 8 florins ( $\$ 3.85,8$ ), ducat $(\$ 2.28,7)$, and 4 ducats $(\$ 9.15,8)$. Silver: 1 and 2 florins. |
| Belgium ............. | Gold and silver. | Franc............. | . 19,3 | Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs. |
| Bolivia | Silver | Boliviano | . 77,1 | Silver: boliviano and divisions. |
| Brazil . | Grold......... | Milureis .......... | . 54,6 | Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: $\frac{1}{2}, 1$, and 2 milreis. |
| Tritish Possessions | Gol | Dollar | 1.00 |  |
| North America (exceptNewfoundland). | $\cdots$ |  | $\checkmark$ | $\ldots$ |
| Central American States: |  | - |  |  |
| Costa Rica...... |  |  |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Honduras...... } \\ \text { Nicaragua..... } \\ \text { Salvador........ }\end{array}\right\}$ | Silver...... | Peso............. | . 77,1 | Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Chili . | Gold and silver. | Peso.............. | . 91,2 | Gold: escudo $(\$ 1.82,4)$, doubloon ( $\$ 4.56,1$ ), and condor ( $\$ 9.12,3$ ). Silver: peso and divisions. |
|  |  | (Shanghai.. | 1.13,9 |  |
| China .............. | Silver....... | Tael $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Haikwan } \\ \text { (customs). }\end{array}\right.$ | 1.27. |  |
| Colombia . . . . . . . . | Silver. | Peso.............. | .77, 1 | Gold: coudor $(\$ 9.64,7)$ and double condor. Silver: peso. |
| Cuba | Gold and silver. | Peso.............. | . 92,6 | Gold: doubloon ( $\$ 5.01,7$ ). Silver: peso. |
| Denmark ............ | Gold. . . . . . . | Crown ............ | . 26,8 | Gold: 10 and 20 crowns. : |
| Ecuador ........... | Silver. | Sucre........... | . 77,1 | Gold: condor ( $\$ 9.64,7$ ) and doublecondor. Silver: sucre and divisions. |
| Egypt ................ | Gold ....... | Pound (100 piasters). | 4. 94,3 | Gold: pound (100 piasters), 50 piasters, 20 piasters, 10 piasters, and 5 piasters. Silver: $1,2,5,10$ and 20 piasters. |
| Finland.............. | Gold ....... | Mark . . . . . . . . . . | . 19,3 | Gold: 20 marks ( $\$ 3.85,9$ ), 10 marks (\$1.93). |

## Values of Foreign Coins, Januaryì 1, 1891-Continued.



[^15]Values of Foreign Coins, April 1, 1891.

| Country. | Standard. | Monetary unit. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Value } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { terms } \\ \text { of U.S. } \\ \text { gold } \\ \text { dollar } \end{gathered}$ | Coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic. | Gold and silver. | Peso | \$0.96,5 | Gold: argentine ( $\$ 4.82,4$ ) and $\frac{1}{2}$ argentine. Silver: pesoand divisions. |
| Austria-Hingary ... | Silver.... | Florin ........... | . 36,3 | Gold: 4 forins ( $\$ 1.92,9$ ), 8 florins ( $\$ 3.85,8$ ), ducats $(\$ 2.28,7)$ and 4 ducats ( $\$ 9.15,8$ ). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. |
| Belgiam ............. | Gold and silver. | Franc. | . 19,3 | Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs. |
| Bolivia | Silv | Bolivia | . 73.5 | Silver: boliviano and divisions. |
| Brazil | Gold | Mihreis | . 54,6 | Gold: 5,10 , and 20 milreis. Silver: $\frac{2}{2}, 1$, and 2 milreis. |
| British Possessions N.A. (except.Newfóundland). | Gold. | Dollar | 1. 00 |  |
| Central American |  |  |  |  |
| States- |  |  |  |  |
| Costa Rica <br> Guatemala: |  |  |  |  |
| Hondaras....... | Silver. | Peso...... | .73, 5 | Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Nicaragua....... Salvador........ |  |  |  |  |
| Chili ............... | Gold and silver. | Peso ............ | .91, 2 | Gold: escudo (\$1.82,4), doubloon ( $\$ 4.56,1$ ), and condor ( $\$ 9.12,3$ ). Silver: peso and divisions. |
|  |  | (Shanghai.. | 1.08.5 |  |
| China .............. | Silver....... | $\text { Tael. }\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Haikwan } \\ \text { (Customs) } \end{array}\right.$ | 1. 20,9 |  |
| Colombia | Silver | Peso | . 73,5 | Gold: condor ( $\$ 9.64,7$ ) and double |
|  |  |  |  | condor. Silver: peso. . |
| Cuba | Gold and silver. | Peso. | . 92,6 | Gold: doubloon ( $\$ 5.01,7$ ). Silver: peso. |
| Denmark | Gold | Crow | . 26,8 | Gold: 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Ecuador | Silver. | Sucre | . 73,5 | Gold : condor $(\$ 9.64,7$ ) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions. |
| Egypt ............. | Gold. | Pound (100 pias. ters. | 4.94,3 | Gold. pound ( 100 piasters), 50 pias. tres, 20 piasters, 10 piasters, and 5 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters. |
| Finland............ | Gold | Mark ............ | . 19, 3 | Gold: 20 marks ( $\$ 3.85,9$ ), 10 marks (\$1.93). |
| France:............. | Gold and silver. | Franc........... | .19,3 | Gold: 5, 10, 20,50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs. |
| German Empire.... | Gold | Mark | . 23,8 | Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks . |
| Great Britain....... | Gold | Pound sterling... | 4. $86,6 \frac{1}{2}$. | Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) aud $\frac{1}{2}$ sovereign.: |
| Greece.............. | Gold and silver. | Drachma......... | . 19,3 | Gold: $5,10,20,50$, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas. |
| Hayti................ | Gold,and sil ver. | Gourde .......... | . 96,5 | Silver: gourde. |

## Values of Foreign Coins, April 1, 1891-Continued.

| Country. | Standard. | Monetary unit. . | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Value } \\ \text { tin } \\ \text { terms } \\ \text { of U.S.S. } \\ \text { gold } \\ \text { dollar. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| India | Silver....... | Rupee | \$0.34, 9 | Gold: mohur ( $\$ 7.10,5$ ), .Silver: ru-pee-and divisions. |
| Italy.......... | Gold and silver. | Lira ............. | . 19,3 | Gold: : 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 liras. Silver: 5 lizas. |
| Japan | Gold and silver.* | $\text { Yen .. }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Gold.... } \\ \text { Silver... } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & .99,7 \\ & .79,2 \end{aligned}$ | Gold: $1,2,5,10$, and 20 yen. Silver: yen.. |
| Liberia | Gold. | Dollar | 1.00 |  |
| Mexico | Silver. | Dollar | . 80 | Gold:*dollar (\$0.98,3), 2人, 5,10 , and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions. |
| Netherlands . | Gold and silver. | Florin | -40,2 | Gold: 10 florins. Silver: $\frac{1}{2}, 1$, and $2 \frac{1}{2}$ florins. |
| Newfoundland | Gold. | Dollar | 1.01, 4 | Gold: 2 dollars (\$2.02, $7+$ ). |
| Norway. | Gold. | Crown | . 20,8 | Gold: 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Peru. | Silver | Solis | .73,5 | Silver: sol and divisions. |
| Portugal. | Gold | Milreis | 1.08 | Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis. |
| Russia. | Silver. | Rouble | . 58,8 | Gold: imperial ( $\$ 7.71,8$ ) and $\frac{1}{2}$ imperial $\dagger(\$ 3.86,0)$. Silver: $\frac{6}{6}, \frac{1}{2}$, and 1 . rouble. |
| Spain... | Gold and silver. | Peseta.. | $.19,3$ | Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas. |
| Sweden | Gold. | Crown | . 26,8 | Gold: 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Switzerland. | Gold and silver. | Franc. | .19,3 | Gold: $5,10,29,50$, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs. |
| Tripoli | Silver. ...... | Mallbub of 20 pi asters. | .00,3 |  |
| Turkey.. | Gold | Piaster | .04, 4 | Gold: $25,50,100,250$, and 500 piasters. |
| Venezuela | Silver. | Bolivar | .14, 7 | Gold: $5,10,20,50$, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars. |

*Gold the nominal staindard. Silver practically the standard.
$\dagger$ Coined since January 1,1886. Old half-imperial $=\$ 3.98 .6$.

Falues of Foreign Colns July 1, 1891.

| Country. | Standard. | Monetary unit. | Value in terms of D.S. gold dollar. | Coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic. | Goldandsilver. | Peso | \$0.96, 5 | Gold: Argentine ( $\$ 4.82,4$ ) and $\frac{1}{2}$ Argentine. Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Austria-Hungary... | Silver | Florin | . 36,3 | Gold: 4 fiorins ( $\$ 1.92,9$ ), 8 florins ( $\$ 3.85,8$ ), ducat ( $\$ 2.28,7$ ), and $4 \mathrm{da}-$ cats ( $\$ 9.15,8$ ). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. |
| Belgium ............. | Gold and sil ver. | Franc. | . 19,3 | Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 fancs. |
| Bolivia | Silve | Boliviä | .73, 6 | Silver: Boliviano and divisions. |
| Brazil | Gold | Milreis | . 54,6 | Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: $\frac{1}{2}$, |
| British Possession | Gold | Dollar | 1.00 | 1 , and 2 milreis. |
| N. A. (except Newfoundland). |  |  |  |  |
| Central American States- |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Costa Rica.... } \\ & \text { Guatemala ... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Honduras. | Silver. | Peso.... | . 73,6 | Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Nicaragua.... Salvator...... |  |  |  |  |
| Chili . | Gold and silver. | Peso............. | . 91,2 | Gold: escudo ( $\$ 1.82,4$ ), doubloon ( $\$ 4.56,1$ ), and condor ( $\$ 0.12,3$ ). Silver: peso and divisions. |
|  |  | Shanghai. | 1. 08, 7 |  |
| China. | Silver....... | $\text { Tael. }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Haikwan } \\ \text { (customs). } \end{array}\right.$ | 1. 21 |  |
| Colombia | Silver. | Peso.. | .73,6 | Gold: condor ( $\$ 9.64,7$ ) and double |
|  |  |  |  | condor. Silver: peso. |
| Cuba . | Gold and silver. | Peso............. | . 92,6 | Gold: doubloon ( $\$ 5.01,7$ ). Silver: peso. |
| Denmark | Gold | Crow | . 26,8 | Gold: 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Ecuador . | Silver. | Sucre. | .73,6 | Gold : condor ( $\$ 9.64,7$ ) and double condor. Silver: sucre and divisions. |
| Egypt............... | Gold. | Pound (100 pias. ters). | 4. 94,3 | Gold: pound ( 100 piasters), 50 piasters, 20 piasters, 10 piasters, and 5 piasters. Silver: 1, $2,5,10$, and 20 piasters. |
| Finland ............ | Gold | Mark ............ | . 19, 3 | Gold: 20 marks ( $\$ 3.85,9$ ), 10 marks (\$1.93). |
| France . | Gold and silver. | Franc . | . 19, 3 | Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 franes. Silver: 5 franes. |
| German Empire .... | Gold. | Mark | . 23,8 | Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks. |
| Great Britain....... | Gold. | Pound sterling... | 4. 86,63 | Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and $\frac{1}{2}$ sovereign. |
| Greece :............. | Gold and sil ver. | Drachma ${ }^{\text {a }}$...... | . 19, 3 | Gold: 5, 10, 20,50, and 100 drachmas. <br> Silver: 5 drachmas. |
| Hayti............... | Gold and silver. | Gourde . ......... | $.00,5$ . | Silver: gourde. |

## Values of Foremg Coins July 1, 1891-Continued.


*Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
f Coined since January 1, 1886. Old balf imperial $=\$ 3.98,6$.

Valurs of Foreigi Coins, October 1, 1891.

| Country. | Standard. | Monetary unit. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Value } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { terms } \\ \text { of U.S. } \\ \text { gold } \\ \text { dollar. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic. | Gold and silver. | Peso. | \$0.96, 5 | Gold: Argentine ( $\$ 1.82,4$ ) and $\frac{1}{2}$ Argentine. Silver: pesoand divisions. |
| Austria.Hungary ... | Silver ....... | Tlorins | ${ }^{35,7}$ | Gold: 4 florius ( $\$ 1.92,9$ ), 8 florins ( $\$ 3.85,8$ ), ducat ( $\$ 2.28,7$ ), and 4 du. cats ( $\$ 9.15,8$ ). Silver: 1 and 2 florius. |
| Belgiam : ........... | Gold and silver. | Franc........... | . 19,3 | Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs. |
| Bolivia. | Silver | Boliviano. | . 72,3 | Silver: Boliviano and divisions. |
| Brazil. | Gold. | Milreis | .54,6 | Gold: 5,10 , and 20 milreis. Silver $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 , and 2 milreis. |
| British Possessions, | Gold. | Dollar | 1.00 |  |
| N. A. (exceptNewfoundland). |  |  |  |  |
| Central American States- |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Costa Rica..... } \\ & \text { Gtatemala..... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Honduras.. | Silver....... | Peso............. | . 72,3 | Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Nicaragua ..... Salvador ........ |  |  |  |  |
| Chiti . | Gold and silver: | Peso............. | . 91,2 | Gold: escudo ( $\$ 1.82,4$ ), doubloon ( $\$ 1.56,1$ ), and condor ( $\$ 9.12,3$ ). Silver: peso and divisions. |
|  |  | (Shanghai.. | 1. 06,8 |  |
| China. | Silver....... | $\text { Tael. }\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Haikwan } \\ \text { (customs) } \end{array}\right.$ | $1.18,9$ |  |
| Colombia ........... | Silver....... | Peso... | . 72,3 | Gold: condor ( $\$ 9.64,7$ ) and double condor." Silver: peso. |
| Caba................ | Gold and silver. | Peso..... | . 92,6 | Gold: foubloon ( $\$ 5.01,7$ ). Silver: peso: |
| Denmark | Gold. | Crowx | . 26,8 | Gold: 10 anid 20 crowns. |
| Ecaator ............ | Silver. | Sucre | . 72,3 | Gold: condor ( $\$ 9.64,7$ ) and donble condor. Silver: sucre and divisions. |
| Egypt .............. | Gold ........ | Pound (100 piasters.). | 4. 94,3 | Gold: pound ( 100 piasters), 50 piasters, 20 piasters, 10 piasters, and 5 piasters. Silver: 1,2,5,10, and 20 piasters. |
| Finland............. | Gold ........ | Mark............ | . 19,3 | Gold: 20 marks ( $\$ 3.85,9$ ), ${ }^{\circ} 10$ marks (\$1.93). |
| France.............. | Gold and silver. | rranc............ | .19,3 | Gold : 5. 10. 20, 50 , and 100 franes. Silver: 5 francs. |
| German Empire .... | Gold ........ | Mark | . 23,8 | Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks. |
| Great Britain ....... | Gold........ | Ponnd sterling .. | 4.86, 61 | Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and $\frac{3}{2}$ sovereign. |
| Greece | Gold and silver. | Drachna ........ | $.19,3$ | Gold : 5, 10, 20,50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas. |
| Hayti............... | Gold and silver. | Gourde .......... | . 96,5 | Silver: gourde. |

Values of Foreign Colns, October 1, 1891—Continued.


* Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
$\dagger$ Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial $=\$ 3.98,6$.
In estimating the value of foreign coins the same practice has been followed as heretofore. The value of the monetary unit of countries having a gold or double standard was ascertained by comparing the amount of pure gold in such unit with the pure gold in the United States dollar, and the silver coins of such countries were given the same valuation as the corresponding gold coins with which they are interchangeable by law.

In countries having a silver standard, the values of the silver coins were fixed at the commercial value of the pure silver contained in such coins.

The regulations governing the mint service provide for special assays of current coinage of the mints, as follows:
Sec. 9. From the first and two subsequent deliveries in each week of gold and silver coins of each denomination of coin delivered by the coiner, specimen pieces, two in number, shall be taken, certified, and inclosed by the superintendent and assayer in the same manuer as above prescribed for trial by the annual assay commission, when they shall be promptly forwarded to the Director of the Mint by registered mail for assay by the assayer of the Bureau of the Mint.

Sec. 10. The value of the special assay coins shall be returned at the end of each six months (June 30 and December 31) to the proper mints.

In order to enable the Director to know from day to day that the coins being issued at the mints conform in all respects to the requirements of law, a laboratory was established in 1878 on the fourth floor of the Treasury Department, which has proved a valuable adjunct to the Bureau.

Special examinations are also made in the laboratory, for the Treasury Department, of coins and other material for the purpose of detecting and preventing counterfeiting, and for custom requirements.

During the calendar year 1890 there were tested in the laboratory of this Bureau 196 gold coins and 1,010 silver coins, all of which were found to be within the legal requirements in regard to weight, fineness, and mechanical perfection.

Tables will be found in the appendix showing the fineness of the coins assayed and the percentage of coins of various degrees of fineness.

## ANNUAL TRIAL OF COINS.

The following commissioners were appointed under the provisions of section 3547 of the Revised Statutes, to test the weight and fineness of the gold and silver coins of the coinage of the calendar year 1890, reserved for that purpose by the coinage mints, viz: Hon. Nelson W. Aldrich, United States Senate; Hon.Thomas H. Carter, House of Representatives; Messrs. B. A. Gould, Massachusetts; Cabell Whitehead, Virginia; Nelson F. Evans, Pennsylvania; Frank A. Leach, California; G.R. Metten, Montana; John H. Appleton, Rhode Island; C. W. Moore, Idaho; E. S. Willcox, Illinois; Irwin Shepard, Minnesota; H. W. Cannon, New York; J. M. Bailey, jr., South Dakota; W. D. Ewing, Indiana; Charles W. Pavey, Illinois; Daniel M. Houser, Missouri.

The Commission met in Philadelphia ou February 11, 1891, with the exception of Hon. N. W. Aldrich and W. D. Ewing, all of the commissioners appointed being present, together with the following ex officio commissioners: Hon. William Butler, United States judge for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, Hon. E. S. Lacey, Comptroller of the Currency, and Herbert G. Torrey, assayer of the United States assay office at New York.

The committee on counting reported:

[^16]The coins reserved were as follows:
Pieces Reserved for Annual Tlist, 1890.

|  | Mints. | * | Pieces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | GoLD. |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia. |  |  | 167 | \$2, 357. 50 |
| San Francisco |  |  | 804 | 16, 080.00 |
| New Orleans |  |  |  |  |
| Carson. |  |  | - 165 | 2,310.00 |
| , |  |  | 1,136 | 20,747.50 |
|  | silver. |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia. |  |  | 13,416 | 8, 915.25 |
| San Francisco |  |  | 4,831 | 4,189.30 |
| New Orleans. |  |  | 5,351 | 5, 351.00 |
| Carson. |  |  | 1,155 | 1,155.00 |
|  |  |  | 24,753 | 19,610.55 |
| Total gold and silver |  |  | 25, 889 | 40,358.05 |

## The committee on assaying reported:

No coin among those examined was found to deviate from the staudard fixed by law beyond the legal tolerance, but they were in all cases far within the legal ailowance.

The committee on weighing reported:
The committee on weighing pronounces the examination of the weights of the coinage of the several mints during the year 1890 to be satisfactory.

The result of the annual test is contained in the following resolution adopted by the Commission:

[^17]
## CHANGES IN REGULATHONS.

On the 28th of September, 1891, an order was issued, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, increasing the charge for small gold bars at the United States assay office at New York from 4 to 5 cents per hundred dollars in value.

Heretofore it has been the practice to charge 4 cents per hundred dollars in value for the manufacture of fine gold bars, and to give depositors, in payment of their deposits, gold bars as nearly approximating the value of their deposits as possible, the smallest being about $\$ 5,000$ in value.

In many cases these bars were redeposited for small bars for jewelry and manufacturing purposes, and it has been customary to charge for this exchange, that is, for furnishing small gold bars in the place of large ones, the same amount as the original bar charge, 4 cents per hundred dollars in value.

Under the new regulations small gold bars will be furnished depositors originally when they desire it; and the charge will be 1 cent more
per hundred dollars in value than for large bars, to cover the additional cost of manufacturing small bars.

On the 29th of September, 1891, the following regulation was issued:
In cases of deposits of foreign gold coin or foreign gold bars at the United States assay office at New York, such approximation of the value of the bullion delivered as, in the discretion of the Superintendent, may be regarded safe and proper, not to exceed 90 per cent of the value, will be paid, pending melt and assay.

The purpose of this regulation was to encourage the importation of foreign gold by allowing depositors approximate spot eash value for foreign gold as soon as received at the counter of the assay office, thus saving interest on the value of the deposit pending melt and assay.

## NEW DESIGNS OF UNITED STATES COINS.

In my last annual report attention was directed to the inelegance of the designs upon some of the coins of the United States and the absence of any authority of law to change an existing design.

The following bill, introduced at my request in the Fifty-first Congress, and which met with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, became a law September 26, 1890:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section thirty-five hundred and ten of the Revised Statutes of the United States be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:
"SkC. 3510. The engraver shall prepare from the original dies already authorized all the working dies required for use in the coinage of the several mints, and, when new coins, endblems, devices, legends, or designs are authorized, sball, if required by the Director of the Mint, prepare the devices, models, hubs, or original dies for the same. The Director of the Mint shall have power, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause new designs or models of authorized emblems or devices to be prepared and adopted in the same manner as when new coins or devices are authorized. But no change in the design or die of any coin shall be mode oftener than once in twenty-five years from and including the year of the first adoption of the design, model, die, or hub for the same coin: Provided, That no change be made in the diameter of any coin: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall prevent the adoption of new desigas or models for devices or emblems already authorized for the standard silver dollar and the five-cent nickel piece as soon'as practicable after the passage of this act. But the Director of the Mint shall, nevertheless, have power, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to engage temporarily for this purpose the services of one or more artists, distinguished in their respective departments of art, who shall be paid for such service from the contingent appropriation for the mint at Philadelphia."

Approved, September 26, 1890.
In pursuance of the authority contained in this act, the following circular was addressed to artists and relief desiguers in the United States inviting designs for the obverse and reverse of the silver dollar, and for the obverse only of the half dollar, quarter dollar, and dime, and offering a reward not to exceed $\$ 500$ for each design accepted.

CIRCULAR LET'LER 'NO ARTISTS.

## Treasury Department, Bureau of the Mint,

Washington, D. C., April 4, 1891.
Under the provisions of the act of September 26, 1890, authorizing the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause new desigus or models of authorized emblems or devices to be prepared and adopted for the coins of the United States, it has been decided to invite designs for the obverse and reverse of the silver dollar, and for the obverse only of the half dollar, quarter dollar, and dime.

The following are the conditions under which designs will be considered:

1. They must be presented in the form of models or medallions in plaster, the models to be from 4 to 8 inches in diameter; a separate design to be submitted for the obverse and reverse of the silver dollar, and separate designs for the obverse of the half dollar, quarter dollar, and dime.
2. The models must be in what is knowu as "low relief," suitable for coius.
3. Each model submitted must be complete, with the denomination of the coin, and only such inscriptions as are required by law, together with the date (year).
4. The models must be submitted under seal to the Director of the Mint on or before June 1, 1891.
5. An award not to exceed $\$ 500$ will be made for each design accepted.

Full facilities will be afforded at the Mint at Philadelphia to artists who may desire to examine coins belonging to the cabinet of that institution.
The folowing is a list of the coins for which new designs are proposed, with the diameter and thickness of each:

Diameter and Thickness of thè Following Silver Coins.

|  | Denominations. | $=$ | Diameter (20ths of an inch). | Thickness ( $1,000 t h s$ of an inch). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard dollar |  |  | 30 | 80 |
| Half dollar |  |  | 24. | 57 |
| Quarter dollar |  |  | 19 | 45 |
| Dime |  |  | 14 | 82 |

Extracts from the laws prescribing the devices and legends are attached hereto. Very respectfully,

Edward O. Leech, Director of the Mint.

Approved:
Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

## STATUTORY LAWS IN RESPECT TO TFE DEVICES AND EMBLEMS UPON THE COINS OF THE UNITTAD STATES.

Sec. 3517, R. S. Upon the coins there shall be the following devices and legends: Upon one side there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word "Liberty" and the year of the coinage, and upon the reverse shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with the inscriptions "United States of America" and "E Pluribus Unum," and a designation of the value of the coin; but. on the gold dollar and three-dollar piece, the dime, five, three, and one cent piece, the figure of the eagle shall be omitted.
(Applicable to the half dollar, quarter dollax, and dime.)
Sce. 13, act approved January 18, 1837. That upon the coins struck at the Mint there shall be the following devices and legends: Upon one side of each of said coins there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word "Liberty" and the year of the coinage; and upon the reverse of each of the gold and silver coins there shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with the inscription "United States of America," and a designation of the value of the coin; but on the reverse of the dime and half dime, cent and half cent, the figure of the eagle shall be omitted.
(Applicable to the silver dollar.)
SEC. 18, act approved Febrnary 12, 1873. The Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may cause the motito "In God we trust" to be inscribed upon such coins as shali admit of such motto, and any of the foregoing inscriptions may be on the rim of the gold and silver coins.
Nome.-The motto "In God we trust" will be inscribed upon the silver dollar, the half dollar, and quarter dollar, but not upon the dime.

By invitation of the Secretary of the Treasury the following gentlemen met in the office of the Director of the Mint, in Washington, on June 3, 1891, and passed upon the designs submitted, viz: Augustus St. Gaudens, sculptor, of New York City; Henry Mitchell, engraver, of Boston, and Charles E, Barber, engraver, United States Mint at Phil Qdelphian

The following is the report of the committee:
Treasury Difartment,
Bureau of the Mint,
Washington, D. C., June 3, 1891.
Dear Sir: We would respectfully report that in conformity with your written request we have opened in the presence of the Director of the Mint the new designs or models submitted for the silver coins of the United States, under Department circular of April 4, 1891, and have carefully examined the same.

We are of the opinion that none of the designs or models submitted are such a decided improvement upon the present designs of the silver coins of the United States as to be worthy of adoption by the Government.

We would respectfully recommend that the services of one or more artists distinguished for work in designing for relief be engaged at a, suitable compensation to prepare for the considexation of the Department new designs for the coins of the United States.

Very respectfully,
Henry Mitchell.
Augustus St. Gaudens.
Chas. F. Bapber.
I concur in the findings.
Edward O. Leech,
Director.
Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

New designs for the subsidary coins-the half dollar, quarter dollar and dime-have been prepared, under my direction, by Mr. Charles E. Barber, the engraver of the mint at Philadelphia, and with your approval have been adopted.

The consideration of the subject of changing the designs upon our coins naturally calls forth some thought upon the subject of coinage generally, a subject full of interest.

Coinage may be defined as consisting in the division of a monetary metal in $10^{\circ}$ pieces of uniform dimensions and weight, and in the stamping of them by public authority, in order to certify the quantity of fine metal contained in each; while a coin is one of the pieces so stamped.

Coinage is of very great antiquity. Its invention is generally ascribed to Pheidon of Argos, who reigued in the eighth century before Christ.

When we consider the great antiquity of some of the coins now in a perfect state of preservation, dating back many hundred years before the birth of Christ, they open a vast field of thought.

These metallic monuments, having the portraits and names of the great heroes of the age in which they were struck, bear unequivocal witness to the truth of the historical records which have come down to us, and from which we learn of the wars, religions, and superstitions of past ages.

The earliest specimens of coins of which we have knowledge bore the impression of a die only on the face, the reverse showing the marks of the rude punch used to force the piece of metal into the die. Following this, the first improvement seems to have been an attempt to uake the punch conform somewhat to the shape of the die.

This improvement was carried on until we find the punch almost identical with the design of the die, the result being coins with an impression in relief on one side and an intaglio on the other, or, as these pieces are called, incused coins.

This was a great step in coinage and contributed largely to the production of the high relief which we find in antique coins. After these come the coins with separate designs for both the obverse (or face) and

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reverse (or back), both sides telling their story; in many cases beautifully executed, considered as works of art.

The idea of relief and abrasion was never considered in connection. with antique coinage. The artist indulged his fancy and taste to the fullest extent, and the coins were struck as medals are now, without regard to the amount of pressure required or the number of blows from the hammer or press necessary to perfect the impression in high relief.

The coins of antiquity were for the most part like those of modern times, round, the form best suited to them. Quadrangular, hexagonal, and octagonal, spherical, and spheroid pieces were seldom employed even then.

The names of the oldest coins known, and of many modern ones, point to the connection existing between coins and their weight. Thus the ancient as well as the modern Greek drachma, the pound sterling in England, the pfond in Germany, the livre in France, the lira in Italy.

- During historical times and in civilized countries, since the first invention of coinage, gold aud silver have been employed whenever governments were rich enough to obtain them, almost exclusively, in the mauufacture of all save token coins. Russia at one time coined platina, but as that substance was not well adapted for coinage purposes the stamping of it was stopped and the pieces issued retired by the Government of the Czar.

The beanty of their appearance, hardness, malleability, susceptibility to the receiving of an impression, fusibility, homogenerty, divisibility, rarity, and the relative stability of their value, during limited periods of time, are the qualities that have insured the choice of gold and silver as the monetary metals of the world during so many centuries, and in all countries in which they have been obtainable, either by mining or in exchange for other objects of value.

With the growth of technical knowledge, and in order to ${ }^{\circ}$ meet the increased demands of trade, a proportion of base metal was early added to the gold or silver, and coins now are universally manufactured with an alloy of copper.

The object of mixing gold and silver with a proportion of some other metal, generally copper, in coinage, is to give the pieces greater resistance to wear and tear. This proportion is called the alloy. The proportion of pure metal in the coin is called its fineness. The proportion of alloy should not be allowed to exceed certain limits.

Michel Chevalier laid it down as a rule that that proportion of alloy was best which gave the precious metals the greatest resistance to friction. Experience has shown that Chevalier's rule should be modified thus: The best alloy in coinage is that which, in the higher finenesses, offers the greatest resistance to abrasion. It has been clearly demonstrated that the proportion of nine parts of gold or silver to one part of copper best accomplishes this result.

The multiples or submultiples of the monetary unit should be such :as to render it easy for the public to make up any sum out of the pieces issued by the Government. They should be of such weight and size as to make their use convenient, and to reduce to a minimum the action of abrasion and the possibility of alteration.

The mechanical part of the manufacture of coins at the present day is all that can ibe desired. The same, however, can not be said of the artistic part of the coinage.

To help make the coins of the United States worthy, from the point of view of the beautiful, of our country, at the beginning of the second
century of its existence, is the object of my recommendations as to new and improved designs.

In modern coinage the designs in monarchial governments consist, as a rule, of the portrait of the sovereign for its obverse and the coat of arms or seal for the reverse, thus simplifying the question of design. Republican nations have generally ignored the idea of having the portrait of their Chief Magistrate upon their coins, but have generally used some ideal head or representative; hence our coinage laws prescribe, "Upon one side there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word 'Liberty' * * * and upon the reverse shall be the figure or representation of an eagle."

The design first adopted was a female head representing liberty for the obverse and an eagle for the reverse.

Without reviewing all the changes which have taken place in the designs upon our coins it may be interesting, now that a change in the designs upon our subsidiary silver coins (the half dollar, quarter dollar and dime) has been decided upon, to enumerate the changes which have been made in these particular pieces.

The present obverse of the subsidiary coins first appeared on the dollar of 1836, dime and half dime of 1837, half dollar and quarter dollar of 1838, and all the silver coins of 1840. It was designed by Sulley and engraved by Mr. Christian Gobrecht. The present reverse, with the exception of some minor differences, first appeared on the half dollar of 1807, dime of 1809, quarter dollar of 1815, and half dime of 1829. The dies were prepared by Mr. John Reich, who was appointed assistant engraver in 1807 by the Director of the Mint, Robert Patterson.
full description of che types and varietme of rew fale dollar, from the year of its mirst issue (1794) to the present time.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 208 grains; fineness, 892.4. Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 900. Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 192 grains, and again by act of February 12, 1873 to $12 \frac{1}{2}$ grams or 192.9 grains.

1794-95. Obverse: Liberty head facing right, flowing hair, 15 stars; above, "Liberty;" beneath, the date. Reverse: An eagle with raised wings, encircled by branches of laurel, "United States of America." On the edge, "Fifty cents or half a dollar." Size, 21.

1796-97. Obverse: Bust of Liberty, facing right, hair bound by a ribbon, shoulders draped, 15 stars. Some were struck with 16 istars. Reverse: An eagle with expanded wings standing upon clouds, within a wreath of palm and laurel; "United States of America." 1797, same, with 16 stars.

1798 to 1800 , inclusive; none coined.
1801 to 1806 inclusive. Obverse: Same. Reverse: The heraldic eagle bearing the United States shield upon its breast; in beak a scroll inscribed." E Pluribus Unum." A bundle of 13 arrows in the right talon and an olive branch in the left; above are clouds and 13 stars; "United States of America."
1807. No. 1, same. No. 2. Obverse, Liberty head facing left, wearing a cap shaped like a turban, with "Liberty" inscribed on the band; thirteen stars and date. Reverse: An eagle with expanded wings pointing downwards, bearing upon its breast the United States shield, and olive branch in its right talon and 3 arrows in its left; above, in the field, a scroll inscribed "E Pluribus Unum;" beneath " 50 C ," legend; "United States of America,"

1808 to 1815, inclusive, same as No. 2 of 1807.
1816, none coined.
1817 to 1835, inclusive, same as No. 2 of 1807.
1836. No. 1, same as No. 2 of 1807. No. 2. Obverse: Same. Reverse: Same, with reeded edge, the omission of the motto "E Pluribus Unum;" " 50 cents" for " 50 0." and size 19.
1837. Same as No. 2 of 1836.
1838. No. 1. Obverse same as No. 2 of 1836. Reverse, same; "half dol." for " 50 cents." No. 2. Obverse: Liberty seated upon a rock, supporting with her right hand the United States shield, across which floats a scroll inscribed "Liberty," and with her left hand the staff and Liberty cap; beneath, the date. Reverse same as No. 1.

1839 to 1852 , inclusive, same as No. 2 of 1838.
1853. Obverse: Same with; an arrow on each side of date. Reverse: Same, with a halo of rays around the eagle.

1854 and 1855 , same, without the rays.
1856 to 1865 , same, without arrow heads.
1866 to 1872, same, with a scroll above the eagle inscribed "In God we trust."
1873. No. 1, same. No. 2, same, with an arrow head on each side of the date.
1874. Same.

1875 to the present date, same, without the arrow heads.

## quarter dollar.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 104 grains; fineness, 892.4. Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to $103 \frac{1}{2}$ grains. Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 900. Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853 , to 96 grains, and weight changed to $6 \frac{1}{4}$ grams or 96.45 grains by the act of February 12, 1873.

1796 same, type as half dollar.
1797 to 1803 , inclusive, none coined.
1804 to 1807 , same as half dollar of 1801.
1808 to 1814, none coined.
1815, same as No. 2 half dollar of 1807.
1816 and 1817, none coined.
1818 to 1825, same as No. 2 half dollar of 1807.
1829 and 1830, none coined.
1831 to 1837 , same as No. 2 half dollar of 1807 , with the diameter reduced from size 17 to size 15 and a corresponding increase in the thickness and decrease in the size of devices; the omission of the scroll inscribed "E Pluribus Unum."
1838. No. 1, same: No. 2, same as half dollar of 1839.

1839 to the present time, same as the half dollar.

## DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 41.6 grains; fineness, 892.4. Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to $41 \frac{1}{4}$ grains, and fineness changed by the same act to 900 . The weight was again changed, act of February 12, 1873, to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ grams, or 38.58 grains.

1796, same type as half dollar.
1797. No. 1, same, with 16 stars; No. 2, same, with 13 stars.
1798. No. 1, same type as half dollar of 1801 with 16 stars; No. 2, same, with 13 stars.

1799, none coined.
1800 to 1805 , inclusive, same.
1806, none coined.
1807, same type as half dollar of 1801.
1808, none coined.
1809, same type as half dollar of 1807 .
1810, none coined.
1811, same type as half dollar of 1807.
1812 and 1813, none coined.
1814, same type as half dollar of 1807 .
1815 to 1819 , none coined.
1820 to 1825 , same type as half dollar of 1807.
1826, none coined.
1827 to 1836, same type as half dollar of 1807.
1837. No.1, samè. No. 2. Obverse: Liberty seated; no stars. Reverse: "One dime" within a wreath of laurel; "United States of America."
1838.No. 1 såme as No. 2 dime of 1837. No. 2 same, with thirteen stars.

1839 to 1852 same.
1853 No. 1 same. No. 2 same; with an arrow on each side of the date. 1854 and 1855 same.
1856 to 1859 same, without arrowheads.
1860 to 1872. Obverse: Same, with "United States of America" instead of stars. Reverse: "One dime" within a wreath of cereals.

1873 No. 1 same. No. 2 same, with an arrowhead on each side of the date.

1874 same.
1875 to present time same, without arrowheads.
The new designs which have been adopted for the subsidiary coins may be briefly described as follows: On the obverse is a female head, representative of liberty, looking right, expression calm and dignified, with olive wreath around the head and ${ }^{\circ}$ Phrygian cap on back. On a band over front of head the word "Liberty", and over the head the motto "In God we trust"; around the medallion are thirteen stars, and under, the date of coinage. On the reverse appears the seal of the United States as adopted 1782, and is thus described: An eagle displayed, charged on the breast with a shield argent, six pallets gules, a chief azure, holding in the dexter claw an olive branch of thirteen leaves; in the sinister claw a sheaf of thirteen arrows; in the beak a scroll with the motto "E Pluribus Unum," ensigned above and about the head with thirteen stars. This will be the design of the half dollar and quarter dollar, while the dime will have for obverse same head as half dollar and quarter dollar, but in place of the stars the inscription "United States of America," while the motto "In God we trust" will be omitted. The reverse of the dime will be the same as in present use.

From the description given of the coins of the early issue of this Gov. ernment it will be seen that the first-described reverse which it is proposed to supersede the old with is a returu to the design of almost the first coinage. It has often been said that the design of our early coinage was superior to some more modern. This would seem a case in paint, as what can be more appropriate for the design of a coin than the great seal, carrying with it, as it undoubtedly does, the mark of its genuineness and worth.

As the volume of coinage in modern time is so vast, great numbers of dies are required, and as the work of engraving a die is of necessity
a slow and tedious process and would be sure to have some variations if each separate die was engraved, hubs are made from which the working dies are transferred, thus maling it possible to produce a large number of dies in a comparatively short time, and also insure perfect similarity. The question, What is a hub? is sure to arise in the minds of many. A hub is a piece of tempered steel, on which is the perfect design in relief of the coin it represents. This hub being hard can be forced by great pressure into a finely annealed piece of steel; thus producing a die for coinage. The work of producing a new coin or series of coins is a very delicate operation. First a desigu is suggested, then models are made, molds are then prepared and electrotypes are made. The question of curve to be given the face of the die is very important, as this varies with each coin and requires careful adjustment to area and design. Although modern coins look flat, the fact is quite the contrary, as none are so, they being struck from dies the surface of which is always curved. From the electrotypes reductions are made by a beautiful machine most delicate in its actions. These reduced copies of the model are in steel and require the skill of the engraver to give them the delicate finish that coins are expected to have. The engraving department ofthe United States Mint is at present employing all its energy to have the dies with the new designs ready by January 1, 1892.

## THE NEW MINT AT PHLLADELPHIA.

In my last fiscal report, as well as in the last report of the Secretary of the Treasury, attention was directed to the crowded condition of the building now occupied by the Mint of the United States at Philadelphia, and the inadequacy of the present ground area for the erection of a suitable building, and the sale of the present site and the purchase of a new site and the erection of a suitable building for the mint at Philadelphia, was strongly recommended.

- On January 6, 1890, a bill (H. R. 3910) was introduced in the House of Representatives by Hon. H. H. Bingham, of Philadelphia, providing for the purchase of a new site and the erection of a new building for the mint at Philadelphia.

On May 2, 1890, the following bill (H. R. 9957), introduced by the same member for the same purpose, was substituted for the bill originally introduced by him:
A. BILL to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Philadelphia, in the State of Peunsylvania.

[^18]the State of Penusylvania shall have ceded to the United States exclusive juristiction over the same during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

After the said site shall have been paid for and the sketch-plans and detailed drawings for the buildings shall have been prepared by the Supervising Architect, and. approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and Director of the Mint, the balance of appropriation shall be available for the erection and completion of the building, indcluding fire-proof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators; and approaches, and such balance of the appropriation as may remain available after the building shall have been completed shall be applied to and used in the purchase of apparatus for the purposes of the mint.
The building shall be unexposed to danger from fire by an open space of at least forty feet on each side, including streets and alleys.
That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, further directed, when the new building herein authorized to be erected shall have been completed, to dispose of the present United States Mint building in the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, at private or public sale, and to give a quit-claim deed to the purchaser thereof, and to deposit the proceeds of the sale to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States in the manuer prescribed by sections thirty-six hundred and seventeen and thirty-six hundred and eighteen, United States Revised Statates.

The original bill (H. R. 3910) having been referred by the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to the Treasury Department for report, the following communications from the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director of the Mint, and the Supervising Architect of the Treasury were transmitted to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds on February 18, 1890 :

## Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, Washington, D. C., February 18, 1890.

 SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a letter from the Committee on Publis Brildings and Grounds, asking for the views of the Department upon bill F. R. 3910, a copy of which is inclosed, providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a new building for the mint at Philadelphia.In reply, I desire to call attention to the statements made in the accompanying papers from the Director of the Mint, the Supervising Architect, and the principal mint officers at Philadelphia, showing the total inadequacy of the present quarters and setting forth specifically the reasons, which are apparent to those most familiar with the subject, for an enlargement of the present facilities for coining purposes. Every consideration bearing upon an effective and correct working of the mint service points to the necessity of providing at once a sufficient and suitable building. While our legislators of over half a century ago no doubt attempted to make provision for the then immediate future, they never for a moment intended to erect a building which would accommodate itself to the needs and purposes of the present time, when the number of coins struck at this particular mint is eight times as great as it was then. Every department of the building is crowded to its utmost capacity with machinery and employes. It is impossible to put in force systematic methods, and much confusion and delay are accasioned by the want of space in which to arrange, in an orderly and natural relation, the several processes of the different operations throngh which the metal has to go in order to produce the perfect coin. The very limited area that can be assigued to the furnaces and other branches requiring the employment of artificial heat makes the temperature at all times almost unbearable, and the upper floor, the ceiling of which is in close proximity to the roof, is filled with lady operatives, who in the summer find in the stifled condition of the atmosphere abundant cause for absence and ill health.

Upon a recent personal inspection of the premises I was fully convinced of the serious difficulties noder which all the employés labored, and I am sure that anyone who visits the mint can not fail to be impressed in the same way. In this connection I beg to refer to the recommendation of the assay commission in resolutions herewith transmitted. The members of this commission were gentlemen of high professional attainments and prominent in matters kindred to coinage. They have made manifest the results of their personal observations and have unanimously expressed the opinion that the only remedy for the present disabilities lies in the erection of a more spacious building. An appropriation from last year is available for the enlargement of the present building, but it would be very doubtful cconomy, if not altogether waste, to expend any large amount in attempting to make the present structure meet the requirements of the service. The walls are of marble, very heavy, and cover nearly all of the ground at that point which belongs to the Government.

The heavy machinery and large amount of metal to be handled, as well as the delicate operations connected with the finer work of coinage, makes it impracticable to use a building many stories in height, and it is very doubtful if any good results would follow the placing of additional stories on the present building. Good public policy at once suggests facilities to be had only in a building of ample proportions, and I most earnestly recommend the subject to the favorable consideration of Congress. I think it would be better, however, to amend the proposed bill in such a way as to make a specific appropriation of $\$ 2,000,000$ to purchase a site and erect the building, and after it is finished to provide for the sale of the present site and building, the proceeds of such sale to be covered into the Treasury under the head of "Miscellaneous receipts."

Respectfully, yours,
William Windom, Secretary.
Hon. S. L. Miliken,
Chairman of Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, House of Representatives.

## Treasury Department, Bureau of the Mint, <br> Washington, D. C., February 7, 1890.

SIR: Referring to House bill 3910, authorizing the sale of the present site of the mint at Philadelphia and the purchase of a new site, and the erection of a new building for the mint in that city, I have the honor to present herewith my views in regard to the necessity and expediency of enacting the same into law.

The act establishing the Mint of the United States was approved by President Washington, April 2, 1792. The same year the structure for the mint, a plain brick edifice, was erected on Seventh street near Arch, in the city of Philadelphia. The following October the building was occupied for coinage purposes, and was so used for a period of over forty years. This was the first public building erected in the United States under the authority of the Federal Government.
By act of May 19, 1829, the mint was permanently located in Philadelphia, and the present mint edifice, which stands at the corner of Chestnut and Juniper streets, on a lot fronting 150 feet on Chestnut street and extending back 204 feet to Penn Square, was authorized. The cornerstone was laid July 4, 1829, and the building was completed and occupied for coinage purposes in 1833. This building has been used continuously, without any material enlargement, for a period of fifty-seven years, as the principal coinage institution of the United States, although the growth and coinage requirements of the country have long since outgrown its capacity. It will be remembered that this building was planned and erected twenty years before the discovery of gold in California and nearly forty years before the immense silver discoveries of Nevada. The product of the precious metals in the United States in 1833 was insignificant, the total product for the ten years 1834 - 44 being only $\$ 7,750,000$. The present product approximates annually $\$ 100,000,000$.
The coinage executed at the mint in 1833 was $10,370,700$ pieces of the value, of $\$ 3,765,710$; the coinage of the same institution for the last calendar year (1889) aggregated $94,012,194$ pieces, of the value of $\$ 24,804,854.84$.

In addition to the coinage of gold and silver in common with the other mints of the United States, the mint at Philadelphia is the only institution in the United States authorized by law to execute minor coinage, the demand for which has becomo so pressing that for several years past the Government has been obliged to buy the blanks ready for stamping, and for several months past nine large presses have been used exclusively in the stamping of minor coin.
Moreover, the mint at Philadelphia is the only one in the country which has connected with it an engraving department, where, by statutory requirement, the devices for our coins are engraved, and the dies, both original and working, for all our mints are made, and medals of a national character are executed.

The building was not planned with any idea of adaptation for many of the mechanical and metallurgical operations at present carried on in it. When it was erected many of the processes of metallurgy now employed were unknown. The area in the center of the mint, originally intended for a stack through which the fumes of acid, smoke, etc., could pass off, is now filled to the very roof with wooden structures, which are not only objectionable in themselves, but increase the liability to fire, and take away ventilation and light, while the erection in the immediate vicinity of much higher buildings prevents the free escape of the fumes from the acid refinery, to the great annoyance of the public.
The process of striking coin was by the screw-press worked by hand, and the introduction of steam for coinage purposes did not take place until 1836, three years after the building was completed.

It is not my purpose to enmerate in detail the insufficiency of the present buidding for the proper and safe execution of the immense amount of work now turned out. For detailed information on this point reference is made to the letters of the superintendent and operative officers inclosed. Certain it is that no private manufacturiug establishment would have worked continuously for fifty-seven years in the same building, with an increase of 800 per cent in its amnual output (as shown by the coinage of pieces at this mint in 1889 as compared with 1833), without largely increasing its capacity.
It has not been practicable to remedy the inadequacy of working space in the mint at Philadelphia by alterations and enlargements of the present building, owing to the fact that there is not sufficient area.

It is essential for the efficient execution of the delicate and important processes of coinage that the mechanical operations of each department be conducted on the same ${ }^{1}$ floor. The work rooms of the coiner's department, for instance--that is, all the rooms for cutting, rolling, milling, and the other coinage operations-should be on one floor.

In 1882 the attention of Congress was directed to the insufficiency of the ground area for the business of the mint, and a bill was favorably reported from the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures authorizing the purchase of adjoining property covering a surface of 100 feet on Chestnut street and extending north 204 feet on Broad street.
Unfortunately this bill failed to become a law, and the magnificent building now occupied by the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company, valued at $\$ 1,000,000$, has been built upon it, thus precluding the Government from obtaining possession of it. Nor is there any other property adjoining which it is possible for the Government now to secure; so that it is impracticable to extend the area of the mint in its present location:

If therefore anything is to be done in the way of providing enlarged facilities for the mint at Philadelphia the matter resolves itself in to one of two alternatives: either the enlargement of the present building by an attic story or an extension of the building to the line of the portico, or both; or, as the other alternative, the erection of a new mint.
In accordance with estimates prepared by the Supervising Architect an appropriation of $\$ 220,000$ was included in the sundry civil bill, approved October 2, 1888, "for the United States Mint at Philadelphia, Pa.; for an additional story to and enlarging the building, including vault, alterations, and other necessary work." Of this appropriation the sum of $\$ 43,399.70$ has been expended for the construction of new vaults, leaving $\$ 176,600.30$ available for the enlargement contemplated.

Since this appropriation was made further plans and drawings have been prepared by the Supervising Architect contemplating an extension of the floor area by extending the ibuilding front to the line of the portico.
In my annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1889, I had the honor to recommend that the appropriation available, viz, $\$ 176,600.30$, be increased to the sum of $\$ 420,000$, that being the estimate of the Supervising Architect of the cost of the extension designated in the last plans. If, then, the mint remain ou its present site, an immediate expenditure of $\$ 420,000$ will be necessary to afford proper room for its business. The expenditure of even this large sum will remedy the existing state of things to only a limited extent, but will not accomplish the main purpose desired, viz, sufficient ground area for the location of the worl rooms of the mechanical departments on one floor.
The objections to an additional story are so forcibly pointed out in the letter of Superintendent Bosbyshell that I shall not repeat them.
The present time is opportune for the purchase of a convenient site for a new mint building in Philadelphia. It is belieqved that a suitable one, iu a convenient section of the city, on one of its most prominent streets, can be procured at a cost not exceeding $\$ 500,000$ and that the present site and edifice will sell for a sum approximating $\$ 800,000$; so that if this bill should become a law about $\$ 300,000$, the probable excess of the amount received for the present site above the cost of a new site, would be available towards the erection of a new mint.

Estimates as to the cost of a new building suitable for the requirements of the mint at Philadelphia will of course be furnished by the Supervising Architect, but I may remark that the mint at San Francisco, finished in 1873, which is a large granite building, one of the most beautifnl in that city, perfectiy adapted to its purposes, was erected at a cost of $\$ 2,130,512.15$ (not including the cost of site, $\$ 100,000$ ). Making allowance for the reduced cost of labor and material at the present date as compared with 1873, and especially in Philadelphia, as compared with San Francisco, it would seem reasonable to say that $\$ 1,500,000$ would be the outside cost of a suitable building in Philadelphia, or a net cost of $\$ 1,200,000$, against an appropriation of $\$ 420,000$ already asked for the enlargement of the mint if it remains in its present location.

I can not too strongly urge upon Congress the advisability of purchasing a new site and erecting a new mint, especially as the opportunity which now presents itself for securing a convenient and suitable location for a reasonable consideration may not soon occur again.

Surely this great Government, with its growing wealth and population, producing annually from its mines $\$ 100,000,000$ of the precious metals, can afford to have the very finest buildings as well as the best appliances and machinery for the important and delicate operations of coining money, and it would seem as if an appropriation of $\$ 1,200,000$ for the erection of a suitable structure for its most important mint should not be considered a piece of extravagance, but rather as an act demanded by our national character.

I inclose herewith letters from the superintendent and operative officers of the mint at Philadelphia, to which attention is invited.

Trusting this matter will receive your favorable recommendation,
I am, very respectfully,
E. O. Leecer,

Director of the Mint.

> Hon. William Windoóm, Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

Treasury Department, Office of the Supervising Architect, Washington, D. C., Februavy 17, 1890.
SIr: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt by reference from you of the letter of the 13th instant, addressed to you by the Committee on Public Buildings. and Grounds, House of Represcntatives, requesting to be informed as to the present condition of the United States Mint building at Philadelphia, Pa., in regard to size, convenience, etc., for transacting the public business, the need of a new building for the purposes of the United States Mint, and such other information in \$egard to the subject as may be deemed of use to said committee in connection with H. R. bill 3910, introduced Jannary 6, 1890, by Hon. Henry H. Bingham, to provide for the sale of the present United States Mint building and site, the purchase of land suitable for a site, and the erection thereon of a new public building for carrying on the business of the mint in Philadelphia, Pa., the proceeds of the sale of the present United States Mint property, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be used for the purpose of purchasing a new site and erecting thereon a new building for said purpose, and to submit the following:

I invite attention to the statements made on pages 62 and 63 of the Annual Report of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department, 1889.

The mint building in Philadelphia has been changed in arrangements and enlarged by minor additions from time to time to meet the demands of the present public business, and practically all of the available ground within the metes and bounds of the: site is now ocenpied by the building.

With the appropriation made by act of Congress approved October 2, 1888, viz. $\$ 220,000$, and the additional appropriation of $\$ 200,000$ asked for in the anmual estimates, it is proposed to build a third story to the present building and extend the wings on each side of the entrance portico out to the street front as further additions to the structure.

By making a new assigmment of the old portion of the structure with the additional floor area to be obtained by such improvements there would be better facilities for the conduct of the business of the mint than there is now afforded in the building.

These improvements, however, wonld not provide the convenience needed for the proper conduct of the work of the mint, nor secure full economy in the management that could be applied if a structure with sufficient ground area was erected that would enable the worls of the coinage of metals to be done continuously on one floor withont the necessity of irregular transfers of the metals during the process of its. coinage between working rooms not contiguously arranged, and would prevent the inconvenience and delay incident to the necessary use of elevator service between. the different stories of the building.

The metals should be delivered at one station and pass regularly from that point through the several apartments contiguously arranged, properly equipped with the necessary furnaces, machines, plants, etc., and assigned to the different branches of the work incident to its completion, so that after the metals shall have reached theapartment in which the last branch of work thereon is to be done the coins will beperfected and ready for storage or distribution.

The actual cost of the present United States Mint building in Philadelphia, including the cost of alterations and repairs to June 30,1889 , is $\$ 432,871.48$ plus the cost of site- $\$ 31,666.67$-which aggregates $\$ 464,538.15$, in connection with which must be:
tonsidered the work now being done under the appropriation of $\$ 220,000$ made by act of Congress approved October 2, 1888, and the appropriation asked for in the annual estimates.
From computations made in the office of the Supervising Architect of this Department based upon information received, it is found that, to construct such a building, with proper lighting, ventilating, and heating facilities, that would afford proper accommodations for theopresent and prospective needs of the mint in said city, $\$ 1,500,000$ will be required in addition to such amount as may be needed for the purchase of land suitably aud adaptably located for the purpose.

After duly considering the subject, I am of the opinion that the convenience of the public busiuess done it the mint and the economy of the public service would be best consulted by the acquisition of a new site and the erection thereon of anew suitable building for the exclusive use of the United States Mint.
I would therefore suggest that, to facilitate a speedy compliance with the provisions of the bill, should it become a law, said H. R. bill should be so modified as to make a specific appropriation for the purchase of land for a site and the erection of the building in addition to the sale of the present site and building, after the completion of the new building, and that the proceeds from such sale be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States as miscellaneous receipts derived from the sale of Government property.

Respectfully, yours,
James H. Windrim,
Supervising Arohitect.
Hon. Wimliam Windom, Secretary of the Treasury.

On Jume 5, 1890, Mr. Darlington, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, submitted the following report:

> [House Report No. 2326, Fifty-first Congress, first session.]

The Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, having had under consideration the bill (H. R. 9957) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Philadelphia, submits the following report:

- The necessity for the enlargement and improvement of the Mint of the Uvited States at Philadelphia, for which this bill provides, has been a matter of consideration by Congress since 1880. The House and Searate committees of the Forty-sixth Congress reported favorably upon a similar measure, and the Fouse Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures of the Forty-seventh Congress unanimously reported a bill which had originated in the Senate of like import. The necessity for increasing the facilities of the Philatelphia Mint has never been questioned, but from varions causes the bills to which reference is made failed of final action in the House.

In considering the bill submitted, your committee has been greatly aided by information furnished by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Director of the Mint, reënforced by the clear, concise, and intelligent statement of the superintendent and operative officers of the Philadelphia Mint, as well as by a memorial sigued by the commissioners appointed by the President to conduct the annual trial of the pyx for the coinage of all the mints during the year 1889. From these various authorities, all in substantial agreement as regards the embarrassments to which the officers in charge are subjected by reason of confined quarters, entailing lack of machinery, imperfect ventilation and samitation, your committee is clearly of the opinion that the provision for the enlargement of the present mint building included in the sundry civil bill of $1888(\$ 220,000)$ signally fails to meet the requirements of effective public service. That provision was "for an additional story to and enlarging the building, including vaults, alterations, and other necessary work." Of this proposed enlarge, ment of the building Supervising Architect J. H. Windrim says that, while it would afford somewhat better facilities for the conduct of business than at present existit would not provide the conveniences needed nor secure economy in management that could be secured by a structure with proper ground area. Nor can the eulargement already authorized be made without an additional appropriation.

The present mint was erected and completed for coinage purposes in 1833, and has been used, without material enlargement, fifty-seven years. The coinage executed in 1833 , at which time the production of the precious metals in the United States was insignificant, was $10,370,700$ pieces, of the value of $\$ 3,765,710$, and the total value of the gold and silver product for the ensuing ten years was only $\$ 7,750,000$. The present annual product of the precions metals in the United States approximates $\$ 100,000,000$. and the coinage of the Philadelphia Mint for the calendar year 1889 aggregated $94,012,194$ pieces, of the value of $\$ 24,804,854.84$. In addition to the coinage of goldand
silver the mint at Philadelphia is the only institution designated by law to execute minor coinage, for which the demand for small exchanges is cumulative and pressing. So great is the demand for these small coins that the Government has been obliged to purchase the blanks ready for stamping, while 9 presses have been kept, busy for many months in the execution of this coinage to supply public demand. The work denanded of this mint has increased 800 per cent since the completion of the present building in 1833, as is shown by its amnual output.

Your committee finds a consensus of opinion among the officers familiar with coinage matters as respects the remedy, which is increased ground area. ${ }^{\circ}$ This is necessary for the efficient and proper conduct of the delicate and important processes of coinage, which, whether scientific or mechanical, are to be ranked as works of precision. The entire mechanical operation should be on a single floor, the subdepartments of each operative officer being contiguous and continuous. In default of this the work is hindered and the risk greatly increased. This is particularly true in the coinage department, where the various processes for converting the ingot into coin have to be carried on in rooms often widely separated, however related the processes may be, the metal in its several stages passing from ground floor to second story, from second story to basement, and thence to the presses on the ground floor: It is evident that processes so important and so necessarily connected with national credit should be divested of all unnecessary risks. That is a desideratum; and it can be secured only by such an arrangement of the coining department as will admit of the carrying forward of the work continuously in rooms contiguous and at grade, so that the officer in charge may have the metal in its various stages under his eye.

Such necessary supervision of the processes of coining can not be secured in the present structure, even if the entire available ground space should be given up to the coiner. But the processes through which the metals pass before they can go to the coiner are many, and necessarily of absolute accuracy. The coinage laid upon this mint requires the melter and refiner to melt daily from 5 to 7 net tons of silver. This important work, on the accuracy of which the integrity of our coin largely depends, has to be carried on in cramped quarters and at a disadvantage that greatly increases the labor and risk of that officer. The entire Treasury purchases of bullion assigned to this mint for conversion into coin have to be passed in at a window of a department not under control of the melter and refiner, and no modification of the structure yet proposed would remove this difficulty. The room referred to is the deposit melting room, where the bullion of depositors is melted, a room that should be absolutely isolated from every other and from the public. The melter and refiner is, by courtesy and necessity, allowed to receive the Treasury purchases through the window of this room, and through the same window rust be taken the fuel for its furnaces. This involves constant interruptions of thie processes, and more or less confusion, alike unjust and detrimental to the operative officers concerned, the efficiency of public service, and to depositors, whose deposits are there prepared for assay.

The exigencies of the other operative departments of this mint confine the melter and refiner to a single room, in which he is requixed to melt and prepare ingots of gold, silver, nickel, and bronze. It is believed that conditions so incompatible with work that must be absolutely accurate or fail altogether do not exist in any mint of modern structure. No subdivision of any space available in the building can remedy this disability. Beyond these defects the chimney-stacks of the melter and refiner's department are overtopped by the walls of the adjoining buildings to the extent of five stories. This leaves the draft of the melting-furnaces at the caprice of the winds, which from the west impair the draft and from the east drive the fumes and product of combustion into the windows of neighboring residents. It may be regarded as merely a question of time when the neighboring residents will complain of this annoyance as a nuisance.

When the present structure was planned many of the processes of metallurgy now employed were unknown. Some improved machinery, operated by steam, was introduced in 1836. Improved appliances have been added from time to time, until now this mint lags behind a quarter of a century in the race of improvement simply becanse every inch of available space has been exhansted. Machinery of the most advanced order has become a necessity, and it awaits the purchaser who has space for its accommodation and operation. The mint at Philadelphia can not avail itself of such desirable ando necessary appliances because its ground space is fully occupied already. The central area, originally intended for ventilating purposes and working space, has, from time to time, as the exigency demanded, been occupied by structures that impair ventilation and lighting and endanger the health, as they decrease the comfort and convenience, of the working force. The high moderm structures on either hand prevent the escape aind diffusion of the acid fumes from the refinery and cause them to pervade the entire building.

It is proper to note that certain operations by law authorized to be performed at the Philadelphia mint are not performed at any of the otber mints. The dies for the coinage of all the mints and for national medals are all designed and prepared at this mint, and all medals of a national character are executed in the same institution. The engraving department, one of the most important of all, because it must maintain uniformity of design in coinage, at present is indifferently accommodated. It can not, be relieved by any modification of the present structure. The assayer and the melter and refiner perform intimately related finctions, yet they are necessarily located on different floors at present; nor would alterations of the structure enable them to occupy communicating apaxtments. The assay department of the Philadelphia mint enjoys, and has from an early day enjoyed, an enviable repute for acenracy throughout the commercial world. Such repute is of incalculable value to the nation, since it goes to establish the very foundation of national credit through the known and invariable integrity of its coinage.

Your committee finds that it is impossible to put systematic methods in force in the present structure. Yet such methods are undoultedly necessary to secure the highest results at a minimum risk and with economy. It is the parent mint, estabblished early in the nation's career, and located at Philadelphia for reasons quite obvious. The location is near the seaboard, yet not exposed to the hazards of invasion; in a great commercial and manufacturing metropolis, and within easy communication of the trade centers of the Atlantic slope. The location is in itself a guaranty of safety for the treasure that naturally flows to the mint. And this is the foremost and richest nation of the world, the greatest producer of the money metals of all, and now, as for years, requiring more service from its mints than any other nation. Your committee submits that the parent mint of the foremost nation on the globe should not be second to any either in working space, appliances, or in that structural excellence and design which conjoined crystallize the history of national progress in adamant. While your committee fully discriminates between what is necessary and appropriate, and what is extravagant and lavish in expenditures, it recommends such a reconstruction of the parent mint at Philadelphia as shall respond to public exigiencies and redound to the credit of the nation.
In this connection it is proper again to refer to the fact that the commission appointed by the President to conduct the annual assay last February, was composed of men eminent in the business, political, and scientific world, many of them distinguished physicists and metallurgists, and that this commission, becoming impressed with the crowded condition of the mint building and its processes, unanimously memorialized Congress in favor of a new strncture with greater ground space and approved moderu appliances. The gentlemen of that commission represented every section of the Union, from Mame to California, and their unanimous testimony has value accordingly.
After giving full consideration to the facts submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director of the Mint, the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, and his operative officers, together with the statements of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department, the committee is enabled to conclude-

First. The present mint buildirig at Philadelphia is entirely inadequate to the service required both as regards area and appliances.

Second. No enlargement of ground area is possible; to increase height will not remove the disadvantages under which the operations are performed.
Third. To remedy the disabilities so clearly set forth, a new site with ample ground area is absolutely necessary, and a new building on modern lines, with such moderi appliances as experience has proved necessary for good work and precision, be erected and equipped.
The Director of the Mint states that of the sum of $\$ 220,000$ appropriated by the sundry civil bill of 1888 for improvements the sum of $\$ 176,600.30$ remains available, and that he has recommended, upon an estimate of the Supervising Architect, an increase of this balance to $\$ 420,000$. If then the mint remains at its present location, an immediate expenditure of $\$ 420,000$ will be necessary.
The bill submitted with this report provides for the purchase of a site and the erection of a new building at thiladelphia, at a cost not exceeding $\$ 2,000,000$, and the sale of the present building and site. The committee believes that a new site with ample ground space and in a desirable location can be procured at a cost of $\$ 500,000$, and that the property now occupied can be sold for at least $\$ 800,000$. The net cost therefore of the property would be $\$ 1,200,000$, against an appropriation of $\$ 420,000$ already asked and in part appropriated for the enlargement of the mint if it remains at its present location. It is probable that the Government can at this time purchase a desirable site at a less cost than at any future time. It failed to avail itself of the option of the entire area from its western foundations to Broad street at a moderate price some years ago, and again in 1882, when the land might have been had for $\$ 400,000$, and probably less. The same land can not be purchased to-day for less than $\$ 2,000,000$ with the improvements.

The committee assumes that the mint will be permanently located at Philadelphia, and as enlargement is a certainty, true economy points at the present as the proper time to provide therefor. The Philadelphia Mint was the first public buidding erected in the United States under Federal anthority, and the act creating it was approved by President Washington. Its history and the coinage of the nation is one of the many historical associations that cluster around the city of Philadelphia-memorable in every patriotic impulse and action.

The committee recommend the passage of the bill with the following amendments:
In line 12 strike out all after the word "dollars" down to and including line 15 , which is the appropriating clause.
In line 26 strike ont the words " by this act."
In line 38 strike ont the word "said."
In line 41 strike out the word " said."
No action was taken, during the first session of the Fifty-first Congress, by the House of Representatives, on the favorable report, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Ground.s on the bill providing for the purchase of a new site and the erection of a new mint at Philadelphia.

During the second session of the Fifty-first Congress, Senate bill No. 5110 (being identical with the bill favorably reported from the Honse Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Philadelphia, was taken from the Caleudar and passed the Senate February 26, 1891.

In the House of Representatives, on March 2, 1891, on motion of Mr. Bingham, the rules were suspended and Senate bill 5110 was passed.

The bill was approved by the President the next day.
The following is the text of the law:
A BILL to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Philadelphia, in the Stitte of Pemnsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amerioa in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, for the use and accommodation of the United States Mint, in the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, the cost of said site and building, including said vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, complete, not to exceed the sum of two million dollars.

So much of the appropriation as may be necessary to defray traveling expenses and other expenses incident to the selection of the site, and for necessary survey thereof, shall be immediately available.

So much of said appropriation as may be necessary for the preparation of sketch plans, drawings, specifications, and detailed estimates for the building by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department shall be available immediately upon the sclection of the site by the Secretary of the cTreasury.
No money appropriated shall be available, except as hereinbefore provided, until a valid title to the site, for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Pennsylvania shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

After the said site shall have been paid for and the sketch plans and detailed drawings for the buildings shall have been prepared by the Supervising Architect, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and Director of the Mint, the balance of appropriation shall be available for the erection and completion of the building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, and such balance of the appropriation as may remain available after the building shall have been completed sliall be applied to and used in the purchase of apparatus for the purposes of the mint.
The building shall be unexposed to danger from fire loy an open space of at least forty feet on each sifle, inchading streets and alleys.
That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, further directed, when the new building herein authorized to be ertected shall have been completed, to dispose of
the present United States Mint building in the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, at private or public sale, and to give a quitclaim deed to the purchaser thereof, and to deposit the proceeds of the sale to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States in the manner prescribed by section thirty-six hundred and seventeen and thirty-six hundred and eighteen, United States Revised Statutes.

Soon after the passage of this law the question was raised as to whether it contained any appropriation for carrying into effect its provisions.

The question was submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Attorney-General for his opinion.

The following is the opinion of the Attorney-General on the subject:

> Department of Justice, Faslington, D. C., March \&8, 1891.

SIR: By letter of the 7th instant you invited the attention of the $\Lambda$ ttorney-General to an act of Congress, approved Maxch 3, 1891, entitled "An act to provide for the purchase of : site and the erection of a public building thereon at Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania," and requested his opinion "whether or not said bill carries the appropriation of $\$ 2,000,000$ mentioned therein for the purchase of the site named in the bill and the erection of a building thereon." You inclosed a copy of the act, the important part of which for this discussion is as follows:
"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site, and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, for the use and accommodation of the United States mint in the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, the cost of said site and building, including said vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, complete, not to exceed the sum of $\$ 2,000,000$.
"So much of the appropriation as may be necessary to defiay traveling expenses and other expenses incident to the selection of the site, and for necessary survey thereof, shall be immediately available.
"So much of said appropriation as may be necessary for the preparation of sketch plans, drawings, specifications, and detailed estimates for the building by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department shall be available immediately upon the selection of the site by the Secretary of the Treasury.
"No money appropriated shall be available, except as hereinbefore provided, until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Pennsylvania shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminallaws of said State and the service of civil process therein.
"After the said site shall have been paid for, and the sketch pluns and detailed drawings for the building shall have been prepared by the Supervising Architect and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and Director of the Mint, the balance of appropriation shall be available for the erection and completion of the building: including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, and such balance of the appropriation as may remain available after the building shall have been completed shall be applied to and used in the purchase of apparatus for the purposes of the mint."
In my opinion no money is appropriated by this act for the purposes therein mentioned. Its language, just quoted, if taken alone, would probably by implication carry an appropriation; but when we consider it in connection with the rule of construction laid down in the section of the sundry civil act of August 7, 1882 (22 Stats., 305), referred to by you, together with the parliamentary history of this act, and.others of the same character passed by the same Congress, it is impossible to escape the conclusion that Congress did not intend by the language above quoted to take the sum of money therein mentioned out of the Treasury. The section in the sundry civil act of 1882 is as follows:
"Provided, That no act passed authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase ab site and erect a public building thereon shall be held and construed to appropriate money, unless the act in express language makes such appropriations."
Though this is a proviso in an appropriation bill, its langnage is so general as to affect all future legislation. The act under consideration, therefore, must contain an express appropriation of money. There certainly is no express appropriation of $\$ 2,000,000$. There is a reference in the second paragraph of the act to an appropriation. In the third paragraph the reference is repeated, with the words "said appropriation." The word "appropriated" occurs in the fourth paragraph, and "batauce of the appropriation" twice in the fifth. It would be natural to refer these words to the express authority conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury in the tirst
paragraph-to acquire by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site, and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building noi to exceed the sum of $\$ 2,000,000$, and to give to that authority the effect of an appropriation. Such a construction, however, would be an appropriation by implication, forbidden by the section of the sundry civil act of 1882, quoted above.

The parliamentary history of the act will show that the words "appropriation" and "appropriated," wherever they occur in the act, must have reference to a future appropriation to be made in another act, and must be construed to limit the expenditure under such appropriation. It appears that on May 2, 1890 (Congressional Record, vol. 21, part 5, p. 4172), a bill (H. R. 9957) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon, at Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, was introduced by Mr. Bingham, was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds. On June 5, 1890 (Congressional Record, vol. 21, part 6, p. 5670), Mr. Darlington, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported this bill with amendments, and it was committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union and ordered to be printed. The bill, as originally introduced by Mr. Bingham, was exactly like the act under consideration except that at the end of the first paragraph were the following words: "Which said sum of two million dollars is hereby appropriated for said purpose out of any moneys in the United States Treasury not otherwise appropriated," and that in the fourth paragraph after the words "no money appropriated" were the words "by this act," and in the fifth paragraph, before the word "appropriation" as it occurs twice therein, was the word "sajd." The bill as reported back by the committee was accompanied by a report (Report No. 2326) which recommended the passage of the bill, with the following amendments:
"In line twelve, strike out all after the word "dollars" down to and including line fifteen, which is the appriopriating clause. In line twenty-six, strike out the words "by this act." In line thirty-eight, strike out the word "said" In line forty-one, strike out the word "said."

Nothing else was done with the bill in the first session. On February 19, 1891, Mr. Spooner, for Mr. Cameron, introduced in the Senate a bill exactly in the words of the bill which we have followed in the House, as amended by the Committee ou Public Buildings. The bill was referred in the Senate to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings, and on February 26, 1891, was reported back and passed. February 28, 1891, in the House the Senate bill was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings, by whom, on the same day, it was reported with the recommendation that, as it was identical with the House, bill, it be taken as a substitute for the same and passed (H. R. 4025). It was passed in this form, and was approved on March 3, 1891. The Senate bill is the same bill as the amended House bill, and was introduced as an original bill in the Senate merely to facilitate its passage. The history of the House bill must therefore affect the construction of the Senate bill which finally became the law. The amendments to the original House bill conclusively established the intention on the part of Congress to eliminate the appropriation.

A reference to the Congressional Record, vol. 21, part 5, pp. 2040 to 2049, will disclose an extended debate as to the policy to be pursued by the House of Representatives on bills for the erection of public buildings and will throw light on the purpose of the House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, in striking out the appropriating clause in the bill under discussion. It will there be found that the conclusion reached was, that no public building bill should be allowed to pass containing an appropriation; that the mateer of appropriations for the buildings whose construction was authorized should be left to the Appropriations Committee, to be included in the sundry civil bill. The Senate concurred in that plan as will bo found by reference to the Congressional Record, vol.21, part5, pp. 4188 and 4189, where, in discussion over the passage of a bill authorizing the erection of a public building at Lima, Ohio, Mr. Payne, in support of his amendment to the bill, striking out the appropriating clause, in answer to Mr. Sherman's remark that "the words of appropriation ought to be left in" said: "No, the committee of conference have agreed, on the demand of the other Honse, to strike out all the appropriations in public building bills, and all the bills that go to the House are amended in that way."

Mr. Sherman. "And providing for the appropriations in a separate general bill."
Many of the public building bills passed by the Fifty-first Congress were prepared with an appropriating clause, and when this was stricken out in accordance with the policy just adverted to, care was not always taken to strike out also in subsequent clauses of the same bills references to the eliminated appropriation. These clauses usually fixed the time at which parts of the appropriation shonld become available. The only effect which can be properly given to such refereaces in public building acts, is to make them apply to appropriations for the purpose of carrying out the act to be thereafter made.

A consideration of other bills passed by this same Congress for the erection of public buildings, in connection with the appropriations therefor in the sundry civil bill, leaves no doubt of the correctness of this construction. On page 66 of the Pamphlet Laws of the first session, Fifty-first Congress, is an act authorizing the construction of a public building at Baton Rouge, La. The third clause of that bill is: "So much of the appropriation herein made as may be necessary to defray the expenses of advertising for proposals, etc., shall be immediately available."
The third clause is: "So much of said appropriation as may be necessary for the preparation, etc., shall be available immediately upon the report of the commissioners selecting the site."
Other clauses of a similar character follow. Nevertheless, we find on page 371 of the suindry civil act for the same year an appropriation "for post-office at Baton Rouge, Louisiana; for purchase of site and commencement of building under present limit, thirty thousand dollars." It would be absurd to contend that thie bill, authorizing the construction and fixing the limit of $\$ 100,000$, contaived an appropriation of that amount, and that this appropriation of $\$ 30,000$ in the sundry civil bill was in addition thereto. The two acts are only to be reconciled, therefore, on the theory that the first was not intended to carry an appropriation, as its parliamentary history will show, and that the reference to the appropriation made in the original act must be given effect by applying it to the appropriation under the sundry civil bill. The same thing is true of the acts authorizing the construction of public buildings at Martinsburg (Pamphlet Laws, Fifty-first Congress, first session, 127), at Lafayette, Ind., and at Burlington, Iowa, by the same congress (Pamphlet Laws, pp. 111 and 107), appropriations for which will be found in the sundry civilact in the same volume (p. 371 et seq.) of the Pamphlet Laws.
The conclusion necessarily is, then, that there is no appropriation in the act now in question. The fact that Congress failed in the sundry civil appropriation act of 1891 to make any appropriation to which the language in this act can apply, is not material.
The presumption arising therefrom must be that the Fifty-first Congress deemed it wise to delay the time for carrying out the act until a future Congress should make an appropriation therefor.

Very respectfully,

Wm. H. Taft, Solicitor General. W. H. H. Milime, Attorney General.

It will be seen that the Attorney-General held that the act in question contained no appropriation.

On July 10, 1891, the Secretary of the Treasury addressed a communication to the following-named gentlemen, residing in Philadelphia: Hon. E. H. Fitler, Samuel Gustine Thompson, Anthony J. Drexel, William M. Singerly, James H. Windrim, Alexander K. McClure, and O. C. Bosbyshell.

The communication read:

## Treasury Department, <br> Office of the Shcretary, Washington, D. C., July 10, 1891.

Dear Sir: The act of Congress approved March 3, 1891, entitled "An act to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon," directed "That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, for the use and accommodation of the United States Mint, in the city of Pliladelphia and State of Pennsylvania, the cost of said site and building, including said vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, complete, not to exceed the sum of two million dollars."
It was the very general belief of those interested in the passage of this measure that it was the intention of Congress to appropriate $\$ 2,000,000$ for carrying out the purposes of the act, but owing to the absence of express language of appropriation, it has been decided that there is no money appropriated by this act for the purposes mentioned, and consequently that no expense can be incurred in connection therewith. In order, however, that the Department may be in a position to submit for future Congressional action some definite estimate as to the cost of procuring a suitable site for the mint at Philadelphia, I have the honor to request that you will act as a member of a commission of citizens of Philadelphia, designated by me, for the
. FI 91-13
purpose of recommending to the Department a suitable site for the new mint building in that city and an estimate of the probable cost.

It will be understood, of course, that such services will be gratuitous and that no expenses of any kind connected with the work of the commission can be paid by the Department, and that no contract can be made with any person for the purchase of property.

It will be a public service and I shall be personally obliged if jou will act in the capacity requested.
It is desired that a report in writing should be made to me by the commission not later than November of the present year.

I am sir, very respectfully,
Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

On September 8, 1891, the commission designated by the Secretary of the Treasury submitted a unanimous report recommending a suitable site for the mint of the United States at Philadelphia, with an estimate of its cost, not exceeding $\$ 800,000$.

I have the honor to recommend that Congress be requested to appropriate $\$ 800,000$ for the purchase of a new site for the mint at Philadelphia, including the preparation of plans for a new mint.

## AMENDMENT TO THE LAW REGARDING PARTING AND REFINING OF BULLION AT I'HE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK.

In my last fiscal report attention was directed to the fact that under a decision of the First Comptroller of the Treasury, October 24, 1885, the receipts from the sale of spent acid and blue vitriol, by-products of the acid refineries, which prior to that time had been used in offsetting bills for acid for the refinery, were construed to be sales of old material, and the money so derived was required to be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt.

In that report letters of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director of the Mint, and the First Comptroller, recommending a change in the law, by which the amount received from the sale of by-products from acid refineries might be applied as formerly to the expenses of the refineries, were presented.

These letters were as follows:
Treasury Department, January 20, $188 \%$.
Sir: I have the honor to transmit herewith, for the consideration of Congress, copy of letter of the Director of the Mint, of the 12 th instant, and inclosure, recommending certain legislation in the matter of parting and refining bullion by which the sale of the by-products of acid refineries can be applied to the reduction of the expenses of such refineries.

Respectfully, yours,
D. Manning,

Secretary.
The Spfarer of the House of Representatives.

Treasury Department, Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C., January 12, $188 \%$.
SIR: Paragraph 8, page 379, of the Supplement to the Revised Statutes of the United States, provides:
"And refining and parting of bullion shall be carried on at the mints of the United States and at the assay office at New York.
"And it shall be lawful to apply the moneys arising from charges collected from depositors for these operations pursuant to law, so far as may be necessary, to the defraying in full of the expenses thereof, including labor, materials, and wastage.
"But no part of the moneys otherwise appropriated for the support of the mints
and the assay office at New York shani be used to defray the expenses of refining and parting bullion."
Under this provision of law, which was passed originally in the appropriation act approved August 15, 1876 ( 19 Stats., 156, 157), the charges for parting and refining bullion were so fixed at the several coinage mints and the assay office at New York that the receipts should equal, as nearly as possible, the expenses of the operations. The spent acid and blue vitriol resulting from the processes of refining, prior to October 24, 1885, have been credited on the bills for acid, thereby reducing the expenses of the refinery at the New York assay office some $\$ 20,000$ a year. On the 24th October, 1885, the first comptroller decided that the receipts from spent acid and blue vitriol must be considered as old material, and, under section 3618 Revised Statutes, deposited in the Treasury. In the report of this Bureau for the last fiscal year, pages 6 and 7, I have referred to the effect of this ruling in the accounts of the assay office at New York. A similar effect will be produced upon the accounts of the whole mint service, in that the expenditure will not appear to have been diminished by regular manufacturing assets.
A still more important effect of this ruling is to render the acid refineries of the mint service, under the present schedule of charges, no longer able to be self-supporting, as the law requires.
It will be necessary, therefore, either to increase the schedule of charges imposed ${ }^{\text {s }}$ upon depositors of bullion or modify the law so as to explicitly provide for the application of the proceeds of the sale of the by-products of the acid refineries of the mints and assay offices of the United States to the reduction of the expenses of the operations of such acid refineries.
I have the honor to recommend the latter alternative, and beg to suggest that par. 8, p. 379, of the Supplement to the Revised Statutes, be reënacted in the legislative appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1888, so as to read as follows:
"And refining and parting of bullion shall be carried on at the mints of the United States and at the assay office at New York.
"And it shall be lawful to apply, pursuant to law, the moneys arising from charges collected from depositors and from the proceeds of the sale of by-products resulting from the operations of the refinery, so far as may be necessary, to the defraying in full of the expenses thereof, including labor, materials, and wastage.
"But no part of the moneys otherwise appropriated for the support of the mints and the assay office at New York shall be used to defray the expenses of refining and parting bullion."
Hoping that you will be pleased to present this matter to the consideration of Congress,

I am, very respectfully, yours,

James P. Kimball, Director of the Mint.

The Secretary of the Treasury.
Treasury Department, Januaryj 14, 1887.
Respectfully referred to the First Comptroller for report.
Hugh S. Thompson, Asssistant Seeretary.

Treasury Departmient, First Comptronler's Office,<br>Washington, D. C., January 15, $188 \%$.

Sir: I have examined the letter of the Hon. James P. Kimball, Director of the - Mint, to you, of January 12, 1887, in regard to appending a clause to the bill making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial departments of the Government, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888, containing a provision similar to that which was in the bill for 1876, found in 19 Stats., 156, 157, which letter you have referred to me for report.
In reply, I will say I see no good reason why such a clanse should not be appended to the bill in question.
The letter of the Director of the Mint is herewith returned.
Very respectfully,

M. J. Durham,<br>Comptroller.

## The Secretary of the Treasury.

The following bill, framed to cover the proposed change, was introduced in the Fifty-first Congress:
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph eight of chapter three hundred and twenty-
seven of the Supplement to the Revised Statutes of the United States, which requires that refining and parting of bullion shall be carried on at the mints of the United States and at the assay office at New York, be aménded by inserting after the word "law," in the fourth line, the following words: "and from the proceeds of the sale of by-products resnlting from the operations of the refinery," so that the paragraph shall read:
"And it shall be lawful to apply the moneys arising from charges collected from depositors for these operations pursuant to law, and from the proceeds of the sale of by-products resulting from the operations of the refinery, so far as may be necessary, to the defraying in full of the expenses thereof, including labor, materials, and wastage."

I have the honor to again urge the passage of this measure.

## SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS OF MLIN'S AND ASSAY OFFICES.

The precious metals received at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1891 were valued at $\$ 143,255,832$, against $\$ 92,793,958$ received in the previous year, an increase of $\$ 50,461,874$.

The value of the precious metals deposited only partially represents the operations necessary for their metallurgical and mechanical treatment.

The operations of the melting and refining departments of the coinage mints and of the assay office at New York, so far as the value of the metals treated is concerned, is exhibited in the following table:

Bullion Operations of the Melting Departments, 1891.


The operations of the coining branches of the mints in the manufacture of finished coins from ingots prepared by the melting departments were, in value of the metals operated on, as follows:

Bullion Operations of the Coining Departments, 1891.

|  | Metals. | Standard ounces. | Coining value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. |  | 2, 587,321 | \$18, 136, 204 |
| Silver. |  | 67, 924, 776 | 79, 039, 738 |
| Total |  | 70,512,097 | 127, 175, 942 |

The work of the minor assay offices, which consisted in the receipt and assaying of deposits and the manufacture of unparted bars of gold. and silver, was as follows:

Operations of Minor Assay Offices, 1891.

| Metals. | Standard ounces. | Coining value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold | 188,791 | \$3,512,390 |
| Silver. | 63,109 | 73,435 |
| Total...... | 251, 900 | 3,585, 825 |

The following is a summary of the three preceding tables, intended to exhibit, as nearly as possible, the value of the precious metals treated in the operations of the mints and assay offices during the last fiscal year:

Bullion Operated Upon in the Melting and Coining Departments of all the Mints and Assay Offices, 1891.

| Metals. | Standard ounces. | Coining value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. | 6, 640,048 | \$123; 535, 774 |
| Silver. | 144, 135, 442 | 167, 721, 238 |
| Total | 150, 775, 490 | 291, 2577,012 |

In quantity the precious metals operated upon in the different departments of the mints and assay offices during the last fiscal year exceeded 228 tons of gold and 4,942 tons of silver.

- The value of the precious metals wasted in the metallurgical and mechanical operations was $\$ 12,287.05$.

In addition to operative wastage, a loss of $\$ 15,850.41$ was incurred from the sale of sweeps, equivalent to the difference between the value of the precious metals contained in sweeps recovered and the amount realized from the sale of sweeps too base to be treated advantageously in Government refineries.

There was a similar loss of $\$ 84.16$ by the sale of leady melts, and a wastage of minor-coinage metal of the value of $\$ 1,188.78$.

These wastages and losses aggregated $\$ 29,410.40$.
Against these losses there were gains arising from the operations on bullion as follows:


Deducting the value of the total operative wastage and loss on sale of sweeps from the value of the incidental gains of bullion, there was a net gain in the operations of the mints during the year of $\$ 22,890.27$.

The relative cost of the coinage executed at the four coinage mints is exhibited in the following table:

Cost of Coinage at each Mint, 1891.

| Location of mint. | ${ }^{-P i c c e s}$ coimed. | Pieces coined,exclusive of minor coins. | Expenses for salaries, wages, and incidentals. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Cost per } \\ \text { piece, includ- } \\ \text { ing minor } \\ \text { cinage. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Cost per piece, exclusive of minor coinage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia. | 94, 749,632 | 31, 409, 082 | \$552, 099.07 | \$0.00582+ | \$0.0175+ |
| San Francisco | 12, 542,565 | 12, 542, 565 | 299, 585. 31 |  | .0239 - |
| New Orleans | 9, 870, 913 | 9, 870, 913 | 201, 163.76 |  | 0203+ |
| Carson | 2,384, 767 | 2,384,767 | 134,667. 25 |  | . $0504+$ |
| Total and average | 119, 547, 877 | 56, 207, 327 | 1,187, 515.39 | $0.00992+$ | . $0212+$ |

While it is inequitable to draw comparisons between the relative cost of coinage at the various mints, as exhibited in the above table, for the reason that the character and amount of the coinages executed at them are so dissimilar, it is gratifying to report that the expenses of coinage was considerably reduced as compared with prior years, the cost per piece last year being slightly less than 1 cent, against a cost per piece exceeding 1 cent the prior year, and, exclusive of minor coinage, $2 \frac{1}{10}$ cents per piece during the last fiscal year against $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cents in the preceding year.

The following table exhibits the proportion of finished coins produced from ingots operated upon at each of the coinage mints during the year:

Prrcentage of Good Coin Produced from Ingots operatfd upon, for the Fiscal Year 1891.

|  | Coinage mints. | Gold. | Silver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia . |  | 43.9 | 46.2 |
| San Francisco. |  | 52.1 | 51.1 |
| New Orleans. |  |  | 48.8 |
| Carson |  | 50.7 | 56.1 |

## MINT AT PHILADLLPHIA.

The value of the gold and silver received at the mint at Philadelphia during the fiscal year 1891, was:
Gold
\$7, 613, 486. 19
Silver
$50,338,474.33$
In addition 482,500 pounds of minor coinage blanks were received.
In the assay department the number of assays made during year approximated:
Gold
17, 140
Silver 45, 200
The quantity of precious metals operated upon by the melter and refiner was:

Standard ounces.

|  | Standard ounces. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gold.. | 824, 873 |
| Silver | 35, 390, 724 |

The melter and refiner returned in settlement of his accounts a surplus of both gold and silver, as follows:

Standard ounces.

The number of melts made in the same department and the number condemned during the fiscal year were as follows:

Melts of Gold and Shyfr. 1891.
$\epsilon$

|  | Metals. | $\cdots$ | For bars. | For ingots. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Made. | Condemned. |
| Gold. |  |  | 309 | 10 | 0 |
| Silver. |  |  | 769 | 9,688 | 187 |
| Total |  |  | 1, 078 | 9,698 | 137 |

The operations of the refinery of the mint at Philadelphia are exhibited in the following table:

Reminery Operations, 1891.

| . | Bullion. |  | Gold (standard ounces). | Silver (standard ounces). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sent to refinery: |  |  |  |  |
| Gross weight |  |  | 415, 881 | 475, 119 |
| Standard ounces by assay |  |  | 241, 589 | 678, 833 |
| Returned from refinery |  |  | 241, 605 | 681, 059 |

The operations of the coining department, comprising gold, silver, and minor coinage metal, are exhibited in the following tables:


Wastage of the Coiner's Department.

|  | Description. | Standard ounces. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold |  | 2.268 |
| Silver. |  | 2,747. 74 |

The wastage of the precious metals in the mechanical branch of the mint was very small as compared with the large amount operated upon.

The coinage executed was as follows:

|  | Description. | Number of pieces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. |  | 65,428 | \$537,002.50 |
| Silver. |  | 31,343,654 | 1.6, 729, 774. 15 |
| Minor coins. |  | 63,340,550 | 1, 166,936.50 |
| Total . |  | 94, 749, 632 | .18, 433, 713, 15 |

The percentage of good coins produced from ingots operated upon was: Gold, 43.9 per cent; silver, 46.2 per cent.
The number of medals struck in the same department for the year was as follows:

Medals Manufactured, 1891.

|  | Character. | . | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. |  |  |  |
| Silver. |  |  | 1,502 |
| Bronze. |  |  | 1,600 |
| Total |  |  | 3, 293 |

In my last fiscal report attention was directed to the valuable and material improvements introduced in the mint at Philadelphia, under the efficient management of the present superintendent, Mr. O. C. Bosbyshell, insuring not only greater comfort and convenience, but more efficient service.

During the last fiscal year the addition of needed improvements, the abandonment of obsolete machinery, and the reclamation of room, have added greatly to the convenience of business and the efficiency of the mint.

Aside from the purchase of new machinery, most of these improvements have been made by the mint force and at slight expense.

A commodious room has been built on the top of the steel vault in the courtyard, which is used for the redemption, sorting, and counting of minor coins, while the space formerly occupied in the basement for this purpose has been utilized for temporary vaults for the storage of silver bars.
The storage capacity has been further increased by lowering the floors of two old vaults to a level with the corridor, while vaults for the cashier and for the custody of silver coins received for recoinage have been constructed by lowering the floor of the custodian's room and removing his office to the upper corridor.
The rooms assigned the cashier and calculating clerks have been enlarged and greatly improved by removing the walls in the east and west corridors and inserting in place thereof glass partitions and counters. This not only affords more space and light, but greater convenience to the public.
In the coining department, a new set of steel rolls with the necessary shafting has been set up.
The rolls used for finishing the strips were formerly obtained from Krupp, in •Germany, but in late years he has declined to furnish them.
American steel rolls have been tried with indifferent success, and recently the shrinkage of hardened sleeves over steel mandrils were tried, but with little satisfaction.

It is therefore gratifying to report that new steel rolls, manufactured by the Tretheway Company, of Pittsburg, were secured during the past year, which have been found to do the work admirably. They are harder, and retain their face even better than the Krupp rolls, and are superior to any steel rolls yet used in the mint.
Two additional recutting presses and a self-feeding cutting press have been added to the coining department.
A new turning-up lathe has been put in place in the engraving department, and in the machine shop a cutting-off lathe, an open sideplaner, a twist drill-grinder, and an emery tool-grinder, all of the most approved make.
A 25 horse-power electric motor has been introduced, so that the machine shop, engraving department, hoisting machinery, and coining presses are now independent of steam-power.
A new circular saw, with adjustable table, has been provided for the carpenter shop.
New steam pumps of the best pattern, an improved exhaust head in steam pipes, improved methods of ridding the boilers from scale and for disposing of the hot water from condensed steam, have been introduced in the engineer's department.
The furniture of the mint has been overhauled and repaired, and the entire building has been thoroughly cleaned and brightened up.

The following table exhibits approximately the value of foreign coins deposited at the mint at Philadelphia during the last fiscal year:

Foreign Gold and Silver Cons Multed at the Mint at Phlladelphia, Fiscal Yrar 1891.

|  | Countries of coinage. | Value of gold coins. | Value of silver coins. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spain. |  | \$338. 72 |  | \$338.72 |
| Camada |  |  | \$105.60 | 105.60 |
| Mexico |  |  | 1,640.68 | 1,640.68 |
| Mixed pieces. |  | 370.55 | 720.46 | 1,097. 01 |
| Total |  | 715.27 | $\begin{gathered} 2,466.74 \\ 0.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 3,182.01 |

At the close of the fiscal year the bullion and coin in the mint at Philadelphia were weighed under the supervision of Mr. Cabell Whitehead, of this Bureau, who reported in writing that they had found on hand all the public money with which the superintendent was charged.

The following table exhibits the denominations of domestic gold coins deposited at the mint at Philadelphia, during the last fiscal year:

United States Gold Coin Melted at the Mint at Philadelphia, Fiscal Year 1891.


The following table exhibits the denominations of domestic silver coins melted at the mint at Philadelphia, during the last fiscal year:

United States Silver Coin Melted at the Mint at Philadelphia, Fiscal Year, 1891.

| Denominations. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dollars coined prior to 1878. | \$4, 254.00 |
| Standard dollars. | 8,412.00 |
| Trade dollars | 970.00 |
| Half dollars. | 253, 183.00 |
| Quarter dollers | 323, 445.00 |
| Twenty-cent pieces. | 1,807. 20 |
| Dimes | 85, 758.60 |
| Half dimes. | 13,563.90' |
| Three.cent pieces. | 944.07 |
| Total | 692, 337.77 |

The expenditures for the different classes of supplies at the mint at Philadelphia during the past fiscal year were as follows:
.Expenditures at the Mint at Philadelphia for the Fiscal Year, 1891.

| Expenditures for supplies. | General department. |  | Assayer's Department. | Coiner's depart. ment. | Melter and refiner's department. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Engrav- } \\ & \text { er's de- } \\ & \text { partment. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Proper. | Mechan. ical. |  |  | Proper. | Refinery, |  |
| Acids. |  |  | \$131. 63 |  |  | \$3, 743.61 |  |
| Assayer's materials |  |  | 144.45 |  |  |  |  |
| Belting . | \$556. 82 |  |  | \$1.94 | \$18.60 |  |  |
| Charcoal. |  |  |  |  | 534.93 | 647.63 | \$174, 13 |
| Chemicals |  |  | 101.87 | 1,240. 36 | 138.43 | 63.89 |  |
| Coal | 3,857. 57 | \$22.00 |  | 110.00 | 1,823. 29 |  |  |
| Copper |  |  |  |  | 9,695.00 |  |  |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dippers |  |  | 6.00 |  | 2,042.23 | 146.97 |  |
| Dry goods | 192.64 | 10.11 | 4.32 | 114. 76 | 163.52 | 38.82 | . 11 |
| Fluxes. |  |  |  |  | 17.70 | 208.63 |  |
| Freight and drayage....... | 26.43 |  |  | 134.92 |  |  |  |
| Gas and electric lightiog.. | 7,963.91 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gloves and gauntlets |  |  | 1.50 | 3,320. 29 | I, 303.42 | 13.04 |  |
| Hardware | 805.32 | 10.00 | . 75 | 97.27 | 50.19 |  |  |
| Ice | 1,019.02 |  |  |  |  | 121.83 |  |
| Iron and steel. | 427.72 | 6.20 |  | 172.54 | 35.16 |  | 401.46 |
| Labor and repairs | 384.41 |  |  | 434.15 | -2.50 |  |  |
| Loss on sale of sweeps | 244.82 |  |  |  |  | 238.46 |  |
| Lumber | 2,205.18 |  |  | 20.51 |  |  |  |
| Machinery and appliances. | 6,936.85 |  | 380.08 | 6,889.63 | 231.00 |  | 310.00 |
| Metal work and castings... | 2,474.80 | 30.00 |  | 346.44 | 108.00 | 40.25 | 8.75 |
| Oils. | 45.15 | 70.87 | . 40 | 231.83 | , 163.15 |  | . 26 |
| Salt. |  |  | . 68 |  |  | 120.70 |  |
| Stationery, printing, and binding | 377.25 |  |  | 12.00 | 7.50 |  |  |
| Sundries | 25,976.19 | 36.94 | 249.64 | 2, 777.39 | 815.10 | 115.95 | 352.39 |
| Telegraphing | 21.37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washing | 61.43 |  | 18.50 |  |  |  |  |
| Water | 548.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wood |  |  |  | $3,840.90$ |  |  |  |
| Zinc |  |  |  |  |  | 1,585.61 |  |
| Total | $54,154.94$ | 186.12 | 1, 039.82 | 19,744. 93 | 17, 155.72 | 7, 085. 39 | 1,247.10 |
| Salaries. | 23, 506.50 |  | 4,966.78 | 4,891. 28 | 5,000.00 |  | 3,000.00 |
| Wages of workmen. | 122,934. 73 | 16,313.45 | 12,430.74 | 200,158.64 | 54,397. 78 | 12, 334.44 | 11,215.36 |
| Total | 200,596. 17 | 16,499.57 | 18, 437. 34 | 224,794.85 | 76, 553.50 | 19, 419.83 | 15, 462:46 |

## Expendituries at the Mint at Philadelphia, Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.

## SUMMARY.



Remarks.-."Assayer's materials" include matrasses, pipettes, dishes, etc.; "Dry goods" include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc.; "Labor" and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs; "Sundries" includes only such items as cau not readily be classified.

## MINT AT SAN ERANCISCO.

The weight and value of the gold and silver received at the mint at San Francisco, during the fiscal year 1891, was:

|  | Metal. | * | Standard ounces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold |  |  | 1,159, 397.979 | \$21, 570, 194, 95 |
| Silver. |  |  | 8,750, 489.60 | 10, 189, 369.71 |
| Total |  |  |  | 31, 759, 564. 66 |

The melter and refiner received, during the fiscal year, bullion containing $2,283,251$ standard ounces of gold.

There were made 766 melts of gold ingots, of which 3 were condemned.
The melter and refiner returned to the superintendent, at the close of the fiscal year, in settlement of his accounts, an excess of 806.219 standard ounces of gold, valued at $\$ 14,999.42$.

The same officer received, during the year, bullion containing 17, 360,638 standard ounces of silver. There were made 9,625 melts of silver ingots, of which 17 were condemned.

The melter and refiner returned to the superintendent, at the close of the fiscal year, in settlement of his silver accounts, a surplus of $1,575.29$ standard ounces, of the cost value of $\$ 1,426.57$.

The operations of the refinery embraced 226,147 standard ounces of gold and $1,487,305$ standard ounces of silver.

There were manufactured during the year 171 fine silver bars, of the value of $\$ 222,420.47$.

The number of melts of ingots made and condemned at this mint each fiscal year since 1874 is presented in the following table:

Melis of Ingots Made and Condemned at the Mint at San Francisco, mrom 1874 то 1891.


The coiner received from the superintendent, during the fiscal year, $2,206,879$ standard ounces of gold ingots, and manufactured $\$ 21,460,000$ in double eagles.

The proportion of finished coin produced from gold ingots operated upon was 52.1 per cent.

The wastage of gold in the mechanical operations of the mint was 47.822 standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 889.71$, a little over 4 per cent of the legal allowance.

The coiner received from the superintendent, 15,956,276 standard ounces of silver ingots, and manufactured into coin $9,350,373$ silver dollars and $\$ 211,919$ in dimes, a total of $11,469,565$ pieces, of the nominal valiue of $\$ 9,562,292.20$.

The proportion of finished coin produced from silver ingots operated upon was 51.1 per cent against 47.3 per cent in the preceding fiscal year

The silver wastage in the mechanical operations of the mint was 2,619.30 standard ounces, of the value of $\$ 2,372.03$.

The operations of the coining branch of the mint at San Francisco ${ }^{\circ}$ for a series of years are exhibited in the following table:

Operations of the Coining Department of the Mint at San Francisco for the Nife Years Ending June 30, 1891.

|  | Fiscal years. | Coinage. | Per cent of finished coin produced. | Mechanical wastage'. | Gain. . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GOLD. |  |  |  | - - |
| 1882-'83 |  | \$26, 760, 000.00 | 54.7 | Standard ozs. 134, 715 | Standard ozs. |
| 1883--84 |  | 23, 543, 500.00 | 54.3 | . 120.300 |  |
| 1884-'85 |  | . 20, 857, 500.00 | 54.7 | 70.337 |  |
| 1885-'86 |  | 27, 080, 000.00 | 52.0 | 47.018 |  |
| 1886-'87 |  | 22,360, 000.00 | 47.5 | .4.. | 19.540 |
| 1887-'88 |  | 22,810, 000.00 | 47.2 | 64.248 |  |
| 1888-'89 |  | $23,358,500.00$ | 52.1 | 73.942 | .............. |
| 1889-'90 |  | 17,963, 000.00 | 47.8 | 52.780 |  |
| 1890-'91 |  | 21, 460, 000.00 | 52.1 | 47.822 |  |
|  | , | 206, 192, 500.00 |  | 611.162 | 19.540 |
|  | Stlver. |  | , |  | - |
| 1882-'83 |  | 7,350, 000, 00 | 51.5 | $\cdot 638.76$ | .-............ |
| 1883-'84 |  | 4, 850, 000.00 . | 52.5 | 618.13 |  |
| 1884-'85 |  | 2,908, 799. 70 | 53.3 | 192.00 |  |
| 1885-'86 |  | 49,066. 20 | 52.8 | . 58 |  |
| 1886-'87 |  | 855, 812.60 | 53.9 | ${ }_{0} 140.80$ |  |
| 1887-'88 |  | 2, 891, 284.80 | 47.8 | 851.91 |  |
| 1888-'89 |  | 375, 455. 40 | 54. 0 | 137.94 |  |
| 1889-'90 |  | 4, 694, 812.40 | 47.3 | 1,602. 59 |  |
| 1890-'91 |  | 9, 562, 292. 20 | 51.1 | 2,619.30 |  |
| T |  | 33, 537, 523. 30 |  | 6,802. 01 |  |

The following table exhibits the denominations of domestic gold coins melted at the mint at San Francisco during the last fiscal year:

United States Gold Coins Melted at the Mint at San Francisco dubing the Fiscal Year 1891.

|  | Demominations. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Double eagles |  | \$3,160 |
| Eagles |  | 600 |
| Half eagles |  | 1,160 |
| Quarter eagles |  | 205 |
| Three-dollar pieces |  | 48 |
| Dollars. |  | 16 |
| Total. |  | 5,189 |

The following table exhibits the denominations of domestic silver coins melted at the mint at San Francisco during the last fiscal year:

## United States Silver Corn Melted at the Mint at San Francisco During the Fiscal Year 1891.



The expenditures at the mint at San Francisco, for the different classes of supplies during the last fiscal year, were as follows:

Expenditures at the Mint at San Francisco for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Expenditures for supplies. | General depart-- ment. |  | Assayer's department. | Coiner's department. | Melter and refiner's department. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Proper. | Mechanical. |  |  | Proper. | Refinery. |  |
| Acids.. |  |  | 770.78 | 280.62 |  | 16,019.77 | 17,071.17 |
| Assayer's materials |  |  | 178.68 |  |  |  | 178.68 |
| Belting |  | 121.90 |  | 7.03 |  |  | 128.93 |
| - Charcoal |  |  |  | 15.00 | 1,044.86 | 354.13 | 1, 413.99 |
| Chemicals | 232.11 | 405.00 | 66.16 | 633.60 | 218.09 | 250.72 | 1,805. 68 |
| Coal | 401.06 | 8,008.16 |  |  |  | 5,395. 28 | 13,804.50 |
| Coke |  |  |  |  | 2,339.87 | 279.53 | 2,619.40 |
| Copper |  |  |  |  | 7,000.00 | 1,694. 00 | 8,694. 00 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers and dippers $\qquad$ |  |  | 15.00 |  | 1,256. 94 | 677.04 | 1,948.98 |
| Dry goods | 231.13 |  | 3.14 | 77.35 | 188.00 | 678.85 | 1,178. 47 |
| Freight and drayage | 1,026.02 |  |  |  | 280.99 |  | 1,307. 01 |
| Gas.. | 1,591.00 |  |  |  |  | 839.00 | 2,430.00 |
| Gloves and gauntlets ...... | 188.50 |  |  | 2,887. 50 | 307.00 | 359.50 | 3,742. 50 |
| Haxdwax | 155.86 |  |  |  |  | 62.00 | 217.86 |
| Ice. | 433.95 |  |  |  |  | 101.86 | 535.81 |
| Iron and steel. | .... | 63.08 |  | 237.13 | 68.76 | 137.14 | 496.11 |
| Labor and repairs | 863.60 | 1,531.68 | 421.62 | 616.90 | 528.10 | 846.67 | 4,808.57 |
| Lumber. |  | 704.86 |  | 30.50 |  | 289.77 | 1, 025.13 |
| Machinery and appliances. | 78.25 | 167.73 |  | 531.35 | 50.80 |  | 828.13 |
| Metal work and castings. |  | 27.48 | 6.24 | 425.91 | 233.27 | 703.65 | 1., 396.55 |
| Oils. | -68.00 | 330.40 |  | 156.96 | 216.13 | 187.19 | 958.68 |
| Salt |  |  | 2.87 |  |  | 537.31 | 540.18 |
| Sewing | 383.38 |  |  |  | 2,087.18 | 780.15 | 3,250. 71 |
| Stationery, printing and binding | 657.86 |  | 4.00 |  | 30.20 |  | 692.06 |
| Sundries | 477.99 | 23.00 | 4.45 | 324.93 | 420.04 | 256.61 | 1,507.02 |
| Telegraphing | 166.40 |  |  |  |  |  | 166.40 |
| Washing. | 724.02 |  |  |  |  | 60.00 | 784.02 |
| Water | 400.00 | 333.75 |  |  |  | 285.25 | 1, 019.00 |
| Wood | 318.24 | 224.64 |  | 2,746.00 |  | 402.48 | 3,691. 36 |
| Zinc |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 130.66 | 2, 180. 66 |
| Lead. |  |  | 47.50 | 129.36 | 59.78 | 855.02 | 1,091.66 |
| Tools |  | 170.43 | 30.00 | 93.18 | 36. 20 |  | 329.81 |
| Total | 8,397. 37 | 12, 112.11 | 1,550.44 | 9, 193. 32 | 16,366.21 | 34, 173.58 | 81,793.03 |
| Salaries | 24,500,00 |  | 6,600.00 | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |  | 41, 100.00 |
| Wages of workmen | 48,365.00 | 21, 736. 63 | 23, 985.50 | 88, 292.73 | 28, 486.00 | 30,813. 50 | 241, 679. 36 |
| Total | 81, 262. 37 | 33, 848.74 | 32, 135.94 | 102, 486.05 | 49, 852.21 | $64,9.97 .08$ | 364, 572.39 |

[^19]At the close of the fiscal year the bullion and coin in the mint were weighed under the supervision of Mr. William E. Morgan, of this Bureau, who reported that he found on hand all the public money with which the superintendent was charged.

Under the act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for fiscal year 1890, two steel vauults constructed under contract made February 24, 1890, have been completed.

One of the vaults is 29 feet 4 inches long, 17 feet 9 inches wide, and 11 feet 107 inches high, containing 6,199 cubic feet; and the other 20 feet $3 \frac{1}{2}$ inches long, 17 feet 9 inches .wide, and 11 feet $10 \frac{7}{8}$ inches high, containing 4,288 cubic feet.

The storage capacity of these vaults is about $42,000,000$ silver dollars in sacks of $\$ 1,000$ each.

The vaults are lined with three layers of three-eighths inch steel, 5-ply welded steel, and iron and Bessemer ductile steel, and furnished with outer and inner doors. The outer door is single, made of six layers of one-half inch welded steel, iron and ductile steel, fitted with bolts made of 7 -ply welded chrome steel and iron. The inner door is folding, made of four layers of the same material, all hardened drill, saw, and file proof, and each fitted with four tumbler combination locks.

The total cost of the vaults was $\$ 25,196$. One of these vaults is at present used for the storage of silver dollars, and the other for the storage of silver bars.

During the past year the old sidewalks around the mint have. been removed and replaced by patent cement sidewalks.
mint at new orleans.
The precious metals received at the mint at New Orleans during the last fiscal year, were as follows:

| Metal. | Standard ounces. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold. | 6,983.067 | \$128, 987.29 |
| Silver. | 11, 164, 622. 11 | 12,991,560. 27 |
| Total |  | 13, 120, 547. 56 |

The work of the assay department consisted of 14,411 silver assays and 667 gold assays, a total of 15,078 assays.

The melter and refiner received, during the fiscal year, 45,105 standard ounces of gold, melted for ingots 13,546 ounces, and returned to the superintendent at the close of the year, in settlement of his accounts, a surplus of 5.646 standard ounces of gold:

The same officer operated upon 17,642,782 standard ounces of silver.
He made 2,095 melts of ingots, of which 7 were condemned.
He returned to the superintendent at the close of the year, in settlement of his silver accounts, a surplus of $1,903.65$ standard ounces of silver.

The operations of the coiner's department during the fiscal year were confined exclusively to the manufacture of silver dollars.

This Department operated upon 17,382,560 standard ounces of silver ingots and delivered to the superintendent $9,870,913$ silver dollars, being 48.8 per cent of finished coin produced from ingots operated upon.

The mechanical wastage was $3,417.63$ standard ounces, or about 19.63 per cent of his legal allowance.

The following table exhibits the denominations of United States gold coins melted at the mint at New Orleans during the last fiscal year:

United States Gold Coins Melted at the Mint at New Orleans during the Fiscal Year 1891.


The following table exhibits the denominations of domestic silver coins melted at the mint at New Orleans during the last fiscal year:

United States Silver Coins Melted at the Mint at New Orleans During the Fiscal Year 1891.


The expenditures at the mint of New Orleans for the different classes of supplies durng the last fiscal year are exhibited in the following table:

## Expenditures at the Mint at New Orleans, for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Expenditures for supplies. | General department. |  | Assayer's department. | Coiner's depart. ment. | Melter and refiner's department. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Proper. | Mechan. ical, |  |  | Proper. | Refinery. |  |
| Acids |  |  | \$18.92 | \$19.15 |  | \$144.96 | \$183.03 |
| Assayer's materials. |  |  | 224.87 |  |  |  | 224.87 |
| Beiting |  | \$281.09 |  |  |  |  | 281.09 |
| Charcoal |  |  |  |  | \$818. 62 |  | 818.62 |
| Chemicals |  |  |  | 1,728.90 | 120.66 |  | 1,849.56 |
| Coal |  | 2,964. 16 |  |  |  |  | 2,964. 16 |
| Coke. |  |  |  |  | 1,813.00 |  | 1,813.00 |
| Copper |  |  |  |  | 8,816.00 |  | 8,816.00 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dippers $\qquad$ |  |  | - |  | 1,072.00 |  | 1,072.00 |
| Dry goods .................. | \$1.50. 12 |  |  | 455.90 | 200.10 |  | 806, 12 |
| Freight and drayage...... | 90.69 |  | 3.65 | 17.19 |  | 1.50 | 113.03 |
| Gas. | 1,684.38 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,684.38 |
| Gloves and gauntlets |  |  |  | 804.00 | 204.00 |  | 1,008.00 |
| Hardware. | 392.94 |  |  |  |  |  | 392.94 |
| Ice. | 410.00 |  | 63.29 | 528.92 | 271.08 |  | 1,273. 29 |
| Iron and steel |  | 309.58 |  |  |  |  | 309.58 |
| Labor and repairs |  | 1, 061.78 |  | 645,55 | 494.30 |  | 2,201.63 |
| Loss on sale of sweeps |  |  |  |  |  | 26.57 | 26.57 |
| Lumber. |  | 348.79 |  |  |  |  | 348.79 |
| Machinery and appliances. |  | 2, 744.47 |  | 2,319.03 | 150.50 |  | 5,214.00 |
| Metal work and castings... |  | 1, 050.40 |  | 28.40 | 41.64 |  | 1,120.44 |
| Oils. |  | ${ }^{2} 288.14$ |  | 108.07 | 36.18 |  | 432,39 |
| Salt |  |  |  |  |  | 5.70 | 5.70 |
| Sewing ..................... | 33.05 |  |  | 15.00 | 36.00 |  | 84.05 |
| Stationery, printing, and binding. | 298.35 |  | 3.50 |  |  |  | 301.85 |
| Sundries | 3,449.09 |  |  | 838.88 | 241.40 | 106. 10 | 4,635.47 |
| Washing. | 124.15 |  |  | 27.00 |  |  | 151.15 |
| Water |  | 1,500.00 |  |  |  |  | 1,500.00 |
| Wood |  |  |  | 2,698.50 |  | 19.70 | 2,718. 20 |
| Zinc |  |  |  |  |  | 8.17 | 8.17 |
| Total | 6, 632. 77 | 10,548. 41 | 314.23 | 10,234, 49 | 14, 315.48 | 312.70 | 42,358.08 |
| Salaries. | 17, 108.77 |  | 6,000.00 | 4,400.00. | 4, 400.00 |  | 31, 908.77 |
| Wages of workmen | 40,627.52 | 281.92 | 4,225.50 | 60,978.23 | 21, 096.44 |  | 127, 209.61 |
| Total | 64, 369.06 | 10,830. 33 | 10,539.73 | 75,612.72 | 39,811.92 | 312.70 | 201, 476.46 |

Remarks.-"Assayer's materials" include matrasses, pipettes, dishes, etc.; "Dry goods"include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc.; "Labor and repairs" include only temporary labor on repairs; "Sewing" ineludes the making of mittens, sleeves, coin sacks, scale covers, towels, etc.; "Sundries" includes only such items as can not readily be classified.
J. Cecil Legare was appointed by the President to be Melter and Refiner of the mint, vice Leonard Magruder, and took charge May 1, 1891.

Arsemus R. Burkdoll was appointed by the President to be Coiner of the mint, vice Allen Thomas, and entered upon office May 1, 1891.

The bullion in the possession of the operative officers was weighed by Mr. B. F. Butler, the computer of this Bureau, and the wastages of the outgoing officers ascertained and declared.

MINT AT CARSON.
The deposits at the mint at Carson, during the fiscal year 1891, were as follows:


The melter and refiner received, during the year, bullion containing 276,851 standard ounces of gold.

There were made 102 melts of gold ingots, of which 12 were condemned.

The melter and refiner returned to the superintendent, at the close of the fiscal year, in settlement of his gold accounts, an excess of 225.921 standard ounces.

The same officer received, during the year, bullion containing 3,965,587 standard ounces of silver, from which were made 1,688 melts of silver ingots, of which 26 were condemned, and 374 fine silver bars, valued at $\$ 616,479.45$.

There was a silver wastage of $3,458.26$ standard ounces.
The wastage of silver by the melter and refiner was due in part to the large number of fine silver bars manufactured, but largely to the fact that a lot of base silver bullion, the accumulation of two years, was worked up.

The coiner received from the superintendent 230,402 standard ounces of gold ingots, from which were coined double eagles of the value of $\$ 593,880$, eagles of the value of $\$ 702,320$, and half eagles of the value of $\$ 879,000$; a total of 275,726 pieces, of the value of $\$ 2,175,200$.

The proportion of finished coin produced from ingots operated upon was 50.7 per cent.

The gold wastage in the mechanical operations was 10.101 standard ounces, valued at $\$ 187.93$, being less than 1 per cent of the legal allowance.

The coiner received from the superintendent $3,228,681$ standard ounces of silver ingots.

There were coined and delivered to the superintendent,2,109,041 standard silver dollars.

The proportion of silver coin produced from ingots operated upon was 56.1 per cent, a very large percentage.

The silver wastage in the mechanical operations was 435.21 standard ounces, costing $\$ 390.62$.

The expenditures at the mint at Carson for the different classes of supplies during the fiscal year 1891 were as follows:

Expenditures at the Mint at Carson for the Fiscal Year 1801.

| Expenditures for supplies. | $\underset{\substack{\text { General } \\ \text { department } \\ \text { proper. }}}{ }$ | Assayer's department. | Coiner's department. | Melter and refiner's department. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Proper. | Refinery. |  |
| Acirls. |  | \$184.80 |  |  | \$13, 879.16 | \$14, 063.96 |
| Charcoal. | \$2, 937.48 |  |  |  | 256.20 | 3, 193. 68 |
| Chemicals | 26.50 | 18.55 |  | \$110.15 |  | 155.20 |
| Coal | . 31.05 |  |  | 170.00 |  | 201.05 |
| Coke | 1,050.00 |  |  |  |  | 1,050.00 |
| Copper | 1,550.00 |  |  | 780.00 | 6,470.00 | 8,800.00 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers. and dippers. | 126.10 | 345.39 | \$170.16 | 1,371.37 |  | 1,913.02 |
| Dry goods | 102.85 |  | 35.62 | 82.56 | 38.24 | 259.27 |
| Freight and drayag | 1,719.87 |  |  |  | 2,277.85 | 3,997. 72 |
| Gas... | 1, 024.80 |  |  |  |  | 1,024.80 |
| Gloves and gauntlets | 173.00 |  | 653.47 | 167.00 | 172. 54 | 1,166. 01 |
| Hardware | 800.35 | 39.70 | 1,587. 63 | 368.27 | 1,612.30 | 4, 498. 25 |
| Ice | 273.18 |  |  |  |  | 273.18 |
| Iron and șteel . | 5.58 |  |  |  |  | 5.58 |
| Labor and repairs. | 128.60 |  |  |  | 299.00 | 427.60 |
| Loss on sale of sweeps | 289.44 |  |  |  | 409.93 | 699.37 |
| Lamber. | 89.42 |  | 7.15 |  | 136.83 | 233.40 |
| Oils. | 7.75 | 13.75 | 6. 75 | 21.00 |  | 49.25 |
| Salt. ....................... |  | 3.50 |  |  | 18.00 | 21.50 |
|  | 204.63 |  |  | 10.15 |  | 214.78 |
| Sundries. | 1, 427.79 | 56.40 | 282.29 | 1,695.64 | 638.20 | 4, 100. 32 |
| Washing | 411.51 |  |  |  |  | . 411.51 |
| Water | 1, 113.31 |  |  |  | 77.50 | 1,190.81 |
| Wood | 5, 110.61 |  |  |  | 344.50 | 5, 455. 11 |
| Zinc |  |  |  |  | 60.17 | 60.17 |
| - Total | 18,693.82 | 562.09 | 2,743.07 | 4, 776.14 | 26,690.42 | 53,465.54 |
| Salaries. | -29,550.00 |  |  |  |  | 29,550.00 |
| Wages of workmen. | 37,488.57 | 5,947.00 | 26, 212.50 | 8,983.50 | 9, 045.50 | 87,677.07 |
| Total .. | 85, 732.39 | 6,509.09 | $28,955.57$ | 13,759.64 | 35, 735. 92 | 170,692. 61 |

Remarks.-"Dry goods" include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin-sacks, scale covers, etc.; "labor and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs; "sundries" iacludes only such items as can not readily be classified.

At the close of the fiscal year the bullion and coin in the mint were weighed under the supervision of Mr. William E. Morgan of the mint Bureau, who reported that he found on hand all the bullion and coin with which the superintendent was charged.

ASSAY OFRICE AT NEW YORK.
The business of the United States assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1891 is exhibited in the following table:

| Character. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ounces. | Value. | Standard ounces. | Value. |
| Bullion deposited. | 1, 268,512. 126 | \$23, 600, 225. 59 | 6, 431, 031.97 | \$7,483, 382. 65 |
| Partings | 84, 969. 538 | 1,580,828.62 | 104, 829.93 | 121, 983.92 |
| Total | 1, 353,481. 664 | 25, 181, 054.21 | 6,535,861. 90 | 7, 605, 366.57 |
|  |  |  |  | 5, 009, 319.14 |
| Mint. | 212, 254, 275 | 3,948,916.75 | 152,868. 64 | 177, 888.51 |
| Standard | 16,773.237 | 312, 060.22 | 54, 695.74 | 63, 645. 95 |
| Unparted | 11.184 | 208.07 | 1,898, 985.17. | 2, 209, 728.20 |
| Total | 1,424, 841. 903 | 26,508, 686.57 | 6, 411, 433.19 | 7,460, 576. 80 |

The work of the assay department for the fiscal year comprised the testing of some 13,000 melts of bullion, upward of 500 barrels of sweeps, the making of 65,000 cupels, and the stamping of nearly 70,000 bars; also many hundred special assays.
The principal improvement in this department during the year was the introduction of an electric motor plant.
The amount of bullion operated upon in the acid refinery during the fiscal year was 686,101 standard ounces of gold and $3,472,898$ of silver. The result of the year's work was a surplus of 603.085 ounces of gold and $2,034.18$ of silver.

A feature of the business not much regarded by the general public is worthy of attention, both as an economy, and as indicating the great progress effected, in recent years, in the refineries of gold and silver ore established in the United States. Formerly the sweepings recovered were sold at an average deduction of about $4 \frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound from assay value, and were shipped abroad for reduction. Not only has the shipment abroad ceased, but the average deduction from assay value, made by domestic refineries in buying, has been reduced to about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents. As 460 barrels of sweeps, containing nearly 200,000 pounds net, were sold from this institution alone during the year, some idea may be formed of the immense saving throughout the country effected by the improvement in refining base bars and bullion.
At the close of the year the gold and silver bullion was weighed and the coin examined by Messrs F. P. Gross, adjuster of this Burean, and H. C. Stier, of the First Auditor's Office, Treasury Department, who reported that they found on hand all the bullion and coin with which the superintendent was charged.

The expenditures of the assay office at New York for the different classes of supplies are exhibited in the following table:

Expenditures at the assay Office at New York for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Expenditures for supplies. | Generaldepartmentproper. | Assayer's depart. ment. | Melter and refiner's department. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Proper. | Refinery. |  |
| Acids.. |  | \$403.95 | ............. | \$13, 485.36 | \$13, 889.31 |
| Assayer's materials |  | 545.31 |  |  | 545.31 |
| Belting |  | 29.17. |  | 36.87 | 66.04 |
| Charcoal. |  |  |  | 987.20 | 987.20 |
| Chemicals |  | 10.31 |  | 120.79 | 131.10 |
| Coal |  |  |  | 2,734.58 | 2,734.58 |
| Coppor |  |  |  | 8, 094.91 | 8,094.91 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dippers.. |  | 11.00 |  | 2,616. 47 | 2,627.47 |
| Dry goods | \$31. 44 | 15.30 |  | 971.03 | 1,017.77 |
| Fluxes |  |  |  | 2,528.03 | 2,528.03 |
| Freight and drayage. | 15.90 |  |  | 224.00 | 239.90 |
| Gas. | 506.37 | 588. 12 |  | 1, 166. 12 | 2,260.61 |
| Gloves and gauntlets |  |  |  | 289.82 | 289.82 |
| Hardware | 4.10 | 54.50 |  | 15.01 | 73.61 |
| Ice | 119.42 |  |  | 101.84 | 221.26 |
| Labor and repairs. | 1,504.49 | 191.43 | ............ | 2,807.62 | 4, 503,54 |
| Lumber |  |  |  | 519.92 | 519.92 |
| Machinery and appliances | 91.01 | 253.21 |  | 755.01 | 1,099.23 |
| Metal work and castings |  |  |  | 665.78 | 665.78 |
| Oils. | 27.25 |  |  | 165.16 | 192.41 |
| Fire brick |  |  |  | 228.52 | 228.52 |
| Sewing |  |  |  | 205.50 | 205.50 |
| Stationery, printing, and binding. | 214. 40 |  |  |  | 214.40 |
| Sundries. | 860.66 | - 291.09 |  | 801. 08 | 1, 952.83 |
| Telegraphing | 30.65 |  |  |  | 30.65 |
| Barrels, tierces, and cooperage |  |  |  | 1,037.45 | 1,037. 45 |
| Water |  |  |  | 337.50 | 337.50 |
| Wood. |  |  |  | 210.00 | 210.00 |
| Steam | 862.69 |  |  | 6,815.51 | 7,678.20 |
| Adjusting and repairing balances | 194.00 | 39.00 |  |  | 233.00 |
| Advertising | 205.20 |  |  |  | 205.20 |
| Bullion balances (large) | 1,800.00 |  |  |  | 1,800.00 |
| Eleotric motors |  | 862.50 |  |  | 862.50 |
| Gas furnaces |  | 112.50 |  | 347. 50 | 460.00 |
| Total | 6,467. 58 | 3,407. 39 |  | 48,218. 58 | 58, 093.55 |
| Salaries. | 22,550.00 | 11, 200.00 | \$5,500.00 |  | 39, 250.00 |
| Wages of workmen | 12,116. 75 | 12, 520.00 |  | 47, 093.52 | 71, 730.27 |
| Total | 41, 134.33 | 27, 127. 39 | $5,500.00$ | 95, 312.10 | 169,073.82 |

[^20]
## Foreign Gold and Sllver Coins Meltrd at the United States Assay Office at New York during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Country of coinage. | Gold. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Silper (coin- } \\ \text { ing value). }\end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bolivia, 20-cent pieces.. |  | \$1, 717. 69 |
| Costa Rica. | \$43, 431. 55 | ..... |
| England | 423, 365.98 | ............. |
| France. | 214, 030. 21 | ............. |
| Germany | 116, 723.21 | ............. |
| Mexico | 65, 159.48 | 44,582. 61 |
| Mexico, dollars. |  | 1, 044, 851.45 |
| Peru. | 28, 044.58 | 66, 483.82 |
| Spain | 3, 189, 865.84 |  |
| South America. | 7,681. 23 | 169, 890.99 |
| South America, dollars. |  | 966, 869. 43 |
| Colombia | 133.52 | 40,641.76 |
| Colombia, half dollars |  | 2, 103.87 |
| Venezuela | 2,078.62 | ............. |
| Mixed | 271, 132. 62 | 116, 406. 17 |
| Tutal | 4,361,646.84 | 2,453,547.79 |

The following table exhibits the denominations and value of the uncurrent gold coins of the United States melted at the assay office at New York during the fiscal year 1891:

Uncurrent United States Gold Coins Melted at the Unitied States Assay Office at New York during the Fiscal Year 1891:


## MINT AT DENVER.

The business of the mint at Denver, conducted as an assay office, during the last fiscal year, is exhibited for the last fiscal year in the following table:

|  | Items. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deposits |  | \$1, 203,614.89 |
| Earnings |  | 3,583. 88 |
| Expenses. |  | '27,087.73 |

[^21]- The 5 horse-power gas engine formerly in use has been supplanted by an electric motor of 1 horse-power, which gives better satisfaction.

Electric light for illuminating purposes has been introduced.
The expenses for the different classes of supplies at the mint at Denver during the fiscal year were as follows:

Expenditures at the Mint at Denver for the Fiscal year 1891.

| Expenditures for supplies. | General department. |  | Assayer's depart. ment. | Melter and refiner's department proper. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Proper. | Mechanical. |  |  |  |
| Acids. |  |  | \$62.02 |  | \$62.02 |
| Chemicals |  |  | 62.20 | - \$98.25 | 160.45 |
| Coal | \$42.00 |  |  |  | 42.00 |
| Coke | 209.12 |  |  |  | 209.12 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dipp |  |  |  | 140.08 | 140.08 |
| Freight and drayage. | 15.17 |  |  |  | 15.17 |
| Gas. | 19.80 | \$198. 30 | 233.70 | 233.70 | 685.50 |
| Ice | 29.45 |  |  |  | 29.45 |
| Irou and steel |  |  |  | 6.40 | 6. 40 |
| Labor and repairs | 343.48 | 5. 45 |  | 6. 25 | 355.18 |
| Machinery and appliances |  |  | 6.00 | 24.00 | 30.00 |
| Oils. |  | 3.60 |  |  | 3.60 |
| Sewing |  |  |  | 12.00 | 12.00 |
| Stationery, printing, and biading. | 48.88 |  |  |  | 48.88 |
| Sundries. | 393.69 | . 40 | . 90 | 15.82 | 410.81 |
| Washing | 13.70 |  |  |  | 13.70 |
| Water | 93.00 |  |  |  | 93.00 |
| Electric lighting | 88.87 |  |  |  | 88.87 |
| Electric power |  |  | 1.32 | 1.33 | 2.65 |
| Flag. | 10.00 |  |  |  | '10.00 |
| Advertising | 12.60 |  |  |  | 12.60 |
| Total | 1,319.76 | 207.75 | 366.14 | 537.83 | 2,431.48 |
| Salaries. | 4,800.00 |  | 3,900. 00 | 2,250.00 | 10, 950.00 |
| Wages of workmen | 4, 459. 50 |  | 5 5,803.75 | 3,443.00 | 13, 706.25 |
| Total | 10,579.26 | 207.75 | 10, 069.89 | 6,230.83 | 27, 087. 73 |

REMARKS.-"Labor and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs. "Sewing" includes the making of mittens, sleeves, coin saciss, scale covers, towels, etc. "Sundries"includes only such items as can not readily be classified.

## ASSAY OFTICE AT HELENA.

The business of the assay office at Helena, Mont., for the fiscal year 1 S 91 is exhibited in the following table:

|  | Items. | * | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deposits |  |  | \$968, 906.10 |
| Iarnings |  |  | 3, 251.36 |
| Expenses |  |  | 24,636,82 |

Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 2.2.

The expenditures of this office for the different classes of supplies during the fiscal year were as follows:

Expenditures at the Assay Office at Helena for the Fiscai, Year 1891.

| Expenditares for supplies. | General de partment proper. | Melter and refiner's department proper. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chemicals | \$20.25 | ............ | \$20.25 |
| Coal | 130.31 | \$43.43 | 173.74 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dippers. |  | 28.50 | 28.50 |
| Freight and drayage . | 66.54 | ........... | 66.54 |
| Gas. | 802. 23. | 267.40 | 1,069.63 |
| Gloves and gauntlets. |  | 9.00 | 9.00 |
| Ice | 23.98 | ............. | ' 23.98 |
| Labor and repairs. | 1,237.71 | 238.00 | 1, 475. 71 |
| Lumber. | 13.09 | ............ | 13.09 |
| Machinery and appliances | 255.00 | ............. | 255.00 |
| Oils. | 18.70 | 9.80 | 28.50 |
| Stationery, printing, and binding | 131.50 | ............. | 131.50 |
| Sundries. | 728.02 | 227.83 | 955.85 |
| Washing | 14.00 | ............. | 14.00 |
| Water | 74.14 | 74.14 | 148.28 |
| Wood.. | 43.50 | 21.00 | 64.50 |
| Total | 3,558.97 | 919.10 | 4, 478.07 |
| Salaries | 5,321. 75 | 2,250.00 | 7,571. 75 |
| Wages of workmen. | 9, 982.50 | 2,604.50 | 12,587.00 |
| c. Total | 18,863. 22 | 5,773.60 | 24, 636.82 |

Remares.-"Labor and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs. "Sandries" includes only such items as can not readily be classified.

## ASSAY OFFICE AT BOLSE CITY.

The business of the assay office at Boise City, Idaho, during the fiscal year 1891, is exhibited in the following table:

|  | Items. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deposits |  | \$698,596.06 |
| Earnings . |  | 1,860.59 |
| Expenses. |  | 10,687.90 |

[^22]The expenses for the different classes of supplies during the fiscal year were as follows:

Expenditures at the Assay Office at Boisé City for the fiscal yéar 1891.

|  | Expenditures for supplies. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$73.30 |
| Assayer's materials. |  |  |
| Coal .......................................................................................... 17.2 .15 |  |  |
| Coke....................................................................................... 15.6 .15 |  |  |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dippers ...................................................... 54.65 |  |  |
| Dry goods................................................................................. 16.34 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Gloves and gauntlets .................................................................... 5 . 85 |  |  |
| Hardware................................................................................. 85.58 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Labor and repairs. ........................................................................ 63.1 . 75 |  |  |
| Lumber.................................................................................. 13.68 |  |  |
| 0ils........................................................................................ 7 .50. ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  |  |
| Sewing .................................................................................. $6 . .1{ }^{\text {. }} 76$ |  |  |
| Stationery, printing, and binding .......................................................... 13.21. |  |  |
| Sundries................................................................................ ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 00.76 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Washing ................................................................................ 18.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total . $:$..............................................................................$^{1,630.40}$ |  |  |
| Salaries............................................................................... 3 3,200.00 |  |  |
| Wages of workmen.................................................................... ${ }^{\text {5,857.50 }}$ |  |  |
| Total.................................................................................................. 10,687.90 |  |  |

Remarks.-"Assayer's materials" include matrasses, pipettes, dishes, etc. "Dry goods" include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc. "Labor and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs. "Sewing" includes the making of mittens, sleeves, coin sacks, scale covers, towels, etc. "Sundries" includes only such items as ean not be classified.

ASSAY OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.
The business of the assay office at Charlotte, N. C., for the fiscal year 1891 is exbibited in the following table:

| * | Items. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deposits |  | \$234, 276. 39 |
| Earnings |  | 1,670.35 |
| Expenses. |  | 4, 749.76 |

Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 1.3.
The expenses for the different classes of supplies for the assay office at Charlotte, during the last fiscal year, are exhibited in the following table:

Expenditures at the Assay Office at Charlotte for the Fiscal year 1891.


Remarks.-"Assayer's materials" include matrasses, pipettes, dishes, etc.; "dry goods" include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc.; "labor and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs; "sundries" includes only such items as can not readily be classified.

## ASSAY OFFICE AT ST. LOUIS.

The business of the assay office at St. Louis, Mo., during the fiscal year 1891, is exhibited in the following table:

|  | Items. - | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deposits (coining value) |  | \$480, 441. 26 |
| Earnings |  | 1, 405. 09 |
| Expenditures.. |  | 5,899. 39 |

Percentage of net expenses to deposits, nine-tenths of 1 per cent.
The deposits for the preceding fiscal year aggregated $\$ 346,284.64$, showing a gain in business of $\$ 134,156.62$, or $38 \frac{7}{10}$ per cent.
Samples from twenty-seven shipments of Mexican ore were received from the United States surveyor of customs at St. Louis and were assayed for him. These require the determination, by three separate assays, of the gold, silver, lead, and copper in each sample, and would have cost the Government $\$ 432$ if paid for at the rates formerly charged in this office and prescribed by regulations then in force. No credit is taken for this in the earnings.

There have been added to the equipment of the office during the year one 5 horse-power Westinghouse standard automatic engine and two blowers. These are for use with the bench of gas furnaces purchased
during the preceding fiscal year, and have been placed in the quarters which will be occupied by this office in the old custom-house building in this city when completed.

The expenses of the assay office at St. Louis for the different classes of supplies during the last fiscal year were as follows:

Expendituris at tee assay Office at St. Louts, for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Expenditures for sapplies. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acids... | \$19.92 |
| Assayer's materials.. | 54. 09 |
| Charcoal. | 21.60 |
| Chemicals | . 60 |
| Coal | 23.26 |
| Crucibles, covers, stirrers, and dippers. | 60.19 |
| Dry goods...... | 16. 40 |
| Fluxes.. | 20.10 |
| Freight and drayage. | 27.19 |
| Gas.. | 90.52 |
| Hardware. | 4.45 |
| Ice.. | 10.60 |
| Lumber. | 5.04 |
| -Machinery and appliances | 311.00 |
| Stationery, printing, and binding. | 70.74 |
| Sundries. | 150.69 |
| Telegraphing and telephone | 100.00 |
| Washing | 18.00 |
| Rent... | 480.00 |
| Total | 1, 484.39 |
| Salaries. | 3,500.00 |
| Wages of workmen. | 915.00 |
| Total | 5,899.39 |

REMARES.-"Assayer's materials"include matrasses, pipettes, dishes, etc.; "dry, goods" includecost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc.; "sundries" includes only such items as can not readily be classified.

## SUMMARY OF THE WORK OF MINOR ASSAY OFFICES.

The following table recapitulates the work of the minor assay offices, including the mint at Denver, for the fiscal year 1891:

Deposits, Earnings, and Expenditures of Minor Assay Offices, 1891.

| Institutions. | Deposits. | Earnings. | Expenses. | Percentagé of net expenses to deposits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Denver | \$1, 203, 614. 89 | \$3,583.88 | \$27, 087. 73 | 1.9 |
| Helena | 968, 906. 10 | 3,251.36 | 24, 636. 82 | 2.2 |
| Boise City . | 698,596.06 | 1,860. 59 | 10,687.90 | 1.2 |
| Charlotte | 234, 276.39 | 1,670. 55 | 4,749.76 | 1.3 |
| St. Louis | 480, 441.26 | 1,405.09 | 5,899.39 | 0.9 |
| Total . | 3,585, 834.70 | 11, 771.27 | 73, 061.60 | 1.7 |

## MONETARY STATISTICS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

The statistics of the coinage and production of the precious metals in foreign countries, published annually in the reports of this Bureau, are obtained directly from the governments of such countries by our representatives abroad, a fact which invests them with the highest degree of reliability, and explains why it is that the reports of the Mint Bureau have come to be recognized, the world over, as the most exhaustive and trustworthy authority on the statistics relating to these subjects.
The points on which information is sought are embodied in a set of questions in a circular sent through the Department of State to our diplomatic representatives abroad, and the answers are received in the form of a report direct to this Bureau.

The questions covering the calendar year 1890 were as follows:
(1) What was the amount of gold coined during the calendar year 1890 by denominations and values? What amount was recoined (withdrawn from circulation) during the year, domestic and foreign coins separately?
(2) Same for silver.
(3) What was the import and export of gold during the calendar year 18908 Coin, bullion, and ore should be given separately where practicable.
(4) Same for silver.
(5) What was the weight, expressed in kilograms, and the value of the gold produced from the mines during the calendar year 1890 ?
(6) Same for silver.
(7) What, approximately, was the stock of gold coin and bullion in the country at the close of the calendar year 1890.
(8) Same for silver.
(9) What was the amount of Government and bank notes outstanding at the same date?
(10) Were any laws passed during the year 1890 affecting the coinage, issue, or legal-tender character of the metallic and paper circulation? If so, please transmit copies.
(11) In case the report of the operations of the mint is published, please forward a copy.
These replies should be in the form of a report, written on one side of the paper only, and transmitted direct to the "Director of the Mint, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C."

Besides the information contained in the official answers to the above questions, the Bureau draws freely from other sources, especially printed documents-some official, others not-courteously transmitted to the Bureau by foreign governments. We have this year to express our acknowledgment for the receipt of: Twenty-first Annual Report of the Deputy Master of the Royal Mint, 1890, London, 1891; Mineral Statistics of the United Kingdom for 1890, London, 1891; Summaries of the Statistical Portions of the Reports of Her Majesty's Inspector of Mines, London, 1891; Report of Mr. C. Leneve Foster, Her Majesty's Inspector of Mines, London, 1891; Government of India, Financial Statement, 1891-92, Calcutta, 1891; Report on the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1889-90, Calcutta, 1891; do. for 1890-91; Finance and Revenue Accounts and Miscellaneous Statistics Relating to the Finances of British India, Part III, Calcutta, 1891; Report of the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, to the Secretary of the Government of India, for the year 1890-91, Calcutta, 1891; Geological and Natural History Survey of Canada, Annual Report, new series, Vol. Iv, 1888-'89, Montreal, 1890; Annual Report of the Secretary of Mines of Victoria during the year 1890, Melbourne, 1891; Australian Statistics 1889-90, by T. A. Coghlan, Government Statistician, Sydney, 1890; Australian Insurance and

Banking Record, 1891; Journal and Proceedings of the Royal Society of New South Wales, Sydney, 1890; Chillagoe and Koorboora Mining Districts (Report of Robert I. Jack, Government Geologist); Report of the Director of the Imperial Mint of Japan, 1890; República Mexicana, Noticias del Movimiento Marítimo en el año fiscal de 1888 á 1889, Mexico, 1891; Agencia Mercantil de la República Mexicana, Memoria Estadística de los meses Julio á Diciembre de 1890, Mexico, 1891; República Mexicana, Exportaciones en el año Fiscal de 1889 a 1890, Noticias formadas bajo la direccion de Javier Stavoli, Mexico, 1891; Monatshefte zur Statistik des Deutschen Reichs, Jahrgang 1891, Berlin, 1891; Zeitschrift fuir Berg-Hütten- und Salinen-Wesen im Preussischen Staate, Jahrgang 1891, Berlin, 1891; Bulletin de Statistique et de Légiṣlation Comparee, Paris, 1891; Annales des Mines, $1^{\text {e }}$ et $2^{\circ}$ livraisons de 1891, Paris, 1891; Revue des Banques, Paris, 1891; Algemeen Verslag van het Munt-College, over 1890, Amsterdam, 1891; Jaarcijfers over 1889 en vorige Jaren, No. 9, Amsterdam, 1891; Bidrag til Finlands Officiela Statistik, xviI Industrie-Statistik 5, Ar 1888, Helsingfors, 1891.

The replies to the interrogatories, which are given in full in the Appendix to this Report, are indicated by the numbers of the questions.

A brief review of the most important facts contained in the various reports received is here appended:

GREA' BRITAIN AND BRITISH COLONLES.
Great Britain and Ireland.


The gold coinage of Great Britain in 1890 comprised, in addition to sovereigns, $£ 1,121,600$ in half sovereigns, the coinage of which had been practically suspended since 1885 .
Under the terms of the royal proclamation, dated November 26, 1890, issued in conformity with the coinage act of 1889, calling in the gold coins of former reigns, and declaring that such coins shall not be legal tender after February 28, 1891, the operations have resulted in the withdrawal from circulation of $£ 2,334,573$ in sovereigns and $£ 128,575$ in half soyereigns, a total of $£ 2,463,148$.

The expenses of the operation, which amounted to $£ 51,299$, are exhibited in the following table, presented in the report of the deputy master of the mint:

| Where withdrawn. | Value of deficiency in weight. |  |  | Value of deficiency in standard. |  |  | Total value of deficiency. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | On sovereigns. | On half sovereigns. | Total. | On sovereigns. | On half sover. eigns. | Total. |  |
| Bank of England: Light coins. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{rrr} 夫 & s: & d . \\ 40,919 & 17 & 00 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc} \boldsymbol{z} & \boldsymbol{s} . \boldsymbol{d} . \\ 6,210 & 05 \end{array}\right.$ | s $s . d$. <br> 47,130 02 | $\left\|\begin{array}{ccc} \text { \& } & \delta . & d . \\ 2,199 & 15 & 1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 2 x & \text { s. } & d . \\ 125 & 13 & 3 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ccc} \text { \& } & \text { s. } & d . \\ 2,325 & 08 & 4 \end{array}\right.$ | \& s.d. |
| Full weight coins. | $625 \quad 1710$ | 6,210051 4115 | 47,130021 630093 | 155177 | 121310 | 15011 5 | 77 |
| Australia: <br> Srdner mint | 2220604 | 34098 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sydney mint... Melbourne | 2220604 | 34098 | 256160 |  |  |  | 256160 |
| mint... | 5831500 | 103073 | 687023 | 47067 | 3013 | 500710 | 737101 |
| Total | 2,351 1602 | 6,352135 | 48,704 097 | 2,402 19 3 | 12908 | 2,532 $07 \quad 7$ | 51,236 172 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total expenses. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51,299 143 |

Of the silver coins struck during the year 1890, of the nominal value of $£ 1,712,161, £ 249,465$ were in crowns and $£ 156,429$ in double tlorins.

The total issue of crowns and double florins since 1887 has been:

| - | Description. | - | £. | Value in U. S . money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crowns. |  |  | 790, 885 | \$3, 848,842 |
| Double florins. |  |  | 510,625 | 2, 484, 957 |
| Total |  |  | 1,301,510 | 6,333,799 |

The following table presented by the master of the mint is intended to show the proportion in which silver coins of the several denominations exist in the currency of Great Britain and her colonies:

| Denominations. | England and Wales. |  | Scotland and Ireland. |  | Colonies.* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1880-'89. | 1890. | 1880-'89. | 1890. | 1880- 80. |
| Crowns. | £226, 000 | £484, 300 | £28,600 | £48,750 | $£ 335$ | \&2,900 |
| Double florins | 118,000 | 320,600 | 20, 100 | 28,815 |  | '23,110 |
| Half crowns | 281, 000 | 1, 488, 200 | 53, 900 | 433, 400 | 48,150 | 488,410 |
| Florins | 33, $000^{\circ}$ | 698,800 | 34,900 | 330,175 | 112,880 | 811, 005 |
| Shillings. | 251,000 | 751, 500 | 56,700 | 515, 200 | 136,470 | 920,935 |
| Sixpences. | 178,000 | 756, 500 | 23,300 | 149,550 | 34, 660 | 195,675 |
| Threepences | 28,175 | 180, 400 | 7,500 | 59,150 | 21,820 | †168,830 |
| Total | 1, 115, 175 | 4, 680, 300 | 225,000 | 1, 565, 040 | 354, 315 | 2,610,865 |
| Withdrawals | 250, 000 | 1, 914,700 | 19,700 | 572, 164 | 27, 197 | 381, 002 |
| Net increase of currency | 865, 175 | 2, 765, 600 | 205,300 | 992, 876 | 327, 118 | 2,229,863 |

[^23]These statistics show a net increase of silver as currency within the st eleven years, as follows:

|  | Countries. | 2. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In England and Wales |  | 3,630,775 | \$17, 669, 167 |
| In Scotland and Ireland |  | 1,198, 176 | 5,830, 923 |
| In Colonies |  | 2,556,981 | 12, 443, 548 |
| Total |  | 7,385, 932 | 35, 943,638 |

Colonial coinages were executed at the Royal mint as follows:

| For Hong-Kong, in silver pieces of 20,10 , and 5 cents | \$250,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| For Hong-Koug, in half dollars. | 25,000 |
| Total. | 275, 000 |
| For Newfoundland, in silver pieces of 20,10 and 5 cents | 38,000 |

The colonial" coinages struck by "The Mint Birmingham" were as follows:

For Hong-Kong, a silver coinage of $\$ 155,000$ in $50,25,10$, and 5 -cent pieces; for the British East Africa Company a silver coinage amounting to 61,116 rupees $(\$ 28,951)$.

Australasia.-The coinage at the mint at Melbourne, during the year 1890 , all sovereigns, was $£ 2,473,537$, and of the mint at Sydney $£ 2,808,000$, all in sovereigns, a total gold coinage for Australia of £5,281,537.

Light-weight gold coins, of the value of $£ 44,601$, were received for recoinage at the mint at Sydney.

The withdrawal of pre-Victorian gold coins, in the colony of Victoria, was £32,183.

The total light-weight gold coin withdrawn in Australasia was £76,784.
Through the kindness of Mr. George Anderson, deputy master of the Melbourne branch of the royal mint, I am able to present the statistics of the product of gold in Australia and New Zealand for the calendar year, 1890.

```
Gross product:
Ounces.
Gold
1,599, 350
```

Making the usual deduction of about 8 per cent in order to obtain the amount of pure gold actually produced, the product of gold in Australasia during the calendar year 1890, was, approximately, $1,471,402$ ounces, value $\$ 30,413,879$.

India.-The silver coinage at the mints at Calcutta and Bombay during the calendar year 1890 , amounted to $122,295,383$ rupees.

Canada.-According to the "monetary statistics of the United Kingdom, 1890 "the amount of gold and silver produced in Canada during the year 1889 was as follows:

|  | Metals. | £. | Ounces. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold .o. |  | 259, 032 |  | \$1, 260, 579 |
| Silver |  |  | 383,318 | 495,592 |


| Items reported for 1890. | Francs. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coinage: |  |  |
| Gold | 20,602, 800 | \$3, 976,340 |
| Recoinage | 11, 999, 580 | 2,315, 919 |
| Silver (for French colonies). | 33,345 | 6,436 |
| For the Great Comoro. | 10,250 | 1,978 |
| Total | .............. | 8,414. |
| Imports: |  |  |
| Gold | 116, 726, 408 | 22, 528, 197 |
| Exports. | 249, 498, 004 | 48, 153, 115 |
| Loss by export. | 132, 771, 596 | 25, 624,918 |
| Imports: |  |  |
| Silver | 137, 898, 631 | 26, 614, 436 |
| Exports: |  |  |
| Silver. | 107, 890, 319 | 20, 822,832 |
| Gain by imports | 30, 008, 312 | 5,791, 604 |
| Product of mines, 1889: |  |  |
| Gold | *400 | 265, 840 |
| Silver. | * 80,942 | 2,363, 950 |
| Gold in Bank of France Jantary 2, 1891. | 1,120, 126,439 | 216, 184, 403 |
| Silver. | 1, 240, 874,500 | 239, 488, 779 |
| Amount of currency issued by Bank of France, | 3, 051,751,440 | 588, 988, 028 |

*Kilograms.

BELGIUM.
There was no coinage of national money in Belgium during the year 1890.

The issue of bank notes by the National Bank amounted to $536,450,000$ francs on December 31, 1890.

| Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Francs. | Valuein United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports: |  |  |  |
| Gold | 13,843 |  | \$9,200, 058 |
| Jewelry. |  | 2,109,145 | 407,065 |
| Total | ............. |  | 9,607,123 |
| Exports: |  |  |  |
| Gold | 294 |  | 195, 392 |
| Jewelry |  | 60,631 | 11, 702 |
| Imports: |  |  |  |
| Silver. | 247, 042 |  | 10,267,066 |
| Silverware |  | 1,666,637 | 321,661 |
| Total | . | . | 10, 588, 727 |
| Exports : |  |  |  |
| Silver. | 27,502 |  | 1,142,983 |
| Silverware: |  | 46,870 | 9,046 |
| Total.. |  | ............ | 1,152.029 |

By royal decree a permanent commission has been appointed in Belgium for the investigation of monetary questions.

SWITZERLAND.

| - | Items reported for 1890. | Francs. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coinage. |  | $2,500,000$ | \$482, 500 |
| Silver (recoinage) |  | 1,450,000 | 279,850 |
| Imports: |  |  |  |
| Gold |  | 31, 702, 336 | 6,118,551 |
| Silver |  | 44, 157, 460 | 8,552,390 |
| Exports: |  |  |  |
| Gold. |  | 6, 356,517 | 1,226,808 |
| Silver |  | 19,916, 040 | 3,843,796 |

The stock of gold in the Swiss banks of issue amounted on December 27,1890 , to $61,414,835$ francs, and of silver $23,475,820$ francs.

The notes in circulation at same date were $168,397,200$ francs.

ITALY,

| Items reported for 1890. | Lire. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coinage.. | 1,364, 400 | \$263, 329 |
| Silver (all recoinage). | 5,655 | 1,091 |
| Coinage for colony of Eritrea. | 2,942, 043 | - 567,814 |
| Imports: |  |  |
| Gold | 9,913, 600 | 1, 913, 325 |
| Exports: |  |  |
| Gold | 19, 778, 300 | 3,817, 212 |
| Loss by export. | 9,864,700 | 1,903,887 |
| Imports: |  |  |
| Silver. | 48,090,000 | 9, 281,370 |
| Exports: |  |  |
| Silver | 48,948, 760 | 9, 447, 11.1 |
| Loss by export. | 858, 760 | 165, 741 |
| Gold in Treasury and banks December 31, 1890 | 457, 167, 209 | 88, 233,271 |
| Silver. | 105, 328, 608 | 29, 328, 421 |
| Notes in circulation | 1,469, 249, 677 | 283, 565, 188 |

GRELCE.

| Items reported for 1890. | Drachmas. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock of gold coin. |  | , \$100,000 |
| Stock of silver coin |  | 700,000 |
| Paper money | 126, 450, 158 | 24, 404, 881 |

SPAIN.


GERMANY.

| Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Marks. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold: |  |  |  |
| Coinage. |  | 100, 149, 210 | \$23,835,512 |
| Recoinage (imperial gold). . |  | 404, 230 | 96, 207 |
| Coin (foreign)...................... . 6,306 fine pounds . |  |  | 2,095,484 |
| Imports. | 39,865 |  | 26,494, 279 |
| Exports. | 16,290 | ................. | 10, 826, 334 |
| Gain by imports | 23,575 |  | 15,667, 945 |
| Silver: |  |  |  |
| Imports. | 66,003 | ............... | 2,743,085 |
| Exports. | 282, 400 |  | 11,736,544 |
| Pagament: |  |  |  |
| Imports.. |  | 13,621,000 | 3, 241, 798 |
| Exports.. |  | 16,000 | 3,808 |
| Product of German smelting works: |  |  |  |
| Gold .. |  | 5,151, 000 | 1, 225, 938 |
| Silver |  | 56,060,000 | 13, 342, 280 |
| Notes outstanding December 31, 1890: |  |  |  |
| Imperial notes |  | 122,908,940 | 29, 252, 328 |
| Bank notes. |  | 1,294, 817, 000 | 308, 166, 446 |

## AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

| - Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Florins. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coinage: |  |  |  |
| Gold |  | 5,848, 030 | \$2, 818,750 |
| Recoinage |  | 1,913, 729 | 922,417 |
| Silver coinage |  | 8,002,320 | 3,857, 118 |
| Recoinage |  | 1,926,667 | 928,653 |
| Gold : |  |  |  |
| Imports | 42,820 | .......... | 28,458, 17 |
| Exports | 17,333 | . . . . - | 11.,519,512 |
| Net gain. | 25,487 |  | 16, 938, 660 |
| Silver: |  |  |  |
| Imports | 41,828 | .............- | 1,738,371 |
| Exports | 11,690 |  | 485,836 |
| Net gain | 30, 138 |  | 1,252,535 |
| Gold in Government vaults. | - - . - - - | 8,210,316 | 3,957,372 |
| In Austria-Hungarian Bank. |  | 54, 047, 000 | 26, 050, 654 |
| Silver in Government vaults. |  | 9, 092, 367 | 4,382,521 |
| Silver in Austria-Huwgarian Bauk. |  | 165,476, 000 | 79, 759, 432 |
| Bank notes outstanding : |  |  |  |
| State notes |  | 370, 361, 103 | 178, 514, 052 |
| Bank notes |  | 445, 934, 210 | 214, 940, 289 |
| Gold product of mines, Austria. | 12.452 | ..--..-.-... | 8,276 |
| Huwgary . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,091. 062 |  | 1,389,720 |
| Silver product of mines: |  |  |  |
| Austria. | 34, 629.797 | ........... | 1,439,214 |
| Hungary | 15,983. 543 |  | 664,276 |

NETHERLANDS.

| Items reported for 1890. | Florius. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coinage: |  |  |
| Silver. | 495, 000 | \$198,990 |
| Recoinage. | 210, 000 | 84,420 |
| Imports: |  |  |
| Gold . | 6,527,245 | 2,623,953 |
| Exports: |  |  |
| Gold. | 567, 557 | 228,158 |
| Gain by import . | 5, 959, 688 | 2, 395, 795 |
| Silver.. |  |  |
| Imports. | 1,372,695 | 551,823 |
| Exports. | 7, 671,500 | 3,083,943 |
| Loss by export. | 6, 298,805 | 2,532,120 |

Gold stock, $47,594,460$ florins, of which $23,291,720$ florins were in the Bank of the Netherlands.

Silver stock, 116,713,423 florins, of which $7,616,174$ were in subsidiary coin.

Total metallic stock, ${ }^{164,307,883}$ florins, of which $65,498,690$ florins were in the Bank of the Netherlands.

Note circulation,15,000,000 Horinsin Government notes and 195,160,615 in bank notes, a total of $210,160,615$ florins.

## SCANDINAVIAN UNION.

| Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Crowns. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| demmark. |  |  |  |
| Gold : |  |  |  |
| Coinage. | .......... | 2,044,520 | \$547, 931 |
| Imports |  | 3,500, 000 | 938, 000 |
| Exports. | ............ | 2,500,000 | 670,000 |
| Net gain by imports. | ............. | 1,000, 000 | 268, 000 |
| Estimated stock of gold. |  | 47, 000, 000 | 12,596,000 |
| Estimated stock of silver. |  | 20,000,000 | $5,360,000$. |
| Bank notes in circulation |  | ${ }^{\text {c }} 79,000,000$ | 21, 172,000 |
| norway. |  |  |  |
| Silver coinage |  | 450,000 | 120,600 |
| Recoinage |  | 76,000 | 20,368 |
| Gold and silver: |  |  |  |
| Imports |  | 357, 400 | 95,783 |
| Exports. |  | 52,500 | 14, 070 |
| Silver product. | 5,538.9 |  | 230, 197 |
| Precions motals in Bank of Norway, Dece Gold |  | 30, 160, 700 | 8,083, 068 |
| Estimated stock of gold |  | 15,800,670 | 4, 250,660 . |
| Estimated stock of silver |  | 6; 032, 000 | 1,616,576 |
| Bank notes in circulation. |  | 49, 670, 700 | 13, 311, 748 |
| Coinage: - Sweden. |  |  |  |
| Gold. |  | 3, 109, 820 | 833,432 |
| Silver |  | 947, 264 | 253, 867 |
| Recoinage silver |  | 405, 110 | 108, 569 |
| Gold imports: |  |  | - |
| Coin. |  | 9,060 | 2,428 |
| Bars | 1.02 |  | 67,789 |
| Gold exports. | 1 |  | 665 |
| Silver imports: |  |  |  |
| Coin |  | 633, 662 | 169, 821 |
| Bars | 2,429 |  | 100,949 |
| Silver exports-bars.. | 652 |  | 27,097 |
| Silver exports; coin |  | 128, 000 | 34, 304 |
| Product of mines: |  |  |  |
| Gold. | 87.06 |  | 58, 259 |
| Silver. | 4, 181 |  | 173, 762 |
| Gold in banks and mint. |  | 24, 951, 727 | 6,687, 063 |
| Silver coins in circulàtiou |  | 17,521,398 | 4,695, 735 |
| Notes outstanding. |  | 103, 995, 415 | 27, 870, 771 |

RUSSIA.

| Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Poods. | Roubles. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coinage: |  |  |  |  |
| Gold. |  |  | 28, 150, 090 | \$21, 726, 239 |
| Silver |  |  | 2,091, 763 | 1,614, 422 |
| Total |  |  |  | 23,340,661 |
| Silver (recoinage) |  |  | 562, 000 | 433, 752 |
| Gold: |  |  |  |  |
| Imports |  | 1,243 |  | 13,531, 895 |
| Exports |  | 1,.337 |  | 14, 555, 224 |
| Loss by export | .............. | 94 | ............... | J., 023, 329 |
| Silver: |  |  |  |  |
| Imports. |  | 10,637 |  | 7, 241, 389 |
| Exports. |  | 6, 070 | .............. | 4,132, 296 |
| Gain by import. |  | 4,567 |  | 3, 109, 093 |
| Product of mines : |  |  |  |  |
| Gold.. | 31, 841.257 |  |  | 21, 161,700 |
| Silver. | 13, 665, 836 |  | , | 568,000 |
| Total |  |  | . | 21,729,700 |
| Gold and silver held by State Bank 1891. |  | , | 445, 968, 176 | 344, 198, 238 |
| Government notes outstanding.. |  |  | 1, 046, 295, 384 | 807, 530, 777 |

Roumania adopted the gold standard in March, 1890, the law requiring the replacement of $40,000,000$ francs of the 5 lei silver currency with gold coin.
About $25,000,000$ francs in silver have been withdrawn from circulatiou and sold.

The holders of silver 5 lei pieces have the right to demand gold in exchange for a period of a year from the date of the law, after which period silver coins are a limited tender.

TURKEY.
A gold coinage of the value of 10,200 Turkish pounds was struck at the imperial mint during the year 1890. (Value in United States money $\$ 44,880$.)

ARGENTINIE REPUBLIC.


PERU.

|  | Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coinage (1889) : |  |  |  |
| Silver. |  |  | \$2,842,530 |
| Exports: |  |  |  |
| Gold |  | - 139 | 92,379 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Silver sols |  |  | 1,299, 782 |
| Total |  |  | 1, 303, 439 |
| Coinage (1890) : |  |  |  |
| Silver. |  |  | 2,687,118 |
| Exports: |  |  |  |
| Gold bars . |  | 103 | 68,454 |
| Silver bars. |  | 1,135 | 47, 171 |

VENEZUELA.

| Items reported for 1890. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gold product (11 months) | \$.1,060, 97.7 |
| Bank notes outstanding 3,760,000 bolivars. | 725, 680 |

## BOLIVİA.

The United States minister reports that there is no gold in circulation in Bolivia, but there are about $\$ 200,000$ in silver in bank.

The amount of Government and bank notes outstanding December 31, 1889 , was $\$ 4,393,184$.

MEXICO.

| Items reported for 1890. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Exports: |  |
| Gold bullion . | \$529,515 |
| Silver ore and bullion. | 15,656, 111 |
| Deposits at the mints: |  |
| Gold. ...................... | 237, 053 |
| Silver | 25, 258,785 |
| Coinage calendar year : |  |
| Gold. | 284,859 |
| Silver ....................... | 24, 081, 192 |

colombia.

| Items reported for 1890. | Kilograms. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper circulation |  | \$12,000, 000 |
| Silver coin in circulation. |  | 4, 250, 000 |
| Gold exports. |  | 4, 393, 872 |
| Silver imports | 1,994 | 82,871 |
| Silver exports. |  | 1, 457, 665 |

A very valuable table will be found in the Appendix,* prepared by Dr. Vicente Restrepo, upon the production of gold and silver in Colombia from 1887 to 1890 inclusive.

This eminent statistician places the product of 1889 at $\$ 4,042,000$, of which $\$ 612,000$ were silver; in 1890 , at $\$ 4,430,000$, of which $\$ 735,000$ were silver.

NICARAGUA.

|  | Items reported for 1890. | Ounces. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold éxports. |  | 10,090 | \$227, 163 |
| Silver imports |  |  | 307, 373 |
| Silver exports. |  |  | 273,424 |
| Gold product. |  |  | 164, 861 |
| Paper circulation: |  |  |  |
| Treasury notes |  |  | 99,049 |
| Bank notes |  |  | 570,000 |
| Total |  |  | 609, 049 |

EAYTI.

|  | Items reported for 1890. | Value: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock of gold. ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  | \$2, 300, 000 |
| Stock of silver |  | 2,800, 000 |
| Paper circulation |  | 4, 102, 875 |

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

|  | Items reported for 1890. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Import of gold |  | \$776,000 |
| Stock of gold. |  | 3,000,000 |
| Stock of silver |  | 1,000,000 |
| Government notes |  | 137,000 |

JAPAN.

| Items reported for 1890. | C. ices or kilograms. | Yen. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Comage: | . |  |  |
| Gold |  | 1,194,050 | \$1, 194, 050 |
| Silver'. |  | 7,296,645 | 7, 296,645 |
| Silver recoinage | 870 |  | 1,125 |
| Imports of gold: |  |  | . |
| Bullion | 15,811 | . | 326,813 |
| Foreign coin |  | 623 | 623 |
| Total | ............. | .................. | 327,436 |
| Exports: |  | 1, 682, 608 | 1, 682, 608 |

[^24]JAPAN-continued.

| Items reported for 1890. | Ounces or kilograms. | Yen. | Value in United States money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Silver imports: |  |  |  |
| Bullion | 308,018 |  | \$398, 245 |
| Foreign coin. |  | 383, 079 | 383, 079 |
| - Total |  |  | 781, 324 |
| Exports: | . |  |  |
| Silver coin. |  | 12,079, 812 | 12, 079, 812 |
| Bullion | 8,813 | .....-..... | 11,394 |
| Total |  |  | 12, 091, 206 |
| Product of mines: |  |  |  |
| Government mines (gold) | 「26.756 |  | 17,782 |
| Government mines (silver) | * 708,594 |  | 29,449 |
| Stock of gold |  | 88, 468, 182 | 88, 468, 182 |
| Stock of silver. |  | 60, 205, 516 | 60, 205, 516 |
| Government and bank notes outstanding |  |  |  |
| Government |  | 33,272,714 | 33, 272, 714 |
| National bank |  | 25, 810, 720 | 25,810,720 |
| Bank of Japan (convertible silver notes). |  | 75, 709, 157 | 75, 709, 157 |

[^25]It is reported that silver coins, consisting of dollars of the fineness of .900 , and half-dollars, and 20,10 , and 5 cent silver pieces of a lower grade of fineness were struck at the mint at. Canton during the year 1890.

According to the assays of the coins, published in the report of the Deputy Master of the Royal Mint, London, the degrees of fineness were: for the dollar, 884.2 ; half-dollar, 848.2 ; and of the smaller denominations 807.3, 808, and 811.1, respectively, showing that the coins differ very largely in fineness from standard, and the weights of the coins are said to be fairly correct.

## WORK OF THE BUREAU OF THE MINT.

The work of the Bureau of the Mint during the last fiscal year was well and faithfully performed.

Owing very largely to the importance which coinage and currency questions have assumed in national legislation, the work of the Bureau has been unusually heavy, requiring, in addition to the regular work, the compilation of a vast amount of statistical matter.

All of this work has been cheerfully met and promptly performed by the small clerical force at my disposal without any increase of force. I am, very respectfully, yours,

Edward O. LeECH, Director of the Mint.

## Hon. Charles Foster, Seoretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDIX.

## I.-Deposits and Purchases of Gold and Sllver by

| Description. | Coinage mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
| GOLD. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozz. | Standard oz. | Standard oze. |
| Domestic bullion. | 3,273.833 | 821,910.976 | 87,051. 186 | 269.672 |
| Domestic coin. | 7,714. 371 | 364.228 | ............. | 1, 299.885 |
| Foreign bullion | 1,811.965 | 127, 075.577 |  | 2,926.656 |
| Foreiga coin | 38.446 | 208, 881.346 |  | 330.389 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, cte | 50,431.986 | 1,165.852 |  | 2, 106.465 |
| Total. | 63,270.601 | 1,159,397.979 | 87, 051.186 | 6,933.067 |
| Redeposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars |  |  |  |  |
| Unparted bars | 345, 954.282 |  |  |  |
| Total gold receired............. | 409, 224. 883 | 1, 159, 397.979 | 87, 051.186 | 6,933.067 |
| SILVER. |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic bullion. | 40, 023, 553. 13 | 7, 020, 836. 59 | 1, 949, 542. 75 | 4, 028, 799. 41 |
| Domestic coin. | 533, 049.88 | 170,787.00 | 10.30 | 743.11 |
| Trade dollars. | 809.97 | 105.27 | ........ | 22. 60 |
| Foreigu bullion | .121; 268.72 | 969, 803. 35 |  | 136, 675.16 |
| Foreign coin | 2,119.85 | 11,682. 40 |  | 57,322. 57 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc. | 286, 320.07 | 2,104.99 |  | 12,249.71 |
| Total. | 40, 967, 121. 62 | $8,175,319.60$ | 1,949,553. 05 | 4, 235, 812.56 |
| Redeposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars | 203, 044.45 | 581, 170.00 | 140, 401. 61 | 3,446, 231.55 |
| Unparted bars | 2, 089, 460.31 |  |  | 3, 482, 578.00 |
| Total silver received : . . . . . . . . . | 43, 259, 626.38. | 8, 756, 489.60 | 2, 089,954.66 | 11, 164, 622. 11 |
| Gold and silver deposits and purchases | 41, 030, 392.221 | 9,334,717.579 | 2,036,604. 236 | 4, 242, 745, 627 |
| Redeposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Gold | 345, 954, 282 |  |  |  |
| Silver | 2, 292, 504.76 | 581, 170.00 | 140, 401. 61 | 6, 928,809. 55 |
| Total gold and silver received... | 43, 668, 851, 263 | 9, 915, 887. 579 | 2, 177, 005. 846 | 11, 171, 555. 177 |

## APPENDIX.

Weight, during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| assay offices. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | St. Louis. | Total. |
| Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. |
| 607, 266. 275 | 61, 206.490 | 31, 809.371 | 50, 322. 174 | 12, 509.613 . | 20,467.943 | 1,696, 087. 533 |
| - $20,170.264$ | 813.111 |  | 4.569 |  | 1,015.357 | 31, 381.785 |
| 84, 966. 924 | 1, 059.733 |  |  |  | 105, 874 | 217, 916. 729 |
| 234, 509. 197 |  |  | 16.952 |  |  | 443,776. 330 |
| 159,017.030 | 401.071 |  | 308.835 | 14.760 | 3,473.421 | 216, 919.420 |
| 1,105,929.690 | 63, 480.405 | 31, 809.371 | 50, 652. $530 \cdot$ | 12, 524.373 . | 25,062,595 | 2,606, 111. 797 |
| 247, 307. 540 |  |  |  |  |  | 247, 307.540 |
| 244.434 | 143.919 | 4,672. 218 | 344.725 | 10,437 | 90.848 | 351, 460.863 |
| 1,353,481.664 | 63, 624. 324 | 36,481. 589 | 50, 997. 255 | 12, 534.810 | 25,153.443 | 3, 204, 880. 200 |
| 3, 217, 311. 66 | 16,083.85 | 15,471.77 | 16,820.67 | 907.65 | 7,467.71 | 56, 296,795. 19 |
| 663.53 |  |  |  |  |  | 705,253.82 |
| 2,310.63 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,248. 47 |
| 735, 952.70 | 624.98 |  |  |  | 17.56 | 1,964,342.47 |
| 2,118, 761.21 |  |  | 16. 31 |  |  | 2,189, 902. 34 |
| 399, 096. 21 | 315.42 |  | 168. 69 | 11.02 | 3,147.91 | 703,414.02 |
| 6, 474, 095.94 | 17, 024. 25 | 15, 471.77 | 17, 005. 67 | 918.67 | 10,633.18 | 61, 862, 956. 31 |
| 36,750. 14 |  |  |  |  |  | 4.407. 597.75 |
| 25, 015.82 | 82.94 | 1,603. 01 | 284.94 | 1.40 | 83.44 | 5, 599, 109:86 |
| 6, 535, 861.90 | 17, 107. 19 | 17, 074.78 | 17, 290. 61 | 320.07 | 10,710.62 | 71, 869, 663.92 |
| 7,580, 025.630 | 80,504.655 | 47, 281.141 | 67, 658. 200 | 13,443.043 | 35, 695.775 | 64, 469, 068. 107 |
| 247, 551. 974 | 143.919 | 4,672. 218 | 344.725 | 10,437 | 90.848 | 598,768.403 |
| 61,765.96 | 82.94 | 1,603.01 | 284.94 | 1.40 | 83.44 | 10, 006, 707.61 |
| 7, 889, 343. 564 | 80,731. 514 | 53, 556. 369 | 68, 287.865 | 13,454. 880 | 35, 870.063 | 75, 074, 544. 120 |

II.-Deposits and Purchases of Gold and Silver, by

| Description. | coinage mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
| gold. |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic bullion.. | \$60,908. 52 | \$15, 291, 366.99 | \$1, 619, 556. 94 | \$5, 017.15 |
| Domestic coin. | 143, 523.18 | 6,776. 33 |  | 24, 183.91 |
| Foreign bullion .. | 33, 710.98 | 2, 364, 196.78 | ............... | 54,449.41 |
| Foreign coin | 715. 27 | 3, 886, 164. 58 |  | 6,146.77 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc | 938, 209.51 | 21, 690.27 |  | 39,190. 05 |
| Total. | 1,177, 127.46 | 21, 570, 194. 95 | 1,619,550.94 | 128,987.29 |
| Redeposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars |  |  |  |  |
| Unparted bars. . | 6, 430, 358.73 |  |  |  |
| Total gold received. | 7, 613, 486. 19. | 21, 570, 194.95 | 1,619, 556.94 | 128, 987.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic bullion...................... | 46, 572, 861.82 | 8,169,700. 76 | 2, 268, 558.83 | 4, 688, 057.50 |
| Domestic coin. | 620, 276.22 | 198, 733.96 | - 11.98 | 864.71 |
| Trade dollars. | 942.51 | 122.50 |  | 26.30 |
| Foreign bullion | 141, 112.69 | 1,128, 498.44 |  | 159,040.19 |
| Foreign coin | 2, 466.74 | 13,594. 07 |  | 66,702. 62 |
| Jewelers' bars, old plate, etc | $333,172.45$ | 2,449.44 |  | 14,254. 20 |
| Total. | 47, 670, 832.43 | 9, 513, 099. 17 | 2, 268, 570.81 | 4, 928, 945. 52 |
| Redeposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Fine bars | 236, 269.90 | 676, 270.54 | 163, 376. 42 | 4, 010, 160.35 |
| Unparted bars..................... | 2,431, 372.00 |  |  | 4, 052, 454.40 |
| Total silver receiyed............ | 50, 338, 474. 33 | 10, 189, 369.71 | 2, 431, 947. 23 | 12,991, 560.27 |
| Gold and silver deposits and purchases. | 48, 847, 959. 89 | 31, 083, 294. 12 | 3, 888, 127.75 | 5, 057,932.81 |
| Redeposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Gold | 6, 436, 358. 73 |  |  |  |
| Silver | 2,667, 641.90 | 676, 270.54 | 163, 376. 42 | 8, 062, 614.75 |
| Total gold and silver received... | 57, 951, 960. 52 | 31, 759, 564. 66 | 4, 051, 504.17 | 13, 120,547. 56 |

Value, during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| assay offices. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Xork. | Denver. | Boise City. | Helena. | Charlotte. | St. Louis. |  |
| \$11, 297, 977.21 | \$1, 138, 725.39 | \$591, 802. 25 | \$936, 226. 49 | \$232, 736. 98 | \$380, 798. 93 | \$31, 555, 116.85 |
| 375, 260.72 | 15, 127.65 | ............... | 85.01 | $\ldots$ | 18,890. 36 | 583, 847.16 |
| 1,580,779.98 | 19,715.90 |  |  |  | 1,960.75 | 4, 054, 822.86 |
| 4, 362,961.80 |  |  | 315.38 |  |  | 8, 256,303. 80 |
| 2, 958,456; 37 | 7,461.79 |  | 5, 745. $77^{\prime}$ | 274.60 | 64, 621.79 | 4, 035, 710. 15 |
| 20,575, 436. 08 | 1,181,030. 79 | 591, 802.25 | 942, 372. 65 | $233,011.58$ | 466, 280.83 | $48,485,800.82$ |
| 4, 601, 070.52 |  |  |  |  |  | 4, 601, 070. 52 |
| 4,547. 61 | 2,677. 56 | 86,924. 98 | 6,413. 49 | 194.18 | 1,690. 19 | 6,538, 806.74 |
| 25, 181, 054.21 | 1, 183, 708. 35 | 678, 727.23 | 948, 786. 14 | 233, 205.76 | 467, 971. 02 | 59, 625, 678.08 |
| 3, 743, 780.84 | 18,715.75 | 1.8,003.51 | 19,573.14 | 1, 056. 18 | 8,689. 70 | 65, 508, 998.03 |
| 772.11 |  |  |  |  |  | 820,658.98 |
| 2,688. 73 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,780. 04 |
| 856, 381.32 | 727. 25 |  |  |  | 20.43 | 2, 285, 780.32. |
| 2, 465, 467. 59 |  |  | 18.97 |  |  | 2, 548, 249.99 |
| 464, 402.86 | 367.03 |  | 196.29 | 12.82 | 3,663. 02 | 818, 518.11 |
| 7,533, 493.45 | 19,810. 03 | 18, 003.51 | 19,788.40 | 1,069.00 | 12,373.15 | 71, 985, 985. 47 |
| 42,763. 80 |  |  |  |  |  | 5, 128, 841. 01 |
| 29, 109.32 | 96.51 | 1,865. 32 | 331.56 | 1.63 | 97.09 | 6, 515,327. 83 |
| 7, 605, 360. 57 | 19,906. 54 | 19, 868.83 | 20,119.96 | 1,070. 63 | 12, 470.24 | 83, 630, 154. 31 |
| 28, 108, 929. 53 | 1, 200, 840.82 | 609, 805. 76 | 962,101. 05 | 234, 080. 58 | 478, 653.98 | 120, 471, 786.29 |
| 4, 605, 618.13 | 2,677.56 | 86, 924.98 | 6,413.49 | 194.18 | 1,600.19 | 11, 139, 877.26 |
| 71,873.12 | 96.51 | 1,865. 32 | 331.56 | 1.63 | 97.09 | 11, 644, 168.84 |
| 32,786, 420.78 | 1,203, 614. 89 | 698,596.06 | 968, 906. 10 | 234, 276.39 | 480, 441. 26 | 143, 255, 832.39 |

## III--Defosits of Unrefined Gold of Domestic Production, with the Stathes

Distribúted, by Weight, duitng the

| Locality. | cornage mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
|  | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. |
| Alaska. |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska. |  | 3, 207.732 | ................ |  |
| Arizona... | 126. 800 | 12, 601. 097 |  |  |
| California.. | 39.720 | 165, 488. 135 | 942.150 |  |
| Colorado .. | 254.326 | 8.227 |  |  |
| Georgia .. | 37.153 |  |  | -232.411 |
| Idaho. | 83. 106 | 5,277. 560 | 2.321 |  |
| Maryland... | 75. 295 |  |  |  |
| Michigan . |  |  |  |  |
| Montana. | 9. 392 | 746.725 |  |  |
| Nevada. |  | 11,401. 722 | 85, 859.322 |  |
| New Mexico. | 485. 574 | 808.615 |  |  |
| North Carolina. | 193.642 |  |  |  |
| Oregon... |  | 9,631.594 |  |  |
| South Carolina . |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee. | 5.147 |  |  |  |
| Utah |  | 3,224.305 | 247. 393 |  |
| Virginia. . | 79.653 |  |  |  |
| Washington. |  | 887.158 |  |  |
| Wyoming . | 23.208 | 14.707 |  |  |
| Other sources | 1,860.817 | 23.843 |  |  |
| Total unrefined. | 3,273.883 | 213, 316.426 | 87,051.186 | 269.672 |
| Refined. |  | 608,594. 550 |  |  |
| Total gold | 3,273.833 | 821, 910.976 | 87,051. 186 | 269.672 |

and Territories Producing the same, and of Refined Domestic Bullion not Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| assay offices. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boise. | Helena. | Charlotte. | St. Louis. |  |
| Standard oz8. ${ }^{17.639}$ \| | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | . 54.900 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,207.732 |
| 2, 087. 179 | 178.362 |  |  |  |  | 14, 993.438 |
| 614.772 | 6.575 |  |  |  | 48.688 | 167, 140,040 |
| 45, 162.122 | 50,147.199 |  | 6.699 |  | 9,901. 246 | 105, 479.819 |
|  |  |  |  | 3,402. 319 | 0: 238 | 3,678. 121 |
| 2,540.002 | 309.778 | 24,836. 305 | 8,762.940 |  | 52.273 | 41, 864. 291 |
| 442.397 |  |  |  | 35. 276 |  | 552.968 |
| 2,924.133 |  |  |  |  | 98.727 | 3, 022.860 |
| 26,617.270 | 58.529 |  | 39, 336.821 |  |  | 66, 768.743 |
| 640.741 |  |  |  |  |  | 97, 901, 785 |
| 3,442.822 | 9,013.625 |  |  |  | 10, 318.283 | 24, 063.919 |
| 142.925 |  |  |  | 2, 404.992 |  | 2, 741. 559 |
| 59.893 | 675.118 | 6,973.066 |  |  |  | 17, 339.671 |
|  |  |  |  | 6, 644.908 |  | 6,644.908 |
| 162,889.843 |  |  | 6.837 |  |  | 162, 896.680 |
| 6.787 | ... |  |  |  |  | 11.934 |
| 1,488.330 | 25.135 |  |  |  | 16.605 | 5, 001. 768 |
| 38.187 |  |  |  | 22.118 |  | 139.958 |
|  |  |  | 2, 208.877 |  |  | 3,096.035 |
|  | 792.169 |  |  |  |  | 830.084 |
| 34, 481.525 |  |  |  |  | 25.888 | 36,392. 068 |
| 283, 596. 573 | 61, 206.490 | 31, 809.371 | 50, 322. 174 | 12, 509. 613 | 20, 467.943 | 763, 823.281 |
| 323,669. 702 |  |  |  |  |  | 932, 264.252 |
| 607; 266. 275 | 61, 206. 490 | 31, 809. 371 | 50,322. 174 | 12, 509.613 | 29, 467.943 | 1,696, 087.533 |

## IV.-Deposits of Unrefined Gold of Domestic Production, with the States Distributed, by Value, during the


and Territorles Producing the same, and of Refined Domestic Bullion not Fiscal Year Ended June 30; 1891.

| Assay ofrices. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boise. | Helena. | Charlotte. | St. Louis. |  |
| \$328.16 |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 021.39 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38,831.24 | \$3,318.36 |  |  |  |  | 278,917. 68 |
| 11, 437.62 | 122.32 |  |  |  | \$905. 82 | 3, 109, 582.13 |
| $840,225.53$ | 932, 971. 15 |  | \$124.63 |  | 184, 209.23 | 1, 962, 415. 25 |
|  |  |  |  | \$63, 298.96 | 116.05 | 68,430.15 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 47,255.85 \\ 8,230.64 \end{array}$ | 5,763.31 | \$ $\$ 162,070.79$ | 163, 031. 44 |  | 972.52 | $778,870.52$ |
|  |  |  |  | 656.30 |  |  |
| 54, 402.47 |  |  |  |  | 1,836. 78 | $56,239.25$ |
| 495, 205.13 | 1,088.91 |  | 731, 847.83 |  |  | 1, 242, 209.16 |
| 11, $920.76{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 821, 428.55 |
| 64, 052.50 | 167, 695.35 |  |  |  | 191,968.06 | 447, 700.82 |
| 2,659.07 |  |  |  | 44, 744.03 |  | 51, 005.74 |
| 1,114. 29 | 12,560. 33 | 129, 731.46 |  |  |  | 322, 598. 53 |
|  |  |  |  | 123,626.19 |  | 123, 626.19 |
| 3, 030, 508.71 |  |  | 127.20 |  |  | 3,030,635.91 |
| 126.27 |  |  |  |  |  | 222.03 |
| 27,689.86 | 467.63 |  |  |  | 308.93 | 93, 056.15 |
| 710.46 |  |  |  | - 411.50 |  | 2,603.88 |
|  |  |  | 41, 095.39 |  |  | 57, 600.66 |
|  | 14, 738.03 |  |  |  |  | 15,443.42 |
| 641, 516. 74 |  |  |  |  | 481.54 | 677, 061.72 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5,276,215.30 \\ & 6,021,761.91 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 138, 725.39 | 591, 802. 25 | 936, 226.49 | 232,736. 88 | 380, 798. 93 | $\begin{aligned} & 14,210,665.64 \\ & 17,344,451.21 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11, 297, 977. 21 | 1, 138, 725. 39 | 591, 802.25 | 930, 226.49 | 232, 736.98 | 380,798. 93 | 31, 555, 110. 85 |
| FI 9 | 1-16 |  |  |  |  |  |

V.-Dipposits of Unrefined Silver of Domestic Production, with the States Distributed, by Whight, during the

and Trarifories Producing the same, and of Refined Domestic Bullion not Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

VI.-Deposits of Unrefined Silver of Domestic Production, with the States Distributed, by Value, during the

| Locality. | coináge mints. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. |
| Alabama |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska |  | \$751. 59 |  |  |
| Arizona. | \$42.97 | 8,983.41 |  |  |
| California. | 8.38 | 28, 299.47 | \$1, 208.84 |  |
| Colorado | 207.17 | 2.00 | ......... |  |
| Georgia.. | 2.91 |  |  |  |
| Idaho | 27.77 | 1,584. 54 | 88.37 |  |
| Maryland . | 4.50 |  |  |  |
| Michigan | 13,444.22 |  |  |  |
| Montana | 1.94 | 71.61 |  |  |
| Nevada. |  | 225, 563.88 | 2, 267, 220.83 |  |
| New Mexico... | 94.49 | 5, 097.57 |  |  |
| North Carolina. | 34.54 |  |  |  |
| Oregon. |  | 1,729. 37 |  |  |
| South Carolina. |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee.......................... . . 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Utah.............................................. 198,581.87 40.79 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington....................................... . 143.87 |  |  |  |  |
| Wyoming ......................... $\quad 2.00 \quad 1.47$ |  |  |  |  |
| Other sources ...................... . 328.51 . 7,947.46 |  |  |  |  |
| Total unrefined | 14, 203. 61 | 478, 708.11 | 2, 268,558.83 |  |
| Refined | 46,558, 658.21 | 7, 690,902. 65 |  | \$4, 688, 057.50 |
| Total silver | 46,572, 861.82 | 8, 169, 700. 76 | 2,268, 558.83 | 4,688, 057.50 |

and Territoris Producing the same, and of Refined Domestic Bullion not Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

VII.-Bars Manufacturtd of Gold and Silver, by

VIII.-Bars Manufactured of Gold and Silver, by


Weight, during Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| assay offices. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boise. | Helena. | Charlotte. | St. Louis. |  |
| Standard ozs. $1,195,803.207$ | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. | Standara ozs. | $\begin{array}{\|r} \text { Standard ozs. } \\ 367.771 \end{array}$ | Standard ozs. | Standard ozs. $1,257,685.525$ |
| 212, 254.275 |  |  |  |  |  | 212, 254.245 |
| 16,773. 237 |  |  |  |  |  | 16,773. 237 |
| 11.184 | 63, 624.324 | 36, 481.589 | 50, 997. 255 | 12, 167.039 | 25, 153.443 | 188, 434.834 |
| 1,424, 841.903 | 63, 624. 324 | 36,481. 589 | 50, 997. 255 | 12, 534. 810 | 25, 153.443 | 1,675,147. 871 |
| 4,304, 883.64 |  |  |  |  | - | 5, 081, 453. 28 |
| 152, 868.64 |  |  |  |  |  | 152, 868.64 |
| 54, 695.74 |  |  |  |  |  | 54, 695. 74 |
| 1; 898, 985.17 | 17, 107. 19 | 17,074. 78 | 17, 290. 61 | 920.07 | 10, 716: 62 | 1,962, 094.44 |
| 6,411, 433.19 | 17, 107. 19 | 17,074. 78 | 17, 290. 61 | 920.07 | 10,716. 62 | 7,251, 112. 10 |

value, during Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| ASSAX OFFICES. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. | Boisé. | Helena. | Charlotte. | St. Louis. |  |
|  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| \$22, 247, 501.53 |  |  |  | \$6, 842. 25 |  | \$23, 398, 800.47 |
| 3, 948, 916. 75 |  |  |  |  | . | 3, 948,916. 75 |
| 312,060. 22 |  |  |  |  |  | 312, 060. 22 |
| 208.07 | \$1,183, 708. 35 | \$678, 727.24 | \$948, 786.14 | 226, 363.51 | \$467, 971.02 | 3, 505, 764. 33 |
| 26,508 686, 57 | 1,183, 708.35 | 678,727.24 | 948, 786.14 | 233.205 .76 | 467, 971.02 | 31, 165, 541.77 |
| 5, 009, 319.14 |  |  |  |  |  | 5, 912, 963. 81 |
| 177, 883.51 |  |  |  |  |  | 177, 883, 51 |
| 63, 645. 95 |  |  |  |  |  | 63,645.95 |
| 2, 209, 728.20 | 19,906. 54 | 19,808. 83 | 20,119.94 | 1,070.63 | 12,470. 24 | 2, 283, 164.38 |
| 7,460,576. 80 | 19, 906. 54 | 19, 868.83 | 20,119.94 | 1,070.63 | 12,470.24 | 8, 437, 657.65 |
| 33, 969, 263.37 | 1, 203, 614.89 | 698,596.07 | 968, 906. 08 | 234, 276. 39 | 480, 441. 26 | 39, 603, 199. 42 |

## IX.-Connage Executed at the Mints of the United States



## X.-Coinage Executed at the Mints of the United States


during the Fiscal Year ended JU'Ne 30, 1891.

| caison. |  | NEW ORLEANS. |  | total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Valne. | Pieces. | Value. |
| $\begin{array}{r} 29,694 \\ 70,232 \\ 175,800 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 593,880.00 \\ 702,320.00 \\ 879,000.00 \end{array}$ | ............... |  | 1, 103, 144 117,010 181,689 12, 311 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 22,062,880.00 \\ 1,170,100.00 \\ 908,445.00 \\ 30,777.50 \end{array}$ |
| 275, 726 | 2,175, 200, 00 | ................. | .-............... | 1, 414, 154 | 24, 172, 202.50 |
| 2,109,041 | 2, 109, 041.00 | 9, 870, 913 | \$9,870, 913.00 | *36, 232, 802 | 36,232, 802.00 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 165,275 \\ 780,475 \\ 17,614,621 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82,637.50 \\ 195,118.75 \\ 1,761,462.10 \end{array}$ |
| ............... | ............. |  |  | 18,560, 371 | 2, $039,218.35$ |
| 2, 109, 041 | 2,109, 041.00 | 9, 870, 913 | 9, 870, 913.00 | 54, 793, 173 | 38, 272, 020.35 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13,238,275 \\ & 50,002,275 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 668,913.75 \\ & 500,022,75 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 63, 340, 550 | 1, 166, 936. 50 |
| 2,384, 767 | 4, 284, 241.00 | 9, 870, 913 | 3, 870, 913. 00 | 119, 547, 877 | 63, 611, 159:35 |


during the Calendar Year ended December 31, 1890.

| carson. |  | new orleans. |  | 'rotal. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 91,209 \\ & 17,500 \\ & 53,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,824,180.00 \\ 17,000.00 \\ 269,000.00 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 969,954 \\ 75,543 \\ 58,128 \\ 8,813 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 19,399,080.00 \\ 755,430.00 \\ 290,640.00 \\ 22,032.50 \end{array}$ |
| 162, 509 | 2, 268, 180.00 |  | ..... | 1,112,438 | 20, 467, 182. 50 |
| 2, 309, 041 | 2, 309, 041. 00 | 10, 701, 000 | \$10, 701. 000.00 | 38,043, 004 | 38,043,004.00 |
|  |  |  | . ................... | $\begin{array}{r} 12,590 \\ 80,590 \\ 11,334,617 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,295.00 \\ 20,147.50 \\ 1,133,461.70 \end{array}$ |
| .............. | ............... |  |  | 11, 427, 797 | 1,159,904. 20 |
| 2, 309, 041 | 2, 309, 041.00 | 10,701, 000 | 10,701.000.00 | 49,470, 801 | 39, 202, 908. 20 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 16,259,272 \\ & 57,182,854 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 812,963.60 \\ & 571,828.54 \end{aligned}$ |
| ............... |  |  |  | 73, 442, 126 | 1, 384, 792. 14 |
| 2, 471,550 | 4,577, 221. 00 | 10,701, 000 | 10, 701, 000.00 | 124, 025, 365 | 61, 054, 882.84 |


| Items. | MIN'S. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | New Orleans. | Carson. |
| Charges for parting and refining. | \$18, 510.74 | \$49;492. 63 | \$772.17 | \$37, 960. 28 |
| Charges for alloy | 419.53 | 1,765. 55 | 10.21 | 158. 29 |
| Charges for assaying, melting, and stamping... |  |  |  |  |
| Seigniorage on standard silver dollars .......... | 2, 370, 175. 08 | 1, 714, 830.78 | 1,722, 412.65 | 413, 914.91 |
| Seigniorage or subsidiary silver................... | 92, 434.48 |  |  |  |
| Seigniorage on minor coins......................... | 1, 050, 144. 31 |  |  |  |
| Profits on medals and proof coins | 2, 025. 93 |  |  |  |
| Deposit melting-room grains and sweepings | 1, 043.39 | 463.78 | 173,63 | 284, 99 |
| Surplus bullion returned by operative offeers... | 3,796. 33 | 16,425.99 | 1,713.28 | 4,203.18 |
| Gain on bullion shipped mint for coinage ....... |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds of sale of old material................... | 905.55 | 700.29 | 370.02 | 345.50 |
| Receipts from assays of bullion. | 278.00 |  |  | 12.00 |
| Receipt from sale of by-products |  | 1, 070.68 |  | 4, 074, 00 |
| Total. | 3, 539, 733. 34 | 1,784, 749.70 | 1,725, 451.96 | $460,953.15$ |

EXPENDITURES

| Salaries of officers and clerks. | 41,364. 56 | 41,100.00 | 31, 908.77 | 29,550.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wages of workmen and adjusters . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 417, 450.70. | 210, 865.86 | 127, 209.61 | 78,631. 57 |
| Contingent expenses, less amount paid to reimburse wastage-and loss on sweeps sold ......... | 93,283. 81 | 47,619.45 | 42, 045.38 | $26,485.68$ |
| Parting and refining expenses, less amount paid to reimburse wastage and loss on sweeps sold. | 19,181.37 | 64,987. 08 | 286.13 | $35,325.99$ |
| Wastages of the operative departments ......... | 2,567.84 | 3,261.74 | 2,774.97 | 3,682.50 |
| Loss on sweeps sold during the year | 2,900. 62 | 3,217.64 | 1,904. 24 | 2,972.58 |
| Expenses of distributing silver | 4,846. 41 | 10, 198.65 | 32,693.71 | 3,113.87 |
| Expenses of distributing subsidiary silver coins. | 2, 051.52 |  |  |  |
| Expenses of distributing minor coins............. | 29,268.86 |  |  |  |
| Minor-coinage metal wasted | 1,188.78 |  |  |  |
| Loss on sale of leady melts. |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 614, 104. 47 | 381, 250.42 | $238,822.81$ | 179, 762.19 |

and Assay Offices for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891. aND GaINS.

| - assay offices. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | Denver. . | Boise. | Charlotte. | Helena. | St. Louis. |  |
| \$93, 210.97 |  |  |  |  | ........... | \$199, 946. 79 |
| 1, 418.i0 |  |  |  |  | ...... | 3,771.68 |
|  | \$1, 496. 82 | \$869. 68 | \$304. 69 | \$1, 210. 59 | \$625. 08 | $4,506.86$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 6, 221, 333. 42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 92, 434.48 |
| - |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 050, 144.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 025:93 |
| 4, 865. 48 | 34S. 10 | 125.79 |  | 640.62 | 209.42 | 8, 155.20 |
| 13, 254.36. |  |  |  |  |  | 39,393. 14 |
|  | 1, 693.76 | 685.62 | 792.71 | 1, 050.65. | 529.59 | 4,752. 33 |
| 47.55 |  |  | 54.95 | 25.50 | 25.00 | 2,475.56 |
| 738.00 | 44.00 | 179.50 | 518.00 | 324.00 | 16.00 | 2, 109. 50 |
| 14, 335.74 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,480.42 |
| 127, 870. 20 | 3,583. 88 | 1, 860.59 | 1,670. 35 | 3, 251.36 | 1, 405.09 | 7, 650, 529.62 |

AND LOSSES.

| 39, 250.00 | 10,950.00 | 3,200. 00 | 2,750.00. | 7,571.75 | 3,500.00 | 211, 145. 08 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24,636.75 | 13, 706, 25 | 5,857. 50 | 1,116.90. | 12,587.00 | 912.50 | 892, 974. 64 |
| 10,000.00 | 2,431.48 | 1,630.40 | 882.86 | 4, 478. 07 | 1,486.89 | 230, 344, 02 |
| 95,312. 10 |  |  |  |  |  | 215, 092. 67 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,287.05 |
| 4,855. 33 |  |  |  |  |  | 15,850.41 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 50, 852.64 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,051. 52 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $29,268.86$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,188.78 |
| 84.16 |  |  |  |  |  | 84.16 |
| 174, 138. 34 | 27, 087.73 | 10,687.90 | 4,749.76 | 24, 636.82 | 5,899.39 | 1, 661, 139. 83 |

Dr.

[^26]
XIII.-Assets and Liabilities of United

ASSETS.

| Institutions. | GOLD BULLION. |  | SILVER BULLION. |  | Value of bullion shipped for coinage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard onnces. | . Value. | Standard ounces. | Value (cost). |  |
| COINAGE MLNTS. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia. . . . . . | 1,731, 646. 104 | \$32, 216, 671.25 | 29, 498, 524.19 | \$27, 428, 669.69 |  |
| San Francisco. | 105, 106.598 | 1,955, 471.47 | 1. $475,445.10$ | 1,336, 159.12 |  |
| New Orleans. | 46, 952.578 | $873,536.87$ | 3, 192, 285.16 | 3,588,661. 31 |  |
| Carson | 55, 924. 157 | 1, 040, 449.44 | 345, 226.99 | 309,520. 57 |  |
| ASSAY OTFICES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York. | 1, 354, 397.428 | $25,198,091.46$ | 429,907.06 | 429, 012. 48 |  |
| Denvor . | 3,206.584 | 59,657. 38 | 855.05 | 743.89 |  |
| Helena. | 2,601. 071 | 48,392. 03 | 923.70 | 803.61 | \$12, 074. 68 |
| Boisé | 1,881.777 | 35, 009.83 | 449.68 | 391.22 | $24,262.07$ |
| Charlotte |  |  |  |  | 16,516.93 |
| St. Louis. | 834, 319 | 15, 522.23 | 312.73 | 272.08 |  |
| Total. | 3, 302, 550. 616 | 61, 442, 801.96 | 34, 943, 929. 66 | 33, 094, 233.97 | 52,853. 68 |

LIABILITIES.


States Mints and Assay Offices, June 30, 1891.
ASSETS

| Gold coin. | Silver coin. | Treasury notes. | Minor coin. | Minor coinage metal. | Olddeficiencies. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1, 374, 072. 50 | \$51, 221, 249. 35 | \$331; 549.69 | \$63,809. 35 | \$67, 615. 04 |  | \$112, 703, 636.87 |
| 6,413,355.00 | 36, 428, 488.35 | 971, 481. 11 |  |  | \$413, 557.96 | 47, 518, 513.01 |
| 170,000. 00 | 10, 891, 867.19 | 307, 102. 62 |  |  |  | 15, 831, 167.99 |
| 1, 953,835.00 | 2, 885, 248.38 | 501,'921. 16 |  |  |  | 6, 690, 974. 55 |
| 20, 506, 165. 51 | $55,435.58$ |  |  |  |  | 46, 188, 705.03 |
| 52,157.12 |  |  |  |  |  | 112, 558.39 |
| 16,538.01 |  |  |  |  |  | 77, 808.33 |
| 20,165.88 |  |  |  |  |  | 79,829.00 |
| 25,597. 09 |  |  |  |  |  | 42,114.02 |
| 13, 411.77 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  | ' $29,206.08$ |
| . $30,545,297.88$ | 101, 482, 288.85 | 2, 112, 054.58 | 63,809. 35 | 67, 615.04 | 413,557.96 | 229, 274, 513. 27 |

LIABILITIES.

XIV.-Medars Manuractured at the Mint at Philadelfhia, during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.


## XIV.-Medals Manufactured at the Mint of the United States at Pinladelphia, etc.-Continued.

| Name. | Gold. | Silver. | Bronze. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pittsburg Female College (McKee) | 1 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania Historical Society |  | 9 |  |
| Pauline. |  | 1 |  |
| Pennsylvania Volunteers (Lake Erie). |  |  | 5 |
| Revolver Match : |  |  |  |
| First prize. | 4 |  | 1 |
| Second-class prize. |  | 12 | 1 |
| Third-class prize.. |  |  | 25 |
| St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical | 1 |  |  |
| St. John's Commandery No. 4. |  |  | 50 |
| United States Naval Iustitute | 1 |  | .......... |
| Vanderbilt University.. | 9 |  |  |
| Vessel Owners' and Captains' Associati |  | 2 |  |
| Watson............ | 1 |  |  |
| Washington and Lee University. | 3 |  |  |
| Washington Wreath Medalets. |  | 1,000 |  |
| Washington and Lincoln Medalets. |  | 22 |  |
| Wradom, William |  |  | 15 |
| Total | 191 | 1, 502 | 1,600 |

XV.-Connage Dies Exicuted at the Mint at Philadelphia during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Denomination. | Philadelphia. | San Francisco. | Carson. | New Orleans. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| gold connage. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Double eagle. | 2 | 30 | 10 |  | 42 |
| Eagles.. | 6 | . | 16 | 4 | 26 |
| Half eagle. | 5 |  | 16 |  | 21 |
| Quarter eagle. | 4 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Total | 17 | 30 | 42 | 4 | 93 |
| silver coinage: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard dollars | 81 | 73 | 40 | 100 | 294 |
| Half dollars | 10 |  |  |  | 10 |
| Quarter dollars | 39 | 20 |  |  | 59 |
| Dimes | 182 | 60 |  | 20 | 262 |
| Total | 312 | 153 | 40 | 120 | 625 |
| Five-cent................... | 146 |  |  |  | 146 |
| One-cent. | 340 |  |  |  | 340 |
| Total | 486 |  |  |  | 486 |

TOTAL NOMBER OF DIES.
Gold coinage ..... 93
Silver coinage ..... 625
Minor coinage ..... 486
Proof coinage ..... 20
Secretary Windom ..... 3
Director of the Mint. ..... 2
Superintendent of the Mint ..... 2
Indian peace. ..... 2
Annual assay ..... 2
Railway Mail Service ..... 2
Total. ..... 1,237
FI 91 ..... 17
XVI.-Expenditures from Silyer' Profit Fund on Account of Transportation of Silver Coin during Fiscal Year 1891.

| Quarter. | MINT AT PḦLladelphia. |  |  |  | mint at gan mrancisoo. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Transportation of standard silver dollars. | Transpor tation of subsidi. arysilver. | Bags, boxes, labor, and incidentals. | Total. | Transportation of standard silver dollars. | Trans-portation of subsidi. arysil. ver. | Bags, boxes, labor, and incidentals. | Total. |
| Third quarter, 1890 | \$1,023.78 | \$264. 15 | \$36.00 | \$1, 323.93 | \$2, 226. 30 |  | \$603. 65 | \$2, 829.95 |
| Fourth quarter, 1890. | 1,262.50 | 517.15 | 378.89 | 2,158. 54 | 2,726,55 |  | 900.33 | 3,626.88 |
| First quarter, 1891... | 994.50 | 299.35 | . 88.90 | 1,382. 75 | 1,720.55 |  | 465.10 | 2, 185.65 |
| Second quarter, 1891.. | 976.00 | 514.25 | 542.46 | 2, 032.71 | 993.80 |  | 562.37 | 1,556.17 |
|  | 4, 256.78 | 1,594.90 | 1, 046. 25 | 6, 897.93 | 7,667. 20 |  | 2,531.45 | 10,198.65 |
| Quarter. | Mint at new orleang. |  |  |  | MLNT AT CARSON. |  |  |  |
|  | Transpor tation of standard silver dollars. | Transpor tation of subsidiary silver. | Bags, boxes, labor, and incidentals. | Total. | Transpor tation of standard silver dollars. | Trans-portation of subsidary silver. | Bags, boxes, labor, and incidentals. | Total. |
| Third quarter, 1890... <br> Fourth quarter, 1890, <br> First quarter, 1891... <br> Secondquarter, 1891.. | \$9,920. 75 |  | \$444.41 | \$10, 365.16 | \$927. 35 |  |  | \$927. 35 |
|  | 6,893. 34 |  | 752.89 | 7, 646.23 | 1,545. 48 |  |  | 1,545. 48 |
|  | 4, 049.17 |  | 249.00 | 4, 298.17 | 407.69 |  |  | 407.69 |
|  | 10,287.93 |  | 96.22 | 10,384.15 | 233.35 |  |  | 233.35 |
|  | 31,151.19 |  | 1,542.52 | 32,693.71 | 3,113.87 |  |  | 3,113.87 |

XVII.—Expenditures for Distribution of Minor Coins from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1891.

|  | Fiscal year. | Amount expended. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879. |  | \$1,299.97 |
| 1880. |  | 12,592.83 |
| 1881. |  | 23,763.46 |
| 1882. |  | $24,565.84$ |
| 1883. |  | 28,512. 54 |
| 1884.. |  | 29,152. 32 |
| 1885. |  | 12,251. 98 |
| 1886. |  | 847.17 |
| 1887. |  | 15,914. 55 |
| 1888. |  | 24,500.78 |
| 1889. |  | 23, 441. 04 |
| 1890. |  | 23, 923.76 |
| 1891. |  | 29,268. 86 |
|  |  | 250.035 .10 |

## XVIII.Wastage and Loss on Sale of Sweeps, Fiscal Year 1891.

| Losses. | mint at - |  |  |  | Assay office, NewYork. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Philadel phia. | San Fran cisco. | New Onleans. | Carson. |  |  |
| Coiner's gold wastage.. | \$42. 20 | \$889. 71 |  | \$187.93 |  | \$1,110. 84 |
| Melter and refiners' silver wastage |  |  |  | 3,103.95 |  | 3,103.95 |
| Coiner's silver wastage | 2, 525. 64 | 2, 372. 03 | \$2,774.97 | 390.62 |  | 8,063.26 |
| Loss on sale of sweeps | 2, 900.62 | 3, 217. 64 | 1,904. 24 | 2,972.58 | \$4, 855.33 | 15, 850. 41 |
| Total | 5, 468.46 | 6, 479.38 | 4,679.21 | 6,655.08 | 4, 855. 33 | 28, 137.46 |
| Paid as follows: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From contingent appropriation | 244.82 |  |  | 289.44 |  | 534.26 |
| From parting and refining appropriation. | 238.46 |  | 26.57 | 409.93 |  | 674.96 |
| From surplus bullion | 3,720.33 | 6, 479.38 | 328: 29 | 5, 014.01 | 4, 855.33 | 20,397. 34 |
| From silver profit fund | 1,264. 85 |  | 4,324.35 | 941.70 |  | 6,530.90 |
| Total | 5, 468.46 | 6, 479,38 | 4,679.21 | 6,655.08 | 4,855.33 | 28, 137.46 |

XIX.-Monthly Purchases of Sllyer Bullion, under act of Februairy 28, 1878, Fiscal Year, 1891.

XX.-Monthly Purchases of Silver Butimon under Act of July 14, 1890, Fiscal Year 1891.

XXI.-Monthly Purchases of Silver Bullion, during Fiscal Year 1891, under the Acts of February 28, 1878 and July 14, 1890.


## XXII.-Quantity and Cost of Silver used in the Coinage of Silver Dollars,

## PHILADELPHIA.

|  | Month. |  | COINED. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
|  | 1890. |  |  | - |
| July |  |  | 515, 625.00 | \$486,066. 95 |
| August. |  |  | 130,625.00 | 123,764. 22 |
| September . |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  | 646, 250.00 | 609.831 .17 |

SAN FRANCISCO.


NEW ORLEANS.


CARSON.

wasted and sold in Sweeps, Fiscal Year 1891, under Act of February 28, 1878.
PHILADELPHIA.


SAN FRANCISCO.


NEW ORLEANS.


CARSON.

recapitulation.

| Months. | COINED. |  | wasted and sold in SWEEPS. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |
| July | 1,976,562. 50 | \$1., 836, 606. 34 | 3, 865. 15 | \$3, 522.38 |
| August. | 1, 093, 125.00 | 1,032, 389.55 | 1, 274. 68 | 1,178. 04 |
| September. | 386, 71.8. 75 | 361, 005. 27 | 5,024.05 | 4, 695. 44 |
| October. | 666, 015.63 | 626, 821.02 | ......... |  |
| November | 853,679.02 | 801, 925. 14 | 681.94 | 647.95 |
| December. | 885, 191.47 | $839,458.33$ | 694.22 | 659.62 |
| - 1891. |  |  |  |  |
| January ... | 859, 375. 00 | 816, 547. 30 |  |  |
| February | 429,687. 50 | 408, 273.65 | 683.72 | 649.64 |
| March | ' $355,851.72$ | 338,117. 56 | ........ |  |
| April... |  |  |  |  |
| May. | 5,011.00 | 4,761. 29 |  |  |
| June... |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7,511, 218.49 | 7, 065, 905. 45 | 12, 223.76 | 11, 353, 07 |

XXIII.-Quantity and Cost of Silver used in the Conage of Silver Dol

PHILADELPHIA.

| Montlis. |  | Conned. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
|  | 1890. |  |  |
| August. |  | 859.375. 00 | \$017, 102.72 |
| September. |  | 1, 117, 187.50 | 1, 185, 106. 45 |
| October. |  | 1, 289, 062.50 | 1,323, 364.55 |
| November | : | 1,375, 000.00 | 1,357, 394.35 |
| December. |  | 1,375, 107.42 | 1, 345, 183.10 |
|  | 1831. |  |  |
| Janaary ... | $\therefore$ | 1,375,000.00 | 1, 334, 837.60 |
| February . |  | 1,031, 250.00 | 985, 125. 32 |
| March |  | 1, 031, 456. 25 | 970, 954.14 |
| April: |  | 859,375.00 | 799, 774.42 |
| May. |  | 1, 074, 218. 75 | 992, 618.37 |
| June |  | 773, 532. 03 | 711, 007. 73 |
| Total |  | 12, 160, 564. 45 | 11, 922, 468.75 |

Silver Dollars, wasted and sold in Sweeps, etc.-Continued.
RECAPITULAIION.

| balance transferred to ACT OF 1890. |  | TOTAL EMPLOYMENT. |  | Dollars coined. | Seigniorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ouncès. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | 1,980, 427.65 | \$1,840, 128.72 | 2,300,000 | \$463, 393.66 |
|  |  | 1, 094, 399.68 | 1, 033, 567. 59 | 1,272,000 | 239,610.45 |
|  |  | 391, 742.80 | 365, 700.71 | 450, 000 | 88,994. 73 |
|  |  | 666, 015.63 | 626, 821.02 | 775, 000 | 148, 178.98 |
| . 61 | \$0.57 | 854,361.86 | 802, 573. 09 | 993, 373 | 191, 447.86 |
| . 66 | . 59 | 885, 885.69 | 810, 117.95 | 1,030,041 | 190, 582.67 |
|  |  | 859, 375.00 | 816, 547. 30 | 1,000,000 | 183452.70 |
|  |  | 430,371. 22 | 408, 923. 29 | 500,000 | 91,726. 35 |
|  |  | 355, 851.72 | 338, 117. 56 | 414,082 | 75, 964.44 |
| . 61 | . 58 | 5, 011.00. | 4, 761. 29 | 5,831 | 1, 069. 71 |
| 1.88 | 1.74 | 7,523, 442. 25 | 7, 077, 258. 52 | 8,740, 327 | $1674,421.55$ |

lars, Weasted and Sold in Sweeps, Fiscal Year, 1891, Act of July 14, 1890.
PHILADELPHIA.

| WASTED AND SOLD In Sweeps. |  | total employment. |  | Dollars coined. Pieces. | Seigniorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | 859, 375.00 | \$917, 102. 72 | 1,000,000 | \$82, 897. 28 |
|  |  | 1,117, 187. 50 | 1, 185, 106. 45 | 1,300, 000 | 114, 893.55 |
|  |  | 1,289, 062, 50 | 1,323, 364, 55 | 1,500,000 | 176,635.45 |
|  |  | 1,375,000.00 | 1,357, 394. 35 | 1,600,000 | 242, 605.65 |
| 3,938. 89 | \$ $\$ 3,888.46$ | 1,379, 046. 31. | 1,349, 071.56 | 1, 600,125 | 254, 941.90 |
|  |  | 1,375, 000.00 | 1,334, 837.60 | 1,600,000 | $265,162.40$ |
|  |  | 1,031, 250.00 | 985, 125. 32 | - 1,200,000 | 214, 874.68 |
|  |  | 1,031, 456. 25 | 970, 954.14 | 1,200,240 | 229, 285.86 |
|  |  | 859,375.00 | 799, 774.42 | 1,000,000 | 200, 225. 58 |
|  |  | 1, 074, 218.75 | 992, 618. 37 | 1, 250,000 | 257, 381. 63 |
| . $8,217.88$ | 7, 580. 25 | 781.749 .91 | 718; 587.98 | 900, 110 | 189, 102.27 |
| 12, 156. 77 | 11,468. 71 | 12, 172, 721.22 | 11,933, 937.46 | 14, 150, 475 | 2, 228;006. 25 |

## XXIII.-Quantity and Cost of Silver used in the Coinage of SAN FRANCISCO.

|  | Months. | corned. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
|  | 1890. | - |  |
| August |  | 257, 812, 50 | \$271, 343.14 |
| September. |  | 515, 625.00 | 541,781. 27 |
| October. |  | 502, 734. 37 | 510,613.62 |
| November . |  | 232, 031. 25 | 228, 887.69 |
| December.. |  | 638,515.63 | 618, 044. 58 |
|  | 1891. |  |  |
| January |  | 674, 609. 37 | 648, 082.18 |
| February |  | 588, 671.88 | 558, 353. 65 |
| March |  | 601, 562.50 | 564, 280.88 |
| April.... |  | 859, 375. 00 | - 794, 899.50 |
| May |  | 730, 468.75 | 667, 829.76 |
| June. |  | 859, 375.00 | 778, 247.68 |
| Total |  | $6,460,781.25$ | 6, 182, 363.95 |

## NEW ORLEANS.



CARSON CITAY.


Silver Dollars, Wasted and Sold in Sweeps, etc.-Continued.
SAN FRANCISCO.

| Wasted and sold in sweeps. |  | total emplotment. |  | Dollars coined. Pieces. | Seigniorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | 257, 812. 50 | \$271,343.14 | 300,000 | \$28, 656. 86 |
|  |  | 515, 625.00 | 541, 781.27 | 600,000 | 58, 218.73 |
|  |  | 502, 734.37 | 510, 613.62 | 585, 000 | 74, 386. 38 |
|  |  | 232, 031.25 | 228, 887.69 | 270,000 | 41,112.31 |
|  |  | 638,515. 63 | 618, 044. 58 | 743, 000 | 124, 955. 42 |
|  |  | 674,609.37 | 648, 082.18 | $785,000$ | 136, 917. 82 |
|  |  | 588, 671.88. | 558, 353.65 | 685, 000 | 126, 646.35 |
|  |  | 601, 562.50 | $564,280.88$ | 700, 000 | 135, 719.12 |
|  |  | 859,375. 00 | 794, 899. 50 | 1,000,000 | 205, 100.50 |
|  |  | 730,468.75 | 667, 829. 76 | 850, 000 | 182, 170.24 |
| 2, 619.30 | \$2,372.03 | 861, 994.30 | 780, 619.71 | 1,000,000 | 221, 752. 32 |
| 2,619.30 | 2,372. 03 | 6, 463, 400. 55. | 6, 184, 735.98 | 7,518,000 | 1,385,636.05 |

NEW ORLEANS.


CARSON CITY.


## XXIII.-Quantity and Cost of Silver used in the Coinage of

## RECAPITULATION.


XXIV.-Quantity and Cost of Silver used in the Colnage of Silver Dol under both the acts of Febr

| Months. | coined. |  | WASTED AND SOLD IN SWEEPS. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard ounces. | Cost. | Standard ounces. | Cost. |
| 1890. | . |  |  |  |
| July | 1, 076, 562. 50 | \$1, 836, 606.34 | 3,865.15 | \$3,520. 30 |
| August. | 2,450, 937. 50 | 2, 470, $449.54^{\circ}$ | 1,274. 68 | 1,168.04 |
| September | 2, 621, 093.75 | 2, 714, 293.24 | 5, 924.05 | 4, 695. 44 |
| October. | 2, 887, 500.00 | 2, 900,477. 35 |  |  |
| November | 2, 959, 148. 67 | 2, 873; 764.42 | 681.94 | 647.95 |
| December | 3, 050, 064. 52 | 2,950,367.16 | 4,633.11 | 4,568.08 |
| 1891. |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 3, 080, 859.37 | 2, 966,055. 74 |  |  |
| February | 2, 608, 203. 13 | 2, 483, 134.81 | 683.72 | 649.64 |
| March | 2,581,839. 22 | 2, 429, 786, 23 |  |  |
| April. | 2, 299, 687.50 | 2, 127, 763.10 | 4, 020.74 | 3,686. 05 |
| May.... | 2, 227, 354. 75 | 2, 044, 164. 97 |  |  |
| June. | 2, 222, 438.28 | 2,016, 902.97 | 19,313. 35 | 17,891. 92 |
| Total. | 30, 065, 689.19 | 29, 813, 765.87 | 39,496. 74 | 36,829.42 |

Silver Dollars, Wasted and Sold in Sweeps, etc.-Continued.
RECAPITULATION.

lars, Wasted and Sold in Sweeps Monthly during the Fiscal Year 1891, uary 28, 1878 and July 14, 1890.

| balance transferred to act of 1890. |  | TOTAL EMPLOYMENT. |  | Dollars coined. | Seignorage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard ounces. | $\stackrel{\circ}{\text { Cost. }}$ | Standard ounces. | Cost. |  |  |
|  |  | 1, 980, 427.65 | \$1, 840, 128.72 | \$2,300, 000 | \$463. 393.66 |
|  |  | 2, 452, 212.18 | 2,471,627.58 | 2,852,000 | 381, 550.46 |
|  |  | 2, 626, 117.80 | 2, 718,988.68 | $3,050,000$ | 335, 706: 76 |
|  |  | 2,887,500.00 | 2,900,477.35 | 3,360,000 | 459, 522.65 |
| . 61 | $\$ 0.57$ | 2,959, 830.61- | 2, 874,412.37 | 3,443, 373 | 569, 008.58 |
| . 66 | . 59 | 3, 054, 697. 63 | 2, 954, 915. 24 | 3,549, 166 | 598, 798, 84 |
|  |  | 3, 080, 859.37 | 2,966, 055.74 | 3,585,000 | 618,944. 26 |
|  |  | 2, 608,886.85 | 2, 483, 784.45 | 3,035, 000 | $551,865.19$ |
|  |  | 2, 581, 839. 22 | 2, 429, 786.23 | 3,004, 322 | 574, 535.77 |
|  |  | 2, 303,708. 24 | 2, 131, 449.15 | 2, 676,000 | 548, 236. 90 |
| . 61 | . 58 | 2, 227, 354.75 | 2, 044, 164.97 | 2,591,831 | 547, 666.03 |
|  |  | 2, 241, 751.63 | 2,034,794.89 | 2,586, 110 | 569, 207. 03 |
| 1.88 | 1.74 | 31, 005, 185. 93 | 29, 850, 585. 37 | 36, 032, 802 | 6, 219, 036.13 |

XXV．－Table showing the Number of Coins and Fineness of Each，from the Colnage of the Calendar Year 1890，assaybd by the Annual Assay Commission，and Monthly by the Assayer of the Mint Bureau．

Table A．－GOLD．

| Fineness． | P＇hiladelphia． |  | San Fraucisco． |  | Carson City． |  | New Orleans． |  | Total． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 㸗 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 㕀 } \\ & \text { 号 } \\ & \text { 号 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 霜 } \\ & \text { 哥 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 膏 } \\ & \text { 总 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 宫 | E 会 | ＇otal． |
| 900.6 | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． 1 | Pieces． |
| 900.5. |  |  | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| 900．4．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | 2 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| 900.3. | 2 |  | 1 | 5 |  | 4 |  |  | 3 | 9 | 12 |
| 900.2 |  |  |  | 7 | 4 | 2 |  |  | 4 | 9 | 13 |
| 900.1. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 9 |  | 2 |  |  | 6 | 13 | 19 |
| 900 （standard）．．．．．．． | 9 | 11 |  | 27 | 3 | 23 |  |  | 12 | 61 | 73 |
| 899.9. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 5 |  |  | 3 | 12 | 15 |
| 899.8. | 1 | 6 |  | 11 |  | 2 |  |  | 1. | 19 | 20 |
| 899.7. | 1 |  |  | 11 |  | 4 |  |  | 1 | 15 | 16 |
| 899.6. |  |  | 1 | 6 |  | 1 |  |  | 1. | 7 | 8 |
| 899.5 |  |  |  | 4. |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |
| 899.4. |  |  | 1 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| 899.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 899.2. |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| ＇Total pieces．．．． | 79 | 20 | 9 | 92 | 12 | 44 | ．．．－．．． |  | 40 | 156 | 196 |
| Av＇erage fine． ness | 900.03 | 899.95 | 900.11 | 899.91 | 900.02 | 900：00 | ． |  | 900.05 | 899． 94 | 899.96 |

Table B．－SILV́ER．

| Fineness． | Philadelphia． |  | San Fraucisco． |  | New Orleains． |  | Carson City． |  | Total． |  | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 荮 } \\ & \text { 畐 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 毕 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 豆 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 峦 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 感 } \\ & \text { 易 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 离 } \\ & \text { 3 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 902.7. | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． | Pieces． |
| 902.0. |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 7 |
| 901.8. |  | 4 |  | 4 |  |  |  | 6 |  | 14 | 14 |
| 901.6. |  | 4 |  | 8 |  | 1 |  | 4 |  | 17 | 17 |
| 901.3. |  | 1 | 1 | 7 |  | 1 | 1 | 12 | 2 | 21 | 23 |
| 901.1 |  | 23 |  | 16 |  | 7 |  | 19 |  | ＊ 65 | 65 |
| 900.9. |  | 27 |  | 24 |  | 4 |  | 18 |  | 73 | 73 |
| 900.7. | 1 | 46 | 1. | 24 |  | 17 | 1. | 13 | 3 | 99 | 102 |
| 900.4. | 3 | 52 |  | 31 | 1 | 26 | 2 | 30 | 6 | 139 | 145 |
| 900.2 ． | 11 | 44 |  | 32 | 1 | 43 | 1 | 19 | 13 | 138 | 151 |
| 900 （standard） | 2 | 62 | 2 | 42 |  | 72 | 2 | 18 | 6 | 194 | 200 |
| 899.8. | 2 | 24 | 2 | 14 | 1 | 53 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 99 | 105 |
| 899.6. | 2 | 22 | ． 2 | 35 | 1 | 37 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 96 | 102 |
| 899.3. | 4 | 4 | 4 | 7 |  | 14 |  |  | 8 | 25 | 33 |
| 899.1 |  | 4 |  | 10 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 17 | 19 |
| 898.9 |  |  |  | 5 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 5 | ， |
| 898.6. |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1. |  | 4 |  | 4 |
| 898.4. |  |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |
| 898.2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| Total pieces | 26 | 317 | 17 | 260 | 10 | 278 | 10 | 155 | 63 | 1，010 | 1， 073 |
| Average fine－ ness $\qquad$ | 899.95 | 900.33 | 899.89 | 900.27 | 899.30 | 899.98 | 900.10 | 900.67 | 899.86 | 900.30 | 900.27 |

XXVa．－Coins of the several Degrees of Finéness，in Percentage of the whole Number of Cons assayed．

Table C．－GOLD．

| Fineness． | Philadelphia． |  | San Francisco． |  | Carson City |  | New Orleans． |  | Total． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 氐 } \\ & \text { 号 } \end{aligned}$ | B B B | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 官 } \\ & \text { है } \\ & \text { है } \end{aligned}$ | $\dot{3}$ $\vec{Z}$ B B |  | $\begin{aligned} & B \\ & \text { 咅 } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { ? } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{y}{3} \\ & \stackrel{y}{8} \end{aligned}$ |  | 号 | Total． |
| 900.6. |  |  |  | 1.08 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | ．．． | ． 64 | ． 51 |
| 900.5. |  |  | 22.22 |  |  | 2.27 | ．．．．．． |  | 5.00 | ． 64 | 1． 53 |
| 900.4 |  |  | 22.22 | 1.08 | 16.66 |  |  |  | 10.00 | ． 64 | 2． 55 |
| 900.3. | 10.53 |  | 11.11 | 5.43 |  | 9.09 |  |  | 7.50 | 5.77 | 6． 12 |
| 900.2 |  |  |  | 7.60 | 33.33 | 4． 54 |  |  | 10.00 | 5.77 | 6.63 |
| 900.1. | 26.31 | 10.00 | 11． 1.1 | 9.77 |  | 4.54 |  |  | 15.00 | 8.38 | 9.69 |
| 900.0 （standard） | 47． 37 | 55.00 |  | 29.85 | 25.00 | 52.26 |  |  | 30.00 | 39.10 | 37． 23 |
| 899.9. | 5． 26 | 5.00 | 11．I1 | 6.52 | 8.33 | 11.36 |  |  | 7.50 | 7.69 | 7． 65 |
| 899.8. | 5.26 | 30.00 |  | 11． 95 | ．．．．． | 4.54 | －．．．．． | $\cdots$ | 2.50 | 12． 18 | 10.20 |
| 899.7. | 5.26 | ．．．．．． |  | 11.95 | ．．．．． | 9.09 |  |  | 2.50 | 9.61 | 8.16 |
| 899.6. |  |  | 11.11 | 6.52 |  | 2.27 | ．．．．． |  | 2.50 | 4． 49 | 4.08 |
| 899.5. |  |  |  | 4． 34 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.56 | 2.04 |
| 899.4 |  |  | 11.11 | 4.34 | 8．33 |  |  |  | 5.00 | 2.56 | 3.06 |
| 899.2. |  |  |  |  | 8．33 | ．．．．．．． |  |  | 2.50 |  | ． 51 |
| －Average fineness | 900.03 | 899.95 | 900.11 | 899.91 | 900.02 | 900.00 |  |  | 900.05 | 899.94 | 899.96 |
| Mass melt． | 900.10 |  | 900.00 |  | 900.00 |  | $\because \cdots$ |  | ．．．．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．．．．． |

Table D．－siluver．

| Fineness． | Philadelphia． |  | San Francisco． |  | New Orleans． |  | Carson City． |  | Total． |  | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 霖 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{7} \\ & \text { 总 } \\ & \text { id } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 菏 } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 寄 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | 获 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{A} \\ & \text { 畐 } \end{aligned}$ | 噪 | －空。 |  |
| 902.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． 64 |  | ． 10 | ． 09 |
| 902. |  |  |  | ． 77 |  |  |  | 3.23 |  | ． 69 | ． 65 |
| 901.8. |  | 1.20 |  | 1.54 |  |  |  | 3.87 |  | 1.39 | 1． 30 |
| 901.6 |  | 1.26 |  | 3.08 |  | ． 36 |  | 2.58 |  | 1． 68 | 1． 58 |
| 901.3. |  | ． 31 | 5.88 | 2.69 |  | ． 36 | 10.00 | 7.74 | 3.17 | 2.08 | 2.13 |
| 901.1. |  | 7.25 |  | 6.15 |  | 2.51 |  | 12.20 |  | 6.43 | 6.06 |
| 900.9. |  | 8.51 |  | 9.23 |  | 1.44 |  | 11．62 |  | 7.22 | 6.80 |
| 900.7. | 3.85 | 14.59 | 5.88 | 9.23 |  | 6.11 | 10.00 | 8.38 | 4.76 | 9.80 | 9.50 |
| 900.4. | 11． 53 | 16.38 |  | 11.54 | 10.00 | 9.33 | 20.00 | 19.35 | 9.52 | 13.76 | 13.49 |
| 900.2. | 42． 30 | 13.86 |  | 12.31. | 10.00 | 15.47 | 10.00 | 12． 26 | 20.63 | 13.66 | 14.07 |
| 900 （standard） | 7.69 | 19．53 | 11.76 | 16.15 |  | 25.90 | 20.00 | 11.62 | 9.52 | 19.21 | 18.65 |
| 899.8. | 7.69 | 7.56 | 11.76 | 5.38 | 10.00 | 19.04 | 10.00 | 5．17 | 9.52 | 9.80 | 9.75 |
| 899.6. | 7.69 | 6.93 | 11.76 | 13.46 | 10.00 | 13.31 | 10.00 | 1． 29 | 9.52 | 9.50 | 9.52 |
| 899.3. | 15． 38 | 1.26 | 23.53 | 8.69 |  | 5.03 |  |  | 12.69 | 2.48 | 3.09 |
| 899.1. |  | 1.26 |  | 3.85 | 20.00 | 1.08 |  |  | 3.17 | 1.68 | 1.76 |
| 898.9. |  |  |  | 1.92 | 20.00 |  |  |  | 3.17 | ． 50 | ． 65 |
| 898．6．． | 3.85 |  | 5.88 |  | 10.00 |  | 10.00 |  | 6.34 |  | ． 37 |
| 898.4. |  |  | 11.76 |  | 10.00 |  |  |  | 4.76 |  | ． 28 |
| 898.2. |  |  | 11.76 |  |  |  |  |  | 3.17 |  | ． 18 |
| Average fineness | 899.95 | 900.33 | 899.89 | 900.27 | 899.30 | 899.98 | 900.10 | 900.67 | 899.86 | 900.30 | 900.27 |
| Mass mel | 900 |  | $900$ |  | 899.80 |  | 900.70 |  |  |  |  |

## XXVI.-Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver during the fiscal Year 1891.

## [Prepared by the Bureau of Statistics, Treasury Department.]

IMPORTS.


[^27]
## XXVI-Imports and Exports of Gold and Sulver, etc.-Continued.

IMPORTS-Continued.


FI 91-18
XXVI.-Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver, etc.-Continued.

DOMES'LIC EXPORTS.

| Ports. | buluion. |  |  |  |  |  | Total gold and silver bulliou. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. |  |  | Silver. |  |  |  |
|  | U. S. mint or assay office bars. | Other bullion. | Total. | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { O. S. mint } \\ \text { or assay } \\ \text { office bars. } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Other bullion. | Total. |  |
| NEW YORE, N. Y. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July, 1890 | \$10, 181, 359 | \$1, 010, 931 | \$11, 192, 290 | \$55, 000 | \$2,188, 641 | \$2, 243, 641 | \$13,435, 931 |
| August, 1890 | 1,763,968 | 16,415 | 1,780,383 | 57, 000 | 823,630 | 880,630 | 2,661, 013 |
| September, 1890 |  | 14,686 | 14,686 | 114, 856 | 2,055, 250 | 2, 170, 106 | 2, 184, 792 |
| October, 1890.. |  | 50,843 | 50,843 |  | 182, 750 | 182, 750 | 233,593 |
| November, 1890. | 2,225 | 14, 809 | 17,034 |  | 1, 295,904 | 1, 295, 904 | 1,312, 938 |
| December, 1890 |  | 39,806 | 39, 806 | 48,000 | 1,097, 254 | 1,145, 254 | 1, 185, 060 |
| January, 1891. |  | 35, 402 | 35, 402 |  | 941, 900 | 941, 900 | 977, 302 |
| February, 1891 | 2, 394, 377 | 617,827 | 3, 012, 204 |  | 1, 003, 202 | 1, 003, 202 | 4, 015, 406 |
| March; 1891. | 603, 000 | 116,912 | 719, 912 | 50, 800 | 1, 265, 349 | 1, 316, 149 | 2,036,061 |
| April, 1891. |  | 32,740 | 32, 740 | 100, 000 | 1, 159, 145 | 1, 259, 145 | 1, 291, 885 |
| May, 1891. | 173, 773 | 115,405 | 289, 178 |  | 100, 196 | 100, 196 | 389, 374 |
| June, 1891 |  | 36,956 | 36,956 | 220, 413 | 642, 251 | 862, 664 | 899, 620 |
| Total | 15,118,702 | 2, 102, 732 | 17,221, 434 | 646, 069 | 12,755,472 | 13, 401, 541 | 30, 622,975 |
| san franciscó, cal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July, 1890.. |  | 839 | 839 |  |  |  | 839 |
| August, 1890. |  | 2,425 | 2,425 |  |  |  | 2, 425 |
| September, 1890. |  | 3, 080 | 3,080 |  |  |  | 3,080 |
| October, 1890 |  | 540 | 540 |  |  |  | 540 |
| November, 1890 |  | 955 | 955 |  | 48,000 | 48,000 | 48,955 |
| December, 1890 |  | 3,850 | 3,850 |  |  |  | 3,850 |
| January, 1891. |  | 876 | 876 |  |  |  | 876 |
| February, 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March, 1891. |  | 320 | 320 |  | 183, 400 | 183, 400 | 183, 720 |
| April, 1891. |  |  |  |  | 140,450 | 140,450 | 140,450 |
| May, 1891. |  | 160 | 160 |  | 24,000 | 24, 000 | 24, 160 |
| June, 1891........... |  | 172 | 172 |  |  |  | 172 |
| Total |  | 13,217 | 13,217 |  | 395, 850 | 395, 850 | 409, 067 |
| ALL OTHER PORTS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July; 1890... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August, 1890... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September, 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........... |
| October, 1890... |  |  |  | .... | .......... |  |  |
| November, 1890 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December, 1890 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January, 1891... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February, 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March, 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April, 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May, $1891 . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June, 1891............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total domestic exports (bullion) $\qquad$ | 15, 118,702 | 2,115, 949 | 17, 234, 651 | 646, 069 | 13,151, 322 | 13, 797, 391 | 31,032, 042 |

XXVI.-Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver, etc.-Continued. DOMLS'IIC EXPORTS-Continued.


## XXVI.-Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver, ETC.-Continued.

## FOREIGN EXPORTS.

| Ports. | BULLION. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| NEW YORK, N. Y. |  |  |  |
| July, 1890 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| October, 189 |  |  |  |
| November, 18 |  |  |  |
| December, 1890 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| May, 1891 |  |  |  |
| June, 1891 |  |  |  |
| Total | 11, 770: | 29, 914 | 41, 084 |
| San francisco, cas. |  |  |  |
| July, 1890, ........................................................................ |  |  |  |
| Angust, 1890............................................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| October, 1890.................................................. . . |  |  |  |
| November, 1890....................................... .................. .................. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| January, 1891. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| February, |  |  |  |
| March, 1891............................................................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Mяу, 1891............................................. .................................................... |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |
| ALL OTHER PORTS. |  |  |  |
| July, 1890.. |  |  |  |
| Angust, 1890........................................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| September, 1890.................................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| October, 1890........................................... ..................................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| November, 1890........................................................................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| January, 1891.......................................... ....................................................... |  |  |  |
| February, 1891. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| March, 1891....................................... . .................................................. |  |  |  |
| April, 1891............................................ ..................................................... |  |  |  |
| May, 1891......................................... ..................................................... |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total $\qquad$ <br> Total foreign exports (bullion) |  |  |  |
|  | 11,770 | - 29,914 | 41,684 |

## XXVI.-Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver, etc.-Continùed. FOREIGN EXPORTS-Continued.

| Ports. | coin. |  | * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| NEW YORK, N. Y. |  |  |  |
| July, 1890. | \$203, 794 | \$185,000 | \$388, 794 |
| August, 1890 | 119,000 | 622,529 | 741, 529 |
| September, $1890 . . .$. | 989 | 86,676 | 87, 665 |
| October, 1890. | 6,213 | 14;578 | 20,791 |
| November, 1800 | 25,607 | 219,310 | 244, 917 |
| December, 1890. | 14,954 | 508, 720 | 523, 674 |
| January, 1891 | 245, 871 | 323, 063 | 568, 934 |
| February, 1891 | 449, 678 | 296, 158 | 745, 830 |
| Maich, 1891. | 252, 516 | 228, 691 | 481, 207 |
| April, 1891 | 20;000 | 241, 763. | 261,763 |
| May, 1891 | 61, 400 | 355, 077 | 416,477 |
| June, 1891. | 11,311 | 147,497 | 158, 808 |
| Total | 1,411,333 | 3, 229, 062 | 4, 640,395 |
| san franclisco, eal. |  |  |  |
| July, 1890 . |  | 344, 054 | 344, 054 |
| August, 1890. |  | 496, 915 | 496,915 |
| September, 1890 |  | 321, 866 | 321, 866 |
| October, 1890. |  | 336, 278 | 336, 278 |
| Norember, 1890 |  | 500, 217 | 500,217 |
| December, 1890 |  | 1,157,655 | 1,157, 655 |
| January, 1891 |  | 297, 373 | 297, 373 |
| February, 1891 |  | 282, 896 | 282, 896 |
| March, 1891 |  | 303, 983 | 303, 983 |
| April, 1891. |  | 430, 518 | 430, 518 |
| May, 1891. |  | 222, 860 | 222, 860 |
| June, 1891 |  | 510,536 | 510,536 |
| Total |  | 5, 205, 151 | 5, 205, 151 |
| all other ports. | . |  |  |
| July, 1890.. | ..... | 25, 014 | - 25,014 |
| August, 1890 | .............. | 18,874 | -18,874 |
| September, 1893. |  | 4,548 | 4,548 |
| October, 1890.. |  | 10,086 | 10,086 |
| November, 1890 |  |  |  |
| December, 1890 |  | 5,892 | 5,892 |
| January, 1891. |  | 19,251 | 19,251 |
| February, 1891 |  | 1,800 | 1,800 |
| March, 1891. |  | 3,582 | 3,582 |
| April, 1891. |  | 2,400 | - 2,400 |
| May, 1891. |  | ${ }^{\circ} 1,700$ | 1,700 |
| June, 1891. |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 93, 147 | 93, 147 |
| Total foreign exports (coin) | 1,411,383 | 8,527,360 | 9,938,693 |

## XXVI.-Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver, etc.-Continued.

RECAPIIULATTON.


XXYI.-Values. of Gold and Silver Ores Importad into and Exported from the United States During the Fiscal Year. 1891:

IMPORTS.

| Months. | NEW YORE. |  | SAN FRANCISCO. |  | PASO DEL NORTE TEX. |  | ALL OTHER CUS. TOMS DISTRTCTS. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
| July, 1890 | \$30 | \$5,513 |  | \$17, 267 |  | \$375, 540 | \$12, 150 | \$281, 844 |
| August, 1890 |  | 16,774 |  | 12, 4.07 |  | 346, 003 | 19, 443 | 317, 964 |
| September, 1890 | 369 | 15,604 |  | 49,930 |  | 451,955 | 24,521 | 414, 348 |
| October, 1890 |  | 6, 830 |  | 39,363 |  | 431,997 | 14, 856 | 279,094 |
| November, 1890 |  | 5, 723 |  | 28,235 |  | 285, 456 | 15,558 | 235, 245 |
| December, 1890 |  | 25, 704 |  | 72,482 |  | 296, 267 | 11, 040 | 209, 651 |
| January, 1891. |  | 24,513 |  | 30, 205 |  | 370, $846{ }^{\circ}$ | 3,420 | 171, 424 |
| February, 1891 |  | 84, 253 |  | 57, 878 |  | 382, 394 | 7, 143 | 231,909 |
| March, 1891. | 15 | 66, 621 |  | 25,998 | \$601 | 390, 203 | 5,700 | 286, 297 |
| A pril, 1891. | 750 | 19,764 |  | 35, 027 | 3,960 | 301, 222 | 16, 269 | 356, 070 |
| May, 1891. | 532 | 20, 027 |  | 78,705 | 19,876 | 421, 367 | 23,679 | 409,313 |
| June, 1891 | 1,026 | 43,401 |  | 63,513 | 14, 374 | 435,165 | 19,485 | 426,237 |
| Total | 2,722 | 334, 727 |  | 511, 070 | 38,811 | 4, 488, 415 | 173, 270 | 3, 619,396 |

Total imports of gold ores, $\$ 214,803$; silver ores, $\$ 8,953,608$.
XXVII.-Values of ${ }^{\circ}$ Gomd and Silver Ores Imported into and Exported from the United States During the Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.

EXPORTS.

| Months. | DOMESTIC EXPORTS. |  |  | FOREIGN EXPORTS. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold and silver bearing ores. |  |  | New York. |  | All other districts. |  |
|  | Baltimore. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { York. } \end{aligned}$ | All other districts. | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
| July, 1890 |  | \$20,640 |  |  | \$845 | \$34 | \$506 |
| Angust, 1890 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,259 |
| September, 1890 |  | 67 |  |  | 2,000 |  | 1,358 |
| October, 1890 | \$5 |  |  |  | 1,557 |  | 2, 275 |
| November, 1890 |  | 1,000 |  |  | 2,200 |  | 3,457 |
| December, 1890. |  | 225 |  |  | 1,200 | $\cdots$ | 5,095 |
| January, 1891 | 90 |  |  |  | 24, 222 | 175 | 19,686 |
| February, 1891 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,226 |
| March, 1891 |  | 2 r 050 |  |  | 3,200 |  | 6,965 |
| April, 1891. |  | 4, 565 |  |  |  |  | 7,193 |
| May, 1891 |  | 3,000 |  |  |  |  | 10,931 |
| June, 1891. |  | 2,900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 95 | . 34,447 |  |  | 35, 224 | 209 | 68, 951 |

[^28]XXVIII.-Statement, by Countries, of the Imports of Gold and Silver

|  |  |  | LD. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Co |  |
|  | Ore. | Bullion. | United States. | Foreign. |
| Brazil |  |  | \$1, 691 | \$691 |
| Central American States: |  |  |  |  |
| Costa Rica |  | - \$7,763 | 1, 200 | 47,459 |
| Guatemala |  | 3,782 |  |  |
| Honduras | \$350 | 144 |  |  |
| Nicaragua. | 7, 104 | 69, 769 | 22, 170 | 1,000 |
| Salvador |  |  | 10,430 |  |
| Chili |  |  |  |  |
| China |  |  | 832 | -. |
| Colombia. | 1,791 | 324, 010 | 439, 243 | 63,574 |
| Eenador. |  | 2,250 | 650 |  |
| Danish West Indies |  |  | 73, 800 | 22,866 |
| France. |  |  |  | 472, 850 |
| French possessions, all other (in America) |  |  |  | 8,389 |
| Germany |  | 24 | 1, 348,403 | 1,410, 385 |
| Great Britain and Ireland |  | 145,995 |  | 2, 447, 901 |
| Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island | 30 |  |  |  |
| Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, and the Northwest Territory- | $690^{\circ}$ | *2,188 | $\therefore$ |  |
| British Columbia |  | 399, 472 |  |  |
| British West Indies. |  | 11,940 | 237, 807 | 60, 916 |
| British Honduras. |  | 46; 584 | 5,669 |  |
| British Africa. |  |  |  | 4,557 |
| British Australasia |  | - | 2,141 | 5,851, 526 |
| Hawaian Islands |  | 50 | 1,000 |  |
| Hayti |  |  | 16,670 |  |
| Japan. |  |  |  | 10,300 |
| Mexico. | 204, 356 | 1, 073, 243 | 29,515 | 154,592 |
| Netherlands. |  |  | 3,620 |  |
| Dutch West Indies .......................... |  |  | 22,805 | - 31,425 |
| Dutch Guiana. | 482 | 3,390 |  |  |
| Portngal... |  |  |  |  |
| Azores, Marleira, and Cape Verde Islands |  |  | 41,686 | 515 |
| San Domingo |  | 300 | 20,708 | 328, 208 |
| Cuba. |  | 12,580 | 527,546 | 2, 375, 133 |
| Puerto Rico Island |  |  | 8,350 | 11, 100 |
| Venezuela. |  | 1,550 | 8, 120 |  |
| Total. | 214; 803 | 2, 105, 034 | 2, 824, 146 | 13, 303, 387 |

*Including \$528, bars, etc.

## DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

into the Unted States during the fiscal Year 1891.

| SILVER. |  |  |  | Total including ores. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ore. | Bullion. | Coin. |  |  |
|  |  | United States. | Foreign. |  |
|  |  | \$111 | \$568 | - \$3,061 |
|  |  | . 7,390 | 13, 101 | 76,913 |
| .................... | - \$53,603 |  | 213,597 | 270,982 |
| \$3,994 | - 8,764 |  | 119.059 | 132, 311 |
|  |  | 1, 000 | 23,683 | 124,726 |
| 4,236 |  |  | 56, 956 | 71,622 |
| . 2,395 |  |  |  | 2,395 |
|  |  |  | 78 | 910 |
| 8,861 | 171,360 | 98,416 | 1,647,060 | 2, 754, 315 |
| ..................... | ............. | 250 | ............. | 3,150 |
|  |  | 8, 053 | 38, 752 | 143, 561 |
|  |  |  |  | 472,850 |
|  |  |  | 32, 850 | 41,239 |
|  | 838, 992 | 5,453 | 1,456 | 3, 604, 713 |
|  | 388, 304 |  | 10,000 | 2,992, 200 |
|  |  |  |  | - 30 |
| 219,096 | 872 | 2, 232 |  | 225, 078 |
| - 35,174 | 2,958 |  |  | 437, 604: |
| .................... |  | 125,006 | 45,346 | 481, 015 |
|  | - 3,380 | 2,000 | 388, 663 | 446, 296 |
|  |  |  | 1,120 | 5,677 |
| .................... | 3,173 |  | 12,034 | 5,868,874 |
|  |  | 12,000 | 1,470 | 14,520 |
|  |  | 9,000 | 1,510 | 27, 180 |
|  |  |  | 8,014 | 18,314 |
| 8, 679, 845 | 4, 848, 771 | 3,392 | 8,187, 918 | 23,181,632 |
|  |  |  |  | 3,620 |
|  |  | 28,923 | 85,964 | 169, 117 |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{6} 650$ | 4,522 |
|  |  |  | 1,800 | 1, 800 |
|  |  | 1,634 | 3,195 | . 47,030 |
|  |  | 13,420 | 62, 074 | - 424,710 |
|  | 1,800 | 6, 804 | 145, 787 | 3, 069,650 |
|  |  |  | 276,958 | 296,408 |
| 7 |  | 156 |  | 9,833 |
| 8, 953, 608 | 6, 321, 977 | 325, 240 | 11, 379,663 | 45, 427,858 |

## XXIX-Statement, by Countries, of the Exports of Domestic

| Countries to which exported. | GOLD. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bullion. |  | Coin. |
|  | U. S. Mint or assay office bars. | Other bullion. |  |
| Brazil |  |  | \$6,326 |
| Central Anserican States: |  |  |  |
| Costa Rica |  |  | 18,387 |
| Guatemala. |  |  | 68,699 |
| Honduras. |  |  | 5, 000 |
| Nicaragua |  |  | 9,250 |
| - Salvador. |  |  | 4,848 |
| Colombia |  |  | 121,849 |
| France... | \$173,773 | \$35, 237 | 14, 450,005 |
| Ecuador . |  |  | 10,000 |
| Gexmany | 3,497,377 | 603, 500 | 12,429,500 |
| Great Britian and Treland ................... | 11, 447,552 | 1,453,995 | 35, 285, 950 |
| Quebec, Ontario, Manitobet and the Northwest Territory. |  |  | 1,200 |
| British Columbia .................................. |  |  |  |
| British West Indies |  | 10,000 | 20,100 |
| British Honduras... |  |  |  |
| British East Indies |  |  | 10, 250 |
| Hong-Kong. |  | 13, 217 | 559,585 |
| Hawaiian lslauds. |  |  | 925, 120 |
| Hayti. |  |  | 1,368,175 |
| Japan. |  |  | 33,000 |
| Mexico |  |  | 56,699 |
| Peru. |  |  | 15,000 |
| Santo Domingo. |  |  | 13, 864 |
| Cuba .... |  |  | 630, 200 |
| Venezuela |  |  | 1,661,893 |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15,118,702 | 2, 115,949 | 67, 704, 900 |

XXX-Statement, by Countries, of the Exports of Foreign


Gold and Silver during thaf Fiscal Year 1891.

| , | SLIV |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ore, gold and silver bearing. | Bullion. |  | Coin. | Total, including ores. |
|  | U. S. Mint or assay office bars. | Other bullion. |  |  |
|  |  | \$562, 809 |  | \$569, 135 |
|  |  |  |  | 18,387 |
|  | ................. |  | \$6,220 | 74, 5,919 |
|  |  |  |  | 9, 250 |
|  |  |  | 4,828 | 4,848 126,677 |
|  | .................... | 116, 384 | 4,828 | 14, 775,349 |
|  |  |  |  | 16, 539,542 |
| 25, 355 | \$646,069 | 12,076,329 | 7,870 8,747 | $60,945,050$ 9,947 |
| . |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,500 | 31, 600 |
|  | . |  | 2,200 | 2, 200 |
|  |  | 298, 850 |  | 309,100 572,802 |
|  |  |  | 2,150 | 927,270 |
| 22 |  | 97, 000 | 7,000 | $1,375,197$ $+130,000$ |
|  |  | 97, 0 | 54,890 | 111, 589 |
|  |  |  |  | 13,000 |
|  |  |  | 1,395 |  |
|  |  |  | 78 | 1,661, 971 |
| 34, 542 | 646, 069 | 13,151,322 | 236,323 | 99, 007, 807 |

Gold and Sliver during the Fiscal Yuar 1891.

|  | silver.* |  | Total, including ores. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ore. | Bullion. | Coin. |  |
| \$3,605 |  | \$8,476 | $\$ 3,605$ 21,574 |
|  |  | 147, 231 | $\begin{array}{r} 487 \\ 1.47,231 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | -35, 465 | 36,965 |
|  |  | 28,285 | 28,285 |
|  |  | 80,415 | 80,415 38000 |
|  |  | 38,20 40,229 | 40,327 |
| 788 |  | 283, 350 | 284, 088 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array} \begin{array}{r}83,946 \\ \hline 15,886 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 29, 914 | 2,910 2304,598 | 84,856 2373,688 |
|  | 29, 14 | 2, 304,5009 | 2, 4 45, 009 |
|  |  | 280, 000 | 280, 000 |
|  |  | 3,775 | -3,775 |
|  |  | 4, 036, 2784 | 4,036, 274 |
|  |  | 805,000 | 805, 000 |
|  |  | 113, 680 | 116, 145 |
|  |  | [ ${ }_{2} 131$ | ${ }_{7} 131$ |
|  |  | 62,430 | - $\begin{array}{r}7,320 \\ \hline 1,730 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  | 224, 067 | 1,251, 263 |
|  |  | 4,841 | 332,730 |
| 104, 175 | 29, 914 | - 8; 527,360 | 10,084, 761 |

XXXI.-Comparison of the Business of the Mints and assay Offices for the Fiscal Years 1890 añd 1891.

DEPOSITS, BARS MANUFACTURED, AND COINAGE.


## XXXI.-Comparison of the Business of the Mints and Assay Offices, ETC.-Continued.

DEPOSITS, BARS MANUFACTURED, AND COINAGE-Continued.

| Coinage mints. | TOTAL COINAGE: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. |  | 1891. |  |
|  | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. |
| Philadelphia. | 93, 707, 137 | \$23, 384, 424. 53 | 94, 749, 632 | \$18, 433, 713.15 |
| San Francisco. | 6,535, 474 | 22, 657, 812.40 | 12,542,565 | 31, 022,292. 20 |
| Carson. . | 1,530,460 | $3,287,200.00$ | 2, 384, 767 | 4, 284, 241.00 |
| New Orleans. | 10,925, 000 | 10,925, 000.00 | $9,870,913$ | 9,870,913.00 |
| Total | 112, 698, 071 | 60, 254, 436. 93 | 119, 547,877 | $68,611,159.35$ |

BULLION OPERATIONS AND WASTAGE:

| Institutions. | gold bullion received by melter - and refiner. |  | SILVER BULLION RECEIVED by Melter and refiner. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1891. | 1890. | 1891. |
| Philadelphia.. <br> San Francisco <br> Carson......... <br> New Orleans.. <br> New York.... | Standard ozz. $\begin{array}{r} 864,019 \\ 2,064,228 \\ -\quad 275,708 \\ \hdashline \quad 40,040 \\ 1,049,624 \end{array}$ | Stendard ozs. $\begin{array}{r} 824,873 \\ 2,267,141 \\ 276,851 \\ 45,105 \\ 686,101 \end{array}$ | Standard ozs. 37, 429, 865 $9,558,586$ - $2,880,261$ $19,239,543$ 5, 964, 068 | Standard ozs. $\begin{array}{r} 35,390,724 \\ 15,929,990 \\ 3,905,587 \\ 17,642,783 \\ 3,472,898 \end{array}$ |
| Institutions. | gold bullion regeived by coiner. Silver bullion received by coiner. |  |  |  |
|  | 1890. | 1891. | 1890. | 1891. |
| Philadelphia.. San Francisco. Carson......... New Orleans.. | Standard ozs. $\begin{array}{r} 285,599 \\ 2,043,040 \\ \cdots \quad 192,722 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Standard ozs. } \\ 67,560,768 \\ 2,289,359 \\ 230,402 \end{array}$ | Standard ozs. $\begin{array}{r} 35,425,055 \\ 8,644,912 \\ 2,422,845 \\ 18,800,244 \end{array}$ | Standard ozs. $\begin{array}{r} 31,108,225 \\ 16,205,310 \\ 3,228,681 \\ 17,382,560 \end{array}$ |
| Institutions. | gold wastage or melter and |  | silver wastage of melter and mefiner. |  |
|  | 1890. ${ }^{\circ}$ | 1891. | 1890. | 1801. |
|  | Standard ozs. | Standarl ozs. | Standardozs. | Standard ozs. |
| Carson. |  |  |  |  |
| New Orleans |  |  |  |  |
| New York |  |  |  |  |
| Iustitutions. | gold wastage of coiner.' |  | shyer wastage of coner. |  |
|  | 1890. | 1891. | 1890. | 1891. |
| Philadolphia... <br> San Francisco. <br> Carson. $\qquad$ <br> New Orleans... | Standard ozs. <br> 11 <br> 52 <br> 6 | Standard ozs. <br> 2 <br> 48 <br> 10 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Standard ozs. } \\ 4,554 \\ 1,602 \\ 374 \\ . \quad 3,322 \end{array}$ | Standard ozs. $\begin{array}{r} 2,747 \\ \quad 2,619 \\ +\quad 335 \\ \quad 3,027 \end{array}$ |

XXXII.-UnRefined Gold and Sllver of Domestic Production, its Distribution by States and Territories, also Refined Domestic Bullion (not distributed), Deposited at the Mints and Assay Oheices, from their Organization to the close of the Fiscal Year, 1891.

| Locality. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$235, 354.83 | \$134.08 | \$235, 468.91 |
| Alaska | 810, 105. 37 | 7, 578. 30 | 817, 683.67 |
| Arizona | 5,361, 963.00 | 13, 857, 358, 04 | 19, 219, 321. 04 |
| California. | 757, 713, 300.94 | 4, 097, 079.65 | 761, 810, 380.59 |
| Colorado | 60, 140, 436. 68 | 24, 467, 565. 29 | 84, 608, 001. 97 |
| Georgia | 8,895,835. 72 | 5,393. 39 | 8, 901, 220.11 |
| Idaho. | 32, 597, 083.87 | 1,889, 772.19 | 34, 486, 856. 06 |
| Indiana. | 40.13 |  | 40.13 |
| Maine | 5,638. 20 | 22.00 | 5,660.20 |
| Maryland. | 18,288. 28 | 36. 86 | 18,325.14 |
| Massachusetts. |  | 917. 56 | 917.56 |
| Michigan | 274, 407. 24 | 3, 889, 408.06 | 4, 163, 815.30 |
| Montana. | 67, 118, 541.81 | 16,556, 225.39 | 83, 674, 767.20 |
| Nebraska | 2, 078.76 | 22.84 | 2, 101.60 |
| Nevada. | 29, 883, 948.37 | 100, 279, 775.49 | 130, 163, 723.86 |
| New Hampshire | 11,501.89 | 1.74 | 11,503.63 |
| New, Mexico | 4, 595, 031.94 | 6,676, 169.03 | 11, 271, 200.97 |
| North Carolina | 11, 604, 867.79 | 57, 874. 36 | 11,663, 742.15 |
| Oregon | 20,593, 009. 86. | 80,324. 72 | 20,673, 334. 58 |
| Penusylvania. | 1,138. 34 | 2, 588.47 | 3,726. 81 |
| South Carolina | 1, 908,676.79 | 2,668. 51 | 1, 911, 345.30 |
| South Dakota. | 39, 423, 766.21 | 917, 262.60 | 40,341, 028.81 |
| Tennessee | 89,747. 45 | 12.27 | 89,759.72 |
| Texas | 3,626. 02 | 5,526.83 | 9, 152.85 |
| Utal | 1, 142, 713.54 | 19,576,538.48 | 20, 719, 252.02 |
| Vermont | 85, 598.21 | * 49.94 | 85, 648.15 |
| Virginia | 1,743, 100.86 | 392.40 | 1, 743, 493. 26 |
| Washington | 627, 178.16 | 6,671.77 | 633, 849.93 |
| Wyoming. | 808, 660. 48 | 12, 860. 30 | 821, 520. 78 |
| Other sources or localities | 40, 938,815. 41 | 42, 685, 179. 70 | 83, 623, 995.11 |
| Total unrefined. | 1, 086, 634, 436.15 | 235, 075, 410.26 | 1, 321, 709, 846.41 |
| Refined bullion | 373, 851, 817.32 | 367, 498, 914. 54 | 741, 350, 731.86 |
| Total. | 1, 460, 486, 253.47 | 602, 574, 324, 80 | 2,063, 060, 578.27 |

XXXIII．－Price of Silver in London per Ounce，British Standard，（．925，） since 1833，and the Equivalent in United States Gold Coin of an Ounce 1，000 fine，taken at the Average Price．

| Calendar year． | Lowest quota． tion． | Highest quota－ tion． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aver- } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { quota. } \\ & \text { tion. } \end{aligned}$ | Value of a fine ounce at average quotation． | Calendar y $\theta$ ar． | Lowest quota－ tion． | Highest quota－ tion． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aver- } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { quota- } \\ & \text { tion. } \end{aligned}$ | Valne of a fino ounce at average quotation． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | d． | $d$. | d． | Dollars． |  | d． | $a$. | $d$. | Dollars． |
| 1833 | 583 | 5978 | $59{ }^{3}{ }^{3}$ | 1.297 | 1862 | 61 | 62 s | ${ }^{617}{ }_{18}$ | 1.346 |
| 1834 | 593 | $60 \frac{3}{2}$ | 5915 | 1.313 | 1863 | 61 | 613 |  | 1．345 |
| 1835 | 594 | 60 | 5912 | 1.308 | 1864. | 608 | 623 | 61.8 | 1． 345 |
| 1836 | 59\％ | 608. | 60 | 1.315 | 1865 | $60 \frac{1}{2}$ | 615 | $61{ }_{16}{ }^{16}$ | 1． 338 |
| 1837 | 59 | $60 \frac{3}{8}$ | －59 ${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | 1． 305 | 1866 | 60 章 | 624 | $61 \frac{1}{5}$ | 1． 339 |
| 1838 | $59 \frac{1}{2}$ | 601 | 592 | 1.304 | 1867 | 608 | $61 \frac{1}{4}$ | 60 P ${ }_{18}$ | 1． 328 |
| 1839 | 60 | 60 䂞 | 60 咅 | 1． 323 | 1868 | $60 \frac{1}{8}$ | 611 | $60 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1.326 |
| 1840 | $60 \frac{1}{3}$ | 603 | 608 | 1.323 | 1869 | 60 | 61 | $60{ }^{7} 8$ | 1． 325 |
| 1841 | $59 \frac{3}{4}$ | 60 \％ | $60{ }_{16}^{16}$ | 1.316 | 1870 | $60 \frac{1}{4}$ | $60 \frac{3}{4}$ | 60 最 | 1． 328 |
| 1842. | 597 | 60 | 597 | 1.303 | 1871 | ${ }^{60} 0_{16}{ }^{3}$ | 61 | $60 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1． 326 |
| 1843 | 59 | 59 \％ |  | 1． 297 | 1872 | 591 | 61 \％ | $60{ }_{\text {fit }}$ | 1.322 |
| 1844 | 594 | $59 \frac{3}{4}$ | 59를 | 1.304 | 1873 | 578 | 5975 | 593 | 1． 298 |
| 1845 | $58 \%$ | 597 | 594 | 1． 298 | 1874 | 574 | $59 \frac{1}{2}$ | 58 \％${ }^{\text {I6 }}$ | 1．278， |
| 1846. | 59 | 60 줄 | $59{ }^{\text {1 }}$ 5 | 1． 30 | 1875 | 551 | 579 | 56 | 1． 246 |
| 1847 | $58 \%$ | 608 | 5911 | 1.308 | 1876 | 46 | $58 \frac{1}{2}$ | $52{ }^{3}$ | 1． 156 |
| 1848 | $58 \frac{1}{3}$ | 60 | 59즐 | 1． 304 | 1877 | 534 | 584 | 5418 | 1． 201 |
| 1849 | 591 | 60 | 593 | 1．309 | 1878. | 4912 | 554 | 52 P P | 1． 152 |
| 1850 | 593 | $61 \frac{1}{2}$ | $61{ }_{16}$ | 1.316 | 1879 | 487 | 539 | 514 | 1． 123 |
| 1851 | 60 | 615 | 61 | 1.337 | 1880 | 515 | 52\％ | 524． | 1． 145 |
| 1852 | $59 \%$ | 617 | 602， | 1.326 | 1881 | 50\％ | $52 \%$ | 51.15 | 1．138 |
| 1853. | 60 | 617 | 61 寺 | 1.348 | 1882 | 50 | 52 | $51 \frac{13}{18}$ | 1． 136 |
| 1854 | $60{ }^{\text {\％}}$ | 61 \％ | 613 | 1． 348 | 1883. | $50-$ | $51_{16}^{3}$ | $50 \frac{8}{8}$ | 1.11 |
| 1855 | 60 | 61 E | $61{ }_{18} \frac{18}{}$ | 1． 344 | 1884 | 491 | 51.3 | 503 | 1.113 |
| 1856. | $60 \frac{1}{2}$ | 624 | $61{ }_{16}{ }^{5}$ | 1． 344 | 1885 | 46 | 50 | $48{ }_{16}{ }^{9}$ | 1． 0645 |
| 1857 | 61 | 623 | 613 | 1.353 | 1886 | 42 | 47 | $45 \frac{3}{3}$ | 0.9946 |
| 1858 | $60 \frac{3}{2}$ | 617 | $61518^{8}$ | 1.344 | 1887. | 434 | $47 \frac{1}{8}$ | 445 | 0.97823 |
| 1859 | 613 | 623 | $6_{218}^{88}$ | 1.36 | 1888 ． | 418 | $44{ }^{\text {P }}$ | 42\％ | 0.93987 |
| 1860 | 614 | 62급 | $611 \frac{18}{6}$ | 1． 352 | 1889 | 42 | 44i | 4218 | 0.93576 |
| 1861 | 608 | 61 㫨 | 6013 | 1． 333 | 1890 | －435 | 548 | 473 | 1． 04633 |

## XXXIV.-Commercial Ratio of Sllver to Gold each Year since. 1687.

[Note.-From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from the tables of Dr. A. Soetbeer; frow 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; and from 1878 to 1889 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.]

| Year. | Ratio. | Year. | Ratio. | Year. | Ratio. | Year. | Ratio. | Year. | Ratio. | Year. | Ratio. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1687. | 14.94 | 1721... | 15.05 | 1755... | 14.68 | 1789... | 14.75 | 1823. | 15.84 | 1857. | 15.27 |
| 1688. | 14. 94 | 1722. | 15.17 | 1756... | 14.94 | 1790... | 15.04 | 1824. | 15.82 | 1858.. | 15.38 |
| 1689. | 15.02 | 1723 | 15. 20 | 1757... | 14.87 | 1791. | 15.05 | 1825. | 15.70 | 1859. | 15. 19 |
| 1690. | 15.02 | 1724 | 15.11 | 1758 | 14.85 | 1792 | 15.17 | 1826 | 15.76 | 1860... | 15. 29 |
| 1691. | 14.98 | 1725 | 15.11 | 1759... | 14.15 | 1793... | 15.00 | 1827 | 15.74 | 1861. | 15.50 |
| 1692. | 14.92 | 1726 | 15.15 | 1760... | 14. 14 | 1794. | 15.37 | 1828. | 15.78 | 1862. | 15.35 |
| 1693. | 14.83' | 1727 | 15.24 | 1761. | 14. 54 | 1795: | 15.55 | 1829.. | 15.78 | 1863... | 15.37 |
| 1694. | 14.87 | 1728 | 15.11 | 1762 | 15.27 | 1796 | 15.65 | 1830 | 15.82 | 1864. | 15.37 |
| 1695. | 15. 02 | 1729 | 14.92 | 1763 | 14. 99 | 1797 | 15. 41 | 1831 | 15. 72 | 1865. | 15. 44 |
| 1696. | 15.00 | 1730. | 14.81 | 1764. | 14.70 | 1798. | 15.59 | 1832... | 15.73 | 1866. | 15.43 |
| 1697. | 15.20 | 1731 | 14.94 | 1765... | 14. 83 | 1799 | 15.74 | 1833 | 15. 93 | 1867. | 15. 57 |
| 1698 : | 15.07 | 1732 | 15.09 | 1766 | 14. 80 | 1800 | 15.68 | 1834 | 15.73 | 1868.. | 15. 59 |
| 1699. | 14.94 | 1733 | 15. 18 | 1767... | 14.85 | 1801... | 15.46 | 1835 | 15. 80 | 1869. | 15.60 |
| .1700. | 14.81 | 1734 | 15.39 | 1768... | 14.80 | 1802... | 15.26 | 1836. | 15.72 | 1870. | 15.57 |
| 1701. | 15.07 | 1735 | 15.41 | 1769 | 14.72 | 1803 | 15.41 | 1837.. | 15.83 | 1871. | 15. 57 |
| 1702 | 15.52 | 1730 | 15.18 | 1770 | 14.62 | 18 | 15.41 | 1838 | 15.85 | 1872. | 15.63 |
| 1703. | 15.17 | 1737 | 15.02 | 1771 | 14. 66 | 1805 | 15.79 | 1839 | 15.62 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 1873 | 15.92 |
| 1704. | 15.22 | 1738... | 14.91 | 1772... | 14.52 | 1806.. | 15.52 | 1840.. | 15.62 | 1874.. | 16.17 |
| 1705 | 15: 11 | 1739 | 14.91 | 1773 | 14.62 | 1807 | 15.43 | 184 | 15.70 | 1875. | 16.59 |
| 1706. | 15.27 | 1740 | 14. 94 | 1774 | 14.62 | 1808 | 16.08 | 1842 | 15.87 | 1876. | 17.88 |
| 1707. | 15.44 | 1741 | 14.92 | 1775 | 14.72 | 1809 | 15.96 | 1843 | 15.93. | 1877. | 17. 22 |
| 1708. | $15.41{ }^{\circ}$ | 1742. | 14. 85 | 1776. | 14.55 | 1810.. | 15.77 | 1844.. | 15.85 | 1878.: | 17.94 |
| 1709 | 15.31 | 1743 | 14.85 | 1777 | 14.54 | 1811 | 15.53 | 1845 | 15.92 | 1879 | 18. 40 |
| 1710 | 15. 22 | 1744 | 14.87 | 1778 | 14.68 | 1812 | 16. 11 | 1846 | 15.90 | 1880... | 18.05 |
| 1711 | 15. 29 | 1745 | 14.98 | 1779... | 14.80 | 1813. | 16.25 | 1847 | 15.80 | 1881.. | 18. 16 |
| 1712. | .15. 31 | 1746 | 15. 13 | 1780 | 14.72 | 1814 | 15.04 | 1848. | 15. 85 | 1882.. | 18. 19 |
| 1713 | 15.24 | 1747 | 15.26 | 1781 | 14.78 | 1815 | 15.26 | 1849... | 15.78 | . 1883. | 18.64 |
| 1714 | 15.13 | 1748 | 15. 11 | 1782... | 14. 42 | 1816... | 15. 28 | 1850. | 15.70 | 1884... | 18.57 |
| 1715 | 15.11 | 1749. | 14.80 | 1783. | 14.48 | 1817.. | 15.11 | 1851... | 15.46 | 1885... | 19. 11 |
| 1716. | 15.09 | 1750 | 14.55 | 1784 | 14.70 | 1818 | 15.35 | 1852.. | 15.59 | 1886.. | 20.78 |
| 1717. | 15.13 | 1751... | 14.39 | 1785.. | 14.92 | 1819. | 15.33 | 1853... | 15.33 | 1887... | 21.13 |
| 1718. | 15.11 | 1752 | 14. 54 | 1786. | 14.96 | 1820 | 15. 62 | 1854. | 15.33 | 1888... | 21. 99 |
| 1719. | 15.09 | 1753... | 14.54 | 1787... | 14.92 | 1821 | 15.95 | 1855.. | 15. 38 | 1889... | 22.09 |
| 1720... | 15.04 | 1754... | 14.48 | 1788... | 14. 65 | 1822... | 15.80 | 1856... | 15.38 | 1890... | 19.76 |

## XXXV.-Product of Gold and Silver in the United States from 1792-1844, and annually since.

[The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, Commissioner, and since by the Director of the Mint.]

| Years. | Gold. | Silver. , | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 2,1792-July 31, 1834.. | \$14, 000, 000 | Insignificant. | \$14, 000, 000 |
| July 31, 1834-December 31, 1844 | 7,500,000 | \$250, 000 | 7,750,000 |
| 1845. | 1,008,327 | 50, 000 | 1, 058, 327 |
| 1846. | 1, 139, 357 | 50,000 | 1, 189, 357 |
| 1.847. | 889,085 | 50, 000 | 939, 085 |
| 1848. | 10,000, 000 | 50, 000 | 10,050,000 |
| 1849. | 40,000, 000 | 50, 000 | 40, 050, 000 |
| 1850. | 50,000, 000 | 50, 000 | 50,050, 000 |
| 1851. | $55,000,000$ | 50, 000 | 55,050,000 |
| 1852. | $60,000,000$ | 50,000 | 60, 050, 000 |
| 1853. | $65,000,000$ | 50, 000 | 65, 050, 000 |
| 1854. | $60,000,000$ | 50, 000 | 60, 050, 000 |
| 1855. | $55,000,000$ | 50, 000 | 55, 050, 000 |
| 1856. | $55,000,000$ | 50,000 | $55,050,000$ |
| 1857....... | 55, 000, 000 | 50,000 | 55050,000 |
| 1858. | $50,000,000$ | 500,000 | 50,500, 000 |
| 1859. | $50,000,000$ | 100, 000 | 50, 100, 000 |
| 1860. | $46,000,000$. | 150, 000 | 46, 150, 000 |
| 1861. | 43, 000, 000 | 2; 000,000 | 45, 000, 000 |
| 1862. | $39,200,000$ | 4, 500, 000 | 43,700, 000 |
| 1863. | 40, 000, 000 | 8,500, 000 | 48, 500,000 |
| 1864. | 46, 100, 000 | 11,000,000 | $57,100,000$ |
| 1865. | 53, 225,000 | 11,250, 000 | 64, 475, 000 |
| 1866. | 53, 500, 000 | 10,000, 000 | 63, 500,000 |
| 1867. | 51, 725,000 | 13, $500,000^{\circ}$ | $65,225,000$ |
| 1868. | 48,000,000 | 12,000,000 | 60, 000, 000 |
| 1869. | 49,500, 000 | $12,000,000$ | 61,500, 000 |
| 1870. | - 50, 000, 000 | 16,000, 000 | $66,000,000$ |
| 1871. | - $43,500,000$ | 23,000, 000 | $66,500,000$ |
| 1872. | 36,000, 000 | 28,750, 000 | 64, 750, 0c0 |
| 1873? | - 36,000, 000 | 35,750, 000 | 71,750, 000 |
| . 1874. | 33, 500,000 | 37, 300,000 | 70, 800, 000 |
| 1875. | 33, 400, 000 | 31, 700, 000 | $65,100,000$ |
| 1876. | 39,900, 000 | 38, 800,000 | 78,700, 000 |
| 1877. | 46,900, 000 | 39,800, 000 | $86,700,000$ |
| 1878. | 51, 200, 000 | 45,200, 000 | 96, 400, 000 |
| 1879. | 38, 900,000 | 40,800, 000 | 79, 700, 000 |
| 1880. | 36,000, 000 | 39, 200, 000 | 75, 200, 000 |
| 1881. | 34, 700, 000 | 43, 000, 000 | 77, 700, 000 |
| 1882. | 32, 500, 000 | 46,800, 000 | 79, 300, 000 |
| 1883. | $30,000,000$ | 46,200, 000 | 76, 200,000 |
| 1884. | 30, 800, 000 | 48,800, 000 | 79, 600; 000 |
| 1885. | 31, 800, 000 | $51,600,000$ | $83,400,000$ |
| 1886. | 35, 000, 000 | $51,000,000$ | $86,000,000$ |
| 1887. | $33,000,000$ | 53,350, 000 | 86, 350, 000 |
| 1888. | $33,175,000$ | 59, 195, 000 | 92, 370, 000 |
| 1889. | 32,800, 000 | 64,646, 000 | 97, 446, 000 |
| 1800. | 32,845,000 | 70, 464, 000 | 103, 309, 000 |
| Total | 1, 871, 706,769 | 997, 755, 000 | 2, 869, 461, 769 |

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## XXXVI.-Connages of Nattons.

[Calendar years 1888, 1889, and 1890.]

|  | Countries. | 1888. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gold. | Silver. |
| United States..... |  | $\$ 31,380,808$ | \$33, 025, 606 |
| M sxico |  | 300, 480 | 26, 658,964 |
| Creat Britain. |  | 9,893, 375 | 3, 681, 886 |
| Australasia. |  | 24, 415, 230 |  |
| India*. |  | 108, 216 | 36, 297, 132 |
| Canada |  |  | 247, 174 |
| France |  | 106, 949 | 1, 112,379 |
| Cochin China. |  |  | 1, 100, 518 |
| Italy |  | 469,750 |  |
| Switzerland |  | 16, 984 |  |
| 万ppain. |  |  | 4, 436, 804 |
| Portugal. |  | 102, 600 | 1,533; 600 |
| Netherlands |  | 143, 051 |  |
| Germany |  | 34, 340, 722 | 089, 127 |
| Austria-Hungary $\dagger$. |  | 2, 747, 633 | 5,516,190 |
| Norway. |  |  | 53,600 |
| Sweden |  |  | 16,714 |
| Denmark |  |  | 62, 483 |
| Russiat. |  | 20,460, 491 | 1,163,126 |
| Turkey |  | 60,000 | 74,448 |
| Egypt |  | 257, 154 | 8,483 |
| Japan |  | 974, 335 | 10,222, 108 |
| Chili.. |  | 42,170 | 122,375 |
| Argentine Republic |  | 8, 316, 325 |  |
| Peru. |  |  | 3, 258, 000 |
| Colombia |  |  | 600, 443 |
| Venezuela |  | 660, 500 | 272, 000 |
| Brazil |  | 26,082 | - 883,555 |
| Straits Settlemenits |  |  | 244, 000 |
| Ecuador |  |  | 473, 177 |
| Hong Kong. |  |  | 1, 105, 000 |
| Bolirja |  |  | 1,763, 452 |
| Total |  | 134, 828, 855 | 134, 922, 344 |

*Rupee calculated at coining rate, $\$ 0.4737$.
tSilver florin calculated at coining rate, $\$ 0.482$.
$\ddagger$ Silver rouble calculated at coining rate, $\$ 0.7718$.
XXXVI.-Colnages of Nations-Continued.

| Countries. | 1889. |  | 1890. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
| United States. | \$21, 413, 931 | \$35, 496, 683 | \$20, 407, 182 | \$39, 202, 908 |
| Mexico | 319,907 | 25, 294, 726 | 284, 859 | 24, 081, 192 |
| Great Britain | 36, 502, 536 | 10, 827, 602 | 37, 375, 479 | 8,332, 232 |
| Australasia. | 29, 325, 529 |  | 25, 702, 600 | ............. |
| India* | 110, 328 | 37, 937, 814 | ........ | 57, 931,323 |
| Camada |  | 16, 585 |  | - $\quad 38,000$ |
| France | 3,373,215 | 71 | 3, 976, 340 |  |
| Cochin China |  | 1, 302, 581 |  |  |
| Italy |  | 60, 208 | 263, 329 | 1,091 |
| Switzerland | 386,000 | 217, 125 | 482, 500 | 279, 850 |
| Spain. | 3,378,631 | 4, 716, 029 | 9, 049, 569 | 1, 479, 152 |
| Portugal. | 96, 120 | 680,400 | 407, 160 | 540, 000 |
| Netherlands | 823, 943 | 132, 660 |  | 198,990 |
| Germany | 48, 166, 245 | 177, 079 | 23, 835, 512 |  |
| Austria-Hungary $\ddagger$. | 3, 294, 987 | 4, 528, 259 | 2, 81.8,750 | 3, 857, 118 |
| Norway |  | 53, 600 |  | 120, 600 |
| Sweden. | - 1,080,040 | 142, 253 | 833, 432 | 253, 887 |
| Demmark |  | 27,607 | 547, 931 |  |
| Russias | 18,855, 097 | 1, 153, 651 | 21, 726,239 | 1, 614, 422 |
| T'urkey' |  |  | 44, 840 |  |
| Siam. |  | 1, 446, 626 |  |  |
| Japau | 1,775, 010 | 9,516,359 | 1, 194, 050 | 7, 296, 645 |
| Hayti. | .......0 |  |  | 300, 000 |
| Perra. |  | 2, 842,531 | . | 2,842,530 |
| Colombia |  | 216, 136 |  |  |
| Straits Settlements. |  | 300, 000 | .... |  |
| Hong-Kong |  | 1, 100, 000 |  | 430, 000 |
| Costa Rica. |  | 258, 010 |  |  |
| Great Comoro |  |  |  | 1,978 |
| French Colonies |  |  |  | 6,436 |
| Eritrea (Italian colony) |  |  |  | 567,814 |
| British Africa |  |  |  | 28, 951 |
| - Total | 168, 901, 519 | 138, 444, 595 | 149, 009, 772 | 149, 405, 099 |

[^29]
## XXXVII.-World's Production of Gold and

[Kilogram of gold, $\$ 064.60$. Kilogram of silver, $\$ 41.56$.

| Countries. | 1888. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |
| $\square$ | Kilos. | Dollars. | Kilos. | Dollars. |
| United States . . . . | 49,917 | 33, 175, 000 | 1, 424, 326 | 59, 195, 000 |
| Australasía | 42,974 | 28,560,660 | 120, 308 | a 5, 000, 000 |
| Mexico.. | 1,465 | 974, 000 | 905, 500 | 41, 373, 000 |
| European countries: |  |  |  |  |
| Russia | 32, 052 | 21, 302, 000 | 14,523 | 604,000 |
| Germany. | 1,792 | 1,190,963 | 32,051 | 1,332,022 |
| Austria-Hungary | 1,820 | 1,209,572 | 52,128 | 2,166,440 |
| Sweden | 76 | 50,000 | 4,648 | 193,000 |
| Norway |  |  | ${ }^{\text {b }} 5,147$ | 214,000 |
| Italy . | 148 | 98, 000 | 35 | 1,454 |
| Spain |  |  | 51,502 | 2, 140,400 |
| Turkey | ${ }^{10}$ | 7,000 | d1,323 | 55,000 |
| France |  |  | 49,396 | 2,053,000 |
| Great Britain | 220 | 146, 000 | 9, 047 | 376, 000 |
| Dominion of Canada. | 1,673 | 1,111,959 | 9,264 | 385, 000 |
| South American countries: |  |  |  |  |
| Argentine Republic | - 47 | 31,000 | 10, 226 | 425, 000 |
| Colombia. | 4,514 | 3, 000, 000 | 24, 061 | 1,000,000 |
| Bolivia | 90 | 59,800 | 230,460 | 9,578, 000 |
| Chili | 2, 353 | 1,962; 430 | 185, 851 | 7,723,957 |
| Brazil | 670 | 445, 300 |  |  |
| Venezuela. | 2,130 | 1, 415,598 |  |  |
| Gaiana (British) | 450 | 299, 070 |  |  |
| Guiana (Dutch) | 487 | 324, 000 |  |  |
| Peru | 158 | 105, 000 | 75, 263 | 3, 128, 000 |
| Central American States | 226 | 8150,000 | 48, 123 | 22,000,000 |
| Japan. | ${ }^{\circ} 606$ | 403,000 | -42,424 | 1,763,140 |
| Africa. | 771 | 4,500, 000 |  |  |
| China | ${ }^{\mathrm{k}} 13,542$ | 9,000,000 |  |  |
| India (British). | 1,018 | 676,563 |  |  |
| Total. | 159, 809 | 110, 196;915 | 3; 385,606 | 140, 706, 413 |

a Estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.
Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1889.
cEstimated the same as officially communicated for 1888.
d Estimated the same as ofticially communicated for 1886.

- Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1890.
("Jaarcijifers over 1888 en vorige jaaren," No. 8, page 115.

Sllver, Calendar Year 1888, 1889, and 1890.
Coining rate in United States silver dollars.]


[^30]
## XXXVIII-Coinage of the Mints of the United States

[Coinage of the mint at Philadelphia from-

| Calendar years. | gold coinage. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Double eagles. | Eagles. | Half eagles. | Three dohtars. | Quarter eagles. | Dollars. |
| 1793 to 1795 |  | \$27,950 | \$43,535 |  |  |  |
| 1796. |  | 60, 800 | 16,995 | .......... | \$165.00 |  |
| 1797. |  | 91,770 | 32,0:30 |  | 4,390.00 |  |
| 1798. |  | 79, 740 | 124,335 | .-... | 1,535.00 |  |
| 1799. |  | 174,830 | 37,255 |  | 1,200.00 |  |
| 1800. |  | 259, 650 | 58, 110 |  |  |  |
| 181. |  | 292, 540 | 130, 030 |  |  |  |
| 1802...... |  | 150,900 | - 265,880 |  | 6,530.00 |  |
| 1803. | - | 89,790 | 167, 530 |  | 1,057.50 |  |
| 1804. |  | 97,950 | 152, 375 |  | 8,617.50 |  |
| 1805. |  |  | , 165,915 | ..マ- | 4, 452.50 |  |
| 1806. |  |  | 320, 465 |  | 4,040.00 |  |
| 1807. |  |  | 420, 465 |  | 17,030.00 |  |
| 1808.............. |  |  | 277, 890 |  | - 6,775.00 |  |
| 1809. |  |  | 169,375 |  |  |  |
| 1810. |  |  | 501, 485 |  |  |  |
| 1811. |  |  | 497, 905 |  |  |  |
| 1812. |  |  | 290, 435 |  |  |  |
| 1813. |  |  | 477, 140 |  |  |  |
| 1814. |  |  | 77,270 |  |  |  |
| 1815. |  |  | 3,175 |  |  |  |
| 1816. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1817. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1818. |  |  | 242,940 |  |  |  |
| 1819. |  |  | 258, 615 |  |  |  |
| 1820. |  |  | 1,319, 030 |  |  |  |
| 1821. |  |  | 173,205 | *-....... | 16,120.00 |  |
| 1822. |  |  | - 88,980 |  |  |  |
| 1823. |  |  | 72,425 |  |  |  |
| 1824. |  |  | 86,700 |  | 6,500.00 |  |
| 1825. |  |  | 145,300 | .......... | 11,085.00 |  |
| 1826. |  |  | 90,345 |  | 1, 900.00 |  |
| 1827. |  |  | 124, $565^{\circ}$ |  | 7,000.00 |  |
| 1828.. |  |  | 140, 145 |  |  |  |
| 1829. |  |  | 287, 210 |  | 8,507.00 |  |
| 1830. |  |  | 681, 755 | .-....... | 11,350.00 |  |
| 1831. |  |  | 702;970 | .......... | 11,300.00 |  |
| 1832. |  |  | 787, 435 |  | 11, 000.00 |  |
| 1833. |  |  | 968, 150 | . . . . . . . | 10,400.00 |  |
| 1834. |  |  | 3,660, 815 | .-. | 293,425.00 |  |
| 1835. |  |  | 1, 857, 670 | .......... | $328,505.00$ |  |
| 1836. |  |  | 2, 765, 735 |  | 1,360,965.00 |  |
| 1837. |  |  | 1,035, 605 | . . . . . . . | 112, 7000.00 |  |
| 1838. |  | - 72, 000 | 1,432, 940 | ......... | 117,575.00 |  |
| 1839. |  | 382, 480 | 590,715 |  | $67,552.50$ |  |
| 1840. |  | 473, 880 | '686, 910 | . | 47, 147. 50 |  |
| 1841. |  | 631, 310 | - 79, 165 |  |  |  |
| 1812. |  | 815, 670 | - 137,890 |  | 7,057. 50. |  |
| 1843. |  | 754, 620. | 3, 056, 625 | . | 251,365.00 |  |

Note:- Jot susceptible of exact statement by years of actual date of coin, the registry of annual having been invariably completed within the year of the date of coin, as now required.
from their Organization, by Calendar Years.
its organization, 1793, to June 30, 1891.]

| Silver coinage. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade dollars. | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Quarter dollars. | Twenty cents. | Dimes. | Half dimes. | Three cents. |
|  | \$204, 791. 00 | \$161, 572.00 |  |  |  | \$4, 320.80 |  |
|  | 72, 920.00 |  | \% \$1, 473.50 |  | \$2, 213.50 | 511.50 |  |
|  | 7,776.00 | 1,959.00 | 63.00 |  | 2,526.10 | 2, 226.35 |  |
|  | 327, 536. 00 |  |  |  | 2, 755.00 |  |  |
|  | 423, 515.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 220, 920.00 |  |  |  | 2,176.00 | 1,200. 00 |  |
|  | 54, 454:00 | 15, 144. 50 |  |  | 3,464.00 | 1,695.50 |  |
|  | 41, 650.00 | 14, 945.00 |  |  | 1, 097.50 | 650.50 |  |
|  | 66, 064.00 | 15,857.50 |  |  | 3,304.00 | 1,892. 50 |  |
|  | 19,570.00. | .78, 259.50 | 1,684.50 |  | 826.50 |  |  |
|  | 321.00 | 105, 861, 00 | $\cdot 30,348.50$ |  | 12,078.00 | 780.00 |  |
|  |  | 419,788. 00 | 51,531.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $525,788.00$ | 55, 160.72 |  | 16,500.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 684, 300.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 702, 905. 00 |  |  | 4, 471.00 |  |  |
|  |  | $638,138.00$ |  |  | 635.50 |  |  |
|  |  | 601,822.00 |  |  | 6,518.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 814,029.50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 620, 951.50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 519, 537. 50 |  |  | 42, 150. 00 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 17,308. 00 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 23,575.00 | 5,000.75 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 607, 783. 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 980, 161.00 | 90, 293. 50 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1, 104,000.00 | 36,000.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 375, 561.00 | 31,861. 00 |  | 94, 258.70 |  |  |
|  |  | $652,898.50$ | 54, 212.75 |  | 118, 651.20 |  |  |
|  |  | 779, 786. 50 | 16,020.00 |  | 10,000.00 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  | 847, 100.00 | 4,450.00 |  | 44, 000. 00 |  |  |
|  |  | 1,752, 477.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,471,583.00 | 42, 000. 00 |  | 51,000.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 2,002,090.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2, 746, 700.00 | 1,000. 00 |  | 121, 500.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 1,537, 600.00 | 25,500.00 |  | 12, 500.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 1, 856, 078.00 |  |  | 77,000. 00 | 61, 500. 00 |  |
|  |  | 2,382, 400.00 |  |  | 51, 000. 00 | 62, 000.00 |  |
|  |  | 2, 936,830.00 | 99, 500. 00 |  | 77, 135.00 | 62, 135. 00 |  |
|  |  | 2,398, 500.00 | 80,000. 00 |  | $52,250,00$ | 48,250. 00 |  |
|  |  | 2,603,000.00 | 39, 00000 |  | $48,500.00$ | 68,500: 00 |  |
|  |  | 3, 206, 002.00 | 71, 500:00 |  | 63; 500.00 | 74, 000:00 |  |
|  |  | 2,676,003:00 | 488, 000.00 |  | 141; 000.00 | 138,000:00 |  |
|  | 1,000:00 | 3, 273, 100.00 | 118, 000: 00 | -.:- | 119;000.00 | .95, 000: 00 |  |
|  |  | 1,814, 910.00 | 63, 100:00 |  | 104, 200.00 | 113,800.00 |  |
|  |  | 1,773, 000.00 | 208, 000.00 |  | 199, 250.00 | 112, 750:00 |  |
|  | 300.00 | 1,667, 280.00 | 122,786. 50 |  | 105,311.50 | 53, 457.50 |  |
|  | 61, 005.00 | 717,504.00 | 47,031. 75 |  | 135, 858.00 | 67, 204.25 |  |
|  | 173, 000.00 | 155,000.00 | 30,000.00 |  | 162, 250.00 | 57, 500.00 |  |
|  | 184,618.00 | 1,006, 382.00 | 22, 000.00 |  | 188,750. 00 | 40, 750.00 |  |
|  | 165, 100.00 | 1, 922, 000.00 | 161, 400.00 |  | 137, 000.00 | 58.250. 00 |  |

coinage being of coin delivered by coiners of mints within the given year, and these deliveries not

## XXXVIII.-Comage of the Mints of the United States

[Coinage of the mint at Philadelphia from

from their Organization, by Caiendar Years-Continuied.
its organization, 1793, to June 30, 1891.]

| silver coinage. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade dollars. | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Quarter dollars. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Twenty } \\ \text { cents. } \end{gathered}$ | Dimes. | Half dimes. | Three cents. |
|  | \$20, 000 | \$883, 000.00 | \$105, 300.00 |  | \$7,250.00 | \$21, 500.00 |  |
|  | 24, 500 | 294, 500.00 | 230,500.00 |  | 175,500.00 | 78, 200.00 |  |
|  | 110,600 | 1,105,000.00 | 127, 500.00. |  | 3,130.00 | 1,350.00 |  |
|  | 140, 750 | 578,000.00 | 183, 500000 |  | 24,500.00 | $63,700.00$ |  |
|  | 15,000 | 290, 000.00 | 36,500.00 |  | 45, 150.00 | 33,400.00 |  |
|  | 62,600 | 626, 000: 00 | 85, 000.00 |  | 83, 900.00 | $65,450.00$ |  |
|  | 7,500 | 113,500.00 | 47, 700.00 |  | 193, 150.00 | 47, 750.00 |  |
|  | 1,300 | 100, 375.00 | 40,000.00 |  | 102, 650.00 | 39,050.00 | \$163,422.00 |
|  | 1,100 | 38,565.00 | 44, 265.00 |  | 153,550.00 | $50,025.00$ | 559, 005.00 |
|  | 46, 110 | 1, 766, 354. 00 | 3, 813, 555.00 |  | 1, 217, 301.00 | 667, 251.00 | 342, 000.00 |
|  | 33, 140 | : 1, 491, 000.00 | 3, 095, 000. 00. |  | 447, 000.00 | 287, 000.00 | 20, 130.00 |
|  | 26,000 | 379, 750.00 | 714, 250.00 |  | 207,500.00 | $87,500.00$ | $4,170.00$ |
|  | 63,500 | 469, 000.00 | 1,816,000.00 |  | 578, 000.00 | 244, 000.00 | 43,740.00 |
|  | 94, 000 | 994, 000. 00 | 2, 411, 000.00 |  | 558, 000.00 | $364,000.00$ | 31, 260.00 |
|  |  | 2,113,000.00 | 1, 842, 000.00 |  | 154, 000.00 | 175,000. 00 | 48,120.00 |
|  | 256, 500 | 374,000.00 | 336, 000.00 |  | 43,000.00 | 17,000.00 | 10,950. 00 |
|  | 218, 930 | 151,850.00 | 201, 350.00 |  | 60, 700.00 | 39, 950.00 | 8,610.00 |
|  | 78,500 | 1, 444, 200. 00 | 1, 213, 650.00 |  | 192, 400.00 | $164,050.00$ | 14,940.00 |
|  | 12,090. | 126, 175:00 | 233, 137. 50 |  | 84, 755:00 | 74, 627. 50 | 10, 906. 50 |
|  | 27, 660 | 251, 830. 00 | 48, 015.00 |  | 1, 446.00 | -923.00 | 643.80 |
|  | 31, 170 | 189, 785.00 | 23;517.50 |  | 3,907.00 | 23.50 | 14. 10 |
|  | 47,000 | 255, 950.00 | 14,825.00 |  | 1, 050.00 | 675.00 | 255.00 |
|  | 49,625 | 372, 812.50 | 4,381.25 |  | 872.50 | 536.25 | 681.75 |
|  | 60,325 | 212, 162.50 | 5,156. 25 |  | 662.50 | 431.25 | 138.75 |
|  | 182, 700 | 189, 100.00 | 7,500.00 |  | 46,625.00 | 4, 295.00 | 123.00 |
|  | 424,300 | 397, 950.00 | 4, 150.00 |  | 25,660.00 | 10,430.00 | 153.00 |
|  | 433,000- | $300,450.00$ | 21, 850.00 |  | 47, 150.00 | 26,830.00 | 120.00 |
|  | 1, 115, 760 | 582, 680.00 | 42,808.00 |  | 75,361.00 | 74, 443.00. | 127.80 |
|  | 1,106,450 | 440, 775.00 | 45,737. 50 |  | 239, 645.00 | 147, 397.50 | 58.50 |
| \$397, 500 | 293,600 | 1, 308, 750.00 | 371, 075.00 |  | 394, 710.00 | 35,630.00 | 18.00 |
| 987, 800 |  | 1, 180, 150.00 | 117,975.00 |  | 294, 070.00 |  |  |
| 218,900 |  | 3, 013, 750.00 | 1, 073, 375.00 | \$7,940 | 1, 035, 070.00 |  |  |
| 456, 150 |  | 4, 209, 575.00 | 4, 454, 287. 50 | 3,180 | 1, 146, 115.00 |  |  |
| 3,039, 710 |  | 4, 152, 255.00 | 2, 727, 927.50 | 102 | 731, 051.00 |  |  |
| 900 | 10, 509, 550 | 689, 200.00 | 565, 200.00 | 120 | 167, 880.00 |  |  |
| 1,541 | 14; 807, 100 | 2,950.00 | 3,675.00 |  | 1,510. 00 |  |  |
| 1,987 | 12, 601, 355 | 4,877.50 | 3,738. 75 |  | 3,735.50 |  |  |
| 960 | 9,163,975 | 5,487.50 | 3,243.75 |  | 2,497.50 |  |  |
| 1,097 | 11, 101, 100 | 2, 750.00 | 4, 075.00 |  | 391, 110.00 |  | . |
| 979 | 12, 291, 039 | 4,519.50 | 3,859.75 |  | 767,571. 20 |  |  |
|  | 14, 070,875 | 2,637.50 | 2, 218. 75 |  | 336,638. 00 |  |  |
|  | 17, 787, 767 | 3, 065.00 | 3,632. 50 |  | 253, 342.70 |  |  |
|  | 19, 963,886 | 2,943.00 | 1,471.50 |  | 637,757.00 |  |  |
|  | 20, 290, 710 | - 2,855.00 | 2,677.50 |  | 1, 128, 393.90 |  |  |
|  | 19, 183, 833 | 6,416.50 | 2, 708. 25 |  | 549, 648.70 |  |  |
|  | 21, 726, 811 | 6,355.50 | 3,177.75 |  | 738, 071.10 |  |  |
|  | 16, 802, 590 | 6, 295. 00 | 20, 147.50 |  | 991, 154.10 |  |  |
| 5, 107, 524 | 207, 308, 841 | 82,326,758. 50 | 28, 172, 839. 50 | 11,342 | 16, 558, 770. 20 | 3, 948, 791.90 | 1,200, 487.20 |
|  | 7, 150,350 | 76, 575. 00 | 195, 087. 50 |  | 633, 035.00 |  |  |
| 5. 107, 524 | 214, 459, 191 | 82,403,333.50 | 28, 347, 027.00 | 11,342 | 17, 191, 805. 20 | 3, 948, 791.90 | 1, 260, 487.20 |

## XXXVIII.-Coinage of the Mints of the United States

[Coinage of the mint at Philadelphia from

| Calendar years. | minor coinage. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Five cents. | Three cents. | Two cents. |
| 1793-1795 |  | - |  |
| 1796......:=: |  |  |  |
| 1797...:....... |  |  |  |
| 1708........... |  |  |  |
| 1799.................. |  |  |  |
| 1800........... |  |  |  |
| 1801......... |  |  |  |
| 1802............... |  |  |  |
| 1803........................ | .............t. |  |  |
| 1804. |  |  |  |
| $180 \overline{5}$. |  |  |  |
| 1806.. |  | E |  |
| 1807. 车......... | . 6.6. |  |  |
| 1808..... |  |  |  |
| 1809.......... |  |  |  |
| 1810.......... |  |  |  |
| 1811........ |  |  |  |
| 1812....f... |  |  |  |
| 1813 |  |  |  |
| 1814. |  |  |  |
| 1815. . . . . . . . . $\%$... |  |  |  |
| 1816......... |  |  |  |
| 1817. |  |  |  |
| 1818. ...... |  |  |  |
| 1819. |  |  |  |
| 1820..... |  |  |  |
| 1821....... |  |  |  |
| 1822..... |  |  |  |
| 1823....... |  |  |  |
| 1824.. |  |  |  |
| 1825. |  |  |  |
| 1826....... |  |  |  |
| 1827.. |  |  |  |
| 1828.... |  |  |  |
| 1829....... | ........... |  |  |
| 1880.... | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| 1831............... |  |  |  |
| 1832.....: |  | . |  |
| 1833.............. |  | - |  |
| 1834............ |  |  |  |
| 1835..... $\rightarrow$...:........: | : : $:$ : $:$ : | ....... |  |
| 1836.......................... |  |  |  |
| 1837.......:.:.... |  | $3$ |  |
| 1838................... |  |  | ..: |
| 1839.......................... |  | ! |  |
| 1840.....s.2.:.:....... |  |  |  |
| 1841....... |  |  |  |
| 1842... |  |  |  |
| 1843.. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## from their Organization, by Calendar Ylars-Continued.

its organization, 1793, to Jume 30, 1891.]

| minor coinage. |  | total coinage. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cents. | Half cents. | Gold. | Silver. | Minor. | Total. |
| \$10, 660.33 | \$712.67. | \$71, 485.00 | \$370,683. 80 | \$11, 373.00 | \$453,541.80 |
| 0,747.00 | 577.40 | 77, 960.00 | 77,118. 50 | 10, 324. 40 | 165, 402.90 |
| 8,975.10 | 535.24 | 128, 190.00 | 14, 550. 45 | 9, 510.34 | 152, 250.79 |
| 9, 797:00. |  | 205, 610.00 | 330, 291. 00 | 9, 797.00 | 545, 698. 00 |
| 9,045.85 | 60.83 | 213, 285.00 | 423, 515.00 | 9, 106. 68 | 645, 906.68 |
| 28, 221.75 | . $1,057.65$ | 317, 760.00 | 224; 296.00 | 29, 279.40 | 571, 335.40 |
| 13, 628.37 |  | 422, 570.00 | 74, 758.00 | 13, 628.37 | 510, 956. 37 |
| 34, 351.00 | 71.83 | 423, 310.00 | 58,343.00 | 34, 422.83 | 516, 075.83 |
| 24,713. 53 | 489,50 | 258, 377.50 | 87, 118.00 | 25, 203.03 | 370,698. 53 |
| 7,568.38 | 5, 276.56 | 258, 642.50 | 100, 340.50 | - 12, 844.94 | 371,827. 94 |
| 9, 41.1 .16 | - 4,072.32 | 170,367.50 | 149, 388.50 | 13,483.48 | 333, 239.48 |
| 3,480.00 | 1,780.00 | 324, 505.00 | 471, 319.00 | $5,200.00$ | 801, 084.00 |
| 7, 272. 21 | 2,380.00 | 437, 495.00 | 597, 448.75 | 9, 652.21 | 1, 044, 595.96 |
| 11,090.00 | 2,000.00 | 284, 665. 00 | 684, 300.00 | 13, 090.00 | 982, 055.00 |
| 2, 228.67 | 5,772.86 | 169,375.00 | 707, 376.00 | 8,001. 53 | - 884, 752.53 |
| 14,585.00 | 1, 075.00 | 501; 435. 00 | $638,773.50$ | 15,660.00 | 1, 155, 808.50 |
| 2,180. 25 | 315.70 | 497, 905. 00 | 608, 340.00 | 2, 495.95 | 1, 108, 740.95 |
| 10,755. 00 |  | 290, 435.00 | 814, 029.50 | 10,755.00 | 1, 115, 219.50 |
| 4,180.00 |  | 477, 140.00 | $620,951.50$. | 4, 180.00 | 1, 102, 271:50 |
| 3,578. 30 |  | 77, 270.00 | 561, 687.50 | 3,578. 30 | 642, 535.80 |
|  |  | 3, 175.00 | 17,308.00 |  | 20,483.00 |
| 28, 209.82 |  |  | 28,575. 75 | 28, 209. 82 | 56,785. 57 |
| 39, 484.00 |  |  | 607, 783. 50 | 39, 484. 00 | 647, 267.50 |
| 31, 070.00 |  | 242,940.00 | 1,070,454. 50 | 31,670.00 | 1,345, 064.50 |
| 26,710.00 |  | 258,615.00 | 1, 140, 000. 00 | 26,710.00 | 1, 425, 325. 00 |
| 44, 075 |  | 1,319, 030.00 | 501, 680. 70 | 44, 075. 50 | 1, 864, 786.20 |
| 3, 890 |  | 189, 325.00 | 825,762.45 | 3,890.00 | 1, 018, 977.45 |
| 20,723. 39 |  | 88, 980.00 | 805, 806. 50 | 20,723.39 | 915, 509. 89 |
|  |  | 72,425.00 | 895, 550.00 |  | 967, 975.00 |
| 12,620.00 |  | 93,200.00 | 1,752,477.00 | 12,620. 00 | 1, 858, 297: 00 |
| 14, 611.00 | 315.00 | 156, 385.00 | 1,564,583.00 | 14,926.00 | 1, 735, 894. 00 |
| 15, 174.25 | 1,170.00 | 02, 245. 00 | 2, 002, 090.00 | 16,344. 25 | 2,110,679. 25 |
| 23,577. 32 |  | 131, 565. 00 | 2,869,200.00 | 23,577. 32 | 3, 024, 342.32 |
| 22,606.24 | 3,030.00 | 140, 145.00 | 1,575, 600.00. | 25,636, 24 | 1, 741, 381.24 |
| 14, 145.00 | 2,435.00 | 295, 717.50 | 1,994,578.00 | 16, 580,00 | 2,306, 875.50 |
| 17,115.00 |  | 643, 105.00 | 2,495,400.00 | 17, 115.00 | 3,155,620.00 |
| 33, 592.60 | 11. 00 | 714, 270.00 | 3, 175, 600.00 | 33, 603,60 | 3,923, 473.60 |
| 23,620.00 |  | 798, 435.00 | 2,579, 000.00 | 23,620.00 | 3, 401, 055.00 |
| 27,390.00 | 770.00 | 978, 550.00 | 2, 759,000.00 | 28,160.00 | 3,765,710.00 |
| 18,551. 00 | 600.00 | 3,954, 270.00 | 3,41.5, 002.00 | 19, 151, 00. | 7, 388, 423.00 |
| 38,784.00 | 705.00 | 2, 186.175.00 | 3,443, 003.00 | 39, 489.00 | 5,668, 667.00 |
| 21, 110.00 | 1,990.00 | 4, 135, 700.00 | 3, 606, 100.00 | 23,100.00 | 7,764,900.00 |
| 55, 583.00 |  | 1, 148,305.00 | 2,096,010.00 | 55, 583.00 | 3, 299, 898.00 |
| 63,702.00 |  | 1,622,515.00 | 2, 293, 000.00 | $63,702.00$ | 3, 979, 217.00 |
| 31,286. 61 |  | 1, $040,747.50$ | 1, 949, 135, 50 | 31, 286.61 | 3, 021, 169.61 |
| 24, 627.00 |  | 1, 207, 437. 50 | 1, 028, 603.00 | 24, 627.00 | 2, 260, 667. 50 |
| 15,973, 67 |  | 710,475. 00 | 577, 750. 00 | 15, 973.67 | 1,304, 198.67 |
| 23,833.90 |  | 960, 017. 50 | 1,442,500.00 | 23,833.90 | 2, 426, 351.40 |
| - $24,283.20$ |  | 4, 062, 010.00 | 2,443, 750.00 | - $24,283,20$ | 8, 530, 043.20 |

## XXXVIII.-Coinage of the Mints of the United States

[Coinage of the mint at Pbiladelphia from

from their Organization, by Calendar Years-Continued.
its organization, 1793, to Jnne 30, 1891.]

| minor connage. |  | total coinage. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cents. | Half cents. | Gold. | Silver. | Minor. | Total. |
| \$23, 987.52 |  | \$1,782, 220.00 | \$1, 037, 050.00 | \$23, 987.52 | \$2, 843, 257.42 |
| 38,948. 04 |  | 2,574, 652, 50 | 803, 200.00 | 38,948. 04 | 3, 416, 800.54 |
| 41,208.00 |  | 2, 234, 655.00 | 1,347, 580.00 | 41, 208.00 | 3, 623,443.00 |
| 61, 836.69 |  | 13,277, 020.00 | 990, 450.00 | 61,836. 69 | 14, 329, 306. 69 |
| 64, 157.99 |  | 2,780,930.00 | 430, 050.00 | 64, 157.99 | 3, 265, 137.99 |
| - 41, 785.00 | \$199.32 | 7, 948, 332.00 | 922,950.00 | 41, 984, 32 | 8, 913, 266.32 |
| 44, 268.44 | 199.06 | 27, 756, 445.50 | 409, 600. 00 | 44, 467. 50 | 28, 210, 513.00 |
| 98,897. 07 | 738.36 | 52, 143,446.00 | 446, 797.00 | 99,635.43 | 52, 689, 878.43 |
| 50, 630.94 |  | 51, 505,638.50 | 847, 410.00 | 50,630.94 | 52, 403,679. 44 |
| 66, 411.31 | 648.47 | 36,355,621.00 | 7, 852,571.00 | 67, 059.78 | 44, 275, 251.78 |
| 42,361. 56 | 276.79 | 20,049, 799.00 | 5,373, 270.00 | 42,638.35 | 25, 465, 707.35 |
| 15, 748.29 | 282.50 | 10, 594, 454.00 | 1,419; 170.00 | 16, 080. 79 | 12, 029, 654. 79 |
| 26, 904. 63 | 202.15 | 10,993,976.00 | 3, 214, 240.00 | 27, 106.78 | 14, 235, 322.78 |
| 177,834.56 | 175.90 | 10,817, 287.00 | 4, 452, 260.00 | 178, 010.46 | 15, 447, 557: 46 |
| 246, 000.00 |  | 4, 578, 006. 50 | 4, 332, 120. 00 | $246,000.00$ | 9, 156, 126.50 |
| 364, 000.00 |  | 1, 430, 708.00 | 1, 037,450.00 | 364, 000.00 | 2, 832, 158.00 |
| 205, 660.00 |  | 11, 885, 175. 50 | 681, 390. 00 | 205, 660.00 | 12, 772, 225. 50 |
| 101, 000.00 |  | 67, 588, 150.00 | 3, 107,740.00 | 101, 000.00 | 70, 796, 890.00 |
| 280, 750.00 |  | 3,600, 037.50 . | 541, 691. 50 | 280, 750.00 | 4, 422, 479.00 |
| 498,400.00 |  | 2, 902, 082.00 | 330, 517. 80 | 498,400.00 | 3,730, 999.80 |
| 529, 737.14 |  | 4, 163, 775.00 | 248, 417.10 | 926, 687.14 | 5, 338, 879.24 |
| 354, 292.86 |  | 7,081,607.50 | 319, 755.00 | 968, 552. 86 | 8, 369, 915.36 |
| 98, 265.00 |  | 14, 073, 945.00 | 428, 909. 25 | 1,042,960.00 | 15, 545, 814. 25 |
| 98, 210.00 |  | 5, 108, 625.00 | 278,876. 25 | 1,819, 910.00 | 7, 207, 411. 25 |
| 102, 665. 00 |  | $\cdot 2,141,387.50$ | 430, 343.00 | 1,697, 150.00 | 4, 268, 880.50 |
| 64, 200.00 |  | 3, 554, 937.50 | 862, 643.00 | 963; 000. 00 | 5, 380, 580. 50 |
| 52,750.00 |  | 3,177, 552.50 | 829, 400.00 | $350,325.00$ | 4, 357, 277. 50 |
| 39, 295. 00 |  | 1,658,245.00 | 1, 891, 179.80 | 99,890.00 | 3,649,314.80 |
| 40,420.00 |  | 5, 079, 745.00 | 1,980, 063.50 | 369, 380. 00 | 7,429, 188.50 |
| 116,765.00 |  | 35, 337, 537, 50 | 2, 801, 283.00 | 379, 455.00 | $\therefore .38,518,275.50$ |
| 141, 875.00 |  | 8, 219;270. 00 | 2,579, 995.00 | 342, 475.00 | 11, 141, 740.00 |
| 135, 280.00 |  | 5,918,630.00 | 5,349,085.00 | 246,970. 00 | 11, 514,635. 00 |
| 79, 440.00 |  | 11, 706, 737. 50 | 10, 269,307. 50 | $210,800.00$ | 22, 186, 845.00 |
| 8,525.00 |  | 7, 979, 844.00 | 10,651, 045. 50 | 8,525.00 | 18,639, 414.50 |
| 57, 998. 50 |  | 13, 235, 242.00 | 11,932, 850.00 | 58,186. 50 | $25,226,278.50$ |
| 162, 312. 00 |  | 9, 744, 645.00 | 14, 816, 776. 00 | 165, 003. 00 | 24, $726,424.00$ |
| 389,649. 55 |  | 33, 322, 294:00 | 12, 615,693. 75 | 391, 395. 95 | 66, 329, 383.70 |
| 392,715. 75 |  | 67, 372, 810.00 | 9, 176, 163.75 | 428, 151.75 | 76,977, 125.50 |
| 385, 811.00 |  | 35, 849, 960. 00 | 11, 500, 132. 00 | 960, 400. 00 | $48,310,492.00$ |
| 455, 981.09 |  | 3, 273, 960.00 | 13, 067, 968.45 | 1, 604, 770.41 | 17,946, 698.86 |
| 232, 617.42 |  | 1; 740, 216.50 | 14,412, 369.25 | 796, 483.78 | 16,949, 069. 53 |
| 117, 653.84 |  | 5, 576, 512. 50 | , 18,047, 807.20 | 191, 622.04 | 23, 815, 941.74 |
| 176, 542.90 |  | 4,345,542.00 | 20,606, 057.50 | 343,186. 10 | 25, 294, 785. 60 |
| 452, 264.83 |  | 582, 383. 00 | 21, 424, 636.40 | 1, 215, 686. 26 | 23, 222, 705. 66 |
| 374, 944.14 |  | 6, 018, 958.00 | 19, 742, 606. 45 | 912, 200.78 | 26, 673, 765, 23 |
| 488, 693.61 |  | 1, 047, 031.00 | 22, 474, 415.35 | 1, 283,408.49 | 24, 804, 854.84 |
| 571, 828. 54 |  | 2, 144, 002. 50 | 17, 820, 186. 60 | 1, 384, 792.14 | 21,348,981. 24 |
| 9, 553, 340.61 | 30, 926.11 | 675, 107, 574.00 | 344, 695, 354.30 | 22, 634, 500.75 | 1, 042, 437, 429.05 |
| 180, 514. 00 |  | 483, 012.50 | 8, 035, 047.50 | 513,884. 00 | 9, 031, 944.00 |
| 9, 733, 854.61 | 39, 926. 11 | 675, 590, 586. 50 | 352, 730, 401.80 | 23, 148, 384.75 | 1, 051, 469, 373.05 |

REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

## XXXVIII;-Colnage of the Mints of the United States

[Coinage of the mint at New Orleans from its organization, 1838, to

| Calendar years. |  |  | GOLD. |  |  |  | SILVER. <br> Dollars. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Donblecagles. | Eagles. | Half. eagles. | Three dollars. | Quartereagles. | Dollars. |  |
| 1838. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1839. |  |  |  |  | \$44, 452. 50 |  |  |
| 1840. |  |  | \$152, 000 |  | 65,500.00 |  |  |
| 1841. |  | \$25, 000 | 41,750 | ......... | 18,450, 00 |  |  |
| 1842. | . $\cdot$......... | 274, 000 | 82, 000 | ........ | 49,500.00 |  |  |
| 1843. |  | 1,751,620 | 505,375 | ......... | 920, 005.00 |  |  |
| 1814. |  | 1,187,000 | 1, 823, 000 |  |  |  |  |
| 1845. |  | 475, 000 | 205, 000 |  |  |  |  |
| 1846. |  | 817, 800 | 290, 000 | -.---. | - $465,000.00$ |  | \$59, 000 |
| $18 \times 77$. |  | 5, 715,000 | . 60,000 | ........ | $310,000.00$ |  |  |
| 1848. |  | 358, 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1849. |  | 239,000 |  |  |  | 215, 000 |  |
| 1850 . | \$2, 820,000 | 575,000 | ......... |  | 210, 000.00 | 14,000 | 40,000 |
| 1851.. | 6,300,000 | 2,630,000 | 205, 000 |  | 370,000.00 | 290, 000 |  |
| 1852.. | 3,800,000 | 180,000 |  |  | $350,000.00$ | 140,000 |  |
| 1853. | 1,420,000 | 510,000 |  |  |  | 290, 000 |  |
| 1854. | 65,000 | 525, 000 | 230,000 | \$72,000 | 382, 500.00 |  |  |
| 1855. | 160,000 | 180, 000 | 55, 500 |  |  | 55,000 |  |
| 1856.. | 45,000 | 145,000 | 50,000 |  | 52,750.00 |  |  |
| 1857 | 600,000 | 55, 000 | 65, 000 |  | 85,000.00 |  |  |
| 1858. | 705,000 | 200,000 | -....... |  |  |  |  |
| 1859. | 182,000 | 23, 000 |  |  |  |  | 360;000 |
| 1800.................. | 132,000 | 111,000 |  |  |  |  | 515, 000 |
| 1861*. | 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1879. | 46,500 | 15,000 |  |  |  |  | 2,887,000 |
| 1880. |  | 92, 000 |  |  | .............. | . | 5,305, 000 |
| 1881. |  | 83, 500 |  |  |  |  | 5,708, 000 |
| 1882. |  | 108, 200 |  |  |  |  | 6,090, 000 |
| 1883. |  | 8,000 |  |  |  |  | 8,725, 000 |
| 1884. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,730,000 |
| 1885. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,185, 000 |
| 1886. |  |  |  |  | ........ | ............ | 10,710,000 |
| 1887. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,550,000 |
| 1888. |  | 213,350 |  |  |  | ........... | 12,150, 000 |
| 1889... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11, 875,000 |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,701,000 |
| Total | 16,375,500 | 16,496, 970 | 3,764,625 | 72, 000 | 3,023, 157. 50 | 1,004, 000 | 105,590, 000 |
| Jamuary 1, 1891, to Jume 30, 1891....... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,619,913 |
| Total ........... | 16, 375,500 | 16, 496,970 | 3, 764, 625 | 72, 000 | 3,023, 157. 50 | 1,004, 000 | 110, 200, 913 |

*No coinage from 1862 to 1878 , inclusive.

## from their Organization, By Caliendar Years-Continued.

its suspension, 1861, and from its reopening, 1879, to fume 30, 1891.]

| SILVER-Contimued. |  |  |  |  | Total gold. | Total silver. | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Half dollars. | Quarter dollass. | Dimes. | Half dimes. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Three } \\ & \text { cents. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | \$40,243,40 |  |  |  | \$40, 243:40 | \$40, 243.40 |
| . \$81,488 |  | 124, 327.20 | \$54, 827.50 |  | \$414, 452. 50 | 260, 643. 70 | 305, 095.20 |
| 427, 550 | \$106, 300 | 117,500.00 | 46,750.00 |  | 217,500.00 | 698, 100.00 | 915,600.00 |
| 200,500 | 113,000 | 200,750. 00 | 40,750.00 |  | 85, 200. 00 | 555,000.00 | 640, 200.00 |
| 478,500 | 192, 250 | 202, 000.00 | 17,500. 00 |  | 405,500. 00 | 890, 250.00 | 1,295,750.00 |
| $1,134,000$ | 242,000 | 15,000,00 |  |  | $3,177,000.00$ | I, 391, 000.00 | 4, 568, 000.00 |
| 1, 002, 500 | 185, 000 |  | 11, 000:00 |  | 3,010,000.00 | 1,198,500.00 | 4,208,500.00 |
| 1, 047, 000 |  | 23,000. 00 |  |  | 680, 000.00 | 1,070,000.00 | 1,750,000.00 |
| 1,152, 000 |  |  |  |  | 1,272, 800.00 | 1, 211, 000.00 | ${ }^{\circ} 2,483,800.00$ |
| 1, 202, 000 | 92,000 |  |  |  | 6,085,000.00 | ], 384, 000.00 | 7, 469,000.00 |
| 1,590,000 |  |  | 30,000. 00 |  | $358,500.00$ | 1,620,000,00 | 1,978,500.00 |
| 1, 155, 000 |  | $30,000.00$ | 7,000.00 |  | 454, 000.00 | $1,192,000.00$ | 1,646,000.00 |
| 1, 228, 000 | 103, 000 | 51,000.00 | 34, 500.00 |  | 3,619, 000.00 | $\mathrm{I}, 456,500.00$ | $5,075,500.00$ |
| 201, 000 | 22,000 | 40,000.00 | 43,000.00 | \$21,600 | 9,795,000.00 | 327, 600.00 | 10, 122, 600.00 |
| 72,000 | 24, 000 | 43,000.00 | 13,000.00 |  | 4,470,000.00 | 152,000.00 | 4,622,000.00 |
| 664, 000 | 333,000 | 110,000.00 | 118,000.00 |  | 2,220, 000.00 | I, 225, 000.00 | $3,445,000.00$ |
| 2,620,000 | 371, 000 | 177, 000.00 | 78,000.00 |  | 1, 274, 500.00 | $3,246,000.00$ | 4,520,500.00 |
| 1,844, 000 | 44,000 |  | 30,000.00 |  | 450,500.00 | 1,918, 030.00 | 2,368,500.00 |
| 1,329, 000 | 242, 000 | 118,000.00 | 55, 000.00. |  | 292, 750.00 | 1, 744, 000.00 | 2, 036,750.00 |
| 409,000 | 295, 000 | 154, 000.00 | 69,000.00 |  | 805,000.00 | 927, 000.00 | 1, خ̇32, 000.00 |
| 3,647,000 | 130,000 | 29,000.00 | $83,000.00$ |  | 905, 000.00 | 3,889,000.00 | 4,794, 000.00 |
| 1, 417, 000 | 65,000 | $48,000.00$ | 28, 000.00 |  | $205,000.00$ | 1., 91.8, 000.00. | 2, 123,000.00 |
| 645, 000 | 97,000 | 4,000.00 | 53, 000.00 |  | 243,000.00 | 1,314,000.00 | 1.) $557,000.00$ |
| 165, 000 |  |  |  |  | 100,000.00 | 165,000.00 | 265,000.00 |
| .....9....... |  |  |  |  | 61, 500.00 | $2,887,000.00$ | 2,948, 500.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | , 92,000.00 | $5,305,000.00$ | 5, 397, 000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $83,500.00$ | $5,708,000.00$ | 5,791, 500. 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 108,200. 00 | 6, 090, 000.00 | $6,198,200.00$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8,000.00 | $8,725,000.00$ | 8,733, 000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,730,000.00 | 9, 730, 000, 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,185,000.00 | $9,185,000.00$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10, 710,000.00 | 10, 710, 000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,550,000.00 | 11,550, 000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 213,350.00 | 12, 150,000.00 | 12,368, 350.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 11: $875,000.00$ | 11,875, 000.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10, 701, 000.00 | 10,701, 000.00 |
| 23, 801, 538 | 2,656,550 | 1,526,820.60 | 812,327.50 | 21, 600 | $40,736,252.50$ | 134, 408, 836.10 | 175, 145, 088.60 |
| .... |  |  |  |  |  | 4,619,913.00 | 4, 619, 913.00 |
| 23, 801, 538 | 2, 656,550 | 1,526,820.60 | 812,327.50 | 21,600 | $40,736,252.50$ | 139, 02 $\overline{8}, 749.10$ | 179, 765, 001. 60 |

XXXVIII--Coneage of the Mints of the United•States from thelr Organizatron, by Calendar Years-Continued.
[Coinage of the mint at Dablonega, Ga., from its organization, 1838, to its suspension, 1861.]

| Calendar year. | Gold. |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Half eagles. | Three dollars. | Quarter eagles. | Dollars. |  |
| 1838.................... | \$102, 915 |  |  |  | \$102,915.00 |
| 1839.................... | 94,695 |  | \$34, 185.00 |  | 128,880.00 |
| 1840.................... | 114, 480 |  | 8,830.00 |  | 123, 310.00 |
| 1841..................... | 152, 475 |  | 10,410.00 | $\ldots$ | 162, 885.00 |
| 1842.................... | 298, 040 |  | 11,607.50 |  | 309, 647.50 |
| 1843. | 492, 260 |  | 90, 522. 50 |  | 582, 782.50 |
| 1844..................... | 444, 910 |  | 43,330. 00 |  | 488, 240.00 |
| 1845.................... | 453, 145 |  | 48, 650.00 |  | 501, 795.00 |
| 1846. | 401, 470 |  | 48, 257.50 | $\ldots$ | 449, 727. 50 |
| 1817. | 322, 025 |  | 39,460.00 |  | 361, 485.00 |
| 1848. | 237, 325 |  | 34,427.50 |  | 271, 752.50 |
| 1849. | 195, 180 |  | 27, 362. 50 | \$21,588 | 244, 130. 50 |
| 1850. | 219,750 |  | 30, 370.00 | 8,382 | 258, 502. 00 |
| 1851. | 313, 550 |  | 28,160.00 | 9, 882 | 351, 592.00 |
| 1852. | 457, 260 |  | 10;195.00 | 6,360 | 473, 815.00 |
| 1853. | 448, 390 |  | 7, 945. 00 | 6,583 | 462,918. 00 |
| 1854. | 282, 065 | \$3,360 | 4, 400.00 | 2,935 | 292,760.00 |
| 1855. | 112, 160 |  | - 2,807. 50 | 1,811 | 116,778. 50 |
| 1856. | 98, 930. |  | 2,185.00 | 1,460 | 102,575.00 |
| 1857. | 85, 230 |  | 5,910.00 | 3,533 | 94, 673.00 |
| 1858. | 76, 810 |  |  | 3,477 | 80,287. 00 |
| 1859. | 51,830 |  | 5,610.00 | 4,952 | 62, 392:00 |
| 1860.................... | 73, 175 |  |  | 1,566 | 74,741.00 |
| 1861. | 7,985 |  |  |  | 7,985.00 |
| 'Total . . . . . . . . . . | 5,536, 055 | 3,360 | 494, 625.00 | 72, 529 | 6, 106,569.00 |

XXXVIII-CoInage of the Mints of the United States from their Organization, by Callendar Yeales-Continued.
[Coinage of the mint at Charlotte, N. C., from its organization, 1838, to its suspension, 1861.]

| Calendar year. | Gold. |  |  | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Half eagles. | Quarter eagles. | Dollars. |  |
| 1838. | \$64, 565 | \$19,770. 00 |  | \$84, 385.00 |
| 1839. | 117, 335 | 45, 432. 50 |  | 162,767,50 |
| 1840. | 95, 140 | 32,095. 00 |  | 127, 235.00 |
| 1841. | 107, 555 | 25,742.50 |  | 133, 297.50 |
| 1842. | 137, 400 | 16,842. 50 |  | 154, 242.50 |
| 1843. | 221, 765 | 65, 240.00 |  | $287,005.00$ |
| 1844*. | 118,155 | 29, 055.00 |  | 147, 210.00 |
| 1845.. |  |  |  |  |
| 1846........................ | 64, 975 | 12,020.00 | ......... | 76,995. 00 |
| 1847. | 420,755 | 58,065. 00 |  | 478,820.00 |
| 1848. | 322,360 | 41, 970.00 |  | 304, 330.00 |
| 1849. | 324, 115 | 25,550.00 | \$11, 634 | 361, 299. 00 |
| 1850. | 317,955 | 22,870.00 | 6,966 | 347, 791.00 |
| 1851. | 245,880 | 37,307.50 | 41,267 | 324,454. 50 |
| 1852. | 362,870 | 24, 430.00 | 9,434 | 396, 734.00 |
| 1853. | 327,855 |  | 11,515 | 939, 370.00 |
| 1854. | 196, 455 | 18,237. 50 | 4 | 214, 696. 50 |
| 1855. | 198, 910 | 9, 192,50 | 9, 803 | 217, 935. 50 |
| 1856. | 142, 285 | 19,782. 50 |  | 162, 067, 50 |
| 1857. | 156,800 |  | 13, 280 | 170, 080.00 |
| 1858. | 194, 280 | 22,640.00 |  | 216, 920.00 |
| 1859. | 159, 235 |  | 5,235 | 164,470.00 |
| 1860 | 74, 065 | 18,672. 50 |  | 92,737.50 |
| 1861. | 34,395 |  |  | 34, 395.00 |
| Total | 4, 405, 135 | 544, 915.00 | 109, 138 | 5, 059, 188.00 |

*Min't burned July 27, 1844.
FI $91-20$

## XXXVIII.-Conaga of the Mints of thé United States. <br> [Coinage of the mint at San Francisco

| Calendax year. | GOLD. |  |  |  |  |  | SLLYER. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Double eagles. | Eagles. | Half eagles. | Three dollars. | Quarter eagles. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Trade. dollars: |
| 1854 | \$2, 829,360 | \$1, 238, 260 | \$1,340 |  | \$615 | \$14, 632 |  |  |
| 1855 | 17,593, 500 | 90,000 | 305, 000 | \$19.800 |  |  | -2......... |  |
| 1856 | 23,795,000 | 680,000 | 525, 500 | 103, 500 | 177, 800 | 24,600 |  |  |
| 1857 | 19, 410, 000 | 260,000 | 435, 000 | 42, 000 | 170,000 | 10,000 |  |  |
| 1858 | 16, 934, 200 | 118,000 | 93,000 |  | 3, 000 | 10,000 |  |  |
| 1859 | 12, 728,900 | 70,000 | 66, 100 |  | 38,000 | 15,000 | \$20,000 |  |
| 1860 | 10,899,000 | 50,000 | 106,000 | 21,000 | 89,000 | 13,000 |  |  |
| 1861 | $15,360,000$ | 155,000 | 90,000 |  | 60,000 |  |  |  |
| 1862 | 17, 083,460 | 125,000 | 47,500 |  | 20,000 |  |  |  |
| 1883 | 19, 331,400 | 100,000 | 85,000 |  | 27,000 |  |  |  |
| 1864 \% | 15,873,200 | 25,000 | 19,440 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1865 | 20,850, 000 | 167,000 | 138, 060 |  | 58, 440 |  |  |  |
| 1866 | 16, 815,000 | 200, 000 | 219, 600 |  | 97, 400 |  |  |  |
| 1807 | 18, 415, 000 | 90,000 | 145, 000 |  | 70,000 |  |  |  |
| 1868 | 16,750,000 | 135,000 | 260, 000 |  | 85,000 |  |  |  |
| 1869 | 13, 735, 000 | 64,300 | 155,000 |  | 73,750 |  |  |  |
| 1870 | 19, 640,000 | 80,000 | $85,000$. |  | 40,000 | 3,000 |  |  |
| 1871 | 18,560,000 | 165,000 | 125,000 |  | 55,000 |  |  |  |
| 1872 | 1.5, 600,000 | 173,000 | 182,000 |  | 45, 000 . |  | 9,000 |  |
| 1873 | 20,812,000 | 120,000 | 155,000 |  | 67,500 |  | 700 | \$703,000 |
| 1874 | 24, 280, 000 | 100,000 | 80,000 |  |  | . |  | 2,549,000 |
| 1875 | 24, 600, 000 |  | 45,000 |  | 29,000 |  |  | 4, 4.87, 000 |
| 1876 | 31,940,000 | 50,000 | 20,000 |  | 12,500 |  |  | $5,227,000$ |
| 1877 | 34, 700,000 | 170,000 | 133,500 |  | 88,500 |  |  | 9,519, 000 |
| 1878 | 34, 780, 000 | 261, 000 | 723,500. |  | 445, 000 |  | 9, $774 ; 000$ | 4, 162, 000 |
| 1879 | $24,476,000$ | 2,240,000 | 2,131,000 |  | 108, 750 |  | 9, 110, 000 |  |
| 1880 | 16,720, 000 | 5, 062,500 | 6,744,500 |  |  |  | 8,900,000 |  |
| 1881 | 14, 540; 000 | 9,700,000 | 4,845, 000 |  |  |  | 12,760, 000 |  |
| 1882 | 22,500,000 | 1,320,000 | 4,845, 000 |  |  |  | 9, 250, 000 |  |
| 1883 | 23, 780, 000 | 380,000 | 416,000 |  |  |  | 6,250,000 |  |
| 1884.............. | 18, 320,000 | 1,242,500 | 885,000 |  |  |  | 3,200,000 |  |
| 1885 | 13,670,000 | 2,280,000 | 6,057,500 |  |  |  | 1,497, 000 |  |
| 1886 |  | 8,260, 000 | 16,340,000 |  |  |  | 750, 000 |  |
| 1887 | 5, 660, 000 | 8,170,000 | 9,560, 000 |  |  |  | 1,771, 000 |  |
| 1888 | 17,192, 000 | '6,487, 000 | 1,469,500 |  |  |  | 657, 000 |  |
| 1889 | 15, 494, 000 | 4, 254, 000 |  |  |  |  | 700,000 |  |
| 1890 | 16, 055, 000 |  |  |  |  |  | 8,230,373 |  |
| Total. | 671,752,020 | 54, 082, 560 | 57, 534, 040 | 186, 300 | 1, 861, 255 | 90, 232 | 72, 879,073 | 26;617,000 |
| Jan. 1, 1891, to June 30, 1891.. | 13,240, 000 |  |  |  |  |  | 5,020,000 |  |
| Total. | 684, 992, 020 | $54,082,560$ | [57, 534, 040 | 186, 300 | 1, 861,255 | 90,232 | 77, 890,073 | 26,647, 000 |

from chelr Organization, by Calindar Years-Continued.
from its organization, 1854, to June 30, 1891.



[^31]
## XXXVIII, - Coinage of the Mints of the United States

[Coinage of the mint at Carson City

| Calendar years. | GOLD. |  |  | silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Double eagles. | Eagles. | Half eagles. | Dollars. | Trade dollars. |
| 1870. | \$75, 780 | \$59, 080 | \$38, 375 | \$12,462 |  |
| 1871. | 293,740 | 71,850 | 103,850 | 1,376 |  |
| 1872. | 593,000 | 55,000 | 84,900 | 3,150 |  |
| 1873. | 448,200 | 45, 430 | 37,080 | 2,300 | \$124, 500 |
| 1874. | 2, 301,700 | 165, 670 | 105,990 |  | 1,373, 200 |
| 1875. | 2, 223, 020 | 77, 150 | 59,140 |  | 1,573,700 |
| 1876. | 2, 768, 820 | 46,960 | 34,435 |  | 509,000 |
| 1877. | 851,300 | 33,320 | 43,400 |  | 534,000 |
| 1878. | 263, 600 | 32,440 | 45, 270 | 2,212,000 | 97, 000 |
| 1879. | 214, 160 | 17,620 | 86,405 | 756,000 |  |
| 1880. |  | 111,900 | 255, 085 | 591, 000 |  |
| 1881 |  | 240,150 | 69,430 | 296, 000 |  |
| 1882. | 782, 800 | 67,640 | 414, 085 | 1,133, 000 |  |
| 1883. | 1,199, 240 | - 120,000 | 64,790 | 1,204,000 |  |
| 1884. | 1, 622, 780 | 99, 250 | 82,010 | 1, 136, 000 |  |
| 1885. | 189, 000 |  |  | 228,000 |  |
| 1886*.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1887* |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1888*.... |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1889 t. | 618, 900. |  |  | 350, 000 |  |
| 1890. | 1,824,180 | 175, 000 | 269, 000 | 2,309, 041 |  |
| Total $\qquad$ <br> January 1, 1891, to June 30, 1891 <br> Total $\qquad$ | 16, 270, 220 | - 1, 420, 460 | 1,793, 245 | 10, 234, 329 | 4, 211,400 |
|  |  | 527, 320 | 610, 000 | 888,000 |  |
|  | 16, 270, 220 | 1,947, 780 | 2,403,245 | 11, 122, 329 | 4, 211, 400 |

* Coinare suspended.


## from their Organization, by Calendar Years-Continued.

from its organization, 1870, to June 30, 1891.]

| SILVER. |  |  |  | Total gold. | Total silver. | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Half } \\ \text { dollars. } \end{gathered}$ | Quarterdollars. | Twenty cents. | Dimes. |  |  |  |
| \$27, 308.50 | \$2,085.00 |  |  | \$173,235 | \$41, 855. 50 | \$215, 090.50 |
| 69, 975, 00 | 2,722.50 |  | \$2,010.00 | 469,440 | 76, 083. 50 | 545, 523.50 |
| 136,000.00 | 2,275.00 |  | 2,400.00 | 732,900 | 143, 825.00 | 876, 725.00 |
| 168,530.00 | 4,115.50 |  | 3,119.10 | 530,710 | 302,564. 60 | 833, 274. 60 |
| 29,500.00 |  |  | 1,081. 70 | 2,575,360 | 1,403, 781.70 | 3, 979, 141. 70 |
| 504, 000.00 | $35,000.00$ | \$26, 658 | 464,500.00 | 2,359, 310 | 2, 603, 858.00 | 4, 963, 168.00 |
| 978, 000.00 | 1,236, 000.00 | 2,000 | 827,000.00 | 2, 850, 215 | 3,552,000.00 | 6, 402, 215.00 |
| 710,000.00 | $1,048,000.00$ |  | $770,000.00$ | 928, 020 | 3, 062, 000.00 | 3, 990, 020.00 |
| 31,000.00 | $249,000.00$ |  | 20,000.00 | 341, 310 | 2,609, 000.00 | $2,950,310.00$ |
|  |  |  |  | 318,185 | 756,000.00 | 1,074, 185.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 366, 985 | 591, $000.00^{-}$ | 957, 985.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 309,580 | 296,000.00 | 605, 580.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 1, 264,525 | 1,133, 000.00 | $2,397,525.00$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1,384,080 | 1,204, 000.00 | 2,588, 030.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 1,804, 040 | 1,136,000.00. | 2,940,040.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 189, 000 | 228, 000.00 | 417, 000. 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ...... |
|  |  |  |  | 618,900 | $350,000.00$ | 968,900. 00 |
|  |  |  |  | 2, 268, 180 | 2,309, 041.00 | 4, 577, 221. 00 |
| 2, 654,313. 50 | 2; 579, 198.00 | 28,658 | 2, 090, 110.80 | 19, 483,925 | ${ }^{21}, 798,009.30$ | 41, 281, 934. 30 |
|  |  |  |  | 1, 137, 320 | 888, 000.00 | 2, 025, 320.00 |
| 2,654, 313. 50 | 2, 579, 198.00 | 28; 658 | 2, 090, 110. 80 | 20, 621, 245 | 22, 686, 009. 30 | 43, 307, 254. 30 |

tOperations resumed October 1, 1889.
XXXVIII.-Coinage of the Mints of the United States

RECAPITULATION.

| Calendar years. | gold coinage. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Double eagles. | Eagles. | Half eagles. | Three dollars. | Quarter eagles. | Dollas. |
| 1793-1795. |  | \$27, 950 | . $\$ 43,585$ |  |  |  |
| 1796. |  | 60,800 | 16, 995 |  | \$165. 00 |  |
| 1797. |  | 91,770 | 32, 030 |  | 4,390.00 |  |
| 1798. |  | 79,740 | 124, 335 |  | 1,535.00 |  |
| 1799. |  | 174,830 | 37, 255 |  | 1,200.00. |  |
| 1800. |  | 259, 650 | 58,110 |  |  |  |
| 1801. |  | 292,540 | 130, 030 |  |  |  |
| 1802. |  | 150,900 | 265, 880 |  | 6,530.00 |  |
| 1803. |  | 89,790 | 167, 530 |  | 1,057. 50 |  |
| 1804. |  | 97,950 | 152, 375 |  | 8,317. 50 |  |
| 1805. |  |  | 165, 915 |  | 4,452.50 |  |
| 1806. |  |  | 320, 465 |  | 4,040.00 |  |
| 1807. |  |  | 420, 465 |  | 17,030.00 |  |
| 1808. |  |  | 277, 890 |  | 6,775.00 |  |
| 1809. |  |  | 169, 375 |  |  |  |
| 1810. |  |  | 501, 435 |  |  |  |
| 1811. |  |  | 497,905 |  |  |  |
| 1812. |  |  | 290.435 |  |  |  |
| 1813. |  |  | 477, 140 |  |  |  |
| 1814. |  |  | 77, 270 |  |  |  |
| 1815. |  |  | 3,175 |  |  |  |
| 1816. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1817. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1818. |  |  | 242, 940 |  |  |  |
| 1819. |  |  | 258,615 |  |  |  |
| 1820. |  |  | 1,319, 030 |  |  |  |
| 1821. |  |  | 173, 205 |  | 16, 120.00 |  |
| 1822. |  |  | .88, 980 |  |  |  |
| 1823. |  |  | 72,425 |  |  |  |
| 1824. |  |  | 86,700 |  | 6,500.00 |  |
| 1825. |  |  | 145,300 |  | 11, 085.00 |  |
| 1826. |  |  | 90, 345 |  | 1,900.00 |  |
| 1827. |  |  | 124, 565 |  | 7,000.00 |  |
| 1828. |  |  | 140, 145 |  |  |  |
| 1829. |  |  | 287, 210 |  | 8,507.50 |  |
| 1830. |  |  | 631, 755 |  | 11,350. 00 |  |
| 1831. |  |  | 702,970 |  | 11,300.00 |  |
| 1832. |  |  | 787,435 |  | 11,000.00 |  |
| 1833. |  |  | 968, 150 |  | 10, 400.00 |  |
| 1834. |  |  | 3,660, 845 |  | 293, 425.00 |  |
| 1835. |  |  | 1,857, 670 |  | 328, 505, 00 |  |
| 1836. |  |  | 2,765, 735 |  | 1,369, 965.00 |  |
| 1837. |  |  | 1,035, 605 |  | 112, 700.00 |  |
| 1838. |  | 72,000 | 1,600, 420 |  | 137, 345.00 |  |
| 1839. |  | 382, 480 | 802, 745 |  | 191, 622.50 |  |
| 1840. |  | 473,380 | 1,048,530 |  | 153, 572. 50 |  |
| -1841. |  | 656, 310 | 380,945 |  | 54, 602.50 |  |
| 1842. |  | 1, 089, 070 | 655,330 |  | 85, 007.50 |  |
| 1843. |  | 2,506, 240 | 4,275, 425 |  | 1,327, 132. 50 |  |

from their Organization, by Calendar Years-Continued.
RECAPITULATION.

| SLLVER COLNAGE. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade dollars. | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Quarter dollars. | I'wenty cents. | Dimes. | Half dimes. | Three cents. |
|  | \$204,791 | \$161, 572.00 |  |  |  | \$4, 320.80 | . |
| .-.-....... | 72,920 |  | \$1, 473.50 |  | \$2, 213. 50 | 511.50 |  |
|  | 7,776 | 1,959.00 | - 63.00 |  | 2,526.10 | 2, 226. 35 |  |
|  | 327, 536 |  |  |  | 2,755.00 |  |  |
|  | 423,515 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 220,920. |  |  |  | 2,176.00 | 1,200. 00 |  |
|  | 54, 454 | 15, 144. 50 |  | . | $3,404.00$ | 1,695. 50 |  |
|  | 41,650 | $14,945.00$ |  |  | 1,097. 50 | 650.50 |  |
|  | 66, 064 | 15,857. 50 |  |  | 3, 304. 00 | 1,892. 50 |  |
|  | 19,570 | $78,259.50$ | 1. 684.50 | . | 826.50 |  |  |
|  | 321 | 105,861.00 | $30,348.50$ |  | 12, 078.00 | 780.00 |  |
|  |  | 419, 788.00 | 51, 581.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 525, 788.00 | 55, 160.75 |  | 16,500.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 684, 300.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . . . . | 702, 905.00 |  |  | 4,471.00 |  |  |
|  |  | $638,138.00$ |  |  | 635.50 |  |  |
|  |  | 601, 822.00 |  |  | 6,518.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 814, 029.50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 620, 951. 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 51.9,537. 50 |  |  | 42, 150.00 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 17, 308.00 |  |  |  |  |
| - ${ }^{-1}$ |  | 23, 575.00 | $5, \stackrel{3}{000.75}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 607, 783.50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $980,161.00$ | 90,293. 50 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1, 104, 000.00 | $36,000.00$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 375, 561.00 | 31,861. 00 |  | 94, 258.70 |  |  |
|  |  | $652,898.50$ | 54, 212. 75 | ........... | 118, 651.20 |  |  |
|  |  | 779,786.50 | 16,020.00 |  | 10,000.00 |  |  |
|  |  | $847,100.00$ | 4,450.00 |  | 44; 000. 00 |  |  |
| ........... |  | 1,752,477.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,471,583.00 | 42,000.00 |  | 51, 000.00 |  |  |
|  |  | $2,002,090.00$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2,746,700.00 | 1,000.00 |  | 121, 500.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 1,537, 000.00 | $25,500.00$ |  | 12,500.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 1, 856,078.00 |  |  | 77,000.00 | 61,500.00 |  |
|  |  | - $2,382,400.00$ |  |  | $51,000.00$ | 62,000.00 |  |
|  |  | 2,936,830.00 | 99, 500.00 |  | 77, 135.00 | $62,135.00$ |  |
|  | * | $2,398.500 .00$ | 80,000.00 |  | 52,250.00 | 48,250. 00 |  |
|  |  | $2,603,000.00$ | 39,000. 00 |  | 48, 400.00 | 68,500. 00 |  |
|  |  | $3,206,002.00$ | 71,500.00 |  | 63,500.00 | 74,000.00 |  |
|  |  | 2,676,003.00 | 488, 000.00 |  | 141, 000.00 | $138,000.00$ |  |
|  | 1,000 | $3,273,100.00$ | 118,000.00 |  | 119,000.00 | 95,000.00 |  |
|  |  | 1,814,910..00 | $63,100.00$ |  | 104,200.00 | $113,800.00$ |  |
|  |  | 1,773,000.00 | 208, 000.00 |  | 239,493.40 | 112,750.00 |  |
|  | - 300 | $1,748,768.00$ | 122,786.50 |  | 229,638.70 | 108, 285.00 |  |
|  | 61, 005 | 1, 145, 054.00 | 153,331.75 |  | 253,358.00 | 113, 954.25 |  |
|  | 173, 000 | $355,500.00$ | 143, 000.00 | . ${ }^{\text {c. }}$. . . . | $363,000.00$ | 98, 250.00 |  |
|  | 184, 618 | 1,484, 882.00 | 214, 250.00 |  | $390,750.00$ | 58,250.00 |  |
|  | 165, 100 | 3, 056,000.00 | 403,400.00 |  | 152,000.00 | 58, 250.00 |  |

## XXXVIII.-Confage of the Mints of the United Staties

RECAPITULATION.

from their Organization, by Calendar Years-Continued.
RECAPITULATION.

| SIIVER COLNAGE. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade dollars. | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Quarter dullars. | Twenty cents. | Dimes. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Falf dimes. | Three cents. |
|  | \$20, | \$1,885, 500.00 | \$290, 300.00 |  | $\$ 7,250.00$ | \$32, 500.00 |  |
|  | 24, 500 | 1,341,500.00 | 230,500.00 |  | 198, 500.00 | $78,200.00$ |  |
|  | 169,600 | 2,257,000.00 | 127,500.00 |  | $3,130.00$. | 1,350.00 |  |
|  | 140.750 | 1,870,000.00 | 275, 500.00 |  | 24,500.00 | 63,700.00 |  |
|  | 15,000 | 1,880, 000.00 | 36,500.00 |  | $45,150.00$ | 05,400.00 |  |
|  | 62, 600 | i, 781, 000.00 | $85,000.00$ |  | 113,900.00 | 72, 450.00 |  |
|  | 47,500 | 1,341,500.00 | 150,700.00 |  | 244, 150.00 | 82, 250.00 |  |
|  | 1,300 | 301, 375.00 | 62, 000.00 |  | $142,650.00$ | $82,050.00$ | \$185, 022.00 |
|  | 1,1 | 110,565.00 | 68,265.00 |  | 196,550.00 | 63, 025.00 | 559, 905.00 |
|  | 46, | 2,430,354.00 | 4, 146, 555.00 |  | 1,327,301.00 | $785,251.00$ | 342, 000.00 |
|  | 33,140 | $4,111,000.00$ | $3,466,000.00$ |  | 624,000.00 | 365, 000.00 | $20,130.00$ |
|  | 26, 000 | 2,288,725.00 | 857, 350.00 |  | 207, 500.00. | 117, 500.00 | 4,170.00 |
|  | 63, 500 | 1, 903, 500.00 | 2, 129,500.00 |  | 703, 000.00 | 299, 000.00 | 43,740.00 |
|  | 94,000 | 1,482,000.00 | 2,726,500.00 |  | 712,000.00 | 433,000.00 | 31, 260.00 |
|  |  | $5,998,000.00$ | 2, 002, 250.00 |  | 189,000.00 | 258,000.00 | 48, 120.00 |
|  | 636 | 2,074, 000.00 | 421, 000.00 |  | $97,000.00$ | 45.000 .00 | 10.950.00 |
|  | 733, 930 | 1,032, $850.00^{\circ}$ | 312, 350.00 |  | 78,700.00 | 92, 950.00 | 8,610.00 |
|  | 78,500 | 2,078, 950.00 | 1, 237, 650.00 |  | 209,650.00 | 164, 050.00 | $14,940.00$ |
|  | 12. 090 | 802, 175.00 | 249,887.50 |  | 102,830.00 | 74, 627.50 | 10,906. 50 |
|  | 27, 660 | 709,830.00 | 48, 015.00 |  | 17, 196.00 | 5,923.00 | 643.83 |
|  | 31, 170 | 518, 785.00 | 28,517. 50 |  | 26,907.00 | 4, $523 \cdot 50$ | 14.10 |
|  | 47, 000 | $593,450.00$ | 25,075.00 |  | 18,550.00 | 6,675.00 | 255.00 |
|  | 49,625 | 899.812 .50 | 11,381. 25 |  | 14,372.50 | 6,536. 25 | 681.75 |
|  | 60,325 | $810,162.50$ | 17,156. 25 |  | 14, 662. 50 | 6,431. 25 | 138.75 |
|  | 182, 700 | $769,100.00$ | 31,500.00 |  | 72,625.00 | 18,295. 00 | 123.00 |
|  | 424, 300 | $725,950.00$ | 23,150.00 |  | 70,660. 00 | 21,930. 00 | 153.00 |
|  | 445, 462 | $829,758.50$ | $23,935.00$ |  | $52,150.00$ | $26,830.00$ | 120.00 |
|  | 1, 117, 136 | 1,741, 655.00 | 53, 255. 50 |  | 109,371.00 | 82, 493.00 | 127.80 |
|  | 1, 118, 600 | $866,775.00$ | 68,762. 50 |  | 261, 045.00 | 189, 247. 50 | 58.50 |
| 1, 225,000 | 290,600 | 1., 593, 780.00 | 414, 190. 50 |  | $443,329.10$ | 51, 830.00 | 18.00 |
| 4, 91.0, 000 |  | 1, 406,650.00 | 215, 975.00 |  | 319, 151.70 |  |  |
| 6,279, 600 |  | $5,117,750.00$ | 1, 278, 375.00 | \$265, 598 | 2, 406,570.00 |  |  |
| 6, 192, 150 |  | $7,451,575.00$ | 7, 839, 287. 50 | 5,180 | 3, 015, 115.00 |  |  |
| 13,092,710 |  | 7,540, 255.00 | 6, 024, 927.50 | 102 | 1, 735,051.00 |  |  |
| 4, 259, 900 | 22, 495, 550 | $726,200.00$ | $849,200.00$ | 120 | 187, 880.00 |  |  |
| 1,54 | 27, 560, 100 | -2,950.00 | 3,675.00 |  | - 1,510.00 |  |  |
| 1,987 | 27, 397, 355 | 4,877.50 | 3,738.75 |  | 3, 735.50 |  |  |
| 960 | 27, 927, 975 | 5,487.50 | 3,243. 75 |  | 2,497.50 |  |  |
| 1, 097 | 27, 574, 100 | 2,750.00 | 4, 075.00 |  | 391, 110.00 |  |  |
| 979 | 28, 470, 039 | 4,519.50 | 3,859.75 |  | 767, 571. 20 |  |  |
|  | 28, 136,875 | 2,637.50 | 2,218.75 |  | 393, 134.90 |  |  |
|  | 28, 697, 767 | 3,065.00 | 3,632. 50 |  | 257, 711. 70 |  |  |
|  | 31, 423, 886 | 2,943.00 | 1,471.50 |  | 658, 409. 40 |  |  |
|  | 33, 611, 710 | 2,855.00 | 2, 677. 50 |  | 1,573,838.90 |  |  |
|  | 31,990,833 | 6,416. 50 | 306, 708. 25 |  | 721, 648. 70 |  |  |
|  | 34, 651, 811 | 6,355.50 | 3,177.75 |  | 835, 338.90 |  |  |
|  | 38, 043, 004 | 6,295.00 | 20,147. 50 |  | 1, 133, 461. 70 |  |  |
| 35,965,924 | 396, 012, 243 | 122, 834, 835.00 | $38,854,412.50$ | 271, 000 | 23,645, 815.30 | 4,880;219.40 | 1, 282; 087. 20 |
|  | 17, 678, 263 | 76,575.00 | 175, 087.50 | $\because 4$ | 702.646.60 |  |  |
| 35,965,924 | 413, 690, 506 | 122, 911, 410.00 | 39, 029, 500.00 | 271, 000 | 24, 348, 461.90 | 4,880,219.40 | 1, 282, 087. 20 |

## XXXVIIL.-Coinage of the Mints of the United Statles

RECAPITULATION.

|  | Calendar years. | Minor coinage. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - Five cents. | Three cents. | - Two cents. |
| 1793-1795. |  | $\therefore$ |  |  |
| 1796...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1797.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1798...... | .............. |  |  |  |
| 1799..... |  |  |  |  |
| 1800...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1801.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1802.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1803..... | 4 |  |  |  |
| 1804...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1805...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1806...; |  |  |  |  |
| 1807...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1808...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1809..... |  |  |  |  |
| $1810 \ldots .$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1811...... | - |  |  |  |
| 1812...... | ...-. |  |  |  |
| 1813.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1814...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1815...... | . . . . . . . ....... |  | . |  |
| 1816... |  |  |  |  |
| 1817... |  |  |  |  |
| 1818...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1819.... |  |  | ............... | ...... |
| 1820... |  |  |  |  |
| 1821...... |  |  |  |  |
| 1822....... |  | ............. |  |  |
| 1823....... |  |  |  |  |
| 1824... |  |  |  |  |
| 1825.... |  |  | - |  |
| $1826 \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1827. |  |  |  |  |
| 1828. |  |  |  |  |
| 1829... |  |  | , |  |
| 1830... |  |  |  |  |
| $1831 \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1832.... | $;$ |  |  | .... |
| 1883.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1834.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1835..... | ........ |  |  | . |
| 1836.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1837.... |  |  |  |  |
| 1838..... |  |  | ...*... | $\therefore$ |
| 1839... |  |  |  |  |
| 1840... |  |  |  |  |
| 1841... |  |  |  |  |
| 1842.... | .. |  |  |  |
| 1843...... |  |  |  |  |

from thelr Organization, by Calendar Years-Continued.
RECAPITULATION.

| MINOR COTNAGE. |  | total coinage. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cents. | Half cents. | Gold. | Silver. | Minor. | Total. |
| \$10, 660.33 | \$712.67 | \$71, 485.00 | \$270, 683.80 | \$11, 373.00 | \$453, 541.80 |
| - 9,747.00 | 577. 40 | 77,960.00 | 77, 118.50 | 10,344.40 | 165, 402.90 |
| 8,975.10 | 535.24 | 128,190.00 | $14,550.45$ | 9,510.34 | 152, 250.70 |
| 9,797.00 |  | $205,610.00$ | 330, 291. 00 | 9,797.00 | 545, 698.00 |
| 9,045.85 | 60.83 | $213,285.00$ | 423, 515.00 | 9,106.68 | 645, 906.68 |
| 28, 221.75 | 1,057.65 | 317, 760.00 | 224, 296.00 | 29,279.40 | 571, 335.40 |
| 13,628.37 |  | 422,570.00 | 74,758.00 | 13,628.37 | $510,956.37$ |
| $34,351.00$ | 71.83 | - $423,310.00$ | $58,343.00$ | 34, 422.83 | $516,075.83$ |
| 24, 713.53 | 489.50 | 258,377. 50 | 87, 118.00 | $25,203.03$ | 370,698.53 |
| 7, 568.38 | 4,276.56 | 258,642. 50 | 100, 340.50 | 12,844.94 | 371, 827.94 |
| 9,411.16 | 4,072.32 | 170,367. 50 | 149,388. 50 | 13, 483.48 | $333,239.48$ |
| 3,480.00 | 1,780.00 | 324, 505. 00 | 471, 319.00 | 5,260.00 | 801, 084.00 |
| 7, 272.21 | 2,380.00 | 437, 495. 00 | 597, 448.75 | 9,652. 21 | 1, 044, 595.96 |
| 11,090.00 | 2,000.00 | 284,665.00 | 684, 300.00 | 13, 090.00 | 982, 055.00 |
| 2,228.67 | $5,772.86$ | 169, 375.00 | 707, 376.00 | $8,001.53$ | 884, 752.53 |
| 14,585.00 | 1, 075.00 | 501, 435. 00 | 638, 773.50 | $15,660.00$ | 1,155,868. 50 |
| 2,180. 25 | 315.70 | 497, 905.00 | $608,340.00$ | 2,495.95 | 1,108,740.95 |
| 10,755.00 |  | 290, 435.00 | $814,029.50$ | 10,755.00 | 1,115,219.50 |
| 4,180.00 |  | 477, 140.00 | $620,951.50$ | 4,180.00 | 1,102,271. 50 |
| 3,578. 30 |  | 77, 270.00 | 561, 687. 50 | 3,578.30 | 642, 535.80 |
|  |  | 3, 175.00 | 17,308. 00 |  | 20,483.00 |
| 28, 209.82 |  |  | 28,575.75 | 28, 209.82 | 56,785. 57 |
| $39,484.00$ |  |  | 607,783.50 | 39, 484.00 | 647, 267. 50 |
| 31, 670.00 |  | 242, 940.00 | 1, 070,454.50 | 31,670.00 | 1, 345, 064.50 |
| 26,710.00 |  | $258,615.00$ | 1,140,000.00 | 26,710.00 | 1, $425,325.00$. |
| 44.075.50 |  | 1,319, 030.00 | 501, 680. 70 | 44, 075.50 | 1, 864, 786. 20 |
| 3,890.00 |  | 189, 325.00 | 825, 762.45 | 3,890.00 | 1, 018,977. 45 |
| 20,723. 39 |  | 88,980.00 | 805, 806.50 | 20,723.39 | 915, 509.89 |
|  |  | 72, 425.00 | 895,550.00 |  | 967, 975.00 |
| -12, 620.00 |  | 93,200.00 | 1,752,477.00 | 12, 620.00 | 1, 858,297.00 |
| . $14,611.00$ | 315.00 | 156,385.00 | 1,564,583.00 | 14, 926.00 | 1,735,894.00 |
| $15,174.25$ | 1,170.00 | 92,245.00 | 2,002,090.00 | 16,344. 25 | 2,110,679: 25 |
| 23,577. 32 |  | 131,565.00 | 2,869,200.00. | 23,577. 32 | 3, 024, 342. 32 |
| 22, 606.24 | 3, 030.00 | 140, 1.45.00 | 1, 575, 000.00 | $25,636.24$ | 1, 741, 381. 24 |
| 14, 145.00 | 2,435.00 | 295, 717.50 | 1,994,578.00 | 16,580.00 | $2,306,875.50$ |
| 17, 115.00 |  | 643,105.00 | 2, 495, 400.00 | 17,115.00 | 3, 155, 620.00 |
| 33,592. 60 | 11.00 | 714,270.00 | 3,175,600.00 | 33, 603. 60 | 3,923, 473.60 |
| 23,620.00 |  | 798, 435. 00 | 2,579,000.00 | 23, 620.00 | 3, 401, 055.00 |
| 27,390.00 | 770.00 | 978,550.00 | 2,759, 000.00 | 28,160.00 | 3, 765, 710.00 |
| 18,551. 00 | 600.00 | 3,954,270.00 | 3, 415, 002.00 | - $19,151.00$ | 7,388, 423.00 |
| 38,784, 00 | 705.00 | 2, 186, 175.00 | 3, 443, 003.00 | 39, 489.00 | 5, 668, 667. 00 |
| 21, 110.00 | 1,990.00 | 4,135,700.00 | $3,606,100.00$ | 23,100. 00 | 7, 764, 900.00 |
| 55, 583.00 |  | 1, 148,305. 00 | 2,096,010.00 | 55,583.00 | 3,299,898.00 |
| 63, 702.00. |  | 1, 809, 765. 00 | $2,333,243.40$ | 63, 702. 00 | 4,206,710. 40 |
| 31, 286. 61 |  | 1,376, 847,50 | 2, 209, 778.20 | 31, 286.61 | 3,617, 912. 31 |
| 24,627.00 |  | 1, 675,482. 50 | 1,726,703.00 | 24,627. 00 | 3,426, 812.50. |
| 15,973.67 | -----..... | 1, 091, 857. 50 | 1, 132,750.00 | 15, 973.67 | 2,240,581. 17 |
| 23,833.90 |  | 1,829, 407.50 | 2,332,750.00 | 23,433.90 | 4, 185, 991. 40 |
| 24,283. 20 |  | 8,108,797.50 | $3,834,750.00$ | 24,283. 20 | 11, 967, 830.70 |

## XXXVIII--Coinage of the Mints of the Unitied States

RECAPITULATION.

| Calendar years. | minor coinage. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Five cents. | Three cents. | Two cents. |
| 1844......... |  |  |  |
| 1845........ |  |  |  |
| 1846........ |  |  |  |
| 1847....... |  |  |  |
| 1848...... |  |  |  |
| 1849... |  |  |  |
| 1850... |  |  |  |
| 1851.. |  |  |  |
| 1852.. |  |  |  |
| 1859.. |  |  |  |
| 1854... |  |  |  |
| 1855. |  |  |  |
| 1856....... |  |  |  |
| 1857. |  |  |  |
| 1858. |  |  |  |
| 1859. |  |  |  |
| 1860.. |  |  |  |
| 1861. |  |  |  |
| 1862. |  |  |  |
| 1863. |  |  |  |
| 1864. |  |  | \$396, 950.00 |
| 1865. |  | \$341, 460.00 | 272, 800.00 |
| 1866. | \$737, 125. 00 | 144,030.00 | 63,540.00 |
| 1867. | 1, 545, 475.00 | 117, 450.00 | 58, 775. 00 |
| 1868. | 1, 440, 850.00 | 97,560.00 | - 56,075.00 |
| 1869. | 819,750.00 | 48, 120.00 | 30, 930,00 |
| 1870. | $240,300.00$ | 40,050.00 | 17, 225.00 |
| 1871. | 28,050.00 | 18, 120.00 | 14,425. 00 |
| 1872. | 301, 800.00 | 25, 860.00 | - 1,300.00 |
| 1873. | 227, 500.00 | $35,190.00$ |  |
| 1874. | 176,900.00 | 23,700.00 |  |
| 1875. | 104; 850.00 | 6, 840.00 |  |
| 1876. | 126,500.00 | 4,860.00 | ............... |
| 1877. |  |  |  |
| 1878. | 117.50 | 70.50 |  |
| 1879. | 1,455.00 | 1,236. 00 |  |
| 1880. | 997.75 | 748.65 |  |
| 1881. | 3,618,75 | 32,417. 25 | .... |
| 1882. | 573, 830.00 | 759.00 | ..... |
| 1883. | 1, 148, 471.05 | 318.27 |  |
| 1884. | 563, 697.10 | 169.26 | ......... |
| 1885. | 73, 824. 50 | 143.70 |  |
| 1886. | 166,514. 50 | 128.70 | ...... |
| 1887. | 763, 182.60 | 238.83 | ............ |
| 1888. | 536, 024.15 | 1, 232. 49 |  |
| 1889. | 794, 068.05 | 646.83 |  |
| 1890. | 812, 963.60 |  |  |
| Total. | 11, 187, 864. 55 | 941, 349.48 | 912, 020.00 |
| January 1, 1891, to June 30, 1891 | '333, 370.00 |  |  |
| Total. | 11, 521, 234. 55 | 941, 3499. 48 | 912, 020.00 |

Note.-Table XXXIX ("Monetary Statistics of Foreign Countries") is omitted for want of space. It will be found in the separate volume of the Director's report.

## RIECAPITULATION.

| Minor coinage. |  | TOTAL COINAGE. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cents. | Half cents. | Gold. | Silver. | Minor. | Total. |
| \$23, 987. 52 |  | \$5, 427, 670.00 | \$2, 235.550.00 | \$23, 987.52 | - \$7,687, 207. 52 |
| 38,948.04 |  | 3,756, 447.50 | 1, 873, 200.00 | 38,948.04 | $5,668,595.54$ |
| 41, 208.00 |  | 4, 034, 177. 50 | 2, 558,580.00 | 41, 208.00 | 6, 633, 965. 50 |
| 61, 836.69 |  | 20, 202, 325.00 | 2,374, 450.00 | 61,836. 69 | $\hat{2} 2,638,611.69$ |
| 64,157.99 |  | 3,775,512.50 | 2,040, 050.00 | $64,157,99$ | 5, 879, 720.49 |
| 41,785.00 | \$199. 32 | 9, 007, 761. 50 | 2,114, 950.00 | 41, 984.32 | 11, 164, 695.82 |
| 44, 268, 44 | 190.06 | 31, 981, 738.50 | 1. $866,100.00$ - | 44, 467. 50 | $33,892,306.00$ |
| $98,897.07$ | 738.36 | 62, 614, 492.50 | 774, 397.00 | 99, 635. 43 | $63,488,524.93$ |
| 50,630.94 |  | $56,846,187.50$ | 999, 410.00 | 50, 630.94. | 57, 896, 228.44 |
| $60,411.31$ | 648.47 | 39, $377,909.00$ | 9, 077, 571.00 | 67, 059.78 | 48,522, 539.78 |
| 42,361. 56 | 276.79 | 25, 915,962. 50 | 8,619, 270.00 | 42,638.35 | 34, 577, 870.85 |
| 15,748. 29 | 282.50 | 29, $387,968.00$ | 3, 501, 245.00 | 16, 030.79 | 32, 905, 243.79 |
| 26.904. 63 | 202.15 | $36,857,768.50$ | $5,142,240.00$ | 27, 106.78 | 42, 027, 115. 28 |
| 177, 834. 56 | 175.90 | $32,214,040.00$ | $5,478,760.00$ | 178, 010.46 | 37, $870,810.46$ |
| 246, 000.00 |  | $22,938,413.50$ | $8,495,370.00$ | 246, 000.00 | 31, 679, 788.50 |
| 364, 000.00 |  | 14,780, 570.00 | 3, 284, 450.00 | 364, 000.00 | 18,429, 020.00 |
| 205,660.00 |  | $23,473,654.00$ | 2, $259,390.00$ | 205, 660.00 | $25,988,704.00$ |
| 101, 000.00 |  | $88,395,530.00$ | 3,783,740.00 | 101, 000.00 | 87, 280, 270.00 |
| 280, 750.00 |  | $20,875,997.50$ | 1,252,516.50 | 280,750.00 | 22, 409, 264.00 |
| 498,400.00 |  | $22,445,482.00$ | 809, 267.80 | $498 ; 400.00$ | $23,753,149,80$ |
| 529, 737.14 |  | 20, 081, 415.00 | $609,917.10$ | 926, 687. 14 | $21,618,019.24$ |
| 354, 292.86 |  | $28,295,107.50$ | 691,005.00 | 968, 552.86 | 29, 954, 665.36 |
| 98, 265.00 |  | 31, 435, 945.00 | 982, 409. 25 | $\therefore \quad 1,042,960.00$ | 33, 461, 314. 25 |
| 98,210.00 |  | $23,828,625.00$ | $908,876.25$ | 1, 819,910.00 | 26,557, 411. 25 |
| 102, 665.00 |  | 19,371, 387.50 | 1, 074,343.00 | 1,697, 150.00 | 22, 142, 880.50 |
| 64, 200.00 |  | 17, 582, 987.50 | 1, 266, 143.00 | $963,000.00$ | 19, 812, 130.50 |
| 52, 750.00 |  | $23,198,787.50$ | 1,378, 255. 50 | $350,325.00$ | 24,927, 368.00 |
| 39, 205.00 |  | 21, 032, 685.00 | $3,104,038.30$ | $99,890.00$ | 24, $236,613.30$ |
| 40,420.00 |  | 21, 812, 645.00 | 2,504,488. 50 | 369,380. 00 | 24,686,513.50 |
| 116, 765.00 |  | 57, 022, 747. 50 | 4, 024, 747. 60 | 379, 455.00 | $61,426,950.10$ |
| 141, 875.00 |  | $35,254,630.00$ | 6,851,776.70 | $342,475.00$ | 42, 448, 881.70. |
| 135, 280.00 |  | $32,951,940.00$ | 15, 347, 893.00 | $246,970.00$ | 48, 546, 803.00 |
| 79,440.00 |  | $46,579,452.50$ | $24,503,307.50$ | $210,800.00$ | 71, 293, 560.00 |
| 8,525.00 |  | 43,999, 864.00 | $28,393,045.50$ | - $8,525.00$ | 72, 401, 434.50 |
| 57, 998. 50 |  | 49, 786, 052. 00 | $28,518,850.00$ | $58,186.50$ | $78,363,088.50$ |
| 162, 312.00 |  | $39,080,080.00$ | $27,569,776.00$ | 165,003.00. | $66,814,859.00$ |
| 383, 649. 55 |  | $62,308,279.00$ | $27,411,693.75$ | 391, 395.95. | $90,111,368.70$ |
| 392,115. 75 |  | $96,850,890.00$ | 27,940, 163.75 | $428,151.75$ | $125,219,205.50$ |
| $385,811.00$ |  | $65,887,685.00$ | 27, 973, 132.00 | 960, 400.00 | 94, 821, 217.00 |
| 455, 981.09 |  | 29, 241, 990.00 | 29,246, 968.45 | 1, 604, 770.41 | 60, 093, 728.86 |
| 232, 617.42 |  | $23,991,756.50$. | 28, 534, 866.15 | 796, 483.78 | $53,323,106.43$ |
| 117, 653.84 |  | $27,773,012.50$ | - $28,962,176.20$ | 191, 622, 04 | 56, 926, 810.74 |
| 176, 542. 90 |  | $28,945,542.00$ | 32, 086, 709.90 | $343,186.10$ | 61, 375, 438.00 |
| $452,264.83$ |  | $23,972,383.00$ | 35, 191, 081. 40 | 1, $215,686.26$ | $60,379,150.66$ |
| 374, 944.14 |  | $31,380,808.00$ | 33, 025, 606. 45 | 912, 200. 78 | $65,318,615.23$ |
| 488, 693.61 |  | $21,413,931.00$ | 25,496,683. 15 | 1,283,408. 49 | 58, 194, 022. 64 |
| 571, 828.54 |  | $20,467,182.50$ | 39, 202, 908. 20 | 1, 384, 792. 14 | 61, $054,882.84$ |
| 9, 553, 340.61 | 39,926. 11 | 1,531, 999, 915.50 | 623, 746, 536.40 | 22,634,500. 75 | 2,178,380,952. 65 |
| 180, 514.00 |  | 14, 860, 332. 50 | 18,632,572. 10 | 513,884.00 | 34, 006, 788. 60 |
| 9, 733, 854. 61 | 39, 926.11 | 1,546, 860, 248.00 | 642, 379, 108. 50 | $23,148,384.75$ | 2, 212, 387, 741. 25 |

(No. 3.)

## REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Treasury Department,<br>Office of the Comprroller of the Curleney, Washington, D. G., December 7, 1891.

SIR: I have the honor to submit for the consideration of Congress, in compliance with the provisions of section 333 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the twenty-ninth annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

The year covered by this report ended October 31, 1891. During the larger part of this period severe depression was experienced iu all sections of the country, and business in its various forms was coutracted in volume and unsatisfactory in results.

At the opening of the report year the stringency which characterized the money market during the autumn of 1890 was at its height, its most disastrous effects having been felt during the month of November. A period of liquidation then set in which had hardly spent its force when the bountiful harvest of 1891 brought much needed relief.
Notwithstanding the unfavorable conditionsindicated, 193 new banks were organized during the year, located in 41 States and Territories, and possessing an aggregate capital of $\$ 20,700,000$. The accessious are numerically in excess of the average and have been exceeded in only seven out of the twenty-nine years during which the system has been in operation. During this twelvemonth 41 banks went into voluntary liquidation and 25 became insolvent, leaving as a net gain for the report year 127 associations, with a capital of $\$ 12,553,000$, which is, as to number of banks, precisely the net average yearly increase during the life of the system.

The number of banks now in operation is greater than at any former period. There has been a satisfactory increase in the totals of capital stock, surplus fund, and undivided profits, and this is also true of deposits, loans and discounts.

The number of banks in existence October 31, 1891, was 3,694, having in capital stock $\$ 684,755,865$; bonds deposited to secure circulation, $\$ 152,113,850$; bank notes outstanding, $\$ 171,368,948$, including $\$ 35,430$, 721 representing lawful money deposited to redeem circulation still outstanding. The amount of circulation secured ${ }^{\circ}$ by the piedge of United States bonds has increased during the year $\$ 11,795,101$.

The following table gives the number of banks organized during the year ended October 31, 1891, in each State and Territory, with their aggregate capital:

| States and Territories. | No. of banks. | Capital. | States and Territories. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { No. of } \\ & \text { banks. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Capital. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Texas. | 17 | \$1,510, 000 | Tennessee. | 3 | \$450,000 |
| Pemnsylvania | 17 | 1,050,000 | Weest Virginia | 3 | 285, 000 |
| Washington | 11 | 700,000 | Georgia | 2 | 300,000 |
| Illinois. | 11 | 2,830,000 | Colorado | 2 | 300, 000 |
| Iowa | 11 | 775,000 | Louisiana | 2 | 100, 000 |
| Nebraska | 10 | 910,000 | Maine. | 2 | 125,000 |
| New York | 10 | 2,200,000 | Michigan | 2 | 150,000 |
| Kansas. | 9 | 760,000 | New Mexico | 2 | 100,000 |
| Kentucky | 6 | 415,000 | Utah | 2 | 100,000 |
| Maryland | 6 | 1,150,000 | District of Colum | 1 | 200, 000 |
| Minnesota | '6 | 300, 000 | Alabama. | 1 | 50,000 |
| Montana . | 6 | 515, 000 | Arkansas | 1 | 50, 000 |
| Wisconsin | 6 | 450,000 | Idaho . | 1 | 75, 000 |
| Missouri | 5 | 1, 850, 000 | Indiana ........ | 1 | 100,000 |
| Ohio | 5 | 650, 000 | Indian Territory | 1 | 50, 000 |
| South Dakota |  | 300, 000 | Mississippi. | 1 | 50,000 50 |
| Virginia. | 5 4 | 400,000 200,000 | New Hampshi | 1 | 50,000 50,000 |
| North Dakota | 4 | 250, 000 | Wyoming | 1 | 50,000 |
| North Carolina | 3 | 150,000 | Total | 193 | 20,700,000 |
| Oregon: | 3 | 350, 000 |  |  |  |

It will be observed that Texas and Penusylvania still stand at the head of the list, as they have during the past two years, with 17 new associations in each, Texas, however, having the larger capital. Following these come the States of Washington, Illinois, and Iowa with 11 banks each, and Nebraska and New York with 10 each. Kansas shows 9 new associations and ranks next to New York. It will be observed that notwithstanding the fatality attending banking operations in Kansas and Nebraska'these States take prominent places in point ot new organizations.

Of the associations entering the system during the year, 99 , or slightly more than one-half in number, are located west of the Mississippi River and 59 in the Southern States.

Of the total number of banks in operation Pennsylvania has the greatestuumber of associations, Massachusetts the greatestaggregate capital, and NewYork leads in amount of deposits.

The accessions to the system are widely distributed, both old and new States being prominent in the list. It will be noticed, however, that in proportion to population the increase is greater in the newer States west of the Mississippi River.

The following table exhibits the number of banks organized, failed, and in voluntary liquidation, and the net increase numerically each year since 1863:

Number and Authorized Capital of Banks Organized and the Number and Capital of Banks Closed in bach Year ended October 31 since tee Establishment of the National Banking System, with the Yearly Increase or Decrease.

| Year. | Organized. |  | Closed. |  |  |  | Net yearly in. crease. |  | Net yearly decrease. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In voluntary liquidation. |  | Insolvent. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Capital. | No. | Capital. | No. | Capital. | No. | Capital. | No. | Capital. |
| 1863. | 134 | \$16, 378, 700 |  |  |  |  | 134 | \$16, 378, 700 |  |  |
| 1864. | 453 | 79, 366, 950 | 3. |  |  |  | 450 | 79, 366, 950 |  |  |
| 1865 | 1, 014 | 242, 542. 982 | 6 | \$330, 000 | 1 | \$50, 000 | 1, 007 | 242, 162, 982 |  |  |
| 1866 | 62 | $8,515,1.50$ | 4 | 650,000 | 2 | 500, 000 | 56 | 7,365, 150 |  |  |
| 1867. | 10 | 4, 260, 300 | 12 | 2,160.000 | 6 | 1, 170,000 |  | 980, 300 | 8 |  |
| 1868. | 12 | 1, 210,000 | 18 | 2, 445, 500 | 4. | 410,000 |  |  | 10 | \$1, 645,500 |
| 1869 | 9 | 1,500, 000 | 17 | 3,372,710 | 1 | 50,000 |  |  | 9 | 1, 922,710 |
| 1870 | 22 | 2, 736,000 | 14 | 2,550, 000 | 1 | 250, 000 | 7. |  |  | 64, 000 |
| 1871. | 170 | 19,519, 000 | 11. | 1, 450, 000 |  |  | 159 | 18,069, 000 |  |  |
| 1872. | 175 | 18, 988, 000 | 11 | 2, 180,500 | 6 | 1,806, 100 | 158 | 15, 001, 400 |  |  |
| 1873. | 68 | 7, 602, 700 | 21 | 3, 524,700 | $11^{\prime}$ | 3,825,000 | 36 | 253,000 |  |  |
| 1874 | 71 | 6,745,500 | 20. | 2,795,000 | 3 | . 250,000 | - 48 | 3, 700,500 |  |  |
| 1875 | 107 | 12, 104, 000 | 38 | 3,820, 200 | 5 | 1,000, 000 | 64 | 7, 283, 800 |  |  |
| 1876 | 36 | 3, 189, 800 | 32 | 2, 565, 000 | -91 | 965,000 |  |  |  | 340, 200 |
| 1877 | 29 | 2,589, 000 | 26 | 2, 539, 500 | 10 | 3, 344, 000 |  |  | 7 | 3, 294, 500 |
| 1878 | 28 | 2,775, 000 | 41 | 4, 235,500 | 14 | 2, 612, 500 |  |  | 27 | 4,075,000 |
| 1879 | 38 | 3, 595, 000 | 33 | 3,750,000 | 8 | 1,230,000 |  |  | 3 | 1,385, 000 |
| 1880 | 57 | 6, 374, 170 | 9 | -570,000 | 3 | 700,000 | 45 | 5, 104, 170 |  |  |
| 1881 | 86 | 9, 651, 050 | 26 | 1,920,000 |  |  | 60 | 7,731,050 |  |  |
| 1882 | 227 | 30, 038,300 | 78 | 16, 120, 000 | 3 | 1,561., 300 | 146 | 12,357,000 |  |  |
| 1883 | 202 | 28, 654, 350 | 40 | 7, 736, 000 | 2 | 250,000 | 220 | 20, 668, 350 |  |  |
| 1884 | 191 | 16,042, 230 | 30 | 3,647, 250 | 11. | 1,285, 000 | 150 | 11, 109, 980 |  |  |
| 1885 | 145 | 16, 938, 000 | 85 | 17,856,590 | 4 | 600,000 | 56 |  |  | 1, 518, 590 |
| 1886 | 174 | 21, 358, 000 | 25 | 1, 651, 100 | 8 | 650,000 | 141 | 19, 056, 000 |  |  |
| 1887 | 225 | 30, 546, 000 | 25 | 2, 537, 450 | 8 | 1,550, 000 | 192 | 26, 458, 550 |  |  |
| 1888 | 132 | 12,053, 000 | 34 | 4, 171, 000 | 8 | 1,900,000 | 90 | 5, 982, 000 |  |  |
| 1889 | 211 | 21, 240, 000 | 41 | 4,316,000 | 2 | 250, 000 | 168 | 16,674, 000 |  |  |
| 1890 | 307 | 36, 250, 000 | 50 | 5, 050, 000 | $9{ }^{\circ}$ | 750,000 | 248 | 30, 450, 000 |  |  |
| 1801 | 198 | 20,700, 000 | 41 | 4, 485, 000 | 25 | 3, 662, 000 | 127 | 12,553, 000 |  |  |
| Total........ <br> Deduct decrease. | 4,648 | 683,463, 182 | 791 | 108, 431, 000 | 164 | 30,620, 900 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,762 \\ 69 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 558,656,782 \\ & 14.245 .500 \end{aligned}$ |  | 14, 245,500 |
| Total net increase..... |  |  |  |  |  |  | *3,693 | †544, 411, 282 |  |  |

* One bank restored to solvency, making 3,694 going banks.
$t$ The total authorized capital stock on October 31 was $\$ 684,755 ; 865$; the paid-in capital, $\$ 683,248,175$, including the capital stock of liquidating and insolvent banks which have not deposited lawful monoy for the retirement of their circulating notes.

The most notable feature of the foregoing table is the large number of associations which have become insolvent during the year. They aggregate 25 banks, with a capital of $\$ 3,662,000$. The year 1873 , however, appears to have been the most disastrous in point of capital, as during that period the failure of 11 banks, with a capital of $\$ 3,825,000$, is recorded. The next in point of importance was 1877, when ten failures occurred, representing a capital of $\$ 3,344,000$.
If we consider the relative proportions existing between the liabilities of failed and active banks during various periods, it will be found that seven years have been more disastrous than the one just closed, to wit: 1867, 1872, 1873. 1877, 1878, 1882, and 1884. The liabilities of banks closed on account of insolvency in each of these seven years constitutes a larger percentage of the total liabilities of all existing banks than is shown by the record of the year covered by this report.

Of the 25 failed banks, having an aggregate capital of $\$ 3,662,000$, 13, representing $\$ 1,137,000$ of capital, were located in Kansas and Nebraska.
The larger part of the failures in these two States were attributable to four successive crop failures, and seem to be the result of unavoidable misfortunes rather than the lack of honest and efficient manage-
ment. In many cases, however, the unfavorable conditions were greatly aggravated by the collapse of unwise speculation in real estate, more especially in city and suburban property.

The Comptroller endeavored by correspondence with various State officers, receivers, and assignees to ascertain the number of failures of banks and bankers other than national during the past twelve months, but was unable to thus secure data upon which reliance could be placed. He has been supplied, however, through the courtesy of a commercial agency,* with a list of failures in the United States of bankers, brokers, trust companies, and savings banks for the year ended June 30, 1891. These number in all 117 institutions, having liabilities estimated at $\$ 38,271,511$, and assets valued at $\$ 20,794,092$.

No reliable data in relation to the losses to creditors by reason of the failure of banks other than national for recent years is accessible. In order that a comparison may be made between the comparative safety of national and State systems I am led to quote from the report of Hon, John Jay Knox, then Comptroller of the Currency, for the year 1879, where the subject is discussed. He says:
There is no means of definitely determining the amount of losses sustained through the failures of banks operating under systems in vogue during the earlier periods of the history of this country. The losses under those systems, both to the noteholders, to whom there can be no loss under the national system, and to their general creditors and shareholders, are known to have been large. The loss to noteholders alone is estimated to have been 5 per cent annually upon the total amount of circulation outstanding. In Elliot's Funding System, on page 1176, it is stated that fifty-five banks with an aggregate capital of $\$ 67,036,265$ and circulation of $\$ 23,577,752$, failed in 1841. The total bank capital of that year is stated by the same authority to have been $\$ 317,642,692$, and the circulation at $\$ 121,665,198$; and it is also stated in the same connection that in nearly every instance the entire capital of the banks which failed was lost.
Numerous failures of private banking firms have occurred in this country within the last six years, and the losses consequent upon three or four of them are equal to the total losses which have occurred under the national system.
For the purpose of comparing the losses to creditors of insolvent national banks with those sustained by the creditors of insolvent banks other than national, much pains have been taken by the Comptroller to obtain as reliable and complete statistics as possible relating to the failures of State and savings banks and private bankers in the different States during the three years ending January 1, 1879. The results of his labors in this direction are to be found in the following table:

| State and city. | No. of banks. | Claims. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amountpaid } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { to paid. } \end{gathered}$ | Losses. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | 17 | \$5, 127, 995 | \$4, 370, 524 | \$757,471 |
| New Hampstfro. | 11 | 4,864, 216 | 3,622, 804 | 1,241,412 |
| Massachusetts. | 11 | 4, 436, 457 | 2,670, 158 | 1,766, 299 |
| Boston. | 3 | .5, 551, 186 | 3,989, 799 | 1,561,387 |
| Rhode Island | 13 | 12, 601, 826 | 10,746,554 | 1,855, 270 |
| Connecticat | 7 | 3, 960, 821 | 2,066, 805 | 1, 894, 016 |
| New Xork | 8 | 1,236,567 | 332,081 | 904,486 |
| New York City | 20 | 27, 978, 699. | 22, 185,547 | 5,793,152 |
| Pennsylvania. | ${ }^{6}$ | 1, 386, 083 | 819, 000 | 567, 083 |
| New Orleans. | 3 | 1, 597, 393 | 277, 638 | 1,319, 755 |
| Kentucky | 3 | 325, 380 | 161,690 | 164, 190 |
| Ohio ... | 18 | 3,054, 135 | 1,138,085 | 1,916,050 |
| Indiana. | 4 | 466, 233 | 281,778 | 184, 455 |
| Tluinois . | 40 | 10, 038, 221 | 3, 915,169 | 6, 123,052 |
| Michigan | 11 | 637, 407 | 135, 372 | 502, 035 |
| Iowa .... | 7 | 730,786 | 85, 266 | 645,520 |
| Minnesota | 1 | 78,000. | 45,708 | 32, 292 |
| Missonri. | 5 | Not, given . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Not given... | 2, 200, 000 |
| Kansas | 8 | - 337,082 | 97, 875 | 271, 207 |
| Nebraska. | 5 | 110,000 | 24, 000 | 183, 271 |
| Colorado. | 1 | 90,000 | 31,500 | 58,500 |
| California | 7 | 3,786, 541 | 1, 137, 783 | 2, 648,758 |
| Dakota | 1 | 45,000 | 18,000 | 27, 000 |
| Tota | 210 | - 88, 440, 028 | 58, 152, 638 | 32,616,661 |


#### Abstract

The amount of claims of five banks in Missouri, one in Kansas, and two in Nelraska could not be obtained. In the foregoing table it has been found impossible to give the capital, or the exact amount of dividends paid to creditors, the liabilities and the losses only having been ascertained with any degree of accuracy. The differences between the two items last named represent the amount which it is assumed will eventually be paid to creditors. The average annual loss sustained by creditors during the past sixteen years by the insolvency of national banks throughout the United States has been $\$ 390,012$, and that occasioned by the failures of banks other than national, as shown by the incomplete data obtained by the Comptroller, has for the last three years been not less than $\$ 10,872,220$.

In the States of Ohio and Illinois alone the losses during the last three years, through the failure of State, savings, and private banks and bankers, aggregated $\$ 8,039,102$, of which $\$ 1,916,050$ were in Ohio, and $\$ 6,123,052$ in Illinois. The total loss in these two States is greater by $\$ 1,798,913$ than the total loss to creditors by all the national bank failures which have ever occurred.


The failures for the current year have been numerous, many having - been characterized by gross mismanagement and some by criminality of an aggravated character, yet nothing has been developed which indicates that the confidence in national banks on the part of the general public, which is the outgrowth of an experience of twenty-nine years, has been ill founded.

It is idle to suppose that absolute immunity from failure can be secured by the operation of any law which fails to provide for absolute and complete governmental guaranty: That failures will be far more numerous during some years than othersis to be expected. This is true of every variety of business activity. The banks of the country are mere agencies through which the commercial and business operations of the people are conducted, and of necessity the losses which attend these operations are reflected in the profit and loss accounts of these agencies. "The net earnings of the banks afford a good criterion for judging as to the measure of success which has attended the business operations of their customers.

It is a well-known fact that periods of business activity and depression follow each other at reasonably well-defined intervals, and that no means have been found for preventing the regular recurrence of what were under other conditions, known as years of panic. There is no doubt that the introduction of the national banking system and a well-secured currency of uniform and certain value, has served to greatly modify the severity of these periodical visitations and convert what were formerly panics into more or less severe depressions. The latter condition we have just experienced, and it is not remarkable that during the past twelve months while the country was suffering from a monetary stringency which has seriously affected the entire commercial world, we should have witnessed the failure of 25 banks out of a total of 3,694 .

That the law under which these associations operate is absolutely perfect no one well informed will claim, but that it has afforded greater security to its depositors and creditors than any other system is indisputable.

Since the foundation of the system 4,648 associations have been organized, of which 164 have become insolvent, equal to about $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for a period of twenty-nine years. Of this number the affairs of 102 have been finally settled, representing $\$ 28,544,992$ of proved claims, upon which the claimants have received on an average 74.17 per cent, constituting a net loss to depositors of $\$ 7,372,036$. The affairs of 62 banks are still unsettled, representing claims proved to the amount of $\$ 29,247,036$, on which have been paid $\$ 17,456,167$, leaving assets estimated at
$\$ 3,702,925$ yet to be distributed, which would represent a loss to creditors of $\$ 8,087,944$.

It will be observed that losses to creditors of national banks during the twenty-nine years of the existence of the system, taking the amounts ascertained and the amounts estimated, aggregate $\$ 15,459,980$, or an average of $\$ 533,103$ per annum during the life of the system.

The average amount of liabilities of all the banks since 1863 approximates $\$ 1,055,434,022$, indicating that the annual average loss to the creditors of national banks for the period of twenty-nine years has been only one-twentieth of 1 per cent.

In order to illustrate the increasing economy and efficiency which has characterized the administration of insolvent banks by the Bureau, the following table has been prepared, which covers all insolvent associations whose affairs have been finally closed:

| Date of failure in semidecades. | No. of failed banks. | Total collections from all sources. | Legal expenses. |  | Receivers' salaries, and all other expenses. |  | Amount of claims proved. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent- } \\ \text { age of } \\ \text { divi. } \\ \text { dends } \\ \text { onclaims } \\ \text { proved. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount paid. | Ratio to total collections. | Amount paid. | Ratio to total collection. |  |  |
| 1865 to 1869, inclusive | 15 | \$3,870, 087 | \$155, 959 | 4.03 | \$343, 343 | 9.13 | \$5, 131, 694 | 62.84 |
| 1870 to 1874, inclusive. . | 21 | 10,384, 725 | 299, 855 | 2.89 | -579, 495 | 5. 58 | 0,876, 423 | 75.61 |
| 1875 to 1879, inclusive . . | 41. | - $9,353,476$ | 317,737 | 3. 39 | 676, 526 | 7.23 | 9,646, 132 | 72.65 |
| 1880 to 1884, inclusive . . | 9 | 1, 534, 720 | 44,561 | 2.90 | 109, 162 | 7.11 | 1,407, 231 | 86.75 |
| 1885 to 1890, inclusive . . | 16 | 3, 735, 929 | 30,374 | . 81 | 122, 195 | 3.27 | 2, 483, 512 | 90.65 |
| Total | 102 | 28, 877, 937 | 848, 486 | 2.94 | 1,830, 721 | 6.34 | 28,544,992 | 74. 17 |

It will be observed that the banks have been classified into semidecades, having regard to the date of insolvency. The conspicuous relative reduction in legal expenses is worthy of remark. The first semidecade shows an average disbursement for legal expenses of $\$ 4.03$ on each $\$ 100$ collected, while the same item during the last semi-decade is stated at only 81 cents.

The average expenses to each $\$ 100$ of collections for receivers' salaries and all other expenses decreased from $\$ 9.13$ during the first semidecade to $\$ 3.27$ during the last. Taking into account all the expenses of administration, we find that the cost per $\$ 100$ during the last period is $\$ 4.08$, as against $\$ 13.16$ during the first. A corresponding increase in the percentage of dividends paid to the creditors of insolvent banks is also to be noted.

During the first period, claimants received on the average 62.84 per cent; during the last period 90.65 per cent, and for the entire life of the system 74.17 per cent.

The increase in dividends and decrease in expenses go hand in hand. The increase in rate per cent paid to creditors is due in part to greater efficiency and economy in conducting the liquidations, and partly to the fact that recent failures are less disastrous than in the earlier years of the system. These results indicate that governmental supervision is growing more effective as new and improved methods are evolved from experience. Certainly no other system of liquidating insolvent banks has ever proved so effective and economical; the record of the past five years showing average dividends to creditors of 90.65 per cent, and average expenses of only 4.08 per cent is in both respects believed to be without a parallel.

The Comptroller desires to repeat in sulustance the recommendations contained in his report for 1890 .
In his opinion the present law should be so amended as to provide:
(1) That no association shall be required to maintain a bond deposit of more than $\$ 1,000$ to secure circulation.
(2) That every association may issue circulating notes equal to the par value of the bonds so deposited.
(3) That the monthly withdrawal of bonds pledged to secure such notes shall not exceed $\$ 3,000,000$ in the aggregate.
(4) That the semi-annual duty on circulation be so reduced as to equal one-fourth of 1 per cent per annum.

These recommendations are made upon the supposition that Congress will not favorably cousider measures looking to any considerable increase of circulation through further note issues by national banks. While the Comptroller is of the opinion that bank notes possess certain qualities not found in any form of governmental issues, but which are necessary to a perfect circulating medium, he is, nevertheless, aware that the present is not an opportune time for presenting his views upon that subject. He deems it wise to accept the situation, so far as note issiues are concerned, and ask for such legislation as will relieve national banks so far as possible from the enforced and unremunerative issue of circulating notes, so that they may be unembarrassed in their efforts to faithfully serve the public as banks of discount and deposit.

Inasmuch as the secured circulation of national banks has increased $\$ 11,795,101$ during the report year and is now much above the present minimum requirement, no rapid contraction of circulation need be apprehended.

The limitation provided in the third proposition would in any event prevent a retirement beyond $\$ 3,000,000$ per month. Such reduction as might otherwise take place would be neutralized for five months at least by the immediate additional issue of $\$ 15,211,385$ under the second. proposition.

The reduction of the semi-annual duty is both just and expedient. No adequate reason can be given for the taxation of a valueless and unwelcome franchise for the purpose of swelling redundant revenues.

## MONETARY STRINGENCY OF 1890.

The previous report year, which ended November 1, 1890, showed a comparatively small number of failures of national banking associations. Up to Midsummer of 1890 that year had been one of more than average business activity. It was, however, apparent in the early Spring, to those who were most observant of passing events, that unfavorable conditions existed, the evil effects of which would appear in the near future. This arose from consideration of the fact that agricultural interests were in an unsatisfactory condition, and also that overtrading and unhealthful expansion were everywhere apparent. During the year the building of railroads had been prosecuted with unusual vigor, making necessary the placing of unusually large lines of securities.

Immense sums heretofore available as loanable capital in the New England and Middle States had taken a fixed form by reason of investo ments in the Mississippi Valley and upon the Pacific coast in city and suburban property, in loans represented by farm mortgages, and in the
stocks and bonds of unnumbered corporations organized for the purpose of conducting various kinds of manufacturing operations, and supplying water, light, and rapid transit to the inhabitants of the many rapidly growing cities and villages in the regions named. Not only did these enterprises attract capital from the Atlantic States, but English investors brought to this country vast sums for the purpose of grouping together and recapitalizing corporations engaged in manufacturing, industrial, and commercial pursuits.

This unexampled movement of capital toward the West not only divested the Atlantic States in a large degree of the loanable funds heretofore available for the relief of those engaged there in manufacturing and in business in its various forms, but it also had its effect upon the West in unduly stimulating speculative operations in real estate and laying the groundwork for the future collapse in prices which it was apparent must follow whenever the flow of money toward the field of these operations should for any cause be greatly diminished or entirely arrested.

The various banking institutions located in the region of country affected by the speculative spirit thus incited became necessarily more or less involved in the operations of their local customers. They found themselves early in the Summer of 1890 carrying large lines of loans representing investments in various forms of corporate enterprises, which were in a large degree in untried fields and dependent for success upon the rapid growth of towns and cities, yet unrealized. The banks of the country were therefore in an unduly extended condition upon the approach of Midsummer, and dependent in many cases upon rediscounts with their correspondents in the reserve cities in order to enable them to carry the heavy lines with which they were burdened. While in this condition the transfer of funds to this country from England and the Continent became at first greatly reduced in volume, and finally ceased. Not only was the supply of fresh funds from this source cut off, but it was discovered that during the late Spring and early Summer months, as well as later on, vast amounts of American securities held abroad were forced upon the New York market by European holders for the purpose of preparing for a collapse which was expected to result from similar conditions of undue expansion existing abroad. The Continental countries had already passed through a period of liquidation and loss consequent upon the failure of the Panama Canal Coñpany and the French Copper Syndicate. England, by reason of unusually large investments in all parts of the world, and especially in the Argentine Republic, was gradually but surely approaching an exceptionally severe monetary stringency.

As an evidence of this and the consequent disposition to increase the stock of gold there held, in order to strengthen their cash resources, it is noted that during the months of June, July, and August of last year the net exportation from the United States of gold coin and bullion exceeded $\$ 14,000,000$, and for the period extending from January 1, 1890, to August 31, 1891, the net exportations of gold amounted to $\$ 75,405,613$. While these causes were operating to prevent the necessary relief from reaching us from Europe, the demands upon the banks in New York and other large reserve cities rapidly increased, producing a reduction in the amount of deposits and an increase in the amounts loaned to and rediscounted for the interior banks.

The gross deposits of forty-six national banks in the city of New York show a falling off of $\$ 44,831,356$ between the 28 th of February and 17 th
of May, $1890 ; \$ 13,519,527$ of this representing a reduction in balances due to interior banks and those located in other reserve cities, while the reduction in loans and discounts was less than $\$ 10,000,000$. The New York banks, however, were enabled to so strengthen their positions during the months of June and July that the marked stringency was delayed until August. It culminated about the middle of November, when the failure of a leading firm of brokers, the embarrassment of one large State bank, and the failure of another occurred in New York. These events were simultaneous with the announcement of the embarrassment of the Baring Brothers, of London, and the fact that a syndicate had been formed, headed by the Bank of England, through whose agency Baring Brothers' obligations were guaranteed to the extent of about $\$ 75,000,000$.

The unsatisfactory condition of monetary affairs in England, and the desire to be prepared for the effect of the amouncement of the embarrassment of the Baring Brothers, induced the Bank of England to borrow $£ 3,000,000$ in gold from the Bank of France, in addition to $£ 1,500,000$ received from Russia upon sale of treasury bonds. This extraordinary transaction is an evidence of the serious character of the monetary stringency in England, aggravated by the unsatisfactory conditions apparent in almost every civilized country where English. capital has heretofore found investment.

Among the unfavorable conditions existing in our own country, in addition to the undue expansion and resulting speculative investments which have been heretofore noted, should be mentioned the greatly reduced yield last year of wheat, oats, and corn, and the low prices which prevailed for the same. It is also to be observed that the importation of foreign commodities in 1890 exceeded in value that of any previous year. This was due, to some extent, to the passage of the new tariff act, which was made to take effect on the 6 th of October, 1890. This undoubtedly greatly stimulated importations, in order that their arrival prior to the date mentioned might enable them to escape the higher rate of duty supposed to be imposed by the new act.

To relieve this severe monetary stringency the Secretary of the Treasury increased his purchase of United States bonds to such an extent as to almost ențirely exhanst the available surplus in the Treasury. During the three and one-third months from July 19 to November 1, 1890 , over $\$ 99,000,000$ were disbursed in payment for United States bonds and interest thereon. It is apparent, however, that while the relief afforded was timely and the sums disbursed very large, the unfavorable and threatening conditions were caused to a greater degree by want of confidence and a curtailment of credits than by lack of circulating medium. That this large disbursement had the effect of allaying excitement and promoting a return of confidence on the part of the general public is no doubt true.

As has been noted, the monetary stringency culminated on the 15th of November, 1890, and its effects within thirty days thereafter had to a considerable extent passed away, so far as could be observed in the larger cities. Its effect upon the country at large, however, still continued. Inability to place securities and to borrow money had arrested the operations of a great multitude of corporations scattered all over the country, and insolvency and failure had in a large number of cases ensued. Where failure did not take place new work was stopped, all credits were curtailed, and business in its different forms became greatly depressed. The growth of cities and villages was in many
cases arrested, and the prices of city property, especially of a suburban character, became greatly reduced.

Corporations newly organized, with insufficient capital and inexperienced management, generally became insolvent, and speculative operations of every kind and character were prostrated. Liquidation took place in all branches of business, resulting in the failure and extinction of a large number of business enterprises which were never entitled to credit and in the curtailment of the operations of many possessing ample capital and skillful management.

The process of liquidation above referred to did not end with the monetary stringency in December, 1890, but has continued since that date, and its influences are still felt and its effects observed. The subject is here discussed because of its intimate connection with the bank failures of 1891.

## CLEARING-HOUSE LOAN CERTIFICATES.

The effect of a general monetary stringency is felt first and most seriously by banks located in the larger of the reserve cities. Whenever financial affairs are in a normal condition the surplus funds of the local banks find their way to the vaults of their correspondent banks located in the great centers of business activity. This is undoubtedly due in part to the fact that these deposits may be made available for lawful money reserve and that a small rate of interest is, as a rule, paid upon bank balances by, associations in the larger cities, and to the further fact that the maintenance of a good balance with their city correspondents strengthens the claim of the interior banks upon the former for rediscounts when the temporary condition of redundancy passes away and the increased demand for money is greater than the interior banks from their resources can conveniently supply.

Thus it results that the wants of a continent in case of general depression are at last brought through various channels of business activity, by way of withdrawals or loans, to the bankers of the great metropolitan cities for relief, and they are presented in such a form, in many cases, as to preclude the possibility of refusal, if general bankruptcy is to be avoided.

During the period of the stringency above discussed the cities of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston were subjected to the most pressing demands, and after very careful consideration it was decided by thie associated banks that the exigency made necessary a resort to the issuing of clearing-house loan certificates, for the purpose of settling clearing-house balances. This expedient had been successfully resorted to during the panies of 1873 and 1884.

At a meeting of the New York Clearing-House Association on the 11th day of November, 1890, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

[^32]Under this resolution a committee of five was appointed, and they proceeded, upon deposit of proper securities, to issue to applying banks loan certificates in the following form:

No.
$\$ 20,000$
Loan committee of the New York Clearing-House Association, New York, ——, 1890.

This certifies that the -__ has deposited with this committee securities in accordace with the proceedings of a meeting of the association held November 11, 1890, upon which this certificate is issued. This certificate will be received in payment of balances at the clearing house for the sum of twenty thousand dollars from any member of the Clearing-House Association.
On the sarrender of this certificate by the depositing bank above named the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and surrender a proportionate share of the collateral securities held therefor.
$\$ 20,000$ 。


These certificates were, by unanimous agreement upon the part of the clearing-house banks, accepted in lieu of money in the settlement of clearing-house balances.

In order to provide for the retirement of these securities in case the collaterals pledged were found insufficient, the several boards of directors of the associated banks were requested to, and did, pass a resolution in the following form:

Resolved, That any loss resulting from the issue of loan certificates shall be borne by the banks comprising the Clearing-House Association pro rata of capital and surplus, and this resolution shall be ratified ly the boards of the respective banks, members of the association, and a certified copy of such consent delivered to the chairman of the loan committee.

This committee, acting under the authority granted by the above resolution, issued to the associated banks loan certificates aggregating $\$ 16,645,000$. The first issue was made November 12, 1890, and the entire issue was retired on February 7, 1891. The largest amount outstauding at any one time was $\$ 15,205,000$, on the 13 th of December, 1890 .

On the 17 th of November, 1890 , similar proceedings were had by the Boston Clearing-House Association. On that day, at a meeting of the association, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

[^33]The form of the loan certificates issued under the resolution alluded to is as follows:
No.
$\$ 5,000$.

Loan committee of the Boston Clearing-House Association. Boston, -_ 189-.
This certifies that the __ has deposited with this committee securi-ties in accordance with the proceedings of a meeting of the association held November 17, 1890, upon which this certificate is issued.

This certificate will be received in payment of balances at the clearing house for the sum of five thousand dollars from any member of the Clearing-House Associatión.

On surrender of this certificate by the depositing bank above named, the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and surrender a proportionate share of the collateral securities held therefor.
$\$ 5,000$.


When a bank applied for and received loan certificates it was required to deposit the necessary securities and to also execute and deliver an obligation, of which the following is a copy:

The ——_ Bank has this day received of,_—, loan committee of the Boston Clearing-House Association loan certificates issued by said committee in pursuance of a vote of said association, passed November 17, 1890, to the amount of purthousand dollars, and has deposited with said committee the securities, a statement whereof is hereto annexed, and said ___ Bank receives said loan certificates on the terms set forth in said vote, and agrees to pay the amount of said certificates, with interest thereon, as provided in said vote.
Under the operation of the resolution of authority granted by the clearing-house committee, as above noted, loan certificates were first issued on November 19, 1890, and the last were issued on December 6, 1890. On the latter date the issue reached its maximum of $\$ 5,065,000$. The last of the issue was retired on January 6, 1891.
The Clearing-House Association of Philadelphia took action on November 18, 1890, at which time, at a meeting of the Clearing-House Association, the following resolution was adopted:
Resolved, That, in accordance with resolution of September 24, 1873, as amended October 18, 1873, the clearing-house committee will issue loan certificates to banks applying and receive them in payment of balances.

The resolution of September 24, 1873, as amended October 18, 1873, reads as follows:

For the purpose of enabling the banks, members of the Philadelphia ClearingHouse Association, to afford proper assistance to the mercantile and manufacturing community, and also to facilitate the inter-bank settlements resulting from their daily exchanges, we, the undersigned, do bind ourselves by the following agreement on the part of our respective banks, viz:

First. That the clearing-house committee be, and they are hereby, authorized to issue to any bank member of the association loan certiticates bearing 6 per cent interest on the deposits of bills receivable and other securities to such an amount and to such percentage thereof as may in their judgment be advisable.

These certificates may be used in settlement of balances at the clearing house, and they shall be received by creditor banks in the same proportion as they bear to the aggregate amount of the debtor balances paid at the clearing house. The interest that may accrue upon these.certificates shall be apportioned monthly among the banks which shall have held them during that time.

Second. The securities deposited with the said committee shall be held by them in trust as a special deposit, pledged for the redemption of the certificates issued thereupon, the same being accepted by the committee as collateral security, with the express condition that neither the Clearing-House Association, the clearinghouse committee, nor any member thereof shall be responsible for any loss on said collaterals arising from failure to make demand and protest, or from any othei neglect or omission, other than the refusal to take some reasonable step which the said depositing bank may have previously required in writiag.

Third. On the surrender of such certificates, or any of them, by the depositing bank, the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and will surrender a proportionate amount of securities, èxcept in case of defanlt of the bank in any of its transactions through the clearing house; in which case the securities will be applied by the committee, first, to the payment of outstanding certificates, with interest; next, to the liquidation of any indebtedness of such bank to the other banks, members of the Clearing-House Association.
Fourth. The committee shall be authorized to exchange any portion of said securities for others, to be approved by them, and shall have power to demand additional security, at their own discretion.
Fifth. That the clearing-house committee be authorized to carry into full effect this agreement, with power to establish such rules and regulations for the practical working thereof as they may deem necessary; and any loss caused by the non-payment of loan certificates shall be assessed by the committee upon all the banks in the ratio of capital.
Sixth. The expenses incurred in carrying out this agreement shall be assessed upon the banks in equal proportion to their respective capital.
Seventh. That the clearing-house committee be, and they are hereby, anthorized to terminate this agreement upon giving thirty days' notice thereof at any stated meeting of the Clearing-House Association.

Philadelphia, November 18, 1890.
At a meeting of the clearing-honse committee, held this day, it was, on motion:
Resolved, That in accordance with resolutions of September 24, 1873, as amended October 18, 1873, the clearing-house committee will issue loan certificates to banks applying, and receive them in payment of balances.

The form of loan certificate issued by the Clearing-House Association of Philadelphia is here given:

No.
$\$ 5,000$.
Clearing-house committee of the Philadelphia banks, Philadelphia, $-1891 .{ }^{\circ}$ This certifies that the -_ Bank has deposited with this committee, securities in accordance with the agreement of a meeting of bank officers held September 24, 1873. This certificate will be received during the continuance of said agreement and of any renewals of the samee, in payment of balances at the clearing house, for the sum of five thousand dollars, only from a member of the Clearing-House Association to whom the same may have been issued, or to whom it may be indorsed by the manager of the clearing house.

On the surrender of this certificate by the depositing bank above named the committee will iudorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and surreuder a proportionate amount of the collateral securities except in case of default on the part of said bank in its transactions through the Clearing-House Association of Philadelphia.


It will be observed that the original agreement under which the committee proceeded in this case was adopted during the panic of 1873 and after that subsided no further action was had under it until November, 1890 , but the machinery was kept standing during the whole intervening period ready for immediate use whenever required.

The clearing-house committee having, by the agreement aforesaid, been authorized to issue loan certificates resolved, on November 5, 1890, to exercise this power, whereupon the banks desiring to take out loan certificates were required to adopt a resolution empowering the hypothecation of securities, under which the issue of loan certificates, signed by not less than three members of the committee, was commenced on November 19, 1890, and ceased on May 22, 1891, the total issue being $\$ 9,655,000$. The maximum-issue, $\$ 8,870,000$, was reached on January 9. The certificates have all been retired excepting $\$ 170,000$ issued to the Keystone and Spring Garden National Banks.

## DOMESTIC EXCHÅNGES.

In his annual report for 1890 the Comptroller published certain data in relation to domestic exchanges in the United States, which exhibited the amounts of drafts drawn during the year ended June 30, 1890, (1) upon national and other banks in the cities of New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, separately stated; (2) upon banks located in other reserve cities, and (3) upon all other banks.

Out of the 3,438 national banks in operation on the 30th day of June, 1890, 3,329 furnished the desired information. While the facts thus elicited attracted wide attention and proved valuable as illustrating the magnitude of the transactions liquidated through transfers of bank credits, it fell short of all that might be desired from the fact that drafts drawn upon reserve cities other than New York, Chicago, and St. Louis were not separately stated but were given in the aggregate only.

It was thought desirable to again call for this information for the purpose of instituting comparisons as between the operations of the two years, and also for the purpose of ascertaining the magnitude of the transactions with each of the reserve cities, to the end that similar calls following this at suitable intervals might afford the means of ascertaining the relative growth of the banking operations of the several reserve cities of the United States. For this purpose circular letters were addressed to each active bank in the system, and replies were received from 3,637, that being the number in operation on the 30 th day of June, 1891, exclusive of 22 associations that drew no exchange. This cheerful coöperation on the part of every bank in the system is worthy of special commendation, as last year 109 banks failed to make the necessary report.

- In comparisons made between the operations of the year ended June 30,1890 , and the year ended June 30, 1891, it will be remembered that the former year covered the operations of 3,329 banks, and the latter year 3,637 banks. The total amount of drafts drawn by these 3,637 association's during the year ended June 30, 1891, was $\$ 12,782,212,495$. We find thatof this amount there was drawn on New York $\$ 7,836,208,250$, on Chicago $\$ 1,254,693,941$, on St. Louis $\$ 237,908,010$, and on other reserve cities $\$ 3,101,005,735$, and on all other banks and bankers $\$ 352,396,559$.

Among the other reserve cities Boston leads with $\$ 1,492,266,242$, followed by Philadelphia with $\$ 541,333,463$.

From this statement it appears that of the total sum 61.31 per cent was drawn on banks in the city of New York; 9.82 per cent on Ohicago; 1.86 per cent on St. Louis; 11.61 per cent on Boston, and 4.24 per cent on Philadelphia. The total sum drawn upon the reserve cities, excepting New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, was 24.25 per cent and 2.76 per cent on banks located elsewhere.

In order to exhibit these movements in detail the following table has been prepared:

Table showing the amount of drafts drawn by National banking Associations upon New York, Chicago, St. Louis, the other resterve cities, and ON ALL OTHER LOCATIONS, TEE NUMBER OF BANKS DRAWLNG UPON EACH CITY AND THE PERCENTAGES OF DRAWLNGS, IN 1891 AND 1890.

| Location of banks drawu upon. | 1891. - |  |  | 1890. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number drawing. | Amount drawn. | Per cent. | Number drawing. | Amount drawn. | Per cent. |
| Central reserve cities: |  | - ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 3,326 | \$7, 836, 208, 250 | 61.31 | 3,147 | \$7, 284, 982, 634 | 63.07 |
| Chicago .. | 1,146 | 1, 254, 693,941 | 9.82 | - 1,024 | 1, 084, 574, 558 | - 9.39 |
| St. Louis . ................ | 589 | 237, 908, 010 | 1.86 | 481 | 188, 765.842 | 1.64 |
| Other reserve cities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston. ......... | 853 68 |  | $11.61)$ |  |  |  |
| Albany ........ | 68 | 26, 947,718 | .21 |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia............. | 664 | 541, 333, 463 | 4.24 |  |  |  |
| Pittsburg................. | 204 | 147, 213, 869 | 1.15 |  |  |  |
| Baltimore. | 258 | 87, 802, 114 | . 69 |  |  |  |
| Washington | 67 | 4, 651, 146 | . 04 |  |  |  |
| New Orleans | 243 | 37, 518, 587 | . 30 |  |  |  |
| Louisville | 200 | 56, 056, 805 | . 44 |  |  |  |
| Cincinnati | 429 | 148,726, 218 | 1.17 |  |  |  |
| Cleveland | 128 | 29,473, 237 | .24 | 2,334 | *2, 527, 757, 482 | *21.88 |
| Detroit ..... | 105 | 55, 549, 913: | . 44 |  |  |  |
| Milwaukee . . . . . . . . . . . . | 111 | 36, 069, 676 | . 29 |  |  |  |
| Kansas City .... . . . . . . . | 391 | 104, 363, 214 | . 82 |  |  |  |
| St. Joseph | 57 | - 10,556,220 | . 08 | - |  |  |
| Omaha... | 228 | 104, 362, 120 | . 82 |  |  |  |
| Brooklyn | 6 | 1, 771, 976 | . 01 |  |  |  |
| St. Paul | 170 | 75, 937, 658. | . 60 |  |  |  |
| Minneapolis | 98 | 29, 784, 617 | . 24 |  |  |  |
| San Francisco | 231 | 108, 329, 796 | . 85 |  |  |  |
| Des Moines | 22. | 2, 291, 146 | . 01 ) |  |  |  |
| All other localities. | 1,325 | 352, 396, 559 | 2.76 | 1, 060 | 464, 817, 739 | 4.02 |
| Total |  | 12, 782, 212, 495 | 100.00 |  | 11, 550, 898, 255 | 100.00 |

*The total amount of drafts drawn upon other reserve cities (not shown in detail in 1890) is $\$ 3,101,005,735$ and the percentage 24.25 .

In order to facilitate a comparison between the operations of the year ended June 30, 1890, and those of the year ended June 30, 1891, the totals and percentages for the former year are included in the table.

It will be observed that in the total amount of drafts drawn there has been an increase in each of the three central reserve cities and in the amounts drawn upon all other reserve cities, but that the total of drafts drawn upon all other banks has fallen off to a marked degree.

It will be noticed that the grand aggregate for all banks shows an increase of $\$ 1,231,314,240$, being slightly in excess of 11 per cent. So far as the percentages show the relative importance of the several reserve cities the changes do not appear important. New York City, relatively, has slightly fallen off while Chicago and St. Louis each show a slight increase in percentages. Other reserve cities have increased from 21.88 to 24.25 per cent, indicating the growing importance of the business tributary to the inland cities.

In the following table is exhibited the amounts of exchange drawn by all the national banks, classified by States and arranged in the order of the total amounts drawn, further subdivided so as to show the operations of the banks in reserve cities and other banks separately during the year ended June 30, 1891, to which has been added a column giving corresponding totals for the previous year.

Amount of Drafts Drawn by all Reporting Baniss in 1891 and 1890.

| Location of drawing banks. | Reserve cities. |  | All other. |  | Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of banks. | Amount. | No. of banks. | Amount. | No. of banks. | Amount. | Amount. |
| Massachusetts | 56 | $\begin{gathered} 1891 . \\ \$ 829,641,060 \end{gathered}$ | 207 | $\stackrel{1801 .}{\$ 818,017,643}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1891 . \\ 263 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1891 . \\ \$ 1,647,658,703 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1890 . \\ \$ 1,600,009,684 \end{gathered}$ |
| Illinois.... | 20 | 1,018, 432, 079 | 181 | 391, 917, 187 | 201 | 1,410,349, 266 | 1, 361, 844,062 |
| Pennsylvani | 69 | 639, 841, 131 | 297 | 637, 422, 602 | 366 | 1,277, 263,733 | 1, 130,402,494 |
| Now X Ork | 43 | 225, 601,726 | 265 | 741, 983, 237 | 308 | 967, 584, 963 | 919, 743, 864 |
| Ohio | 23 | 520, 097, 176 | 212 | 313, 374, 192 | 235 | 833, 471, 368 | 772, 069,028 |
| Missouri | 24 | 573, 632, 074 | 58 | 62, 225, 888 | 82 | 635, 857,962 | 543, 777, 164 |
| New Jersey |  |  | 95 | 540, 605, 942 | 95 | 540, 605,942 | 508, 700, 947 |
| Connecticut |  |  | 84 | 428, 790, 755 | 84 | 428,790,755 | 416; 047, 524 |
| Nebraska | 9 | 213, 748, 926 | 128 | 167, 410, 740 | 137 | 381, 159, 666 | 331, 177, 493 |
| Michigan |  | 135, 909, 011 | 100 | 233, 687,986 | 108 | 369,686, 997 | 345, 484, 681 |
|  |  |  | 209 | 347, 699, 375 | 209 | 347, 699, 375 | 241, 780, 749 |
| Minnesot | 11 | 236, 333, 479 | 49 | 92, 531, 690 | 60 | 328, 865, 169 | 281, 262, 306 |
| Rhode Isla |  |  | 59 | 326, 295, 972 | 59 | 326, 295, 972 | 323, 357, 109 |
| Iowa. |  | 33, 802, 532 | 142 | 281, 542, 619 | 146 | 315, 345, 151 | 229, 878, 098 |
| Maryland | 22 | 253, 512, 102 | 41 | 43, 454, 874 | 63 | 296, 966, 976 | 260, 619,135 |
| Indiana |  |  | 100 | 221, 086, 925 | 100 | 221, 086, 925 | 186, 618, 301 |
| Wisconsin | 3 | 64,779,622 | 67 | 123, 070, 876 | 70 | 187, 850, 498 | 149, 171, 877 |
| Colorado |  |  | 50 | 176, 871, 574 | 50 | 176, 871, 574 | 160, 755, 610 |
| Maine. |  |  | 78 | 176, 479, 284 | 78 | 176, 479,284 | 162, 579, 412 |
| Kansas |  |  | 145 | 159, 419,341 | 145 | 159, 419, 341 | 143, 467, 707 |
| T'ennessee. |  |  | 54 | 152, 719, 395 | 54 | 152, 719, 395 | 94, 831, 961 |
| New Hamps |  |  | 52 | 141,525,565 | 52. | 141, 525, 565 | 134, 854,170 |
| Kentucky | 10 | 60, 841, 654 | 69 | 77, 307, 129 | 79 | 138, 148,783 | 133, 031, 928 |
| Louisiana | 10 | 119, 636, 353 | 11 | 15, 282,986 | 21 | 134, 919, 339 | 120, 422,635 |
| California | 2 | 28,131, 600 | 34 | 96,342, 665 | 36 | 124, 474, 265 | 110, 748, 634 |
| Virginia |  |  | 35 | 118, 001, 654 | 35 | 118, 001, 654 | 83,719, 222 |
| Vermont |  |  | 50 | 103, 244, 799 | 50 | 103, 244, 799 | 85, 033, 920 |
| Washingt |  |  | 63 | 94;194,996 |  | 94, 194,996 | 74, 334, 294 |
| Georgia |  |  | 32 | 88, 208,733 | 32 | 88, 208,733 | 88, 055,102 |
| Oregon |  |  | 40 | 70, 335, 904 | 40. | 70, 335, 904 | 58, 548,436 |
| Montana |  |  | 29 | 65, 765, 034 | 29 | $65,765,034$ | 52, 223, 703 |
| Alabama |  |  | 31. | 65, 046, 139 | 31 | $65,046,139$ | 53,335, 607 |
| District of Colu | 12 | 48, 251, 748 | 1 | 4, 111, 908 | 13. | 52, 363, 656 | 46,206, 305 |
| North Catolina. |  |  | 21 | 47, 131, 898 | 21 | 47, 131, 898 | 45,572, 126 |
| Florida |  |  | 18 | 43, 546, 212 | 18 | 43, 546, 212 | 35, 125, 031 |
| South Carolina |  |  | 15 | 42, 705, 672 | 15 | 42,705,672 | 41,378,067 |
| Delaware |  |  | 18 | 40, 761, 234 | 18 | 40, 761, 234 | 30, 949,385 |
| West Virginia |  |  | 23 | 34, 41,4, 274 | 23 | 34, 414,274 | 25, 167,612 |
| South Dakot |  |  | 39 | 33, 215, 067 | 39 | 33, 215, 067 | 32, 061, 974 |
| Mississippi |  |  | 13 | 29,079, 559 | 13 | 29,079, 559 | 22, 948,968 |
| Arkansas |  |  | 10 | 27,905,777 | 10 | 27, 905,777 | 31, 359, 123 |
| North Dakot |  |  | 33 | 26, 574,478 | 33 | 26,574,478 | 16,553,426 |
| Utah |  |  | 13 | 26, 227, 052 | 13 | 26, 227, 052 | 27, 349,987 |
| New Mexi |  |  | 12 | 20, 142, 533 | 12 | 20, 142, 533 | 14, 837, 575 |
| Wyoming |  |  | 11 | 11, 891,088 | 11 | 11, 891, 088 | 10,413,865 |
| Idaho |  |  | 7 | 10,735, 68.4 | 7 | 10,735, 684 | 8, 507, 703 |
| Arizona |  |  | 3 | 3,494,472 | 3 | 3, 494, 472 | 1,884, 380 |
| Nevada Indian Territor |  |  | 2 2 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,237,907 \\ & 2,090.873 \end{aligned}$ | 2 2 2 | 2, 237, 907 <br> 2,090, 873 | 2, 695, 871 |
| Oklahoma... |  |  | 3 | 1,800,833 | 3 | 1, 800,833 |  |
| Total. | 326 | 5, 002, 282, 273 | 3,311 | 7, 779, 930, 222 | 3,637. | 12, 782, 212, 495 | 11, 550, 898, 255 |

It will be noticed that some changes have taken place in the relative importance of the several States during the year. Those whose relative increase is most conspicuous are Texas, Tennessee, Washington, Wisconsin, Nebraska, and Iowa.

In order to further illustrate the operations of banks covered by the foregoing statement the following table is introduced, which exhibits the amount drawn by banks in the several reserve cities:

Amount of Drafts Drawn by Banis in the Several Reserve Cities, 1891.

| Reserve cities. | On New York. | On Chicago. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { On } \\ & \text { St. Louis. } \end{aligned}$ | On other reserve cities. | On all other banks. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Yorls | \$11, 427, 570 | \$82, 822 | \$10,636 | \$80, 541, 409 | \$325, 172 | \$92, 387, 609 |
| Chicago. | 664,512, 872 | 222,499,995 | 4,800,751 | 111, 755, 435 | 14, 863, 026 | 1, 018, 432, 079 |
| 13oston. | 709, 240, 027 | 2,303,527 | 7,021 | 117,541, 446 | 549,039 | 829, 641,060 |
| Philadelphia | 369, 221, 119 | 658, 366 | 10,531 | 37, 016, 989 | 5, 744, 251 | 412, 651, 206 |
| Kansas City | 161, 740, 162 | 72, 527,858 | 66,358, 648 | 7,078, 086 |  | 307, 704, 754 |
| Cleveland. | 264, 310, 389 | 11, 048,040 | 848, 059 | 15, 276,312 | 858,507 | 292, 341, 307 |
| Baltimore. | 217, 596, 049 | 68,334 | 7,500 | 35,558, 171. | 282,048 | $253,512,102$ |
| Cincinnati | 178, 724, 488 | 12, 895, 728 | 5,069, 596 | 28, 822, 015 | 2, 244, 042 | 227, 755, 869 |
| Pittsburg | - $666,180,779$ | 10, 297, 358 | 47, 574 | 50,511, 200 | 153, 014 | 227, 189, 925 |
| St. Louis | 180, 191, 169 | 24, 122, 397 |  | 13, 004, 896 | 317, 836 | 217, 636, 298 |
| Omaha | 119, 157, 265 | 74, 882, 966 | 10, 008, 713 | 9, 599, 982 | 100, 000 | 213, 748,926 |
| Detroit | 113, 096, 537 | 12,368,454 | 97, 500 | -9,652,089 | 784,431 | 135, 999, 011 |
| Albany | 128,463, 210 | 50,748 |  | 3, 582, 159 |  | 132,096, 117 |
| St. Paul. | 73, 450, 444 | 32,680, 687 | 1, 357, 841 | 17, 818, 378 |  | 125, 307, 350 |
| New Orleans | 115, 324, 617 | 1, 876, 125 | 649, 674 | 1, 678, 106 | 107, 881 | 119, 686, 353 |
| Minneapolis | 52, 386, 949 | 33, 077,458 |  | 23, 710, 841 | 1,850, 881 | 111, 026, 129 |
| Milwaukee | 30, 142,935 | 32,930,400 | 13, 100 | 1, 693, 187 |  | 64, 779, 622 |
| Louisville | 51, 870, 599 | 2,245, 226 | 1,161.695 | 4,791, 958 | 772, 176 | 60, 841, 654 |
| St. Joseph. | 29, 257, 426 | 6,878, 186 | 5, 552, 705 | 6, 602, 705 |  | 48, 291, 022 |
| Washington | 43, 864, 887 | 101, 411 |  | - 4, 268,950 | 16,500 | 48, 251, 748 |
| Des Moines | 12, 546, 821 | 20, 159,722 | 590, 224 | 505,765 |  | 33, 802, 532 |
| San Francisco | 23, 076, 239 | 2, 241, 668 |  | 2, 711, 961 | 101,732 | 28, 131, 600 |
| Brooklya | 784, 000 |  |  | 334, 000 |  | 1, 118,000 |
| Total | 3,716,566,553 | 575, 997, 476 | 96, 591, 768 | 584, 055, 990 | 29, 070,486 | 5, 002, 282, 273 |

The same classification applying to all banks located outside of reserve cities is exhibited by the table which is here introduced:

Amount of Draftis Drawn by Banks in the Several States outside of the Resierve Citles.

| States and Terri- tores. | ${ }^{\text {Now }} \text { York. }$ | On | St. Louis. | On <br> other resorvo cities. | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { all other } \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Massachusetts. | \$198, 959, 935 | \$.1, 270,456 |  | \$617, 212, 324 | \$574, 928 | \$818, 017,643 |
| New York. | 694, 197, 300 | 227,651 |  | 45, 139, 508 | 2, 488,778 | 741, 983, 237 |
| Pennsylvania | 248, 749, 410 | 892, 017 |  | 387, 047, 663 | 733,512 | 637, 422, 602 |
| New Jersey. | 474, 546, 790 |  |  | 66, 059, 152 |  | 540, 605, 942 |
| Connecticut | 384, 480, 563 | 573, 034 |  | 43, 735, 133 | 2,025 | 428, 790, 755 |
| Illinois | 129, 860, 585 | 211, 483, 127 | \$26,634, 405 | 18, 954,459 | 4,984,611 | 391, 917, 187 |
| Texas. | 185, 838, 827 | 3, 352, 581 | 33, 890, 689 | 22, 209, 479 | 102, 407, 799 | 347,699, 375 |
| Rhode I | 179,540, 722 | 5, 000 |  | 128, 809, 624 | 24, 934,626 | 326, 295, 972 |
| Ohio | 212, 485, 209 | 4, 163, 312 | 138,615 | 87, 062, 772 | 9,524, 284 | 313,374, 192 |
|  | 91, 175, 100 | 166, 686,446 | 3,400, 035 | 14, 058,398 | 6, 222, 640 | 281, 542, 619 |
| Michigan | 107, 190, 111 | 58,723, 342 |  | 65, 801, 353 | 1,973, 180 | 233, 687, 986 |
| Indiana. | 124, 182, 211 | 36, 088, 101 | 1,755, 631 | 48, 506, 990 | 10, 553, 992 | 221, 086, 925 |
| Colorado | 110, 573, 233 | 13.749, 633 | 8,090, 521 | 20, 360, 402 | 24, 097, 785 | 176, 871.574 |
| Maine | 30, 775, 489 |  |  | 140, 401, 371 | 5, 302, 424 | 176, 479, 284 |
| Nebraska | 51, 497, 219 | 25, 558, 040 | 521, 698 | 83, 009, 991 | 6, 823, 822 | 167, 410, 740 |
| Kansas | 72, 686, 155 | 11,620,635 | 12, 518, 337 | 58, 404, 596 | 4,189,618. | 159, 419,341 |
| Tennessee | 113, 734, 001 | 2,020,824 | 4, 679,853 | 28; 385, 804 | 8,898,913 | 152, 719, 395 |
| New Hamps | 6,121, 196 |  |  | 135, 326,348 | 78, 021 | 141, 525, 565 |
| Wisconsin | 27, 877, 662 | 65, 152, 471 | 334, 398 | 28,659,767 | 1, 0466,578 | 123,070, 876 |
| Virginia.. | 76, 134, 129 |  |  | 37, 933, 121 | 3, 934, 404 | 118, 001, 654 |
| Vermont. | 39, 216, 992 |  |  | 63, 806, 807 | 221, 000 | 103, 244, 799 |
| Cadifornia | 22, 788, 345 | 4,360, 245 | 800, 014 | 60, 330, 784 | 8, 063,277 | 96, 342, 665 |
| W ashington | 38, 080, 273 | 6, 648, 132 | 145, 242 | 22,293, 636 | 27, 027, 713 | 94, 194, 996 |
| Minnesota | 29, 847, 636 | 25, 517, 592 | 214,000 | 36, 203, 505 | 748, 957 | 92, 531,690 |
| Georgia. | 81, 383, 549 |  | 6, 326 | 3,026,056 | 3, 792, 802 | 88, 208,733 |
| Kentucky | 25,511, 604 | 111, 706 | 724, 780 | 46, 627, 378 | 4, 331, 661 | 77, 307, 129 |
| Oregon | 26, 433, 159 | 3,839,667 | 297, 649 | 27, 310, 020 | 12, 455, 409 | 70, 335, 904 |
| Montana. | 37, 364, 581 | 8,474, 225 | 1,057,564 | 10, 825, 212 | 8, 043,452 | 65, 765, 034 |
| Alabama | 54,908,981 | 208,898 | 511, 999 | 5, 709, 345 | 3, 706, 916 | 65,046,139 |
| Missonri | 11. 885, 608 | 6,947,099 | 30, 557, 691 | 11,983,594 | 851, 896 | 62, 225,888 |
| North C | 33, 280, 702 |  |  | 8,541,339 | 5, 309, 857 | 47, 131,898 |
| Florida | $33,121,246$ $8,585,281$ | 221, 362 | 9,983 | 2,768, 814 | $7,424,807$ 224,092 | $43,546,212$ 43,454 |

Amount of Draits Drawn by Banks in the Sifveral States outsme of the Reserve Citmes-Continued.

| States and Territories. | $\stackrel{\text { On }}{\text { New York. }}$ | On Chicago. | On <br> St. Louis. | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { other reserve } \end{gathered}$ cities. | On all other banks. | Total: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South Carolina. | \$39, 786, 408 |  |  | \$1,447, 152 | \$1, 472, 112 | \$42,705, 672 |
| Delaware | 6, 834, 238 |  |  | 22, 926,996 |  | 40, 761, 234 |
| West Virginio. | 14, 656, 484 | \$1, 100 |  | 16,678, 515 | 3, 078, 175 | 34, 414, 274 |
| South Dakota. | 12, 805, 802 | 12,660, 622 |  | 3, 912,772 | 3, 835, 871 | 33,215, 067 |
| Mississippi | 18, 406, 923 | 9,259 | \$1, 056, 211 | 7, 524,924 | 2,082, 242 | 29,079,559 |
| Arkansas. | 11, 448, 297 | 1,312,519 | 10, 763, 178 | 1, 966,640 | 2, 415,143 | 27, 905, 777 |
| Niorth Dakota | $9,548,217$ | 1,375, 638 |  | 14, 735, 170 | 915, 453 | 26,574,478 |
| Utah | 15, 407,576 | 1, 963, 996 | 312, 160 | 6, 970, 371 | 1,572,949 | 26, 227, 052 |
| New Mexico | 11, 725, 848 | 796, 366 | 1,012,364 | 5, 039, 856 | 1, 568, 099 | 20,142,533 |
| Louisiana. | 6,982,710 | 1, 652 | 1,372,557 | 6, 295, 403 | 630,664 | 15,282,986 |
| Wyoming | 4,663,997 | 1,634, 642 |  | 4, 659, 855 | 932,594 | 11, 891, 088 |
| Idaho............... | 4,680,711 | 832, 127 |  | 2, 875, 040 | 2,347, 806 | 10, 735, 684 |
| District of Columbia. | 3, 774, 672 |  |  | 327, 063 | 10, 173 | 4,111, 908 |
| Arizona | 1, 103, 444 | 70,932 | 74,360 | 1,563,316 | 682420 | 3,494,472 |
| Nevada. | 304,750 | 81, 813 |  | I, 474, 928. | 376, 416 | 2,237,907 |
| Indian Territory | 1, 166, 646 |  | 367, 591 | 422, 534 | 134, 102 | 2,090, 873 |
| Oklahoma ... | 395, 170. | 60,203 | 68,391 | 978, 994 | 298, 075 | 1,800,833 |
| Total | 4, 119, 641, 697 | 678.696, 465 | 141,316, 242 | 2, 516,949,745 | 323, 326,073 | 7,779,930, 222 |
| By banks in reseerve cities. | 3,716, 566, 553 | 575, 997, 476 | 96, 591, 768 | 584, 055, 990 | 29, 070,486 | 5, 002, 282, 273 |
| Grand total. | 7,836, 208, 250 | 1,254, 693,941 | 237, 908, 010 | [3, 101, 005, 735 | 352,396, 559 | 12, 782, 212, 495 |

In order to show the magnitude and direction of the movements in each geographical division the following tables are introduced:

Statement Showing the Amount of Drafts Drawn, by Nátional Baniing assoclations in fach Geographical Division, upon New York, Chicago, St. Louis, the other Reserve Cities, and all other Cities, During the Year ending June 30, 1891.

| 'Location of banks drawn on. | New England States. | Middle States. | Southern States. - | Western States. | Pacific States and Territories. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | \$1, 541, 340, 924 | \$2, 374, 155, 305 | \$862, 389, 077 | , 760, 558, 972 | \$297, 763,972 | 7, 836, 208, 250 |
| Chicago | 4, 152, 017 | 12, 378, 707 | 11, 361, 252 | 1, 182, 048,316 | 44, 753, 649 | 1, 254, 693, 941 |
| St. Louis | 7,021 | 76, 241 | 54,826,945 | 170, 771, 947 | 12, $225,85{ }^{6}$ | 237, 908, 010 |
| Eoston. | 1, 235, 778, 891 | 121, 094, 863 | 5, 289, 261 | 125, 161, 030 | 4, 942, 197 | 1, 492, 266, 242 |
| Albany | 927, 762 | 25, 672, 956 |  | 347,000 |  | 26, 947, 718 |
| Philadelphi | 7,483,418 | 457, 073,655 | 24,571,567 | 51,766,700 | 438, 123 | 541, 333, 463 |
| Pittsburg.. | 50,549 | 131, 091, 708 | 2, 553, 021 | 13, 518,591 |  | 147, 213, 869 |
| 13altimore.. | 1,741, 981 | 37,908, 109 | 35, 842, 598 | 12, 309, 426 |  | 87, 802, 114 |
| Washingto | 500 | 1, 643, 163 | 2, 658, 221 | 349.262 |  | 4, 651, 146 |
| New Orlean |  | 64, 108 | 34, 358, 496 | 3, 095, 983 |  | 37, 518, 587 |
| Louisville |  | 286,651 | 29, 009, 163 | 26,760, 991 |  | 56, 056, 805 |
| Cincinnat | 21,721 | 1,814,437 | 47, 221, 497 | 99, 651, 506 | 17, 057 | 148, 726,218 |
| Cleveland |  | 1,740,469 |  | 27, 732, 437 | 331 | 29, 473, 237 |
| Detroit |  | 16,470 | 235, 000 | 55, 298, 443 |  | 55, 549,913 |
| Milwauke |  | 31,797 |  | 36, 033, 702 | 4,177 | 36,066, 676 |
| Kansas City | 54, 072 | 2,421 | 8,187,321 | 78, 743, 906 | 18, 090,553 | 105, 078, 273 |
| St. Josep |  |  |  | 9, 687, 763 | 153,398 | 9, 841, 1161 |
| Omaha. |  | 1,320 |  | 81, 692, 484 | 22, 668, 316 | 104, 362, 120 |
| Brooklyn | 456,680 | 349, 000 | 111, 619 | 381, 714 | 472, 963 | ]., 771,976 |
| St. Panl... <br> Minneapol |  | $\begin{array}{r} 12,702 \\ 2,230 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 61,223,121 \\ & 28,855,55 i \end{aligned}$ | $14,701,835$ 926,224 | $75,937,658$ $29,784,617$ |
| San Francisco | 316,867 | 152, 652 | 546,270 | 1,912, 272 | 105, 401,735 | 108,329, 796 |
| Des Moines. |  |  |  | 2, 291, 146 |  | 2,291, 146 |
| All other cities | 31, 662, 063. | 9, 977, 540 | 150,365, 502 | 72, 689, 625 | 87, 701,829. | 352, 396, 559 |
| Total | 2, 823, 995, 078 | 3,175, 546, 504 | 1, 269, 526, 810 | 4, 902, 881, 888 | 610, 262, 215 | $12,782,212,495$ |

Statement showing by Geographical Divisions the Amount of Drafts Drawn by National Banking Associations on Banks in New York, Chicago, St. Louis, the other reserve cities, and on Banks Elsewhere, during the year ended June 30, 1891.


Statement showing by Geographical Divibions the Amount of Drafts Drawn by Natronal Banking associations, etc.-Continued.

| Location. | On New York. | On Chicago. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { On } \\ & \text { St. Louis. } \end{aligned}$ | On other reserve cities. | Onallother localities. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pacifio States and Territories: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado..... | \$110, 573, 233 | \$13,742, 633 | \$8, 090, 521 | \$20, 360, 402 | \$24, 097, 785 | \$176, 871,574 |
| California | 22, 788, 345 | 4, 360, 245 | 800, 013 | $60,330,784$ | 8,063, 277 | 96, 342, 665 |
| San Francisco | 23, 076, 239 | 2, 241, 668 |  | 2, 711, 961 | 101, 732 | 28, 131, 600 |
| Washington | 38, 080, 273 | 6, 648, 132 | 145,242 | 22, 293, 636 | 27, 027, 713 | 94, 194, 996 |
| Oregon ..... | 26, 433, 159 | 3, 839, 667 | 297,649 | 27, 310, 020 | 12, 455, 409 | 70, 335, 904 |
| Montana | 37, 364, 581 | 8, 474, 225 | 1,057, 564 | 10, 825, 212 | 8, 043, 452 | $65,765,084$ |
| Utah | 15, 407, 576 | 1,963, 996 | 312, 160 | 6,970, 371 | 1,572, 949 | 26, 227, 052 |
| New Mexico | 11, 725, 848 | 796,366 | 1, 012, 364 | $5,039,856$ | 1,568, 099 | 20,142, 533 |
| Wyoming | 4, 668,997 | 1,634, 642 |  | 4, 659,855 | 932, 594 | 11, 891, 088 |
| Idaho.. | 4,680, 711 | 832, 127 |  | 2,875, 040 | 2, 347, 806 | 10, 735, 684 |
| Arizona | 1, 103, 444 | 70, 932 | 74, 360 | 1,563, 316 | 682, 420 | 3, 494, 472 |
| Nevada | 304,750 | 81, 813 |  | 1, 474,928 , | 376, 416 | 2, 237,907 |
| Indian Territory.... | 1, 166, 646 |  | 367,591 | 422, 534 | 134, 102 | 2,090,873 |
| Oklahoma .......... | 395, 170 | 60,203 | 68,391 | 978,994 | 298, 075 | 1,800,833 |
| Total | 297, 763, 972 | 44, 753, 649 | 12, 225, 856 | 167, 816, 909 | 87, 701, 829 | 610, 262, 215 |
| Total all divisions. | 7,836, 208, 250 | L, 254, 693, 941 | 237, 908, 010 | 3, 101, 005, 735 | 352, 396, 559 | 12, 782, 212,495 |

Tables are given in the Appendix,* pp. 220, showing (1) the amounts of drafts drawn by national banking associations located in the reserve cities, upon all banks in each reserve city; (2) similar information in respect to banks outside of reserve cities; and (3) a tabular statement showing by geographical divisions the amount drawn by national banking associations in each State, reserve city, and geographical divisiou, upon each reserve city.

Notwithstanding that the total amount of drafts drawn by the national banks of the United States during the year ended June 30, 1891, shows a satisfactory increase over the operations of the year immediately preceding that under consideration, it should be remembered that the year ended June 30, 1891, has been one of great depression on account of the monetary stringency which prevailed for the greater part of that period, and the consequent liquidations which bave been in progress. While by far the larger part of the banking business is conducted through associations belonging to the national system, it is necessary to take into consideration the operations of banks other than national in order to arrive at a proper estimate of the magnitude of the business liquidated through the agency of the banking institutions of the country.

In the collection of statistics required by the statute the Comptroller has this year received reports from 4,342 corporations or firms other than national banks which do a commercial banking business, in whole or in part. Of these 2,572 are State banks, 171 loan and trust companies, 364 are savings banks having capital stock, and 1,235 are private bankers. These represent a capital of $\$ 356,749,315$. If the domestic exchange drawn by these banking institutions bears the same relation to their capital stock as in the case of national banks; it will be found that the amount of drafts drawn by banks and bankers other than national will amount to $\$ 6,743,157,040$.

In order to arrive at the grand total of domestic exchange drawn by all the banks.and bankers of the United States the following statemənt has been prepared, exhibiting the amounts of drafts drawn by-

Total
$19,525,369,535$

[^34]FI 91-22

As there are many banks other than national that do not report to the Comptroller of the Currency, with regard to which no statistics are accessible, it is probable that the amount estimated as drawn by these institutions in the above table is understated.

The magnitude of the operations thus indicated illustrates how indispensable banks are to the safe and economical conduct of the business of the country. This immense total of nearly $\$ 20,000,000,000$ represents simply the net balances between various localities adjusted through the agency of banks, and bears a very small proportion to the gross transactions which are taking place between the banks and their customers. Some idea can be formed of the magnitude of the total transactions of national banks by consideration of the fact that on the first day of July, 1890 , the receipts by 3,364 national banks of the United States aggregated $\$ 421,824,726$. If we talke $\$ 421,000,000$ as the average daily transactions of the national banks, and multiply this by 307 as the number of business days in the year, it will be found that the total receipts of these banks for a single year would amount to $\$ 129,247,000,000$, or a sum greatly in excess of the estimated value ot all the real and personal property of Great Britain and the United States combined.

When we come to realize with what economy and safety this immense business is transacted the importance of perpetuating and perfecting the national banking system can not fail to command attention.

In another part of this report will be found a statement of the average annual losses by reason of the failure of national banks. When this comparatively small loss is placed against the immense transactions which have taken place through these agencies the conspicuous fidelity of the associations constituting the system must be recognized by every impartial observer.

## examinations.

The national-bank act was perfected with great care, and in its provisions were embodied all those salutary restraints which previous legislation and the banking experience of the world for many centuries. had demonstrated to be conducive to the safe and successful conduct of banks organized for commercial business. The wisdom of those who were responsible for its preparation has been vindicated by the unexampled success which has attended banks organized under it during the past twenty-nine years. No system has ever issued notes circulating at par over so wide an area of country; absolutely without loss to holders; nor has any other aftorded such complete security to depositors and creditors.

The administration of this act was committed to a Bureau of which the Comptroller of the Currency is the chief officer, and all the provisions incident to the organization, supervision, and closing of associations are designed to be executed through the operation of the agency so created. The duties of the Comptroller of the Currency, as the chief executive officer, are set forth with great clearness and particularity. So far as the proceedings incident to the organization of new assomiations are concerned, up to and including the certificate authorizing them to begin business, they are so conducted as to make it possible for the Comptroller to personally supervise the details and see that the law is obeyed.

It is impossible, however, for him to personally visit the varions associations after organization is completed and ascertain for himself that
the conduct of their affairs is in every particular in conformity with law. His information in relation to matters incident to the internal management of a bank reaches him through two channels. First, through what are known as "reports of condition," which are required to be made by each association, upon call of the Comptroller, for some past date, at least five times a year, and, secondly, through reports made by national bank examiners. Reports of condition are made upon the oath or affirmation of the president or cashier, attested by at least three directors, and are required to be published in some newspaper issued in the locality where the bank is situated.

The report prepared in these cases is substantially a trial balance from the general ledger, under such classifications as the Comptroller directs, showing in detail the entire resources of the association upon the one hand, and its entire liabilities upon the other. If correctly and honestly made, these published reports afford to the shareholders and creditors of the association an opportunity to form a reasonablycorrect judgment as to its solvency, its earnings, and the value of its shares. Certain schedules accompany these reports, which are designed to disclose such facts as will indicate whether or not any provision of the national-bank act has been violated. This system of reports, especially so far as it applies to banks under honest management, is no doubt to a certain degree effective in preventing unwise and unlawful acts on the part of those directly charged with the management.

As severe penalties are imposed upon any officer or employé who makes or aids or abets others in making any false report or statement of the association with intent to defraud or deceive, even those whose honesty may be brought in question are constrained through fear to make truthful reports. It sometimes occurs, however, that banks fall under the management of those who are utterly wanting in integrity and are undeterred by the penalties of the law. Occasionally the active officers of the bank enter into such collusion as renders it comparatively safe, in their opinion, to make reports which are designed to cover up unlawful practices, and to either overstate the value of the bank's resources, or understate its liabilities, so that the published report thus made serves to grossly deceive those for whose benefit the publication has been wisely ordered.

As banks under honest management are usually conducted in obedience to law, it is clear that the value of governmental supervision is determined by the success it may achieve in ascertaining facts hidden from view by bank managers whose purpose it is to keep from the knowledge of the Comptroller conditions whichmight involve impairment of capital, insolvency, or criminality. The agency provided by law for ascertaining with greater certainty the condition of these associations is through the periodical visits of examiners appointed for the purpose.

The authority for the appointment of national-bank examiners is found in section 5240 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, wherein jt is provided that-

[^35]This brief paragraph contains the ouly provision of law for the appointment of national-bank examiners, and is the only place where
his rights, powers, and duties are set forth. It is apparent that these examiners were to be the confidential agents of the Comptroller, and as such to have such duties and to exercise such powers, within the law, as the Comptroller might from time to time direct.

As has been said, these examiners have always been regarded as the confidential agents of the Comptroller, and the various communications and reports transmitted by them to him have always been considered as confidential and privileged.

The relations existing between the Comptroller and his examiners is of such a character that they must necessarily possess his:entire confidence. Any information which might lead him to entertain a reasonable doubt as to the skill or integrity of an examiner would make it his duty to immediately suspend him, even though the information might be of such a character as could not be substantiated by competent proof, or of such a confidential nature as would make it necessary for the Comptroller to withhold the character of the charges from the examiner himself. The Comptroller would be derelict in duty who would continue to employ the services of an examiner who had so conducted himself as to impair that complete confidence which must from the necessities of the case exist on the part of his superior officer.

Inasmuch as the original purpose of those who framed the national. bank act was to make a market for the securities of the United States, to provide notes for circulation, and to create fiscal agencies for the service of the Government, it is fair to presume that they had in view such an examination as would enable the Comptroller to ascertain whether or not the various provisions of law had been complied with, and to see that the interests of the Government were protected, so far as they were involved in deposits of public moneys or the issuing of circulating notes.

Among other requirements the national-bank act provides that the capital stock of an association shall be fully paid in cash, and that each director shall be a citizen of the United States and the bona fide owner of at least ten shares of the capital stock; that loans shall be made only on personal security; that real estate, when lawfully held, shall be disposed of within the period of five years; that a list of shareholders shall be correctly prepared and kept subject to the inspection of creditors and shareholders; that a reserve of lawful money shall be held against deposits; that dividends shall notbe made until earned; that loans to any one person, corporation, or firm shall not exceed in amount 10 per cent of the capital paid in; that the liabilities of the association under section 5202 of the Revised Statutes of the United States shall not exceed the amonnt of its capital stock actually paid in; that checks shall not be certified in excess of the drawer's deposit, and that loans shall not be made while the lawful money reserve is deficient.

It would seem to be the duty of an examiner in making an official visit to an association to ascertain whether or not these requirements had been fully complied with and to report any disobedience of these provisions of law brought to his attention. He is also expected upon occasion to ascertain and report to the Comptroller as to whether or not the latter can properly approve a proposed increase or reduction of capital, and as to the propriety of permitting an association desiring to do so to extend its corporate existence or go into voluntary liquidation.

Inasmuch as the Comptroller is authorized to require any association whose capital becomes impaired to pay the deficiency by assessment upon its shareholders and to appoint a receiver to close up its business in case it fails to make good its capital within three months after being
notified so to do, and inasmuch as the Comptroller is further authorized to appoint a receiver for any association which he shall become satisfied is insolvent, it would appear to be the duty of an examiner to not only ascertain but verify the liabilities and resources of an association and make such an estimate of the value of the latter as will enable the Comptroller upon his report to determine with reasonable certainty whether or not impairment of capital or insolvency exists.

So far as can be deduced from the provisions of the act under which national-banking associations are organized and operated, an examin-er's duties are above substantially set forth. In the letter of instructions addressed to examiners, and upon the blank reports furnished for their use are found directions covering the requirements of the law as above expressed. Much, however, must be left to the discretion and intelligence of the examiner himself. No cast-iron rulés, covering minute details, can be issued to examiners as a class, for the reason that what would be practicable, proper, and necessary in the case of a small bank located in some obscure hamlet, would not be applicable in the case of a large association in a central reserve city.

As a rule examiners find the greatest difficulty in so directing their efforts as to ascertain whether or not impairment or insolvency exists. They are directed to verify every credit and debt balance, to personally count the cash, and to list and verify the loans and discounts and other assets of the association. This verification can not, of course, be exhaustive, for the reason that the compensation awarded examiners by lavy would not cover the time necessarily employed to this end. Nor would national banks, as a class, be willing to surrender their books and suffer interference with their business for a sufficient length of time to permit the examiner to make a complete audit of their affairs, even if they were willing to submit to the expense necessarily attending it.

The liabilities of a bank are represented to a large extent by pass books in the hands of a multitude of depositors, by drafts issued to a large numiber of purchasers and by them transmitted to distant points, a large amount (several days' issue at least) always being in transit and unpaid; in certificates of deposit and other like evidences of indebtedness held by persons unknown and inaccessible to the examiner, in balances due to other banks, and in bills payable and rediscounts, usually in the hands of distant correspondents of the association.

It is obvious, therefore, that it would be absolutely impracticable for the examiner to make such a complete verification as would demonstrate beyond question that the entries stating these liabilities upon the books of the bank precisely correspond with the amounts represented by these various evidences of indebtedness. Some of these accounts may in a certain degree be verified by correspondence with the distant creditors, but to call in all the pass books, certificates of deposit, and drafts in transit would be obviously impracticable.

The examinations, and reports based thereon, have undergone a gradual process of evolution during the more than quarter of a century that the national-banking system has been in existence. From year to year the attention of the Comptroller has been called to new and novel devices adopted by those who sought to cover up their criminality or prevent the discovery of serious losses. This has led to increased vigilance upon the part of examiners and to the adoption of such measures as would, so far as possible, prevent the success of such devices in the future. So, under the exigencies of the service the scope and details of examinations have undergone gradual transforma-
tion and enlargement, making them more and more effective and valuable as the age of the system and experience in the wiles of dishonest bank officials increase.

The small losses suffered by creditors of national banks in the past have led some part of the general public to feel that governmental supervision should be of such a character as to absolutely prevent these associations from becoming insolvent, and that in case such failures occur those charged with the administration of the law are necessarily derelict in duty. It is apparent, however, that such is very far from being the case. It will be observed that the duties of the Comptroller, and in some sense the examiners, are largely negative; that the law consists in large part of necessary limitations and restrictions upon the operations of the associations organized under its authority. The Comptroller is therefore mainly charged with the responsibility of indicating to bank managers what they shall not do.

The affairs of each association are, however, wisely placed under the control of a board of directors elected by the shareholders, which is alone vested with the power to direct its management. It is apparent that it would be impracticable for any Bureau of the General Government to undertake to participate to any degree in the receiving of deposits, in the making of loans, and in the thousand details incident to the management of each particular bank. It would be in the highest degree unfortunate and unwise for the Government to attempt to usurp in any manner the duties which are and must be devolved upon the representatives of the shareholders of the various banksupon its directors and offcers.

That the limitations and restraints imposed by the national-bank act, supplemented by the periodical reports required and published, have done much to promote the success of the banks constituting the national system, and the security of the various creditors is demonstrated by its history. It is, however, indisputable, and conceded by all those informed as to the facts, that the system of examinations provided for in the brief paragraph quoted at the beginning of this article is of paramount importance and absolutely indispensable to the conspicuous success which has attended the operations of these associations from the inauguration of the system.

The officers directly in charge of the various banks and the employes to whom are committed the details incident to the proper conduct of the business, are actuated by the same motives which inspire humanity generally and are subject to the same temptations and the same ambitions. In the opinion of the Comptroller, every such officer and employé will admit that the expected visit of a skilled examiner who is to inspect and criticise the work upon which he is engaged incites him to greater diligence, promptness, and accuracy, tends to deter him from entering upon operations inconsistent with good banking, and strengthens him in his efforts to overcome those temptations to disobey the law which come to every bank manager through the pressure of customers in the most varied and insidious forms.

That the visits of an examiner should be always welcome to thase in charge of a bank is not to be expected. Those, however, who are conscious of having discharged their duties with fidelity and ability gladly welcome the inspection of an expert who can properly appreciate the results of their faithfulness. The officer in charge who earnestly desires an honorable and successful career will gladly accept the services of one who can aid him in verifying the various accounts of the bank and in establishing the fidelity and ability of those subordinates who are en-
trusted with the details of business. The directors of any association who are disposed to fulfill the important duties imposed by law and to merit the confidence reposed in them by their shareholders, hail with pleasure the visit of one whose sole object is to reinforce their efforts to contribute to the safety and success of the institution which has been committed to their care and direction.

Unfortunately dereliction of duty on the part of directors is the chiet cause of failure upon the part of corporations generally and of national banks particularly. It is this inattention to duty upon the part of those chosen to represent the shareholders in the management of national banks which has made the visits of the examiner an absolute necessity.

It has become a habit on the part of the general public whenever the failure of a national bank occurs to at once challenge the integrity or skill of the examiner charged with its supervision, oblivious of the fact that his energy, his experience, and his devotion to duty may have prevented the failure of a score of more or less embarrassed institutions as to whose mismanagement they are of necessity entirely uninformed.

The bank examiner as a rule faithfully discharges his duty. Every disobedience of law, and everything indicating impairment of capital, insolvency, or criminality are in most instances faithfully reported to the Comptroller of the Currency. In every such case the Comptroller applies the remedy named in the law. .If the report indicates a minor disobedience of law or of the rules of sound banking, caution or reproof is administered. If impairment of capital is indicated he immediately issues a notification that it be made good by assessment upon the shareholders. In case insolvency is shown to his satisfaction a receiver is appointed.

The great service performed through the agency of bank examiners consists largely, however, in meeting dangerous and unlawful practices at the threshold. The number of cases of this kind which have been arrested at the beginning, and severe loss, if not insolvency, prevented by the prompt and timely action of bank examiners is very great, although necessarily unknown to the general public, and hence unappreciated by those whose interests have been protected.

The Comptroller feels the need continually of one or more supervis ing examiners of approved skill and unquestioned integrity who might visit the various examiners in the field and bring the work into greater uniformity and in many ways increase its efficiency. Although the instructions are explicit and the blanks so arranged as to constantly remind these officers of what a complete examination should consist, yet the Comptroller can not always feel assured that these are fully understood and faithfully obeyed. And, again, when failures multiply and exigencies arise making extra precautions necessary, the services of one or more conspicuously capable examiners who are not permanently assigned to any particulary district would be invaluable.

The Comptroller also calls attention to the fact that assistant examiners are needed in all the large cities, and that no such office now exists.

He therefore recommends that the law be so amended as to provide for the appointment of not more than three supervising examiners who shall receive an annual salary to be paid from the public funds; that the Comptroller be empowered to appoint as many assistant examiners as may in his judgment be necessary, to be paid such compensation as maybe fixed by the Comptroller from the fees of the examiners by whom they are employed.

That each supervising examiner, examiner, and assistant examiner be required to take an oath before entering upon the discharge of his duties, and also to give bonds in such amount and with such sureties as may be satisfactory to the Comptroller.

## CERTIFICATES OF STOCK.

Section 5139 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides that "The capital stock of each association shall be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, and be deemed personal property, and transferable on the books of the association in such manner as may be prescribed in the by-laws or articles of association."

The reports of examiners indicate that too little care is taken in the transfer of stock and in the issuing of certificates. In many cases boards of directors neglect to prescribe in the by-laws the manner in which the transfers are to be made, and, as a rule, the articles of association are silent upon the subject.

In other instances the by-laws set forth in general terms the manner in which such transfers shall be effected, but it is frequently found that they are not obeyed, and that the transfers are of a very irregular character, and in many cases not lawfully executed. In some banks no stock ledger is found; in others, certificates are signed in blank and left for some subordinate to fill out and deliver when occasion shall require. In other banks certificates surrendered for transfer are not properly cancelled and preserved, and in newly organized banks they are occasionally issued to shareholders prior to their having paid in full for the same. Where banks are increasing their capital, certificates are sometimes issued before the increase has been submitted to and approved by the Comptroller.

These are a few examples of irregular practices on the part of banks which have been brought to the attention of the Comptroller by recent examinations.

The shareholders of national banks are its proprietors and the certificates of stock issued to them are the evidence of their proprietorship. The importance of preserving the record of such ownership is evidently not sufficiently appreciated. While it is true that overissues of stock are comparatively infrequent it is nevertheless the fact that examiners often find difficulty in verifying trial balances taken from stock ledgers. While in most cases this is simply an evidence of carelessness and lack of system, yet, the examiner can not always be sure that the future may notodevelop that a more serious condition exists.

One remedy suggested for this state of things is that all transfers of stock be registered by a corporation acting in the capacity of an agent for that purpose. This is a very valuable safeguard, and is comparatively convenient aud inexpensive for banks situated in large cities. This plan is certainly worthy of investigation by all boards of directors, and it is recommended to their favorable consideration. The added value attached to shares by reason of this registration would, in the opinion of the Comptroller, exceed the slight cost which such registration would involve. As the system is, however, largely composed of banks with small capital, located outside of the larger cities, in a great majority of cases this plan would not be deemed feasible, and therefore the remedy, so far as it applies to the syistem generally, must be found in the greater care and activity of the directors of the several associations. They should first see that proper by-laws regulating the transfer of shares are adopted. Proper books should be furnished for recording the transfer of shares, in accordance with the terms of the by-laws, and
provision made for the frequent examination of the certificate book, stock ledger, and transfer book by a committee charged with this special duty.

The signing of certificates in blank should be forbidden, and great care should be exercised in the cancellation and preservation of surrendered certificates. As it is important in the enforcement of the individual liability of shareholders in the case of insolvent banks whose assets prove insufficient to pay their debts that the question of proprietorship should be definitely determined, it is recommended that a receipt be taken from each shareholder upon delivery to him of the certificate representing the stock of which he is the owner.

## OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS AS BORROWERS.

While the failures of the year just closed have been in large part due to well-defined causes, which have been operating with mors or less severity in all parts of the civilized world, supplemented by the local influences to which allusion has been made, it is evident that some features of the more important ones are suggestive of needed changes in the national-bank act. In almost every instance an investigation of the affairs of an insolvent bank discloses the fact that the officers and directors have too freely used the funds of the association for their own purposes, either in a lawful or unlawful manner.

The facility with which the active officers of a bank may borrow its funds seems to make it necessary that some added restriction should be placed upon transactions of this kind.

In the organization of a national bank those who contribute the funds which constitute its capital should dedicate the same to the business of banking, and not to the creation of an instrumentality through which they may proceed to borrow to an amount largely in excess of the sum contributed by them to the original capital.

The principal limitation as to loans and discounts is found in section 5200 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which reads as follows:
The total liabilities to any association, of any person, or of any company, corporation, or firm, for money borrowed, including in the liabilities of a company or firm the liabilities of the several members thereof, shall at no time exceed one-tenth part of the amount of the capital stock of such association actually paid in. But the discount of bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actually existing valnes, and the discount of commercial or business paper actually owned by the person negotiating the same, shall not be considered as money borrowed.

This limitation is found to be wholesome in its general application, but recent events indicate that additional safeguards are needed.

In my opinion some limitation should be placed upon the amount of commercial or business paper which may be discounted by an association for any person, company, corporation, or firm, and a similar restriction should be placed upon indirect liabilities resulting from guaranty or endorsement. If it is deemed necessary to limit direct loans to 10 per cent of the capital paid in it would for the same reason follow that indirect liabilities should be subject to some limitation. Just what the extent of the restrictions should be is not so easily determined, but, in my judgment, the direct and indirect liabilities, in the case of a director, should not exceed 20 per cent of the capital paid in.

The active officers of the bank, who are charged with the custody of its assets and the handling of its funds, should not, in my opinion, be permitted to appear as borrowers or become in any way liable to the association with which they are connected. While this might work hardship in exceptional cases it would without doubt add greatly to the se-
curity of the creditors of the banks as a whole. It would be unwise to forbid an association to loan to or discount for its several directors, as they are usually selected from among the leading men in the various branches of business, for the reason that they possess information which is of great value in passing upon paper offered by those engaged in the same line of trade with themselves.

There seems to be no serious objection, however, to placing some. limit upon their indirect as well as direct liabilities. The Comptroller, therefore, takes this opportunity to recommend that the active officers of a bank be excluded from incurring liabilities to the association with which they are connected, and that the direct and indirect liabilities of a director be confined to 20 per cent of the paid-up capital, leaving the limitations contained in section 5200 United States Revised Statutes intact. The Comptroller is also of opinion that the publication of the liabilities of officers and directors would afford a valuable safeguard.

The Comptroller also desires to call attention to the fact that no suitable penalty is provided by law for violations of section 5200 United States Revised Statutes.

Aside from the power to bring, suit for forfeiture of franchise under the general provisions of law laying the groundwork for enforcing the liability of directors, the Comptroller is without the power to enforce obedience to the limitations of the section quoted. The remedy provided is so severe as to make it entirely useless, no Comptroller having ever brought suit to forfeit the franchise of an active bank. The reason for this is obvious, as such a proceeding would destroy the bank, thereby greatly aggravating instead of affording a remedy for the evil complained of. The Comptroller should be empowered by law to inflict such a penalty, by way of fine or assessment, as would make excessive loans highly unprofitable, and yet not so severe as to prevent its being promptly and invariably imposed in every case brought to his notice.

## BONDS OF BANK ORFICERS.

Circumstances attending recent failures have served to call the attention of the Comptroller to the fact that much greater care should be exercised by boards of directors in the matter of the official bonds of the officers and employés of their several banks.

The general verdict of those most experienced in the management of banks is in favor of requiring official bonds from all who occupy places of trust, and especially those who handle cash or convertible securities. Under the national-bank act it is left discretionary with boards of directors whether or not they shall require official bonds. This matter should be taken up, fully discussed, and definitely decided by each board of directors.

At the time of organization the matter usually has attention and certain requirements are decided upon but are inefficiently carried out. Frequently the by-laws of an association contain all that is necessary in relation to bonds, but the reports of bank examiners disclose the fact that these by-laws often become obsolete by reason of inattention to their enforcement.

There are various phases of this subject which should be considered by those responsible for the management of a bank. In the first place it is necessary that the board of directors should decide as to the particular officers and employés who shall give official bonds and determine upon the amount in each case. Ordinarily this covers the entire action of the board in relation to the matter. This, however, does not consti-
tute the full measure of their duty. Great care should be taken in preparing the form of the bond required so that in case it becomes forfeited the penalty can be enforced. Not only should the form of the bond have careful attention but its terms should be such as to cover not only criminal acts but such as involve a lack of due diligence on the part of the officers or employés.

In this connection it is proper to say that the Comptroller is in receipt of information, from a source which entitles it to the highest consideration, that bonds are habitually offered and frequently accepted which guarantee the bank only against such misconduct of the officer as amounts to embezzlement or larceny and do not secure it against gross carelessness or against connivance at or the overlooking of its spoliation by others.

This warning should be heeded and every board of directors should promptly order an examination of all official bonds in their custody by competent counsel so that their bank may not suffer through their neglect when an exigency arises.

Again, it is important that the sureties should be of such a character as to insure the collection of the penalty in case of forfeiture. If the surety is an incorporated company, as is common now, its solvency should be fully ascertained, and the necessary information procured as to its right to enter into such a contract under its charter. It is also important that this class of bonds should be examined with especial care as to whether they are broad enough in their terms to properly protect the bank in case of the unfaithfulness of the principal.

In case natural persons are accepted as surety similar care should be exercised. No one should be accepted as surety upon such a bond whose responsibility for the penalty is not fully established. In addition to this it is well to reject all those who are not of such high character and established integrity as to unhesitatingly meet any losses which may occur, regarding it as a moral as well as a legal obligation.

It is quite frequently the case that a bond prepared and executed, with satisfactory sureties, is found in the custody of or accessible to the identical officer for whose faithful performance of duty it is the bank's only security. It is the duty of every board of directors to see that the custody of these bonds is committed to those who can have no interest in their becoming mislaid or destroyed, and who will faithfully keep and produce them when wanted.

The bond having been properly prepared and executed, signed by sureties known to be responsible and deposited in secure hands, it remains for the board of directors to make a periodical examination in order that their existence and safety may be verified, and for the further purpose of ascertaining that the security once deemed satisfactory has not become impaired by death, removal, insolvency, or some other cause which would put the interests of the bank in jeopardy.

At the regular annual visit of the examiner inquiry is made as to whether the by-laws require official bonds, and if so whether or not they have been executed in accordance therewith, and also as to their custody. He is instructed to call the attention of officers to any circumstances developed by his examination which would tend to impair the security of the association. His suggestions in relation to this matter, however, are usually necessarily made to the active officers of the bank, who are the identical persons from whom official bonds are required. It is often impracticable for him to call the attention of the board of directors of the bank to the necessity for the desired action in a given case.

The danger lurking here is greatly aggravated by the fact that, as a rule, the active officers possess the unbounded confidence of the board
of directors, and this confidence generally remains unshaken until the commission of some act which makes necessary a resort to the sureties upon the official bond.

Unless the precautions above alluded to have had attention prior to the discovery of the unfaithfulness of the trusted officer or employé the directors awaken too late to the fact that they have been derelict in duty.

## CLOSED NATIONAL BANKS.

The following statement exhibits the title, capital, and circulation issued, redeemed, and outstanding of associations which were closed to business during the year ended October 31, 1891. Of these 66 associations 41 went into voluntary liquidation and 25 into the hands of receivers.

National Banks closed during the Year ended October 31, 1891, in each State and Territory, with Caprtal and Circulation.

| Name and location of bank. | Date of anthority to commence business. | Dateclosing. | Capital stock. | Circulation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Issued. | deemed | Outstauding. |
| First National Bank of Meade |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nter, Kans | May 5,1887 | Oct. 17, 1890 | \$50, 000 | \$10,750 | \$4, 470 | \$6,280 |
| Sandy River National Bank of Famington, Me. | Mar. 16, 1865 | Nov. 1,1890 | 75,000 | 58,260 | 13,602 | 8 |
| First National Bank of Alma, Kans | Aug. 3, 188 | Nov. 10, 1890 | 75,0 | 16, | 6,830 | 10, |
| First National Bank of Belleville, Kåns. | Ang. 28, 1885 | D | 50, | 11, | 4,850 | 6,400 |
| German American National Bank of Kansas City, Mo.. | Sept. 24, 1887 | Dec. 5, 1890 | 250,000 | 45,000 | 12,600 | 32,400 |
| American National Bank of Arkansas City, Kans. | Mar. 15, 1889 | Dec. 8,1890 | 300, 000 | 45,000 |  |  |
| Spokane National Bank of Spolsane Talls, Wash. | Jan. 24; 1888 | D | 100,0 | 00 |  | 0 |
| First National Bank of Hill City, Kans. |  |  |  |  | 3,410 | 40 |
| German National Bank of Evansville, Ind. | Ja | D |  | 98, 030 | 12,810 | 230 |
| City National Bank of Hastings, Nebr | Dec. 27,1883 | Dec. 27, 1890 | 100,000 | 22,500 | 6,250 | 16,250 |
| People's National, Bank of Fayetteville, N.C. | Junie 27, 1872 | Dec. 31, 1890 | 125,000 | 28,800 | 9,385 | 19,415 |
| First National Bank of Frankfort, Kans | Nov. 3,1882 | Jan. 8,1891. | 100,000 | 22.500 | 6, 422 | 16,078 |
| Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank of Vandalia, IIl. | Jan. 31, 1871 | Jan. 10, 1891 | 100,000 | 22,500 | 5,410 | 17,090 |
| Second National Bank of Owosso, Mich | Nov. 14, 1885 | Jan. 13,1891 | 60,000 | 13,500 | 4,400 | 9,100 |
| West Side National Bank of Wichita, Kans. | July 19, 1887 |  | 100,000 | 22,500 | 6,490 | 16,010 |
| Anthony National Bank of Anthony, Kans | Sept. 16, 1885 |  | 50,000 | 10,75 | 1,920 | 8,830 |
| Union National Bank of Oshkosh, Wis | Feb. 9,1871 | Ja | 200, 000 | 45,000 | 10,430 | 34, 570 |
| First National Bank of Ellsvorth, Kans. | Sept. 11, 1884 | Jan. 26,1891 | 50,0 | 10,75 | 2,770 | 7,980 |
| Mercantile National Bank of Louisiana, Mo | Jan. 19, 1884 | Jan. 27,1891 | 50,000 | 11, 250 | 2,960 | 8,290 |
| Commercial National Bank of Rochester, N. Y | May 8,1878 | ...do ....... | 200,000 | 41,820 | 11,590 | 30, 230 |
| National Bank of Eldorado, Kans | Aug. 22, 1883 | Feb. 9,1891 | 50,000 | 10,745 | 3,185 | 7,560 |
| Fiust National Bank of Suffolk, $\nabla$ a. | May 25, 1889. | Feb. 12, 1891 | 50,000 | 11, 250 | 2,940 | 8,310 |
| Citizens' National Bank of Medicine Lodge, Kans. | Nov. 30, 1886 | Teb. 19,1891 | 50,000 | 11,250 | 3,000 | 8,250 |
| Rome National Bank of Rome, Ga | July 15, 1890 | Fob. 23, 1891 | 100,000 | 22,500 | 6,740 | 15,760 |
| Windsor National Bank of Windsor, Vt. | Oct. 18, 1884 | Feb. 24,1891 | 50,000 | 22,500 | 5,820 | 16, |
| Beadle County National Bank of Huron, S. Dak. | June 30, 1883 | Feb. 26,1891 | 100,00 | 22,500 | 3,960 | 18,5 |
| Pratt County National Bank of Pratt. Kans. | Sept. 8,1.887 |  | 50,000 | 11,250 |  | 11,250 |

National Banks closed during the Year ended Octobèr 31, 1891, in each State and Territory, etc.-Continued.

| Name and location | Date of authority to commence business. | Date of closing. | Capital stock. | Circulation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Issued. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Re- } \\ \text { deemed. } \end{gathered}$ | Out. standing. |
| National Bank of Chester, S. C. Second National Bank of Mc- <br> Pherson, Kans.. <br> American National Bank of Sioux City, Iowa. <br> Keystone National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa. | Mar. 22, 1871 | Mar. 2,1891 | \$1 | \$33, 250 | \$9,2 | \$23, 960 |
|  | Sept. 16, 1887 |  | 50,0 | 11,250 | 2, 720 | , 530 |
|  | Nov. 14, 1888 | Mar. 12,1891 | 150, | 33,750 | 8, 430 | 20 |
|  | July 30, 1875 | Mar. 20,18 | 500,0 | 41,180 |  | 1,180 |
| United States National Bank of Atchison, Kans <br> Merchants' National Bank of Binghamton, N. Y | Dec. 30, 1880 | Mar. 24, 1801 | 250, | 45,000 | 10, | 600 |
|  | Feb. 24, 1874 |  | 100, | 61,638 | 11, | 9,698 |
| W ashington National Bank of the city of New York, N. Y.. | June 5,1890 | Ap | 300, | 45,000 | 12,310 | 90 |
| First National Bank of Ashland Kans | Ma | A | 50 | 11,250 | 2,870 | 380 |
| Spring Garden National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.. | Mar. 13,1886 | M | 750, | 45,000 |  | 000 |
| First National Bank of Burr Oak, Kans. | M | M | 50, | 11, 250 | 2,510 | 740 |
| First Nàtional Bank of Red Cloud, Nebr | Nov. 8, 1882 | M | 75,000 | 16,225 |  | 16,225 |
| Glenwood National Bank of Glenwood Springs, Colo. | June 13, 1887 | May 23,1891 | 100, | 22, 500 | 2,940 | 19,560 |
| First National Bank of Cardiff, Tenn | May 8,1890 | May 25, 1891 | 50,0 | 11,250 | 1,460 | 9,790 |
| National City Bank of Marshall, Mich | July 29,1872 | June 3,1891 | 100,000 | 44,000 |  | 44,000 |
| First National Bank of Grand Haven, Mich. | July 25,18 | June 5,18 |  | 0 | 9,112 |  |
| Central Nebraska National Bank of Broken Bow, Nebr. . | Sep | J | 60,0 | 13,500 |  |  |
| Florence National Bank of Florence, Ala | Oct. 3,1889 | J |  |  |  |  |
| East Saginaw National Bank of East Saginaw, Mich. | Fel. 13,1884 | Jun |  | - | 310 |  |
| Twin City National Bank of New Brighton, Minn. | May |  |  | 11, |  |  |
| Red Cloud National Bank of Red Cloud, Nebr. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | May 10,1884 | June 26, 1891 | 75,000 | 16,875 |  | 875 |
| First National Bank of Merced, Cal | June 23, 1887 | Jun | 200, 00 | 43,400 | 5,710 | 690 |
| National Bank of Union County, Morganfield, Ky.... Asbury Park National Bank of Asbury Park. N.J | Dec. |  | 100, | 88,090 | 10,845 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. 17, 1887 | July 1, 1891 | 100,000 | 20,700 |  | 20,700 |
| Ninth National Bank of Dallas, Tex. | Sept. 12, 1890 |  | 300,00 | 45,000 |  | 45,000 |
| Citizens National Bank of Yatesville, Tex | Aug. 5, 1890 |  | 50,0 | 11,250 | 1,490 | 760 |
| Citizens' National Bank of Belton, Tex. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second National Bank of Aurora, 111. | Dec. 27,1871 | 13,18 | 100,00 | 22,5 | 1,780 | , 720 |
| First National Bank of Kansas City, Kans. | May 17, 1887 | July 16, 1891 | 150,000 | 33,750 |  | 3,750 |
| First National Bank of Palatka, Fla. | July 15, 1884 | July 17, 1891 | 150,000 | 33,750 | 100 | 3,650 |
| Farley National Bank of Montgomery, Ala | Dec. 18, 1889 | Aug. 31,1801 | 100,000 | 22 |  | 500 |
| Ord National Bank of Ord, Nebr |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First National Bank of Indianola, Nebr | Apr. 8,1886 | Aug. 31,180 | 50,00 | 11,250 | 823 | 0,427 |
| National Bank of Anderson, S. C. | Dec. 20, 1872 | Sept. 1,1891 | 50,000 | 14, | 690 | , 360 |
| Rio Grande National Bank of Laredo, Tex | Oct. 28, 1889 | Sept. 14, 1891 | 100,000 | 22, 500 |  | 500 |
| First National Bank of Coldwater, Kans. | May 9,1887 | Sept. 21, 1801 | 52,00 | 11,200 |  | 1,200 |
| First National Bank of Flush. ing, Mich |  |  | 50,00 |  |  | , 250 |
| First National Bank of Clearfield, Pa . | Jan. 30, 1865 | Sept. 29, 189 | 100,000 | 85,340 |  | 85,340 |
| First National Bank of Francestown, N. H. <br> Columbus National Bank of New York, N. Y | Nov. 19, 1864 | Oct. | 100, | 1,1 |  | 61, 135 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jan. 27, 1891 | Oct. 15, 1801 | 200,000 | 45,000 |  | 45,000 |
|  |  |  | 8, 147,000 | 1, 851,963 | 253;274 | 1,598,689 |

## RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS BY CLOSED BANKS.

A conspicuous feature of the operations of this Bureau for the report year has been the resumption of business by banks which had voluntarily closed their doors to business.
ar Ordinarily the closing of a national bank serves to so greatly impair its credit as to render its resuscitation both impracticable and undesirable. In most cases the dishonesty or mismanagement which necessitates the closing of its doors causes such an impairment of confidence as to prevent the bank, even under new and competent management, from regaining its former position and securing the necessary support from the general public.

Ordinarily it is deemed better to organize a new association, with an entirely new title, than to endeavor to reopen one which has been closed. Occasionally, however, it occurs that the closing of a bank may result from causes which neither seriously affect its credit nor greatly impair its capital. In some such cases the confidence of the community is not withdrawn, and the good will of the association, which may have had a long and honorable career, is deemed by its shareholders worthy of preservation.

It has been the policy of the Comptroller in every such case to encourage the adoption of measures that would enable him to withdraw the examiner or receiver and permit the bank to resume business at as early a date as possible. He has, however, invariably made it a condition precedent that the affairs of the association should be put in a satisfactory condition. This would imply that its capital should be unimpaired, that its cash should be substantially equal to its demand liabilities, and that all doubtful and worthless assets should be eliminated; that all its affairs should be placed in strict compliance with law and such changes made in its board of directors and officers as would exclude those who had been guilty . of mismanaging its affairs, and generally such measures enforced as would insure a prudent, conservative, and law-abiding course in the future.

This policy has only been adopted in cases where the Comptroller was led to believe that the conditions were, to a marked degree, favorable to a successful future career.

The failure of a bank is always a calamity, even where the assets of the failed institution are sufficient to ultimately pay in full its liabilities. The delay necessarily incident to converting these assets into cash and dividing them among the several claimants is the cause of much inconvenience and loss to a large number of depositors.

A national bank is organized for the purpose of conducting a commercial business, and is ordinarily the depositary for the current cash receipts of persons engaged in every form of manufacturing, industrial, and commercial business. Most of these enterprises are conducted with capital barely sufficient to form a basis of ${ }^{\circ}$ credit, the latter being mainly relied upon and of, by far, the greater importance. Every such firm engaged in business is liable to have its credit destroyed by the locking up of its cash resources, resulting in the dishonoring of its paper and subsequent failure.

All classes; however, are represented among the creditors of these insolvent banks. The desire to find a safe-depository for funds temporarily idle moves all alike. The rich and the poor, young and old, capitalist and laborer, all appear as claimants.

An investigation of the affairs of an insolvent bank invariably discloses cases of peculiar hardship and frequently brings to light such misfortunes as are calculated to arouse the sympathies of the most in.
different. It is therefore a matter of great importance to the creditors of a failed association that their balances be made available at the earliest date practicable.

Not only are the creditors of a failed association greatly benefited by its being speedily reopened for business but shareholders also, for it is a well-established fact that the assets of such an association are much more valuable to it as an active bank than if in liquidation or in the hands of a receiver.

As a result of the policy outlined above six national banks, which closed their doors to business, possessing an aggregate capital of $\$ 2,225,000$ and having liabilities amounting to $\$ 3,756,362$, have been permitted to resume business since the 1st day of January, 1891. One other bank, closed by order of the Comptroller, having a capital of $\$ 300,000$ and liabilities amounting to $\$ 622,221$, was permitted to go into voluntary liquidation, the directors and principal shareholders of the bank having provided the necessary funds to meet all liabilities.

The following table gives the title of these banks, date of closing, date of resumption, and amount of capital and liabilities.

Permitted to Resume Business.

| Name and location of bank. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Charter } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Date of closing. | Date of resump. tion. | Capital. | Liabilities.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1890. | 1891. | 6 |  |
| Newton National Bank, Newton, Kans | 3297 | Nov. 20 | July 1 | \$200,000 | \$264,529 |
| First National Bank, Texarkana, Tex... | 3065 | Dec. 1 | Jan. 19 | 100,000 | 226,693 |
| Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank, Clarksville, Tenn | 3241 | Dec. 10 | Apr. 20 | 100, 000 | 141,607 |
| Huron National Bank, Huron, S. Dak. | 3267 | Dec. 16 | Jan. 3 | 75,000 | 177, 540 |
| American Natioual Barik, Kansas City, Mo | 3544 | Jan. 19 | Mar. 31 | -1,250,000 | 2,359,247 |
| Merchants' National Bank, Fort Worth, Tex | . 3631 | July 20 | Sept. 26 | 1, 500,000 | 586,746 |
| Total |  |  |  | 2, 225, 000 | 3,756, 362 |

Permitted to go into Voluntary Liquidation.

| Washington National Bank, New York, N. X. | 4335 | $\begin{gathered} 1891 . \\ \text { Mar. } 24 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1891. } \\ \text { Apr. } 13 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | \$300, 000 | \$622, 221 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

* Exclusive of capital, surplus, earnings, and circulation.
$\dagger$ Date of liquidation.
Of these banks the Newton National Bank of Newton, Kans., and the Farmers and Merchants' National Bank of Clarksville, Tenn., were in the hands of receivers. In the other cases no receiver had been appointed, a bank examiner being in charge between the date of closing and reopening of the bank for business.

In each of the cases above mentioned the banks when reopened were reported by the officer in charge to possess an unimpaired capital, cash in hand sufficient to meet all demand liabilities, and under such management as gave reasonable assurance of an honorable and successful career. All these banks are still in operation, having promptly met all their obligations according to their terms, excepting the Washington National Bank of New York, which was permitted to go into voluntary liquidation and has paid in full all liabilities.

So far as the Comptroller is informed the records of the Department disclose but one case in the history of the system prior to 1891 where a bank once placed in the hands of a receiver was permitted to reopen.

It is hoped and believed that the future success of these banks will be such as to warrant the Comptroller in continuing a policy which has led to their rehabilitation.

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF THE NATIONAL BANKS.

The resources and liabilities of the national banks for thirteen years, at nearly corresponding dates, from 1879 to 1891, inclusive, are exhibited in the following table, and the same information with respect to preceding years will be found in the Appendix,* page 124.

|  | Oct. 1, 1878. | Oct. 2, 1879: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. 1, } \\ & 1880 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 1 \text {, } \\ & \text { 1881. } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Oct. } 3$ $1882 .$ | $\text { Oct. } 2$ $1883 .$ | Sept. 30, 1884. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2,053 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,048 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,090 \\ & \text { banks. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,132 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,269 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,501 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,664 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ |
| RESOORCES. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. |
| Loans | \$834.0 | \$878.5 | \$1,041.0 | \$1,173.8 | \$1, 243. 2 | \$1, 309.2 | \$1, 245.3 |
| Bonds for circulation. | 347.6 | 357.3 | 357.8 | 363.3 | 357.6 | 351.4 | - 327.4 |
| Other United States bond | 94.7 | 71.2 | 43.6 | 56.5 | 37.4 | 30.7 | 30.4 |
| Stocks, bonds, etc | 36.9 | 39.7 | 48.9 | 61.9 | 66.2 | 71.1 | 71.4 |
| Due from banks. | 138.9 | 167.3 | 213.5 | 230.8 | 198.9 | 208.9 | 194.2 |
| Real estate | 46.7 | 47.8 | 48.0 | 47.3 | 46.5 | 48.3 | 49.9 |
| Specie. | 30.7 | 42.2 | 109.3 | 114.3 | 102.9 | 107.8 | 128.6 |
| Legal-tender notes | 64.4 | 69.2 | 56.6 | 53.2 | 63.2 | 70.7 | 77.0 |
| National-bank notes | 16.9 | 16.7 | 18.2 | 17.7 | 20.7 | 22.7 | 23.3 |
| Clearing-house exchanges | 82.4 | 113.0 | 121.1 | 189.2 | 208.4 | 96.4 | 66.3 |
| United States certificates of deposit. | - 32.7 | . 26.8 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 14.2 |
| Due from United States Creasurer .. | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 17.7 |
| Other resources | 24.9 | 22.1 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 33.8 |
| Total. | 1, 767.3 | 1,868. 8 | 2,105.8 | 2,358. 4 | 2,399.8 | 2,372. 7 | 2,279.5 |
| CIABILITIES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock | 466.2 | 454.1 | 457.6 | 463.8 | 483.1 | 509.7 | 524.3 |
| Surplus fund | 116.9 | 114.8 | 120.5 | 128.1 | 132.0 | 142.0 | 147.0 |
| Undivided profits | 40.9 | 40.3 | 46.1 | 56.4 | 61.2 | 61.6 | 63.2 |
| Circulation outstanding | 301.9 | 313.8 | 317.3 | 320.2 | 315.0 | 310.5 | 289.8 |
| Due to depositors | 668.4 | 736.9 | 887.9 | 1,083.1 | 1,134.9 | 1, 063.6 | - 993.0 |
| Due to banks. | 165.1 | 201.2 | 267.9 | 294.9 | 259.9 | 270.4 | 246.4 |
| Other liabilitie | $\because 7.9$ | 6.7 | 8.5 | 11.9 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 15.8 |
| Total | 1,767.3 | 1,868.8 | 2, 105.8 | 2,358.4 | 2,399.8 | 2,372. 7 | 2,279.5 |
|  | Oct. 1, $1885 .$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. 7, } \\ & \text { 1886. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } 5, \\ & \text { 1887. } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Oct. } 4$ $1888 .$ | Sept. 30, 1889. | $\text { Oct. } 2$ $1890 .$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept.25, } \\ & 1891 . \end{aligned}$ |
| * | 2,714 banks. | $\begin{gathered} 2,852 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,049 \\ \text { banks. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,120 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,290 \\ & \text { banks. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,540 \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,677 \\ & \text { banks. } \end{aligned}$ |
| RESOURCES. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Afillions. | Millions. | Millions. |
| Loans | \$1,306. 1 | \$1, 451.0 | \$1, 587. 5 | \$1, 628. 1 | \$1, 817.3 | \$1,986. 1 | \$2, 005.5 |
| Bouds for circulation | 307.7 | 258.5 | 189.1 | 177.6 | 146.5 | 140.0 | 150.0 |
| Other United States bonds | 31.8 | 32.4 | - 34.7 | 63.6 | 48.5 | . 30.7 | 24.9 |
| Stocks, bonds, etc. | .77. 5 | - 81.8 | 88.8 | 96.3 | - 109.3 | 115.5 | 125.2 |
| Due from banks. | 235.3 | 241.4 | 256.3 | 282.5 | 335.4 | 336.2 | 338.7 |
| Real estate | 51.3 | 54.1 | 58.0 | 61.1 | 69.4 | 76.8 | 83.3 |
| Specie | 174.9 | 156.4 | 165.1 | 181.3 | 164.3 | 195.9 | 183.5 |
| Legal-tender notes | 69.7 | 62.8 | 73.7 | 82.0 | 86.8 | 80.6 | 97.6 |
| National-bank notes | 23.1 | 22.7 | 21.9 | 21.3 | 20.9 | 18.5 | 20.0 |
| Clearing-house exchanges. | 84.9 | 95.5 | 88.8 | 74.2 | 136.8 | 106.8 | 122.0 |
| Onited States certificates of deposit. | 18.8 | 5.9 | -6.2 | 12.3 | 12.9 | 6.2 | 15.7 |
| Due from United States Treasurer .. | 14.9 | 14.0 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 8.0 |
| Other resources | 36.9 | 37.4 | 40.8 | 42.1 | 42.8 | 41.3 | 38.7 |
| Total. | 2,432.9 | 2; 513.9 | 2,620.2 | 2,731.4 | 2,998.3 | 3,141.5 | 3,213.1 |
| llabilities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock. | 527.5 | 548.5 | 578.5 | 588.4 | 612.6 | 650.4 | 677.4 |
| Surplus fund | 146.6 | 157.3 | 173.9 | 183.1 | 197.4 | 213.6 | 227.6 |
| Undivided profits | 59.3 | 66.5 | 71.5 | 70.3 | 84.9 | 97.0 | 103.3 |
| Circulation.. | 269.0 | 228.8 | 167.3 | 155.4 | 128.5 | 123.0 | 131.3 |
| Due to depositors | 1, 116.7 | 1,189.5 | 1,274. 7. | 1,350.7 | 1,522. 0 | 1,594. 2 | 1, 608.6 |
| Due to banks. | 299.7 | 308.6 | 329.6 | 358.1 | 425.3 | 426.4 | 430.6 |
| Other liabilities | 14.1 | 14.9 | 24.7 | 25.4 | 27.6 | 36.9 | 34.3 |
| Total. | 2,432.9 | 2,513.9 | 2,620.2 | 2,731.4 | 2,998.3 | 3,141.5 | 3,213.1 |

[^36]The following table presents an abstract of the resources and liabilities of the national banks at the close of business on September 25, 1891, the condition of the banks in New York City, in the three central reserve cities, in other reserve cities, and of country banks shown separately :

|  | Central reserve cities. |  | Other reserve cities. | Country banks. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New York, Chicagoand St. Louis. |  |  |  |
|  | 49 banks. | 79 banks. | 265 banks. | 3,333 banks. | 3,677 banks. |
| RESOURCES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overdrafts ... | . 308,028 | \$117, 008, 800 | +497, $1,240,631$ | 14, 448, 422 | 1,989, $1654,108,965$ |
| londs for circulati | 6, 854, 000 | 8, 504, 000 | 17, 867, 500 | 123, 654, 100 | 150, 035, 600 |
| Bonds for deposits | 1,600,000 | 2, 150,000 | 5, 865, 000 | 12, 417, 500 | 20, 432, 500 |
| United States bonds | 1,081, 450 | 1,393, 800 | 1, 192, 650 | 1, 853, 000 | 4, 439, 450 |
| Stocks, securities, claims, | 24, 822,661 | 31, 080, 579 | 22, 458, 165 | 71, 640,333 | 125, 179, 077 |
| Due from reserve agents |  |  | 61, 005, 874 , | 132,984, 450 | 193,990, 324 |
| Ine from other national bank | 26,722, 883 | 44, 608, 485 | 32, 532, 821 | 38, 055, 377 | 115, 196, 683 |
| Due fron other banks aud bankers.. | 4, 494, 368 | 8, 876, 325 | 7,524, 725 | 13, 070, 848 | 29, 471, 898 |
| Barking house, furniture, and fixtures. | 11, 304, 776 | 12, 840, 291 | 16, 525, 593 | 40, 266, 943 | 69, 628,827 |
| Other real estate and mortgages owned. | 1,159, 299 | 1, 566, 656 | 2,736, 017 | 9, 338, 623 | 13,641, 296 |
| Cutrent expenses | 737, 317 | 951, 159 | 2,730,725 | 6, 197, 347 | 9, 879,231 |
| Iremians | 956,350 | 1, 117,790 | 2, 738, 020 | 10,849, 891 | 14,705, 701 |
| Checks and cash items | 2, 141, 651 | 2, 268, 061. | 2, 044, 729 | 8, 959, 755 | 13, 272,545 |
| Exchanges for clearing house | 86, 307, 889 | 92, 762, 175 | 26, 898, 150 | 2, 379,557 | 122, 039, 882 |
| 3ills of other national banks | 1, 295, 128 | 2,686, 373 | 3, 529, 179 | 13, 775, 615 | 19, 991,167 |
| Fractional currency, nickels, and cents |  |  |  |  |  |
| Specio | 53, 796, 891 | 77, 675, 685 | 45, 524, 825 | 60, 314, 560 | 183, 515,076 |
| Legal-tender notes | 23,761, 230 | $35,470,647$ | 25, 750, 902 | 36, 394, 059 | 97, 615, 608 |
| United States certificates of deposit. | 8,225, 000 | 0, 565, 000 | 5, 715, 000 | 440, 000 | 15, 720, 000 |
| Tive per cent redemption fund | 297, 180 | 371, 430 | 790, 031 | 5, 375, 471 | 6,536,932 |
| Due from United States Treasure | 547, 008 | 823,008 | 267, 936 | 366, 864 | 1, 457, 808 |
| Total | 558, 041, 651 | 752, 217, 119 | 782, 577, 434 | 1,678,285, 718 | 3, 213, 080, 271 |
| labilities. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock | 50, 861, 970 | 82, 111, 970 | 161, 870, 860 | 433, 444, 040 | 677, 426, 870 |
| Surplus fund | 38,052, 490 | 48, 678,490 | 55, 018, 361 | 123, 879,635 | 227, 576, 486 |
| Undivided profits | 16,667, 301 | 20,492,046 | 21, 119,426 | 61, 673, 202 | 103, 284, 674 |
| National-bank notes ontstandin | 5, 803, 910 | 6, 973, 825 | 15, 673, 070 | 108, 676,406 | 131, 323, 301 |
| State bank-notes outstanding | 24, 328 | 24,328 | 5,682 | 44, 108 | 74, 118 |
| Dividends unpaid | 136, 266 | 166, 973 | 401, 749 | 885, 013 | 1, 453, 735 |
| Individual deposits | 274, 462, 555 | 357, 800, 481 | 384, 419, 679 | 846, 097, 927 | 1, 588, 318, 081 |
| United States deposits | 1, 323, 296 | 1, 841, 814 | 4, 373, 876 | 9, 484, 983 | 15, 700, 673 |
| Deposits of United States disbursing officers | 216, 287 | 231, 984 | 1,553, 136 | 2,781, 540 | 4, 566,660 |
| Due to National banks | 124, 203, 318 | 158, 985,925 | 88, 454, 652 | 41, 136, 127 | 288, 576, 704 |
| Due to other banks and b | 46, 239, 930 | 74, 794, 283 | 42, 953, 461 | 24, 270, 327 | 142, 018, 071 |
| Notes and bills redisconn |  | 65,000 | 2, 390, 182 | 19,526, 771 | 21, 981,953 |
| Bills payable. | 50,000 | 50, 000 | 4,343,300 | 6,385, 645 | 10,778, 945 |
| Total. | 558, 041, 651 | 752, 217, 119 | 782, 577, 434 | 1,678, 285, 718 | 3,213, 080, 271 |

* Other resorvo cities are Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Albany, Brooklyn, Pittsburg, Washington, New Orlcans, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Milwaukeo. Des Moines, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kaasas City, St. Josepn, Omaha, and San Francisco.

For several years a statement has been presented, showing in condensed form the changes occurring in the principal items of resources and liabilities of the national banks from January 1, 1866, the data being obtained from an abstract prepared from reports of condition of all national banks at the date of the last call preceding the current annual report. The following statement is perpetuated for purposes of comparison. Aggregates are expressed in round numbers and the dates corresponding with highest and lowest points are given,

Highest and Lowmst Points reached in the Princlpal Items of Resources and Liabilities since the Establishiment of the System.

|  | $\underset{1860 .}{ }$ | September 25, 1891. | Highest point reached. |  | Lowest point reachod. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amonnt. | Date. | Amount: | Date. |
| Capital ................ | \$403, 357, 346 | \$677, 426, 870 | \$677, 426, 870 | Sept.25,1891 | \$403, 357.346 | Jan. 1, 1866 |
| Capital, surplus and undivided profits.. |  |  |  |  |  | o. |
| Circulation. | 213, 239, 530 | 181, 323,301 | 341, 320, 256 | Deo. 26, 1873 | 122, 928, 084 | Oct. 2, 1890 |
| Total investments in | 440, 380, 350 | $174,907,550$ | 712, 437,900 | Apr. 4, 1879 | ]70,653, 050 |  |
| Individual deposits.. | 520, 212, 174 | 1, 588, 318,081 | 1,588,318,081 | S.pt. 25,1891 | 501,407, 586 | Oct. 8 , 1870 |
| Loans and discounts | 500, 650, 109 | 1, 989, 354, 239 | 1, 989, 354, 239 | do | 500, 650, 109 | Jan. 1, 1860 |
| Cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| National-bank notes Legal-tender notes.. | 20, 406, 442 | $\begin{array}{r}19,991,167 \\ -97,151508 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,809,699 \\ 205,793,579 \end{array}$ | Dec. 31, 1883 <br> Oct. 1, 1886 <br> Oct. | $\begin{aligned} & 11,841,104 \\ & .52,156,439 \end{aligned}$ | Oct. 7, 1.867 <br> Mar.11, 188 |
| Specie. | 16, 909, 363 | 183, 515, 076 | 195, 908, 859 | Oct. 2, 1890 | 8, 050,330 | Oct. 1, 1875 |

It will be seen that capital, surplus, undivided profits, and deposits have increased from $\$ 995,542,378$ in January, 1866 , to $\$ 2,596,606,111$ on September 25, 1891, and that loans and discounts amounting to $\$ 500$,650,109 have reached the sum of $\$ 1,989,354,239$, which is nearly quadruple, and upon reference to other pages in this report that the number of active banks has increased from 1,582 to 3,677 . The holdings in bonds have decreased from $\$ 440,380,350$ to $\$ 174,907,550$, but on April 4,1879 , an intermediate period, the banks held $\$ 712,437,900$. The specie held by the banks on January 1, 1866, amounted to $\$ 16,909,363$, was only $\$ 8,050,330$ in 1875 , and amounted to $\$ 183,515,076$ on September 25,1891 , which was a falling off of more than $\$ 12,000,000$ since October 2,1890 , on which date the highest point was reached.

The following comparative statement gives the percentages of loans and discounts, United States bonds, and specie to the entire fund with which the banks do business, which is made up of capital, surplus, undivided profits, circulation, and deposits.

In 1866 the percentage of circulation to capital, surplus, and undivided profits was about 45 per cent, and is now about 1.3 per cent, the same as last year.

|  | 1866. | 1887. | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Per cent. | Percent. | Per cent. | Percent. | Per cent. | Per cent. |
| Toans and discounts. | 41.32 | 70.52 | 71.04 | 72.26 | 74.37 | 72.92 |
| United States bonds | 36.36 | 9.98 | 9.87 | 7.80 | 6.44 | 6.41 |
| Specie | 1.57 | 7.37 | 11.90 | 6.58 | 7. 40 | 6.73 |
| T'otal | 79.25 | 87.87 | 92.81 | 86.64 | 88.21 | 80.06 |

## EXTENSION OF THE CORPORATE EXISTENCE OF NATIONAL BANIS.

Under the provisions of the act of JuJy 12, 1852, ninety-seven associations applied for and obtained an extension of their corporate existence during the past year: The following table shows the number and capital of all extended banks and their geographical location:

| States and Territories. | Nu ví baniks. | Capital. | States and Territories. | No. of banks. | Capital. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 5 | \$785,000 | Missouri | 14 | \$33,5\%5,000 |
| Arkansas | 1 | 250,000 | Montana |  | 500,000 |
| California | 1 | 1,500,000 | N braska | 6 | 1,200,000 |
| Colorado | 4 | 760, 000 | New Hampshi | 37 | 4, 805, 000 |
| Conuecticut | 73 | 22, 450,820 | New Jersey | 50 | 10, 133, 350 |
| Delaware. | 11 | 1, 503, 185 | New York | 224 | 72, 772, 460 |
| District of Columbi | 3 | , 800,000 | North Carolina | 4 | 850,000 |
| Georgia | 8 | 1,750,000 | South Carolina | 5 | 1, 100,000 |
| Tlinois. | 68 | 8,793,000 | Ohio | 85 | 15,554,000 |
| Tudiana | 39 | 5,077,000 | Oregon | 1 | 250,000 |
| Towa. | 37 | $3,460,000$ | Pemsylvama | 170 | $45,154,390$ $10,959,800$ |
| Idaho | 1 | 100,000 | Rhode Island | 59 | $19,959,800$ 1,950 |
| Kansas: | 4 | 400,000 | Temuessce | 8 | $1,950,000$ 675,000 |
| Kentucky | 19 | 5, 800,000 | 'lexas. | 5 | 6875, 000 |
| Louisiana | 5 | 2,300:000 | Vermont | 31 | $5,856,000$ $2,291,000$ |
| Maine. | 53 | 8, 630,000 | Virginia | 13 | 2, 291, 000 |
| Maryland | 29 | 12,069, 000 | West Virginia | 13 <br> ${ }_{2} 0$ | $1,401,000$ $1,935,000$ |
| Massachusctts | 201 | 86, 462,500 | Wisconsiu | 20 | 1,-985,000 |
| Minnesota | 26 13 | 2, $2,855,000$ | Total | 1,347 | 357, 972, 505 |

The following table shows how many associations will reach the expiration of their corporate existence during a period of ten years from 1892 to 1901, inclusive, with their capital and circulation:

| Year. | No. of banks. | Capital. | Circulation. | Year. | No. of banks. | Capital. | Circulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1892. | 96 | \$13, 951, 100 | \$3,570, 975 | 1898. | 24 | \$2,479, 000 | \$1,153,350 |
| 1893 | 38 | 4, 701, 000 | 1, 852,925 | 1899 | 34 | 4, 595, 000 | 2, 100,450 |
| 1894 | 57 | $6,768,000$ | 2,585, 470 | 1900 | 47 | 7,307, 100 | 2, 440,830 |
| 1895. | 76 | 11, 259, 000 | 4, 431, 610 | 1901 | 104 | 13, 503, 150 | 3,485, 000 |
| 1897 | $\stackrel{22}{25}$ | $3,153,800$ 3,534 | 1, 198, 295 |  | 523 | 70,221, 150 | 23,530, 305 |

The number, capital, and circulation of the national banks of which the corporate existence expired between October 31, 1890, and October 31, 1891, are shown in the following table, and the number of extended banks is also indicated. The corporate existence of five associations expired by limitation:

| Date. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { No. bankes } \\ \text { expired. } \end{array}$ | Capital. | Circulation. | No. banks extended. | Capital. | Circula. tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 11 | \$1, 400, 000 | \$553, 050 | 11 | \$1,400, 000 | \$553, 050 |
| December. | 11 | ${ }^{2}, 225,000$ | 427, 500 | 10 | 1, 975,000 | 383, 500 |
| January | 12 | 2, 150,000 | 427, 500 | 10 | 1., 850,000 | 360,000 |
| February | 4 | 400, 000 | 112, 500 | 4 | 400,000 | 112,500 |
| Maxch . |  | 865, 000 | 198, 000 | 6 | 715, 000 | 164, 250 |
| April. | 9 | 1., 650,000 | 275, 625 | 9 | 1, 650,000 | 275, 625 |
| May .. |  | ${ }^{1 .} 385,000$ | 84, 375 | 4 | $1,375,400$ 870 | 84,375 |
|  | 7 | 7. 075,000 | 174, 375 | 6 | 875,000 | 129, 375 |
| July .. | 12 | 2,500, 000 | 508,500 | 12 | 2,590, 000 | 508,500 |
| August... | 13 | 1, 085,000 | 262, 1.25 | 13 | 1, 015.1000 | 262, 125 |
| September | 7 | 820,000 | 196, 200 | 7 | 820,000= | 1.96, 200 |
| October. | 5 | 1, 8001,000 | 247,500 | 5 | 1, 800, 000. | 247, 500 |
| Total ${ }^{\text {: }}$ | 102 | 16,365,000 | 3,467, 250 | 97 | 15,465,000 | 3,276,000 |

The corporate existence of ninety-six national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 13,951,100$, bonds $\$ 3,967,750$, and circulation $\$ 3,570,975$, will expire during the year 1892, as shown in the following table:

National Banis of which the Corporate Existence will Expire during the Year 1892, with the date of Expiration, the amount of Capital Stock of each Bank, the United States bonds on Deposit with the Treasurer, and the amount of Circulation Issued thereon.

|  | Title and location of bank. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c}\text { Expira- } \\ \text { tionor } \\ \text { corporate } \\ \text { existence. }\end{array}\right\|$ | Capital stock. | United States bond | Circula. tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1892. |  |  |  |
|  | Farmers' and Mechanics ville, $\mathbf{P a}$ | Jan. | \$150,000 | \$50, 000 | 45,000 |
| 192 | DeWitt County National Bank, Clinton, 11 | Jan. | 50,000 | 12,500 | ${ }_{11,250}$ |
| 19 | Nokomis Natioual Bank, Ill | Jan. | $50,000$ | 50,000 |  |
| 194 | First National Eank, Clinto | Jan. | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & 000 \end{aligned}$ | 25, 000 | 0 |
| 192 | First National Bank, Shelby |  | 50,000 | 12,500 | 250 |
| 19 | Farmers' and Mechanics' N town, D. C. | Jan. 15 | 252,000 | 00 | 0 |
| 19 | Guernsey National Bank, Cambrid |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 150, | 37,500 | 33, 750 |
|  | National Bank of |  | 100, 000 | 100, 000 |  |
|  | First National Bank, |  | 50,000 | 12,500 | 11, 250 |
|  | First National Bank, | Jan. | 200, 0 | 50,000 |  |
| 19 | Merchants' National |  | 100, 000 | 25, 000 |  |
|  | Holyoke | Feb. 8 | 200, 000 | 100, 000 |  |
|  | line N |  | 100,000 | ${ }^{25,000}$ |  |
|  | Nationa | Feb. ${ }^{23}$ | 100, 0 | 75,000 | 67.500 |
|  | Third National Bank | Mar. 1 | 200, 000 |  |  |
|  | First Natioual Bank |  |  |  |  |
| 1962 | Lawringe | Mar. 15 | ${ }_{300}$ | 200, 000 | ${ }^{180} \times 1000$ |
|  | Conmer |  | 50 | 12,500 |  |
|  | First National ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Mar. 16 | 150,000 |  | 33, 750 |
|  | Citizens' National Bank, Galion |  | 60,000 |  |  |
|  | First Natio | Mar. 22 |  |  |  |
|  | Citizens' National Bar | Mar. 22 | 100, 000 |  |  |
|  | st Nationa |  |  |  |  |
|  | First valiona sauk |  |  | 12,500 |  |
|  | Quaker Cily |  | 100,00 |  |  |
|  | y National banl |  | 200,000 | 50,000 |  |
|  | Pomeroy Nation |  | 100,000 | ${ }^{25,000}$ |  |
|  | Norway Natioual |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hirst a ational Bank |  | 50 |  |  |
|  | 隹ens National |  | 100,000 | 000 |  |
|  | Indiana National |  | 100,000 | ${ }^{100,000}$ |  |
|  | M |  | ${ }^{60,000}$ | 15,000 |  |
|  | st National | Apr. 19 | 50 | 40,000 |  |
| 2006 | Northwestern N | Apr. 20 | 1, 2000,000 | 000 |  |
|  | First National Bank, Grand Rapid | Apr. 24 | 50,000 |  |  |
|  | Citizens' National Bank, Mankato, | Apr. 27 | 70,000 | 17,500 |  |
| 1979 | Burlington National Bank | Apr. 29 | 125, 000 | 31,250 |  |
|  | Emporia National Bank, |  | 100 |  |  |
|  | Stones River National Ban |  |  |  |  |
|  | Planters' National | May 10 |  | ${ }^{50,000}$ | 0 |
| 2097 | Springtield National Bank |  | 60, 000 | 15,000 |  |
| 1997 | Cinton County National | May 11 | 100,000 50,000 |  |  |
|  | Giles National Bank, Pataski, I | May 13 | 100,000 | 25, 000 |  |
|  | Citizens' National Bank, New |  |  | 12,500 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 22,500 |
|  | rchants' National Bank |  | 1,000, 000 | 100,000 | 90, 000 |
| ${ }_{2022}^{2012}$ | First National Bank, Belle | May ${ }^{31}$ | 50,000 100 1000 | 12,500 25,000 |  |
| 2025 | Merchants' National Bank, Middle | June 10 | 400, 000 | 100,000 |  |
|  | Count Nati |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Citizens' National |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{209}^{2015}$ | Fayetto County | 8 | 100,000 | 25, 000 | 22,500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Home Nat | Jul | 150,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 25,000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Vinton County |  |  | ${ }^{20,000}$ |  |
|  | National Bank of D O. Mills \& Co., Sacramento, Cal. | Ju | - | 50,000 | 0 |
|  |  |  | - | 76, 500 | 5 |

National Banks of which the Corporate Existence will Expire during the Year 1892, with the date of Expiration, eto.-Continued.

|  | Title and location of bank. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Expira- } \\ \text { tion of } \\ \text { corporate } \\ \text { existence. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Capital stock. | United States bonds | Circulation: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Louisa'County National Bank, Columbus Junction, Iowa | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1892 . \\ \text { July } 10 \\ \text { July } 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 50,000 \\ & 75,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15,000 \\ 20,000 \end{array}$ | $\$ 13,500$18,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{2024}^{2052}$ | Malta National Bank, Ohio. <br> Second National Bank New Mexico, Santa Fe, N. Mex |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | July 17 |  |  |  |
| 2038 | Second National Bank, Washington, D.C ......... |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{2034}^{2034}$ | First National Bank, Garrettsville |  | 80,000 | 20, ${ }^{2000}$ | 18, 000 |
|  | First National Bank, Lima, Ohio | Auy | 100,000 1000 |  | 22,500 |
| 2040 | Manufacturers' National Bank, Newari | Au | 250, 000 | 50,000 | 45,000 |
| 2049 | East Tennessee National Bank, Knoxville, T | Aug. 23 | 175,000 | 50,000 | 45,000 |
|  | Washington National Bank, Indian |  |  |  |  |
|  | First National Bank. Lebanon, I | Aug | 75,000 | 00 | 5,000 |
|  | Merchants' and Planters' National Bank, Union, S. C............................ | Aug. 31 | 60,000 | 15,000 | 13,500 |
| 2044 | Bank of Charleston National Banking Association, |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | Charleston, S. C Co........... | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Sept. } & 4 \\ \text { Sept. } & 6\end{array}$ | 200, 000 300, 000 | $50,000$ $50,000$ | 45,000 $\mathbf{5 5}, 000$ |
|  | German National Bank, Now | Sept. | 200,000 | 50, 000 |  |
|  | Home National Bank |  |  |  |  |
|  | Third National Bank |  |  | 50, |  |
|  | First National Bank |  |  |  |  |
|  | City Natioual Bank, Goshen, |  |  |  |  |
| 21838 | North Ward National Bank, |  | -200, 000 | 550000 | 45, 45000 45,000 |
|  | Crocker National Bar Pella National Bank, | Oet. | - 1000000 | 55,000 | 22,500 |
|  | German National Ban |  | 25I, 50 | 50,000 |  |
|  | ird |  | 100,000 | 25,000 |  |
|  | Deseret | Oct. |  | 50,000 | 45 |
|  | tick |  | 100 |  |  |
|  | Ameri |  |  |  |  |
|  | Atchison National Bank, Kans. |  |  |  |  |
|  | a National Ban | Dec. | ${ }_{75,000}$ |  |  |
|  | , |  |  | 50,000 |  |
| 78 | National Uion Bank, |  |  |  |  |
|  | First National Bank, 'Conshohocken, Pa... | Dec. 28 | 150, | 40,000 | 6,000 |
|  |  |  | 13, 951, 100 | 3,967, 750 | 3,570, 975 |

## CIRCULATING NOTES.

The actual circulation outstanding on September 25, 1891, for which the banks were responsible was $\$ 134,897,243$, this amount being exclusive of $\$ 37,002,875$ also in circulation but represented by lawful money deposited by the banks for redemption purposes whenever the notes are received $b \vec{y}$ the Treasurer.

The minimum deposit of the bonds required of the 3,677 national banks in operation September 25, 1891, was $\$ 104,933,987$, upon which only $\$ 94,440,589$ of national-bank circulation could be issued. These banks held, on September $25, \$ 150,035,600$ of bonds, and were actually responsible for $\$ 40,456,654$ of circulation more than the minimum. Some banks do not take circuladion.

Of the 3,677 banks 2,651 have a capital not exceeding $\$ 150,000$ nor less than $\$ 50,000$ each, which is the lowest amount any bank in the 'system may have, the aggregate capital amounting to $\$ 214,126,010$. The remaining 1,026 have a capital of over $\$ 150,000$ each, the aggregate amounting to $\$ 463,300,860$. If an amount of bonds equas to the total capital were deposited to secure circulation the whole body of banks might have a circulation amounting to $\$ 609,684,183$, or $\$ 515,243,594$ more than the present minimum. A table in the Appendix,* page 141, shows, by States and geographical divisions, this information in detail.

[^37]The following table shows the number of banks organized, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1891, capital stock, amount of bonds deposited, and circulation issued thereon:

| Year. | No. | Capital. | Minimam bouds required. | Bonds actually deposited. | Unit per cent of excess. | Circulation issued. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1, 1882, to July 1, 1883. | 251 | \$26, 552, 300 | \$5, 155,500 | \$7,116,400 | 28 | \$6, 404, 760 |
| July 1, 1883, to July 1, 1884 | 218 | 19, 344,000 | 4, 016,000 | 4, 676, 100 | 14 | 4, 208, 490 |
| July 1, 1884, to July 1., 188 | 142 | 15, 205, 000 | 3, 061, 250 | 3,352, 800 | 8 | 2, 999,520 |
| July 1, 1885, to July 1, 1886 | 163 | 17, 553, 000 | 3, 404, 500 | 3, 715,500 | 8 | 3,343, 950 |
| July 1, 1886, to July 1, 1887. | 217. | 31, 444, 000 | 4, 986,000 | 5, 0551,300 |  | 4,546, 170 |
| July 1, 1887, to July 1, 1888. | 164 | 16, 734, 000 | 3, 308,500 | 3,324, 750 | 0.5 | 2, 992, 275 |
| July 1, 1888 , to July 1, 1889. | 156 | 15, 970,600 | 3, 155, 000 | 3, 166, 300 | . 36 | 2, 849, 670 |
| July 1, 1889, to July 1, 1890. | 291 | 36,055, 000 | 6, 251, 250 | 6,262, 750 | . 18 | 5,613,915 |
| July 1, 1890, to July 1, 1891. | 239 | 27, 680,000 | 5, 082, 500 | 5, 088,500 | . 12 | 4,579, 650 |
| Total | 1,841 | 207, 137, 300 | 38, 420,500 | 41, 734, 400 |  | 37, 853,400 |

The foregoing table is perpetuated to show by comparison the falling off in the amount of bonds deposited in excess of the requirement, and it will be seen that the percentage of excess has fallen from 28 in 1882-'83 to . 12 in 1889-90. Of the 239 banks organized during the past fiscal year 143 have a capital of $\$ 50,000$ each, amounting tò $\$ 7,150,000 ; 56$ have a capital of over $\$ 50,000$ and not exceeding $\$ 150,000$, aggregating $\$ 5,280,000$, and 40 have an aggregate capital of $\$ 15,250,000$. The 40 largest banks deposited the exact amount of bonds required by law, and of the remaining 199 banks only 4 deposited bonds in excess of the requirement.

Notwithstanding the continuous accession of new banks to the system, more than counterbalancing the number which fail or are placed in voluntary liquidation from year to year, the outstanding circulation steadily decreases.

The anomaly, however, is piesented, as a result of operations during the past year, of an increased circulation for which the banks are responsible. This increase amounted to $\$ 9,720,287$, and was caused by the organization of new banks and additional deposits of bonds by banks already organized. The aggregate outstanding circulation, however, was reduced by the redemption of $\$ 19,400,679$, for which lawful money had been deposited, leaving a net decrease of $\$ 9,680,392$.

By referring to page 366 it will be observed that the total withdrawal of bonds, for transfer to the Secretary for purchase or redemption, amounted to $\$ 32,378,800$, nearly the whole amount being substituted by other bonds.
The following table shows by comparison for eight years the amounts of lawful money deposited, and the consequent decrease of circulation:

[^38]| Net outstanding as above, October 31, 1884............................. . \$291, 849, 650 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1885, including notes of national gold banks. | $\text { \$315, 847, } 168$ |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, includingdeposits of national gold banks...................... |  |  |
|  |  | 276, 304, 189 |
| Net decrease of circulation |  | 15,545,461 |
| Net outstanding as above, October 31, 1885................................... 276, 304, 189 <br> National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1886, including notes of national gold banks...................... 301, 529, 889 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks.$81,819,233$ |  |  |
|  |  | 10,656 |
| Net decrease of circulation |  | 56,593,533 |
| Net outstanding as above, October 31, 1886............................ $219, ~ 710,656$ |  |  |
| National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1887, including notes of national gold banks...................... 272, 041, 203 |  |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks.$102,826,136$ |  |  |
|  |  | 169, 215, 067 |
| Net decrease of circulation |  | 50, 495, 589 |
| Net outstanding as above, October 31, 1887............................ 169, 215, 067 |  |  |
| National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1888, including notes of national gold banks.$239,385,237$ |  |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks.$\text { 87, 018, } 909$ |  |  |
|  |  | 152, 366, 328 |
| Net decrease of circulation |  | 16, 848,739 |
|  |  |  |
| National-bank motes outstanding October 31, 1889, including notes of national gold banks.$202,023,415$ |  |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks |  |  |
|  |  | 0, 207, 285 |
| Net decrease of circulatio |  | 22, 159, 043 |
|  |  |  |
| National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1890, including notes of national gold banks$179,755,643$ |  |  |
| Less láwful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks ................................ 54, 796,907 |  |  |
|  |  | 124, 958, 736 |
| Net decrease of circulation |  | 5, 248,549 |
|  |  |  |
| National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1891, including notes of national gold banks. |  |  |
| Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks.$35,430,721$ |  |  |
| Net increase of circulation |  | 11, 795, 101 |

The gross decrease of circulation, including the notes of gold banks and those of failed and liquidating associations, was $\$ 7,571,085$.
baniss without circulation.
A number of national banks did not originally take circulating notes for issue, and others eventually deposited lawful money and surrendered their circulation.

The following is a list of these banks, the amount of capital and bouds being given:

| Title of bank. | $\bigcirc$ | Capital. | Bonds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chemical National Bank, New York, N. Y. |  | \$300, 000 | \$ 550,000 |
| Mechanics' National Bank, New York, N. Y |  | 2,000, 000 | 50,000 |
| Merchants' National Bank, Now York, N. Y |  | 2,000,000 | 50, 000 |
| National City Bank, New York, N. Y |  | 1, 000, 000 | 50,000 |
| Natioual Park Sank, New York, N. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  | 2, 000, 000 | 50, 000 |
| National Bank of Washington, D. C. |  | 200, 000 | 50, 000 |
| Chestertown National Bank, Chestertown, M |  | 60, 000 | 12,500 |
| Tirst National Bank, Houston, Tex |  | 100,000 | 25, 000 |
| First National Bank, Butte, Mont. |  | 100,000 | 25, 000 |
| Citizens' National Bank, Englewood, N. |  | 50, 000 | 12,500 |
| National Bank, Cockeysville, Md..... |  | 50,000 | 12, 500 |
| Total |  | 7,800,000 | 387, 500 |

## SECURITY FOR GIRCULAATING NOTES.

The security for circulating notes of national banks is limited, by the Act, to United States registered bonds bearing interest, and the following table shows the amount of such bonds held by the Treasurer of the United States as security on June 30 of each year from 1865 to 1891, inclusive, and the amount owned and held by the banks for other purposes, including those deposited with the Treasurer to secure public deposits:

| Years. | United States bonds held as security for circulation. |  |  |  |  | United States bonds held for other purposes at nearest date. | Grand total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6 per cent bonds. | 5 per cent bonds. | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent bonds. | 4 per cent bonds. | Total. |  |  |
| 1865 | \$170, 382, 500 | \$65, 576, 600 |  |  | \$235, 959, 100 | \$155, 785, 750 | \$391, 744, 850 |
| 1866 | 241, 083, 500 | 86, 226, 850 |  |  | 327, 310, 350 | 121, 152,950 | 448, 463, 300 |
| 1867 | 251, 430, 400 | 89, 177, 100 |  |  | 340, 607, 500 | 84, 002, 650 | 424, 610,150 |
| 1868 | 250, 726, 950 | 90, 768, 950 |  |  | 341, 495, 900 | 80, 922, 500 | 422, 418, 400 |
| 1869 | 255, 190, 350 | 87, 661, 250 |  |  | 342, 851, 600 | 55, 102, 000 | 397, 953, 600 |
| 1870 | 247, 335, 350 | 94, 928, 200 |  |  | 342, 278, 550 | 43, 980, 600 | 386, 259, 150 |
| 1871 | 220, 497, 750 | 139, 387, 800 |  |  | 359, 885, 550 | 39, 450, 800 | 399, 336, 350 |
| 1872 | 173, 251, 450 | 207, 189, 250 |  |  | 380, 440, 700 | 31, 868, 200 | 412, 308, 900 |
| 1873 | 160, 923, 500 | 229, 487, 050 |  |  | 390, 410, 550 | 25, 724, 400 | 416, 134, 150 |
| 1874 | 154, 370, 700 | 236, 800, 500 |  |  | 391, 171, 200 | $25,347,100$ | 416, 518, 300 |
| 1875 | 136, 955, 100 | 239, 359, 400 |  |  | 376, 314, 500 | 26, 900, 200 | 403, 214, 700 |
| 1876 | 109,313,450 | 232, 081, 300 |  |  | 341, 394, 750 | 45, 170, 300 | 386, 565, 050 |
| 1877 | 87, 690, 300 | 206, 651, 050 | \$44, 372, 250 |  | 338, 713, 600 | 47, 315, 050 | 386, 028, 650 |
| 1878 | 82, 421, 200 | 199, 514, 550 | 48, 448, 650 | \$19, 162, 000 | 349, 546, 400 | 68, 850, 900 | 418, 397, 300 |
| 1879 | 56, 042, 800 | 144, 616, 300 | 35, 056, 550 | 118, 538,950 | 354, 254, 600 | 76, 603, 520 | $430,858,120$ |
| 1880 .. | 58, 056, 150 | 139, 75S, 650 | 37, 760,950 | 126, 076, 300 | 361, 652, 050 | 42, 831, 300 | 404, 483, 350 |
| 1881 .. |  | 172, 348,350 | $32,600,500$ | 98, 637, 700 | 360, 488, 400 | 63, 849, 950 | 424, 338, 350 |
|  | Continued at | Continued at |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1882 .. | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. <br> 25,$142 ; 600$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \frac{5}{2} \text { per cent. } \\ 202,487,650 \\ 7,402,800) \end{gathered}$ | 32, 752, 650 | 97, 429,800 | 357, 812, 700 | 43, 122, 550 | 400, 935, 250 |
| 1883 .. | 385, 700$\}$ | 3 per cents.: <br> 200, 877, 850 | 39, 408,500 | 104, 954, 650 | 353,029, 500 | 34, 094, 150 | 387, 123, 650 |
| 1884 |  | 172, 412, 550 | 46, 546, 400 | 111, 690, 900 | 330,649, 850 | 31, 203, 000 | 361, 852, 850 |
| 1885 .. | Pacifics: $3,520,000$ | 142, 240, 850 | 48, 483, 050 | 117, 901, 300 | 312, 145, 200 | 32, 195, 800 | 344, 341, 000 |
| 1886. | $3,565,000$ | 107, 782, 100 | 50, 484. 200 | 114, 143, 500 | 275, 974, 800 | 31, 345, 550 | 307, 320, 350 |
| 1887. | 3,175, 000 | 5, 205, 950 | 67, 743, 100 | 115, 842,650 | 191, 966, 700 | 33, 147, 750 | 224, 814, 450 |
| 1888 .. | 3, 181, 000 | 37, 500 | 69, 670, 300 | 105, 423,850 | 178, 312, 650 | 63, 618, 150 | 241, 930, 800 |
| 1889. | 4,324, 000 |  | 42, 409, 900 | 101, 387, 550 | 148, 121, 450 | 51, 642, 100 | 199, 763, 550 |
| 1890 .. | 4,913, 000 |  | 39, 486, 750 | 100, 828, 550 | 145, 228, 300 | 35, 287, 350 | 180, 515, 650 |
| 1891 .. | 7,957, 000 |  | 22, 565, 950 | 111, 985, 950 | 142, 508, 900 | 30, 114, 150 | 172, 623, 050 |

The following table gives similar information for the years ended October 31, from 1882 to 1891, inclusive. An examination of this and the foregoing table will disclose the changes which have occurred in the holdings of the several classes of bonds by the banks:


* Three and one-half per cent.

A table will be found in the Appendix*, page 125, showing on the first day of each month, from January 1, 1870, to November 1, 1891, the amount of authorized capital stock of the national banks, the amount of bonds on deposit to secure circulation, the amount of circulation secured by the bonds, the amount of lawful money deposited to redeem outstanding circulation, and the total amount outstanding including notes of gold banks.

## INTEREST-BEARING FUNDED DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following statement is made to preserve continuity with respect to changes in the funded debt of the United States. The effect upon the holdings of bonds by national banks will be observed elsewhere. The public debt reached the maximum August 31, 1865, and then amounted to $\$ 2,844,649,626$, the non-interest-bearing obligatious amounted to $\$ 461,616,311$, the interest-bearing debt being $\$ 2,383,033,315$. On October 31, 1891, the interest-bearing debt amounted to $\$ 649,650,232$.

[^39]The classes of bonds available as security for the circulating notes of national banks are shown in the following table, dates of authorizing acts, maturity of bonds, and rates of interest also being given.

## Bonded Debt at Dates Named.

| Date. | 6 per cent. | 5 per cent. | 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.* | 4 per cent.t | 6 per cent.t | Totai. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aug. 31, 1865 | \$908, 518, 091 | \$199, 792, 100 |  |  | \$1, 258, 000 | \$1, 109, 568, 191 |
| June 30, 1866 .. | 1,008, 388, 469 | 198, 528, 435 |  |  | 6, 042, 000 | 1, 212, 958, 904 |
| June 30, 1867 .. | 1, 421, 110, 719 | 198, 533, 435 |  |  | 14, 762, 000 | 1, 634, 406, 154 |
| June 30, 1868 .. | 1, 841, 521, 800 | 221, 588, 400 |  |  | 29, 089,000 | 2, 092, 199, 200 |
| June 30, 1869 .- | 1, 886, 341, 300 | 221, 589, 300 |  |  | 58,638,320 | 2, 166,568,920 |
| June 30, 1870 .. | 1, 764, 982,300 | 221, 589, 300 |  |  | 64, 457,320 | 2, 050,978, 920 |
| June 30, 1871 .. | 1, 613, 897, 300 | 274, 236, 450 |  |  | 64, 618, 832 | 1, 952, 752, 582 |
| June 30, 1872 .. | 1, 374, 883, 800 | 414, 567, 300 |  |  | 64, 623,512 | 1, 845, 074, 612 |
| June 30, 1873. | 1,281, 238, 650 | 414,567, 300 |  |  | 64, 623, 512 | 1,760, 429, 462 |
| June 30, 1874. | 1,213, 624,700 | 510, 628, 050 |  |  | 64, 623,512 | 1,788, 876, $26{ }^{\prime}$ |
| June 30, 1875. | I, 100, 865,550 | 607, 132, 750 |  |  | 64,623,512 | 1,772, 621,812 |
| June 50, 1876. | 984, 999,650 | 711, 685, 800 |  |  | 64, 623, 51.2 | 1,761, 308, 962 |
| Jone 30, 1877 .. | 854, 621, 850 | 708, 266, 650 | \$140, 000, 000 |  | 64, 623, 512 | 1,761, 512, 01.2 |
| June 30, 1878... | $738,619,000$ | $703,266,650$ | 240,000,000 | \$98, 850, 000 | 64, 62.3, 512 | 1, 845,359, 162 |
| June 30, 1879 | 310,932, 500 | $646,905,500$ | 250, 000, 000 | 679, 878, 110 | 64. 623, 512 | 1, 952, 339,622 |
| June 30, 1880 | 235,780,400 | 484, 864,900 | 250, 000, 000 | 739, 347, 800 | 64, 628,512 | 1,774, 616, 612 |
| June 30, 1881. | $196,378,600$ Continued at | $\begin{array}{r} 439,841,350 \\ \text { Continued at } \end{array}$ | 250, 000, 000. | 739, 347, 800 | 64, 623,512 | 1, 600, 191, 262 |
| June 30, 1882 .. | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. $58,957,150$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32 \text { per cent. } \\ 401,593,900 \\ 32,082,600 \\ \text { Funded into } \end{array}$ | 250, 000, 000 | 739,349,350 | 64, 623,512 | 1,514,433, 912 |
| June 30, 1883 |  | 3 per cents. act July 12, 1882. <br> 304, 204, 350 | (250, 000, 000 | 737, 942, 200 | 64, 623, 512 | 1,388, 852, 602 |
| Junè 30, 1884 |  | 224, 612, 150 | 250, 000, 000 | 737, 661, 700 | 64, 623,512 | 1, 276, 987, 362 |
| June 30; 1885 |  | 194, 190, 500 | 250,000, 000 | 737, 719, 850 | 64, 623, 512 | 1, 246,533, 862 |
| Jwne 30, 1886 |  | 144, 046,600 | 250,000, 000 | 737, 759,700 | 64, 623, 512 | 1, 196, 429, 812 |
| June 30, 1887 |  | 19, 716, 500 | 250, 000,000 | 737, 800, 600 | $64,623,512$ | 1,072, 140, 612 |
| June 30, 1888 |  |  | 222, 207, 050 | 714, 177, 400 | 64, 628,512 | 1,001, 007, 962 |
| June 30, 1889 |  |  | 139, 639,000 | 676695,350 | $64,623,512$ | 880, 357, 862 |
| June 30, 1890 |  |  | 109, 015, 750 | 602, 193, 500 | 64, 623, 512 | $775,832,762$ |
| June 30, 1891. |  |  | 50, 869, 200 Continued at 2 per cent. | 559,566, 000 | 64, 623, 512 | 675, 058, 712 |
| Oct. 31, 1891 |  |  | 25, 364, 500 | 559, 573, 150 | 64, 623 '512 | 649, 561, 162 |

* Fimded loan 1891; authorizing act July 14; 1870, and January 20, 1871; date of matarity, 1891.
$\dagger$ Einnded loan 1907; authorizing act July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871; date of maturity, 1907.
$\ddagger$ Pacifie railroad bonds; authorizing act July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864 ; date of maturity, 1895 to 1899.
The Navy pension fund, amomting to $\$ 14,000,000$ iu 3 per cents, the interest upon which is applied to the payment of naval pensions exclusively, and $\$ 89,070$ of refunding cortificates are not included in the table.


## MARKET：PRICES OF UNITED STATES BONDS．

The investmènt value of United States bonds increases as the relative market price of such bonds declines．The 42 percents matured Sep－ tember 2，1891，and it will be observed that the market price declined very regularly up to date of maturity．The fluctuation in prices of 4 percents was not considerable，the decline，however，being about double that during the previous year．The following table，prepared by the Acting Actuary of the Treasury，will show the movements in prices of the two classes during the year ended October 31，1891：

Opening，Fighest，and Lowest Pricies of United States Registered $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per clent and 4 per cent Bonds，in New Yori，for each Week from November 7，1890，то Осtober 30， 1891.

| Week ended－ | $4 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent． |  |  | 4 per cent． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Opening． | Highest． | Lowest． | Opening． | Highest． | Lowes |
| Nov．${ }^{7}$ | ${ }_{103}^{1037}$ | 1033 103 | ${ }_{103}^{103}$ | 124－1243 | ${ }_{1}^{124}-1244$ | 124－1244 |
| Nov． 14.1890 | 103 103 | 103 103 103 | ${ }_{103}^{103}$ |  | ${ }_{122}^{1233-12424}$ | 1122－1233 |
| Nov．28， 18 | 103 | 103 | 103 | ${ }^{1200}-121 \frac{1}{2}$ | 121－1222 | 120－ $121 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Den．5，1890 | 103 | 103 | 103 |  | 1203－122 | ${ }^{120}{ }^{120} 1222^{2}$ |
| Dec．${ }_{\text {Dec．}} 12,18990$ | ${ }_{103}^{103}$ | ${ }_{1034}^{103}$ | ${ }_{103}^{103 .}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{121}{ }^{121-123}$ |  |
| Des．26， 188 | 1034 | 1034 | 1034 | 121．－122 | 121－ $12122 \frac{1}{2}$ | 121－1223 |
| ${ }^{\text {Jann．}}$ ，1，1891． | $103{ }_{4}$ | 1038 | －1034 |  |  |  |
|  | 1032 | 1039 | 103 | ${ }^{1.20}{ }^{-122}$ | 120－122 | － $120-122$ |
| Jan．23， 1891 | $103{ }^{3}$ | 103 | 103 | 120－1212 | 120－121） | 120－121／2 |
| Jani．30， 1899 | 103 | 103 |  | －120－121 | 120－121］ | 120－122 |
|  | ${ }_{102}^{102}$ |  | ${ }^{101012}$ | 边 $120-120$ |  | － $120-120{ }^{\text {che }}$ |
| Febo． $20,1391$. | 1010 | 1017 | 101 | ${ }^{120} 5$ | 12008－121／2 | 120 |
| Feb．27， 1891 | ${ }^{1010} 1$ | 102 102 | ${ }^{1012}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {123 }}^{122}$－122 |  |
| Mar．13， 1891. | $102{ }^{2}$ | 102 |  |  | 121 ${ }^{8}-122$ | 120을 -1212 |
| Mar．${ }_{\text {Mar }}^{27}$ 20， 1899. | ${ }_{102}^{1.02}$ | 102 <br> 102 | ${ }_{102}^{102}$ | cinl 12122 | ${ }_{121212}^{12122}$ | 121－1214 |
|  |  | ${ }_{102}^{102}$ | 102 | － | ${ }^{12127-122}$ | 121－122 |
| Apr． $10,1891$. | 102 | 102 | 102 | 1212 1224 | 122t－122 | 12143 |
| Apr． $17,1891$. | ${ }^{1010}$ | 1018 | ${ }^{1013}$ |  |  | 1212：－122 |
| pr． 24,189 | ${ }_{102}^{1012}$ | ${ }_{102}^{102}$ | ${ }_{100}^{1012}$ |  | 122－1222 | 121－122 |
| May ${ }^{\text {8，1899 }}$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 120 ${ }^{2}$ | 120 | 120－121 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| M 2 y 15， 1891 | 100 | 100 | 100 | $120{ }^{2}-122^{2}$ | 120－121 | 1192－120 |
| ay 22， 1891 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1192－120란 | 1192－1202 | 1188－1188 |
| May 29,189 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 188－188 | ${ }^{119} 9$ | 18－1182 |
| June 12， 1891. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1188年1198 | 1188 ${ }^{\frac{8}{4}-1199^{2}}$ | $117-117{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| June 19， 1891. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 117¢ 118 | 1173－1188 | 1171－118 |
| June 26， 1891 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1172－1188 | 1172－1182 | 1162－117 |
| Juyy ${ }^{\text {July }} 10,1891$ | 100 100 | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ | 100 | ${ }^{116.62}-1177^{2}$ | 1169－117\％ | 116：－117 |
| July 17， 1899. | 1002 | ${ }^{1000}$ | ${ }_{1002}^{1002}$ | ${ }^{1162}-1717$ | －117－1188 | ${ }^{1161^{-11717}}$ |
| July ${ }^{\text {Jun }}$ 24， 18991. | $100{ }^{100}$ | ${ }^{100}{ }^{100}$ ． | $99100{ }^{102}$ |  | ${ }^{117 z^{-1188}}$ | 1177－118 |
| Aug．7，1891． | ${ }^{\text {90．}}$ | 1000 | 99］ | 1163 11717 | 117－－118 | 1163－117 |
| Aug．${ }^{\text {Aug．}}$ 21，1891． | 边 | 100． | ${ }_{1002}^{1009}$ |  | －117－1188 |  |
| Aug．28， 1891. | 100 t | ${ }^{100}$ | 1003 | 116 ${ }^{2}-117{ }^{3}$ | 1177－1183 | 1103－117 |
| Sept．${ }^{\text {Sept．}} 4.18891$ ， 4 ， 2 per ce | 100\％ | ${ }^{101}$ | ${ }_{990}$ |  |  | 1161－17\％ |
| Sept．11，1891．．．．．．． | $99{ }^{2}$ | $99{ }^{\text {92 }}$ |  | 116 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}-117 \frac{1}{2}}$ | 116 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}-117 \frac{7}{2}}$ | 1116－117 ${ }^{2}$ |
| Sept． $18,1891$. | 99를 | 999\％ |  | 116． 117 | 116－117 | 116．－1163 |
| Sect． 2,1891 | 992 | 999\％ | ${ }_{99}^{99}$ | ${ }^{115} 5^{\frac{3}{3}-110^{4}}$ | 116－116 ${ }^{1166^{2}}$ | ${ }^{1515 \%}$ |
| Oct．9，1891． |  | 992 |  | $1166^{\circ}-116{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1104－116 | ${ }^{116}{ }^{6}-116{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Oct．}}$ Oct．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ， 18991 | ${ }_{100 \pm}^{100}$ | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ | 100 100 |  | ${ }^{1166^{-1178}}$ | ${ }^{116} 1163-111^{4}$ |
| Oct．30，1891．． | $100^{4}$ | 100 | 100 | 1163 ${ }^{\frac{3}{4}} 117$ | 117 ${ }^{-1177^{2}}$ | 116 ${ }^{\frac{2}{2}-117}$ |

## INVESTMENT VALUE OF UNITED STATES BONDS.

The following table, prepared by the Acting Actuary, shows the fluctuations in price and investment value of the $4 \frac{7}{2}$ and 4 per cent bonds at quarterly periods from 1885 to 1891 inclusive:


BOND PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS BY THE TREASURY.
During the past report year, the purchase of 4 per cents was discontinued by the Government in the month of January, the total purchases amounting to $\$ 8,645,850$. Under Treasury circular dated October 9 , 1890, the redemption of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents commenced, interest being added to the face of the bond up to and including August 31, 1891. Under the various circulars issued, the total redemptions of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents amounted to $\$ 33,966,150$, and the total purchased and redeemed of both classes to $\$ 42,612,000$. The total purchases and redemption of these two classes of bonds amounted to $\$ 373,484,150$ since the issue of circular dated April 17, 1888. Circular dated July 2, 1891, provided that any of the $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cents theretofore called for redemption might be presented for continuance during the pleasure of the Government, with interest at the rate of 2 per centum per annum, in lieu of redemption. A subsequent circular extended the time for presentation for continuance to September 30.

The amount of bonds so continued was $\$ 25,364,500$. On November 1 , there were $\$ 4,601,500$ of this class of bonds which had not been presented for redemption or continuance. Of this amount the national
banks had on deposit to secure circulation $\$ 199,400$. The statutes require in the organization of a national bank a deposit of United States registered bonds bearing interest, and the few banks holding ,these bonds, being either indifferent or recalcitrant, were addressed by circular to substitute interest-bearing bonds without delay. The question had heretofore arisen as to the legal status of a bank having bonds on deposit which did not comply with the statutes, and the question, upon being referred to the Department of Justice, was decided adversely to the banks declining to withdraw non-interest-bearing bonds and substitute others.

Statement showing the amounís of 4 and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ Per cent Bonds Purchased and Redeemide each Montt from November 1, 1890, to October 31, 1891, incluSIVE, ALSO THE AMOUNT OF $4 \frac{1}{3}$ PER CENT BONDS CONTINUED AT 2 PER CENT FROM SEPTEMBER 2, 1891.

bOND WITHDRAWALS BY NATIONAL BANKS.
The effect of the purchase and redemption of bonds during the year by the Treasurer upon the volume of circulation was inconsiderable; for, of the $\$ 3,926,050$ bonds withdrawn by the banks, and substitution not made upward of $\$ 1,553,000$ were withdrawn on account of failed and liquidating banks. Notwithstanding the withdrawal of $\$ 2,372,500$ on account of reducing banks, there was an actual increase in the amount of circulation, for which the banks are responsible, as will be seen elsewhere.

The following table shows the class and amount of bonds withdrawn by the banks, for purchase or redemption under Treasury circulars of October 9, December 6, 1890, June 2, July 2, August 24, September 2, and September 16, 1891, and the class and amount of bonds deposited from October 31, 1890, to November 1, 1891, together with the total withdrawals, on the deposit of lawful money, for which substitution was not made.

|  | Withdrawn. |  |  | United States bonds in substitution. |  |  |  |  | Total withdrawn upon deposit of lawful money. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - ${ }_{\text {4 }}$ centr | 4 per | Total. | 2 per cent. | 4 per cent. | $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{per}$ cent. | P. R. R.'s 6 per cent. | Total. |  |
| 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nov.... | \$562, 500 | \$90, 000 | \$652, 500 |  | \$309, 000 |  | \$50,000 | \$359, 000 | \$293, 500 |
| Dec.... | 357, 750 | 187, 500 | 545, 250 |  | 224, 000 |  | 12,500 | 236,500 | 308,750 |
| 1891. Jan . | 699,500 | 155, 500 | 855, 000 |  | 342, 500 |  | 180, 000 | 522,500 | 332,500 |
| Feb | 690,500 | 125, 000 | 815, 500 |  | 493, 000 |  | 25,000 | 518, 000 | 297, 500 |
| Mar | 1,280, 250 | 313,500 | 1,593, 750 |  | 1, 015, 250 |  | 131, 250 | 1, 146, 500 | 447, 250 |
| Apr.... | 1, 322, 250 | 352, 000 | 1, 674, 250 |  | 743, 250 | \$7,000 | 375, 000 | 1, 125, 250 | 549, 000 |
| May.... | - 309,500 | 125, 000 | 434,500 |  | 217, 000 | 25, 000 |  | 242,000 | 192, 500 |
| June... | 767, 500 | 115, 000 | 882, 500 |  | 579, 500 | 52,500 | 87, 000 | 719, 000 | 163, 500 |
| July | 10, 381, 050 | 241.500 | 10, 622, 550 | \$9, 457, 300 | 856,750 | 102, 500 | 50,000 | 10, 466, 550 | 156,000 |
| Aug.... | 21, 039,900 | 268, 750 | 12, 308, 650 | 9,780, 350 | 1, 230, 100 |  | 50, 000 | 11,060,450 | 248, 200 |
| Sept.... | 2,476, 100 | 388, 750 | 2, 864, 850 | 1,517, 500 | 379, 500 | 100, 000 | 60, 000 | 2,057, 000 | $807,850$ |
| Oct..... | 49,500 | 80,000 | 129, 500 |  |  |  |  |  | 129, 500 |
|  | 29, 936, 300 | 2,442,500 | 32,378, 800 | 20,755, 150 | 6,389, 850 | 287, 000 | 1,020, 750 | 28, 452, 750 | 3,926,050 |

## ISSUES AND REDEMPTIONS.

The following table gives the number and amount of national-bank notes of each denomination which have been issued and redeemed since the organization of the system, and the amount outstanding October 31:

| Denominations. | Number of notes. |  |  | Amounts. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Issued. | Redeemed. | Outstanding. | Issued. | Redeemed. | Outstanding. |
| Ones. | 23, 169, 677 | 22, 802, 425 | 367, 052 | \$23, 169, 677 | \$22, 802, 625.00 | \$367, 052.00 |
| Twos | 7,747, 519 | 7, 656, 646 | 90,873 | 15, 495, 038 | $15,313,292.00$ | 181, 746.00 |
| Wives | 112, 285. 252 | 102, 256, 995 | 10, 028, 257 | 561, 426, 260 | 511, 284, 975.00 | 50, 141, 285.00 |
| Tens. | 47, 495, 288 | 42, 117, 399 | 5, 377, 889 | 474, 952, 880 | 421, 173, 990.00 | $53,778,890.00$ |
| Twenties | 14, 867, 784 | 12, 815, 069 | 2, 052,715 | 297,355,680 | 256,301, 380.00 | 41, 054, 300. 00 |
| Fifties | 1,996, 974 | 1, 808, 128 | 188,846 | 99, 848, 700 | $90,406,400.00$ | 9, 442, 300. 00 |
| One hundreds | 1, 519, 761 | 1,351, 725 | 168, 036 | 151, 976, 100 | $135,172,500.00$ | 16, $803,000.00$ |
| Five hundreds. | 1, 23, 894 | 23,559 | 335 | 11, 947, 000 | 11, 779, 500.00 | 167, 500.00 |
| One thousands: | 7,379 | 7,337 | 42 | 7,379,000 | 7, 337, 000.00 | -42, 000.00 |
| Total ....... ${ }^{209}, 113,528 \mid 190,839,483$ 18, 274, 045 1, 643, 550, 335 <br> Unpresented fractions of notes to be deducted from notes redeemed and added to amount of notes outstanding. <br> Total |  |  |  |  | 1, 471, 571, 662.00 | 171, 978, 673.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 26,288. 75 | 26,288. 75 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1,471, 545, 373. 25 | 172, 004, 961. 75 |

The discrepancy in the amount of circulating notes outstanding October 31, which will become apparent when the several statements in this report are compared, is explained as follows:

In the table on this page notes of national gold banks amounting to $\$ 116,837$ are not included, and the table on page 358 includes $\$ 62,760$, representing notes redeemed and destroyed to be reissued.
The total issues of incomplete currency during the year are shown by the vault account, as follows:

Balance in vault October 31, 1891
$43,035,720$

The following table shows the amount of new currency issued to replace notes redeemed and destroyed under the provisions of the act of June 20, 1874, the amount issued to replace notes redeemed by lawful money deposited under the act of July 12, 1882, and the amount issued to both old and new banks upon bonds deposited for the purpose of obtaining additional circulation. The table also shows the amount of circulation redeemed under the act of June 20, 1874 , establishing the na-tional-bank redemption agency of The Treasury at Washington:

Table Showing by States the Amount of "additional Circulation" Issuld and Retired during the Year ended October 31, 1891, and Total amount Issuld and Retired since June 20, 1874.

| States and Territories. | Circulation issued. |  | Total issued. | Circulation retired. |  | Total retired. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Onder act of July 12, 1882. | Additional. |  | Under act of June 20 , 1874. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Insolvent } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { aquidating } \\ \text { banks. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Maine |  | \$16,650 | \$16,650 | \$432, 216 | \$203, 087 | \$635, 303 |
| New Hampshive | \$10, 220 | 16,870 | 27,090 | 302, 354 | 108, 433 | 410, 787 |
| Fermont. |  | 157,490 | 157,490 | 263,385 | 139, 813 | 403, 198 |
| Massacliusett | 45,000 | 2, 633,020 | 2, 678, 020 | 3,640,935 | 1,367, 268 | 5, 008,203 |
| Rhode Islaut |  | 963, 610 | 9683, 610 | 362,215 | 415, 442 | 777, 657 |
| Connecticat | 20 | 841,500 | 841, 520 | 1,087,443 | 441, 685 | 1,529, 128 |
| New York |  | 2, 725, 200 | 2,725, 200 | 2, 654, 473 | 1,215,915 | 3, 870,388 |
| New Jersey |  | 112,070 | , 112,070 | 6, 637,416 | 1, 231, 166 | 888,582 |
| Peninsylvani | 21, 520 | 1,855, 175 | 1,876, 695 | 1,997, 760 | 1,081, 694 | 3, 079,454 |
| Delaware |  |  |  | 212, 260 | 40, 705 | 252,965 |
| Maryland |  | 351,010 | 351, 010 | 284, 062 | 232, 988 | 517,047 |
| District of |  | 45, 000 | 45, 000 | 35, 678 | 7,842 | 43, 520 |
| Virginia. |  | 265, 500 | 265, 500 | 54, 040 | 70,620 | 124. 660 |
| West Virginia |  | 86, 625 | 86, 625 | 58,935 | 58,756 | 117, 691 |
| North Carolina |  | 54, 000 | 54, 000 | 34, 962 | 31,356 | 66,318 |
| Seuth Carolina | 19,350 | 73, 345 | 92, 695 | 23,792 | 26,930 | 50,722 |
| Georgia. |  | 151,880 | 151,880 | 67, 460 | 50,070 | 117,530 |
| Hlorida |  | 56, 240 | 56,240 |  | 1,070 | 1,070 |
| A labama |  | 11, 250 | 11, 250 | 29, 280 | 29,430 | 58,710 |
| Mississippi |  | 11, 250 | 11, 250. |  |  |  |
| Louisianab. |  | 22, 500 | 22, 500 | 134,470 | 47, 478 | 181, 948 |
| Tlexas |  | 525, 430 | 525, 430 | 39,570 | 43,482 | 83, 052 |
| Arkansas |  | 11,250 | 11, 250 | 26, 250 | 17, 120 | 43,370 |
| Kentucky |  | 444, 370 | 444, 370 | 224, 738 | 242, 989 | 467,797 |
| Tennessee |  | 106, 885 | 106, 885 | 65, 781 | 82, 231 | 148,012 |
| Missouri | 36 | 322.250 | 322, 280 | 111, 462 | 84, 463 | 195, 925 |
| Ohio |  | 249,360 | 249, 360 | 1, 158, 504 | 600, 894 | 1,759,398 |
| Indiana |  | 56, 250 | 56, 250 | 320, 135 | 204, 596 | 524,731 |
| Illinois |  | 409, 620 | 409, 620 | 88, 836 | 170,591 | 259, 427 |
| Michigan |  | 135,010 | 1.35, 010 | 62,539 | 162,776 | 225,315 |
| Wisconsin |  | 206, 990 | 206, 990 | 72, 830 | 75, 633 | 148, 463 |
| Towa... |  | 320,850 | 320,850 | 91,123 | 101, 922. | 193,045 |
| Minnesota | 1.5,370 | 80, 990 | 96, 360 | 49, 891 | 65, 01.4 | 114,905 |
| Tansas |  | 204, 010 | 204, 010 | 43,660 | 153, 268 | 1966,928 |
| Nebraska |  | 375, 770 | 375, 770 | 6,304 | 48,350 | 54, 654 |
| Nevada |  |  |  |  | 10 | 10 |
| Oregon |  | 81,000 | 81, 000 | 14, 130 | 12,320 | 26,450 |
| Colorado |  | 336, 385 | 336, 385 | 69, 304 | 25,230 | 94,534 |
| Idaho. |  | 39,375 | 39,375 | 11, 170 | 6,590 | 17,760 |
| Montana |  | $\bigcirc 160,870$ | 160, 870 | 22, 210 | 5,411 | 27,621 |
| Wyoming |  | 22, 500 | 22,500 | 1, 870 |  | 1,870 |
| North Dakota |  | 65, 260 | 65, 260 |  | 7,390 | 7,390 |
| South Dakot |  | 84,380 | 84, 380 |  | 12,085 | 12,085 |
| Washington |  | 297, 470 | 297, 470 | 6,510 | 3,120 | 9,630 |
| Califorma |  | 191, 270 | 191, 270 | 110,575 | 23, 430 | 134,005 |
| Utall |  | 67, 500 | 67, 500 | 24, 960 | 91 | 25, 051 |
| New Mexi |  | 78,750 | 78,750 | 5,365 | 1,160 | 6, 525 |
| Arizona. |  | 11, 700 | 11,700 |  | 890 | 890 |
| Oklahoma |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian Territory |  | 11, 250 | 11, 250 |  |  |  |
| Alaska. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total <br> Surrendered to this office and retired | 111,510 | 15, 346, 940 | 15, 458, 450 | 14,940, 853 | 7,952,801 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,893,654 \\ 226,070 \end{array}$ |
| From June 20, 1874, to October 31, 1890 |  |  | 243, 484, 073 | 271, 930, 573 | 125, 856, 790 | 397, 787, 363 |
| Surrendered and retired, same dates. |  |  |  |  |  | 16,081,498 |
| Grand total, Oct.31,1890. |  |  | 258, 942, 523 | 286, 871, 426 | 133, 809, 501 | 436, 938, 585 |

Notes of gold banks are not included in the above table.

Of the above $\$ 15,346,940$ there were issued to banks organized during the year $\$ 4,144,590$, and to banks already existing and increasing their circulation $\$ 11,202,350$. No changes have been made during the past year in the provisions of law relating to the redemption of nationalbank circulation, and the banks are substantially relieved from all requirements relating to redemptions, except those of keeping good a deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer equal to 5 per cent of their circulation, and the payment of a pro rata annual assessment for the cost of redemption.

During the past year the receipts of the National Bank Redemption Agency amounted to $\$ 69,679,242$, of which amount $\$ 32,471,599$, or 46 per cent, was received from New York City, and $\$ 7,407,440$ from the banks in the city of Boston. The amount received from Chicago was $\$ 4,672,057$; from Philadelphia, $\$ 4,556,442$; from Baltimore, $\$ 1,781,695$; from St. Louis, $\$ 1,275,755$; from Cincinnati, $\$ 1,489,079$; from New Orleans, $\$ 1,015,000$; from Providence, $\$ 815,770$, and from Pittsburg, \$517,127.
A certain proportion of notes received for redemption are fit for circulation, and are returned to the issuing banks. These notes amounted during the year ended October 31,1891 , to $\$ 12,821,000$.

The following table exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received monthly for redemption by the Comptroller of the Currency during the year ended October 31, 1891, and the amount received during the same period at the Redemption Agency of the Treasury, together with the total amount received since the passage of the act of June 20 , 1874:


Notes of gold banks are not included in the above table。

The following table exhibits the amount of national-bank notes received at this office and destroyed yearly since the establishment of the system:


Notes of gold banks are not included in the above table.


| Total | 54, 194, 454. 50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Withdrawn and destroyed during the year | 53, 953, 154.50 |
|  | 241,300.00 |

REDEMPTION OF NOTES OF BANKS REDUCING CIRCULATION, OF THOSE IN VOLUNTARY liquidation, and of failed banks under the act of june $20,1874$.

This act provides for a reduction of the outstanding circulation of an association upon the deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States in sums of not less than $\$ 9,000$, and the act of July 12, 18S2, requires a deposit of lawful money for the retirement of the old circulation of banks whose corporate existence has been extended.

Under these acts, and on account of liquidating and insolvent banks, $\$ 454,844,949$ of lawful money has been deposited.with the Treasurer, including $\$ 2,663,720$ deposited for the redemption of notes of national gold banks, and $\$ 97,756,232$, for the redemption of national-bank notes under the act of July 12, 1882.

During the year ended October 31, 1891, $\$ 3,545,358$ in lawful money was deposited, $\$ 1,878,282$ of which was by banks reducing circulation, $\$ 1,352,926$ by banks in voluntary liquidation, $\$ 70,398$ by banks retiring old circulation issued prior to the extension of their corporate existence, and $\$ 243,752$ by insolvent banks.

The total amount deposited prior to and under the acts of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882, is $\$ 469,089,759$, and of this sum $\$ 72,397,467$ was deposited by banks in liquidation. Deducting from the total deposit the amount of circulating notes redeemed and destroyed without reissue, which was $\$ 433,659,038$, there remained in the hands of the Treasurer on October 31, 1891, $\$ 35,430,721$ in lawful money for the redemption and retirement of national-bank circulation, including $\$ 116$, 837 for the redemption of the circulating notes of national gold banks.

Prior to June 20, 1874, national-bank notes amounting to $\$ 10,431,135$ were redeemed and destroyed without reissue, $\$ 423,227,903$ having been redeemed, destroyed, and retired since that date. The latter amount includes $\$ 2,546,883$ of the notes of national gold banks and $\$ 78,121,644$ of the notes of national banks whose corporate existence has been extended.

There are no national gold banks now in existence, and the lawful money on deposit with the Treasurer of the United States, amounting to $\$ 116,837$, represents the remaining outstanding circulation of these banks.

TAX UPON CIRCUEATION, REDEMPTION OHARGIS, AND ASSESSMENTS.
United States statutes subject national banks to the payment of a semiannual duty of one-half of 1 per cent upon the average amount of notes in circulation issued upon deposits of interest-bearing bonds of the United States, and the banks are required under the provisions of the act approved June 20, 1874, to pay the expenses incident to the redemption of their notes to the Treasurer of the United States. The banks are also required to pay the expenses of preparing plates from which their circulating notes are printed. The fees allowed to national bank examiners are paid by the banks at rates fixed in accordance with the provisions of section 5240 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the act approved February 19, 1875. The amount of tax upon circulation and assessments collected during the past year were as follows:

| Semi-annual duty on circulation... | \$1, 216, 104. 72 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cost of redemption of notes by the United States Tréasurer | 99, 366.52 |
| Assessment for cost of plates, new banks | 18,575.00 |
| Assessment for cost of plates, extended banks. | 7,200. 00 |
| Assessment for examiners' fees (sec. 5240, Revised Statutes) | 138,969. 39 |
| Total. | 1, 480, 215.63 |

The following table is a comparative statement of tases assessed as semi-annual duty on circulation, cost of redemption of notes, cost of plates, and examiners' fees for the past nine years:

| Years. | Semi-annnual duty on circulation. | Cost of redemp. tion of notes by the <br> United States Treasurer. | Assessment for cost of plates, new banles. | Assessment for cost of plates, extended banks. | Assessment for examiners' fees (sec. 5240, R. S.).' | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883.. | \$3,132, 006.73 | \$147, 592. 27 | \$25, 980.00 | \$34, 120.00 | \$94, 606.16 | \$3, 434, 305. 1.6 |
| 1884 | $3,024,668.24$ | 160, 896.65 | 18,845.00 | 1,950.00 | 09,642. 05 | 3,306, 001.94 |
| 1885. | 2, 794, 584.01 | 181, 857.16 | 13, 150.00 | $97,800.00$ | 107,781. 73 | 3, 1.95, 172.90 |
| 1886. | 2, 592, 021.33 | 168, 243.35 | 14, 810.00 | 24, 825.00 | 107, 272,83 | 2,907, 172.51 |
| 1887. | 2, 044, 922. 75 | 138,967.00 | 18,.850.00 | 1,750.00 | 110, 219.88 | 2,314, 709. 63 |
| 1888 | 1, 616, 127.53. | 141; 141.48 | 14, 100.00 | 3,900.00 | 121, 777.86 | 1,897, 046.87 |
| 1889. | 1, 410, 331.84 | 131, 190.67 | 12,200.00 | 575.00 | 130,725. 79 | 1,685, 023. 30 |
| 1890. | 1, 254, 839.65 | 107, 843.39 | 24, 175.00 | 725.00 | 136,772. 71 | 1,524, 355.75 |
| -1891. | 1, 216, 104. 72 | 99, 366.52 | 18,575.00 | 7,200.00 | 138, 969.39 | 1,480, 215. 63 |
| Tota | 19, 085, 606. 80 | 1,277, 098. 49 | 160,685.00 | 172, 845.00 | 1, 047, 768. 40 | 27, 744, 003. 69 |

Formerly national banking associations were required to pay a separate tax on both capital and deposits. The act approved March 3, 1883, abated all taxes except that on circulation.
The total tax collected from the national banks up to July 1, 1891, amounted to $\$ 7,855,887.74$ on capital, $\$ 60,940,067.16$ on deposits, and $\$ 71,339,125.04$ on circulation, making a total of $\$ 140,135,079.94$.

## LOANS.

The following table gives a classification of the loans of the national banks in each of the central reserve cities of New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, in other reserve cities classified in groups, and in the rest of the country at nearly the same dates in each of the last five years:

OCTOBER 5, 1887.

| $\bigcirc$ | No. of banks. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OnUnited } \\ & \text { States } \\ & \text { bonds on } \\ & \text { demand. } \end{aligned}$ | On other stocks, bonds, etc., on demand. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \text { On single } \\ \text { name paper } \\ \text { withoutt } \\ \text { other } \\ \text { security. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All other } \\ & \text { loans. } \end{aligned}$ | Total. - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 47 | \$1,445, 900 | \$95, 075, 844 | \$17, 585, 496 | \$143, 906, 941 | \$258, 014, 181 |
| Chicago | 18 | 500 | 10, 821, 735 | 15, 498, 986 | 34, 754, 972 | 61. 076,193 |
| St. Louis ..... | ${ }^{5}$ |  | 1, 181, 214 | 279, 603 | 8, 920, 936 | 10, 382, 753 |
| Group No. 1, 4 cities | 126 | 56, 805 | 37, 717, 725 | 32, 464, 759 | 177, 884, 888 | 248, 124, 177 |
| Group No, 2, 4 cities | 41 | 60,430 | 7, 710,369 | 6,111, 182 | 35, 568, 827 | 49, 450, 807 |
| Group No. 3,4 cities | 35 | 48,400 | 8, 087,222 | 7, 887, 689 | 43, 232, 749 | 59, 256, 060 |
| Group No.4,4 cities | 21 | 7,500 | 1, 117,443 | 8, 213, 092 | 20, 827, 885 | 30, 165, 920 |
| Country | 2,756 | 1, 413, 918 | 44, 335, 893 | 124, 035, 463 | 693, 790, 281 | 863, 575, 555 |
| Total | 3,049 | 3, 033, 453 | 206, 048, 445 | 212, 076, 270 | 1, 158, 887, 479 | 1,580, 045, 647 |

OCTOBER 4, 1888.

| New York |  | \$2, 132, 159 | \$108, 466, 001 | \$28, 626, 295 | \$153, 271, 026 | \$292, 495, 481 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chicago | 19 | 359, 296 | 9,631, 825 | 14, 155, 001 | 41, 129,615 | 65, 275, 737 |
| St. Louis | 4 |  | 921, 854 | 306,450 | 6,988, 242 | 8, 216,546 |
| Group No. 1,4 cities | 128 | 148, 770 | 44, 271, 164 | 41, 430, 120 | 182, 567, 237 | 268, 417, 291 |
| Group No. 2, 4 eities | 41. | 10,765 | 7, 806,794 | 7,182,779 | 37, 435, 637 | 52, 435, 975 |
| Group No. 3, 4 cities | 33 | 75, 000 | $6,570,938$ | 7,260, 665 | 42, 188, 407 | 56, 095, 010 |
| Group No. 4, 4 cities | 22 | 1, 200 | 1., 205,596 | 8,501, 966 | 21, 303, 327 | 31, 012, 089 |
| Country | 2,847 | 577, 484 | 42, 586, 172 | 135,967, 639 | $721,806,861$ | .900, 938, 156 |
| Total | 3,140 | 3,304, 674 | 221, 460, 344 | $243,430,915$ | 1,206, 690, 352 | 1,674, 886, 285 |

SEPTEMBER 30, 1889.

| 1 | No. of banks. | On paper with single name, unsecured. | On paper with indorsers, otherwise unsecured. | On demand, with U.S. bonds, other bonds, stocks, or collaterals as security. | On time, with U.S. bonds, other bonds, stocks, or collaterals as security. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 45 | \$31, 866, 578 | \$119, 366, 417 | \$109, 579, 495 | \$43, 085, 676 | \$303, 898, 166 |
| Chicago | 20 | 15, 947, 708 | 31, 275, 073 | 12, 702, 779 | 12,455,515 | 72,381, 075 |
| St. Louis | 5 | 866, 900 | 7,863, 955 | 1, 846, 621 | 2,897, 770 | 13,475, 246 |
| Group, No. 1, 4 cities | 129 | 43, 237, 334 | 145, 457, 842 | 54, 280, 694 | 43, 847, 643 | 286, 823, 504 |
| Group No. 2, 4 cities | 43 | 8, 308, 283 | 29, 328,014 | 9,770, 705 | 12,056, 470 | 59, 463,472 |
| Group No. 3,4 cities | ${ }_{3}^{33}$ | 8, 618, 618 | 39,473, 645 | 8, 337, 056 | 6, 419, 197 | 62, 848,516 |
| Group No. 4,4 cities Country | - ${ }_{2}^{23}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}9,051,215 \\ 154,475,783\end{array}$ | $16,140,667$ $636,484,540$ | 34, ${ }^{3} 432,808$ | 725, 2761,230 | $\begin{array}{r}36,285,921 \\ 970 \\ \hline 53,839\end{array}$ |
| Coun |  |  | 636, 484,540 | 54,31, | 125, 21 | 970, 553,839 |
| Total | 3,290 | 272, 372, 410 | 1, 025, 390, 153 | 254, 264, 398 | 253, 702, 777 | 1, 805, 729, 739 |

OCTOBER 2, 1890.

| New York | 47 | 29, 044,063 | 122, 226, 904 | 102, 372, 932 | 43,466, 652 | 297, 110, 551 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chicago. | 19 | 16,714, 673. | 27,897, 562 | 17, 125, 219 | 16, 506, 704 | 78, 244, 158 |
| St. Louis | 8 | 2, 172,008 | 16,274, 789 | 4, 346, 312 | 6, 681, 993 | 29, 475, 102 |
| Group No. 1,5 cities | 138 | 45, 604, 639 | 146, 363,799 | 56,582, 852 | 48, 664, 875 | 297, 216, 165 |
| Group No. 2,4 cilies ${ }^{*}$ | 50 | 8, 683, 687 | 33, 311, 338 | 11, 002, 538 | 13, 140, 182 | 66, 137, 745 |
| Group No. 3, 6 cities* $\dagger$ | 46 | 21, 118, 680 | 55, 649,978 | 10,540,565 | 10, 752, 917 | 98,062, 140 |
| Gronp No.4,4 cities*. | 25 | 10, 116, 981 | 18, 602,080 | 6,225, 020 | 10, 313, 144 | 45,257, 225 |
| Counitry | 3,207 | 164, 665, 256 | 685, 600, 401 | 63, 538, 244 | 144, 715, 700 | 1, 058, 51.9, 601 |
| Total | 3,540 | 298, 119, 98711 | 1, 105, 926, 851 | 271, 733, 682 | 294, 242, 167 | 1, 970, 022, 687 |

SEPTIMBER 25, 1891.

|  |  | On paper with single name, unsecured. | On paper with one or juore indorsers, otherwise unsecured. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { On demand } \\ & \text { with in- } \\ & \text { dorsers,oth- } \\ & \text { erwise } \\ & \text { unsecured. } \end{aligned}$ | On demand with U.S. bonds, other bonds, stocks, or collaterals as security. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 49 | \$25, 125, 313 | \$116, 957, 046 | \$2, 925, 418 | \$113, 787, 196 | \$42, 783, 829 | \$301, 578, 802 |
| Chicago | 21 | 17, 937, 791 | 34, 889, 300 | 3,704, 939 | 13, 525, 638 | 17, 508, 229 ! | 87, 565, 897 |
| St. Louis. | 9 | 2,093, 451 | 14, 617, 141 | 558,571 | 3,999, 711 | 6, 595, $233 \mathrm{i}_{0}$ | 27, 864, 107 |
| Group- No.1, 5 cities* $\dagger$ | 136 | 42, 118, 748 | 141, 021,853 | 9,015, 155 | 54, 233, 863 | 48, 397, 495 | 294, 787, 114 |
| No. 2, 4 cities*.. | 54 | 8, 457, 434 | 29, 991, 803 | 1,084, 034 | 11, 149, 928 | 14, $393,999{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 65, 077, 198 |
| No.3, 7 cities* $\dagger$ | 49 | 18, 809, 101 | 54, 500, 479 | 3,361, 241 | 9, 923, 642 | 11, 684, 959 | 98, 279,422 |
| No.4, 4 cities*.. | 26 | 7, 498, 961 | 14, 130, 558 | 2,106, 638 | $5,596,114$ | 9,954, 626 | 39, 286, 897 |
| Countries ........... | 3,333 | 159, 41.2, 548 | 662, 814,133 | 35, 679, 262 | 54, 065, 108 | 162, 943, 757, 1 | $1,074,914,803$ |
| Total. | 7,677 | 281, 453, 347 | 1,068, 922, 313 | 58, 435, 285 | 266, 281, 195 | $314,262,1271$ | 1,989, 354, 210 |

*Group No. 1, Boston, Albany, Brooklyu, Pliladelphia, and Pittsburg. Group No 2, Baltimore, Washington, New Orleans, and Louisville. Group No. 3, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Milwankee, Des Moines, St. Paul, and Minneapolis. Group No. 4, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha, and San Iranoisco.

I Brooklyn, St: Panl, and Minneapolis were not reserve cities prior to 1890.
In the table below is given a full classification of the loans in New York City alone for the last six years:

| Loains and discounts. | Oct. 7, 1886. | Oct. 5, 1887. | Oct. 4, 1888. | Sopt. 30, 1889. | Oct. 2, 1.890. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 45 banks. | 47 banks. | 46 banks. | 45 banks. | 47 banks. |
| On indorsed paper On single-name paper On U.S. bonds on demand On other stocks, etc., on de. mand. | \$121, 381, 380 | \$115, 316, 625 | \$117, 707, 044 | \$119, 369, 404 | \$122, 226, 904 |
|  | 24, 646,008 | 17, 585, 496 | 28, 626, 295 | 31, 866,578 | 29, 044, 063 |
|  | 2,002,550 | 1, 445, 900 | $2,133,159$ | 1, 124, 109 | 583, 820 |
|  | 91, 636, 791 | 95, 075, 844 | 108, 466, 00.1 | 108, 258, 112 | 101, 789, 112 |
| On real ostate security...... <br> All other: loans. <br> Total | 211, 432 | 146, 885 | 113,494 | 201,878 | 228,778 |
|  | 13, 854, 215 | 28, 443, 431 | 35, 450, 488 | 43, 078,085 | 43, 237, 874 |
|  | 253,732, 376 | 258,014, 181 | 292, 495, 481 | $303,898,166$ | 297, 110,551 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Sept. 25, 1891. |
|  |  |  |  |  | 49 banks. |
| On paper with single name, unsecurert . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | \$25, 125, 313 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1.16,957, 046 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2, 925,418 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 113,787, 196 |
| On time with U.S. bonds, other bonds, stocks, or collaterals, as security ................... |  |  |  |  | 42, 78\%:82! |
| Total................................................................................................ |  |  |  |  | 801, 578,802 |

The subjoined tables bring forward to the latest date the usual summary of information as to the course of deposits and reserve since the act of June 20, 1874, went into effect. They show the amount of teposits and the state of the reserve at about October 1 of each year, in each central reserve city, in all the reserve cities, and in the States and Territories, with a general summary embracing all activenationalbanks:

NEW YORE CITY.

| Date. | No. of banks. | Net deposits. | Reserve required (25 percent).* cent) | Reserve lield. |  | Classification of reserve. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amount. | Ratio to deposits. | Specie. | Other law ful money. | Due from agents. | Redémptionfund |
|  |  | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Per cent. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. |
| Oct. 2,1874 | 48 | 204.6 | 51.2 | 68.3 | 33.4 | 14.4 | 52.4 |  |  |
| Oct. 1, 1875 | 48 | 202.3 | 50.7 | 60.5 | 29.9 | 5.0 | 54.4 |  | 1. 1 |
| Ocife 2,1876 | 47 | 197.9 | 49.5 | 60.7 | 30.7 | 14.6 | 45.3 |  | 0.8 |
| Oct. 1,1877 | 47 | 174.9 | 43.7 | 48.1 | 27.5 | 13.0 | 34.3 |  | 0.8 |
| Ocl. 1,1878 | 47 | 189.8 | 47.4 | 50.9 | 26.8 | 13.3 | 36.5 |  | 1.1 |
| Oct. $2,1.879$ | 47 | 210.2 | 52.6 | 53.1 | 25.3 | 19.4 | 32.6 |  | 1.1 |
| Oct. 1,1880 | 47 | 268.1 | 67.0 | 70.6 | 26.4 | 58.7 | 11.0 |  | 0.9 |
| Oct. 1, 1881 | 48 | 268.8 | 07.2 | 62.5 | 23.3 | 50.6 | 10.9 |  | 1.0 |
| Oct. 3,1882 | 50 | 254.0 | 63.5 | 64.4 | 25.4 | 44.5 | 18.9 |  | 1.0 |
| Oet. 2,1883 | 48 | 266.9 | 66.7 | 70.8 | 26.5 | 50.3 | 19.7 |  | 0.9 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | 44 | 255.0 | 63.7 | 90.8 | 35.6 | 63.1 | 27.0 |  | 0.7 |
| Oct. 1,1885 | 44 | 312.9 | 78.2 | 115.7 | 37.0 | 91.5 | 23.7 |  | 0.5 |
| Oct. 7,1886 | 45 | 282.8 | 70.7 | 77.0 | 27.2 | 64. 1 | 12.5 |  | 0.4 |
| Oct. 5,1887 | 47 | 284.3 | 71.1 | 80.1 | 28.2 | 63.6 | 16.1 |  | 0.4 |
| Oet. 4, 1888 | 46 | 342.2 | 85.5 | 96.4 | 28.2 | 73.9 | 22.1 |  | 0.3 |
| Sept. 30, 1889 | 45 | 338.2 | 84.5 | 84.9 | 25.1 | 59.1 | 25.6 |  | 0.2 |
| (cet. 2, 1890 | 47 | 332.6 | 83.2 | 92.5 | 27.8 | 78.4 | 13.9 |  | 0.2 |
| Sept. 25.1891 | 49 | 327.8 | 81.9 | 86.1 | 26.3 | 53.8 | 32.0 |  | 0.3 |
| Arowge for 18 joars ... | 47 | 261.8 | 65.5 | 74.1 | 28.3 | 46.2 | 27.2 |  | 0.7 |

chicago.

| Oct. 5,1887 | 18 | 64.6 | 16.2 | 19.7 | 30.5 | 12.9 | 6.7 |  | 0.05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 5, 1888 | 19 | 69.3 | 17.3 | 21.0 | $30.2{ }^{\circ}$ | 13.1 | 7.8 |  | 0.05 |
| Sept. 30, 1889 | 20 | 78.7 | 19.7 | 25.0 | 31.7 | 15.3 | 9.6 | . | 0.05 |
| Oct. 2, 1890 | 19 | 82.9 | 20.7 | 24.8 | 30.0 | 17.0 | 7.8 |  | 0.05 |
| Scpt. 25, 1891 | 21 | 92.9 | 23.2 | 31.2 | 33.6 | 20.1 | 11.0 |  | 0.05 |

ST. LOUIS.

| Oct. 5, 1887 | 5 | 10.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 26. 4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | $\bigcirc$ | * | 0.03 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 4, 1888 | 4 | 7.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 27.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 |  |  | 0.02 |
| Sopt. 30, 1889 | 5 | 12.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 26.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 |  |  | 0.01 |
| Oct. 2,1890 | 8 | 26.2 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 21.3 | 3.1. | 2.5 |  |  | 0.02 |
| Sept. 25, 1891 | 9 | 24.2 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 23.8 | 3.8 | 2.0 |  |  | 0.02 |

*All lawful money.

## RESERVE CITIES.*

[Reserve 25 per cent, one-half in lawful money.]

*Includes Chiengo-and St. Louis up to Oct. 5, 1887.

S'LATES AND TERRTRORIES.

| Date. | No. of banks. | Net deposits. | Reserve required (15 per cent).* | Reserve held. |  | Classication of reserve. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Amount. | Ratio to deposits. | Specie. | Otherlawful money. | Due from agents. | Redemption finnd. |
|  |  | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Per cent. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. | Millions. |
| Oct. 2,1874 | 11,774 | 293.4 | 44.0 | 100.6 | 34.3 | 2.4 | 33.7 | 52.7 | 11.9 |
| Oct. 1, 1875 | 1,851 | 307.9 | 46.3 | 100. 1. | 32.5 | 1.6 | 33.7 | 53.3 | 11.6 |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 1,853 | 291.7 | 43.8 | 99.9 | 34.3 | 2.7 | 31.0 | 55.4 | 10.8 |
| Oct. 1,1877 | 1,845 | 290.1 | 43.6 | 95.4 | 32.9 | 4.2 | 31.6 | 48.9 | 10.7 |
| Oct. 1, 1, 1878 | 1,822 | 289.1 | 43.4 | 106.1 | 36.7 | 8.0 | 31.1 | 56.0 | 11. 0 |
| Oct. 2,1879 | 1,820 | 329.9 | 49.5 | 124.3 | 37.7 | 11.5 | 30.3 | 71.3 | 11.2 |
| Oct. 1, 1880 | 1,859 | 410.5 | 61.6 | 147.2 | 35.8 | 21.2 | 28.3 | 86.4 | 11.3 |
| Oct. 1,1881 | 1,895 | 507.2 | 76.1 | 158.3 | 31.2 | 27.5 | 27.1 | 92.4 | 11.4 |
| Oct. 3,1882 | 2,026 | 545.8 | 81.9 | 150.4 | 27.5 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 80.1 | 11.3 |
| Oct. 2, 1883 | 2,253 | 577.9 | 86.7 | 157.5 | 27.2 | 31.2 | 30.8 | 84.1 | 11.3 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | 2,417 | 535.8 | 80.4 | 156.3 | 29.2 | 35.2 | 30.9 | 79.7 | 10.5 |
| Oct. 3, 1885 | 2,467 | 570.8 | : 85.6 | 177.5 | 81.1 | 41.5 | 29.9 | 95.9 | 10.2 |
| Oct. 7, 1886 | 2,590 | 637.6 | 95.6 | 186.2 | 29.2 | 47.8 | 30.1 | 99.5 | 8.7 |
| Oct. 5, 1887 | 2,756 | 690.6 | 103.6 | 190.9 | 27.6 | 50.8 | 32.6 | 100.9 | 6.6 |
| Oct. 4, 1888 | 2,847 | 739.2 | 110.9 | 209.8 | 28.4 | 50.2 | 34.5 | 119.0 | 6.2 |
| Sept. 30, 1889 | 2,992 | 807.6 | 121.1 | 224.6 | 27.8 | 50.5 | 36.2 | 132.4 | 5.5 |
| Oct. 2, 1890 | 3,207 | 859.2 | 128.9 | 225.5 | 26.2 | 54.3 | 37.7 | 128.5 | 5.2 |
| Sept. 25, 1891 | 3,333 | 861.8 | 129.3 | 235.5 | 27.3 | 60.3 | 36.8 | 133.0 | 5.4 |

* Reserve 15 per cent two-fifths in lawful money.

SUMMARY.

| Oct. 2,1874 | 2,004 | 719.5 | 150.1 | 244.9 | 34.0 | 21.3 | 122.8 | 83.8 | 17.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 1,1875 | 2,087 | 734.1 | 152.2 | 235.1 | 32.0 | 8.1 | 125.2 | 85.6 | 16.3 |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 2,089 | 706.6 | 147.5 | 236.7 | 33.5 | 21.3 | 113.4 | 87.4 | 14. 6 |
| Oct. 1, 1877 | 2,080 | 069.1 | 138.3 | 210.8 | 31.5 | 22.8 | 100.2 | 73.3 | 14. 5 |
| Oct. 1, 1878 | 2, 053 | 678.8 | 140.8 | 228.1 | 33.6 | 30.7 | 97.0 | 85.1 | 15.3 |
| Oct. 2, 1879 | 2,048 | 768.9 | 159.3 | 260.9 | 33.9 | 42. 2 | 95.9 | 107.0 | 15.8 |
| Oct. 1,1880. | 2,090 | 968.0 | 201.0 | 323.0 | 33.4 | 108.2 | 64.3 | 134.6 | 15.9 |
| Oct. 1, 1881 | 2, 132 | 1,111.6 | 227.2 | 321.6 | 28.9 | 112. 7 | 59.9 | 133.0 | 16.1 |
| Oct. 3, 1882 | 2, 269 | 1,118.6 | 225.1. | 303.9 | 27.2 | 102.8 | 72.0 | 113.3 | 15.8 |
| Oct. 2, 1883 | 2,501 | J., 168.7 | 234.4 | 328.9 | 28.1 | 107.8 | 80.6 | 124.9 | 15.6 |
| Sept. 30, 1884 | 2,664 | 1, 098.7 | 221. 1 | 346.1 | 31.6 | 128.6 | 01. 2 | 112.0 | 14. 3 |
| Oct. 1,1885 | 2,714 | 1,248.2 | 254.9 | 415.4 | 33.3 | 175.0 | 88.5 | 138.3 | 13.6 |
| Oct. 7,1886 | 2. 852 | 1,301.8 | 261.7 | 377.2 | 29.0 | 156. 4 | 68.7 | 140.8 | 11.4 |
| Oct. 5, 1887 | 3, 044 | 1,388.4 | 278.0 | 394.2 | 28.4 | 165.1 | 79.9 | 140.9 | 8.3 |
| Oct. 4, 1838 | 3, 140 | 1,543.6 | 311.9 | 446.2 | 28.9 | 178.1 | 90.1 | 170.5 | 7.6 |
| Sept. 30, 1889 | 3,290 | 1,655.5 | 333.1 | 459.6 | 27.8 | 164. 3 | 99.7 | 189.1 | 6.4 |
| Oct. 2, 1890 | 3,540 | 1, 758.7 | 353.7 | 478.2 | 27.2 | 195.9 | 86.8 | 189.5 | 6.1 |
| Sept. 25, 1891 | 3,677 | 1, 758.6 | 353.5 | 497.4 | 28.3 | 183.5 | 113.3 | 194. 0 | 6.6 |

In the preceding tables the specie held represents the aggregate of gold and silver coin, Treasurer's certificates, and clearing-house gold certificates. A table will be found in the Appeudix,* page 148, showing the amount of each kind of coin and certificates held by the banks in each State and reserve city in October, 1888, September, 1889, October, 1890, and September, 1891.

## FAILED BANKS.

Twenty-five national banks, with an aggregate capital of $\$ 3,662,000$, were placed in the hands of receivers during the year, as shown in the following statement. In one case creditors have received 55 per cent of the principal, in another 45 per cent, in three cases 20 per cent, and in three cases 15 per cent.

Statemient of Failed Banks, their Surplús and Liabileties, according to Last Report of Condition.

| Name and location of bank. | Date of authority to commence business. | Date of failure. | Receiver appointed | A.s shown at date of last report of condition in each case. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Capital. | Surplus and unprofits | Other lia bilities * | Date of last report of condition. |
| First Nationial Bank of Al. ma, Kans <br> First National Bank of Belleville, Kans <br> Jirst National Bank of Meade Center, Kans.... A merican National Bank of Arkaysas City, Kans .... | Aug. 3; 1887 | $\begin{aligned} & 1890 . \\ & \text { Nov. } 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1890 . \\ & \text { Nov. } \end{aligned}$ | \$75, 000 | 4,577 | 18,409 | $\begin{aligned} & 1890 . \\ & { }_{\text {Oct. }} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. 28, 1885 | Dec. 2 | Dec. 12 | 50,000 | 6,856 | 43, $2400^{\circ}$ | Oct. 2 |
|  | May 5,1887 | Oct. 17 | Dec. 24. | 50,000 | 4, 009 | 24, 988 | Oct. 2 |
|  | Mar. 15, 1889 | Dec. 8 | Dec. 26 | 300,000 | 29,323 | 604, 001 | Oct. 2 |
| City National Bank of Has. tings, Nelor | Dec. 27, 1883 | Dec. 27 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1891!. } \\ & \text { Jan. } 14 \end{aligned}$ | 100,000 | 318 | 123, 374 | Dec. 17 |
| Peoples' National Bank of Fayetteville, N. U. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 27,1872 \\ & \text { Jan. } 24,1888 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 31 <br> Dec. 18 | Jản. 20 <br> Feb. 3 | 125, 000 | 33,490 | 130, 841 | Oct. 2 |
| Spokane National Bank of Spokane Falls, Wash . |  |  |  | 100,000 | 31, 610 | 565, 593 | Oct. 2 |
| First National Bank of Ells. worth, Kans. | Sept. 11, 1884 | $\begin{aligned} & 1891 . \\ & \text { Jan. } 26 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 11 | 50,000 | 15,850 | 130,250 | Dec. 10 |
| Second National Bank of McPlerson, Kans. | Sept. 16, 1887 | $\text { Mar. } 2$ | Mar. 25 | 50;00 | 10, 138 | 110, 248 | Dec. 19 |
| PrattCoanty National Bank of Pratt, Kans | Sept. 8, 1887 | Feb, 26 |  | 50,000 | 8,065 | 67,379 | Dec. 19 |
| Keystone National Baniz of Philadelphia, Pa ..... | July 30, 1875 | Mar | May 9 | 500, | 120,664 | 1, 856, 329 | $\frac{\text { 1891. }}{\text { Teb. } 20}$ |
| Spring Garden National Bank of Philadelphia, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Pa} . . .1$........... | Mar. 13, 1886 | May 8 | May 21 | 750, 000 | 171,725 | 2,007,463 | Feb. 26 |
| ational City Bank of Marshall, Mich .......... | July 29, 1872 | June 3 | June 22 | 100, | 34, 23 | 76,7 | , |
| Red Cloud National Bank of Red Cloud, Nebr | May 10,1884 | June 26 | July 1 | 75,000 | 7,316 | 94,553 | May 4 |
| Asbury Park National Bank of Asbury Park, |  | July | July 2 | 100,000 | 5,626 | 44,671 |  |
| N.J. | Sept. 17, 1887 |  |  |  |  |  | May 4 |
| inth National Bank of | Sept. 12, 1890 | July 1 | July 16 | 300,000 | 11,641 | 267, 063 | July 9 |
| First National Bank of Red Cloud, Nebr. | Nov. 8, 1882 | May 22 | Jul | 75,0 | 11,840 | 76,435 | Felb. 26 |
| Contral Nebraska Na |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank of Broken Nebr . . . . . . . . . . . . | Sept. 28, 1888 | June 12 | July 21 | 60,000 | 12,458 | 97, 891 | May 4 |
| Florence National Florence, Ala | Oct. 3,1889 | June 22 | July 23 | 100, 000 | 5,374 | 74,466 |  |
| First National Bank of Palatka, Fla | July 15, 1884 | July 17 | Ang. 7 | 150,000 | 27,098 | - 329,640 | July 9 |
| First National Bank of Kansas City, Kans. |  |  | Ang. 17 | 150,000 | 14,374 | 159,737 | May 4 |
| Rio Grande National Bank of Lareilo, Tex. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } 17,1887 \\ & \text { Oct. } 28,1889 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 14. | Aug. 17 |  | -6,009 | 70,233 |  |
| First National Bank of Clearfield, Pa | $\text { Jan. 30, } 1.865$ | Sept. 29 | $\text { Oct. } 7$ | 100,0 | 50,192 | 178, 895 | uly 9 |
| Farley National Bank of Montcomery, Ala...... | $\begin{array}{lr} \text { Dec. } & 18,1.889 \\ \text { May } & 9,1887 \end{array}$ | A.ng. 21 <br> Sept. 21 | $\begin{array}{lr} \text { Oct. } & 7 \\ \text { Oct. } & 14 \end{array}$ |  | 28,118 | 171,5 | July 0 |
| First National Bank of Coldwater, Kans.. |  |  |  | 1 | 791 | 30,592 | July 9 |
|  |  |  |  | 662 | 651, 698 | 7,360,525 |  |

* Total, as per report, except capital, surplus, circulation, undivided profits, and unpaid dividends.


## OAUSES OF FAILURE.

The First National Bank of Meade Center, Kans., closed its doors October 17, 1890 , being unable to satisfy demand liabilities presented for payment.

Injudicious loans had been made which were not readily convertible, and a sudden demand for the payment of a county deposit precipitated
suspension. The remote causes of failure were negligence of directors, general stagnation of business, and decrease in values, resulting from contimuous failure of crops.

The First National Bank of Alma, Kans., for several months prior to suspension of busimess had received more than ordinary attention from the national bank examiner, two examinations having been made within a period of six monţhs. Thé president of the bank was accused of borrowing money on the strength of the bank's indorsement for personal use and investment in private enterprises, and of issuing certificates of deposit in blank sums to be sold under contract by outside parties. Judgments were resting against the president individually, and judgment had been obtained against the bank by a correspondent, the sheriff levying upon the real and personal property. The amount of demand liabilities was very small and voluntary liquidation was contemplated, but an examiner, who visited the bank with special instructions, closed the doors on November 10, 1890, after due examination.

The First National Bank of Belleville, Kans., closed its doors December 2, 1890.

The president was a large borrower, and used the bank for individual purposes. The banking house was destroyed by fire October 28, and from that date deposits gradually diminished, seriously limiting the business of the bank. The president was active in promoting local enterprises, some of which were total failures, and there was no return from investments.

The creditors have been paid 55 per cent on the principal of claims proved.

The American National Bank of Arkansas City, Kans., closed its doors December 8, 1890.

The condition of affairs was complicated. The officers of the bank had used assets to further personal interests, and created large and ex'cessive loans. The immediate cause of suspension was inability to pay a demand certificate of deposit. There was an unwarranted extension of business in attempting to sustain enterprises in which the officers were interested, and large sums of money were borrowed upon certificates of deposit at high rates of interest. Dividends were paid to shareholders not justified by the earnings of the bank, and the directors were guilty of gross inattention to duty, disregard of the law and advice from the Comptroller.

Dividends have been paid amounting to 20 per cent on the principal of claims proved, and the assets may prove to be sufficient for payment in full.

The Spokane National Bank of Spokane Falls, Wash., closed its doors December 18, 1890.

The entire management of affairs was committed to the cashier and the vice-president, who were the moving spirits in speculative enterprises, which were carried on without interference or control by the directors, the latter never giving the bank any attention, but lending their names in support of the reckless operations of the cashier. About one-half of the deposits were locked up in private banks and mining interests. This condition of affairs made it impossible for the bank to meet its demand obligations, and was the immediate cause of suspension.

A dividend of 15 per cent has been paid to creditors on the principal of claims proved.
The City National Bank of Hastings, Nebr., closed its doors December 27,1890 .

On October 17 an assessment upon the shareholders, amounting to

50 per cent of the capital stock, was levied by the Comptroller, and remained unpaid. The examiner upon taking charge discovered the fact that more than one-half of an increase of capital certified to the Comptroller as having been paid in, and authorized by him in accordance with law, was represented by the notes of subscribers, the obligations remaining unpaid at date of suspension.

Notes had been rediscounted for persons to whom the president had transferred real estate at fictitious values. High rates of interest were paid on certificates of deposit and bills payable to non-resident capitalists for several years prior to the suspension, and dividends not earned were declared and paid to shareholders. The board of directors was inattentive to duty, which made reckless mismanagement possible.

A dividend of 15 per cent has been paid to creditors on the principal of claims proved.

The People's National Bank of Fayetteville, N. C., closed its doors December 31, 1890, the immediate cause being a slight run by depositors. 'The condition of affairs, as reported by the examiner upon taking charge, showed gross irregularities by the president and criminal violation of law. As a critical examination progressed, 'it was found that the bank had been practically insolvent for many years, the Comptroller and the examiners having been deceived through systematic and successful attempts to carry among the assets a large amount of notes and bills as alive and secured which were in fact past due and worthless.

The president was permitted to abstract funds of the bank upon the indorsement of notes taken by him in connection with an outside enterprise, and which were represented as being secured by chattel mortgage. Fictitious drafts were drawn and carried by the bank as bills of exchange. The president was thoroughly dishonest; but, because the directors and other officers either did not know their duties or atterly failed to perform them, he was enabled to completely wreck the bank.

All the facts were promptly reported to the United States"district attorney. = The president was arrested,-but the grand jury failed to find an indictment:

A dividend of 20 per cent has been paid to creditors on the principal of claims proved.

The First National Bank of Ellsworth, Kans., closed its doors January 26, 1891. Suspension was inevitable as the result of injudicious and reckless loans to the cashier and his friends, the funds being used and lost in speculation. A dividend of 15 per cent has been paid to creditors on the principal of claims proved.

The Pratt County National Bank, of Pratt, Kans., closed its doors February 26, 1891. The president was a large borrower and a wild speculator. The bank was compelled to take mortgages to secure his indebtedness, which were not valuable as live assets, the aggregate amount representing more than one-half of the capital of the bank. The bank also suffered large losses in the earlier period of its existence, but the management undertook to conduct a successful business by borrowing on bills payable and bills receivable and paying excessive rates of interest on deposits. Upon sudden demand for the payment of the deposit of the county treasurer, the bank was forced to suspend.

A dividend of 20 per cent has been paid to creditors on the principal of claims proved.

The Second National Bank of McPherson, Kans., closed its doors March 2, 1891. The failure of this bank was due to the reckless man-
agement of its president, who squandered the assets. When the bank suspended he committed suicide.

The Keystone National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa., was closed to business on the morning of March 20, 1891, by order of the Comptroller of the Currency, the examiner-immediately taking charge.

An assessment upon the shareholders had been previously levied to make good an impairment of the capital, as such impairment was then estimated. The assessment was not responded to by the shareholders, and upon disclosures made by the president of the bank in person to the Comptroller, on the evening of March 19, immediate action was taken and the bank was closed. According to the records of the bank as then disclosed, the capital had not been entirely lost, but subsequent investigation developed the fact that collusion among the officers and employes had resulted in successfiully deceiving the examiner and the Comptroller with respect to the true condition of the bank.

- The causes of the failure were reckless and criminal use of funds belonging to the bank, the bookkeeper having aided the president, who is a fugitive from justice, in deceiving the examiner by false entries, such entries being made at or about the dates of examination. This bookkeeper, after the suspension, admitted his guilt, and was arrested, brought to trial, and sentenced to imprisonment for a term of seven years. Subsequently three other persons connected with the bank were arrested upon information and are now held under bail for col. lusion.

A thorough investigation has progressed since the date of suspension, for the purpose of ascertaining all the facts and fixing personal liability. The city treasurer of Philadelphia, appeared to be a large creditor, and permission was granted State and city authorities to investigate the records of the bank for the purpose of ascertaining the precise facts.

The Treasury Department also instituted an iuvestigation of all the records of the bank, with the view of ascertaining who is liable, criminally or otherwise, for the failure, which is still in progress.

The Spring Garden National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa., closed its doors on the morning of May 8, 1891, being unable to settle with the clearing house. This suspension closely followed that of the Keystone National Bank, and as investigation proceeded it became evident that there had been criminal violations of law. On May 28 the president and cashier were arrested upon information and brought to trial. They were found guilty and relegated to the penitentiary for a term of ten years each.

The First National Bank of Red Cloud, Nebr., was closed by the ex. aminer May 22, 1891, payment of a certificate of deposit having been refused, and in obedience to telegraphic instructions from the Comptroller. Upon investigation it was discovered that the bank had been in an insolvent condition for a considerable period of time, such condition having been cansed by irregularities of former officers and general mismanagement. No meeting of the shareholders had apparently been held for more than two years, and the officers and employés immediately in charge were permitted to conduct its affairs. The funds of the bank were largely loaned to its officers and their relatives, the loans not being properly secured.

The National City Bank of Marshall, Mich., closed its doors June 3, 1891. On June 2 the Comptroller was advised that the assistant cashier had embezzled a large sum of money, but that the bondsmen were able and willing to make good the entire loss without delay.

The cashier was very inattentive to duty, and the directors, having unbounded confidence in the integrity of the employés, grossly neglected the interests of the bank. As investigation proceeded the embezzlement was found to equal the entire capital stock. On May 27 the examiner discovered the defalcation and informed the directors, but as the bank was still considered solvent, no action was taken to secure arrest, and the embezzler escaped before the doors were closed and the examiner took charge.

A dividend of 50 per cent has been paid to creditors upon the principal of claims proved.

The Red Cloud National Bank of Red Cloud, Nebr., was closed by order of the Comptroller June 26, 1891. All of its capital was represented by unconvertible securities, and the funds of the bank had been invested in local enterprises, at great loss.

The condition of the bank was due to bad management and a total disregard of sound banking principles.

The Asbury Park National Bank of Asbury Park, N: J., was closed by order of the Comptroller July 1, 1891. During the period of the bank's existence a sufficient amôunt of individual deposits were not obtained to make a profitable business. A large and costly building was constructed, and as an asset was not consistent with the volume of business. The president borrowed large sums, bad loans were made, and excessive interest was paid. Expenditures and losses were in excess of earnings, the directors were negligent of duty, and false statements of condition were made. The public and correspondent banks lost confidence and suspension became inevitable.

The Central Nebraska National Bank of Broken Bow, Nebr., was closed by the examiner on the morning of June 12, 1891, upon receipt of instructions from the Comptroller. The immediate and remote causes for this action were the heavy loans made to individual directors, aggregating three-fifths of the capital of the bank, and the heavy loss sustained upon bills receivable, which had been foisted upon the bank through questionable methods adopted by the officers in endeavoring to aid outside enterprises wholly foreign to the locality. Large sums of money were borrowed at high rates of interest, for which nearly all of the good paper of the bank had been pledged as security.

The Florence National Bank of Florence, Ala., closed its doors June 22,1891 , the entire capital having been lost. The former president had absolute control, improperly used the funds of the bank to sustain outside enterprises, and was forced to resign; but his management had placed the bank in a position from which it could not recover. The suspension of the bank was precipitated by the protest of drafts aggregating an inconsiderable amount drawn upon a correspondent bank.

The Ninth National Bank of Dallas, Tex.; was closed by theexaminer July 1, 1891, upon receipt of telegraphic instructions from the Comptroller. The bank commenced business in September, 1890, and was controlled by the cashier, who had previously become indebted for a large amount to another national bank, of which he was an officer, and funds of the Ninth National Bank were used to liquidate his indebtedness. The directors held meetings only on call, and were not attentive to duty. A large proportion of the loans were made to irresponsible parties without sufficient security, and the proceeds were subrogated to the uses of the cashier. A new management was effected, but the capital had become so impaired that suspension was inevitable. After the examiner took charge an attempt was made to control sufficient funds
for the payment of creditors in full, so that the bank might be placed in voluntary liquidation, but the effort did not succeed. From the records it would appear that the failure was almost entirely due to the wild speculations and dishonest practices of the cashier.

The First National Bank of Kansas City, Kans., closed its doors July 16, 1891, upon demand for the payment of the city deposit. A former president, in conjunction with the vice-president, were active speculators in real estate and the promoters of outside enterprises. These officers, and other real estate dealers, became indebted to the bank for large sums, and when a reaction from abnormally high prices resulting from a so-called "boom" occurred, were unable to meet their obligations or secure them with convertible collaterals. Settlements were forced upon the bank by transfers of real estate, to such an extent that the assets were tainted with a doubtful or worthless character. The credit of the bank having become impaired, confidence was destroyed, and stringency in the money market caused a withdrawal of deposits. The bank was unable to borrow from correspondents, not being able to pledge sufficient security, and finally could not meet demand obligations.

The First National Bank of Palatka, Fla., closed its doors July 17, 1891. The president was connected with a city banking institution which failed. Public confidence was destroyed, which resulted in a considerable withdrawal of deposits. A large amount of stock, bouds; and real estate mortgages were among the assets, which at date of suspension represented a large loss. Serious depreciation of values and stagnation of business were general in the locality. Formerly, the management having been left entirely to the president, loans and investments were made in outside enterprises, dependent wholly upon the duration of exceptional local prosperity. The president and his relatives were large borrowers, and invested the funds in sustaining local schemes. Finally the bank was unable to borrow from correspondents, or rediscount paper, and could not meet demand obligations.

The Farley National Bank of Montgomery, Ala., closed its doors August 21, 1891. The immediate cause of the suspension was the protest of drafts, aggregating in amount a sum greater than the capital of the bank, which had been cashed in the interests of a railroad company, collateral security being held, but not readily convertible. Efforts are being made to realize upon the security, so that the bank may resume business.
The Rio Grande National Bank of Laredo, Tex., was closed by exaniner upon receipt of instructions from the Comptroller September 14, 1891. The principal cause of failure was the use of the bank's funds in sustaining an improvement company which owned a large area of land in the locality. The bank was doing no business, its capital was seriously impaired, and its resources locked up in unconvertible securities. The depositors were few; the aggregate amount due was insignificant, and there was no money in the bank to loan.

The First National Bank of Coldwater, Kans., was closed by a national bank examiner, upon receipt of instructions from the Comptroller, September 21, 1891. An assessment upon the capital had been made, but the shareholders did not respond. Former officers of the bank were reckless speculators in real estate, and failed, owing the bank large amounts. Their successors were large borrowers for similar purposes. The general causes which resulted in suspension were bad and careless management and indifference to duty on the part of the directors, who left the management entirely in the hands of the cashier. A movement
to raise sufficient funds to pay creditors in full, so that the bank might be placed in voluntary liquidation, was abandoned.

The First National Bank of Clearfield, Pa., closed its doors September 29,1891 . The entire capital had been lost. The management of the bank rested wholly with the president, who had large interests in outside enterprises and a State bank, using the national bank for individual purposes. Excessive loans were made in sustaining outside deals. Good assets wère systematically abstracted, and worthless assets substituted. Loans not represented by the obligations of firms and companies in some form or other, in which the president was interested, were based upon accommodation paper. Large loans were fioated, represented by paper made by persons and firms of doubtful character. The bank acquired control of a mill property, which locked up large sums of money in the purchase and operation, and was a losing investment. The directors were either negligent or guilty of collusion: The irregularities already discovered strongly indicate fraudulent and gross violations of law. The president was promptly arrested and held for tivial.

The Washington National Bank of New York City was organizized June 5, 1890 , with a capital of $\$ 300,000$. Injudicious loans were made, and the capital became seriously impaired. The doors were closed to business March 24, 1891, but the assets being sufficient to pay all liabilities, the bank was permitted to go into voluntary liquidation.

The Newton National Bank of Newton, Kans., closed its doors November 20, 1890. A few months prior to this date an increase of capital stock had been approved by the Comptroller, the affairs of the bank, according to reports, being in good condition. A considerable number of shares of stock were owned by non-residents, who regarded the investment as secure without inquiry as to the conduct of the bank with respect to its management.

After suspension the fact was developed that most of the increase had been collected prior to authorization by the Comptroller, and was represented substantially by loans made to a bank in Guthrie, Okla., which had failed. The cashier of this bank was the cashier of the Newton National Bank and co-manager. The management of the Newton National Bank practically rested with the vice-president and casbier.

Only one-third of the capital stock was held by local shareholders, so that unusual facilities were afforded these officers for using the funds of the bank uncontrolled, as they owned about two-thirds of the stock locally held. The officers borrowed largely from the bank, and pledged a majority of the good bills as collateral security for rediscounts. The Eastern shareholders were prompt in taking steps looking to a repairment of the capital, and their efforts resulted in a deposit of sufficient fresh capital in cash to place the bank upon a solvent footing. The receiver was withdrawn, and the bank was permitted to resume business July 1, 1891.

The Farmers and Merchants' National Bank of Clarksville; Tenn., closed its doors December 10, 1890, on account of the embarrassment created by the failure of a private bank and firms indebted to it in large sums. Reports indicated that the embarrassment was temporary, and immediate steps were taken by the shareholders to repair the capital, so that, if permitted, the bank might resume business. Their efforts were successful, a voluntary assessment was levied and paid, bad debts were charged off, and as a result there became available funds sufficient to pay all liabilities, leaving the capital intact. The bank was permitted to resume business April 20, 1891.

The affairs of three national banks have been closed during the past year and final dividends have been paid to their creditors.

| Name and location of bank. | Date of appointment of receiver. | Total divideuds on principal. | Proportion of interest paid. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - ${ }^{-}$ |  |  | Per cent. |
| State National Bank, Raleigh, N. C | Mar. 31, 1888 | Por 53 | Por cent. |
| National Bank of Sumter, S. C... | Aug. 24, 1887 | . 100 | 100 |
| Lancaster National Bank, Clinton, Mass | Jan. 20, 1886 | 100 | 100 |

Out of 4,648 aational banks organized since February, 1863, only 164, or about 3.53 per cent, have been placed in the hands of receivers; this includes 9 which had been previously placed in liquidation by the shareholders, but upon their failing to pay depositors the Comptroller appointed receivers to wind up their affairs. Of the 164 failed banks, 35 have paid creditors in full, principal and interest, 6 have paid principal and a part of the interest, and 12 have paid the principal only. The affairs of 102 of the 164 banks have been finally closed, leaving 62 in process of settlement, of which 15 are virtually closed; with the exception of pending litigation, leaving 47 receiverships in active operation.

The total amount so far paid to creditors of insolvent national banks has been $\$ 38,629,123$, upon proved claims amounting to $\$ 57,792,028$. The amount paid during the year has been $\$ 1,725,883$, besides, $\$ 15,903$ paid for dividends declared prior to November 1, 1890, on claims proved since that date. Assessments amounting to $\$ 15,173,050$ have been made upon shareholders of insolvent national banks under section 5151 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. From this source the gross collections amount to $\$ 6,621,409$, of which there has been received during the past year $\$ 257,734$. Suits are pending in some cases.

In the Appendix,* page 208, a table will be found showing, under various heads, amounts collected from the assets of each of the 164 insolvent national banks, the amounts disbursed, and the purpose. All moneys and assets are accounted for, and the figures supply all information necessary to the ascertainment of percentages and loss.

[^40]Dividends, Thirty-íght in Number, Paid to the Creditors of Insolvent National Banks during the Past Year, with the Total Dividends in each Case up to November 1, 1891.

| Name and location of bank. | Date of appointment of receiver. | Dividends paid during the year. |  |  | Total dividends paid depositors. | Propor. tion of interest paid depositors. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Date. | Amount. | Per cent. |  |  |
| Gloucester City National |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Bakk of Gloucester City, |  |  |  |  | Per cent. | Per.cent. |
|  | June 12, 1890 | Nov. 6, 1890 | \$5, 493.06 | 20 |  |  |
| Third National Bank of Ma- |  | Oct. 29, 1891 | 5,913.81 | 2 | 40 |  |
| lone, N. X ................. | Dec. 30, 1889 | Nov. 12, 1890 | 11,614.79 | 20 | 80 |  |
| Clinton, Mass. | Jan. 20, 1886 | Nov. 20, 1890 | 16,900.74 | 9.85 | 100 | 100 |
| First National Bank of Corry, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pa. | Oct. 11, 1887 | Dec. 15, 1890 | 8,700.52 | 5 | 90 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pacific Nati } \\ & \text { ton, Mass } \end{aligned}$ | May 22, 1882 | Dec. 26, 1890 | 47, 942.51 | 2 | 61 |  |
| State National |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ington, Kas | Sept. 25, 1890 | Dec. 31, 1890 | 11,929. 39 | 25 | 25 |  |
| Do |  | Apr. 23, 1891 | 12,408.41 | 25 | 50 |  |
| Do.................. |  | June 30, 1891 | 14, 127.54 | 25. | 75 |  |
| California National Bank of San Francisco, Cal. | Jan. 14, 1889 | Oct. 7,1891 | 25, 345.09 | 5.55 | 100 | 100 |
| State National Bank of | Mar. 31, 1888 | Jan. 12, 1891 | 9,780.48 | 3 | 53 |  |
| lieigh, N. C, ${ }^{\text {cher }}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harper National Bank of Harper, Kans. | Feb. 10,1890 | Feb. 3,1891 | 3,760. 22 | 20 | 20 |  |
|  |  | Apr. 25,1891 | 7,532. 44 | 40 | 60 |  |
| Park National Bank of Chi- | July 14, 1890 | Feb. 4,1891 | 91,793.32 | 20 | 80 |  |
| cago, Ill. |  | Se | 46,219. 26 | 10 | 0 |  |
| First National | Jan. 21, 1890 | Feb. 6, 1891 | 7, 626.09 | 15 | 15 |  |
| ilene, Kans. Do..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. |  | Mar. 5,1 | 7,6 | 15 | 30 |  |
| First Notional Bank of B |  | Apr. 23, 1891 | $24,451.41$ $3,998.70$ | 40 25 | 70 25 |  |
| First National Bank of Bell ville, Kans. | Dec. 12,1890 | Feb. 13, 1891 | 3,998.70 | 25 | 25 |  |
| Do. |  | Mar. 21, 1891 | 5, 669. 32 | 20 | 45 |  |
| Do. |  | Sept. 30, 1891 | 3, 051.58 | 10 | 55 |  |
| Kingman National Bank of Kingùan, Kans. | Oct. 2,1890 | Mar. 17, 1891 | 9,312.93 | 20 | 20 |  |
| Do. |  | May 20, 1891 | 13,969.52 |  |  |  |
| Do.................... |  | July 28,1891 | 23, 090.76 | 12.50 | 62.50 |  |
| First National Bank of Anoka, Minn. | Apr. 22,1889 | Mar. 20, 1891 | 37, 596.11 | 35 |  |  |
| Exchange National Bank of | Apr. 9, 1885 | A pr. 15, 1891 | 86,766. 69 | 3 | 63 |  |
| Norfolk, Va. | Dec | Apr. 15, 18 | 9, 161.0 | 15 | 15 |  |
| field, Ala. |  | -1pr. 15,181 |  |  |  |  |
| Fifth National Bank of St. | Nov. 15, 1887 | Apr. 15, 1891 | 33,890.99 | 3 | 96 |  |
| First National Bank of Ells- |  |  | 12,104.06 | 15 | 15 |  |
| worth, Kans. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| People's National Bank of Fayetteville, N. C. | Jan. 20,1891 | May 14, 1891 | 18,349.01 | 20 | 20 |  |
| First National B | Ápr. 22, 1884 | July 1, 1891 | 29,649. 22 | 12. 7 | 100 | 100 |
| mouth, Ill. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marine National Bank of the City of New York, N. 文. | May 13,1884 | July 20, 1891 | 673, 932. 20 | 15 | 80 |  |
| Pratt County National Bank of Pratt, Kans. | Apr. 7, 1891 |  | - 5,873.94 | 20 | 20 |  |
| City National Bank of Hastings, Nebr. | Jan. 14, 1891 | July 24, 1891 | 14,710.63 | 15 | 15 |  |
| American National Bank of Arkansas City, Kans. | Dec. 26,1890 | July 28, 1801 | 33,350. 56 | 20 | 20 |  |
| Fidelity. National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio. | June 27, 1887 | Aug. 5,1891 | 216, 233. 69 | 5 | 50 |  |
| Spokane National Bank of Spokane Falls, Wash. | Feb. 3,1891 | Sept. 30, 1891 | 42,588. 25 | 15 | 15 |  |
| National City Bank of Marshall, Mich. | June 22, 1891 | .do | 77, 510.63 | 50 | 50 |  |
| Total |  |  | 1,709,980.96 |  |  |  |

## INACTIVE RECEIVERSHIPS.

Fifteen banks remain in the hands of receivers, the affairs of which are practically wound up, and the trusts are kept on the inactive list because of pending litigation or of the possession of assets, an immediate disposition of which would entail unnecessary sacrifice. The expenses of a trust in this condition are nominal and limited to what is actually necessary to proper and careful attention to the matters in abeyance. Titles to property pass through a receiver and the courts, but final dividends are sometimes paid from the office of the Comptroller, especially in the event of a considerable lapse of time after a receiver has realized upon all available assets.
By. comparison with the report of 1890 it will be observed that only one of the banks then reported on the inactive list has been stricken out. It is expected that the unsettled affairs of most of those in the list will be disposed of within the next year and tise receiverships formally terminated.

The following is a list of receiverships in an inactive condition:

| Name and location of bank. | Date of appointment of receiver. | Dividends paid: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per cent. 28.50 |
| First National Bank, Anderson, Ind | Aug. 26, 1884 |  |
| Third National Bank, Chicago, Ill | Noт. 24, 1877 | * 100 |
| Central National Bank, Chicago, Inl | Dec. 1,3877 | . 60 |
| First'National Bank of Union Mills, Union City, Pa | Mar. 24, 1883 | 70 |
| German-American National Bank, Washington, D. | Nov. 1, 1878 | 50 |
| First National Bank, Monmouth, Ml | Apr. 22, 1884 | *100 |
| Mechanics' National Bank, Newark, N. J | Nov. 2, 1881 | 67.405 |
| First National Bank, Jivingston, Mon | Aug. 25, 1884 | 95 |
| First National Bank, Pine Bluff, Ark. | Nov. 20, 1886 |  |
| First National Bank, Buffalo, N. Y | Apr. 22, 1882 | 43. 50 |
| First National Bank, Leadville, Colo | Jan. 24, 1884 | 40 |
| First National Bank, St. Albans, Vt | Apr. 22, 1884 | 25 |
| Tirst National Bank, Sio ix Falls, S. D | Mar. 11, 1886 | ${ }_{96}^{40}$ |
| Fifth National Bank, St. Louis, Mo | Nov. 15, 1887 | 96 |

* And interest. Meeting of shareholders called.

The total number of national banks organized since February 25 , 1863, is 4,648 , of which 3,694 are now in operation, 954 having passed out of the system, accounted for as follows:


BANKS IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.
National banks complying with United States statutes are permitted to go into voluntary liquidation, and in some instances, when affairs
"Forty-four of these have been reorganized.
nave been partially closed, the Comptroller has been requested to permit resumption of business, the same title and charter number being retained. The reasons for such requests are generally based upon an unexpected appreciation in the value of assets, a desire to avoid sacrifices seemingly unnecessary, a change of management found to be important, and a desire to retain the title for its business value.

The Supreme Court of the United States has held that a national bank in voluntary liquidation is not dissolved as a corporation, and may bring suit or defend for the purpose of winding up its business (Banis vs. Insurance Company, 104 U. S., 54), and section 7 of the act approved July 12, 1882, provides:


#### Abstract

That national banking associations whose corporate existence has expired or shall hereafter expire, and which do not avail themselves of the provisions of this act, shall be required to comply with the provisions of sections 5221 and 5222 of the Revised Statutes in the same manner as if the shareholders had voted to go into liquidation, as provided in section 5220 of the Revised Statntes; and the provisions of sections 5224 and 5225 of the Revised Statates shall also be applicable to such associations, except as modifed by this act; and the franchise of such associations is heroly extended for the sole purpose of liquidating their affairs until such affairs are finally closed.


It has been held by the courts that under act of Congress approved July 12, 1882, extending for the purpose of liquidation the franchises of such national bankiag associations as do not request an extension of their corporate existence, and making applicable to them the statutes relating to the liquidation of similar banking associations, the shareholders may continue to elect officers and directors for the purpose of effecting liquidation. In the case referred to, the court held that the right to elect directors and such other officers as are usually chosen by a business corporation is a part of the corporate franchise, and that when the franchise is extended, although for a limited purpose, the corporation may exercise all the powers originally conferred upon it which are appropriate for that purpose, among which is the election of directors, the right to manage its own affairs belonging to the bank through the shareholders, and not to those who by accident are found to be directors in possession.

In 1468 the question arose as to whether the Comptroller of the Currency had authority to permit a national bank in voluntary liquidation to resume all its corporate powers, the request having been made by a bank which had been permitted to go into voluntary liquidation, the shareholders having rescinded a former resolution, and requesting leave to withdraw notice to the Comptroller of a desire to liquidate the affairs of the bank. The matter was referred to the Department of Justice, and the opinion was rendered that resumption of business under such circumstances would involve too many grave consequences to admit of the supposition that such an event was contemplated by Congress, or that it was consisteut with the law.

It has been strongly urged, however, that inasmuch as the association does not lose its corporate entity prior to a disposition of the last remaining asset, title and charter number having been preserved, and the association having been inactive as to new business only, retroactive action by shareholders owning two-thirds of the stock, relative to resumption of business, should be equally potential with the original resolution as to voluntary liquidation, inasmuch as the Comptroller is not inhibited by the law from taking cognizance of such action.

By reference to the statute above quoted it will be seen that associtions which do not avail themselves of the provisions of the act for FI $91-25$
extension of corporate existence are required to comply with the provisions applicable to associations in voluntary liquidation consequent upon the action of shareholders, and that the franchises of the class first mentioned are extended for the sole purpose of liquidation. It seems improbable that Congress intended to make a distinction between associations in liquidation by reason of the action or non-action of shareholders, although in the first instance the language of the statute is that the association may be closed, and in the other it is more clearly indicated that the association is to be closed.

Even if it could be conclusively shown that the Comptroller can legally permit a bank in voluntary liquidation to resume business, there would be insuperable objections to the exercise of such authority, arising out of a consideration of those principles which underlie a sound public policy with respect to the security of the depositors and creditors of national banks under existing law. Whenever depositors and creditors are paid in full, shareholders are released from the stock liability prescribed by section 5151 of the Revised Statutes; and, if the association should be resuscitated, by what processs could this liability be reassumed or enforced? Furthermore, the convertible assets having been realized to liquidaté indebtedness, the doubtful alone remain to represent the interests of shareholders, and as constituting a part of the capital would be a constant menace to the welfare of the association.

DIRECTORS.
All the powers of a national banking association are exercised through its board of directors. As a general rule it may be said that associations will prosper just in proportion as their directors are intelligent and faithful. The details of the business must of course be in charge of its officers, and the duty of selecting these is one of the greatest responsibilities devolved upon the board, for unless the active managers are skillful, honest, and attentive the affairs of the association can not prosper.

With the selection of a proper corps of officers the duties of the directors are well beguri, but this is far from constituting all that is required of them.

A recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States has attracted attention to the fact that the duties and responsibilities of directors of national banks are now ill defined. Without any purpose to enter into a discussion of the decision in the case mentioned (Briggs vs. Spaulding, et al), the Comptroller desires to say that legislation should make these duties so clear and unequivocal that no person of intelligence could plead ignorance of the requirements of the position.

National banks deriving their franchises from the General Government have in the past been conducted with conspicuous fidelity and have afforded unexampled security to those who have made them the depositary of their funds. While these facts are well known to all who have access to statistics upon the subject, there is still room for progress in the direction of security. No matter what safeguards are provided their enforcement must necessarily be committed to human agencies, and these are often unskillful and occasionally corrupt.

Experience shows that governmental supervision of national banks has been in the past of very great service in promoting safe and conservative banking, although its value is neither fully understood nor
appreciated. Upon the durectors, however, properly rests the responsibility of management, and any plan which contemplates relieving them in this respect is false in principle and will be found vicious in practice. Neither can they be safely permitted to delegate their powers and responsibilities to others, nor neglect them with impunity. If the provisions of existing law permit directors of national banks to escape liability for losses resulting from transactions forbidden by the national bank act by pleading ignorance of such transactions, while such ignorance is the result of neglect of the affairs of the associations committed to their charge, it will be useless to expect in the future any better results than have been experienced in the past. As a matter of fact the greatest difficulty experienced by the Comptroller in promoting the successful management of the associations coming under his supervision has resulted from his inability to inspire the directors of national banks with a proper realization of the duties which they owe to the shareholders whom they have consented to serve and the creditors whom they have engaged to protect. The greatest obstacles to be overcome are neglect and inattention. In far too many associations boards of directors never meet except upon the occasions when dividends are to be declared, and even this is sometimes unlawfully attempted without necessary action upon their part.

In other cases there is a disposition exhibited by directors to monopolize the loans and discounts of the bank, thus converting to their own use the funds of others entrusted to their keeping, thereby exposing the bank to losses by reason of want of proper distribution of its loans and subjecting to inconvenience those customers of the bank who are not favored with a place at the directors' table. Such inattention and selfishness are too often the characteristics of bank directors and are productive of serious consequences, but when accompanied, as they sometimes are, by lack of integrity the most direful results are realized.

In relation to no matter counected with the conduct of national banks is legislation more imperatively demanded than in making plain the duties of those who accept the position of directors.

If to absent themselves from the bank and from the meetings of the board aftords safe grounds of defense when it is sought to hold them accountable for losses which their presence and reasonable oversight would have prevented, then the public have been grossly deceived as to the measure of duty which shareholders and creditors may properly demand of officers to whom such important trusts have been committed. If the board of directors may safely neglect everything connected with the conduct of a bank except the election of officers and the declaration of dividends, then the law is greatly at fault. "Such a complete abdication of powers ought not to go unrebuked and unpunished. All other saleguards will prove of little value if the chosen and only representatives of the shareholders may lawfully refise and neglect to give the interests committed to their care such attention and supervision as successful proprietorship has at all times demanded.

## LEGAL DECISIONS.

A digest of the most prominent national-bank cases will be found in the Appendix, ${ }^{*}$ page 91 , decisions by the courts having been added from year to year. This digest is intended to furnish the management of national banks with a convenient source of reference and to accommodate
the general public, mucn correspondence with the office being thus avoided which would otherwise be necessary.

A very important case was decided by the Supreme Court of the United States during the last term affecting the liability of directors of national banks with respect to negligence and inattention to duty.

## TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK AND OTHER CLEARING-HOUSE ASSOCTATIONS.

The present membership of the New York Clearing-House Association comprises 45 national banks, 18 State banks, and the subtreasury at New York; sixty-four members in all. There are 50 national and 44 State banks in New York City, and 5 national and 26 State banks not being members, clear through other banks which are members of the association.

The following information with respect to the operations of the clear-ing-house associations in the United States has been kindly furnished, upon request, by Mr. W. A. Camp, manager of the Clearing-House Association at New York Oity:

Comparative Statement for Two Years of the Transactions of the New York Clearing-House, Showing Aggregate Amount of Clearings, Aggregatr Balances, and the Kinds-and Amounts on Money Passing in Settlement of these Balances.

| Yearended= | Aggregate clearings. | Aggregate balances. | Kinds of money and amount of each kind. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | U. S. gold certificates. | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { Treasury } \\ \text { notes. } \end{gathered}$ | Treasury certificates forlegal tonders, sec. 5193, U. S. Revised Statutes. | Legal tenders and minor coin. | Percentages to balances. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Gold certifi. cates. | Legal tenders. |
| Oct. 1, 1890. | Dollars. 37, 660, 686, 572 | Dollars. 1, $758,040,145$ | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | 99.0 | 1.0+ |
| Oct. 1, 1891.. | 34, 053, 698, 77.0 | 1, 584, 635, 500 | 1, 028, 443, 000 | 102, 435, 000 | $\dagger 353,510,000$ | 100, 247, 500 | $64.9+$ | 35.1- |
| Increase. |  |  |  | 95, 521, 000 | †348, 515, 000 | 94, 432, 355 |  |  |
| Decrease... - | 3, 606, 987, 802 | 168, 404, 645 | 706, 873, 000 |  |  |  |  |  |

[^41]The following is a comparative statement of transactions of the New York Clearing House for thirty-eight years, and shows for each year the number of banks, aggregate capital, clearings and balances, average of the daily clearings and balances, and the percentage of balances to clearings:

| Year. | No. of banks. | Capital.* | Clearings. | Balances paid in money. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { daily } \\ & \text { clearings. } \end{aligned}$ | Average dally balin money. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bal- } \\ \text { ances to } \\ \text { clear. } \\ \text { ings. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 616463646463636463 |  | \$5, 750, 455, 989 | \$297, 411, 494 | \$19, 104, 505 | - ${ }^{\$ 9888} \mathbf{9} 07078$ | Per ct. |
| 1854 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 48,484,180 \\ 48,88,180 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 52,883,700 | 6,906, 213, 328 | 334, 714, 489 | 22, 278, 108 | 1,079, 724 | 4.8 |
|  |  | 64, 420, 200 | 8 8,333,226, 718 | - $365,313,902$ | ${ }^{26,968,371}$ | 1, 1822, 246 | 4. 4 |
| 1858 1859 |  | ${ }_{67} 7,146,018$ | 4,766,664, 386 | 314, 238,911 | 15, 393, 736 |  | 6 |
|  |  | 69,907, 435 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$, | 380 | $\xrightarrow{23,401,757}$ | 1, 1772944 | 5.6 |
| 1861 |  | 68, 900, 605 | 5, $9151,742,758$ | 353, 383, 944 | 19,269, 520 | 1,151, 088 | 6.0 |
|  |  | 根 $68,375,820$ | \%,871,443,591 | ${ }^{415,539,331}$ | ${ }^{22,237,682}$ | 1, 344,758 | ${ }^{6.0}$ |
|  |  | 68,586 , | 24, 097, 196, 656 | 8855, 719, 205 | 981,455 | 2, 866,405 | 3.7 |
| 1865 |  | 80, 863,013 | 26,032, 384, 342 | 1, $035,765,108$ | - 84, 996,040 |  | 2 |
| 1867 |  | ${ }^{81}$ | 28, $275,159,472$ | 1, 144, 963, 451 | -93, 101, | 3,717,414 |  |
| 1868 |  | 82, 270, 200 | 28,484, 288, 637 | 1, 125, 455, 237 | 92, 182, 164 | 3, 642,250 |  |
| 1869 |  | 82, 720, 200 | 37, 407, 1228,987 | 1,120, 318, | 121, 451, 393 | 3,637,397 |  |
|  |  | 83, 620, 200 | 27, 804, 539, 4 | 1, $036,484,822$ | 90, 274, 479 | 365, 210 |  |
|  |  | 84,420 | 2 | 1,209, ${ }^{1}$ | -95, 133,074 |  |  |
| 1873 |  | 83, 370,200 | ${ }^{35}$, $441,1052,826$ | 1, $1774,508,025$ | 115, 885 , 794 | 4, 818,634 |  |
| 1874 |  | $81,635,2$ | 22, 855, 927, 636 | 1,286,753, 176 | ${ }^{74} 4,692,574$ | 4, 205, 076 |  |
|  |  | -80,435, | ${ }_{21}^{25,061,} 597274,274$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,408,6082}$ |  | 4, 4 , 603,297 |  |
| 1877 |  | 71, 085 , | 23, 289, 243,701 | 1, $373,996,302$ | 76, 358, 176 | 4, 504,906 |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{63}$, 611, 5 | 22, 598, 438, | 1,307, 843 | ${ }^{73,555,988}$ | 4, 274,000 |  |
|  |  | 60, 4755,200 | 37,182, 128, 621 | 1, 11616588,631 | 121, 510, 224 | 4, ${ }^{4}, 956,009$ |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{61,162,700}$ | ${ }_{48}{ }^{4}, 565,518,818,212$ | 1, 776,018, 162 | 159, 2322,191 | 5, 823, 010 |  |
|  |  | $60,962,700$ $61.162,700$ | 40, 293, 165, 258 | 1, $1,568,983,196$ | 132, 5433,307 |  |  |
|  |  | 60,412,700 | 34, 092, 037, 3 | 1,524,930, 994 | 111, 488,982 | 4,967, 202 |  |
|  |  | 58, 512,700 | 25, 250, 791, 440 | 1, 2959,355, | 82, 789, 480 | 4, 247,069 |  |
| 1886 |  | $59,312,700$ 60882,700 | $33,374,682,216$ <br> $34,872,848,786$ | 1, $569,626,3625$ | 114, 387, 209 | ${ }_{5}{ }_{5}^{4}, 1465316$ |  |
|  |  | $60,762,700$ | 30, 863, 686, | 1, 570, 198, 528 | 101, 192, 415 | 5, 148, 192 |  |
|  |  | 00 |  | 1, $1,733,040,145$ | 123, 1274,139 | 㐌, 728,889 |  |
| 891 |  | 60,772, 700 | 34, $053,698,770$ | 1, 5844,635 , 500 | 111, 651,471 | 5, 195, 526 |  |
| Tot |  | +68, 493, 207 | $\ddagger \ddagger 950317,307,349$ | \$42, 424, 129, 850 | +81, 615, 572 | +3,644,226 | 4.4 |

*The capital is for varions dates, the amounts at a uniform date in each year not being obtainable.
$\dagger$ Yearly averago for 38 years. $\quad \ddagger$ 'Cotals for 38 years.
The clearing-house transactions of the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York for the year ended October 1, 1891, were as follows:

| Exchanges recelved from clearing ho | \$334, 374, 650.88 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Exchanges delivered to clearing house | 129, 791, 449.74 |
| Balances paid to clearing house | 204, 860, 215.84 |
| Balances received from clearing lrouse | 277, 014. 70 |

Showing that the amount paid by the assistant treasurer to the clear-
ing house was in excess of the amount received by him
204, 583, 201.14
The debit balances were paid to the clearing house, as follows:


Comparative Statement of the Exchanges of the Clearing Houses of the United States for October, 1891, and October, 1890.

| Clearing house at- | Exchanges for month ended- |  | Comparisons. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October 31, 1891. | October 31, 1890. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| New York | \$3, 282, 109, 627 | \$3, 566, 533, 434 |  | \$284, 423, 807 |
| Boston | 455, 197, 952 | 483, 897, 338 |  | 28, 699, 386 |
| Philadelphia | 311, 008, 476 | 339, 768, 781 |  | 28, 755, 305 |
| Chicago .... | 421, 521, 165 | 405, 679, 991 | \$15, 841, 174 |  |
| St. Loujs. | 104, 433, 739 | 99, 714, 641 | 4, 719, 098 |  |
| San Francisco | 83, 146, 979 | 84, 285,069 |  | 1, 138,090 |
| Baltimore | 63, 803, 118 | 66, 887, 827 |  | 3,084, 709 |
| Pittsburg | 63, 546, 000 | 74, 763,561 |  | 11, 217,561 |
| Cincinnati | 60, 666, 500 | 59, 381, 150 | 1,285, 350 |  |
| New Orleans | 46, 079, 497 | $50,454,449$ |  | 4,374,952 |
| Kansas City | 46, 745,573 | 45, 334, 589 | 1,410,984 |  |
| Louisvidle .: | 29, 481, 918 | 33, 526, 734 |  | 4, 044, 816 |
| Providence | 26, 730, 600 | 27, 272, 100 |  | 541,500 |
| Milwaukeo | 34, 251, 767 | 40, 873, 860 |  | 6,622,093 |
| Minneapolis | 43, 743, 501 | 40, 100, 396 | 3, 643, 105 |  |
| Denver | 21, 049,893 | 21,538, 919 |  | 480, 026 |
| St. Paul | 24, 710, 213 | 21, 653, 655 | 3, 056, 558 |  |
| Omata. | 19; 970, 064 | $24,444,498$ |  | 4, 474,434 |
| Cleveland | 24,370, 375 | 26, 385,557 |  | 2, 015, 182 |
| Detroit | 30, 632, 199 | 29, 293, 400 | 1, 338, 799 |  |
| Buffalo | 37, 663, 592 | 36, 168, 981 | 1, 494, 611 |  |
| Memphis | 14, 888, 843 | 12, 053, 540 | 2,835, 303 |  |
| Cohambus | 14, 834, 300 | 16, 055, 000 |  | 1, 220,700 |
| Richmond | - 10,516,696 | 10, 154, 057 | 362, 639 |  |
| Indianapoli | 17, 091., 274 | 20, 485, 471 |  | 3, 394, 197 |
| Hartford | 9, 810, 105 | 8,970, 715 | 839,390 |  |
| Daluth | 8,327, 648 | 10,635, 672 |  | 2, 308, 024 |
| Peoria | 8, 149, 047 | 8, 654, 285 |  | 505,238 |
| Galveston | 52, 433,043 | 40, 029, 260 | 12,403, 777 |  |
| St. Joseph | 7, 426, 700 | 7, 166, 387 | 260,313 |  |
| New Haren | 7, 114, 967 | 6, 304, 301 | 810,666 |  |
| Springfield | - 6, 104, 811 | 6, 322, 670 |  | 217,859 |
| Worcester | $5,875,876$ | 6, 209, 927 |  | 334, 051 |
| Portland | $5,817,287$ | 6, 278, 028 |  | 480, 741 |
| Norfolk. | $5,819,963$ | 7,176,869 |  | 1,356,906 |
| Syraense. | 4, 056, 693 | 4, 173, 072 |  | 116,379 |
| Los Angeles | 3, 778, 837 | 3, 243, 121 | 535,716 |  |
| Wichita | 2, 471, 072 | 3,298, 848 |  | 827,776 |
| Lowell........ | 4, 479,510 | 4, 067, 084 | 412, 426 |  |
| Grand Rapids | 4, 490, 406 | 3, 473, 626 | 1,016,770 |  |
| Topela | 1, 899,204 | 2, 106, 831 |  | 207, 627 |
| Sionx City | 4,422,626 | 4, 803, 259 |  | 380, 633 |
| Tacoma | 5, 014, 412 | 5,379, 615 |  | 335, 203 |
| Seatfle.. | 4, 068, 138 | $5,444,627$ |  | 1,376,489 |
| Rochester | - 6,550,918 | 6, 833, 410 |  | 282, 492 |
| Salt Lake | $\cdots \quad 6,649,649$ | 7, 123, 350 |  | 473,701 |
| Houston | *28, 753, 049 | New . . . . . . . . |  |  |
| Total | 5,453,014, 773 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,794,396,971 \\ & 5,453,014,773 \end{aligned}$ | 52, 26f, 679 | $\begin{array}{r} 393,648,877 \\ 52,266,679 \end{array}$ |
| Decrease. |  | 341, 382, 198 |  | 341, 382, 198 |

*Omitted in footing,

Comparative Statement of the Exchanges of the Clearing Houses of the United States for weeks ended. October 31, 1891, and October 31, 1890.

| Clearing house at- | - Exchanges for week ended- |  | Comparisons. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | October 31, 1891. | October 31, 1890. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| New York | \$687, 083,289 | \$781, 139, 807 |  | \$94, 056,578 |
| Boston. | 92,841,697 | .104, 327, 201 |  | 11,485, 504 |
| Philadelphia | 66,456,330 | $68,223,404$ |  | 1, 767,074 |
| Chicago.. | 89, 692, 167 | 87, 196, 991 | 2, 495, 176 |  |
| St. Louis ..... | 21, 865,936 | 21, 169, 672 | 696, 264 |  |
| San Francisco | 17, 971, 744 | 20,506, 150 |  | 2,534,406 |
| Baltimore | 13, 588, 763 | 12, 935, 819 | 652,944 |  |
| Pittsburg. | 13, 622, 345 | 15, 520, 963 |  | 1, 898, 618 |
| Circinnati | 13,200, 800 | 12, 485, 200 | 715, 600 |  |
| New Orleans | 10,610, 135 | 12, 466, 712 |  | 1,850, 577 |
| Kansas City | 10, 661,-074 | 10, 717,260 | 489, 814 |  |
| Louisville. <br> Providence | $6,190,003$ $7,190,600$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,328,052 \\ & 5,352,900 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 837, 700 | 1,138, 049 |
| Milwaukee | 7, 704,661 | 8, 958,323 | 1,81, | $1,253,662$ |
| Minueapoli | 9, 247, 600 | 8, 641, 646 | 605, 954 |  |
| Denver | 4, 327, 933 | 4, 111, 679 | 216, 253 |  |
| St. Paul | $5,224,413$ | 5, 119,316 | 105, 097. |  |
| Omaha. | 4, 763, 503 | $5,954,614$ $5,426,443$ |  | 1, 191, 311 |
| Detroit, | 6, 6011509 | 5, 636, 223 | 1, 025,286 |  |
| Butfalo | 8, 269, 498 | 7, 620, 878 | 643, 620 |  |
| Memphis | 3,782, 11.4 | 3, 407,562 | 374, 552 |  |
| Columbus | 3.155, 400 | 4, 228, 900 |  | - $1,073,500$ |
| Richmond | 2, 359, 247 | 1, 951, 834 | 407, 413 |  |
| Indianapol | 4,533,343 | 4, 113,720 | 219,623 |  |
| Hartford | 1, 809,902 | 1, 902, 037 |  | 92, 135 |
| Duluth | 1, 769, 613 | 2, 471, 524 |  | 701, 911 |
| Peoria | 1, 699, 396 | 1, 900, 762 |  | 201,366 |
| Galveston | 9, 449,603 | 7, 885, 290 | 1,564,313 |  |
| St. Joseph . New Haven | $1,598,393$ $1,299,023$ | $1,687,125$ $1,210,503$ |  | 88, 732 |
| Springfield | 1, 235, 1.64 | 1,266, 741 |  | 411,577 |
| Worcester | 1,217,500 | 1, 391, 249 |  | 173,749 |
| Portland | 1,323, 802 | 1,395, 244 |  | 71, 442 |
| Norfolk. | 1, 354,838 | 1, 662,645 |  | 307, 807 |
| Syracuso | 843, 910 | 955, 239 |  | 111,329 |
| Los Angeles | 978, 279 | 888, 473 | -89,806 |  |
| Wichita | 530,314 884,575 | 695,803 $1,083,340$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 165,489 \\ & 109 \end{aligned}$ |
| Grand Rapids | 817,782 | 700, 651 | 111, 131 |  |
| Topeka ... | 385, 407 | 410, 438 |  | 25,031 |
| Sioux City | 957, 978 | 1,076, 783 |  | 118,805 |
| Tacoma. | 976,341 | 1, 247, 407 |  | 271,006 |
| Rochestor | 1,850, 152 | 1, 465,414 |  | 109, 26 |
| Salt Lake. | 1,431,760 | 1,403;983 | 27,777 |  |
| Houston. | 5, 914, 100 | 6, 021, 376 |  | 107, 276 |
| Total | 1,154, 961,966 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,264,091,950 \\ & 1,154,961,966 \end{aligned}$ | 12, 366, 843 | $\begin{array}{r} 121,496,827 \\ 12,366,843 \end{array}$ |
| Decrease. |  | 109, 129, 984 |  | 109, 129, 984 |

The following table shows the transactions of the clearing houses located in forty-seven cities for the year ended September 30, 1891, from official returns received from the manager of the New York ClearingHouse Association, comparisons being made with the year ended September 30,1890 , the increase or decrease in the exchanges being indicated. Similar information with respect to balances was not obtainable:

Comparative Stambidity of the Exchanges of the Clearing Houses of the United States for the Years ended September 30, 1891, and Shptember 30, 1890.

| Clearing house at- | Exchanges for years euded- |  | Comparisons. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September 30, | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } 30 \text {, } \\ 1890 . \end{gathered}$ | Increase. | Decrease. |
| New York | \$34, 053, 698, 770 | $\$ 37,660,686,572$ |  | \$3, 606, 987, 802 |
| Boston | 4, 795, 594, 052 | 5, 102, 28 ${ }_{\text {L, }} 307$ |  | 306, 687, 255 |
| Philadelphia | 3, 372, 915, 551 | 3, 701, 919, 517 |  | 329, 003, 960 |
| Chicago. | 4, 338, 693, 167 | 3, 902, 529, 694 | \$436, 163, 473 |  |
| St. Louis | 1, $1.24,330,218$ | 1,093, 537, 693 | 30, 792,525 |  |
| San Francisco | 905, 864, 727 | 846, 602, 454 | 59, 262, 273 |  |
| Baltimore. | 724, 710, 877 | 742, 018,356 |  | 17, 307, 479 |
| Pittisburg | 699, 447, 762 | 768, 287, 372 |  | 68, 839,610 |
| Cincinuati | 655, 896 , 900 | ${ }^{633}, 753,600$ | 22, 143,300 |  |
| Nexv Orleans | $532,110,103$ <br> $4.51,745$ | -525, 4847,794 | 6,862,309 | 35, 762,356 |
| Louisville | 367, 501, 443 | 399, 788,145 |  | 32, 286, 702 |
| Providence | 276, 980, 218 | 266, 073, 300 | 10,906, 918 |  |
| Milwaukee | 338, 884, 381 | 313, $4.80,592$ | 25, 403, 789 |  |
| Minneapolis | 343, 247, 803 | 286, 093, 080 | 57, 154,723 |  |
| Denver | 228, 393, 982 | 249, 909, 843 |  | 21, 515, 861 |
| St. Paul | 227, 802, 173 | 225, 649, 301 | 2, 152, 872 |  |
| Omaha. | 218 446, 893 | $245,486,446$ |  | 27,039,553 |
| Clevelan | 264, 540, 1.95 | 251. 299, 223 | 13, 24, ,972. |  |
| Detroit | 310, 737, 141 | 280, 982, 983 | 23, 754, 158 |  |
| Buffalo. | $386,012,271$ $127,310,014$ | $\begin{aligned} & 291,749,637 \\ & 130,738,365 \end{aligned}$ | 94, 262, 634 | 3,428,351 |
| Columbus. | 157, 559, 500 | 148, 473,620 | 9,085, 880 |  |
| Richmond | 117,390, 654 | 111, 204, 426 | 6, 186, 228 |  |
| Indianapolis | 103, 555, 836 | 106, 195, 064 | 6, | 2, 630,228 |
| Hartford | 104, 306, 617 | 105, 769, 716 |  | 1, 463, 090 |
| Duluth | 102, 676,553 | 96, 618,952 | 6, 057, 601 |  |
| Peoria. | 88, 619, 276 | 80, 084, 079 | 8,535, 197 |  |
| Galveston | 304, 153, 201 | 108, 290, 369 | 195, 862, 832 |  |
| St. Joseph | 77, 661, 162 | 76, 148, 819 | 1,512,343 |  |
| New Haven | 70,343, 940 | 67, 150,497 | 3, 193,443 |  |
| Springfield | ${ }_{61}^{63,624,280}$ | 64, 874,184 |  | 1,249,898 |
| Portland | 63, 512,780 | 60,469,620 | 2, $3,043,1.60$ |  |
| Norfolk. | 56, 71.0, 906 | 43, 331,055 | 13, 379, 851 |  |
| Syracuse | 44, 904, 345 | 40, 111, 353 | 4, 792, 992 |  |
| Los Angeles | 37, 097, 422 | 31, 020,264 | 6, 077 , 158 |  |
| Wichita | 27, 849, 364 | 38,222, 619 |  | 10,373, 255 |
| Lowell. | 41, 114, 780 | 37,482, 036 | 3, 632, 744 |  |
| Grand Rapid | 42, 265, 678 | 36, 666, 065 | 5,599, 613 |  |
| Topeka | 19, 921, 416 | 19, 071, 545 | 849, 871 |  |
| Sioux City | 50, 557, 862 | 45,513, 287 | 5, 044, 575 |  |
| Seattle. | 51,945,910 | $40,683,662$ $54,185,684$ | 9, 700, 028 | 2,239,774 |
| Rochester | 75, 781, 369 | New .... | 75, 781, 369 |  |
| Salt Lake | 80, 845, 166 | New | 80, 845, 166 |  |
| Houston | 163, 893, 754 | New | 163, 893, 754 |  |
| Total | 56, 803, 253, 957 | $\begin{aligned} & 59,882,477,513 \\ & 56,803,253,957 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 387, 600, 633 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{4}, 466,824,189 \\ & \mathbf{1}, 387,600,633 \end{aligned}$ |
| Decrease. |  | 3, 079, 223, 556 |  | 3, $079,223,550$ |

It will be observed that as compared with the previous year there was a decrease in the volume of exchanges amounting to over $\$ 3,000,000,000$, and that nearly the whole of such decrease occurred in the three principal eastern cities. The exchanges in New York amounted to about 60 per cent of the whole sum for the United States.

A table will be found on page 171 of the Appendix,* compiled from returns made to the Clearing House by the national banksin New York City, exhibiting the movement of their reserve, weekly, during October, for the last fifteen years.

## STATE, SAVINGS, PRIVATE BANKS, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES.

In addition to reporting the condition of associations organized under national authority, the law provides that the Comptroller of the Currency shall procure and publish in his anmal report to Congress statements exhibiting the condition of banks, banking companies, and savings banks organized under State and Territorial laws; and through the courtesy of public officials, in all but 18 of the States and Territories, this Bureau has been favored with statements of condition of such banking institutions. It has been the custom for the past few. years to add to information of that character similar returns from banks in States in which examinations are not authorized by law and reports of condition exacted. Such information is procured through direct correspondence with each bank and banker, over 5,500 having been requested to furnish statements for this report.

While there is an apparent reluctance upon the part of proprietors of private banks to submit reports of their condition, officers of incorporated institutions report so generally that the returns herewith given represent over 93 per cent of these institutious stated to be in operation, and unquestionably a larger percentage of their total banking resources. During the year ended January 1, 1891, there was an inerease of 606 over the prior year in number of banks organized, and an increase of 583 in the number from which reports have been received this year, indicating that the field is practically covered by the returns herewith published. Deviating in a measure from the plan of tabulating these reports as heretofore given (official and unofficial returns having been abstracted and compiied separately), it has been deemed best to consolidate all reports of each class of banks by States, simply indicating official and unofficial returns by proper references.

Including reports made by private banks and bankers, statements representing the resources and liabilities of 4,989 incorporated and private banking institutions have been received, the aggregate resources amounting to $\$ 3,448,785,431$, the principal items of assets being $\$ 805$,901,113 , loans on real estate; $\$ 413,938,942$ on collateral security other than real estate; $\$ 840,567,612$ other loans and discounts; $\$ 157,933,522$ United States bonds; $\$ 327,172,153$ State, county, and municipal bonds; $\$ 384,888,905$ railroad, bank, and other stocks and bonds; $\$ 212,520,844$ due from banks and bankers; $\$ 85,804,914$ real estate, etc.; $\$ 165,634,081$ cash on hand. The aggregate capital employed amounts to $\$ 356,749,315$; surplus and undivided profits, $\$ 304,624,493$; deposits, $\$ 2,661,752,961$.

Of the 4,989 reports, 2,572 are made by commercial institutions, classified in this compilation. as State banks, having an aggregate capital of $\$ 208,564,841$; surplus and undivided profits, $\$ 81,116,533$; deposits, $\$ 556,637,012$.

Reports from 171 loan and trust companies show their aggregate resources to be $\$ 536,628,202$. The capital of these companies is $\$ 79$,292,889 ; surplus and undivided profits, $\$ 55,503,845$; and deposits, $\$ 355,330,080$.

Especial interest attaches to the operations and condition of savings banks, the repositories of the accumulations of the wage-earners, in view of the extent of the obligations of these institutions and partic-

[^42]ularly as their deposits represent nearly 90 per cent of their entire liabilities. Including the 364 stock savings banks, reports of condition have been received from 1,011 savings banks and savings institutions. Of the 647 non-capitalized institutions, classed as mutual, all butt 11 are located in the New England and Middle States, while of those with capital but 28 are to be found in that section, the remainder, 336 , being in the Southern and Western States and Territories.

The aggregate resources of all savings banks amount to $\$ 1,854,517,-$ 069 , of which loans on real estate amount to $\$ 687,583,977$; loans on collateral security other than real estate, $\$ 93,679,153$; and other loans and discounts, $\$ 198,134,045$. The following figures represent their investments in bonds, stocks, etc.: In United States bonds, $\$ 139,267,045$; State, county, and manicipal bonds, $\$ 320,278,708$; in all ${ }^{\circ}$ other bonds and stock, $\$ 268,994,583$. The amount invested in real estate is $\$ 30,438$,232 , and the funds with other banks and cash on hand, $\$ 70,660,882$ and $\$ 29,720,473$, respectively. Of the liabilities of these 1,011 institutions, $\$ 32,106,127$ represents their capital, $\$ 155,857,493$ surplus and undivided profits, $\$ 1,623,079,749$ savings deposits, and $\$ 31,746,393$ other deposits. The interest paid by mutual institutions ranges from 2 to 4 per cent, and by stock savings banks from 2 to 6 per cent, the average rate paid by the latter slightly exceeding, apparently, the rate paid by mutual institutions, while the deposits held by the mutuals are about 75 per cent of the total deposits in both classes.

Of the 2,500 reports of condition made to this Bureau directly, 1,235 were submitted by private banks and bankers, having an aggregate capital of $\$ 36,785,458$; surplus and undivided profits, $\$ 12,146,622$; deposits, $\$ 94,959,727$.

The following tables present summaries of this information:
Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of all State Banks, Loan and Trust Companies, and Savings and Private Banks, 1890-91.

|  | State banks. | Loan and trust companies. | Savings banks. | Private banks. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2,572 banks. | 171 banks. | 1,011 banks. | 1, 235 banks. | 4,989 banks. |
| RESOURCES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans on real estate | \$37, 247, 244 | \$65, 072, 641 | \$687, 583, 977 | \$15, 997, 251 | \$805, 901, 113 |
| Loans on collateral security other than real estate. $\qquad$ | 78, 509, 230 | 225,012, 238 | 93, 679,158 | 16,738, 321 | 413, 938, 942 |
| Other loans and discounts. | 507, 461, 243 | 66, 791, 541 | 198, 134, 045 | $68,180,783$ | 840, 567, 612 |
| Overdrafts | 4,044, 702 | 105,608 | 286, 254 | 2, 475, 025 | 6,911,589 |
| United States bonds | 1, 100, 307 | 16, 057, 01.5 | 139, 267, 045 | 1,509, 155 | 157, 983, 522 |
| State, county, and municipal bonds. | 2,156, 065 | 3, 828; 397 | 320, 278, 708 | 908, 983 | 327, 172, 153 |
| Railroad bonds and stocks.......... | 595, 572 | 29,771, 125 | 115, 991, 821 | 737, 239 | 147, 095, 757 |
| Bank stocks. | 426, 850 | 1, 159,776 | 45, 038, 880 | 634,140 | 47, 259, 596 |
| Other stocks and bonds | 37, 529, 420 | 43, 157, 008 | 107, 963,932 | 1,883, 192 | 190, 533, 552 |
| Due from other banks and bankers. | 82, 531,530 | 39, 948, 373 | $70,660,882$ | 19,380, 059 | 21.2, 520, 844 |
| Real estate, furniture, and fixtures. | 28, 791,441 | 17, 357, 290 | 30, 438, 232 | 9, 217, 951 | 85, 804, 914 |
| Current expenses and taxes paid.. | 2, 865,083 | 743, 684 | 971, 266 | 797, 326 | 5, 377, 359 |
| Cash and cash items. | 107, 453, 889 | 16, 482, 207 | 29,720, 473 | 11, 977, 512 | 165, 634, 081 |
| Other resources | 15, 281, 566 | 11,141, 299 | 14, 502, 451 | 1,209, 081 | 42, 134, 397 |
| Total. | 905,994, 142 | 536, 628, 202 | 1,854, 517,069 | 151, 646, 018 | 3, 448,785, 431 |
| LIABILITIES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock | 208, 564, 841 | 79,292, 889 | 32, 106, 127 | 36,785,458 | 356, 749, 315 |
| Surplus fund | 60, 006, 623 | 38, 412.197 | 130, 042, 098 | 8, 993, 987 | 237, 454,905 |
| Other undivided profits | 21, 109, 910 | 17, 091, 648 | 25, 815, 395 | $3,152,635$ | 67, 169,588 |
| Debenture bonds outstanding |  | 18,907, 550 |  |  | 18,907, 550 |
| State-bank notes outstanding | 110,534 |  |  |  | -110,534 |
| Dividends unpaid | 709, 830 | 88, 396 | 19,364 |  | 812, 590 |
| Individual cleposits | 556, 637, 012 | 355, 330, 080 | 31, 746, 393 | 94, 959, 727 | 1, 038, 673, 212 |
| Savings deposits |  |  | 1,623,079,749 |  | 1, 623, 079, 749 |
| Due to other banks and bankers | 38,826, 003 | 2, 210, 772 | 2, 766, 225 | 2,240,371. | 46, 043, 371 |
| Other liabilities ....................... | 20, 029, 389 | 25,299, 670 | 8, 941,718 | 5,513, 840 | 59, 784, 617 |
| Total. | 905, 994, 142 | 536, 628, 202 | 1,854,517,069 | 151, 646, 018 | $3,448,785,431$ |

Number, Captitat. Stocik, Surplus and Undivided Profits, and Deposits of all State banks, Loan and Trust Companies, and Savings (Mutual and S'pock) and Private Banis, 1890-'91.

| Classes. | No. banks. | Capital. | Surplus and undivided profits. | Deposits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State loanks. | 2,572 | \$208, 564, 841 | \$81, 116,533 | \$556, 637, 012 |
| Loan and trust companies | 171 | 79, 292, 889 | 55, 503, 845 | 355, 330, 080 |
| Savings banks (mutual) | 647 |  | 142, 456, 741 | 1, 402, 332, 665 |
| Savings banks (stock). | 364 | 32, 106, 127 | 13, 400, 752 | 252, 493, 477 |
| Private banks ........ | 1,235 | 36,785, 458 | 12, 146,622 | 94, 959, 727 |
| Total. | 4,989 | 356, 749, 315 | 304, 624, 493 | 2,661, 752,961 |

The following table exhibits by States and Territories the capital employed by national banks on July 9, 1891, and by the State, stock savings, private banks, and loan and trust companies at date of latest returns to this Bureau, the aggregate capital of all classes by States, and the total of each class and of all, from which it appears that the total capital amounts to $\$ 1,029,652,912$. The capital of the national banks is $\$ 672,903,597$, State banks $\$ 208,564,841$, stock savings banks $\$ 32,106,127$, private banks $\$ 36,785,458$, loan and trust companies $\$ 79,292,889$.

Table showing, by States and Territorins, the Capital of the National Banks on July 9, 1891, and of the State, Stock Savings, and Private banks and Loan and Trust Companies at date of latest Reports to this Bureau.

| STates and Territories. | National banks. | State banks. | Stock savings banks. | Private banks. | Loan and trust com. panies. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | \$10, 935, 000 |  |  |  | \$822, 900 | \$11, 757,900 |
| New Hampshire | 6,280, 000 |  |  |  | 1,580,500 | 7, 860, 500 |
| Vermont | 7, 210, 000 |  | \$654, 450 |  |  | 7, 864, 450 |
| Massachusetts | 97, 167, 500 |  |  |  | 7, 050, 000 | 104, 217, 500 |
| Rhode Island | 20, 184, 050 | \$1, 049, 602 |  |  | 2, 164, 400 | 23,398, 052 |
| Connecticut | 23, 274, 370 | 2, 34,0, 000 |  |  | 1, 030, 600 | 26, 650,970 |
| New York | 86, 666, 060 | 31, 370, 700 |  | \$717, 055 | 26, 387, 000 | 145, 140, 815 |
| New Jersey | 14, 313, 350 | 1,656, 666 |  |  | 1,510,840 | 17, 480, 856 |
| Pennsylvan | 71, 044, 211 | 8, 411, 200 | 1,113, 900 | 1,709, 229 | 24, 374, 821 | 106, 653,361 |
| Delaware | 2, 133, 985 | 680, 000 |  |  | 500, 000 | 3, 313,985 |
| Maryland | 16, 559, 750 | 1, 303, 150 | 413,870 | 188, 897 |  | 18, 465, 667 |
| District of Colu | 2,810,720 |  |  |  | 2,833,810 | 5, 644, 530 |
| Virginia | 4, 476; 300 | 5,775,660 |  |  |  | 10, 251, 960 |
| West Virgin | 2, 240, 270 | -969,225 | 50,000 |  |  | 3, 259, 495 |
| North Carolina | 2,631,170 | 1,848,722 | 40,000 | 286, 770 |  | -4,806, 662 |
| South Carolina | 1, 673, 000 | 1,342,948 | 324, 727 |  |  | 3, 340,675 |
| Georgia | 4,347, 890 | 3, 731,506 | 269, 200 | 481, 050 |  | 8,830, 246 |
| Florida.. <br> Alabama | $1,325,000$ $4,294,000$ | 584,300 814,400 | 80,000 150,000 | 74,003 352,000 |  | $2,063,303$ $5,610,400$ |
| Mississippi | 1, 160,000 | 3,268,095 |  |  |  | 4,428, 095 |
| Louisiana | 4, 430,500 | 2, 620, 200 | 100, 000 |  |  | 7,150, 700 |
| Texas | 25,492,800 | 475, 240 | 122, 460 | 1, 558, 972 |  | 27,649,472 |
| Arkansas | 1, 600, 000 | 1,130, 4.58 |  |  |  | 2, 730, 458 |
| Kentucky | 15, 194, 400 | 17, 902, 795 |  | 107, 500 |  | 33, 204,695 |
| Temnessee | 10, 330, 000 | 5, 016, 974 | 611,000 |  |  | 15, 957, 974 |
| Ohio. | 43, 444,000 | 4, 842,730 | 1,843,400 | 2, 702, 943 |  | 52, 833,073 |
| Indiana | 12,477, 000 | 2, 486, 183 |  | 3, 004, 646 |  | 17, 967, 829 |
| Illinois | 36,091, 750 | 4, 135,500 | 4, 997,000. | 4, 634, 573 | 3, 950, 000 | $53,808,823$ |
| Michigan | 15, 259,600 | 2, 147, 800 | 7,065,000 | 1., 216, 753 |  | 25, 689, 153 |
| Wiscons | 6, 910, 000 | 5, 161, 200 |  | 1,343, 322 |  | 13, 414, 522 |
| Towa | 13, 062,400 | 6,460,898 | 4,565,500 | 5, 383, 039 | 2,388, 650 | 31, 860, 487 |
| Minnesot | 14, 125, 000 | $8,111,000$ $16,730,036$ | 225, 000 | 2, ${ }^{2}, 253,092$ | 2, 697,968 | 27, 212, 060 |
| Kansas. | 12, 894, 100 | - $5,782,490$ |  | $\stackrel{1}{2,176,654}$ | 1,950,400 | - $20,853,244$ |
| Nebraska | 12, 923, 100 | 9, 034, 260 | 790, 300 | 3, 840,900 |  | 26, 588, 560 |
| Colorado | 8, 612, 821 | 1,370,500 |  | 143, 560 |  | 10, 126,881 |
| Nevada | 282, 000 |  |  | 226,000 |  | 508, 000 |
| California | 8, 425, 000 | 42, 564, 010 | 7, 106, 403 | 1,918, 631 |  | 60,014, 044 |
| Oregon. | 4; 225, 000 | 813, 825 |  | 98, 000 |  | $5,136,825$ |
| Oklahoma | 200, 000 |  |  | 30, 000 |  | 230, 000 |

Table showing, by States and Territories, the Capital of the National Banks on July 9, 1891, etc.-Continned.

| States and Territories. | National banks. | State banks. | Stock savings bawks. | Private banks. | Loan and trust com. panies. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indian Territory | \$150, 000 |  |  |  |  | \$150, 000 |
| Arizona | 200,000 | \$325, 200 |  |  |  | 525, 200 |
| North Dakrota | 2, 280,000 | 728, 000 |  |  |  | $3,008,000$ |
| South Dakota | 2, 585,000 | 1,755,338 |  | \$511,205 |  | 4, 851, 543 |
| Tilaho. | 537,500 |  |  | 2, 500 |  | 540,000 |
| Montana. | 4, 140, 000 | 265, 000 |  | 35, 000 |  | 4,440,000 |
| New Mexico | ]., 100, 000 | 100, 000 | \$80, 000 | 16,696 |  | 1, 296,696 |
| Utah | 2, 750,000 | 1, 444, 210 | 727, 287 | 320,000 |  | 5, 241, 497 |
| Washington | 6, 415, 000 | 2, 014, 820 | 776,030 | 100, 000 |  | 9,306, 450 |
| W yoming | 1,350,000 |  |  | 317, 868 |  | 1,667, 868 |
| Total | 672, 903, 597 | 208, 564, 841 | 32, 106, 127 | 36,785,458 | \$79, 292, 889 | 1, 029, 652,912 |

The distribution of the circulating medium of the country as shown by the cash holdings of national and other banks on or about the close of the fiscal year ended June 30 , 1891, is exhibited in the following table.

The total cash on hand held by banks other than national, 4,989 in number, was $\$ 165,634,081$, of which $\$ 8,883,552$, was gold, $\$ 1,939,647$ silver, $\$ 45,456,720$ paper currency, $\$ 15,713,390$ specie not classified, and $\$ 93.640,772$ cash not classified. The total amount held by national and other banks was $\$ 479,085,588$.

Statement showing the amount of Gold, Silver, rtc., held by National
Banks on July 9, 1891, and by other Baneing Institutions on or about THE SAME DATE.

| Classification. | - | National banles. | Other (4,989) banking institutions. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gold coin. |  | \$ $87,695,142$ | \$8, 883, 552 | \$966, 578, 694 |
| Gold Treasury certiticates. |  | 63, 910, 310 |  | $63,910,31.0$ |
| Gold (clearing house) certificates |  | '6,706, 000 |  | 6,706,000 |
| Silver dollars.... |  | 7,631, 470 | \} 1,939,647 | 14,595, 037 |
| Silver, fractional .... |  | 5, 023, 920 | $\} 1,989,647$ | 14,595, 605 |
| Silver Treasury certificates |  | 1.9, 802, 695 |  | 19,802, 695 |
| National-bank notes.... |  | $21,41.8,977$ $100,399,811$ | $\} 45,456,720$ | 167, 275, 508 |
| Legal-tender notes. |  | $100,399,811$ 863,182 | $\} 45,450,720$ | 1618 863,182 |
| Specie not classified |  |  | 15,713, 390 | 15, 713, 390 |
| Cash not classified |  |  | 93, 640, 772 | 93, 640,772 |
| Total. |  | 313, 451, 507 | 165, 634, 081 | 479, 085, 588 |

In the Appendix,* p. 236 , tables will be found showing by States and Territories the condition of banks other than national, as obtained from both official and unofficial sources; aggregate resources and liabilities of each class; comparative statements of condition of State banks, 1872 to 1891; loan and trust companies, 1886-' 87 to $1890-91$; savings banks, 1886-'87 to 1890-'91; private banks, 1887-91; deposits in savings banks, number of depositors and average amount due each, by States, in 1889-90 and 1890-91; and a summary of condition of the chartered banks in the Dominion of Canada. On page 234 of the Appendix* will be found a table showing by States and Territories the estimated population of each on Jume 1, 1891, based on thec ensus of 1890, and the aggregate capital, surplus, undivided profits, and individual deposits of national and State banks, loan and trust companies, and savings and
private banks of the United States at date of reports of the various classes, nearest thereto, the average of these per capita and the per capita average of such resources in each class of banks. It appears that the population of the country on the date in question was $64,156,300$, and the total banking funds $\$ 5,840,438,191$, an average of $\$ 91.03$. The per capita averages of such resources in each class of banks are: National banks, $\$ 39.32$; State banks, $\$ 13.13$; loan and trust companies, $\$ 7.63$; savings banks, $\$ 28.72$; and private banks, $\$ 2.23$.

## LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

During the first session of the Fifty-first Congress an act passed entitled, "An act to provide for the incorporation of trust, loan, mortgage, and certain other corporations within the District of Columbia." This act was approved on the 1st day of October, 1890. Under its provisions companies can be formed for the purpose of carrying on within the District of Columbia any one of the three classes of business specified as follows:

Tirst. A safe deposit, trust, loan, and mortgage business.
Second. A title insurance, loan, and mortgage business.
Third. A security, guaranty, indemmity, loan, and mortgage business.
It is further provided that the capital stock of said companies shail not be less than $\$ 1,000,000$, and that any of these companies may conduct a storage business when its capital stock amounts to the sum of not less than $\$ 1,200,000$.

Two methods are provided whereby companies may come under the provisions of the act.
(1) By an association of not less than twenty-five natural persons to form a company, which shall receive its original charter from the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and thereby become a body corporate and politic, and as such vested with all the powers and charged with all the liabilities conferred and imposed by the act upon companies organized under the provisions thereof.
(2) Provision is made that any safe deposit company, trust company, surety or guaranty company, or title insurance company, incorporated and operating under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia, or of any of the States, and doing business in said District at the time of the passage of said act, may avail itself of the provisions of the act.

No charters have been issued by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to corporations formed by the association of natural persons under the first method provided for in the act, but three companies, incorporated previous to the passage of the act and at that time doing business in said District, have availed themselves of its provisions, to wit: The American Security and Trust Company, the Washington Loan and Trust Company, and the National Safe Deposit Company.

The American Security and Trust Company was originally chartered under the laws of the State of Virginia, on the 12th day of October, 1889, with a capital stock of $\$ 1,250,000$, divided into shares of the par value of $\$ 100$ each. This company executed a certificate of its intention to avail itself of the provisions of the act of Congress, on the 11th day of November, 1890, and filed the same with the Comptroller of the Currency. It having complied with all the provisions of law applicable thereto, on the 17 th of November, 1890 , the Comptroller issued to said company the certificate contemplated by section 5 of the act approved October 1, 1890, and the company has since that date been operating under its provisions.

The Washington Loan and Trust Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of West Virginia on the 15th day of August, 1889. This company has a capital of $\$ 1,000,000$, divided into shares of $\$ 100$ each, and was doing business in the District of Columbia at the date of the passage of the act of Congress above referred to. It having filed with the Comptroller of the Currency a certificate of its intention to avail itself of the provisions of the act aforesaid and having complied with the other requirements of the act, the Comptroller issued to said company, on the 13 th day of December, 1890, a certificate that it was entitled to transact the business of a trust company.

The National Safe Deposit Company of Washington was at the date of the passage of the act of Congress first above mentioned doing business in the District of Columbia as a safe deposit company, incorporated by act of Congress approved January 22, 1867. On the 17 th of March, 1891, this company executed a certificate of its intention to avail itself of the provisions of the act of Congress approved October 1, 1890. It having complied with the provisions of law, the Comptroller issued to said company, on the 3d day of April, 1891, the certificate contemplated by the provisions of section 5 of said act, under which it was authorzed to enter upon the business of a trust company. It also has a capital of $\$ 1,000,000$.

Each of these companies has declared its intention to avail itself of the provisions of the act of Congress aforesaid for the purpose of carrying on the kind or class of business described in subdivision 1 of section 1 of said act; that is to say, a safe deposit, trust, loan, and mortgage business, in addition to the powers lawfully exercised at the time they severally came under the operations of the act of Congress above referred to. Each of these companies has also deposited with the Comptroller of the Currency securities equal in actual value to onefourth of the capital stock paid in, and is therefore entitled to become and act as administrator, executor, guardian of the estate of a minor, or undertake any other kindred fiduciary duty authorized by the act. One, the American Security and Trust Company, is also authorized to do a storage business, in accordance with the second proviso to the third paragraph of section 1 of the act above referred to.

These several companies have each been duly examined, and have made and published reports of condition from time to time as contemplated by the provisions of sections 5211, 5212, and 5213 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. A statement of condition at date of last report will be found in the Appendix.* pages 251-253.

Aside from associations formed under the national bank act and those above enumerated, only one other corporation located in the District of Columbia comes in any manner under the supervision of the Comptroller of the Currency.

The institution herein referred to is the National Savings Bank of the District of Columbia. This institution was chartered May 24, 1870, and has since been in operation. It is now, however, practically in process of liquidation, its business being gradually transferred to and absorbed by the National Safe Deposit Company, above referred to. A report of its condition on the 25 th of September is published in the Appendix,* page 250, which will show its condition at that time. It is uxderstood to be the purpose of the directors of this bank to complete the tranfer of its business to the National Safe Deposit Company and to finally close its affairs at the earliest practicable date.

[^43]During the year covered by the report the country has been passing through a financial crisis, unique in its character but of great severity. In no country are the conditions more favorable to the success of well directed enterprise than in this, and in none can the speculative operator find a more tempting and fruitful field. These conditions necessarily tend toward overtrading and undue expansion of credits, and these in due time result in collapse and general financial distress.

Although periods of business disaster follow each other at reasonably well-defined intervals, the multitude, oblivious of the past, are always taken unawares. Those charged with the management of national banks are not free from the optimistic spirit which characterizes their fellows, and hence the associations under their control invariably suffer whenever these periods of depression recur. The failures witnessed during the year just closed exemplify the operations of the forces to which allusion is made.

Whenever we consider the immense shrinkage of values which the liquidations of the past twelve months involves, we are surprised that the associations constituting the national system have not suffered more severely. The growth of this system in recent years must not be overlooked when we are called upon to consider the degree of success that has attended its operations.

It is rapidly becoming popularized and for that reason more intimately connected with the business euterprises of the common people, reflecting with increasing faithfulness the degree of success or failure that attends their various commercial and industrial pursuits. So long as banking remains free, associations will be formed by inexperienced men whose management will sometimes prove unskillful and disastrous. So long as dishonest men exist banks must not expect to entirely escape the defalcations and embezzlements which occasionally startle the public. Failures are inevitable under any system which stops short of governmental guaranty, and the latter is, of course, impracticable. That system, then, is best, all else being equal, which is found upon trial to exhibit the minimum of failures. In this respect, the national system stands unapproached and indisputably superior to all which.have preceded it. It is confidently hoped therefore that such measures will be talsen by Congress as will serve to perfect a system which has proved so effective in the past, and which is so necessary to the future welfare of the people.

The Comptroller desires in closing to say that the past year has devolved upon the Currency Bureau an amount of labor and responsibility which is entirely unprecedented. To those associated with him in the conduct of the affairs of the Office he is greatly indebted for the intelligent and faithful service which has made it possible to meet these increased responsibilities. He also desires to gratefully acknowledge the valuable assistance rendered him by those charged with the preparation of the statistical matter contained in this report.

Edward S. Lacey, Comptroller of the Currency.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(No. 4.)

## REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAI REVENUE.

Treasury Department, Office of Ińternal Revenue, Washington, D. C., November 2, 1891.

Sir: In compliance with the instructions contained in your letter of September 2, 1891, I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, together with certain additional information relating to the collections made and the work performed during the first three months of the current fiscal year.

The tables contained in the appendix* to the bound volume of this report are printed in the following order:

Table A, showing the receipts from each specific source of internal revenue and the amounts refunded in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.

Table B, showing the number and value of stamps for special taxes, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, distilled spirits, fortified sweet wine, fortified wine for export, fermented liquors, oleomargarine, and opium manufactured for smoking purposes; also the number and value of certificates of extension of special-tax stamps for May and June, 1891, and the number of the different kinds of certificates of registry; also the number and value of documentary stamps used for validating unstamped instruments, issued to collectors of internal revenue during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.

Table C, showing the percentages of receipts from the several general sources of internal revenue now taxable in each State and Territory of the United States to the aggregate receipts from the same sources, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1891.

Table D, showing the aggregate receipts of internal revenue in each collection district, State, and Territory of the United States, by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1891.

Table E, showing the receipts from specific and general sources of internal revenue, by tiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30, 1891.

Table F , showing the ratio of receipts from specific sources of internal revenue to the aggregate receipts of the same, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1863, to June 30, 1891.

Table G, showing the returns of distilled spirits, fermented liquors manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes, under the several

[^44]acts of legislation and by fiscal years, from September 1, 1862, to June 30,1891 ; also statement of the production of distilled spirits and fermented liquors in the several States and Territories, by fiscal years, from July 1, 1877, to June 30, 1891.

Table H, showing the receipts from special taxes in the several States and Territories for the fourteen months ended June 30, 1891.

Table I. Abstract of reports of district attorneys concerning suits and prosecutions under the internal-revenue laws during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.
Table K. Abstract of seizures of property for violation of internalrevenue laws during the fiscal year ended Jane 30, 1891.

Table L, showing the collections, expenses, and percentage cost of collection in the several collection districts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.

## COLLEGTIONS FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR.

I estimate that the receipts from all sources of internal revenue will aggregate $\$ 150,000,000$ for the current tiscal year.
In order that the receipts shall reach this figure there will have to be a very considerable increase in the collections from distilled spirits, fermented liquors, and cigars. During the first six months of the current fiscal year there will be a decrease of about $\$ 2,500,000$ in the tax received from manufactured tobacco and suuff, as compared with the same period of the fiscal year ended June 30,1890 . In my last annual report I estimated that the reduction in the receipts from manufactured tobacco, for the six months ending June 30,1891 , would amount to $\$ 2,290,685.17$. The actual decrease was as follows:

One hundred and nineteen millions nine hundred and ninety-one thousand seven hundred and fifty-nine pounds of tobacco were tax-paid at 6 cents per pound from January 1 , to June 30 , 1891, upon which the reduction of 2 cents per pound amounted to $\$ 2,399,835.18$.
I also estimated that the reduction in the receipts from snuff for the six months would be $\$ 92,216.41$, but $5,253,008$ pounds of snuff were taxpaid at 6 cents per pound from January 1 to June 30, 1891, and the reduction of the tax upon this quantity from 8 to 6 cents per pound resulted in a decrease in the receipts from this source of revenue of \$105,060.16.

The aggregate decrease in the receipts from manufactured tobacco and snuff for the six months ended June 30, 1891, was \$2,504,895.34.
Taking these figures as a basis, it is probable that the reduction of the tax on manufactured tobacco and snuff from 8 to 6 cents per pound will decrease the receipts from this source about $\$ 5,000,000$ annually.

I also estimated in my last report that 500,000 gallons of grape brandy, free of tax, would be required to fortify sweet wines, under the provisions of the act of October 1; 1890. The vintage season had commenced, however, before the passage of that act, and the provisions of the law were not fully understood, so that the wine producers did not use as much grape brandy as was anticipated. The actual number of gallons of grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, was 193,557, the tax upon which, at 90 cents per gallon, would have amounted to $\$ 174,201.30$.
It is probable that about double the above quantity of grape brandy will be ased for the fortification of sweet wines during the current fiscal year.

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## RECEIPTS FOR THE PAST SIX FISCAL YEARS.



- COLLECTIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1891.

In my last annual report I estimated that the receipts of this Bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 , would amount to the sum of $\$ 145,000,000$. It affords me pleasure to state that the actual receipts for the year named were $\$ 146,035,415.97$, exceeding my estimate in the sum of $\$ 1,035,415.97$.

The following statements exhibit in detail the amount of internal revenue collected during the fiscal year ended June 30 , 1891, the source from which the revenue was derived, the total sum collected in each district, State, and Territory, the cost of collecting, etc:
INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.
Comparative statement showing the Rechipts from the several objects of Internal Taxation in the United States during the Fiscal Years ended June $30 ; 1890$ and 1891.

| Oljects of taxation. | Receipts during fiscal year cnded Jume 30- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1891. |  |  |
| SPIRITS. |  |  |  |  |
| Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, and grapes | \$1, 357, 316. 72 | \$1, 097, 492.35 |  | \$259, 824. 37 |
| Spirits distilled from materials other than apples, peaches and grapes....... | 75, 181, 685. 90 | 78, 528, 601. 16 | \$3, 346, 915.26 |  |
| Rectifiers (special tax) .............. | 184, 700.09 | 164, 004.77 |  | 20,695.32 |
| Retail liquor dealers (special tax). | 4, 534, 174.81 | 3, 234, 154.72 |  | 1, 300,020. 09 |
| Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax) | 421, 738.57 | 303, 390.22 |  | 118, 148.35 |
| Manufacturers of stills (special tax). | 1,006. 70 | 1, 008.32 | 1. 62 |  |
| Stills and worms manufactured (special tax) | 4, 240.00 | 4,670.00 | 430.00 |  |
| Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export | 2,512.30 | 2,442. 10 |  | 70.20 |
| Total | 81, 687, 375.09 | 83, 335, 963.64 | 1,648, 588.55 |  |
| Cigars and cheroots | 12, $263,669.95$ | 13, 424, 678.30 | 1, 161, 008.35 |  |
| Cigareftes | 1, 116, 737.731 .34 | 1, ${ }_{7} 426,269.38$ | 225, 642.04 |  |
| Stobacco chewing and smokim | 18, 737,731.27 | 1726, 155.39 |  | 11, 575.88 |
| Dealers in leaf tobacco (special tax) | 18, $44,492.40$ | 17 $9,150.06$ |  | 35, 342.34 |
| Dealers in manufactured tobaceo (special tax) | 1,331, 118.24 | 201, 532. 31 |  | 1, 129, 585.93 |
| Manufacturers of tobacco (special tax) | 5,197. 50 | 598.75 |  | 4, 598.75 |
| Manufacturers of cigars (special tax).... | 122, 896. 49 | 9, 529.73 |  | 113,366.76 |
| Peddlers of tobacco (special tax) | 11,776. 51 | 1,724. 38 |  | 10,052. 13 |
| Total | 33, 958, 991.06 | 32, 796, 270.97 |  | 1,162,720.09 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Ale, beer, lager beer, porter, and other similar fermented liquors. | 25, 494, 798. 50 | . 28, 102, 327.69 | 2, 697, 529.19 |  |
| Brewers (special tax). | 172, 908. 47 | 110, 158.02 |  | 53,750.45 |
| Retail dealers in malt liquors (special | 147, 673.16 | 108,512.91 |  | 39, 160.25 |
| Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax) | 193, 154. 61 | 145, 131.30 |  | 48, 023.3] |
| Total | 26,008, 534.74 | 28, 565, 129.92 | 2, 556, 595. 18 |  |

Comparative statement showing the Receipts from the several objects of Internal Taxation in the Unied States, etc.-Coutinued.

| Objects of taxation. | Receipts during fiscal year , ended June 30- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1891. |  |  |
| oleomargarine. |  |  | . |  |
| Oleomargarine, domestic and imported. | \$619, 205.72 | \$871,488.44 | \$252, 282.72 |  |
| Manufacturers of oleomarganine (special | 11,700.00 | 6, 950.00 |  | \$4, 750.00 |
| Retail dealers in oleomargarine (special tax) | 100, 068.00 | $146, \dot{2} 93.70$ | 40, 225.70 |  |
| Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine (special tax) |  |  |  | 2,126.00 |
| Total | 786, 291.72 | 1,077, 924.14 | 291, 632.42 |  |
| banks and bankers, not national. |  |  |  |  |
| Bank circulation... |  |  |  |  |
| Banks, bankers, and other parties hiable on amount of notes of ary person, State bank or State banking association, or of any town, city, or manicipal corporation paid out by them ..... | 69.90 |  |  | 69.90 |
| Total | 69.90 |  |  | 69.90 |
| miscellaneous. |  |  |  |  |
| Penalties. | 130,720.90 | 256, 214.39 | 119,493.49 |  |
| Opium manufactured for smoking purposes |  |  |  |  |
| Collections not otherwise herein provided for | 16,713.16 | 3,912.91 |  | 12,800.25 |
| Total | 153, 434. 06 | 260, 127.30 | 106, 693.24 |  |
| Aggregate receipts ..................... | 142, 594, 696.57 | 146, 035, 415.97 | 3,440, 719. 40 | - |

Note.-The decrease in the receipts from snuff, chewing and smoking tobacco, is due to the reduction of the tax on the same, January 1, 1891 , from 8 to 6 cents per pound. Special taxes relating to tobacco were repealed May 1, 1891. The act of October 1, 1890, provides that all special taxes shall become due on the dirst day of July, 1891, and on the first day of July in each year thereafter, or on commencing any trade or bnsiness on which such tax is imposed. The effect of this provision was to postpone the collection of the bulk of special taxes from May and June, 1891, to July and August, 1891, or from the last quarter of the fiscal year 1891 to the first quarter of the fiscal year 1892. Hence the apparent decrease in the receipts from special taxes relating to distilled spirits, fermented liquors, and oleomargarine as compared with the receipts from thie same sources for 1890 .

## WI'THDRAWALS FOR CONSUMPTION DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL years.

The quantities of distilled spirits, fermented liquors, manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, cigarettes, and oleomargarine on which tax was paid during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

| Articles taxed. | Fiscal year ended June 30- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1891. ${ }^{*}$ |  |  |
| Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, and |  |  |  |  |
| grapes | 1, 508, 130 | 1,219,436 |  | 288, 694 |
| Spirits distilled from materials other than <br> apples, peaches, and grapes.........galls. | 83, 535,206 | 87, 254, 001 | 3,718,795 |  |
| Fermentedliquors.......................bols. | 27, 561,944 | 30,478, 192 | 2,916,248 |  |
| Cigars.............................. $\cdot$. . . . .no. | 4, 087, 889,983 | 4, 474, s92, 767. | 387, 002, 78 t |  |
| Cigarettes....................... . . . . . . . . .no. | 2,283, 254,680 | 2, 684, 538, 760 | 451, 284, 080 |  |
| Snuff .......................................... | ${ }^{\text {a }}$, $9,221,641$. | 10,390, 194 | 1,168,553 |  |
| Tobacco, chewing and smoking.......lbs. | 229, 068,517. | 243, 505,848 | 14, 437, 331 |  |
| Oleomargarine............................lbs. | 30, 960, 280 | 43,574, 422 | 12, 614, 136 |  |
| * - * * | * | * 0 | * |  |

Note:-Many detailed tabular statements omitted from this compilation for want of space may be found in the bound volumes of the Commissioner's report.

## RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES DURING THE LAST FISCAL YEAR.

Statement showing the aggregate collections of hifternal revenue by States and Territories during the fiscal yfar ended June 30, 1891.


[^45]Statement showing the Amount of Internal Revenue collected in the seybral States, Territories, etc., that have beien Consolidated with other Districts, for the Fiscal Year mndid June 30, 1891.

| States, Territories, etc. | Amounts collected. | States, Territories, etc. | Amounts collected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska. | \$2,917. 33 | Nevada | \$13, 628.04 |
| Arizona | 11,568. 87 | New Hampshire | 419, 023.71 |
| California | 2,066, 999.96 | New Mexico | 24, 121. 10 |
| California, fourth district of | 299, 944. 27 | North Dakota | 12,393.70 |
| Colorado | 274, 691. 24 | Oklahoma Territory | 9, 077.03 |
| Connecticut | 682, 026.50 | Oregon | 181, 018.76 |
| Delaware | 196, 896.14 | Rhode Island | 286, 909.88 |
| District of Columbia | 133,584. 41 | South Dakota. | 27, 859. 10 |
| Idaho | 18, 100. 30 | Utah | 57, 695.92 |
| Indian Territory | 2,888. 97 | Vermont. | 16,253.40 |
| Kansas ........ | 184, 863.39 | Virgiuia | 3, 210, 876.92 |
| Louisiana | $603,134.03$ | Virgivia, two counties of-Acco- |  |
| Maine | 27, 332.88 | mack and Northampton-belong- |  |
| Maryland | 2, 723, 237. 69 | ing to collection districtof Mary. |  |
| Mississippi | 41, 675.32 | land. .............................. | 2,810. 58 |
| Montana. | 76, 809. 26 | Washington | 179,946. 67 |
| Nebraska | 3,215, 079.13 | Wyoming .......................... | 20,930.99 |

## RECEIPTS FOR FIRST THREE MONTHS OF PRESENT FISCAL YEAR.

The following table shows the receipts from the several objects of taxation for the first quarter of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1891, and 1892. A comparison of the receipts for the two periods is also given:

| Oljects of taxation. | Amount of tax paid during first three months of fiscal year- |  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1891. | 1892. |  |  |
| SPIRITS. |  |  |  |  |
| Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, or grapes. | \$248, 932.77 | \$254, 063.87 | \$5, 131.10 |  |
| Spirits distilled from materials other than ap${ }^{5}$ ples, peaches, or grapes. | 19, 332, 213.64 | 18, 399, 232.33 |  | \$932, 981. 31 |
| Wine made in imitation of champagne, etc..... |  |  |  |  |
| Rectifiers (special tax).................... | 5, 770. 84 | $72,505.85$ | 66, 735. 01 |  |
| Retail liquor dealers (special tax) ............. | 324, 454. 24 | 2, 371, 166. 58 | 2, 046, 712. 34 |  |
| Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax) ......... | 17,720. 17 | 208, 517.72 | 190, 797.55 |  |
| Manufacturers of stills, and stills and worms manufactured (special tax) Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,673.35 \\ 711.80 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2, \mathbf{1 2 0 . 0 1} \\ 601.00 \end{gathered}$ | 446.66 | 110.80 |
| Total | 19, 931, 476.81 | 21, 308, 207. 36 | 1, 376, 730. 55 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigars and cheroots. | 3, 463, 062.71 | 3, 528, 518.11 | 66, 455.40 |  |
| Cigarettes | 355, 644. 14 | 392, 906.78 | 37, 262.64 |  |
| Manufacturers of cigars (special tax) | 4,739, 80 |  |  | 4,739.86 |
| Snuff of all descriptions.. | 214, 371. 10 | 109,308. 54 |  | 45, 062.56 |
| Tobacco, manufactured, of all descriptions | 5, 233,070. 29 | 3, 981, 414. 62 |  | 1,251,655.67 |
| Dealers in leaf tobacco (special tax). | 2,675.09 |  |  | 2; 675.09 |
| Dealers in leaf tobacco, not over 25,000 pounds (special tax) | 854.50 |  |  | 854.50 |
| Retail dealers in leaf tobacco (special tax) ... | 180.00 |  |  | 180.00 |
| Dealers in manufactured tobaceo (special tax).. | 112, 087.26 |  |  | 112, 087.26 |
| Mannfacturers of tobacco (special tax).. | 302.00 |  |  | 302.00 |
| Peddlers of tobacco (special tax)... | 901.13 |  |  | 901.13 |
| Total | 9, 386, 888.08 | 8, 072, 148.05 |  | 1,314,740.03 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Fermented liquors, tax of \$1 per barrel on | 8,357, 289.63 | 8, 745, 398.49 | 388, 108.86 |  |
| Brewers (special tax) | 4,608. 32 | 78, 358.39 | 73,750. 07 |  |
| Retail dealers in matt liquors (special tax) | 22, 447. 63 | 95, 911.00 | 73. 463.37 |  |
| Wholesale dealers in malt liquors(special tax). | 18, 299.02 | 115, 148.27 | 96, 849.25 |  |
| Total | 8, 402, 644. 60 | 9, 034, 816. 15 | 632, 171. 55 |  |
| oleomargarine. |  |  |  |  |
| Oleomargarine, domestic and imported. | 139, 929.06 | 166, 512.40 | 26,583.34 |  |
| Manufacturers of oleomargarine (special tax) | 550.00 | 3, 000.00 | 2,450.00 |  |
| Retail dealers in oleomargarine (special tax). | 12,626.00 | 73,532.00 | 60,906. 00 |  |
| Wholesale dealersin oleomargarine (special tax) | 4,980.00 | 43,156.00 | 38, 176.00 |  |
| Tota | 158, 085.06 | 286, 200.40 | 128, 115. 34 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank circulation |  |  |  |  |
| Notes of persons, State banks, cities, etc., paid out |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |
| miscbllaneous. |  |  |  |  |
| Penalties | 64, 903.32 |  |  | 24, 837.15 |
| Opium manufactured for smoking purposes.. |  | ${ }^{60} 100$ | 60.00 |  |
| Collections not otherwise herein provided for.. | 785.61 | 1,190.14 | 404. 53 |  |
| Total | 65, 688.93 | 41,316.31 |  | 24, 372.62 |
| Aggregate receipts | 37, 944, 783.48 | 38, 742, 688.27 | 797, 904. 79 |  |

## COST OF COLLEOTION.

The cost of collection for the past fiscal year, distributed among the different items of appropriation, was approximately as follows:

| For salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy collectors, clerks, etc., and including expenses incident to enforcing the provisions of law taxing oleomargarine. | \$1; 761, 157. 70 |
| :---: | :---: |
| For salaries and expenses of revenue agents, surveyors of distilleries, gangers, storekeepers, and miscellaneous expenses.................... | 2, 103, 451. 58 |
| For paper for internal-revenue stamps. | 45,575.90 |
| For expenses of detecting and punishing violations of iuternal-revenue |  |
| For salaries of officers, clerks, and employés in the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue. | $-259,708.16$ |
| Total | 4, 205, 655. 49 |
| In addition to the foregoing there was also paid from a specific appropriation made for this purpose, for expenses incident to carrying into effect the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, relating to |  |
| the payment of bounty on sugar produced, the sum of.... | 4,948.67 |

$$
\text { Making the total amount expended..................................... } 4,210,604.16
$$

The percentage of the cost of collection is 2.88 per cent.
The expenses for the previous fiscal year were $\$ 4,095,110.80$, being 2.82 per cent. of the collections.

The amount appropriated for salaries and expenses of agents, gaugers, storekeepers, etc., was $\$ 2,100,000$, while, owing to the increased number 'of distilleries in operation resulting, in an increase in the amount of taxes collected from spirits of more than $\$ 3,000,000$, as compared with the previous year, as shown in this report, the actual expenses for this purpose were $\$ 3,451.58$ more than the amount appropriated, as shown by unpaid accounts now on file, and for which an additional appropriation will be needed.

In the above statement of cost of collection there is included a very considerable amount of money expended in the preparation of the regulations, and other expenses incident to the enforcement of the law in relation to the payment of the bounty on sugar.

These items are so connected with the other expenditures of this Bureau as to render it impracticable to separate them. In addition to this, there were gauged 193,557 gallons of grape brandy used in the fortification of sweet wines upon which no tax was paid, and a number of deputy collectors and other officers were necessarily employed in supervising the delivery of this brandy to the wine-makers. These sums should properly be deducted from the cost of collection, and it they could be separated the percentage of cost of collection for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, would be very materially reduced.

## MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

The act of Congress approved August 7, 1882, making provision for sundry civil expenses for the year ending June 30,1883 , required the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to make a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expenditures in the Bureau of Internal Revenue for which appropriation was made in that act. In accordance with this requirement, I submit the following detailed statement of miscellaneous expenses incurred:

Steel letters for numbering stills ..... $\$ 37.50$
Saccharometers, polariscopes, and chemicals for testing sweet-wine samples ..... 999. 08
Stationery for internal-revenue officers ..... 15, 914.12
The Internal Revenue Record supplied to internal-revenue offices ..... 2, 399. 96
The Federal Reporter for the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenne ..... 10.00
Compensation of United States attorneys in internal-revenue cases allowed under sections 827 and 838 Revised Statutes ..... 776.22
Traveling expenses of clerks under special orders of the Department ..... 530.38
Expenses of seizures and sales by collectors ..... 498.65
Total ..... 42, 892.07
estimated expenses for next fiscal year.
I estimate the expenses of the Internal Revenue Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, as follows:
For salaries and expenses of collectors, including pay of deputy collectors and clerks, and expense of enforcing the act of Angust 2, 1886, taxing oleomargarine, and the act of August 4, 1886, imposing on the Govern- ment the expense of the inspection of tobacco exported, and the act of October 1, 1890, providing for payment of a bounty on sugar, includ- ing miscellaneous expenses incident to ascertainiug and paying said bounty ..... $\$ 1,950,000$
For salaries and expenses of twenty revenue agents, for surveyors, for fees and expenses of gaugers, for salaries of storekeepers, and for mis- cellaneous expenses ..... 2, 150,000
For salaries and expenses of sugar inspectors ..... 40,000
For paper for internal-revenue stamps ..... 60,000
For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violatiug the internal-revenue laws, including payment for information and detection ..... 50,000
For salaries of officers, clerks, and employes in the office of the Commis- sioner of Internal Revenue ..... 272,580
Total ..... 4, 522, 580
SALARIES

I have the honor to recommend that Congress appropriate for the fiscal year ending Júne 30, 1893, the sum of $\$ 272,950$ as salaries for the following officers, clerks, and employés in this Bureau:
One Commissioner, at ..... \$6, 000
One deputy commissioner, at ..... 3,600
One chemist, at ..... 2,500
One microscopist, at ..... 2,500
Two heads of division, at ..... 2,500
Six heads of division, at ..... 2,250
One superintendent of stamp vault, at ..... 2, 000
One stenographer, at ..... 1, 800
Twenty-five clerks, at ..... 1,800
Twenty-five clerks, at ..... 1, 600
Thirty-five clerks, at ..... 1, 400
Twenty-five clerks, at ..... 1, 200
Fourteen clerks, at ..... 1, 000
Forty clerks, at ..... 900
Three messengers, at ..... 840
Fourteen assistant messengers, at ..... 720
Thirteen laborers. at ..... 660

An aggregate of 208 persons.
I also recommend the appropriation of the sum of $\$ 2,500$ as salaries for one stamp agent at $\$ 1,600$ and one counter at $\$ 900$, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers, as provided by the act of August 5, 1882.

At the close of the year ended June 30, 1891, 201 officers, clerks, messengers, and laborers were employed in this Bureau, and the aggregate amount paid during the year for their salaries was $\$ 259,708,16$.

I take great pleasure in bearing witness to the fidelity, diligence, and accuracy of the officers, clerks, and employés of this Burean duriag the past fiscal year. The work of the office is in a most excellent condition, and as fully up to date as practicable, and all business has been promptly and accurately transacted.

The examinations of the offices of collectors, which have been had as often as it was possible with the force of revenue agents at my command, show them to be generally in good condition. It is on account of the promptness, industry, and efficiency of the collectors and their subordinates to a large degree that the collections during the past fiscal year were so largely increased, and by their diligence and economy that the expense of collection was reduced.

In addition to the regular work of the Bureau the officers and clerks in this office have examined 29,427 claims for the payment of rebate on tobacco, etc., arising under the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890. Many of these claims involved considerable sums of money, and their examination and verification required a large amount of extra work, which was distributed among the different divisions of the office and performed with fidelity and dispatch. For several months prior to the close of the fiscal year three clerks were kept constantly employed in the work preparatory for the payment of a bounty on sugar, as provided for by the act of October 1, 1890. The use of grape brandy for the fortification of sweet wines has also added largely to the clerical work of the office. In considering the entire work performed by the force in this office I regard their year's labor as most praiseworthy indeed.

## SCALE OF SALARIES OF COLLECTORS.

The reommendations made for the salaries of collectors are based upon an estimate of their probable collections according to the follow. ing scale, with the qualification that if the actual collections should vary from the amounts estimated the salaries will be readjusted at the end of the fiscal year:

| For collection of- | Salary. | For collection of- | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$25, 000 or less | \$2,000 | \$375, 001 to $\$ 425,000$ | \$3,375 |
| 25, 001 to \$37,500 | 2,125 | 425,001 to 475,000 | 3,500 |
| 37, 501 to 50,000 | 2,250 | 475,001 to 550,000 | 3, 625 |
| 50, 001 to 75,000 | 2,375 | 550,001 to 625,000 | 3, 750 |
| 75,001 to 100, 000 | 2,500 | 625,001 to 700,000 | 3,875 |
| 100.001 to 125,000 | 2, 625 | 700,001 to 775,000 | 4,000 |
| 125,001 to 175, 000 | 2,750 | 775,001 to 850,000 | 4,125 |
| 175,001 to 225, 000 | 2,875 | 850,001 to 925,000 | 4,250 |
| 225,001 to 275, 000 | 3,000 | 925,001 to 1,000, 000 | 4,375 |
| 275,001 to 325, 000 | 3,125 | 1, 000,001 and upwards. | 4,500 |
| 325, 001 to 375, 000 | 3,250 |  |  |

OFFICIAL FORCE.
The force connected with this Bureau during the fiscal year which ended June 30 , 1891, in the various districts throughout the United

States, as reorganized under the executive order of May 21, 1887, was 63 collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. | Number. $\square^{\text {a }}$ | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32 | \$4,500 | 3 | \$3,750 | 3. | \$3,000 |
| 2 | 4, 250 | 3 | 3,625 | 2 | 2, 875 |
| 1 | 4,125 | 4 | 3, 500 | 5 | 2,750 |
| 1 | 4,000 3,875 |  | 3,375 3,125 | 2 | 2,625 |

There were also employed 963 deputy collectors, who received per annum salaries as follows:


There were also employed in the offices of the different collectors 185 clerks, who received per annum salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary: | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \$1,800 | 8 | \$1,150 | 9 | \$700 |
| 2 | 1,600 | 6 | 1,100 | 2 | 650 |
| 9 | 1,400 | 34 | ${ }^{1} 900$ | 11 | 500 |
| 4 | 1,300 | 18 | 800 |  | 400 |
|  | 1,250 | 5 | 750 |  |  |
| 38 | 1,200 |  | 720 |  | , |

Also 31 porters, messengers, or janitors who received per annum salaries as follows:

| Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. | Number. | Salary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | \$600 | 2 | \$360 |  | \$180 |
| 3 | 500 | 4 | 300 |  | 120 |
| 4 | 480 | 2 | 240 | 4. | 106 |
| 1. | 400 | 2 | 200 |  |  |

## STOREKEEPERS, GAUGERS, ETC.

There were also employed 622 gaugers, who received fees not to exceed $\$ 5$ per day; 570 storekeepers, and 1,204 storekeepers and gaugers, whose pay did not exceed $\$ 4$ per diem, and 4 distillery surveyors. All the foregoing officers are paid only when actually employed.

Storekeepers are assigned to those distilleries only which have a sur－ veyed daily capacity of 100 bushéls or more，and are paid such compen－ sation as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue， not to exceed $\$ 4$ per day．

The paf of storekeepers and gaugers assigned to distilleries whose registered daily capacity is 20 bushels or less is fixed by law at $\$ 2$ per diem．The pay of those assigned to larger distilleries has been graded according to the following seale：

Compensation for storekeepers and gaugers assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 20 bushels ánd not exceed－ ing 40 bushels，$\$ 3$ per day；compensation of those assigned to distil－ leries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 40 bushels and not exceeding 60 bushels，$\$ 3.50$ per day；compensation of those assigned to distilleries having a surveyed daily capacity exceeding 60 bushels，$\$ 4$ per day．
＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊米 米 范

## REVENUE AGENTS＇DIVISION．

Twenty revenue agents have been employed during the last fiscal year， one as chief of division in this office，ten in charge of territorial divisions， three in the examination of the offices and accounts of collectors，and six in assisting agents in charge of divisions and on special duty．

## EXPENSES OF REVENUE AGENTS．

There have been expended from the appropriation for salaries and expenses of revenue agents during the year the following amounts：


## WORK OF REVENUE AGENTS．

One thousand six hundred and thirty－seven violations of internal－ revenue law have been reported by revenue agents during the year； 744 persons have been arrested on their information；property to the value of $\$ 215,003.85$ has been reported by them for seizure，and $\$ 111,324.48$ for assessment for unpaid taxes and penalties．

## ILLICIT STILLS SEIZED．

The following statement shows the number of illicit stills seized，per－ sons arrested，and casualties to officers and employés during the fiscal year ended June 30，1891：

| Districts. | Stills seized. |  | Number of persons arrested. | Casualties. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Destroyed. | Removed. |  | Eilled. | Wounded. |
| Alabama | 78 | - 2 | 33 |  |  |
| Arkansas | 22 |  | 18 |  |  |
| Florida | 37 |  | 16 |  | *2 |
| Georgia. | 113 | 48 | 172 |  |  |
| Thirteenth Illinoi | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |
| Fifth Kentucky. | 2 | 2 | 6 |  |  |
| Seventh Kentuicky | 6 | 1 | 6 |  |  |
| Eighth Kentucky | 43 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Louisiana | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Neloraska |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| New Hampshire |  | 1 | 3 |  |  |
| New Mexico ... |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |
| Fourth North Carolina | 71 | 15 | 27 |  |  |
| Fifth North Carolina. | 145 |  | 34 | $\dagger 1$ | $\dagger 1$ |
| Eleventh Ohio. |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| South Carolina. | 56 | 1 | 15 |  |  |
| Second Tennessee | 27 | 3 | 14 |  |  |
| Fifth Ternessee. | 24 | 12 | 14 |  |  |
| Second Virginia. | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Sixth Virginia. | 58 10 | 2 | 12 |  |  |
| Total.. | 698 | 97 | 378 | 1 | 3 |

*Deputy Collector C.D. Alexander and Deputy MarshalJ. O. Thompson, wounded December 19, 1890. i R. I. Barnwell, special employé, killed, and Deputy Marshal I. L. Brim, wounded March 20; 1891:

Stills Seized and Casualties to Officers and Employés for the last Twelve Years.

|  | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. | 1885. | 1886. | 1887. | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stills seized. | 969 | 756 | 464 | 397 | 377 | 245 | 564 | 456 | 518 | 466 | 583 | 795 |
| Officers and employes killed. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 | - | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Oficers and employés wounded | 7 | 9 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |

## EXPENDITURES FOR THE DİSCOVERY AND PUNISHMENT GF VIOLATORS OF LAW.

In accordance with the provisions of the act making the appropriation, the following detailed statement of expenditures for detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating internalrevenue laws is submitted:

Amount Expended through Revenue Agents for Fiscal Year 1891.


## Amount Expended through Collectors of Internal Revenue during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Name. | District. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. R. Burnam | Eighth Kentucky-o | \$566.00 |
| H. M. Cooper : | Arransas | 216.00 |
| Dennis Eagan | Tlorida | 82.82 |
| P. H. McCaull | Sixth Virginia | 58.00 |
| W. W. Rollins | Fifth North Carolina | 35.90 |
| Albert Scott. | Fifth Kentucky | 63.30 |
| A. B. White | West Virginia. | -1,297. 10 |
| Total |  | 2,319. 12 |

## RECAPITULATION.



The accounts for expenditures under this appropriation are rendered monthly, with an itemized statement, and in all cases supported by proper subvouchers duly sworn to. These accounts pass through all the accounting offices in the Treasury Department, and are filed in the Register's office.

## STAMP DIVISION.

Statement of Number and Value of Stamps issued for Fiscal Year fended June 30, 1891.

| Class of stamps. | Number. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spirits: |  |  |
| Tax-paid | 1,616, 250 | \$88, 663, 275.00 |
| Exportation | - 23,600 | 2,360.00 |
| Other than tax-paid and exportation. | 4,955, 200 |  |
| Transfer of grape brandy... | 6,000 |  |
| Wine: Fortified sweet . . | - 6,200 |  |
| Tobacco and snuff : |  |  |
| Tax-paid.... | $504,111,697 \%$ | 23, 259, 966. 57 |
| Exportation | 88,000 |  |
| Cigar: |  |  |
| Tax-paid.... | 78, 128, 325 | $13,560,332.40$ |
| Cimarette....... | - 9,600 |  |
| Cigarette... | 251, 707, 970 | 1, 354, 349.70 |
| Special-tax: Trwelve coupons |  |  |
| Certificates of extension, May and June | 222, 538 | 1, 131, 740.00 |
| Two coupons, May and June............. | 39, 100 | 221, 023.34 |
| Certificates of registry | 61, 160 |  |
| Fermented liquors: |  |  |
| Tax-paid . . | 86, 655, 700 | 30, 674, 300.00 |
| Exportation. | 65, 200 |  |
| Brewers' permits. | 91, 200 |  |
| Oleomargarine: |  |  |
| Tax-paid.. | 1,396, 200 | 1,132, 796.00 |
| Exportation | -63, 600 |  |
| Tin ${ }^{\text {toil }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 29,229, 880 | 128,054. 25 |
| Prepared smoking opium | 900 | 3,750.00 |
| Documentary. | 11 | 12.30 |
| Total | 958,835, 941 | 167, 927, 615.56 |

## MANUFAOTURE OF STAMP PAPER.

On the 25th day of March, 1891, sealed proposals were invited from manufacturers for supplying paper of prescribed quality and finish to be used in the printing of internal-revenue stamps for the present fiscal year. But one bid was received, that of the Fairchild Paper Company, of Boston, Mass. The committee appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury to consider the bids met at 12 o'clock m. on the 4th day of May, 1891, and in presence of a representative of the Fairchild Paper Company opened the bid, and after consultation decided to recommend its acceptance. The rate at which the company proposed to manufacture the paper was 6.1 cents per pound, a reduction of 0.2 cent per found from last year's contract price. The contract was awarded to the Fairchild Paper Company under date of June 8, 1891, and the work thereunder was begun July 13, following. It is estimated that not less than 700,000 pounds of paper will be required under the present contract in order that a six months' stock may be assured at the close of operations.

## S'AAMP PRODUCIION.

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing supplies all internal-revenue stamps required by law, with the exception of those imprinted on tinfoil wrappers for certain manufactures of tobacco. These last are furnished by the John J. Crooke Company, of New York, uuder contract, without cost to the Government, the contractor being compensated by the manufacturers. Under the terms of the contract the Crooke Company reimburses the Government in full for the aggregate salaries paid one United States stamp agent and one counter, amounting to $\$ 2,500$ per year. These salaries are reimbursed monthly.

## CLAIMS FOR REDEMPTION BARRED BY STATUTE.

One hundred and forty-eight applications and inquiries for redemption of check and proprietary stamps were received during the year. These claims varied in amounts from a few cents to $\$ 32$. Being barred by statute, the claims were rejected and the stamps returned to claimants. The seventy-eight claims noted in previous reports as being made up without sufficient data are not yet disposed of. I would suggest the adoption of some measure for final disposition of these cases, in order that they may be omitted from subsequent reports. They were never in proper condition for adjudication, since some were made up without claims to accompany stamps and some without stamps to accompany claims, and in neither case could claimants be identified.

## OFFICIAL COUNT OF STAMPS IN VAULT.

December 22, 1890, a committee of three, representing the Secretary's Office, the Comptroller's Office, and the Bureau of Engravingand Printing, respectively, was appointed to superintend the counting of the internalrevenue stamps in the vaults of this Bureau. The vaults were placed in charge of the committee on the morning of December 29 following, when the count began, a special force of counters and laborers having been designated for the purpose. Statements showing by classes and denominations the balances of stamps on hand December 26, 1889, the receipts and deliveries thereafter and the balances on hand December 29,1890 , were furnished by the Division of Loans and Currency, Secre-
tary's Office, and the count of stamps, which closed on the evening of December 31, was found to agree in every respect therewith, and showed that all the stamps with which the Commissioner was charged were properly accounted for. The summary given by the committee shows that there were on hand December 26, 1889 (the date of previous count), $78,865,617 \mathrm{stamps}$ of all denominations. There were received from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and from collectors for reissue, during the period from December 26, 1889 , to December 29, 1890, $820,138,024$ stamps, making a total to be accounted for of $899,003,641$ stamps. There were delivered for issue, reissue, and destruction, during the same period, $876,066,300$ stamps, leaving a balance to be accounted for December 29, 1890, of $22,937,341$ stamps, which, by actual count, were found to be in the vaults on that date. The decrease in the balance on hand, as compared with the previous annnal count, is accounted for in the fact that the issues of all denominations of stamps during the period mentioned was, in about the degree of the difference noted, in excess of the receipts from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

The committee in charge of the vaults carefully verified the accounts of the bookkeepers of the division, and found that they agreed in all respects with those of the Secretary's office.

The fact that nearly one billion of stamps were received and issued by the Office of Internal Revenue without loss during the past year was noted by the committee as indicating" the h ghest efficiency and integrity on the part of the officers charged with the responsible duty, and that the system by which this result has been accomplished is well calculated to protect the interests of the Government in this important branch of the service."

## ACT OF OCTOBER 1, 1890.

Under the provisions of the act of Congress approved October 1, 1890, the special-tax year was made to. begin with the fiscal year, the law to take effect July 1, 1891. Provision was therefore made for the extension of all special-tax stamps issued May 1, 1890, and thereafter of that series, to cover the business of purchasers for the months of May and June, 1891, by the issuance of certificates of extension, numbered in regular sequence and describing in each, by serial number and otherwise, the particular stamp, for extension of which it was issued. By reference to tabular statement of stamps issued it will be seen that there were sent to collectors during the period from April 10 to June $30,1891,222,538$ of these certificates, aggregating in value $\$ 1,131,740$.

Under the same act the special taxes heretofore imposed upon dealers in manufactured tobacco, dealers in leaf tobacco, retail dealers in lear tobacco, manufacturers of tobacco, manufacturers of cigars, and peddlers of tobacco were abolished, with the provision that all such manufacturers and dealers, with the exception of dealers in manufactured tobacco, should register with the collectors their names, places of business, etc., the same as though the tax had not been repealed, prescribing a penalty of $\$ 50$ for neglect or refusal to comply with the requirement. For the protection of those who might desire to register in either of the occupations enumerated, certificates of registry were provided for issue through the collectors, in the same manner as specialtax stamps are issued, to all applicants regularly registered. There were 61,160 of all classes of these certificates issued to collectors prior
to June 30, of the present year, many of these having been consumed for the registry of dealers for the period of two months ending June 30.

The foregoing certificates, as well as the certificates of extension, were furmished by the Government Printing Office.

The reduction of 2 cents per pound in the tax on tobacco necessitated the return to the office by collectors of all the stamps of the series of 1883 in their hands at the close of business December 31, 1890, and their reissue at the rate of 6 cents per pound. To accomplish this, all these stamps were received into vault, and the sheet and strip stamps, together with those of same class and denomination in stock, were forwarded to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and were there properly imprinted. The coupon stamps returned and those in stock were imprinted by the use of hand stamps under the supervision. of a special committee appointed for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It is proper to say that the increased labor imposed by this reduction in the tax, and by the introduction of the certificates of extension, the certificates of registry, and a stamp with two coupons for issue to special-tax payers who began business in May and June, 1891, was accomplished successfully, and the accounts accurately kept, without a moment's delay in the current work and without additions to the clerical force.

There have been added to the stock of stamps regularly kept in vault since July 1, 1890, the following new classes and denominations: (a) Fortified sweet wine; (b) fortified wine for exportation; (c) transfer stamp for grape brandy; (d) export stamp for fermented liquors; (e) 12s cigar stamps; (f) 13s cigar stamps; (g) cigarette stamps, rate $\$ 3$ per thousaud; ( $h$ ) stamps for prepared smoking opium; also, certificates of registry. In addition, for use this year only, were the special-tax stamps with two coupons for issue to purchasers who desired to begin business in May and June, and the certificates of extension, both' being mentioned elsewhere in this report.

## STAMPS DESTROYED IN TRANSIT.

On the 28th day of April, 1891, a wreck occurred on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, which involved the total destruction of internalrevenue stamps, in transit by registered mail, of the face value of $\$ 29$, 505. The stamps consisted of tax-paid spirits stamps of the denomination of 100 gallons, value $\$ 29,430$, and 20,000 one-ounce tobacco stamps, value $\$ 75$, all mailed to Collector Wilcox, of the eighth Illinois district. In addition, there were destroyed two books of 200 stamps each of rectifiers' stamps, denomination 40 gallons (of no face value), shipped to Collector McDowell, of the seventh Kentucky district. The destruction of the stamps necessitated a second requisition by the collectors, and the destroyed stamps stand charged to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and are unaccounted for in the accounts of the Bureau.

There is no provision of law authorizing the accounting officers of the Treasury Department to credit the accounts of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with stamps destroyed under śach circumstances, and it will be necessary for Congress to pass a special act authorizing the accounting officers to give credit for this loss. I therefore have the honor to ask that you will recommend the necessary legislation on the part of Congress to obtain such credit.

## TOBACCO DIVISION.

The aggregate amount of taxes collected from tobacco during the last fiscal year was $\$ 32,796,270.97$. This amount includes internal-revenue taxes paid by stamps on imported and manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes.
The decrease of collections for the last fiscal year as compared with those for the previous fiscal year was $\$ 1,162,720.09$. This is due to the reduction by the act of October 1,1890 , of the tax on snuff, cluewing and smoking tobacco, January 1, 1891, from 8 to 6 cents per pound, and to the repeal of special taxes relating to tobacco, May 1, 1891.
The tax on cigars and cigarettes was not changed, and the collections therefrom were increased $\$ 1,386,650.39$ during the last fiscal year.


The increase in the quantity of tobacco and snuff and in the number of cigars and cigarettes for the last fiscal year over those taxed the previous fiscal year was:


The export account shows an increase in manufactured tobacco of 4,289 pounds, a decrease in the number of cigars exported of 40,966 , and an increase of the number of cigarettes exported of $35,224,200$.

The following exhibit shows in detail the receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, from each particular source of the tobacco tax, as compared with those for the previous fiscal year:

RECEIPTS FROM TOBACCO AND SNURF.


Of this increase $\$ 1,161,008.35$ was on cigars and $\$ 225,642.04$ was on cigarettes.

## RECEIPTS FROM SPECIAL TAXES.

| Manufacturers of cigars | \$9,529.73 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Decrease, manufacturers of cigars | 113, 366. 76 |
| Manufacturers of tobacco | 598.75 |
| Decrease, manufacturers of tobacco | 4, 598.75 |
| Dealers in manufactured tobacco | 201, 532.31 |
| Decrease, dealers in mannfactured to | 1,129,585.93 |
| Dealers in leaf tobacco | 9, 150.06 |
| Decrease, dealers in leaf tobacco | 35, 342.34 |
| Peddlers of tobacco | 1, 724.38 |
| Decrease, peddlers of tobacco | 10, 052. 13 |

## PRODUCTION OF TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS, AND OIGARETIES.

The production of tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes for the fiscal year ended June 30; 1891, computed from the receipts from:stamps sold for all such goods as were put on the market for consumption, together with those removed in bond for export and including importations, was:

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.


The increase of taxed tobacco and snuff over fiscal year 1890 was $15,605,884$ pounds; the increase of tobacco and snuff exported was 4,289 pounds; and the increase of tobacco and snuff imported and withdrawn for consumption was 165,701 pounds.

## CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

Number.


CIGARETTES.
Cigarettes taxed ......................................................................................2, 684, 538, 760
Add cigarettes exported. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $294,534,250$

| Total taxed and exported | 2, 979, 073,010 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deduct cigarettes imported 1891 (estimated average, 3 pounds per 1,000) | 2, 802, 125 |
| - Total product for fiscal year 1891 | 5 |
|  |  |
| Exported in 1890..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $259,310,050$ |  |
| Total taxed and exported . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2, 492, 564,730 |  |
| Less imported 1890. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {c }}$. 3, 397,000 |  | $2,489,167,730$

Increase over fiscal year 1890
$487,103,155$
The increase during said fiscal year of 1891 of taxed cigars was $387,002,784$; and the decrease of cigars exported was 40,966 ; and of cigars imported and withdrawn for consumption was $29,740,729$.
The increase of taxed cigarettes was $451,284,080$, and of cigarettes exported was $35,224,200$. The decrease of cigarettes imported was 594,875 .

SPECLAL-TAX PAYERS.

## Special-tax year ended April 30, 1891.

Manufacturers of tobacco and snuff................................................................ 1,021
Manufacturers of cigars and cigarettes........................................................................................ 21,337
Peddlers of tobacco
1,477
Dealers in leaf tobacco...................................................................................................................... 3,593
Déalers in leaf tobacco not exceeding 25,000 pounds . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,266
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco............................................................................. 1, 3
Dealers in manufactured tobacco...............................................................611, 411
Total ...................................................................................... 640, 108

Increase during special-tax year 1891.......................................................... 7,879
The act of October 1, 1890, abolishing all special taxes upon the foregoing, went into effect May 1, 1891, and in lieu thereof requires registry, (except in the cases of dealers in manufactured tobacco, 611,411 persons who are exempted.) No reports are on file at present showing number of manufacturers, peddlers, dealers, and retail dealers who have so reg. istered.

## DISCONTINUING THE USE OF CAUTION LABELS.

I beg to recommend that sections 3364 and 3393 of the Revised Statutes be repealed.

Section 3364 requires every manufacturer of tobacco or snuff, in addition to all other requirements of law relating to tobacco, to print on each package, or securely aftix by pasting on each package containing tobacco or snuff manufactured by him or for him, a label on which shall be printed the number of the factory, the district, and State in which it is situated, and these words:

Norice. The manufacturer of this tobacco has complied with all the requirements of larr. Every person is cantioned uuder the penalties of law not to use this package for tobacco again.

Every manufacturer of tobacco who neglects to print on or affix such label to every package containing tobacco made by him or for him, or sold or offered for sale by him, and every person who removes any such label so affixed from any such package shall be fined $\$ 50$ for each package.

Section 3393 provides that every manufacturer of cigars shall securely affix by pasting on each box containing cigars manufactured by him or for him a label, on which shall be printed, besides the number of the factory, and distriet, and State, in which it is situated, these words:

Notice. The manufacturer of the cigars herein contained has complied with all the requirements of law. Every person is cantioned not to use either this box for cigars again or the stamp thereon again, nor to remove the contents of this box without destroying said stamp, under the penalties provided by law in such cases.

The penalty for violation of this section is $\$ 50$ for each box.
It will be observed that these notices are required to be given by the manufacturers of tobacco, snuff, and cigars. They are required to declare that they have complied with all the requirements of law and also to state what the law is as to the re-use of packages and stamps, and to caution the public against the re-use of the package or stamp or the removal of the contents without destroying the stamp. If it were thought necessary that a caution of this kind should be given the public, and that notice should be given declaring that the manufacturer had complied with law, it is submitted that that notice and caution should be given by the proper revenue officer. Neither of these sections imposes any penalty except one for failing to give the notice and for removing same. Whatever may have been the necessity for giving public notice of any of the provisions of internal-revenue law at the time that the internal-revenue law was enacted, there seems to be no further reason for it, the system having been in existence for many years.

In addition to that, I am of the opinion that the caution notice is placed upon packages in such a manner that but few people read it.

I am clearly of the opinion that both of these sections are wholly unnecessary; that they require manufacturers to incur needless expense, and add to the petty penalties with which the system is overburdened.

## THE TABULAR STATEMENTS.

In the tables* annexed will be found statements showing the manner in which the manufacturing is distributed through the different States, the number of persons and firms engaged in each of the two branches of manufacturing, the quantity of different kinds of material used, and

[^46]the quantity and kind of products manufactured. These tables are compiled from the reports received from collectors of internal revenue of the transactions of manufacturers in their several districts for the calendar year ended December 31, 1890, a period of time differing from the fiscal year, which will account for any apparent discrepancies between them and the previous part of the report relating to tobacco.

There were in New York City thirty-six persons who qualified and kept books as tobacco manufacturers solely for the purpose of lawfully dealing in the refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings, and waste made by cigar manufacturers. They sort, sieve, and pack this material and export most of it to foreign countries. The rest they sell in bulk, under permits, to other manufacturers, who manipulate it and pack and sell their product as smoking tobacco. During the year 1890 they purchased $1,455,378$ pounds of such material and exported and sold 1,388,060 pounds. These purchases and sales are not included in the tabular statement, because they did not pack and sell any of this tobacco for use and consumption.

Statement showing the Number, by States, of Cigar Manufacturirs' Accounts Reported, the Quantity of Tobacco used, and the Number of Cigars and Cigarettes Reported Manufactured during the Calendar Year ended December 31, 1890.


[^47] tobacco user per thousand cigarettes, 4 poands.

Summary Statement of the Number of Tobacco Factories in each State, and the Aggregate Quantity of Leaf Tobacco and other Materials used during the Calendar Year ended December 31, 1890.


Summary Statement of the Aggregate Quantities of the Drfferent Kinds of Manufactured Tobacco Produced in each State during the Calendar Year ended December 31, 1890, together with a Statement of the Quantity of Manutactured Tobacco on Hand at the Commencement and at the Close of the Year, the Quantity to be accounted for, the quantity Removed in Bond for Export, the Total Sales Reported, and the amount of Taxes Paid.

| States. | Tobacco manafactured. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tobacco and snuff produced. |  |  |  | Total. | Tobacco on hand January 1, 1890. | Total tobacco. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unsold } \\ \text { January 1, } \\ 1891 . \end{gathered}$ | Exported. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sold } \\ \text { during year } \\ 1890 . \end{gathered}$ | Value of stamps used. |
|  | Plug and twist. | Fine-cut chewing. | Smoking. | Snuff. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | Pounds. 8,717 | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. $8,717$ | Pounds. | Pounds. 8,717 | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. $\text { 8. } 717$ | \$697. 36 |
| Arkansas | 67, 825 |  | 7,240 |  | 75,065 | 28,367 | 103, 432 | 21, 781 | 25 | .81, 626 | 6,530.08 |
| California | 90 |  | 65, 669 |  | 65,759 | 3,300 | 69.059 |  | 7,883 | 61, 176 | 4, 894. 08 |
| Georgia | 21, 213 |  | 4,963 |  | 26,176 | 25, 489 | 51, 665 | 29,616 | 106 | 21, 943 | 1,755.44 |
| Mlinois. | 638,748 | 2, 255, 529 | 5, 484, 572 | 128, 687 | 8,507,536 | 76, 821 | 8, 584, 357 | 85,905 | 5,979 | 8,492,473 | 679, 397.84 |
| Indiana | 30, 274 |  | 5,963 |  | 36,237 | 25, 903 | 62, 140 | 23, 745 | 1, 256 | 37, 139 | 2, 971.12 |
| Towa |  | 35,640 | 306,570 |  | 342, 210 | 11,475 | 353, 685 | 7,548 |  | 346, 137 | 27,690.96 |
| Kansas. | 18, 11,401 |  | 2,661 |  | 14, 062 | 12,988 | 27, 044 | 10,344 |  | 16,700 | 1,336.00 |
| Kentucky | 18, 908, 209 | 329, 379 | 2, 310, 384 |  | 21, 547,972 | 1,265,367 | 22,813,339 | 1, 344,794 | 33, 908 | 21, 434, 547 | $1,714,763.76$ |
| Louisiana ..... |  |  | 1,281, 078 | 35, 441 | 1,316,519 | 370,442 | 1, 686,961 | 185, 818 | 184, 273 | 1,316,870 | 105, 349.60 |
| Massachusetts |  |  | 120 | 56,542 | 56,662 | 818 | 57,480 | 1,550 |  | 55,930 | 4, 474.40 |
| Maryland | 631,904 | - 580,511 | 9, 410, 198 | 2,457,583 | 13, 080, 196 | 760,992 | 13,841, 188 | 701, 566 | 75, 748 | 13, 063, 874 | 1, 045, 10992 |
| Michigan | 2,941, 002 | 4,860, 023 | 7, 466, 759 | 1,168 | 15, 268,952 | - 13,810 | 15, 282, 762 | 297, 167 | 19,355 | 14, 966, 240 | 1, 197, 299. 20 |
| Minnesota |  | 26, 791 | 168, 839 | 29, 290 | - 224, 920 | 12,275 | 55, 237, 195 | '15,595 | 123 . | 221,477 | 17, 718.16 |
| Missouri | 47, 105, 153 | 225,731 | 5, 047,585 | - 44,688 | 52, 423, 157 | 3, 131, 971 | 55, 555, 128 | 2, 182, 642 | 9,912 | 53, 362, 574 | 4, 269, 005. 92 |
| New Jersey | 12,735, 037 | 4,471, 967 | 5, 825, 886 | 3,975, 169 | 27,008, 059 | 123, 365 | 27, 131, 424 | 90,501 | 264,543 | 26, 776, 380 | 2, 141, 110.40 |
| New Mexico |  |  | - 2,950 |  | - 2, 950 |  | -2,950 |  |  | 2,950 | 236.00 |
| New York | 3,033, 627 | 2,825, 421 | 10,409, 258 | 144, 123 | 16, 412, 429 | 136,351 | 16, 548, 780 | 128, 895 | 547,670 | 15, 872, 215 | 1, 200, 777. 20 |
| North Carol | 14, 070,574 |  | 5, 071, 148 | 64, 698 | 19, 206, 420 | 8, 524, 675 | 27. 731, 095 | 7, 015, 876 | 139, 666 | 20,575,553 | 1, 646, 044. 24 |
| Ohio | 20,000, 265 | 796, 440 | 2, 556, 083 | 13, 513 | 23, 366, 301 | 642, 270 | 24, 008, 571 | 1, 192, 616 | 1, 214 | 22, 814, 741 | 1, 825, 179. 28 |
| Pennsylvania | 740 | 109,969 | 2,676, 256 | 1, 304, 318 | 4, 091, 283 | 106, 105 | 4, 197, 388 | 108, 111 | 5,918 | 4, 083,359 | 326, 668.72 |
| South Caroli | 14, 622 |  | 660 |  | 15, 282 | 1.59 | 15, 441 | 15,279 |  | 162 | 12.96 |
| Tennessee | $1,168,506$ 13,430 | 36,036 | 111,317 6,613 | 445,690 | I, 761,549 | 1, 025, ${ }_{2}$ [088- | 2,786, 957 | 702, 705 | 5,368 102 | 2, 078, 784 | $166,302.72$ |
| Texas.. | 13,430 624,504 | 72 | 6,613 $1,932,890$ | 359 729,768 | 20,402 | 9, ${ }^{2}, 541,777$ | 47, $22.97,722$ | 7,089 $, 915,392$ | 8,907, ${ }^{102}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,779 \\ 30,178,758 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,262.32 \\ , 414,300.64 \end{array}$ |
| West Virginia | 258 |  | 4, 524,337 | 12,768 | 4,524,595 | $9,641,790$ .31 | 4,556,385 | 79,514 | 8, 0 | 4, 476,871 | 359, 149.68 |
| Wisconsin | 3, 475 | 941, 769 | 5, 149, 446 | 3,709 | 6,098,399 | 70,700 | 6,169, 099 | 32,864 | 13, 395 | 6, 122, 840 | 489, 82.7 .20 |
| Total calendar year 1890. | 156,029, 574 | 17, 567, 989 | 69, 829, 445 | 9, 434, 746 | 252, 861, 754 | 26,045,180 | 278,906, 934 | 22, 197, 013 | 10, 224, 106 | 246, 485, 815 | 19, 71.8, 865.20 |
| Total calendar year 1889 | 156,534, 778 | 16, 528, 038 | 34, 056, 424 | 9,040, 345 | 246, 159, 585 | 20,84.2, 999 | 267, 002, 584 | 25, 915, 197 | 12, 030, 530 | 229, 056, 857 | 18, 324, 548.56 |
| Difference calendar year 1890 | b505, 204 | a1, 039, 951 | a5, 773, 021 | a394, 401 | a6, 702, 169 | $a 5,202,181$ | a11, 904,350 | $b 3,718,184$ | b1, 806, 424 | a17, 428, 958 | a1, 394, 316. 64 |

b Decrease.

## SMOKING OPIUM.

Under the act of October 1, 1890, section 36, a tax of $\$ 10$ per pound was levied upon all opium manufactured in the United States for smoking purposes.
Proper regulations, blanks, forms, records, bonds, stamps, etc., have been prepared in accordance with the terms of said act, but no persons qualified as manufacturers of opium during the fiscal year, and except the issuing by this office of proper stamps, records, blanks, etc., to the collector of the first district of California, there is at present nothing to report in connection with the legitimate manufacture of opium in the United States under the provisions of said act.

In order to make this law effective several amendments will be required, among which one forfeiting illicit factories, and also duly authorized factories where there is any serious violation of the law. It should also be made a penal offense to remove stamps, to re-use stamps, or to have in possession stamps that have once been used. In addition to this, I would suggest that Congress be requested to further amend the act by requiring all dealers in crude opium to keep such books and to make such returns as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may direct.

## DIVISION OF LAW.

## REPORTS OF DISTRIOT ATYORNEYS.

The following is an abstract of reports of district attorneys for the fiscal year 1890-91, of internal-revenue suits and prosecutions pending, commenced, and disposed of:


## OFFERS IN COMPROMISE.

The following statement shows the number of offers in compromise and action thereon under section 3229, Revised Statutes, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, with the amount of tax, assessable penalty, and specific penalty accepted:

| Months. | Cases compromised. |  | Amounts of tax accepted. | Amounts of assessable penalty accepted. | Amounts of specific penalty accepted. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Received. | Offers accepted and sent to Secretary for approval, etc. |  |  |  |
| 1800. |  |  | - | - |  |
| On hand July 1. | 50 | 38 |  |  | \$10,630.00 |
| Angust | 45 | 3 | \$4, 006. 15 |  | 1,031.00 |
| September | 45 | 41. | 2,576. 67 | \$8.33 | 11,908. 50 |
| October | 56 | 53 | 237.50 | 118.76 | 12,758. 21 |
| November. | 53 | 50 | 776.85 |  | 7,971. 13 |
| December | 52 | 12 | 1,153.90 |  | 4,665.00 |
| January.............. | 54 | 68 | 1,088.70 |  | 30, 040, 00 |
| February | 34 | 2.1 | 102. 40 | 51.20 | 4, 995. 50 |
| March... | 61 | 38 | 678.57 | 45. 11 | 4.197.50 |
| April. | 36 | 41. | 828.94 | 29.33 | 7, 947.08 |
| May. | 41 | 32 | 2,240.84 | 55.41 | 1. 5551.55 |
| Jume | 83 | 48 | 537.63 | 52.57 | 7,074. 09 |
| Offers rejected or withdr |  | 140 |  |  |  |
| On hand July 1.. |  | 70 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 655 | 655 | 14,228.15 | 360.71 | 104, 775.56 |

## REC:APITULATION.


$\qquad$
Statement of Casks Compromised in the quarter mened September 30, 1891.


## ABSTRACT OF SEIZURES.

Seizures of property for violation of internal-revenue laws during the year ended June 30, 1891, were as follows:


Abstract of Seizures of Property for Violation of Internal-Revienue Laws for the Months of July, August, and September, 1891.

| States and Territories. | Miscellane- ous property. | Distilled sprits. ${ }^{\text {' }}$ |  | Cigars. |  | Tobacco. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama . | Value. $\$ 1,555.00$ | Gallons. 45 | Talue. $\$ 80.00$ | Number. | Talue. | Pounds. | Value. |
| Arkansas. | +1,50.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California. | 35,386.00 | 218 | 254.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Comnecticut. | 150.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado | 1, 187.00 | 253 | 308. 00 |  |  |  |  |
| Florida. | $\therefore 15.00$ |  |  | 1,200 | \$48.00 |  |  |
| Georgia | 2, 100.00 | 362 | 290.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Illinois. | 5, 474.00 | 875 | 728.00 |  |  | 1,642 | \$58. 08 |
| Indiana |  | 230 | 380,00 |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky | 1, 105.00 | 5,410. | 4,745.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Louisiana | 343.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland |  | 75 | 150.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 4.00 | 2,945 | 700.00 |  |  | 880 | 623.50 |
| Michigan |  | 160 | 295.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri | 2.00 | 6, 780 | 4,260.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Montana |  |  |  | 2,125 | 70.00 |  |  |
| New York |  |  |  | 2, 080 | 21.00 |  |  |
| New Jersey |  | 200 | 304.00 |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 8,000.00 | 1,580 | 1,660.00 |  |  | 1, 000 | 244.00 |
| Ohio |  | 85 | $135.00$ |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 2.00 | 824 | 639.00 |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina | 300.00 | 102 | 75.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee | 6,565.00 | 2,600 | 2, 164. 00 |  |  | 50 | 32.00 |
| Texas. | 5,766.87 | 10 | 15.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia | 600.00 | 60 | 30.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 68,604. 87 | -22,814 | 17,212.00 | 5,405 | 139.00 | 3,572 | 957.58 |

DIRECT TAX.
A few claims for the surplus proceeds of the sale of land under the direct-tax laws (section 36 of the act of August 5, 1861) have been allowed during the past year, amounting to the sum of \$643.47.

Of the amount appropriated by the act of March 3,1883 , for the payment of these claims, there remained at the commencement of this fiscal year the sum of $\$ 126,172.31$ available.

All the applications for redemption of school farm lands, under the provisions of the act of March 3, 1887, as amended, have been acted upon.
Total number of releases, 28 ; total number of acres redeemed, $3,446 \frac{1}{2}$; number of acres unredeemed, $6 \frac{1}{2}$.

## ABATEMENT CLAIMS.

On the 1st of July, 1890 , there were pending 74 claims for abatement of assessed taxes, amounting to $\$ 13,674.32$, and during the year 3,866
claims amounting to $\$ 2,840,252.23$ were presented. Of these, 1,967 claims, amounting to $\$ 1,519,363.73$, have been allowed by this office, and 476 claims, amounting to $\$ 1,063,883.26$, have been rejected or returned for amendment. This left 1,497 claims for abatement still pending on the 30th of June, 1891, amounting to $\$ 270,679.56$.

Since that date and up to October 1,548 other claims have been filed, amounting to $\$ 172,289.45 ; 1,302$ claims have been allowed, amounting to $\$ 259,078.29$, and 249 rejected or returned for amendment, amounting to $\$ 25,911.16$, and on the 1st of October, 1891, 494 claims for abatement were pending, amounting to $\$ 157 ; 979.56$.

## REFUNDING CLAIMS.

On the 1st of July, 1890, there were pending 82 claims for the refunding of taxes collected, amounting to $\$ 129,634.72$, and during the year 308 other claims, amounting to $\$ 124,041.02$, were presented, and 2 rejected claims, amounting to $\$ 27,698.32$, were reconsidered.

Of these, 190 claims, amounting to $\$ 105,475.50$, have been allowed, and 62 claims, amounting to $\$ 42,914.54$, have been rejected or returned for amendment. This left 140 claims for refunding still pending on the 30 th of June, 1891, amounting to $\$ 132,984.02$.

Since that date and up to the 1 st of October, 1891, 47 other claims have been received, amounting to $\$ 2,572.81$. Of these, 42 claims have been allowed, amounting to $\$ 1,632.80$, and 8 have been rejected or returned for amendment, amounting to $\$ 1,851.82$, and on the 1 st of October, 1891, 137 claims for refunding were pending, amounting to $\$ 132,062.21$.

## REBATE CLAIMS.

The following statement shows the number and amount of claims presented for rebate of taxes on tobacco and snuff, under the provisions of the act of December 15, 1890, and the disposition of the same:



| Number of claims allowed and paid up to October 1, 1891 | 28,876 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of claims rejected |  |

Number of claims ontstanding ............................................................................................ 467
Total................................................................................. 29,427
Amount of claims allowed and paid...................................... $\$ 1,118,202.55$
Amount of claims rejected ......................................................... 1, 984.39
Amount of claims outstanding . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 14, 973. 62

Of the claims allowed, forty, amounting to $\$ 11,033.50$, were paid in stamps.

Three thousand and ninety-two claims were returned for amendment before final allowance and payment.

Statement showing, by States and Territories, the Actual Number of the Different Kinds of Special-Tax Payers for the Fourteen Months ended June 30, 1891.


Statement showing，by States and Territorifs，the Actual Number of the Different Kinds of Special－Tax Payers for the

| States and Territories． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wholesale liquor } \\ & \text { dealers. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North Dakota． |  | 591 |  |  | 23 |  |  |  | 1，580 |  |  | 6 | 10 | 9 |  |  |  | 2，222 |
| Ohio | 103 | 16.275 | 360 | 5 | 1，625 | 365 | 132 | 1 | 39，926 | 76 | 172 | 146 | 324 | 340 | 2 | 485 | 10 | 60，347 |
| Oklahoma |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | 1，146 |  |  |  |  | 20 |  | 14 |  | 1，688 |
| Oregon | 8 | 1， 843 | 40 |  | 37 | 5 | 1 |  | 4， 455 |  | 3 | 35 | 48 | 30 |  | 1 | 1 | 6，507 |
| Pennsylvania | 223 | 11，917 | 463 | 3 | 4，458 | 309 | 77 |  | 57， 286 | 65 | 235 | 267 | 524 | 411 | 2 | 1，100 | 59 | 77， 399 |
| Rhode Island | 9 | 1，799 | 51 |  | 70 | 1 |  |  | 4，281 |  | 8 | 4 | 24 | 22 | 4 | 336 | 6 | ${ }^{6,615}$ |
| South Carolina |  | 1，040 | 16 |  | 13 |  |  |  | 8， 032 | 3 |  | 1 | 21 | 16 |  |  |  | 9，142 |
| South Dakota． |  | 1，371 | 6 |  | 31 |  |  |  | 3，335 |  | 1 | 5 | 30 | 17 |  | 5 |  | 4，801 |
| Tennessee | 25 | 2， 878 | 77 |  | 48 | 214 | 107 |  | 11， 637 | 52 | － 8 | 6 | 31 | 41 |  | 127 | 7 | 15， 258 |
| Texas．． | 33 | 5，117 | 76 |  | 72 | 5 |  |  | 20， 866 | 4 | 4 | 13 | 1，090 | 253 |  | 49 | 7 | 27，589 |
| Utah．．． | 5 | 319 | 4 |  | 21 |  |  | 1 | 1，805 |  | 1 | 3 | ${ }^{1} 8$ | 5 |  | 9 | 7 | 2，188 |
| Vermont |  | 488 |  |  | 27 | － |  |  | 2， 606 |  | 1 |  | 21 | 9 |  |  |  | 3，154 |
| Virginia ． | 20 | 3，646 | 37 |  | 192 | 369 | 35 |  | 10，419 | 147 | 2 | 3 | 62 | 42 |  | 54 | 2 | 15，030 |
| Washington | 2 | 2，674 | 58 |  | 50 |  |  |  | 6,193 |  | 2 | 45 | 55. | 71 |  | 72 | 14 | 9，236 |
| West Virgini |  | 1，465 | 12 | 1 | 109 | 85 | 56 |  | 6， 606 | 11 |  | 7 | 81 | 16 |  | 96 | 3 | 8，479 |
| W yoming ． | $\cdot 46$ | 9， 223 606 | 114 10 |  | 670 13 | 85 | 21 |  | 16,518 1,269 | 10 | 32 | 199 6 | 437 10 | 137 21 | ， | 74 10 | 3. | 27,569 1,945 |
| Total | 1，626 | 230， 408 | 4，869 | 43 | 21，387 | 3， 593 | 1，266 | 3 | 611， 411 | 1，021 | 1，477 | 2，138 | 10，389 | 5，039 | 19 | 5，914 | 255 | 900，8008 |
| Total for the special． tax year 1890 | 1，466 | 189，002 | 4，416 | 30 | 21， 197 | 4，090 | 1，364 | 3 | 603， 068 | 907 | 1，800 | 2，156 | 7，798 | 3，697 | 22 | 3，529 | 179 | 844， 524 |

＊See note on page 427.

## DIVISION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

The statements under the above heading relating to the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, exhibit the number of grain, molasses, and fruit distilleries which were registered and operated in each collection district and State; the number and capacity of the grain and molasses distilleries in operation at the beginning of each month in the year and of the three following months; the number of grain distilleries, classified according to their different capacities, registered and operated in each district and State; the quantities and several kinds of grain and other materials used in the production of distilled spirits in each collection district and State; the different kinds of fruit brandy produced during the year in each collection district and State; the quantity of distilled spirits, in proof gallons, rectified in the several districts and States; and the number of cattle and hogs fed at the registered grain distilleries, together with other items.

## distilleries registered and operated.

The following statement shows the number of distilleries registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891:

| States and Territories. | Grain. |  | Molasses. |  | Fruit. |  | Total regis: tered. | Total operated. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Regis. tered. | Operated. | Registered. | Operated. | Registered. | Oper. ated. |  |  |
| Alabama...... | 7 | 7 |  |  | 15 | 15 | 22. | 22 |
| Arkansas | 46 | 32 |  |  | 39 | 39 | 85 | 71 |
| California. | 3 | 3 |  |  | 288 | 284. | 291 | 287 |
| Colorado. | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Connecticut | 3 | 3 |  |  | 35 | 35 | 38 | 38 |
| Georgia. . | 95 | 87 |  |  | 50 | 50 | 145 | 137 |
| Illinois. | 19 | - 19 |  |  | 18 | 16 | 37 | 35 |
| Indiana | 15 | 13 |  |  | 41 | , 34 | 56 | 47 |
| Iowa... |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Kansas |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Kentucky | 401 | 340 | 1 | -1 | 143 | 143 | 545 | 484 |
| Louisiana. |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Maryland | 26 | $23^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  | 12 | 12 | 38 | 35 |
| Massachusetts. | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 13 | 13 |
| Minnesota | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Missouri. | 49 | 39 |  |  | 52 | 50 | 101 | 89 |
| Montana. |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| New Hampshire |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| New Jersey... | 1 | 1 |  |  | 48 | 48 | 49 | 49 |
| New Mexico |  |  |  |  | - 5 | 5. | 5 | 5 |
| New York | 2 | 2 |  |  | 42 | 41 | 44 | 43 |
| North Carolina | 542 | 503 |  |  | 784 | 780 | 1,326 | 1,283 |
| Ohio.. | 29 | 25 |  |  | 24 | 22 | 53 | 47 |
| Oregon | 2 | 2 |  |  | . 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| Pennsylvania. | 111 | 99 |  |  | 9 | 8 | 120 | 107 |
| South Carolina. | 26 | 24 |  |  | 6 | 6 | 32 | 30 |
| Tennessee | 108 | 88 |  |  | 190 | 177 | 298 | 265 |
| Texas | . 10 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 7 |
| Virginia....... | 110 | 101 |  |  | 588 | 588 | 698 | 689 |
| West Virginia. | 4 3 | 2 3 |  |  | 5 | 5 | 9 3 | 7 <br> 3 |
| Total | 1,618 | 1, 424 | 11 | - 11 | 2,420 | 2,384 | 4, 049 | 3,819 |

## FRUIT DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPERATED.

## Statement showing the Number of Frutr Distilleries Registered and Operated during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891, by Collection Disthicts.

| District. | Registered. | Operated. | District. | Regis. tered. | Oper- ated. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 15 | 15 | New Jersey |  |  |
| Arkansas: | 39 | 39 | First district.. | ${ }_{31}^{17}$ | ${ }_{31}^{17}$ |
| First district. | 148 | 144 | New Mexico | 5 |  |
| Fourth district |  |  | New York: |  |  |
| - Connecticut | ${ }^{35}$ |  | First district. | 1 |  |
| Georgia | 50 | 50 | Fourteenth district.. | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ | 24 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Ilinois }}$ Eighth district. |  |  | Twenty-frst district ........ | ${ }_{15}^{2}$ | 15 |
| Thirteenth distri | 7 | 7 | North Carolina: |  |  |
| liana: |  |  | Fourth district. | 330 | 30 |
| Sixth district..... | ${ }_{33}^{88}$ | 27 | Ohio: ${ }^{\text {Fifth district }}$ | 454 |  |
| Iowa: |  |  | First district. |  |  |
| Fourth district. | 3 | 3 | Tenth district. | 16 | 14 |
| Kansas | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Kentucky: district |  |  | Oregon............... | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |  |
| Fifth district | 29 | 29 | Penasylvania: |  |  |
| Sixth district. | 4 | ${ }_{7}^{4}$ | First district... | 8 |  |
| Eighth district. | 35 | 35 | South Carolina.... | 6 |  |
| Louisiana | 4 | 4 | Tennessee: |  |  |
| Maryland ..... | 12 | 12 | Secoud district. | 30 160 | 18 159 |
| Massachusets: ${ }^{\text {Third }}$ district | 4 | 4 | Texas: |  |  |
| Missouri: |  |  | Fiourth district | 4 |  |
| $\stackrel{\text { First district. }}{\text { Sixth district }}$ | 40 12 | 38 12 | irginia: |  |  |
| Nontana.....i | 1 | 1 | Sixth district. | 448 | 48 |
|  |  |  | West Virginia ............... |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total....................c | 2, 420 | 2,384 |

Statement showing the Number and Capacity of Grain and Molasses Distilleries in Operation at the Beginning of bach Month during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891, and tee First Three Months of the Present Fiscal Year.

| Month. | Number of distilleries. |  | Capacity of grain distilleries. |  | Capacity of molas. ses distilleries. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { spirit.pro } \\ \text { ducing } \\ \text { capacity } \\ \text { per day. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grain. | Molas es. | Grain. | Spirits. | Molasses. | Spirits. |  |
|  |  |  | Bushels. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| July. | 660 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 81, 375 | 338,516 | 4,504 | 3, 828 | 342,344 |
| September | 467 | 6 | 32, 48,846 | 204, 777 | 11,449 | $\stackrel{9}{6,311}$ | 234,046 197,088 |
| October | 515 | 7 | 68,454 | 289, 783 | 4,789 | 4,071 | 293,854 |
| November | 640 | 8 | 77,600 | 329, 805 | 7,279 | 6, 189 | 335,994 |
| December | 769 | 8 | 108, 508 | 430, 328 | 13,370 | 10,514 | 440,842 |
| January. | 795 | 9 | 105, 722 | 438, 034 | 10,752 | 9,139 | 447, 173 |
| Februai:y | 841 | 7 | 108, 113 | 439, 862 | 6,937 | 5,895 | 445,757 |
| March | 900 | 7 | 112,749 | 458,542 | 6, 105 | 5,188 | 463,730 |
| April. | 933 | 9 | 114, 646 | 470, 977 | 6,895 | 5,860 | 476,837 |
| May. | 820 | 8 | 103,913. | 423, 807 | 9,013 | 7,659 | 431, 466 |
| June | ${ }^{632}$ | 8 | 75, 002 | 309, 100 | 8,581 | 7,292 5,781 | 316,392 |
| Ang. | 466 418 | 7 | 42,463 36,102 | 175, 292 | 6,833 7 7,086 | $\mathbf{5 , 7 8 1}$ 6,040 | 1.58,472 |
| September. | 425 | 7 | 43,655 | 186, 693 | 8,511 | 7,418 | 194,111 |

GRAIN AND MOLASSES DISTILLERIES IN OPERATION SEPTEMBER 1, 1880 TO 1891.

Comparative Statement showing the Number and Capacity of Grain and Molasses Distilleries in Operation on the 1st day of September in each of the years 1880 to 1891, inclusive.

| Date. | Number of distil- |  | Capacity of grain distilleries. |  | Capacity of molas. ses distilleries. |  | spirit-pro capacityper day per ay. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grain. | Molasses. | Grain. | S'pirits. | Molasses. | Spirits. |  |
|  |  |  | Bushels. | Gallons: | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| September 1, 1880. | 398 <br> 298 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | -69, ${ }^{613}$ | $\xrightarrow{272,868}$ | 8, 8, 873 | 7, 7 7, 287 | ${ }_{280,093}^{282,928}$ |
| September 1, 1882 | 198 | 7 | ${ }^{57,755}$ | 227, 973 | 10, 426 | 8,861 | 236, 834 |
| September 1,1883 | 387 <br>  <br>  <br> 294 | 8 | 46, 4785 | 224, 1807 <br> 189 <br> 188 | 88 | 6,818 | - |
| September 1, 1884 | ${ }_{212}$ | 8 | 42, 594 |  | ${ }_{7}$ | , 6,424 | -1960,732 <br> 180 <br> 189 |
|  | 305 | 9 | 46, 180 | 181, 223 | 8,853 | 7,524 | 188,747 |
| Soptember 1, 1887 | 293 | 8 | 50, 355 | 199, 100 | 6,460 | 5, 493 | 204, 593 |
| September 1, 1888 | 339 | 5 | 33, 294 | 141, 963 | 4,465 | 3,798 | ${ }^{145} 57861$ |
| September 1, 1890 | 467 | 6 | 48, 446 | 199, 777 | \% 7 7,425 | - | 197, 888 |
| September 1, 1891 | 425 | 7 | 43,655 | 186, 693 | 8,511 | 7,418 | 194,111 |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Statement showing the Number of Grain Distilleries of different capacitiés Registered and Operated during ter Fiscal Year ended June 30，1891，by States and Territories．

| States and Territories． | Daily spirit capacity not ex－ ceeding 30 gallons． |  | Daily grain capacity not ex－ ceeding 5 bushels． |  | $\|$Daily grain Daily grain <br> capacity exceed－capacity exceed．  <br> ing 5 bushels ing 10 bushels <br> and not and not <br> exceeding 10 exceeding 20 <br> bushels． bushels． |  |  |  | Daily grain capacity exceed ing 20 bushels and not exceeding 40 bushels． |  | Daily graincapacity exceeding 40 bushelsand notexceeding． 60bushels． |  | Daily grain capacity exceed－ ing 60 bushels and not exceeding 100 bushels． |  | Daily grain capacity exceed－ ing 100 bushels and not exceeding 500 bushels． |  | Daily grain capacity exceed－ ing 500bushels． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 审 } \\ & \text { 莼 } \\ & \text { 荌 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 守 } \\ & \text { 苞 } \\ & \text { 患 } \end{aligned}$ | 家 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 灾 } \\ & \text { 憲 } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabama． | 5 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas． | 39 | 29 | 13 | 9 | 22 | 17 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California ．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1. |  |  |
| Colorado．．．． Connecticut |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comnecticut Georgia． | 64 | 55 | 33 | 30 | 29 | ． 24 | 2 | 2 | 24 | 24 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Illinois ． |  | 1 | 33 | 1. |  |  | 2 |  | 24 1 |  | 4 <br> 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 15 | 15 |
| Indiana．． | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Kentucky | 220 | 175 | － 103 | 91 | 106 | 82 | 21 | 13 | 21 | 15 | 9 | 9 | 35 | 31 | 67 | 60 | 39 | 39 |
| Maryland．．． | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 1 | ， | 2 | 4 | 4 | $\checkmark 4$ | 4 |
| Massachusetts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Minnesota |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Missouri．． | 31 | 25 | 6 | 5 | 24 | 19 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Nebraska．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |
| New Yorry． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 |
| North Carolina | 541 | 509 | 525 | 488 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 1 | $i$ |  |  |
| Ohio ．．．． | 3 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 6 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 7 | 7 |
| Oregon | 2 | 2 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 17 | 15 | 2 | 2 | 21 | 19 | 16 | 11 | 43 | 38 |  | 3 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 |
| South Carolina | 23 | 21 | 16 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 1 | ． 1 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee | 58 | 49 | 42 | 35 | 16 | $\cdot 13$ | 13 | 9 | 25 | 20 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 |  | － |
| Texas．．．．． | 10 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | － 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia ．．．．．．． | 99 | 90 | 72 | 67 | 25 | 22 | 3 | 3 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| West Virginia <br> Wisconsin | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total． | 1， 124 | 989 | 822 | 749 | 281 | 224 | 87 | 63 | 159 | 134 | 29 | 29 | 58 | 53 | 96 | 88 | 86 | 84 |

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DISTILLERIES REGISTERED AND OPER-

 ATED.The whole number of grain distilleries registered during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, was 1,618, of which number 1,424 were operated.

The numbers registered and operated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, were 1,536 and 1,397 , respectively, showing an increase during the last fiscal year of 82 in the number registered and of 27 in the number operated.

The larger portion of the increase in the number registered and the whole of the increase in the number operated occurred in the class of distilleries having the smaller capacities for the production of spirits, there having been an increase of 70 in the number of distilleries of this class registered and an increase of 29 in the number operated.

In the class of larger distilleries there was an increase of 12 in the number registered, but a decrease of 2 in the number operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, there were registered 1,308 distilleries of the smaller class, varying in daily grain capacity from not over 5 to not over 60 bushels each, and or this number 1,170, or $89+$ per cent., were operated.

Of the larger distilleries having daily grain capacities varying from 60 to several thousand bushels each, 228 were registered and 227 , or 991 per cent., were operated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, of the smaller distilleries 1,378 were registered, and 1,199 or $87+$ per cent. were operated.

Of the larger distilleries 240 were registered, and 225 or $93+$ per cent. were operated.

There were 11 rum distilleries registered and 11 operated, an increase of one over the number reported for the previous fiscal year.

There were 2,420 fruit distilleries registered and 2,384 operated; a decrease of 2,464 in the number registered and of 2,420 in the number operated during the fiscal year.

The total number of grain, molasses, and fruit distilleries registered and operated during the year is 4,049 and 3,819 , respectively.

There was a decrease of 2,381 in the number of all kinds of distilleries registered and a decrease of 2,392 in the number of all kinds operated during the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 , as compared with the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890.


Statemint showing the Quantities of Grain and Other Materials used in the Production of Distilled Spirits during the Frscal Year ended June 30, 1891, by States and Territories.

| States. | Malt. | Wheat. | Barley. | Rye. | Corn. | Oats. | Mill feed. | Molasses. | Other material. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Gallons. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Gallonis. |
| Arkansas | 2,054 | 34 |  | 872 | 20,236 |  | 22 |  |  | 23, ${ }^{4818}$ |  |
| California | 12, 071 | 68, 188 |  | 20,658 |  |  |  |  |  | 100, 917 |  |
| Coloradò |  | 50 |  | 29 | 46 |  |  |  |  | 130 |  |
| Connecticut | 31, 519 |  |  | 52,811 | 70,330 |  |  |  | 1,242 | 155, 902 |  |
| Georgia | 29,364 9029 981 | ${ }_{16}^{26}$ |  | 1,678 | 171,986 |  |  |  |  | 203. 054 |  |
| Indiana. | 122,741 | 208 |  | 46,548 | ${ }^{7}$, 1322885 | 5,854 | 8, 274 |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{1,316,400}$ |  |
| Kentucky | 832,618 | 15,282 |  | 1,162,936 | 5,683, 932 | 2,487 | 20 | 134, 676 |  | 7,697, 275 | 134, 676 |
| Maryland | 66,077 | 236 |  | 552, 035 | -44,652 | 1,763 |  | 13, |  | 664,763 | 13, |
| Massachusetts |  |  |  | 10, 955 | 9,490 |  |  | 2, 195, 094 |  | 21, 284 | 2, 195, 094 |
| Minnesota | 53, 104 |  |  | 10,401 | 504, 009 |  |  |  |  | 567, 514 |  |
| Missoari. | 40, 766 | 613 | 31 | 15, 297 | 380, 273 | 2,516 | 11 |  |  | 839, 507 |  |
| Nebraskampi...ir | 79,803 |  |  | 25, 005 | 696, 191 | 117 |  | 36,825 |  | 801, 116 | 36,825 |
| New Jersey. | 33, 800 |  |  | 50,700 | 50,700 |  |  |  |  | 135, 200 |  |
| New York | 97,382 | 687 |  | 225, 040 | 232, 700 |  |  |  | 3, 594 | 559, 403 |  |
| North Caroli | 33, 588 | 1,205 | 14 | 37, 922 | - 2808083 | 865 | 1-517 | ${ }^{232} 262$ |  | 353,698 | 232, ${ }^{2627}$ |
| Oregon | 279, 660 | 1,571 |  | 245, 271 | 1, 557,120 |  |  |  |  | 2, 1.130 |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 262,996 | 5,649 |  | 1,577, 626 | 175,476 | 784 | 643 | 10,725 |  | 2,023,174 | 10,725 |
| Sonth Carolina | 1,960 |  |  |  | 18,718 |  |  |  |  | 21, 399 |  |
| Tennessee | 25,988 |  | 35 | 22,482 | 229, 053 | , | 1,570 | 1,309 |  | 279, 219 | i,309 |
| Yirginia | 5,559 | 233 | 4 | 26, 869 | 52,916 |  |  |  |  | 85,581 |  |
| West Virgin | 13,581 |  |  | 118,444 | 3,711 |  |  |  |  | 135, 736 |  |
| Wisconsin | 22, 503 | 2,045 | 578 | 46, 403 | 77, 673 |  | - |  |  | 149, 202. |  |
| Total | 2, 951, 547 | -96, 166 | 662 | 4,579,868 | 18, 67i, 536 | 14,637 | 28,389 | 2, 610,918 | 4,836 | 26,347,641 | 2,610,918 |

The average yield per bushel of grain was $\underset{26,385,401}{114,178,077}=4.32+$ gallons of spirits.
The average yield per gallon of molasses was $\frac{1,784,312}{* 2,368,171}=.753+$ gallons of rum.
$\star 242,747$ gallons of molasses were used in combination with grain for the production of spirits instead of rum; and their equivalent, estimated in bushels of grain, is added to the total grain in determining the yield per bushel of grain.

Comparative Statement of Materials used and Spirits Produced duifing the last Ten Fiscal Years.


The quantity of grain used in the production of spirits during the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 ( $26,347,641$ bushels) is an increase of $1,144,740$ bushels over the amount used in the preceding fiscal year ( $25,202,901$ bushels) and is $5,476,048$ bushels more than the average $(20,871,593$ bushels) for the last ten years.
The number of gallons of spirits produced from grain during the year ( $114,178,077$ gallons) shows an increase of $6,559,957$ gallons over the product ( $107,618,120$ gallons) of the year ended June 30, 1890, and is $28,624,713$ gallons more than the average produced ( $85,553,364$ gallons) for the last ten years.

The yield of spirits from each bushel of grain is $4.32+$ gallons. The yield for the two preceding years was $4.18+$ for 1889 and $4.27+$ for 1890 .

The quantity of molasses used for the production of rum during the fiscal year ( $2,368,171$ gallons) shows an increase of 169,633 gallons over the quantity used in the previous year ( $2,198,538$ gallons) and is 43,363 gallons more than the average ( $2,324,808$ gallons) for the last ten years.

The quantity of rum distilled from molasses during the fiscal year ( $1,784,312$ gallons) shows an increase of 126,504 gallons over the product of the previous year ( $1,657,808$ gallons) and is 8,315 gallons more than the average product ( $1,775,996$ gallons) for the last ten years.

Statement showing the Quantity of each Kind of Fruit Brandy Produced during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891, by States and Territories.


Statement showing trie number of Proof Gallons of Spirits Rectified in the Tnited States during the Year ended April 30, 1891, by States and Territories.

| States and 'rerritories. | Gallons. | States and Territories. | Gallong. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | 165, 794. 00 | Nebraska and Dakotas. | 306, 799. 50 |
| California and Nevada. | 2, 803, 996.00 | New Hampshire, Maiue, and Ver- |  |
| Colorado and W yoming. | 1.08, 023.00 | , mont | 12,609.00 |
| Connecticut and libode Islan | 364, 824.00 | New Jersey | 239, 628.00 |
| Georgia. | 108, 991. 00 | New Mexico | 10,176.50 |
| Illinois | 6, 701, 260.98 | New York | 12, 881, 370.19 |
| Indiana | 2, 031, 101. 52 | North Carolina | 219, 672.00 |
| Iowa. | 74, 697. 81 | Ohio. | 12, 491, 888.03 |
| Kansas | 3, 292.00 | Oregon and Waslington | 108, 040. 00 |
| Kentacky | 5, 688, 400. 50 | Pennsylvania | 8, 858, 450. 13 |
| Lonisiana. | 794, 447.00 | Tennessee | 380, 648.50 |
| Maryland and Dela | 5,516, 673. 48 | Texas. | 261, 719.00 |
| Massachusett | 3, 829, 620.65 | Virginja.... | 770, 706.50 |
| Michigan | 269, 888.50 | West Virgin | 161,601.00 |
| Minnesota | -294, 848.00 | Wiscons | 1,768, 650.21 |
| Montana and Utah | 37, 336.00 | Cotal | 71,220, 930. 71 |

## STOOK FED AT DISTILLERIES.

The following statement shows the number of cattle and hogs fed at registered grain distilleries, with their average and total increase in weight during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, by collection districts:

| Districts. | Number of cattle fed. | Total increasein weight. | Average increase in weight. | Number of hogs fed. | Total increase in weight. | Average increase in weight. | Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 12 | 1,200 | 100. | 250 | 5,000 | 20 | 6, 200 |
| Arkansas | 30 | 2,500 | $88+$ | 560 | 46,395 | $82+$ | 48,895 |
| Connecticnt | 100 | 30,000 | 300 |  |  |  | 30,000 |
| Georgia | 468 | 62, 600 | $133+$ | 3,769 | 310, 215 | $82+$ | 372,815 |
| First Illinois | 4,100 | 930,700 | 227 |  |  |  | 930,700 |
| Fifth Clinois | 2], 878 | 6,369,370 | $345+$ |  |  |  | 5, 369,370 |
| Eighth Illinois | 3,600 | 390, 000 | $108+$ |  |  |  | 390,000 |
| Sixth Indiana | 1,924 | 468,220 | $240+$ | 343 | 26, 154 | $76+$ | 489, 37- |
| Seventh Indiana | 2,500 | 625,000 | 250 |  |  |  | 625,000 |
| Second Kentucky | 5,138 | 1, 294, 889 | $252+$ | 1,145 | 77,940 | $68+$ | 1,372,829 |
| Fifth Kentucky | 12,484 | 2, 384, 141 | $190+$ | 1, 427 | 136,992 | 96 | 2,521, 433 |
| Sixth Kentucky | 4,345. | 1, 192, 275 | 274 + | 725 | 84,425 | $116+$ | 1,276, 700 |
| Seventh Kenturky | 5,815 | 1,302,560 | 224 | 704 | 78,144 | 111 | 1,380, 704 |
| Eighth Kentucley | 3, 675 | 720,200 | $195+$ | 3,066 | 321,930 | 1.05 | 1,042, 130 |
| Maryland ........ | 82 | 21, 744 | $265+$ | 112 | 12,229 | $109+$ | 23,973 |
| Third Massachuset | 73 | 21, 900 | 300 | 26 | 8,900 | 150 | 25, 800 |
| Minfesota. | 3,150 | 686, 700 | 218 | 1,500 | 225, 000 | 150 | 911,700 |
| First Missouri | 16 | 3,200 | 200 | 221 | 22,210 | $100+$ | -25,410 |
| Sixth Missouri | 60 | 12,300 | 205 | 1,090 | 95,311 | $87+$ | 107, 611 |
| Nebraska | 4, 145 | 1,051,500 | $253+$ |  |  |  | 1, 051,500 |
| Fifth New Jersey | 342 | 100, 890 | 295 |  |  |  | 100,890 |
| First New York | 300 | 90, 000 | - 300 |  |  |  | 90, 000 |
| Fourth North Carolin | 174 | 5,835 | $33+$ | 1,386 | 49,263 | $35+$ | 55, 098 |
| Fifth North Carolina. | 339 | 65,025 | 191+ | -3,668 | 322,440 | $87+$ | 387,465 |
| First Ohio... | 2,186 | 553, 464 | $253+$ |  |  |  | 553, 464 |
| Eleventh Ohio | 300 | 90,000 | 300 | 127 | 22,970 | $180+$ | 112,970 |
| Eighteenth Ohio |  |  |  | 75 | 4,912 | $65+$ | 4,912 |
| First Pennsylyania | 13 | 5, 298 | $407+$ |  |  |  | 5,298 |
| Ninth Pennsylvania | 131 | 25,863 | $197+$ | 2, 192 | 199,018 | $90+$ | 224,881. |
| Twelfth Pennsylvaniib ..... | 36 | 6,966 | $193+$ | 450 | 51, 275 | $113+$ | 58,241 |
| Swenty third Pemmsylvania | 1,930 | 449, 840 | $233+$ | 11, 476 | 840, 314 | $73+$ | 1, 290,154 |
| South Carolina . . . . . . . . . . | 147 | 26, 719 | $181+$ | 627 | 42,663 | 68+ | 69,382 |
| Second Tennesseo | 4 | 2,000 | 500 | 165 | 17,985 | 109 | 19,985 |
| Fifth Tennesse | 714 | 184, 395 | $258+$ | 3,907 | 298, 752 | $76+$ | 483, 147 |
| Sixth Virginia | 5 | 1,500 | 300 | 644 | 59,519 | $92+$ | 61, 019 |
| First Wisconsin. | 379 | 82, 700 | $218+$ |  |  |  | 82, 700 |

The following statement shows the number of cattle and hogs fed at registered grain distilleries, arranged by States:

| States. | Number of cattle fed. | Total increase in weight. | Average increase in weight. | Number of hogs fed. | Total increase in weight. | Average increase in weight. | Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 12 | 1.,200 | 100 | 250 | 5,000 | 20 | 6,200 |
| Arkansas | 30 | 2,500 | $83+$ | 560 | 46,395 | $82+$ | 48,895 |
| Connecticut | 100 | 30,000 | 300 |  |  |  | 30.000 |
| Georgia | 468 | 62,600 | $133+$ | 3,769 | 310,215 | $82+$ | 372,815 |
| Illinois. | 29,578 | 6,690,070 | - $226+$ |  |  |  | 6,690,070 |
| Indiana | 4,424 | 1, 088, 220 | $245+$ | 343 | 26, 154 | $76+$ | 1, 114,374 |
| Kentncky | 31, 457 | 6,894, 365 | $219+$ | 7,067 | 699,431 | 98+ | 7,593,796 |
| Maryland | 82 | 21, 744 | $265+$ | 112 | 12,229 | 109+ | 33,973 |
| Massachusetts | 73 | 21,900 | - 300 | 26 | 3,900 | 150 | 25,800 |
| Minnesota | 3,150 | 686,700 | 218 | 1,500 | 225, 000 | 150 | 911,700 |
| Missouri | 76 | 15,500 | $203+$ | 1,311 | 117, 521 | $89+$ | 133,021 |
| Nelraska | 4, 145 | 1,051,500 | $253+$ |  |  |  | 1,051,500 |
| New Jersey | 342 | 100,890 | 295 |  |  |  | 100,880 |
| New York | 300 | 90,000 | 300 |  |  |  | 90, 000 |
| North Carolina | 513 | 70,860 | $138+$ | 5,054 | 371, 703 | $73+$ | 442,563 |
| Obio.. | 2,486 | 643, 464 | $258+$ | 202 | 27, 882 | 138+ | 671, 346 |
| Pennsylvania | 2,110 | 487,967 | $231+$ | 14, 118 | 1, 090, 607 | $77+$ | 1, 578, 574 |
| South Carolina | 147 | 26,719 | $181+$ | 627 | 42, 663 | 68+ | 69, 382 |
| Tennessee | 718 | 186, 395 | $259+$ | 4,072 | 316,737 | $77+$ | 503, 132 |
| Virginia. | 5 | 1,500 | 300 | 644 | 59,519 | 92+ | 61, 019 |
| Wisconsin | 379 | 82,700 | $218+$ |  |  |  | 82, 700 |
| Total. | 80,595 | 18,256,794 | $226+$ | 39,655 | 3,354, 956 | $84+$ | 21, 611, 750 |

SUMMARY.
Number of cattle fed at registered grain distilleries in the United States ..................... 80, 895



'lotal increase in weight of hogs ............................................................................
A verage increase in weight of hogs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do.... .
Total number of cattle and hogs fed
$3,354,956$
Total number of cattle and hogs ted ............................................................................ 120, 250.
Total increase in weight of cattle and hogs ........................................................................................................................ 750


## WEIGHING DISTILLED SPIRITS.

The expediency of ascertaining the quantity of distilled spirits subject to tax, by means of weighing, has engaged my attention during the past year, and I have caused a number of experiments to be made, some of which I have personally supervised, to test the relative merits of weighing, and of gauging, as methods of finding the true quantities, and to determine the practicability of the former for use under the internalrevenue system.

The defects of gauging as an exact measure of the contents of packages have long been apparent, and have occasioned many difficulties in obtaining the full and correct amounts of tax due, and in guarding against intentional evasions of liability. Gauging is at best but an approximate way of finding the holding contents of a perfect cask, made upon true lines, and of material of an even thickness. When the curves of the cask differ from those upon which the mathematics of gauging are based, or its staves or heads are not of a uniform and established thickness, then gauging is further at fault and its results still more unreliable. Even when the capacity of a cask has been found with reasonable correctness, there still remains another measurement to be made to determine the portion of that capacity not occupied by spirits, if the package be not full, as for reasons of expansion it can not well be; and when the apparent volume of spirits has thus been
found, a calculation must still be made to find the true volume at a temperature of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$., whenever the spirits are gauged at any other temperature. These several steps must be taken to obtain the wine gallons upon which the proof gallons are to be still further calculated.

Besides the liability to error in any one or in all of these processes, there is necessitated, in order to avoid delay, a constant dropping of fractions, or taking of the negxt higher gallon, which, in theory, offset each other, but in practice are usually against a true result.

Moreover, the performance of these various operations is a lengthy one, requiring a considerable time to insure the degree of accuracy obtainable, and thus compelling the employment of a large number of officers to discharge the duties with the promptness'which the business demands.

By the system of weighing, on the other hand,' the scales record quickly and with unfailing accuracy the gross weigh't of spirits and of containing cask; and the ascertained empty weight, of the cask being deducted, the precise number of pounds weight of the spirit contents remains.

After taking the proof, or alcoholic strength, of the spirits, the exact equivalent, in wine gallons, of the pounds weight is obtainable by applying thereto the factor arising from the known weight of a gallon of water and the specific gravity of spirits of the ascertained proof.

This calculation is easily tabulated for ready use for any number of pounds of spirits of any degree of proof.

From the wine gallons so found the proof gallons follow by the simple application of the proof thereto.

This method of finding the true volume of spirits avoids all difficulties arising from the shape or dimensions of packages, or from their ullage or wantage, as well as from variations in the bulk of spirits due to temperature, and appears to be superior to the present method of gauging in every feature of facility, convenience, and accuracy.

It can be readily acquired, calling for little skill beyond the ability to read the scales and to ascertain proof correctly. It seems probable that it will so far facilitate the labors of gaugers as to materially lessen the number of officers of this class necessary for the performance of their duties.

As to the entire practicability of substituting weighing for gauging I have taken the opinion of a large number of men experienced in the production or handling of distilled spirits, and the predominating expression on the part of intelligent persons who have given any thought to this matter is distinctly in its favor.

In view of these considerations, I have decided, after consultation with yourself and with your approval, and under the authority conferred upom me by section 3249 of the United States Revised Statutes, to prescribe the use of the scales in place of the gauge rod at distilleries and, so far as applicable, at rectifying houses; retaining the rod for use in gauging packages of rectified spirits whose true proof is not ascertainable owing to the presence of saccharine or other matter in the spirits; and under other circumstances when the use of the scales may not be feasible.

For this purpose I have had tables prepared in this office for use, as above indicated, in connection with the scales, and for the ascertainment of the proof gallons as well as the wine gallons, and I am now preparing regulations to establish the new system.

I have also, with your approval, contracted with the Fairbanks Company, which upon advertisement was the only bidder, to furnish at the expense of the United States twenty-three hundred scales or weighing
beams, with poises and barrel hooks-a sufficient number, I judge, for the present, and perhaps for a considerable period.

The cost of these scales, at $\$ 10$ each, with the appurtenances, will, I am confident, be much more than compensated within no great space of time by a reduction in the expense of gaugers' fees, relative to the number of gallons gauged, and, besides, by a large addition to the amount of tax collected, due to greater accuracy, although such addition. can not perhaps be definitely estimated.

## DISPENSING WITH GAUGING SPIRITS OUT FROM REOTIFYING HOUSES.

Section 3320 of the Revised Statutes requires that "Whenever any cask or package of rectified spirits containing five wine-gallons or more is filled for shipment, sale, or delivery, on the premises of any rectifier who has paid the special tax required by law, it shall be the duty of the United States gauger to gauge and inspect the same, and to place thereon an engraved stamp, signed by the collector of the district and the said gauger, which shall state the date when affixed, and the number of proof-gallons," etc. When this stamp is attached the package is placed upon the market. The stamp is, of course, expected to show the proof of the contents of the package, but inasmuch as rectified spirits are very frequently compounded by the addition of saccharine substances it is impossible to accurately determine the proof thereof. : The proof of spirits is obtained by the use of a hydrometer, but where any substance is mingled with the spirits which has a greater specific gravity than water and alcohol, the hydrometer will not register the proof. In all such cases the gauger is compelled to take the statement of the rectifier as to the strength of the spirits. When spirits are entered into a rectifying house and dumped they are ganged before any rectification takes place. Such spirits have also been gauged at least once before at the distillery, and as the surveillance exercised by. the Government over rectifying houses is simply to prevent frauds (there being no additional tax on rectified spirits), it is, in my opinion, unnecessary to attempt to regauge spirits after they have passed through a rectifying house.

First, because I think it is unnecessary as a protection against fraud; and, secondly, because whenever any saccharine matter has been added to the spirits it is impossible to ascertain their proof. During the past fiscal year $71,220,931$ gallons of rectified spirits were gauged, involving a large amount of work, which cost the Government a very large sum of money. I am of the opinion that the interests of the service do not require this expenditure, and therefore suggest that Congress be asked to make the necessary amendments to the law dispensing with the gauging of spirits out from rectifying houses, and providing in lieu theréof that the rectifier be required to report to the collector of internal revenue the number of gallons so rectified and the proof thereof, and to place a stamp upon the package showing the serial number of the package from which it was taken, the manufacturer thereof, and such other facts as shall be required by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with your approval, and imposing a fine for a failure to make such report or affix such stamp. Of the Revised Statutes, sections 3317 and 3318 would be indirectly affected, and sections 3320 and 3323 directly affected by such amendments.

By substituting the system of weighing for the present system of gauging for the purpose of ascertaining the contents of a package of distilled spirits, and by dispensing with regauging out of rectifying houses, it is believed that the expenses of gauging will be reduced to the minimum.

## DIVISION OF ASSESSMENTS.

The following statements relative to assessments, to spırits deposited in and withdrawn from distillery warehouses and special bonded warehouses, the number and location of such warehouses and the names of the proprietors thereof; to the stock of spirits in the United States October 1, 1891; to the exportation of spirits, fermented liquors, tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes in bond; to the exportation of tobacco, cigars, fermented liquors, and stills, with benefit of drawback; to the use of grape brandy tax-free in fortifying wines; to the act of October 12, 1888 , entitled "An act to prevent the manufacture or sale of adulterated food or drugs in the District of Columbia," and to the act of March 3, 1891, authorizing the use of alcohol tax-free in the manufacture of sugar from sorghum, are prepared from reports in the Division of Assessments. Reports relative to the operation of the oleomargarine law, which were received during the first half of the fiscal year, were transferred to the Division of Revenue Agents January 1, 1891. The statements relative to assessments are to be found on this page and the page following; statements relative to operations in distillery warehouses commence on page 82 (see also special index on page 81); to operations in special bonded warehouses on page 169; to exportations in bond free of tax as to spirits on page 142; as to fermented liquors on page 180; as to tobacco, snuff, cigars, and cigarettes on page 177; to exportations with benefit of drawback ou page 179; and to the use of brandy in fortifying wines on page 175. No case has yet arisen under the act of March 3, 1891, above referred to, and since my last report only one under the act of October 12, 1888.

## ASSESSMENTS.

## 1. By States and Territories. 1891.

The following statement shows the amount of assessments in each of the several States and Territories of the United States, except where two or more are comprised in one district, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891:

| States and Territories. | Amount. | States and Territories, | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | \$6, 296. 53 | Montana; Idaho, and Utah. | \$1. 273.62 |
| Arkansas | 3, 250.02 | Nebraska, North and South Dakota | 3,208.91 |
| Califormia and Nevadar. | 31, 627, 02 | New Hampshire, Maine, and Ver. |  |
| Colorado and W yoming .............. | 1, 651.74 | mont | 3, 045.90 |
| Connecticat and Rhode Island...... | 9,342.58 | New Jersey | 25,097.38 |
| Florida | 920.13 | New Mexico and Arizona | 1,338. 15 |
| Georgia | 9, 267.38 | New York. | 87; 392.39 |
| Ilinois | 37, 186. 65 | North Carolina | 92, 212.05 |
| Indiana | 129, 798, 67. | Ohio | 169, 714.07 |
| Iowa... | 13, 405.67 | Oregon, Washington, and Alaska.. | 2,400.95 |
| Kansas, Indian Territory, and Okla- |  | Pennsylvania. | 625; 964. 55 |
| homa............................... | 2,818.64 | South Carolina | 3, 002, 94 |
| Kentueky | 2, 125, 712. 81 | Tennessee | 87, 086. 45 |
| Louisiana and Mississippi........... | 6, 688. 15 | Texas .. | 7, 179.71 |
| Maryland, Delaware, and District of Columbia. | 233,380.99 | Virginia ..... | $15,155.59$ |
| Massachusetts | 39,317.07 | Wisconsin.. | 5,696.84 5, |
| Michigan . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15,381. 29 |  |  |
| Minnesota | - $5,475.15$ | Total | 3,899, 070.49 |
| Missouri. | 27, 142.66 | * To |  |

Taxes on deficiencies in the production of distilled spirits and on ex. cess of materials used by distillers abated before assessment during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, are as follows:
Twenty-seven claims received from grain-distillers, amount of tax abatedOn excess of material used. \$2, 174. 68
On deficiencies in production of distilled spirits ............................... $6,421.50$

## Total

8,596.18
Three claims received from fruit-distillers, amount of tax abated-
On deficiencies in production of distilled spirits ............................ 20.17.
Total, grain and fruit . . . . . . . . . . ............................................. 8,616.35

## 2. By Articles and Occupations. 1890 and 1891.

The following table shows the assessments made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1890, and June 30, 1891, respectively, and the increase or decrease on each article or occupation:


The quantity of spirits ( $115,962,389$ gallons) produced and deposited in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, is more than the production (109,275,928 gallons) of the year 1890, by $6,686,461$ gallons. The difference is distributed among the different kinds as known to the trade as follows:
Increase in the production of- Gallons.

Rye whisky ......................................................................................... 989,812

Rum........................................................................................... 126 . 504
Gin ........................................................................................... 90. . 984
Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits.................................................... 1, 333, 507
Miscellaneons. ............................................................................. $5,331,202$
Total increase ........................................................... $9,229,830$
Decrease in the production of bourbon whisky................................................................................................
Net increase ......................................................................6,686,461

## PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS.

Statement of Distllled Spirits Deposited in Bonded Wareifouses during the past Fourteen Years.

| Fiscal year ended June 30- | Spirits warehoused. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fruit brandy. | Bourbon whisky. | Rye whisky. | Alcohol. | Rum. |
|  | Gallons. | Gallon | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| 1878 | 178,544 | 6, 405, 520 | 2, 834, 119 | 10, 277, 725 | 1, 603, 376 |
| 1879 | 69,340 129,086 | $8,587,081$ $15,414,148$ | 4, ${ }^{\text {6, }} 3411,0981$ | $19,594,283$ $21,631,009$ | $2,243,455$ $2,439,301$ |
| 1880 | 129,086 240,124 | 15,414, 148 | $6,341,991$ $9,931,609$ | $21,631,009$ $22,988,969$ | $2,439,301$ $2,118,506$ |
| 1882 | 381, 825 | 29,575, 667 | 9, 224, 777 | 15, 201, 671 | 1, 704, 084 |
| 1883 | 223, 977 | 8, 662, 245 | 4, 784, 654 | 10,718,706 | 1, 801, 960 |
| 1884 | 200,732 | 8,896,832 | 5, 089, 958 | 12, 385,229 | 1, 711, 158 |
| 1885 | 312,197 | 12,277, 750 | 6, 328, 043 | 13,436,916 | 2,081, 165 |
| 1886 | 329,679 | 19,318, 819 | 7,842, 540 | 11, 247, 877 | 1, 799, 952 |
| 1887 | 673, 610 | 17,015, 034 | 7,313,640 | 10,337, 135 | 1, 857, 223 |
| 1888 | 864.704 | 7,463, 609 | 5, 879,690 | 11,075, 639 | 1, 891, 246 |
| 1889 | 952,358 | 21,960, 784 | 8,749,768 | 10,939, 135 | 1,471,054 |
| 1890 | 1, 137, 649 | - $32,474,784$ | 13, 355, 577 | 11, 354,448 | 1, 657, 808 |
| 1891 | 1,223, 725 | 29, 931, 415 | 14, 345, 389 | 12, 260, 821 | 1, 784, 312 |
| Fiscal year ended June 30-- | Spirits warehoused. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gin. | High wines. | Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits. | Miscellaneous. | Total. |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Gallons. } \\ 364,963 \\ 372,76 \\ 394,668 \\ 549,596 \\ 569,134 \\ 545,768 \\ 641,724 \\ 639,461 \\ 656,607 \\ 747,025 \\ 872,990 \\ 1,029,968 \\ 1,202,940 \\ 1,293,874 \end{array}$ | Gallons. | Oallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| 1878 |  | 19, 412,985 | 11, 108, 223 | 4,096, 342 | 56, 281, 597 |
| 1879 |  | 18, 033, 652 | 13, 459, 486 | 5, 600, 840 | 71, 961, 961 |
| 1880 |  | 15, 210,389 | 20, 657, 975 | 8,265, 789 | 90, 484, 356 |
| 188. |  | 14, 363, 581 | 23,556, 608 | 10,586, 666 | 117, 968, 274 |
| 1882 |  | 10,962, 379 | 27, 871, 293 | 10,744, 156 | 106, 234, 986 |
| 1883 |  | 8,701,951 | 28, 295, 253 | 10,502, 771 | 74, 237, 285 |
| 1884 |  | $6,745,688$$3,235,889$3 | 28, 538, 680 | 11, 426, 470 | 75, 636, 471 |
| 1885 |  |  | 27, 104, 382 | 10, 811, 757 | 75, 227, 560 |
| 1886 |  | $3,235,889$ <br> $2,396,218$ | 26, 538, 581 | 10,543, 756 | 80, 674, 059 |
| 1887 |  | 2,410, 923 | 27,066, 219 | 11, 084, 500 | 78, 505, 209 |
| 1888 |  | $1,016,436$$1,029,495$ | 29, 475, 913 | 12, 603, 883 | 71, 144, 110 |
| 1889 |  |  | 30, 439, 354 | 13,738,952 | 90, 310, 868 |
| 1890 |  | 1, 555,572 | 34, 022, 619. | 14,652,180 | 110, 413, 577 |
| 1891 |  | 1,007,070 | 35, 356, 126 | 19,983, 382 | 117, 186, 114 |
| * * | * | * | * | * |  |

## INCREASED WITHDRAWAL OF TAX-PAID SPIRITS.

The quantity of spirits ( $87,176,226$ gallons) withdrawn tax-paid from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, is more than the quantity ( $83,479,837$ gallons) withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30,1890 , by $3,696,389$ gallons, the increase being distributed among the different kinds known to the trade as follows:Increase in withdrawals of-
Rye whiskyGallons.
Rum ..... 5, 637
Gin. ..... 90, 379
High wines ..... 412, 815
Miscellaneous 6, 089, 662
Total increase ..... 6, 637,531
Decrease in withdrawals of- Galions.
Bourbon whiskyAlcohol1,398, 712
100, 300Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits1, 442, 130Total decrease2,941, 142
Net increase ..... 3,696, 389

If the quantity, $1,081,482$ gallons (as stated by the Ohief of the Bu reau of Statistics), of exported domestic spirits reimported during the year upon payinent of a customs duty equal to the internal-revenue tax be added, the quantity virtually withdrawn from distillery warehouses during the year ended June 30, 1891, is found to be 88,257,708 gallons, or $3,756,775$ gallons more than during the year 1890 , including the $1,021,096$ gallons reimported and tax-paid during that year.

## SPIRITS REMOVED IN BOND FOR EXPORT.

The quantity of spirits $(1,676,395$ gallons $)$ withdrawn for exportation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, is greater than the quantity ( $1,367,726$ gallons) so withdrawn during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, by 308,669 gaillons, the increase being distributed among the different kinds known in the trade as follows:

[Quantities in taxable gallons.]

| District and State. | Bourbon whisky. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rye } \\ \text { whisky. } \end{gathered}$ | Alcohol. | Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First California |  |  |  | 1,330 | 1,330 |
| Connecticut |  |  | 605 |  | 605 |
| First Illinois |  |  | 7, 428 | 182 | 7,610 |
| Fifth Illinois. |  |  | 24, 137 |  | 24, 137 |
| Eighth Illinois |  |  | 518 |  | 518 |
| Seventh Indiana |  |  | 497 |  | 497 |
| Fifth Kentucky | 2,668 |  |  |  | 2,668 |
| Sixth Kentucky |  |  | 525 |  | 525 |
| Maryland ...... |  |  | 579 |  | 579 |
| Minnesota. |  |  | - 801 |  | 801 |
| First Missouri |  |  | 958 |  | 958 |
| Nebraska |  |  | 692 |  | 692 |
| First New York |  |  | 3,891 |  | 3,891 |
| Twenty-eighth New York |  |  | 3, 403 |  | 1,403 |
| First Ohio........ |  |  | 4, 435 |  | 4,435 |
| First Wisconsin |  |  | ${ }^{1} 256$ |  | 256 |
| Total. | 2,668 |  | 46,725 | 1,512 | 50,905 |
| Withdrawn for scientific purposes and for the use of the United States during the year ended June 30, 1890 | 1,919 |  | 45,946 | 2,082 | 49,947 |

INCREASED WITHDRAWALS OF SPIRITS FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES AND USE OF THE UNITED STATES．

The above table shows an increase of spirits withdrawn for scientific purposes and for the use of the United States of 958 gallons over the quantity so withdrawn in the fiscal year ended June 30，1890，as fol－ lows：
Increase in－ Gallons．
Bourbon whisky ..... 749
Alcohol ..... 779
Total increase ..... 1，528
Decrease in pure，neutral，or cologne spirits ..... 570
Net increase． ..... 958
业 ＊ 法 类 ＊ ..... 

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS PRODUCED, WITHDRAWN, AND REMAINING IN WAREHOUSE FOR LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.
Śtatement of the Quántity of Distilled Spirits of the different kinds as hnown to the Trade, Produced, Withdrawn, and Re-- Maining in Warehouse in the United States for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 1890, and June 30, 1891, respectively.

| Distilled spirits- | Bourbon whisky: | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rye } \\ \text { whisky. } \end{gathered}$ | Alcohol. | Rum. | Gin. | High <br> wines. | ${ }_{9}$ Pure, neutral, or cologne spirits. | Miscella- neous. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dr. <br> Remaining in warehouse July 1, 1889 | Gallons. <br> 38. 608, 331 | Gallons. $18,562,468$ | Gallons. 433, 684 | Gallons. 719, 204 | Gallons. $112,090$ | Gallons. $133,208$ | Gallons. $2,622,477$ | Gallons. $7,320,608$ | Gallons. $68,512,070$ |
| Produced and bonded during the year | 32, 474, 784 | 13, 355, 577 | 11, 354, 448 | 1, 657, 808 | 1, 202, 940 | 555,572 | 34, 022,619 | 14, 652, 180 | 109, 275, 928 |
| Kentncky | 4, 006, 117 | 18.660 |  |  |  |  |  | 363 | 4,025, 140 |
| Total | 75, 089, 232 | 31, 986, 705 | 11, 788, 132 | 2,377, 012 | 1,315, 030 | 688,780 | 36,645, 096 | 21, 973, 151 | 181, 813,138 |
| Withdrawn on payment of tax during the year | 14, 591, 087 | 6, 503, 064 | 11, 231,484 | 994, 262 | 1, 206,616 | 5:4,400 | 35, 344, 455 | 13, 034, 469 | 83, 479, 837 |
| Lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse. | 1, 699, 572 | 893,711 | 4, 450 | 25, 480 | 902 | 4,314. | 34,735 | 269,085 | 2,932,249 |
| Withdrawn for scientitic purposes during the year | 1, 919 |  | 45,946 |  |  |  | 2, 082 |  | 19,947 |
| Withdrawn for export during the year- | 263, 173 | 117, 232 | 335, 614 | 542,732 | 1,468 |  | 63,472 | 44,035 | 1, 367,726 |
| Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse |  | 970 | 6, 031 |  |  |  | 176,795 |  | 183,796 |
| Claimed as lost by casualty, etc., during the year. | 7, 435 | 9,055 | 2, 726 |  |  |  | 2,270 | 31, 904 | 53, 390 |
| Transferred from fifth district to eighth district, Kentucl | 4, 006, 117 | 18,660 |  |  |  |  |  | 363 | 4, 025, 140 |
| Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1890 | 54, 519, 929 | 24, 394, 013 | 161,881 | 814, 538 | 106, 044 | 110, 066 | 1,021, 287 | 8,593, 295 | 89, 721, 053 |
| Total | 75, 089, 232 | 31, 936, 705 | 11,788, 132 | 2, 377, 012 | 1, 315, 030 | 688, 780 | 36,645, 096 | 21, 973, 151 | 181, 813, 138 |
| Remaining in Farehouse July 1, 1890 | 54, 519, 929 | 24, 394, 013 | 161.881 | 814,538 | 106, 044 | 110,066 | 1,021, 287 | 8,593, 295 | 89, 721, 053 |
| Produced and bonded during the year | 29,931, 415 | 14, 345,389 | 12, 260, 821 | 1, 784, 312 | 1,293,874 | 1,007, 070 | 35, 356, 126 | 19, 983, 382 | 115, 962, 389 |
| Total | 84, 451, 344 | 38,739, 402 | 12, 422, 702 | 2, 598, 850 | 1, 399, 918 | 1,117, 136 | 36, 377, 413 | 28,576,677 | 205,683, 442 |
| Withdrawn on pajment of tax during the ye | 13, 192,375 | 6,542, 102 | 11, 131, 184 | 999, 899 | 296,995 | 87, 215 |  |  |  |
| Lost by leakage or evaporation in warehouse | 1, 237, 696 | 818,413 | 2, 400 | 26, 304 | 1,669 | 2,601 | 17,753 | 313, 420 | 2, 420, 256 |
| Withdrawn for export during the year. | 157, 814 | 38, 286 | 367, 474 | 1, 021,869 | 893 |  | 70,518 | 19, 541 | 1,676,395 |
| Withdrawn for scientific purposes during the year | 2,668 |  | 46,725 |  |  |  | 1, 512 |  | 50, 905 |
| Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing wareho |  |  | 18, 198 |  |  |  | 207, 235 |  | 225, 433 |
| Lost by casualty, ete., during the year | 1., 081, 011 | 81, 168 |  |  |  |  | 89 | 50,501 | 1, 212, 770 |
| Remaining in warehouse June 30, 1891 | 68, 779, 780 | 31, 259, 433 | 856, 721 | 550,777 | 100, 361 | 127, 320 | 2, 177, 981 | 9, 069, 084 | 112, 921, 457 |
| Total | 84,451,344 | 38, 739, 402 | 12, 422, 702 | 2, 598,850 | 1, 390, 918 | 1,117, 136 | 36, 377, 413 | 28,576,677 | 205,683, 442 |

The following table shows the quantity of distilled spirits in taxable gallons, at 90 cents tax, placed in distillery warehouses during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, the quantity withdrawn therefrom during the year, and the quantity remaining therein or remaining unaccounted for at the beginning and close of the year:

Summary of Operatlons at Distillery Warehouses during the Year endee June 30, 1891.

| Distilled spirits- | - Gallons. | Gallons. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actually remaining in warehouse July 1, 1890 ................................... | 89, 718, 271 |  |
| Outstanding balances on seven months' export bonds........................... | 2,782 |  |
| Not actually in warehouse, claimed to have been lost by casualty, etc. . . . . . . | $156,737$ |  |
| Withdrawn for exportation, proofs of landing not received ..................... | 2, 797, 486 |  |
| Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, not yet received at warehouse | 33, 1.54 |  |
| Produced from July 1, 1890, to June 30, 1891 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 92,708,430 \\ 115,962,389 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  | 208, 670,819 |
| Withdrawn from warehouse, tax-paid | $87,176,226$ |  |
| Tax-paid on deficiencies in export bonds and casualties disallowed Exported, proof of landing received | $\begin{array}{r} 33,113 \\ 1,234,751 \end{array}$ |  |
| Allowed for loss by casualty | $1,232,678$ |  |
| Withdrawn for scientific purposes and for the use of the United States | 50,905 |  |
| ̇llowed for loss by leakage or evaporation in warehouse ......................... | 2,420, 256 |  |
| Allowed for loss by leakage in transportation for export, etc.................... | 2,397 | ; |
| Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse and received at warehouse. | 231, 937 |  |
| \% 7 ithdrawn for exportation, proof of landing not received.................... | 3, 215, 982 |  |
| Withdrawn for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, not yet received at warehouse | 26; 373 |  |
| Not actually in warehouse, claimed to have been lost by casualty, etc | 124,744 |  |
| Spirits remaining in warehouse June 30, 1891. | 112, 921, 457 | 116, 288.556 |
| Total |  | 208,670,819 |

STOCK ON HAND, PRODUCTION, AND MOVEMENT OF SPIRITS FOR FIVE YEARS.

The following table shows the stock on hand, production, and movement of spirits for the fiscal years 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, and 1891:

| Distilled spirits- | 1887. | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. |
| Actually in warehouses at beginning of fiscal year . | 58,096, 621 | 65,145, 269. | 61,033, 018 | 68,512,070 | 89,721, 053 |
| Produced during fiscal year | 77, 831, 599 | 70,279,500 | 89, 358, 510 | 109, 275, 928 | 115, 962, 389 |
| Total | 135, 928, 220 | 135, 424, 769 | 150,391, 528 | 177, 787, 998 | 205, 683, 442 |
| Withdrawn, tax-paid, during fiscal year. | 66, 183, 303 | 70,541, 811 | 75, 901, 735 | 83, 479, 837 | 87, 176, 226 |
| Withdrawn for exportation during fiscal year | $2,223,913$ | 1,514, 205 | 2,590, 235 | 1,367, 726 | 1,676,395 |
| Withdrawn for scientific purposes, for use of United States for transfer to manufacturing warehouse, destroyed |  |  |  |  |  |
| by fire, allowed for loss by leakage in warehouses, etc | 2, 375, 735 | 2,335, 735 | 3,387, 488 | 3,219,382 | 3,909,364 |
| Total | 70,782, 951 | 74, 301, 751 | $81,879,458$ | 88,066,945 | 92, 761,985 |
| Remaining in warehouse at end of fiscal year. | 65, 145, 269 | 61,033, 018 | 68, 512, 070 | 89, 721, 053 | 112, 921,457 |

Balance in Warehouse at Close of this and Previous Fiscal Ÿears.

| vale | Quantity. | Date. | Quantity. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Remaining June 30- | Gallons. | Remaining June $30-$ | Gallons. |
| 1869. | 16,685, 168 | 1881. | 64, 648, 111 |
| 1870. | $11,671,886$ $6,745,360$ | 1882. | $89,962,645$ 80 809993 |
| 1872 | 10, 103, 392 | 1884. | 63,502,551 |
| 1873. | 14, 650, 148 | 1885. | 54, 724,916 |
| 1874 | 15, 575, 224 | 1886. | 58,096, 620 |
| 1875. | 13, 179,596 | 1887. | $65,145,269$ |
| 1876. | 12, 595, 850 | 1888. | 61,033, 018 |
| 1877 | 13,091,773 |  | 68, 512,070 |
| 1879 | 19, 212, $470=$ | 1891. | 112, 921,457 |
| 18 | 31,363, 869 |  |  |

An.inspection of the above table shows that the quantity of spirits in distillery warehouses June 30, 1891, is the largest quantity so held at the close of any fiscal year. This stock on hand has grown from 61 millions in 1888 to 68.5 millions in 1889 , to 89.7 millions in 1890 , and finally to the above quantity, nearly 113 millions, in 1891.

The increase during the last two years was 44.4 millions, but this increment has been twice exceeded, once from 1879 to 1881 , when the increase was more than 45.4 millions, and from 1880 to 1882, when it was nearly 58.6 millions.

It appears from reports recently received that while the quantity of spirits in distillery warehouses September 30, 1890, was $85,106,670$ gallons, or more than 4.6 millions less than the quantity therein June 30, 1890, the quantity in wareliouse September 30,1891 , was $104,810,892$ gallons, or more than 8.1 millions less than the quantity so held June 30, 1891. It is noted also that this increased reduction is due to decrease in production during July, August, and September, 1891, rather than to increased tax-paid withdrawals, the qantity withdrawn taxpaid during these three months being nearly $1,000,000$ gallons less than the quantity so withdrawn during July, August, and September, 1890.

DISTILLED SPIRITS IN THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER 1, 1891.
The quantity of distilled spirits in the United States, except what may be in customs bonded warehouses, on the 1st day of October, 1891, was $152,945,773$ gallons, this quantity being distributed as follows:


In making the above computation the average stock of each retail liquor dealer in the United States is estimated at 150 gallons.

## FORTIFICATION OF WINES WITH GRAPE BRANDY FREE OF TAX.

Under the provisions of sections 42 to 49 , inclusive, of the act entitled "An act to reduce revenue and equalize duties on imports, and for other purposes," approved October 1, 1890, provision is made for the fortification with grape brandy, free of tax, of pure sweet wine, and of wine
intended for exportation. No limitations are prescribed as to the character of the wines intended for exportation, but certain limitations are specified as to the pure sweet wine evidently designed to avoid the use of the brandy in fortifying wines other than pure sweet wines. The limitations are those-requiring that the fortification be done on the winery where the grapes are crushed and the grape juice is expressed and fermented; that there must be no additions to the natural wine of any other substance, and that the addition of the brandy shall be for the preservation of the saccharine matter contained therein. The law also contains limitations to the effect that the wine to be fortified shall not contain less than 4 per cent. of sugar; that the wine spirits added shall not introduce alcohol to exceed 14 per cent., and that the wine shall not contain more than 24 per cent. of alcohol, these percentages of alcohol being computed by volume and on the volumes of the wine after fortification.

The law limits the use of wine spirits or brandy to the months of August to April, inclusive; allows the wine producer who is also a distiller to use the grape brandy produced by him to fortify his wine, and authorizes the withdrawal of grape brandy from special bonded warehouse to fortify wine.

Authority is given to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to prescribe bonds, stamps, seals, and necessary regulations.

As the law could not take effect until the regulations were prescribed, and was passed in the midst of the wine season, it was found necessary to adopt certain existing blank forms and stamps to be used until the new forms and stamps could be prepared. It was also found necessary to adopt a method of determining the alcoholic strength of the wine by the use of Ballings's saccharometer, as it was impossible at such short notice to secure and test the needed distilling apparatus, including hydrometers.

The regulations were issued during the month in which the law was passed, and required a seal to be affixed over the bung of each cask of fortified wine.

The quantity of grape brandy used in fortifying wines under the act of October 1, 1890, was 193,557 tax gallons, all but 2,128 gallons being derived directly from distilleries. The kinds of wine fortified were port, angelica, muscat, sherry, malaga, and tokay, the quantity of fortified wine produced being $1,083,274$ gallons.

The quantity of brandy used and of each kind of wine fortified up to April 30, 1891, in each district, is shown in the following table:

Wines Fortified.


# Grape Brandy used. 

|  | x gallons. |
| :---: | :---: |
| First California | .. 132, 255 |
| Fourth California | . 61,302 |
| Total. | 193,557 |

At the close of the season the regulations governing the fortification of wines were revised so as to embody tables made and decisions rendered from time to time, as necessity required.

The revised regulations also removed the obligation to affix seals, substituting a fortifying room, to be under lock and seal, as a simpler safeguard. These regulations are in force during the present wine season, which commenced August 1, 1891.

The quantity of wine fortified during the months of August and September, 1891, is as follows:

## First Camfornia.

$13 ; 296$August: $\quad$ Port.....................................................................................................296
September:
Port ..... 387, 348
Angelica. ..... 36, 6733
Sherry ..... 24, 725 $\frac{1}{2}$
Total ..... 462, 043
Fourtit Calmporina.September:
Port. ..... 21, 244
Angelica ..... 6, 499
Muscatel ..... 4, 850
Total ..... 32,593
EXPORTATION OF MANUFACTURED 'IOBACCO AND SNUFF IN BOND.

The subjoined table shows, as removed for export and unaccounted for July 1, 1890, and June 30, 1891, the quantity in pounds of manufactured tobacco and snuff which had been removed for exportation in boud, and concerning which the proof of exportation required by law had not been furnished prior to the dates therein:

| 1. Removed and 8 cents tax removed under exportation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| bonds |  | 861, 463 ${ }_{8}^{\text {委 }}$ |
| 2. Tobacco at 8 cents removed during year euded June 30, 1891 | 6,647, $140 \frac{1}{8}$ |  |
| Tobacco at 6 cents removed during year ended June 30, 1891 |  |  |
|  |  | 12, 854, $991 \frac{1}{3}$ |
| Total............................................... . . . . . . . . . . $13.13,716,454 \frac{5}{8}$ |  |  |
| 3. Exported and accounted for during the year: <br> Tobacco at 8 eents under exportation bonds <br>  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 4. 'rax paid on deficioncies during the year: |  |  |
| Tobacco at 8 cents tax | 3,687 ${ }^{\frac{8}{3}}$ |  |
| Tobacco at 6 cents tax | 1,900 |  |
|  |  | 5,587\% |
| Total |  | 12,953, 063 |



Exportation of Cigaris and Cigarettes in Bond during the' Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1891.

| Cigars and cigarettes. | Cigars at $\$ 3$ per 1,000. | Cigarettes at 50 cents per 1,000 . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Removed and unaccounted for July 1,1890 | 550, 175 | 14, 550,000 |
| 2. Removed during the year ended June 30, 1891 | 3, 209,484 | 294, 534,250 |
| Total | 3,759,659 | 309, 084, 250 |
| 3. Exported and accounted for during the year ended June 30, 1891..... | 3, 498, 559 | 298, 139, 750 |
| 4. Remaining unaccounted for at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891 . | 261, 100 | 10, 944,500 |
| Total | 3, 759,659 | 309, 084, 250 |

It appears upon comparing the figures in the foregoing tables with similar tables published in my report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, that there was an increase in the exportations of 1891 over those of 1890 , as to tobacco and cigarettes, and a decrease as to cigars, as follows:

|  | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tobacco. | 4, 2888 |  |
| Cigars |  | 40,966 |
| Cigarettes | 35, 224, 200 |  |

Neither the increase as to tobacco nor the decrease as to cigars is very great, but the increase as to cigarettes is remarkable and brings the quantity exported during the year ended June 30, 1891, up to nearly $300,000,000$. The business of exporting cigarettes has grown during the past ten years as follows:


## WI'HDRAWAL OF DISTILLED SPIRITS FROM DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, FREE OF 'IAX, FOR USE IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SUGAR FROM SORGHUM.

By the act of Congress making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, approved March 3 , 1891 , provision is made for the withdrawal of distilled spirits from distillery warehouses, free of tax, to be used solely in the manufacture of sugar from sorghum on the manufacturer's premises.

Regulations pursuant to said act have been issued, but no withdrawal of spirits for the purpose named was made or applied for during the fiscal year 1891.

Statement of Figmented Liquor Removid from Breweries in Bond, Free of Tax, from January 1, 1891,* to June 30, 1891, under the act of June 18, 1890.

| Removed for direct exportation | Gallons. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Removed in oriomal packages to be bottled for export | 107, $620 \frac{17}{2}$ |
| Removed by pipe line to be bottled for export | 432, $49111^{\frac{2}{2}}$ |
| Excess reported by bottlers | -1, 7204 |
| Total. | 591, 2451 + ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Exported in original packages, proofs received | 100, 4904 |
| Exported in bottles, proofs received. | 347, 971 |
| Removed to bottling establishments, unaccounted for, | 231 |
| Excess reported by bottlers | 8, $891 \frac{1}{1 \frac{1}{2}}$ |
| Removed for export, unaccounted for June 30, 1891 | 133, 661 |
| Total | 591, 24519 |

## OLEOMARGARINE.

The following statements, slrowing operations muder the act of August 2, 1886, defining butter and imposing a tax upon and regulating the manufacture, sale, importation, and exportation of oleomargarine, comprise-

First. A.summary of operations at oleomargarine manufactories dur: ing the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891; also a summary of operations during the past two fiscal years, and by months covering the period from November 1, 1886, to June 30,1891; also a statement of the quantity of oleomargarine in the United States June 30, 1891, in the hands of manufacturers and wholesale dealers.

Second. A statement of the receipts from all classes of taxes imposed by the oleomargarine law for the year ended June 30, 1891.

Third. A statement by States and Territories and in the aggregate of all persons who paid taxes as manufacturers of and dealers in oleomargarine during the 14 months ended June 30, 1891; also in aggregate of all persons who paid oleomargarine special taxes for the special-tax year ended April 30, 1890.

Fourth. A statement as to the location of oleomargarine manufactories and of wholesale dealers in oleomargarine in April, 1890, and April, 1891, respectively.

Fifth. A statement as to the location of oleomargarine manufactories and of wholesale dealers in oleomargarine in June, 1891.

Sixth. A statement relative to examinations made by collectors and deputy collectors with internal-revenue microscopes during the year.

Seventh. A statement relative to laws of States and Territories concerning oleomargarine.

It appears from the subjoined tables that the average monthly production of oleomargarine under the operations of the law has been as follows:

Pounds.

| During the eight months ended June 30, 1887 | 2, 711,828 |
| :---: | :---: |
| During the fiscal jear ended J une 30,1888 | 2, 860, 460 |
| During the fiscal year ended June 30,1889 | 2,972,002 |
| During the fiscal year ended Jume $30,1890$. | 2,693,669 |
| During the fiscal year ended June 30,1891 | B, 699,367 |

[^48]It also appears that the average monthly quantity withdrawn from factories on payment of the tax was as follows:

|  | Pounds. |
| :---: | :---: |
| During the eight months ended June 30, 1887 | 2, 592,946 |
| During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1888. | 2, 707, 430 |
| During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1889. | 2,821, 970 |
| During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890 | 2, 566, 494 |
| During the fiscal year ended Jume 30, 1891. | 3, 601, 292 |

The average quantity withdrawn monthily for exportation during the same time is shown to have been as follows:


These figures show an increase from year to year in the production both for consumption at home and abroad, from November 1, 1886, the date the law went into effect, until June 30, 1889; a decrease during the year ended June 30, 1890; and during the year ended June 30, 1891, an increase of production over any former year, but a decrease for exportation.

In the fiscal years 1887 and 1888 the largest production month was March; in the fiscal year 1889, December; in the fiscal year 1890, October; while the greatest production during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, occurred in March, the quantity produced during these months being as follows:
Pounds.
In March, 1887 ...................................................................... 3, 568, 254

In December, 1888...................................................................... 4, 481, 317
In October, 1889 . .................................................................................... 4, 072, 333
In March, 1891 ........................................................................ 6, 723, 224

The months in which the production fell below $2,000,000$ pounds were as follows:


During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1888 : July, 1887, produced

1,208, 638

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890: July, 1889, produced ........................................................ 1, 404, 749.
August, 1889, produced................................................................................................ 773
May, 1890, produced ................................................................ 1, 864, 746

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891: July, 1890, produced ....................................................... 4 , 723, 966
June, 1891, produced ..................................................................... 1, 1, 988 . 633
There was an increase in the number of persons engaged in the sale of oleomargarine during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, as well as an increase in the production of the article.

The following table shows the quantity of oleomargarine, in pounds, at two cents tax, produced at manufactories during the fiscal year ended

June 30, 1891, the quantity withdrawn therefrom during the year, and the stock of olemargarine remaining in factories June 30; 1891:

Produced during the year

| Oleomargarine withdrawn from factories ta | 43, 215, 512 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oleomargarine lost or destroyed in manufactories. | 4.,451 |  |
| Withdrawn from manufactories for export and accounted for by clearance certificates filed | $1,356,137$ |  |
| Withdrawn from manufactories for export and accounted for by payment of tax on account of certificates not filed...... | 10,860 |  |
|  |  | 44,586,960 |
| Removed for export not accounted for June 30, 1891 | 100, 711 |  |
| Remaining in factories June 30, 1891 | 206,728 |  |
|  |  | 307, 439 |
|  |  | 44, 894, 399 |

## OPERATIONS IN OLEOMARGARINE DURING THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS.

The following statement by districts shows the quantity, in pounds, of oleomargarine produced at manufactories, the quantity withdrawn therefrom tax-paid and for export, and the quantity lost or destroyed at manufactories during the two fiscal years ended June 30, 1890, and June 30,1891 , respectively; also the stock remaining on hand at the close of each year:

| Districts. | $\because$ | From July 1, 1889, to June 30, 1890. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Produced. | Withdrawn tax-paid. | Withdrawn for export. | Lost or destroyed. | Remaming in factory June 30, 1890. |
| Colorado |  | 189,371 | 193,711 |  |  | 2,898 |
| Connecticuta. |  | 4,764,581 | 4,715, 919 | 47,556 |  | 81, 043 |
| First Mlinois |  | 21, 366, 145 | 20, 642, 678 | 699, 982 | 1, 034 | 108,968 |
| Sixth Indiana |  | 100,575 | 202, 813 |  | 4,973 |  |
| Kausas $b$ |  | 2, 423, 554 | 2, 428,409 |  | 3,692. | .9,053 |
| Third Massachusetts |  | 199, 586 | 176, 026 | 26,454 |  | 13,365 |
| First Missouri |  | 10,769 | 10,769 |  |  |  |
| Sixth Missouri |  | 135,768 | 133, 992 |  |  | 1,776 |
| Eleventh Ohio |  | 260, 418 | 259, 456 |  |  | 1,147 |
| Eighteenth Ohio |  | 1, 796,598 | 1,793,552 |  |  | 6,200 |
| First Pennsylvania |  | 1, 076,667 | 1, 240,610 | 844, 405 |  | 38,948 |
|  |  | 32, 324, 032 | 30, 797, 985 | 1,618, 397 | 9,699 | 263,398 |

[^49]| Districts. | Triom July 1, 1890, to June 30, 1891. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Produced. | Withdrawu tax-paid. | Withdrawn for export. | Lost or destroyed. | Remaining in factory June 30, 1891. |
| Colorado | 289,603 | 284, 808 |  |  | 7,693 |
| Connecticuta | 5, 092, 308 | 5, 047, 041 | 126,310 |  |  |
| First Illinois. | 30, 924, 436 | 30, 307, 944 | 555,350 | 3,412 | 166,698 |
| Sixth Tudiana |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas b............ | 3, 928, 388 | 3,906, 848 | 20: 838 |  | ${ }^{\text {, }} 9,755$ |
| Third Massachuset | 198, 176 | 182, 771 | 28,770 |  | - 1 |
| Sixth Missonri | 777, 350 | 769,579 |  | 1, 039 | 8,508 |
| Nebraska. | 49,577 | 49, 309 |  |  | 268 |
| Eleventh Ohio | 404, 760 | 405,907 |  |  |  |
| Eighteenth Ohio | 2,078, 051 | 2, 084, 155 |  |  | 96 |
| First Pennsylvania, | 649,760 | 177, 150 | 407, 848 |  | 13,710 |
|  | 44, 392, 409 | 43, 215, 512 | 1, 229, 116 | 4, 45.1 | 206,728 |

$a$ Including the State of Rhode Island. No oleomargarine was manufactured in the State of Connecticut.
$b$ Including the Indian Territory and the Territory of Oklahoma. But no oleomargarine was manufactured in either of these Territories.

Statement, by States and Territories, showling Number of Persons paying Speclal Taxes as Manufacturers of and Dealers in Oleomargarine, during the Fourteen Months ended June 30, 1891.
[For notes to the references in this statement see page 6.]

| States and Territories as constituted July 1, 1887, for the collection of internal revenue. | Manufactarers of oleomargarine. | Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine. | Retail dealers in oleomargarine. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama |  | 4 | 68 | 72 |
| Arkansas |  | 1 | 32 | 33 |
| California (a) |  | 2 | 8 | 10 |
| Colorado (b). | 1 |  | 10 | - 11 |
| Connecticut (c) | 4 | 9 | 437 | 450 |
| Florida... |  | 4 | 40 | 44 |
| Georgia. |  | 4 | 38 | 42 |
| Ilinois | 6 | 14 | 962 | 982 |
| Indiana |  | 5 | 113 | 118 |
| Towa. |  |  | 11 | 11. |
| Kansas (d). | 1 |  | 194 | 195 |
| Kentucky |  | 5 | 206 | 211 |
| Louisiana (e) |  | 3 | 53 | 8. 56 |
| Maryland ( $f$ ) |  | 1. | 45 | 46 |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 34 | 451 | 486 |
| Michigan. |  | 16 | 330 | 340 |
| Minnesota. |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| Missourí. | 1 | 17 | 627 | 645 |
| Montana (g) |  | 20 | 52 | 72 |
| Nebraska (h) | 1 | 3 | 36 | 40 |
| New Hampshire (i) |  |  | - 31 | 31 |
| Now Jersey........ |  | 5 | 92 | 97 |
| New. Mexico (k) |  |  | 4 | 4 |
| New York ..... |  | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| North Canolina |  |  | 12 | 12 |
| Ohio ..... | 2 | 10 | 485 | - 497 |
| Oregon (l). |  | 15 | 73 | $\therefore 88$ |
| Pennsylvania | 2 | 59 | 1,100 | 1,161 |
| South Carolina. |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee |  | 7 | 127 | 134 |
| Texas... |  | 7 | 49 | 56 |
| Virginia |  | 2 | 54 | 56 |
| West Virginia |  | 3 | 96 | 99 |
| Wisconsin . |  | 3 | 74 | 77 |
| Total for the 14 months ended June 30, 1891 | 19 j | 255 | 5,914 | 6,188 |
| , Total for the 12 months ended April 30, 1890....... | 22 | . 179 | 3,529 | 3,730 |

Each special-tax year has heretofore ended April 30. By act of Congress, approved October 1,1890, each special-tax year was thereafter to commence July 1, and end June 30, following; in other words, the specialtax year was from and after July 1, 1891, to conform to the fiscal year. Hence the months of May and June in the year 1891, only, belong to no regular special-tax year, and by the act referred to they were constituted a special-tax period. The following table is designed to show the situation with regard to the number and location of manufacturers and-wholesale dealers in the closing month of that period.

## FIELD SERVICE WITH THE INTERNAL-REVENUE MICROSCOPE.

During the year not only was the practice continued by deputy collectors of canvassing the districts with internal-revenue microscopes for the purpose of examining specimens of products exposed for sale as butter, with a view to ascertain whether the substances were really oleomargarine, but an extensive special canvass of this nature was made, induced by the belief of this office that there was more oleomargarine on the market not marked, branded, and stamped as required by law, than had been previously supposed. Although the extent of the work in certain districts fell somewhat short of the expectations of this office, the result on the whole was rather satisfactory. The per cent. of products discovered not marked, branded, and stamped, as required by law, was about eight in every thousand samples examined. This being nearlydouble the per cent. of last year is contirmatory of the belief above alluded to and fairly illustrative of the improved efficiency in the field service of the use of the microscope. The experience of this office, however, is that there is not so much evasion of the payment of the pound tax on oleomargarine as of the payment of special tax of dealers in the product.

The following table of production and total receipts from all oleomargarine sources for each fiscal year since November 1, 1886, the date the oleomargarine law took effect, is interesting as showing the extent of operations in the country:


It will be seen that the production for the fiscal year, for which this report is submitted, is the largest in the history of oleomargarine operations, exceeding the largest previous production by $8,728,383$ pounds; and in receipts exceeding the greatest previous record by $\$ 183,676.23$. The increase in production over last year was $12,068,377$ pounds; in receipts, \$291,632.42.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL LAWS RELATIVE TO OLEOMARGARINE.
In last year's report there was published a brief summary of the laws of States and Territories that were in force June 17, 1890 (the date of
request of this office for information upon the subject). Through failure to receive advice from Delaware, Georgia, Indiana, Lonisiana; Mississippi, South Carolina, Texas, and Washington the summaries of the oleomargarine laws of these States, or remarks concerning the subject, were based upon information received up to and including November, 1888. Information has since been received from the States just named, also from all other States and Territories where changes in thé laws have been made since June 17, 1890, which enables this office to make its summary (herewith presented) complete up to the close of the fiscal year for which this report is submitted, namely, June 30, 1891:

> Alabama.-No change in the law as summarized in last year's report.
> Arizona.-No change.
> Arkansas.-No legislation.
> California.-No change.
> Colorado.-No change.
> Connecticut.-No change.
> Delaware.-No change.
> Florida.-No change.
> Georgia.-An act approved September 21, 1883, prohibits the sale of oleomargarine, except under its true name conspicuously branded upon the package, and also unless the person offering to purchase the article is first informed that it is oleomargarine. In hotels, inns, restaurants, or houses of public entertainment serving oleomargarine, placards must be posted in the dining rooms, and also in the private rooms of the guests, bearing the following words: "This house uses oleomargarine." These words must also appear upon the bills of fare.

Idaho.-No change.
Illinois.-No change.
Indiana.-No change.
Towa.-No change.
Kansas.-No change.
Kentucky.-No legislation.
Louisiana.-No change.
Maine.-No change.
Maryland.-No change.
Massachusetts.-Section 1, of an act approyed March 10, 1891, to talze effect the 1st day of September, 1891, reads as follows:

No personn, by himself, or his agents, or servants, shall render, or manufacture, sell, or offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in his possession with intent to sell, any article, product, or compound made wholly or partly out of any fat, oil, or oleaginons substance or compound, thereof, not produced from unadulterated milk or cream from the same, which shall be incimitation of yellow butter produced from pure unadulterated mill or cream of the same: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine in a separate and distinct form, and in such manner as will advise the consumer of its real character, free from coloration or ingredient that causes it to look like butter.

An act approved June 11, 1891, to take effect September 1, 1891, imposes penalties upon whoever sells or offers for sale to any person who asks, sends, or inquires for butter, any oleomargarine, butterine, or any substance made in imitation of pure butter.

Section 3 requires a placard bearing the words "Oleomargarine sold here," or "Butter sold here" to be posted in every dwelling, store, office, or public mart where oleomargarine is offered for sale.

Under section 5 it is required where oleomargarine or butterine is served in hotels, restaurants, or any Junch counter, guests or patrons thereof should be notified of the fact.

- Michigan.-The law of this State appears to have been supplemented as follows: An act approved April 29,1891 , prohibits the use of oleomargarine, butterine, or any other substitute for butter in any of the public institutions of the State.

Minnesota.-An act of April 21, 1891, to take effect from date of its passage, provides against the sale, or having in possession with intent to sell, any butter substitute that is of any other color than bright pink.

Mississippi.-No change.
Missouri.-No change.
Montana.-No change.
Nebraska.-No change.
Nevada.-No change.
New Hampshire.-Penalty changed from $\$ 50$ to discretion of court and not to exceed $\$ 100$. Office not informed as to date of this act.

New Jersey.-No change.
New Mexico.-No change.
New York.-Section 1, chapter 140, of an act approved April 7, 1891, amends section 27 of chapter 183 of the laws of 1885 , as added thereto by section 1 of chapter 583 of the laws of 1887, to read as follows:

Section 27. No keeper or proprietor of any bakery, hotel, tavern, boarding house, restaurant, saloon, lunch counter, or place of public entertainment, or of any place where any person or persons, in the employ of the keeper or proprietor thereof, is furnished with board, either without charge or as compensation wholly or in part for his services. or any person having charge thereof or employed thereat, shall keep, use, or serve therein', either as food for their guests, boarders, patrons, or customers, or for cooking purposes, any article made in violation of the provision of section seven of this act, as amended by chapter five hundred and seventy-seven of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-six. This section shall not be so construed as to require evidence of a willful or intentional violation thereof. Whoever violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or not less than ten days' or more than thirty days' imprisonment for the first offense and by imprisonment for one year for each subsequent offense.
Section 2. This act shall take effect immediately.
North Carolina.-There has been no legislation on the subject of oleomargarine.

North Daloota.-No change.
Olio.-No cbange.
Oklahoma.-There has been no legislation on the subject of oleomargarine.

Oregon.-No change.
Pennsylvania.-No change.
Rhode Island.-No change.
South Carolina.-No change.
South Dakota.-This office is still unable to furnish satisfactory information respecting the law of this State.

Tennessee.-No law.
Texas.-No change.
Utah.-No legislation.
Vermont-By an act approved and in effect November 13, 1890, it is prohibited to sell, expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, any article or compound "made in imitation of butter, and not wholly made from milk or cream and that is of any other color than pink."

Virginia.-No change.
Number 71 of the acts of 1886 hereby repealed.

Washington.-Section 2 of an act approved January 20, 1890, reads as follows:

No person or persons shiall sell, supply, or offer for sale or exchange any oleaginous substance, or any compound of the same, other than that produced from wholesome and unadulterated milk or cream of the same, unless the said oleaginous substance and the package containing the same shall be marked so as to plainly establish its true character and distinguish it from pure and genuine dairy products; and in any public dining or eating room where imitation dairy product or products are commonly and knowingly used as an article of food, the bill of fare used in such dining or eating room shall state the fact in the same sized type as is used in printing the body of said bill of fare; or if no bill of fare is used, then in a conspicuous place of said dining or eating room, easily seen by any one entering said room, shall be posted a notice stating the name or names of such imitation dairy products: Provided, That the addition of harmless coloring matter to any product manufactured from pure unadulterated milk, or the cream thereof, shall not come within the provisions of this act; Provided fuvther, That milk drawn from cows within fifteen (15) days before and five (5) days after parturition shall be construed to be unclean, impure, and unwholesome.

West Virginia.-Section 1 of an act passed February 11, and approved' February 16, 1891, reads as follows:

[^50]
## BOUNTY ON SUGAR.

The act of October 1, 1890 (26 Stat., 567), entitled "An act to reduce the revenue and equalize dutiés on imports, and for other purposes," provides-

That on and after July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one; and until July first, nineteen hundred and five, there shall be paid, from any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, under the provisions of section three thousand six hundred and eighty-nine of the Revised statutes, to the producer of sugar testing not less than ninety degrees by the polariscope, from beets, sorghum, or sugar cane grown within the United States, or from maple sap produced within the United States, a bounty of two cents per pound ; and upon such sugar testing less than ninety degrees by the polariscope, and not less than eighty degrees, a bounty of one anil three-fourths cents per pound, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe.

Congress at the last session made the appropriation necessary to carry out the law according to the recommendations made by this office, based upon the best data obtainable.

The act making appropriations tor the legislative, executive, and ju-
dicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, and for other purposes (act of March 3, 1891), authorized the Commissioner to employ not to exceed 12 inspectors, at a salary not exceeding $\$ 5$ per day and necessary expenses, whose duty it should be to inspect sugar upon which a bounty is required to be paid, to aid in ascertaining the amount of bounty due thereon, and to perform such other duties as may be required by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; and the sum of $\$ 36,000$ was appropriated for that purpose.

An increase of $\$ 165,000$ was made in the same act in the appropriations for the salaries and expenses of collectors of internal revenue, deputy collectors and clerks over the estimated amount necessary for collecting internal revenue, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the law relative to the bounty.

The clerical force in this office was also increased as follows:


The total additional appropriation made for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, on account of sugar bounty was, therefore, $\$ 211,990$.

The act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, and prior years (act of March 3, 1891), also appropriated $\$ 5,000$, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for expenses incident to carrying out the provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, relative to the bounty on sugar.

Of this appropriation, the sum of $\$ 4,948.67$ has been expended-most of it for polariscopes, chemical supplies, and fitting up laboratories.

The sum expended for weighing and sampling instruments, polariscopes, supplies for laboratories, etc., will not be an annual expense except as far as may be necessary to furnish new instruments or apparatas to replace those injured or worn out.

It should be borne in mind that the Government is obliged to have all the sugar weighed by Government weighers, and to throw all the safeguards and checks around the payment of a bounty of $\$ 10,000,000$ requires the same system that is necessary in the collection of a like amount of taxes.

The same oversight is to be taken of factories where sugar is produced upon which bounty is to be claimed, as is taken in the case of tobacco factories, oleomargarine factories, etc., where revenne is collected.

The bounty will be paid from the Treasury to the individual through the same general channel and surrounded by the same checks as where money is collected from individuals and paid into the Treasury.

WHEN THE ACT TOOK EFFECT.
The first question that arose in making arrangements for carrying out the law was as to the time when the provisions of the act relative to bounty went into effect.

The act itself stated that the provisions thereof, relative to the payment of the bounty, should take effect on the 1st day of April, 1891.

The question was submitted to the Attorney-General whether the bounty was payable on maple sugar made on and after April 1, 1891, and before July 1, 1891. It was decided that it was not intended by Congress to make the bounty payable on sugar produced prior to July 1, 1891.

## WHO ARE SUGAR-PRODUCERS.

If a-planter or farmer sells the cane which he has raised, or the sirup which he has produced, at any period before the manufacture of sugar is completed, he will have no right to the bounty on the completed product. The party purchasing such cane or sirup and making the sugar will be entitled to the bounty upon compliance with the requirements of the regulations.

If, however, the planter or farmer takes his cane or sirup to a sugar factory and has it made into sugar for his own account, retaining ownership and paying to the factory a toll for the manufacture, he is then the sugar-producer and entitled to the bounty.

The central factories which work sirup into sugar, on contract for other parties who produce the sirup and retain ownership, are treated and considered as a part of the sugar factory of the licensed sugarproducer and are subject to the same rules and regulations in regard to notices, books, etc.

## SUGAR FROM SUGAR CANE.

The following is the number of persons intending to maunfacture sugar from sugar cane during the present fiscal year, under the provisions of the bounty act, and the estimated amount of sugar which they propose to produce, as stated in their applications:

|  | Collection district. | Number of pro. ducers. | Estimated production. (Pounds.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lotisiana |  | 700 | 553, 711, 380 |
| Florida |  | 15 | 3,588,500 |
| Texas. |  | 15 | 14, 807,000 |
| Tota |  | 730 | 572, 106, 880 |

Applications disallowed and licenses surrendered, 3.

## ACREAGE.

The following is the acreage of sugar cane under cultivation in the United States, as reported by applicants for license:

LOUISIANA.
Number of acres cultivated by applicants ..... 194, 975
Number of acres to be purchased by applicants ..... 50,806
Total-acreage reported ..... 245,781
Acres of plant cane ..... 108, 225
Acres of stulbble cane ..... 114, 778
Number of acres not classified ..... 22. 778
Total ..... 245, 781
Acres to be reserved for seed ..... 32, 456
Acres to be utilized for sugar production ..... 213,325
MISSISSIPPI.
Number of acres cultivated (one applicant)
Plant cane ..... 15
Stubble cane ..... 5
Total ..... 20Nothing to be reserved for seed.


## FLORIDA．

Number of acres cultivated and purchased by applicants：
Plant cultivated．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．505量

Stubble cultiyated．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $473 \frac{4}{4}$
Total ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $995 \frac{1}{2}$
Acres to be reserved for seed．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1393
Acres to be atilized for sugar production．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．855罂
SUMMARY．
Total acreage under cultivation in the United States as reported．．．．．．．．．．．253，6671
Acreage to be reserved for seed．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．33，697年
Net acreage for sugar production ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．219，969年

## SUGAR FROM BEETS．

The following is a list of producers of sugar from beets who have made application for license，with the number of acres of beets planted and the amount of sugar proposed to be produced as stated in their ap－ plications：

UTAH．


[^51]PENNSYLVANIA.

| Producer. | Location. | Acres planted. | Estimated production. (Pounds.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| William W. Mills*. | Ariel, Wayne County . | 24 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| Total.. |  | 12,744 | 29,210,000 |

* No license issued at date of this report.
$\dagger$ Not stated.
The beet-sugar industry in the continental countries of Europe has grown within recent years to great dimensions, so that now the production of beet sugar in the world exceeds that of cane. The improved methods of manufacture and the protective system established in those countries and the payment of bounties to beet-sugar manufacturers on exporting their product have produced this result.

The bounty granted to the manufacturers of sugar under the act of October 1, 1890, the admission free of duty of beet-sugar machinery until July 1, 1892, and the encouragement given by the Department of Agriculture in the experiments for the benefit of farmers, and the aid given by different States will doubtless have the effect of stimulating the industry in this country.

In 1887 we produced in this country from the sugar beet 600,000 pounds of sugar, in 1888 about $4,000,000$ pounds, in 1889 about $6,000,000$ pounds. In 1890 three factories in this country (two in California and one in Nebraska) produced about $8,000,000$ pounds. Three additional factories have been established during the past year, and it is estimated that their production this year will be about $25,000,000$ pounds.

## SUGAR FROM SORGHUM.

The following is a list of producers of sugar from sorghum cane who have made application for license, with the number of acres planted and estimated production as given in their applications:

KANSAS.

| Producer. | Location. | Acres planted. | Estimated production. (Pounds.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pape \& Hansford. | North Topeka | 1, 300 | 1,000,000 |
| The Parkinson Sugar Co | Fort Scott | 1,200 | 1,000,000 |
| The Medicine Lodge Sugar Works and Refining Co. | Medicine Lodge. | 2,434 | 500, 000 |

MISSOURI (First District).


MICHIGAN (First District).

| Damiel Root*. | Hulsou | 15 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. |  | 5,007 | 2,500,000 |

[^52]Sugar is obtained from sorghum by the same method as from the sugar cane. Its cultivation in this country for sugar-making purposes has been limited.

The quantity of sugar made last year oy the applicants for license in Kansas, in which State most of it is made, was 1,132,044 pounds.

The act of March 3, 1891, making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, contains the following provision:

That any manufacturer of sugar from sorghum may remove from distillery warehouses to tactories used solely for the manufacture of such sugar from sorghnm, distilled spirits in bond free of tax, to be used solely in such manufacture of sugar from sorghum; that all distilled spirits removed as herein authorized shall be of an alcoholic strength of not less than one hundred and sixty per centum proof, and may be removed, stored, and used in the manufacture of sugar from sorghum, and when so used may be recovered by redistillation in the sugar factory of such manufacturer under suich bonds, rules, and regulations for the protection of the revenue and the accomplishment of the purposes herein expressed as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe.

Regulations have been issued by this office governing the withdrawal from distillery warehouses, free of tax, of distilled spirits to be used in the manufacture of sugar from sorghum, pursuant to this provision. The sorghum manufactories have not taken advantage of this provision the present season. The use of alcohol, free of tax, by manufacturers of sugar from sorghum for the purpose of separating the gummy matter from the sorghum juice promises to be of great advantage to this industry. Recent experiments made in this direction by the Department of Agriculture show that the yield of sugar from sor. ghum cane will be about doubled by the new process.

## MAPLE SUGAR.


A small quantity of sugar will polarize over $90^{\circ}$, estimated at onetwentieth of the production, and probably some will not reach $80^{\circ}$ and therefore not be entitled to bounty.

The total annual production in the United States is probably in the neighborhood of $50,000,000$ pounds, ${ }^{*}$ but a large majority of producers failed to make application for license the present year.

# METHOD EMPLOYED BY SUGAR PRODUCERS IN THE PRODUCIION OF SUGAR FROM CANE, BEETS, AND SORGHUM. 

I.-CANE.

1. Louisiana. (Including one applicant in Mississippi.)
Diffusion and vacuum pan ..... 6
Vacuum pan ..... 174
Open kettle and steam train. ..... 378
Producers who ship their sirup or cane to other producers to be made into sugar. ..... 142
Total. ..... 700

[^53]2. Florida.

- 

Vacuum pan ..... 1
Evaporatiug pan ..... 6
Open kettle ..... 8
Total ..... 15
9. Texas.
Diffusion and vacuum pan. ..... 3
Vacuum pan ..... 2
Opeu kettle and steam train. ..... 10
Total ..... 15
II.-Beers.
4. California, Nebraska, Ulah, and Virginia.
Diffusion and vacunm pan ..... 7
III.-Sorghum.
5. Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, and Missouri.
Diffiusion and vacuam pan ..... 3
Vacuum pau ..... 1
Steam train. ..... 2
'Total ..... 6

*     *         *             * 范 * ..... 弗

Number of Sugar Producers in the United. States who have made Application for Licensp to Manufacture Sugak during the Present Fiscal Year, under the Provisions of the Act of October 1, 1890, arifanged according to States.

| 2 | States. | Maple. | Sugar саие. | Beots. | Sorghum. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maino |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| New Hampshire |  | 132 |  |  |  |
| Vermont. |  | 2,525 |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts. |  | 13 |  |  |  |
| New York |  | 856 |  |  |  |
| Pednsylvania.. |  | 198 |  | 1 |  |
| Maryliud... |  | 88 |  |  |  |
| Virginia.... |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| West Virginit. |  | 16 |  |  |  |
| Ohio.... |  | 224 |  |  |  |
| minois .... |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| Michigan : -6 |  | 87 |  |  | i |
| Minnésota. |  | 5 |  |  | 1 |
| Towa...... |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Missouri.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas. |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Nebraska. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vtah...... |  |  |  |  |  |
| California |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Florida. |  |  | 15 |  |  |
| Louisiana. |  |  | 702 |  |  |
| Texas |  |  | 15 |  |  |
| Mississippi |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Total |  | 4,159 | 733 | 8 | 6 |

Cotal namber of applicants in twonty four States.

SUMMARY.


The above estimate of production was made by the producers early in the season, and is considerably in excess of what may be expected. In making their estimate for the year the producers naturally placed their figures high. It iswhat they hoped to make if all conditions were favorable. The production in Louisiana last year, which was larger than usual; was $436,056,926$ pounds, as reported by applicants for license, and the prevalent opinion is that the coming crop will not be any larger.

The production this year by licensed producers will probably not be in excess of the following estimate:

| Cane sugar: | Pounds. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Louisiana | 450, 000, 000 |
| Texas. | 12,000, 000 |
| Florida | 3, 000,000 |
|  | 465, 000,000 |
| Beet sugar. | 25, 000, 000 |
| Sorghum | 2, 000,000 |
| Maple | 10, 000,000 |
| Total estimated production | 502,000,000 |

Estimating that the beet and sorghum sugar will test $90^{\circ}$ or over, by the polariscope, and be entitled to the bounty of 2 cents per pound, and that two-thirds of the cane sugar will test $90^{\circ}$ and over, and one-third between $80^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$, and that one-twentieth of the maple sugar will test $90^{\circ}$ and over and the rest between $80^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$, the amount of bounty to be paid for the production of the year ending June 30, 1892, will be as follows:

## ESTIMATE OF BOUNTY TO BE PAID.



## STATE BOUNTIES.

In Kansas the State pays a bounty of three-fourths of a cent a pound on sugar made from beets, sorghum, or other sugar-yielding cane or plants grown in the State; the sugar to polarize at least $90^{\circ}$, the amount having been reduced from 2 cents a pound by a recent act (act of March $4 ; 1891$. The law provides that the expenses of branding the
packages and of making the analysis shall be paid by the persons receiving the bounty. All property of sugar factories is exempt from taxation until 1895.

In Utah the Territorial law (act of March 12, 1890) gives a bounty of 1 cent a pound for the years 1890 and 1891 on sugar made from sorghum, beets, or other sugar-bearing plants grown in Utah; not more than $\$ 15,000$ to be drawn each year. No bounty shall be paid upon sugar uuless the corporation, firm, or person claiming it shall have first erected a plant for its manufacture, costing not less than $\$ 200,000$, and having a capacity of manufacturing 15 tons of sugar per day.

The claimants for bounty are required to pay the cost of carrying out the law.

The State of Nebraska, by the act of legislature of March 19, 1889, "An act to provide for the encouragement of the manufacture of sugar aud paying a bounty therefor," authorized the payment of a bounty of 1 cent per pound upon sugar made from beets, sorghum, or other sugaryielding cane or plants, but the law was repealed by the legislature of 1891.

RECOMMENDATION AS TO AMENDMENT OF THE LAW.
The law makes no provision for transferring a license, and no provision for issuing a license upon papers filed after the 1st of July of each year.

A case of this kind arose: A firm filed a notice and gave the required bond prior to the 1st of July, and a license was duly issued. Subsequently, after the 1st of Jaly, the firm was dissolved, one member.retiring, and a new member took his place. The question arose whether the new firm would be entitled to the bounty upon giving a new notice and filing a new bond. This office held that there was no anithority to issue a license to the new firm; that the business must be continued in the name of the old firm and the bounty paid to it; that members of the old firm and the sureties on their bond must sign papers to be filed in this office consenting to this, and continue their liability. Such contracts may be made by the parties between themselves as to indemnity, disposition of the bounty, etc., as they consider necessary for their own protection.

I recommend that the law be amended so as to provide for the transfer of a license or the issuing of a new license to successors or legal representatives, in case of the death of a party who has obtained a license or a change of firm or transfer of business occurring after the 1 st of July and after a license has been issued.

## CONSUMPTION OF SUGAR IN THE UNITED SPATES.

This country is a large consumer of sugar, the people using more per capita than those of any other country, except England.

In the last fiscal year we imported $3,483,477,222$ pounds of sugar of the value of $\$ 105,728,216$, and produced $512,261,530$ pounds.

Of the amount imported $661,448,057$ pounds were beet sugar of the value of $\$ 18,318,269$, and $2,822,029,165$ pounds cane sugar of the value of $\$ 87,409,947$.

The amount of sugar produced in the United States is about one eighth of the amount consumed.

## SUGAR STATISTICS.



Statement Showing the Quantites and Values of Sugar (free and dutlable) Imported into the United States during the Year finding June 30, 1891, and thid Countries hrom which Imported.

| Countries. | Values. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cuba. | \$45, 039, 467 |
| Germany | 12,976, 842 |
| British West Indies | 8,730,903 |
| Hawaiian Tslands. | 13, 152, 562 |
| Brazil. | 5, 141, ]23 |
| British Guiana. | 4, 866,072 |
| Austria-Hungary | 3, 958, 002 |
| Duteh East Indies | 3, 492, 136 |
| Philippine Islands | 2, 121, 320 |
| Porto Rico...... | 2, 416,403 |
| Spain . | 1,282,631 |
| Belgium | 1,065, 409 |
| Great Britain and Ireland | 452, 213 |
| Danish West Inclies | 220,530 |
| Netherlands ........ | 188, 1.84 |
| Duteh Guiana. | 129,458 |
| British Possessions in Africa and adjacent islands. | 68, 180 |
| China. | 84, 141 |
| France | 63,001 |
| Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island | 51,086 |
| Salvador................................................... | 49,844 |
| Mexico | 35,475 |
| Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, and the Northwest Terri | 82, 052 |
| Haiti ........................................ ${ }^{\text {. }}$. | 32,995 |
| French Wost Indies | 9,030 |
| British Honduras | 7,617 |
| British Columbia | 10,995 |
| Ecuador | E,794 |
| Nicaragaa | -1,187 |
| All other countries | 1,524 |
| Total | 105, 728, 216 |

## 7. Amount of Sugar Exported from the United States during ther Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891.


10. Quantity of Sugar Consumed in this Country durivg the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891, and Number of Pounds per capita. $\dagger$

Pounds.


| Countries. | Production. | Countries. | Production. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds. |  | Poun |
| Germany ... | 2, 787, 952, 592 | Belgium | 488, 274, 808 |
| Austria- Eangary | 1,660, 235, 759 | Other European countrics. | 176, 368, 000 |
| Russia. | 1,737, 200, 549 |  |  |
| Holland. | 1, 006, 865,071 | Iotal production of beet |  |
| Holand | 123, 045,340 |  | 7,979, 942, 119 |

[^54]cane sugar.

12. Conṣumption of Sugar per captita of Population, 1889-90.
[Estimates of M. Ticht.]

| Countries. | Consumption. | Countries. | Consumption. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds. |  | Pounds. |
| Germany | 22.9 | Spain... | 9.1 |
| Anstria. | 16.1 | Portagal and Madeina | 12.5 |
| France. | 28.5 | lingland... | 77.8 |
| Russia. | 9.8 | Bulgaria. | 4.1 |
| Folland. | 25.0 | Greece. | 10.3 |
| Belgiam | 21.3 | Servia | 8.7 |
| Denmarlk | 39.0 | Turkey. | 6. 4 |
| Sweden and Norway | 21.9 | Switzerland | 32.4 |
| Italy. | 8.0 | All limope | 21.9 |
| Roumania | 5.1 | North America. | 53. 5 |

13. Princlpal Sugar Crops of the World, in Tons of 2240 lbs.*

| Countries. | †1891-92. | †1890-91. | 1889-90. | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \\ & 1888-189 . \end{aligned}$ | 1887-'88. | 1880-'87. | 1885-86. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cuba | 800,000 | 798, 000 | 645, 000 | - 526,000 | 630, 300 | 61.0, 100 | 705,400 |
| Puerto Rico | 50,000 | 35, 000 | 55,000 | 55,000 | 60, 000 | 86, 000 | 64, 000 |
| Trimidad | 55, 000 | 48,000 | -60,000 | 60, 000 | 60, 000 | 69,000 | 49,200 |
| Barbadoes | 60,000 | 50,000 | 85, 000 | 50,000 | 60,000 | 65,000 | 44,000 |
| Jamaica | 30,000 | 25,000 | 25, 000 | 28, 000 | 30,000 | 21, 000 | 17,000 |
| Antigua and St. Kitts.. | 35,000 | 35, 000 | 30, 000 | 25,000 | 26, 000 | 25,000 | 25, 000 |
| Martinique:............ | 30, 000 | 32,000 | 35,000 | 38, 000 | 39,000 | 41, 000 | 35,000 |
| Guadeloupe | 45,000 | 48, 000 | 45, 000 | 45, 000 | 50, 000 | 55, 000 | 37, 000 |
| Demerara | 115, 000 | 115,000 | 120,000 | 108, 000 | 110, 000 | 135, 000 | 111, 800 |
| Réunion | 35, 000 | 35, 000 | 35,000 | 25.000 | 32, 000 | 32,000 | 35,000 |
| Mauritiu | 125, 000 | 130,000 | 125, 000 | 132, 000 | 120, 000 | 101, 800 | 114, 200 |
| Java | 400, 000 | 414,000 | 333, 000 | 364, 000 | 396,000 | 363, 900 | 365,900 |
| British India | 60,000 | 60,000 | 60,000 | 60, 000 | 55, 000 | 50,000 | 50, 000 |
| Manila, Celou, Tloilo | 140,000 | 140, 000 | 158, 000 | 210, 000 | 174,000 | 180,000 | 186,000 |
| San Domingo, Haiti | 20,000 | 16,000 | 25,000 | 20,000 | 20, 000 | 20, 000 | 18,000 |
| Pernam., Goianna. | 150,000 | 154;000 | 110,000 | 128,000 | 189, 000 | 146, 000 | 96, 000 |
| Maceio . | 40, 000 | 40,000 | 31, 000 | 44,000 | 51,000 | 39,000 | 12,000 |
| Rio Grande. | 12,000 | 12,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 10, 000 |
| Maxoim, Bahia | 15,000 | 15, 000 | 5,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10, 000 | 5,000 |
| Pera | 40,000 | 40,000 | 30, 000 | 30, 000 | 30, 000 | 26,000 | 27,000 |
| Egypt. | 40, 000 | 40,000 | 35,000 | 35, 000 | 35,000 | 50, 000 | 65, 000 |
| Sandwich Islands. | 125,000 | 125, 000 | 120, 000 | 120,000 | 100, 000 | 95, 000 | 96, 500 |
| United States, cane | 230, 000 | 225, 000 | 128,000 | 145,000 | 158, 000 | 80,000 | 122,900 |
| Total cane | 2, 652, 000 | 2,632,000 | 2,297, 000 | 2, 268,000 | 2,447,300 | 2,312, 800 | 2,289, 900 |
| Total beet, Europe | $3,800,000$ | 3,632,000 | 3, 627,967 | -2, 785, 844 | 2, 481,950 | 2, 750, 206 | 2,229,973 |
| Totalbeet, UnitedStates | 13,000 | 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cane and beet........... | 6,465, 000 | 6,274,000 | 5,924,967 | 5, 053, 844 | 4,929, 250 | 5,063, 006 | 4,519,873 |

[^55]
## CHEMICAL AND MICROSCORICAL LABORATORY．

From November，1886，when this laboratory was established under the act of August 2，1886，＂defining butter，＂etc．，to July 1，1890，there had been a total of 479 samples of various articles received and an－ alyzed，but during the past year 754 samples have been received．This large increase in the number of samples submitted for analysis arises from the free fortification of sweet wines，under the provisions of sec－ tions 42 to 49 of the＂act to reduce revenue，＂etc．，approved October 1，1890，which makes it necessary to accurately ascertain the alcoholic and saccharine strength of such wines owing to the limitations pre－ scribed in the law．This act made no provision for an increase in the laboratory force，although the work of a scientific nature called for by several of its provisions，whose enforcement belongs to this office，largely increased the work to be performed in the laboratory here．The con－ sequence is that there is now nearly a year＇s work on hand．

The following table shows the variety and number of samples re－ ceived each month，and the variety and number analyzed and on hand awaiting analysis at the end of the fiscal year：

Table I．－Variety，Number of Samples Received，Analyzed，and on Hand， 1890－＇91．

| Variety． | 1890. |  |  |  |  |  | 1891. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{\vdots}{\mathrm{E}}$ | 年 | 准 | ث\％ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{5} \\ & \dot{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\text { ¢ }}$ | ＋ | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\substack{0 \\ 0}}$ | 总 | 稛 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 侖 } \end{gathered}$ | 官 | 爵 |
| Beers | 6 |  | 3 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| Ciders． | 7 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 19 | 19 |
| Oleomargarines | 3 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 7 |  |  | 12 |  | 6 | 4 | 51 |
| Papers ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 13 | 2 |  |  | 38 |
| Signals ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Typewriter ribbons． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
| Venison |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1{ }^{2}$ |  |
| Waters．． |  |  |  | $2 \times$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whiskies | 2 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 2. | $1 *$ | $3^{3}$ | 13 |
| Wines．． |  |  | 1 |  | 32 | ． 73 | 107t | 631 | $124 t$ | 1451 | $39 \dagger$ | $9 \times$ | 593 |
| Total | 18 |  | 7 | 3 | 32 | 83 | 110 | 69 | 149 | 162 | 48 | 73 | 754 |
| On hand July 1， 1891 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 54 | 60 | 178 | 139 | 35 | 13 | 421 |

In addition to the samples received from officers of this Bureau， samples have been submitted for investigations and analysis by other． Bureaus of this Department．

An investigation was made of the composition of the paper used for bank notes，etc．，for a special committee appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury．

The provisions of the act of October 1, 1890, relating to sweet wines, have also added to the work of the laboratory in the preparation of instructions for taking samples of sweet wines for the determination of the alcoholic strength and the sugar contained in such wines. Theie was also required the calculation of whole per cents tables indicating the number of wine gallons of brandy to be added to sweet wine to produce a given alcoholic strength within the limits prescribed by law.

Regulations for carrying into effect the above sections of the act have also been prepared and have received the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the necessary instruments to be used in testing sweet wines have been purchased in conformity with the law governing such purchases.

As the law (section 43) prescribes Balling's saccharometer as the instrument that may be used to ascertain the saccharine strength of sweet wines after the due evaporation of the contained alcohol, and restoration to original volume, it was deemed advisable as a saving in time and materials to use this instrument not only for the purpose specified in the law, but as a means of approximately determining the alcoholic strength of the wine, by first using the saccharometer as a specific gravity spindle. The method devised by Tabarie for the determination of alcohol in presence of fixed matters with tolerable accuracy could be followed, and one set of instruments and one evaporation suffice for both the alcohol and sugar determinations. Under this method the specific gravity of the original liquid is first observed, a measured quantity is then boiled sufficiently long to volatilize all the alcohol, and the "extract" subsequently made up with water again to the exact original volume, the dilution being made at the same temperature as the original, $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. being taken as the standard temperature. Then the specific gravity of the original liquid divided by the specific gravity of the extract is equal to the specific gravity of the alcohol evaporated. From this last figure the proportion of alcohol can be ascertained by reference to suitable tables. When wine is examined by this method the estimation of alcohol has a tendency to be low, but the process is extremely simple and the results approximate closely to the truth. (Allen's Commercial Organic Analysis, second edition, vol. 1, pp. 71-72).

Instead of instructing the officers and furnishing them with copies of elaborate alcohol tables and the corresponding specific gravity for each tenth degree of the internal revenue Balling saccharometer in order to make the calculations called for by the above equation, as they now have to do under the revised regulations, it was considered less complex to instruct them to subtract the reading of the spindle before from that after dealcoholization and refer to a table for the corresponding percentage of absolute alcohol by volume for the difference obtained. This table was calculated by taking some ten to twenty different specific gravities at various points on the saccharometer scales, and, using the above equation, there was obtained the various specific gravities for the alcohol evaporated for a given difference in saccharometer readings. The mean of these calculations was then taken and this result stated in the table. The elaborate tables of W. Schultze, showing the quantity of extract by weight corresponding to each increase of one-tenth in the fourth place of decimals of the specific gravity at $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. ( $59^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.), were employed (Dingler, Polytechnisches Journal, 1878, 230, p. 421), and the alcohol tables of Dr. Thomas Stevenson (London, second edition, 1888).

It was not the intention of this office to allow the gauger or other officer who supervised the fortification to be the sole judge where wines are presented for fortification that approach the limits prescribed by law, but to subject such wines to accurate chemical analysis by skilled chemists. For this reason certain limits were placed in the regulations, and when an officer in the course of his work obtained, by the approximate method given, results approaching these limits, he was to send a sample to this laboratory for careful analysis.

As a matter of fact nearly every fortification that was carried out during the past season in California is represented by one or more samples received in this laboratory.

A large number of the samples of wines have been analyzed by the indirect method prescribed in the regulations and also by the more elaborate and accurate method of weighing on a delicate analytical balance.

The results obtained are stated in the following Table II:

PORT．

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\oplus} \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{\square} \end{aligned}$ | Date of fortification． | Direct method． |  |  |  |  | Indirect method． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Differences between indirectand direct methods． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equal to per"cent. } \\ & \text { extract. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent．alcohol by volume． |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0-5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Reading of instru- } \\ & \text { ment. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Corrected reading } \\ & \text { at } 60^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Equal to per cent. } \\ \text { "sugar." } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 810 |  | 1． 0473 | 11.97 | 12． 66 | 15.85 | 11． 74 | 62 | 11.57 | 11． 66 | 1．0460 | 65 | 15． 36 | 15.56 | 15.56 | 3.90 | 11 | －． 0013 | －0．31 | －1．14 | －－0． 29 |
| 434 | Nov．21， 1890 | 1． 0531 | 13.38 | 13． 92 | 17.40 |  | 67 | 12． 64 | 12.89 | 1． 0511 | 62 | 16.97 | 17.06 | 17.06 | 4.17 | 12． 43 | －． 0020 | －0．49 | －1．49 | －0．34 |
| 460 | Oct．30， 1890 | 1．0355 | 9． 07 | 15．35 | 13.40 |  | 74 | 7.99 | 8.47 | 1． 0332 | 71 | 13． 22 | 13.61 | 13.61 | 5.14 | 15． 88 | －． 0023 | －0．60 | $+0.53$ | $+0.29$ |
| 627 | Feb．20，189．L | 1.0617 | 15． 52 | 15． 35 | 19.90 | 17．59 | 65 | 14．75 | 14．95 | 1． 0592 | 65 | 19.41 | 19．61 | 19．61 | 4.66 | 14， 15 | －． 0025 | $-0.57$ | $-1.20$ | －0． 29 |
| 400 | Nov．7， 1890 | 1． 0309 | 7． 91 | 15． 67 | 12． 38 |  | 66 | 7． 34 | 7.55 | 1． 0293 | 67 | 11.86 | 12．11 | 12． 11 | 4.56 | 13．80 | －． 0016 | －0．36 | $-1.87$ | －0．27 |
| 404 | Nov．12， 1890 | 1． 0223 | 5． 77 | 15.67 | 10.31 |  | 64 | 5． 52 | 5． 66 | 1． 0218 | 67 | 10.08 | 10.33 | 10.33 | 4． 67 | 14． 18 | －． 0005 | $-0.11$ | －1． 49 | ＋0．02 |
| 408 | Nov．29， 1800 | 1． 0193 | 5.01 | 15.75 | 9.61 |  | 66 | 4． 65 | 4.84 | 1． 0186 | 66 | 9.02 | 9.23 | 9． 23 | 4.39 | 13.22 | －． 0007 | －0．17 | －2．53 | －0．38 |
| 437 | Nov．22， 1890 | 1． 0310 | 7.93 | 15.90 | 12.70 |  | 61 | 7.71 | 7.74 | 1． 0301 | 74 | 11.66 | 12.16 | 12．16 | 4.42 | 13.31 | －． 0009 | －0．19 | －2．59 | －0．54 |
| 497 | Oct．31， 1890 | 1． 0271 | 7.01 | 15.97 | 11.55 |  | 68 | 5.90 | 6.16 | 1． 0239 | 71 | 10.47 | 10.85 | 10.85 | 4.69 | 14.27 | －． 0032 | －0．85 | －1．70 | －0．70 |
| 628 | Feb．20，1891． | 1． 0405 | 10．27 | 16．00 | 14.83 | 13.09 | 64 | 9.68 | 9.83 | 1． 0386 | 61 | 14．75 | 14.78 | 14．78 | 4.95 | 15.17 | －． 0015 | $-0.44$ | －0．83 | －0．05 |
| 496 | Oct．31，1890 | 1． 0278 | 7． 21 | 16．01 | 11．65 |  | 68 | 5． 80 | 6． 06 | 1． 0234 | 70 | 10． 57 | 10.92 | 10.92 | 4．86 | 14.85 | －． 0044 | $-1.15$ | $-1.16$ | －0．73 |
| 438 | Nov．24， 1890 | 1． 0438 | 11． 10 | 16． 05 | 16.00 |  | 60 | 11． 66 | 11． 66 | 1． 0460 | 74 | 14.95 | 15.46 | 15.46 | 3.80 | 11． 20 | ＋．0022 | ＋0．56 | $-4.85$ | －0． 54 |
| 432 | Nov．21， 1890 | 1． 0380 | 9.69 | 16． 21 | 14.20 |  | 68 | 8.93 | 9.21 | 1． 0360 | 63 | 13．89 | 14.01 | 14．01． | 4． 80 | 14． 65 | －． 0020 | $-0.48$ | $-1.56$ | $-0.19$ |
| 435 | Nov．21， 1890 | 1． 0434 | 11.00 | 16．23 | 15.75 |  | 67 | 10.38 | 10．63 | 1． 0419 | 62 | 15.25 | 15.34 | 15．34 | 4.71 | 14． 33 | －． 0015 | －0．37 | $-1.90$ | －0．41 |
| 418. |  | 1． 0303 | 7.77 | 16.30 | 12.78 |  | 67 | 7.34 | 7.57 | 1． 0294 | 67 | 12．26 | 12.51 | 12.51 | 4.94 | 15： 14 | －． 0009 | －0．20 | $-1.16$ | －0．27 |
| 436 | Nov．22， 189 | 1． 0315 | 8.04 | 16.40 | 12.61 |  | 67 | 7.53 | 7． 76 | 1.0302 | 61 | 12.36 | 12.39 | 12.39 | 4． 63 | 14.04 | －． 0013 | －0．28 | －2．36 | －0．22 |
| 491 |  | 1． 0277 | 7.18 | 16．43 | 12.05 |  | 70 | 6.57 | 6.89 | 1． 0266 | 71 | 11． 27 | 11．65 | 11．65 | 4.76 | 14． 50 | －． 0011 | $\bigcirc 0.29$ | $-1.93$ | －0．40 |
| 407 | Nov．26， 1890 | 1． 0169 | 4． 36 | 16．90 | 8.95 |  | 66 | 4． 08 | 4.27 | 1． 0165 | 72 | 8.74 | 9.15 | 9.15 | 4.88 | 14.88 | －－． 0004 | －0．09 | －2．02 | ＋0．20 |
| 433 | Nov．21， 1890 | 1． 0299 | 7． 69 | 16.97 | 12． 57 |  | 67 | 7.24 | 7.47 | 1． 0289 | 63 | 12． 16 | 12． 28 | 12.28 | 4.81 | 14． 68 | －． 0010 | －0．22 | －2．29 | －0．29． |
| 401 | Nov．7， 1890 | 1． 0248 | 6． 39 | 17.45 | 11． 36 |  | 65 | 6．00 | 6． 17 | 1． 0239 | 69 | 10.77 | 1．1． 09 | 11． 09 | 4.92 | 1．5． 06 | －． 00009 | －0．22 | $-2.39$ | －0．27 |
| 452 |  | 1． 0365 | 9.34 | 17．52 | 14．40 |  | 75 | 8.09 | 8.61 | 1． 0338 | 70 | 13.69 | 14． 05 | 14． 05 | 5.44 | 17． 00 | －． 0027 | $-0.73$ | －0． 52 | －0．35 |
| 486 |  | 1．0315 | 8.04 | 17．80 | 12.82 |  | 74 | 7.15 | 7.63 | 1． 0296 | 75 | 11． 96 | 12.50 | 12.50 | 4.87 | 14． 88 | －． 0019 | $-0.41$ | －2．92 | $-0.32$ |
| 468 | Dec．11， 1890 | 1． 0053 | 1． 39 | 17．85 | 6． 62 |  | 75 | 0.81 | 1.25 | 1． 0047 | 75 | 6.38 | 6.89 | 6.89 | 5． 64 | 17.75 | －． 0006 | －0．14 | $-0.10$ | ＋0．27 |
| 453 |  | 1． 0335 | 8.53 | 17.95 | 14．00 |  | 74 | 7.53 | 8.01 | 1.0313 | 71 | 13.41 | 13.80 | 13．80 | 5． 79 | 18．31 | －． 0022 | －0．52 | －0．36 | －0．20 |
| 469 | Dec．11， 1890 | 1． 0051 | 1.34 | 18．18 | 6． 43 |  | 74 | 0.61 | 1.01 | 1．0038 | 74 | 6.28 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 5.74 | 18．13 | $-.0013$ | $-0.33$ | －0．05 | ＋0．32 |
| 406 | Nov．13， 1890 | 1． 0004 | 0.10 | 18． 30 | 6.35 |  | 67 | 0． 20 | 0.40 | 1． 0015 | 65 | 6.09 | 6.26 | 6.26 | 5.86 | 18． 58 | ＋． 0011 | $+0.30$ | ＋0．28 | －0．09 |
| 409 | Nov．28， 1890 | 1． 01.62 | 4.18 | 18.35 | 9.55 |  | 67 | 3.79 | 4.00 | 1． 0155 | 66 | 9.21 | 9.42 | 9.42 | 5.42 | 16． 93 | －． 0007 | －0．18 | －1． 42 | －0．13 |
| 450 |  | 1． 0318 | 8.11 | 18.40 | 13.61 |  | 74 | 7.15 | 7.63 | 1． 0296 | 70 | 13．12 | 13.48 | 13.48 | 5.85 | 18． 54 | －． 0022 | －0．48 | ＋0．14 | $-0.13$ |
| 458 | Nov．29， 1890 | 1． 0197 | 5.12 | 18．54 | 10.40 |  | 74 | 4． 27 | 4.72 | 1． 0182 | 71 | 9.59 | 9.96 | 9．96 | 5． 24 | 16.25 | －． 0015 | －0．40 | －2．29 | －0．44 |
| 439 | Dec．2，1890 | 1．6198 | 5.15 | 18．85 6 | 10.60 |  | 59 | 5.23 | 5.21 | 1.0200 | 74 | 9.98 | 10． 4.8 | 10.48 | 5.27 | 16.37 | ＋．0002 | $+0.06$ | －2．28 | －0．12 |
| 472 | Nov．22， 1890 | 1． 0191 | 4.96 | 18．74 | 10.33 |  | 74 | 3.98 | 4.41 | 1． 0170 | 75 | 9.40 | 9.94 | 9． 94 | 5.53 | 17.34 | －． 0021 | －0．55 | －1．40 | －0． 9 |
| 475 | Dec．2， 1890. | 1． 0250 | 6.69 | 18．77 | 12．08 |  | 74 | 5.80 | 6.27 | 1.0243 | 74 | 11． 76 | 12.26 | 12， 26 | 5.99 | 19.06 | －． 0016 | $-0.42$ | ＋0．29 | $+0.18$ |



Tarle II．－Analyses of Fortified Sweet Wines．Comparison of Direct and Indirect Alcohol Determinations．
ANGELICA．

|  | Date of fortification． | Direct method． |  |  |  |  | Indirect method． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Differences between indirect and direct methods． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equal to per cent. } \\ & \text { extract. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent．alcohol bỳ volume． | 콩 <br> 害总 <br> 芴 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Correcterl reading } \\ \text { at } 60^{\circ} \mathrm{I} \text {. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 609 | Dec．15， 1890. | 1.0860 | 21． 00 | 11.21 | 23.48 | 20.17 | 54 | 21.12 | 20.94 | 1.0856 | 54 | 24.81 | 24.61 | 24． 61 | 3.67 | 10.77 | －． 0004 | －0．06 | －0．44 | ＋1．13 |
| 626 | Feb．20， 1891 | 1．，0625 | 15．69 | 11.97 | 19.37 | 13.05 | 64 | 14． 95 | 15．12 | 1． 0600 | 65 | 18．70 | 18． 90 | 18． 90 | 3.78 | 11.12 | －． 0025 | $-0.57$ | －0．85 | －0．47 |
| 525 | Nov．8， 1890 | 1． 0802 | 19.72 | 13.60 | 23.50 | 21.17 | 52 | 19.62 | 19.38 | 1． 0787 | 58 | 23.64 | 23.56 | 23.56 | 4.18 | 12． 46 | －．0015 | －0．34 | －1．14 | ＋0．06 |
| 416 | Nov．11， 1890 | 1． 0690 | 17.23 | 13.82 | 20.93 |  | 68 | 16． 26 | 16．57 | 1．0663 | 63 | 20.91 | 21.03 | 21.03 | 4.46 | 13． 45 | －．0027 | －0．66 | －0．37 | $+0.10$ |
| 420 | Now． 11.18 | 1.0558 | 14． 06 | 14.83 | 18.04 |  | 68 | 13． 22 | 13.52 | 1． 0536 | 63 | 17.68 | 17.80 | 17.80 | 4.28 | 12． 84 | －． 0022 | $-0.54$ | $-1.99$ | －0．24 |
| 403 | Nov．11， 189 | 1.0539 | 13.58 | 15．65 | 18.17 |  | 65 | 12.83 | 13．02 | 1． 0516 | 67 | 17.27 | 17．54 | 17.54 | 4.52 | 13． 66 | －．0023 | －0．56 | $-1.99$ | $-0.63$ |
| 446 |  | 1.0729 | 18．13 | 16． 88 | 22.95 |  | 76 | 16.57 | 17.17 | 1． 0687 | 71 | 22.37 | 22.79 | 22.79 | 5.62 | 17.68 | －． 0042 | －0．96 | ＋0．80 | －0．16 |
| 448 |  | 1.0745 | 18.49 | 1．6．96 | 23．11 |  | 74 | 17.07 | 17.58 | 1． 0704 | 70 | 22.69 | 23.08 | 23.08 | 5.50 | 17.23 | －． 0041 | －0．91 | ＋0．27 | $-0.03$ |
| 429 | Nov．13， 1890 | 1． 0206 | 5.35 | 17．62 | 10.50 |  | 67 | 5.04 | 5.27 | 1． 0202 | 64 | 10.28 | 10.43 | 10.43 | 5.16 | 15， 96 | －．0004 | －0．08 | $-1.66$ | －0．07 |
| 464 | Nov．29， 1890 | 1.0841 | 20.60 | 18． 36 | 26．55 |  | 74 | 19.21 | 19.73 | 1．0802 | 71 | 25.42 | 25.85 | 25.85 | 6.12 | 19.56 | －． 0039 | －0．87 | ＋1．20 | $-0.70$ |
| 447 |  | 1． 0685 | 17.11 | 18．60 | 22.68 |  | 74 | 15．66 | 16.17 | 1． 0646 | 70 | 21． 33 | 21.71 | 21． 71 | 5.54 | 17．38 | －． 0039 | －0．94 | －1． 22 | $-0.97$ |
| 417 |  | 1.0588 | 14.83 | 18.64 | 20.32 |  | 68 | 13.89 | 14． 20 | 1．0564 | 65 | 19.31 | 19.51 | 19.51 | 5.31 | 16.52 | －． 0024 | $-0.68$ | $-2.12$ | －0．81 |
| 474 | Nov．21， 1890 | 1.0163 | 4． 21 | 18.82 | 9.60 |  | 74 | 3.60 | －4．03 | 1． 0156 | 74 | 8．93 | 9． 42 | 9.42 | 5.39 | 16．81 | －． 0007 | －0．18 | －2．01 | －0．18 |
| 489 |  | 1．0626 | 15.72 | 19.22 | 21． 22 |  | 64 | 14． 95 | 15． 12 | 1． 0600 | 71 | 20． 39 | 20.79 | 20.79 | 5.67 | 17.87 | －． 0026 | $-0.60$ | $-1.35$ | －0．43 |
| 430 | Nov．13， 1890 | 1． 0212 | 5.50 | 19.27 | 10.76 |  | 67 | ． 5.13 | 5.36 | 1． 0206 | 64 | 10.38 | 10． 53 | 10.53 | 5.17 | 16． 00 | －． 0006 | －0．14 | $-3.27$ | $-0.23$ |
| 449 |  | 1． 0624 | 15.67 | 19.50 | 21． 24 |  | 74 | 14． 27 | 14．78 | 1． 0586 | 70 | 21． 22 | 21． 60 | 21.60 | 6.82 | 22． 26 | －． 0038 | $-0.89$ | ＋2．76 | ＋0．36 |
| 478 | Nov．13， 1890 | 1． 0570 | 14.36 | 19.55 | 20． 00 |  | 74 | 13．22 | 13.73 | 1． 0545 | 75 | 18．80 | 19.37 | 19.37 | 5.64 | 17．75 | －． 0025 | $-0.63$ | $-1.80$ | －0．63 |
| 410 | Nov．28， 1890 | 1． 0021 | 0.55 | 19.85 | 6.55 |  | 67 | 0.00 | 0.20 | 1． 0008 | 64 | 6.48 | 6.62 | 6． 62 | 6.42 | 20.72 | －． 0013 | －0．35 | ＋0．87 | $+0.07$ |
| 445 |  | 1． 0587 | 14.81 | 21.65 | 21.46 |  | 76 | 13.22 | 13.80 | 1． 0548 | 70 | 20.49 | 20.87 | 20.87 | 7.07 | 23.22 | －． 0039 | －1．01 | ＋1．57 | －0． 59 |
|  | A．verage 19 samples | 1.0569 | 14.00 | 17．15 | 18.97 |  | 68 |  | 13.45 | 1． 0537 | 67 |  | 18.71 | 18.71 |  | 16． 48 | －． 0024 | $-0.57$ | －0．67 | －0．23 |
|  | Maximum | 1． 0860 | 21.00 | 21.65 | 26.55 | （21．17） | 76 |  | 20.94 | 1． 0856 | 75 |  | 25.85 | 25.85 |  | 23.22 | －． 0004 | $-0.06$ | ＋2．76 | ＋1．13 |
|  | Minimum． | 1.0021 | 0.55 | 11． 21 | 6． 55 | （13．05） | 52 |  | 0.20 | I． 0008 | 54 |  | 6.62 | 6.62 |  | 10.77 | －． 0042 | －1．01 | $-3.27$ | －0．97 |

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| 413 | Oct. 31, 1890 | 1. 0229 | 5.92 | 14.07 | 10.24 |  | 68 | 5.90 | 6.16 | 1. 0239 | 67 | 9.49 | 9.73 | 9.73 | 3.57 | 10.44 | +.0010 | +0.24 | -3.63 | -0.51 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 414 | Nov. 22, 1890 | 0.9981 | $-0.50$ | 18.14 | 4.23 | 2.59 | 68 | $-0.51$ | -0. 51 | 0.9981 | 62 | 5.13 | 5.21 | 5.21 | 5.72 | 18.02 | . 0000 | +0.01 | -0.12 | +0.98 |
| 463 | Nov. 29, 1890 | 1. 0088 | 2.28 | 18.51 | 7.70 |  | 74 | 1.71 | 2.11 | 1. 0081 | 71 | 7.43 | 7.79 | 7.79 | 5. 68 | 17.90 | -. 0007 | -0.17 | -0.61 | +0.09 |
| 462 | Nov. 29, 1890 | 1.0164 | 4.23 | . 18.84 | 9.95 |  | 74 | 3.50 | 3.94 | 1.0153 | 71 | 9.12 | 9.49 | 9.49 | 5. 55 | 17.42 | -. 0011 | -0.29 | $-1.42$ | -0. 46 |
| 495 |  | 1.0181 | 4.69 | 18.90 | 10.12 |  | 69 | 4.27 | 4.55 | 1. 0176 | 70 | 9.12 | 9.46 | 9.46 | 4.91 | 15.03 | -. 0005 | -0.14 | $-3.87$ | $-0.66$ |
| 370 | Nov. 18, 1890 | 1. 0011 | 0.29 | 20.30 | 6.46 |  | 70 | 0.00 | 0.28 | 1. 0011 | 68 | 6.09 | 6. 35. | 6.35 | -6.07 | 19.37 | . 0000 | -0.01 | -0.93 | -0.11 |
| 371 | Nov. 18, 1890 | 1.0002 | 0.05 | 20.52 | 6.22 |  | 70 | 0.00 | 0.28 | 1. 0011 | 70 | 6.00 | 6. 32 | 6.32 | 6.04 | 19.25 | +. 0009 | +0.23. | $-1.27$ | +0.10 |
| 492 |  | 1.0048 | 1.26 | 22.90 | 8.20 |  | 70 | 0.81 | 1.09 | 1. 0042 | 71 | 7.71 | 8.07 | 8.07 | 6.98 | 22.87 | -. 0006 | -0.17 | -0.03 | -0.13 |
| 465 | Nov. 29,1890 ............ | 1. 0042 | 1.10 | 22.95 | 7.56. |  | 76 | 0.00 | 0.47 | 1.0018 | 72 | 7.34 | 7.74 | 7.74 | 7.27 | 23.98 | -. 0024 | -0.63 | +1.03 | +0.18 |
|  | Average 9 sample | 1. 0083 | 2.14 | 19.46 | 7.85 |  | 71 |  | 2.04 | 1. 0079 | 69 |  | 7.79 | 7.79 |  | 18.25 | -. 0004 | -0.10 | $-1.21$ | -0.06 |
|  | Maximum | 1. 0229 | 5.92 | 22. 95 | 10.24 |  | 76 |  | 6. 16 | 1. 0239 | 72 |  | 9.73 | 9.73 |  | 23.98 | $+.0010$ | +0.24 | +1.03 | +0.98 |
|  | Minimum. | 0.9981 | -0.50 | 14.07 | 4.23 |  | 68 |  | -0. 51 | 0.9981 | 62 |  | 5.21 | 5.21 |  | 10.44 | -. 0024 | -0.63 | -3.87 | $-0.66$ |

SUMMARY.


It will be seen in the summary of the above table the average of the 101 samples analyzed shows an alcoholic content of 1.210 per cent. less by the indirect than by the accurate direct method. When it is considered that this average represents an error of adjustment on the hydrometer spindles not exceeding $4 \frac{1}{2}$ millimeters the accuracy of the indirect method is remarkable. The readings of the three hydrometers used in these determinatious were first corrected for instrumental errors (according to the data furnished by the Office of Weights and Measures of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey), and the solutions were made up at various temperatures as a counter check on the table of temperature corrections published in the regulations. The difference between the amount of alcohol by volume contained in the distillate and that in the origiaal liquid would be slightly greater than that found by the indirect method, $i$. e., the method of ignoring the weight of the original liquid and taking the percentage of alcohol to be that found in an equal volume of the distillate gives plus errors, amounting in some cases to as much as 3.5 per cent. All determinations of alcohol, like other liquids, are of necessity made by weight and the percentage by volume found by calculation.
The ascertaining of the specitic gravity of a liquid is a method of determining the weight of a certain volume of that liquid compared with the weight of the same volume of a standard-liquid, generally distilled water, at a certain standard temperature. (See page cliv, Report Cominissioner Internal Revenue, 1888.) Although section 3249, Revised Statutes, seemingly defines the standard of alcoholic strength in proof spirits as being at the standard temperature of $60^{\circ}$ F. $\left(15.56^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$.) it makes no mention of the fact that water at its maximum density, $39.2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. ( $4^{\circ}$ C.), is what the stated volume at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. is compared with. For general convenience the table of alcoholic strength by volume contained in the revised sweet-wine regulations has been calculated with the equal volumes taken at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$., and not the volyme of alcohol at $60^{\circ}$. F. compared with the equal volume of water at $39.2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
In Table III will be found tabulated the results of the analyses of all wines received and analyzed in this laboratory during the past fiscal year.

Table III.-Analyses of fortifled sweet wines.
PORT.

|  | Date of fortification. | Direct method. |  |  |  | Indirect method. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Specific gravity at $15.56^{\circ}$ C. | Per cent. alcohol by vol. ume. | Per cent. total solids. | Per cent. re ducing sugars. | Correctled reading of saceba. ronteter at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. | Per cent. alcohol by volume. | Corrected reading of saccharometer at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. | Per <br> cent. extract or sugar. |
| 328 | $\begin{array}{r}  \\ \text { Oct. } 3 . \mathrm{E} . . . . . . \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 329 | Nov.1..... |  | 17.57 | 10.60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 330 | Nov. 6 |  | 20.87 | 6. 89 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 334 | Nov. 6. |  | 19.72 | 9.95 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 335 | Nov. 1. |  | 16. 63 | 12.27 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 336 | Nov. 8. |  | 15.45 | 13.13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 337 | Nov. 1. | 1. 0284 | 17. 45 | 12. 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 341 | Nov. 1. | 1. 0203 | 19.30 | 10.68 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 345 | Nov. 4 | 1.0431 | 16. 08 | 15.38 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 346 | Nov. 4. | 1. 0199 | 17. 25 | 10.27 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 347 | Nov. 7. | 1. 0352 | 18. 52 | 14.40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 351 | Nov. 12. | 1. 0143 | 19.90 | 9.48 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 352 | Nov. 12. | 1. 0141 | 20.04 | 9.58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 353 | Nov. 12. | 1. 0155 | 19.65 | 9.75 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 354 | Nov. 18. | 1. 0159 | 21. 65 | 10.47 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 355 | Nov. 13. | 1. 0143 | 20.65 | 9.76 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 356 | Nov. 13. | 1. 01.80 | 20.40 | 10.52 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 397 | Nov. 14. | 1. 0159 | 21.10 | 10. 27 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 358 | Nov. 14. | 1.0116 | 20.95 | 9.81 |  |  |  |  |  |

Table III.-Analyses of fortified sweet wincs-Continued.
PORT-Continued.

|  | Date of fortification. | Direet method. |  |  |  | Indirect method. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Specific } \\ \text { gravity } \\ \text { ai } 1.5 .50^{\circ} \\ \text { C. } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent. alcohol by volnme. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \\ \text { total } \\ \text { solids. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. ye } \\ \text { duacing } \\ \text { sugars. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Correct ed reading of saccharometer at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. | Per cent. alcohol by volunce. | Correct ed readiug of saccha. $\operatorname{at} 60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. | Per cent. extract or sugar. |
|  | 1890. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 359 | Nov. 14. | 1. 0085 | 25.20 19.65 | 9.87 |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| 366 | Nov. 13. | 1. 1.0021 | 19.65 19.64 | 9.95 |  | 3. 58 | 20.45 | 6.93 | 8.83 |
| 367 | Nov. 15. | 1. 0118 | 21.05 | 9.20 |  | 3.10 | 18.65 | 8.98 | 8.98 |
| 369 | Nov. 15. | 1.0237 | 19.28 | 11.75 |  | 5.91 | 18.54 | 11.76 | 11.76 |
| 372 | Nov. 19. | 1.0246 | 19.60 | 11.93 |  | 5. 84 | 18.81 | 11.76 | 11.76 |
| 374 | Nov. 22. | 1.0219 | 19.50 | 11.33 |  | 5.25 | 18.43 | 11.07 | 11.07 |
| 400 | Nov. 7. | 1.0369 | 15.67 | 12.38 |  | 7.55 | 13.80 | 12. 11 | 12.11 |
| 401 | Nov. 7 | 1.0248 | 17.45 | 11.36 |  | 6. 17 | 15.06 | 11. 69 | 11.09 |
| 404 | Nov. 12. | 1. 0223 | 15.67 | 10.31 |  | 5.66 | 14.18 | J0.33 | 10.33 |
| 405 | Nov. 12. | 1. 1.67 | 20.68 | 10.18 |  | 4.17 | 18.54 | 10.02 | 10.02 |
| 406 | Nov. 13. | 1. 0004 | 18.30 | 6.35 |  | 0.40 | 18.58 | 6. 26 | 6. 26 |
| 407 | Nov. 26. | 1. 0169 | 16.90 | 8.95 |  | 4.27 | 14.88 | 9.15 | 9.15 |
| 408 | Nov. 29 | 1. 0193 | 15.75 | 9.61 |  | 4.84 | 13.22 | 9.23 | 9.23 |
| 409 | Nov. 28. | 1. 0162 | 18.35 | 9.55 |  | 4.00 | 16.93 | 9.42 | 9.42 |
| 411 | Dec. 1 | 1. 0084 | 19.50 | 7.78 |  | 2.26 | 18.17 | 8. 01 | 8.01 |
| 412 | Dec. 3 | 1. 0081 | 18.80 | 7. 74 |  | 2.03 | 18. 31 | 7. 82 | 7. 82 |
| 418 |  | 1. 0303 | 16. 30 | 12.78 |  | 7.57 | 15. 14 | 12.51 | 12.51 |
| 419 |  | 1.0225 | 21.75 | 12.1.5 |  | 5.55 | 20.21 | 11. 84 | 11.84 |
| 432 | Nov. 21 | 1.0380 | 16. 21 | 14. 20 |  | 9.21 | 14.65 | 14.01 | 14.01 |
| 433 | Nov. 21. | 1.0299 | 16.97 | 12.57 |  | 7.47 | 14.68 | 12.28 | 12.28 |
| 434 | Nov. 21. | 1.0531 | 13.92 | 17.40 |  | 12. 89 | 12. 43 | 17.06 | 17.06 |
| 435 | Nov. 21. | 1.0434 | 16. 23 | 15.75 |  | 10.63 | 14.33 | 15. 34 | 15. 34 |
| 436 | Nov. 22 | 1.0315 | 16.40 | 12.61 |  | 7.76 | 14.04 | 12. 39 | 12. 39 |
| 437 | Nov. 22 | 1.0310 | 15.90 | 12.70 |  | 7.74 | 13.31 | 12:16 | 12.16 |
| 438 | Not. 24 | 1.0438 | 16.05 | 16.00 |  | 11.66 | 11.20 | 15.46 | 15.46 |
| 439 | Dec. 2 | 1.0198 | 18. 65 | 10.60 |  | 5.21 | 16.37 | 10.48 | 10.48 |
| 440 | Nov: 27. | 1.0361 | 20.90 | 15.57 |  | 8.84 | 19.76 | 15. 01 | 15.01 |
| 441 | Nov. 28. | 1.0130 | 21.55 | 9.85 |  | $3.60{ }^{-}$ | 18.21 | 9.36 | 9. 36 |
| 450 |  | 1.0318 | 18.40 | 13.61 |  | 7.63 | 18.54 | 13.48 | 13.48 |
| 451 |  | 1.0422 | 1.9.40 | 16.43 |  | 9.74 | 20.60 | ${ }^{16.13}$ | 16.13 |
| 452 |  | 1.0365 | 17.52 | 14. 40 |  | 8.61 | 17.00 | 14.05 | 14.05 |
| 453 |  | 1.0335 | 17.95 | 14.00 |  | 8.01 | 18.31 | 13: 80 | 13.80 |
| 455 | Nov. 1. | 1.0106 | 19.91 | 8.60 |  | 2.45 | 20.91. | 8. 92 | 8.92 |
| 458 | Nov. 29. | 1.0197 | 18.54 | 10.40 |  | 4.72 | 16.25 | 9.96 | 9.96 |
| 460 | Oct. 30. | 1.0355 | 1.5. 35 | 13. 40 |  | 8.47 | 15.88 | 13.61 | 13.61 |
| 468 | Dec. 11 | 1.0053 | 17.85 | 6.62 |  | 1.25 | 17.75 | 6.89 | 6.89 |
| 469 | Dee. 11 | 1.0051 | 18. 18 | 6.43 |  | 1.01 | 18.13 | 6.75 | 6.75 |
| 470 | Dec. 21 | 1.0405 | 25.38 | 18.00 |  | 9. 86 | 26.05 | 17.71 | 17.71 |
| 471 | Nov. 18. | 1.0218 | 18.88 | 10.93 |  | 5.40 | 17.50 | -10.97 | 10.97 |
| 472 | Nov. 22. | 1.0191 | 18.74 | 10.33 |  | 4.41 | 17.34 | 9.94 | 9.94 |
| 473 | Dec. 1 | 1. 0180 | 19.37 | 9.96 |  | 4.41 | 17.20 | 9.90 | 9.90 |
| 475 | Dec. 2 | 3. 0259 | 18.77 | 12.08 |  | 6.27 | 19.06 | 12.26 | 12. 26 |
| 476 | Dec. J6 | 1.0171 | 21.47 | 10.58 |  | 4.03 | 21.22 | 10.58 | 10.58 |
| 477 | Jan. 3 . . $189 .$. | 1.0222 | 20.55 | 11.67 |  | 5.40 | 20.29 | 11.71 | 11.71 |
| 479 | Nov. $10 \ldots$ 1890. | 1.0205 | 23.01 | 11.88 |  | 4.91 | 21.79 | 11.61 | 11.61 |
| 480 | Nov. 19 | 1.0340 | 21.93 | 14.73 |  | 7.91 | 20.37 | 14.24 | 14.24 |
| 481 | Nov. 27 | 1.0210 | 21.01 | 11. 46 |  | 5. 10 | 19.91 | 11.31 | 11.31 |
| 482 | Dec. 1 | 1.0288 | 22.35 | 13.96 |  | 6.85 | 20.95 | 13.33 | 13.33 |
| 483 | Dec. 9 | 1.0417 | 21.12 | 16. 60 |  | 9.80 | 21. 10 | 16.32 | 16. 32 |
| 486 |  | 1.0315 | 17.80 | 12.82 |  | 7.63 | 14. 88 | 12. 50 | 12. 50 |
| 487 |  | 1.0273 | 20.65 | 12.52 |  | 6. 66 | 17.04 | 12.11 | 12. 11 |
| 488 |  | 1.0271 | 20.60 | 12. 53 |  | 6. 70 | 17.27 | 12.21 | 12.21 |
| 490 |  | 1.0411 | 19.10 | 16. 20 |  | 9.71 | 18.77 | 15.62 | 15.62 |
| 491 |  | 1.0277. | 16.43 | 12. 05 |  | 6. 89 | 14.50 | 11.65 | 11.65 |
| 493 |  | 1.0196 | 23.00 | 11. 75 |  | 4.64 | 22.22 | 11.45 | 11.45 |
| 494 |  | 1.0160 | 23.24 | 11. 12 |  | 4.00 | 21.64 | 10.66 | 10.66 |
|  | 1880. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 496 | Oct. 31. | 1.0278 | 16.01 | 11.65 |  | 6.06 | 14.85 | 10.92 | 10.92 |
| 497 | Oct. 31. | 1.0271 | 15.97 | 11.55 |  | 6. 16 | 14:27 | 10.85 | 10.85 |
| 612 | Dee. 24 | 1.0402 | 25.05 | 17. 67 | 15. 81 | 9.90 | 24.06 | 17.19 | 17.19 |
|  | 1891. | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 627 | Feb. 20 | 1.0617 | 15.35 | 19.90 | 17.59 | 14.95 | 14.15 | 19.61 | 19.61 |
| 628 | Feb. 20 | 1.0405 | 16.00 | 14.83 | 13.09 | 9.83 | 15.17 | 14.78 | 14.78 |
| 81.0 |  | 1.0473 | 12.66 | 15.85 | 11.74 | 11. 66 | 11.52 | 15.56 | 15.56 |
|  | A verage 82 samples | 1.0249 | 18.94 | 11.88 |  | 6. 36 | 17.50 | 11.92 | 11.92 |
|  | Maximum......... | 1.0617 | 25.38 | 19.90 | (17.59) | 14. 95 | 26.05 | 19.61 | 19.61 |
|  | Minimum | 1.0004 | 12.66 | 6.01 | (11.74) | 0.40 | 11.20 | 6. 26 | 6.26 |

Table III.-Analyses of fortified sweet wines-Continued.
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Table III.-Analyses of fortified sweet wines-Continued.
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|  | Date of fortification. | Direct method. |  |  |  | Indirect method. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Specific } \\ \text { gravity } \\ \text { att 15.560 } \\ \text { C. } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent. alcohol by vol. ume. | Per cent. solids. | Per cent. re ducing sugars | Corrected read. ing of sacchaat $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. | Per cent. alcohol by volume. | Correct. ed reading of saccharometer at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | Per cent. extrac or sugar. |
| 370 | $1890 .$ |  |  | 6.46 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 371 | Nov. 18 | 1. 0002 | 20.52 | 6.22 |  | 0.28 | 19.25 | 6.32 | 6.32 |
| 413 | Oct. 31 | 1. 0229 | 14.07 | 10.24 |  | 6.16 | 10.44 | 9.73 | 9.73 |
| 414 | Nov. 22. | 0.9981 | 18.14 | 4.23 | 2.59 | -0.51 | 18.02 | 5.21 | 5.21 |
| 454 |  | 0.9944 | 26.33 | 6.43 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 462 | Nov. 29. | 1.0164 | 18.84 | 9.95 |  | 3. 94 | 17.42 | 9.49 | 9.49 |
| 463 | Nov. 29. | 1.0088 | 18.51. | 7.70 |  | 2.11 | 17.90 | 7.79 | 7.79 |
| 465 | Nov. 29. | 1. 0042 | 22.95 | 7.56 |  | 0.47 | 23.98 | 7.74 | 7.74 |
| 492 |  | 1. 0048 | 22. 90 | 8.20 |  | 1.09 | 22.87 | 8. 07 | 8.07 |
| 495 |  | 1. 0181 | 18. 90 | 10.12 |  | 4.55 | 15.03 | 9.40 | 9.46 |
| 812 |  | '0.9920 | 11.78 | 1.40 | 0.54 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Average 11 samples | 1. 0055 | 19.39 | 7. 14 |  | 2.04 | 18.25 | 7.79 | 7.79 |
|  | Maximum. | 1. 0229 | 26.33 | 10.24 |  | 6.16 | 23.98 | 9.73 | 9.73 |
|  | Minimum | 0.9920 | 11.78 | 1. 40 |  | $-0.51$ | 10.44 | 5.21 | 5.21 |

MOSCAT.


MISCELLANEOUS.


This office not being provided with a physical laboratory for the proper testing of hydrometers and the standardization of weights, flasks, and tubes, arrangement had to be made with the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey to have all such work carried out in the physical laboratory connected with the Office of Weights and Measures. of his Bureau. It is hardly necessary to say that this class of work involves the greatest accuracy of manipulation and a large amount of time to properly perform the various comparisons at controlled temperatures. For the saccharometers and alcoholometers to be hereafter issued by this office, the necessary correction to be applied for every $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. readings of their stems will be furnished by the Coast Survey atter direct comparison with the standard solutions and instruments now in their possession. For the manufacturers of these instruments sets of standard ones have been supplied so that it is expected that the hydrometers furnished will be as accurate as it is possible to make such instruments. As soon as the necessary comparisons can be made by the Coast Survey after the instruments are received from the manufacturers, a sufficient stock will be kept on hand in this laboratory, and the unavoidable delays hitherto occasioned in filling requisitions from collectors will, it is hoped, be avoided. The most serious delay has been caused in obtaining a satisfactory model of a portable still for the alcoholic determinations in sweet wines (in accordance with the provisions of the revised regulations), and although one of the largest chemical supply houses in the country has the contract for furnishing the necessary outfits, they have not yet been able to make a still that comes up to the requirements of the specifications.

## OLEOMARGARINE.

Of the fifty-one samples received from revenue officers for chemical analysis twenty-six proved to be oleomargarines and the remainder butters. The butters were in most cases exceedingly rancid; some of the officers had evidently considered that rancidity was presumptive of the presence of added fats, overlooking the well known fact that manufactured oleomargarine will keep for a long time without undergoing rancid fermentation, whereas poodly worked butters rapidly decompose, aud will even undergo putrefactive fermentation if kept long enough. Samples of oleomargarines have been kept in the laboratory refrigerator for over 2 years without becoming rancid, although at the end of that time they had lost their butter flavor and tasted and smelt like suet fat. These were of the ordinary grades, and retained until they were called for as evidence in trials, and no especial precantions were taken to exclude the air.

An interesting report of the United States consul at Rotterdam has lately been issued by the State Department, showing the vast strides made in the production and consumption of oleomargarine in the Netherlands, oleo oil to the value of $\$ 10,000,000$ being imported from the United States during the calendar year 1890 , and an estimated total output of oleomargarine of $165,000,000$ poundsbeing produced during the same period, of which nearly $128,000,000$ pounds were exported. to England, Belgium, Franc̊e, Spain, Portugal, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, and the Dutch, English, and, Portuguese colonial possessions. The farmers found that this large output of artificial butter did not interfere in the least with those of them who made a high grade of butter, which commanded good prices the year round, and those who only owned a few cows had no difficulty in making contracts with the oleomargarine fac-
tories to take all the milk their cows would yield. The sale of oleomargarine in Europe, as in this country, was among the poorer classes, who prefer a palatable fat to a rancid one.

## MISCELLANĖOUS SAMPLES.

Several samples of so-called ciders have been analyzed, which proved on examination to be free from any admixture of the fermented juice of expressed apples, and to consist of varying mixtures of water, tartaric acid, coloring matters, with more or less alcohol, and certain flavoring matters according as peach, cherry, or orange cider was desired to be manufactured. Although a well fermented apple cider contains more alcohol than the strongest ales, its manufacture and sale are not under internal-revenue laws, yet the manufacture of mixtures of alcohol or other distilled spirits flavored or colored to imitate certain alcoholic beverages is subject to tax.

Two samples of a mixture of rock candy and diluted distilled spirits were analyzed, and the manufacturers held to be rectifiers under the law.

Samples of high-colored recently produced distilled spirits continue to be received for analysis. In most cases caramel or other artificial coloring matter is found on examination to be present, arising from such material being introduced into the barrels, presumably before they are filled at the cistern room of the distillery. Of course in the case of rectified goods, where the rectifier is at perfect liberty to introduce what coloring matter or flavoring extracts he pleases, abnormal whiskies may be expected, but they should not be found on distillery premises. The introduction of foreign matter into distilled spirits in which such matter is more or less soluble tends to a greater or less extent to increase the specific gravity of such spirits, and as a consequence the reading of the alcoholometer is below the existing alcoholic contents. This is well exemplified in an exaggerated form in the case of sweet wines (see Tables II and III, ante), where there may be as much as 26 per cent. of alcohol by volume in the wine, which the alcoholometer would not only fail to indicate, but would apparently show that there was none at all present. No hydrometer can be made to indicate the composition of three liquids, but is restricted to two, one of which is water, as a general thing, and the other a variable quantity of the substance whose percentage presence has previously been determined by careful analysis, and consequently whose resulting specific gravity is known. Where a third substance is present in a solution it must be eliminated before a hydrometer can be used to indicate the proportions of the other two. In the case of sweet wines, cordials, artificially colored spirits, etc., the evaporation of the liquid in a closed vessel with condensation of the vapors given off on heating readily separates the volatile matters, ethers, alcohols, and water from the nom-volatile coloring matters, sugars, mineral salts, etc., and permits of the determination of the alcohol present in the distillate by means of a hydrometer, and by suitable calculation of the amount in the original liquid.

The paper used for printing revenue stamps has frequently been examined and the admixture of wood pulp detected, when present, readily under the microscope by using a moderate power and staining the well macerated paper (previously boiled in dilute caustic alkali solution and washed with dilute acid and water) with potassium iodide, when the characteristic cellular structure of the wood fiber assumes a purplish hue; as such admixture is contrary to the terms of the contract, when
such adulterated paper was found the contract was annulled; the deliveries under the new contract made in consequence of this examination have been so far free from such adulteration.
The first sample received under the provisions of the act "to prevent the manufacture or sale of adulterated food or drugs in the District of Columbia," approved October 12, 1888, has been analyzed, and the matter is now in the hands of the United States attorney.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
John W. Mason,
Commissioner.
Hon. Charles Foster, Sccretary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Treasury Department, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Washington, D. C., October 16, 1891.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this Burean during the fiscal year 1891:

The result of the year's operations is the largest delivery of securities, stamps, and miscellaneous work of any year during a period of 14 years. There were completed and delivered during the year 11,233,999 sheets of United States notes, Treasury notes, gold and silver certificates, bonds, and national-bank notes, having a face value of $\$ 308$,965,$930 ; 33,500,696$ sleets of internal revenue and customs stamps containing $92 \overline{7}, 934,984 \mathrm{stamps}$, and $1,655,686$ sheets of drafts, checks, certificates, etc., besides a large amount of miscellaneous work for the various departments of the Government. There were also received from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and returned to him after being imprinted with the words "Act of March 1, 1590 ," 723,663 sheets containing $24,522,669$ stamps for tobacco and snuff.

When the estimates for this year's work were submitted in October, 1889 , it was anticipated that the deliveries would be nearly 15 per cent. greater than for the year 1890 and nearly 8 per cent. greater than for 1889 in which were made the largest deliveries from 1877 to that time. The result shows that the deliveries are 27 per cent. greater than those for 1890 and 18 per cent. greater than those for 1889. This large amonnt of work has not been accomplished without extra effort on the part of nearly every one connected with the establishment. During the greater part of the year it was necessary to work the plate printers and other employés connected with their work, constituting the largest part of the force of the Bureau, 22 hours, and from March 19 to May 31, 1891, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ hours beyond the regular hours daily, commencing work during this latter period at 7 a. m. and closing at $6.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.

During the spring of 1891 the demand for small notes, under the Act of July 14, 1890, and the Act of August 4, 1886, was so great that, taken in connection with the steadily increasing demand for interual revenue stamps, it became apparent that the facilities of 'the Bureau, even with the additional space which would be afforded by the new wing when completed, would not be sufficient for the execution of the work within the regular hours. It became necessary, therefore, to devise some method of performing the work that would enable the Bureau to do this. After a very full and careful examination into the matter I became satisfied that the method of printing internal revenue stamps from steel plates engraved in relief, while affording ample protection to the Government, would enable me to do the printing more rapidly, and would thus secure the prompt filling of orders without the necessity of working overtime. I accordingly recommended that the internal revenue stamps known as "strip tobacco stamps," of denomi-
nations from 1 ounce to 16 ounces inclusive, be executed by this method, and, upon submitting samples of this work to the Secretary and to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, they were approved, and a large quantity of the stamps of the denominations of 2 ounce and 4 ounce has been printed by this method, delivered to, and issued by the Commissioner. As rapidly as the engraving of the other denominations of strip tobacco stamps can be finished they will be printed by that method also. It is estimated that the difference in cost between the two methods will result in a saving of $\$ 156,941$ a year.

Work on the addition to the building, recently authorized by Congress, was commenced March 19, 1891, and was pushed forward as rapidly as the weather would permit. The first part of the building was completed and turned over to me July 1, 1891, and the entire building was completed and turned over to me August 22,1891 . As rapidly as portions of the building were turned over I had new presses placed therein, and there are now in operation in the new wing 126 hand presses. Since I assumed charge of the Bureau (July 1, 1889) I have added 149 band presses to its plant. With these additional presses, and the relief atforded by the change to relief printing on the tobacco stamps, I am now able to do all the work required within the regular hours, and the force of the Bureau has, since October 1, 1891, been working but eight hours daily.

The large increase in the work of the Bureau has necessitated a corresponding increase in its force. The number of employés has increased from 1,074 at the close of 1890 to 1,246 at the close of 1891 , an increase of 16 per cent. The principal increase was in plate printers and assistants, there having been 60 printers and 61 assistants employed during the year.
The financial statement for the year is as follows:
Appropriations for the year:
Salaries ....................
Compensation of employes
Plate printing
$\$ 17,450.00$
....................................................... . $525,000.00$
Materials and miscellaneous expenses
178,000. 00
Total................................................................... 1,090, 450.00
Repayments were made to credit of these appropriations ou account of engraving and printing the Treasury notes and of materials furnished the several departments, divided as follows:

\$177,249.25
Aggregate available ............................................................ 1,267,699.25
Expenditures during the year:
Salaries ................................................................... 17,208.68
Compensation of employés .............................................. $425,533.95$
Plate printing ................................................................ $605,483.73$

Total.................................................................... 1,265,263.29
Unexpended balances:
Salaries ...........................................................................256.62
Compensation of employés............................................... 206.69
Plate printing ............................................................... . 575.52
Materials and miscellaneous expenses ................................................................ 397
Total..................................................................... $2,435.96$

The expenditures of 1891 , as compared with those of 1890 , show an increase of 25 per cent., while the increase in the amount of work delivered is 27 per cent. There was added to the plant of the Bureau during the year new machinery to the value of $\$ 12,25 \% .54$.

I desire to earnestly renew my recommendation that an appropriation be obtained from Congress for the erection of an outbuilding for the accommodation of the Bureau's iuk mills, laundry, carpenter shop, stable, and for storage. The necessity for this building has been so often shown in the annual reports of this Bureau and in communications to Congress that it is hardly necessary to repeat it here. I also beg to call attention to the great need of an appropriation for painting the old portion of the Bureau building, both the woodwork and the brickwork. The building has not been painted for 10 years, and the woodwork is now in such a condition that unless it is covered with a fresh coat of paint it will rot from exposure to the weather.

The result of the year's operations, as shown above, is especially gratifying when the fact is considered that there were many difficulties to contend with; and I must acknowledge here the uniform courtesy and cordial support I have received from yourself and vour Assistant Secretaries. My thanks are also due to the subordinate officers of the Bureau for faithfulness in the discharge of their several duties.

Respectfully submitted.

Wm. M. Meredith,<br>Chief of Bureau.

[^56]
## APPENDIX.

No. 1.-Statement showing the United States Notes, Certificates of Deposit, Bonds, and National Bank Curiency Drlivered during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Class. | Denomination. | Sheets. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States notes, series of 1880, unsealed.. | \$1 | 151,000 | \$604, 000 |
| Do ................................... . . . . . . | 2 | 83, 000 | 664,000 |
| Do | 5 | ],081,000 | 21,620, 000 |
| Do | 10 | 401, 000 | .16,040,000 |
| Do | 20 | 312,000 | 24,960,000 |
| Do | 50 | 21, 000 | 4,200,000 |
| Do | 100 | 15,000 | 6,000,000 |
| Total. |  | 2,064,000 | 74,088,000 |
| Silver certificates, series of 1886, unsealed ................... | 1 | 2,343, 000 | 9,372,000 |
| Do........................................................ . . . . | 2 | 551,000 | 4,408,000 |
| Do | 5 | 1,527, 000 | 30,540,000 |
| Do | 10 | 368, 000 | 14,720,000 |
| Do | 20 | 154, 000 | 12,320,000 |
| Total.............................................................. | -. | 4,943, 000 | 71,360,000 |
| Silver certificates, series of 1880, unsealed. | 50 | 25, 000 | 5, 000,000 |
| Do | 100 | 25, 000 | 10,000,000 |
| Total. | .............. | 50, 000 | 15,000,000 |
| Gold certificates, Department series, unsealed. | 20 | 50,000 | 4,000,000 |
| Do............................................. | 50 | 25,000 | 5,000,000 |
| Do | 100 | 15,000 | 6,000,000 |
| Do | 1,000 | 2,000 | 8, 000, 000 |
| Total. |  | 92,000 | 23,000, 000 |
| Treasury notes, series of 1890, unsealed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 987, 000 | 3, 948,000 |
| Do .........................................-..................... | 2 | 444,000 | 3,552, 000 |
| Do | 5 | 808, 000 | 16,160,000 |
| Do | 10 | 719,000 | 28, 760, 000 |
| Do | 20 | 122,000 | 9,760,000 |
| Do | 100 | 30,000 | 12,000, 000 |
| Do | 1, 000 | 4,000 | 16,000,000 |
| Total. | ......... | 3,114, 000 | 90, 180, 000 |
| 3.50 per cent. District of Columbia registered bónds ....... | 100 | 50 | 5,000 |
| Do..................................................... | 500 | 50 | 25,000 |
| Do. | 1,000 | 2,370 | 2,370,000 |
| Total |  | 2,470 | 2, 400,000 |
| National curreney, series of 1875 | 5,5,5,5 | 90, 245 | 1, 804, 900 |
| Do. | 10, 10, 10, 10 | 3,950 | 158,000 |
| Do | 10, 10, 10, 20 | 41,596 | 2,079,800 |
| Do. | 10, 10, 20, 50 | 55 | 4,950 |
| Dn.................................................................. | 20, 20, 20, 50 | 200 | 22, 000 |
| Do............................................................. | 20, 20, 20, 20 | 235 | 18,800 |
| Do. | 50; 100 | 704 | 105, 600 |
| Total |  | 136, 985 | 4,194,050 |
| National currency, series of 1882.................................. | 5, 5, 5,5 | 519,494 | 10, 389, 880 |
| Do................................................................ | 10,10, 10, 20 | 284, 535 | 14, 226, 750 |
| Do.............................................................. | 50,100 | 27,515 | 4, 127, 250 |
| Total |  | 831,544 | 28, 743, 880 |

No. 1.-Statement showing the United States notes, etc.-Continued.

## recapirulation.

| Class. | Sheets. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unifed States notes, series of 1880, unsealed | 2,064,000 | \$74, 088, 000 |
| Silver certificates, series of 1888i, unsealed | 4, 943, 000 | 71,360, 000 |
| Silver certificates, series of 1880, unsealed. | 50,000 | 15,000, 000 |
| Gold certiticates, Department series, unsealed | 92,000 | 23, 000,000 |
| 'Treasary notes, series of 1890, unsealed. | 3, 114, 000 | 90, 180,000 |
| 3.50 per cent. District of Columbia registered | 2,470 | 2, 400, 000 |
| National currency, series of 1875 | 136, 985 | 4, 194, 050 |
| National currency, series of 1882 | 831,544 | 28,743,880 |
| 'Total | 11, 233, 999 | 308, 965, 930 |

No. 2.-Statement showing the Internay Revenue Stamps Délivered during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Class. | Volumes. | Sbeets. | Stamps. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax-paid stamps for distilled spirits, series of 1878: |  |  |  |
| 10-gallon. | 50 | 2,500 | 7,500 |
| 20 gallon | 220 | 11,000 | 33, 000 |
| 30 -gallon | 780 | 39, 000 | 117,000 |
| 40.gallon | 5,300 | 265, 000 | 795, 000 |
| 50.gallom | 70 | 3,500 | 10,500 |
| 80 -gallon | 3, 320 | 166, 000 | 498, 000 |
| 90 -gallon | 170 | - 8,500 | 25,500 |
| Total. | 9,910 | 495,500 | 1,486,500 |
| Stamps for rectifiers, series of 1878: |  |  |  |
| 5-gallon ....................... | 610 | 30,500 | 122,000 |
| $10 . \mathrm{gallon}$ | 940 | 47, 000 | 188, 000 |
| $20 \cdot$ gallon | 910 | 45,500 | 182, 000 |
| 30 -gallon | 1,180 | 59,000 | 230, 000 |
| 40 -gallon | 4, 760 | 238, 000 | 952, 000 |
| 50 -gallon | 320 | 16, 000 | 64, 000 |
| 70 -gallon | 65 | 3,250 | 13, 000 |
| 80-gallon | 240 | 12,000 | 48, 8000 |
| 110-gallon | 20 | 1,000 | 4,000 |
| 130-gallon | 20 | 1,000 | 4,000 |
| Total. | 9,125 | 456, 250 | 1,825, 000 |
| Stamps for wholesale liquor dealers, series of 1878 : 5.gallon |  | 34,000 | 102,000 |
| 10.gallon ................. | 950 | 95,000 | 285, 000 |
| 20 -gallon | 560. | 56, 000 | 168,000 |
| 30 -gallon | 60 | 6, 000 | 18,000 |
| 40-gallon | 1020 | 102, 000 | 306, 000 |
| 50-gallon | 220 | 22,000 | 66,000 |
| Total. | 3,150 | 315, 000 | 945, 000 |
| Warehouse stamps, series of 1878: Distillery warehouse. | 5,860 | 586, 000 | 2,344, 000 |
| Warehouse stamps, series of 1890: |  |  |  |
| Special bonded warehouse..... | 160 | 16,000 | 64,000 |
| Rowarehouse.............. | 130 | 13,000 | 52,000 |
| Total. | 290 | 29,000 | 116,000 |
| Brewers' permit stamps, series of 1878. | 310 | 31, 000 | 124,000 |
| Stamps for fortified wines, series of 1890: |  |  |  |
| Fortified sweet wine .......... | 40 40 | 4,000 2,000 | 16,000 8,000 |
| Transfers for grape brandy .. | 80 | 2,000 | 8,000 |
| Total. | 160 | 8,000 | 22, 000 |
| Export distilled spirits stamps, series of 1878. | 10 | 1,000 | 4,000 |

## No. 2.-Statement showing the Internal Revenue Stamps Deliverid during the Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.



## CHIEF OF THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AŃD PRINTING. 491

No 2.-Statement showing the Intelenaf, Revenue Stamps Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.


No. 2.-Statement showing the Internal Revenue Stamps Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.


## No. 2.-Statement Showing the Internal Revenue Stamps Delivered during

 the Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.

## RECAPITULATION.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax-paid stamps, series of $1878 \ldots \ldots .$. |  |  |
| Stamps for wholesale liquor cieale Warehouse stamps, series of 1878 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Warehouse stamps, series of 1890 . |  |  |
| Brewers' permit stamps, series of 1878 |  |  |
| Stamps for fortified wines, series of $1890 .$. |  |  |
| Export distilled spirit stamps, series of 1878. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Export tobacco and cigar stamps, series of 188 |  |  |
| Tolacco stamps, stub, series of 1883. |  |  |
| Tobacco stamps, stub, series of 1883, |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Tolacco stamps, stub, series of 18 |  |  |
| Snuff stamps, stub, series of 1891 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Special-tax stamps for tobacco, series of 1890 Special-tax stamps for liguors, series of 1890 |  |  |
| Special-tax stamps for liguors, series of 1890. Special-tax stamps for liquors, series of 1890, |  |  |


| 9,910 | 495,500 | 1486,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9,125 | 456, 250 | 1,825,000 |
| 3,150 | 315, 000 | 945, 000 |
| 5, 660 | 586, 000 | 2, 344,000 |
| 290 | 29,000 | 116,000 |
| 310 | 31, 000 | 124, 000 |
| 160 | 8,000 | 32, 000 |
| 10 | 1,000 | 4,000 |
| 350 | 35, 000 | 140,000 |
| 265 | 26,500 | 106,000 |
| 9,685 | 774, 800 | 3,874,000 |
| 716 | 57, 280 | 286, 400 |
| 12, 945 | 1, 035,600 | 5,178,000 |
| 60 | ${ }^{4,800}$ | 24, 009 |
| 90 | 7,200 | 36,000 |
| 120 | 5,200 | 10, 200 |
|  | 360 | 360 |
| 1, 430 | 28,300 | 45, 800 |

## No. 2.-Statement Showing the Internal Revenue Stamps Délivered during the Fiscal Year 1891-Continued.

RECAPITULATION-Continued.

| Class. | Volume. | Sheets. | Stamps. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Special-tax stamps for oleomargarive, series of 1890. | 245 | 2,450 | 2450 |
| Special-tax stamps for oleomargarine, series of 1890, exte | 186 | 1,860 | 1,860 |
| Special-tax stamps for liquors, series of 1891. | 5,303 | 143, 030 | 255, 530 |
| Special-tax stamps for oleomargarine, series of 1891 | 516 | 5,460 | 5,460 |
| Export oleomargarine stamps, series of 1886 | 295 | 29,500 | 118,000 |
| Tax-paid oleomargarine stamps, series of 1880 | 8,260 | 413, 000 | 1, 652,000 |
| Beer stamps, series of 1878 |  | 4,547, 200 | 90, 944, 000 |
| Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1883 |  | 4,385, 500 | 161, 395,000 |
| Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1883, imprint |  | 77, 000 | l, 930, 000 |
| Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1891 |  | 7, 043, 000 | 251, 695, 000 |
| Tobacco stamps, sheet, series of 1883 |  | 131, 000 | 1, 572, 000 |
| Tobacco stamps, sheet, series of 1883, imp |  | 1,000 | 12,000 |
| Tobacco stamps, sheet, series of 1891 |  | 153, 000 | 1, 836, 000 |
| Snuff stamps, small, series of 1883 |  | 136,000 | 20,480, 000 |
| Snuff stamps, small, series of 1891 |  | 220, 000 | 34, 024,000 |
| Snuff stamps, strip, series of 1883. |  | 255, 000 | 4, 760, 000 |
| Snntir stamps, strip, series of 1883, imprinte |  | 9,500 | 132,000 |
| Snuff stamps, strip, series of 1891 |  | 364, 500 | 6, 878, 000 |
| Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1883 |  | 14,000 | 168,000 |
| Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1891 |  | 27,000 | 324,000 |
| Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1883. |  | 7,973, 000 | 78, 555, 000 |
| Cigar stamps, strip, series of 1891. |  | 123, 000 | 1, 230, 000 |
| Cigarette stamps, small, series of 1883 |  | 3, 097, 000 | 247, 760, 000 |
| Cigarette stamps, small, series of 1891 |  | 22, 000 | 1, 540, 080 |
| Cigarette stamps, strip, series of 1883 |  | 53, 600 | 562,000 |
| Cigarette stamps, strip, series of 1801 |  | 30, 000 | 320, 000 |
| Stamps for prepared smoking opium, strip, series of 1891 |  | 2,400 | 12, 000 |
| Hydrometer labels.......... |  | ${ }^{2} 750$ | 15, 000 |
| Lock seals, series of 1875 |  | 5,156 | 278, 424 |
| Lock seals, series of 1878 |  | 1,000 | 50,000 |
| Total.. | 60, 347 | 33, 163, 696 | 925, 084, 934 |

No. 3.-Statement showing the Internal-Revenuf Stamps, Series of 1883, returned by Commissioner for Imprinting, "Act of October 1, 1890."

| Class. | Sheets. | Stamps. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toluacco stamps, stub, serios of 1883: |  |  |
| 10 poundi. | 80 | 400 |
| 20 pound. | 1,120 | 5, 600 |
| 40 pourr. | ${ }_{5}^{4,800}$ | 24, 000 |
| 50 pound. | 4, 4,720 | 23, 600 |
| 60 pound... | +960 | 4,809 |
| Total | . 16,720 | 83,600 |
| Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1883: |  |  |
| 1 onnce.. | 34, 161 ${ }_{3}$ | 1,406, 460 |
| 2 ounce.. | 110, 781 d | 4, 431, 260 |
| 3 ounce. | 34, 516 | 1,380, 640 |
| 4 ounce. | 123, 177. | 4,927,080 |
| 8 ounce... | 74, 167 | 1, 112, 505 |
| 16 ounce. | 47,864 | 717,960 |
| Total | 425, 667 | 13, 975, 905 |
| Tobacico stamps, sheet, series of 1883: |  |  |
| ts pound. | 33, 353 | 400. 236 |
| ${ }_{5}^{1}$ pound | 22,293 18,231 | 267, 216 |
| 3 pound. | 11,904 | 142, 848 |
| 4 pound. | 16,461 | 197, 532 |
| Total. | 102, 242 | 1, 226, 904 |
| Snuff stamps, small, series of 1883: |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{3}$ ounce..... | 5,234 | 1, 025, 864 |
| 2 ounce.... | 14, 27.467 | 2, $2,966,436$ |
| 3 оиисе. | 2, 8: 6 | 281, 600 |
| Total. | 49,521 | 7, 018, 684 |

## CHIEF OF THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING. 495

No 3.-Statement showing the Intehnal-Revenue Stamps, etc.-Continued.

| Class. | Sheets. | Stamps. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Snuff stamps, stion, series of 1883: |  |  |
| 4 -ounce .. | 32, 836 | 656, 720 |
| ${ }_{8}^{6-0 u n c e}$ | 45,392 | 907, 840 |
| 8 ounce | 8, 058 | 161, 160 |
| 16.ounce | 13, 434 | 134, 340 |
| Total | 99,720 | 1, 860, 060 |
| Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1883: |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ pound.. | 3,924 | 47, 088 |
| 1-pound. | 4, 221 | 50, 652 |
| 3-pound | 6,939 4,601 | 83, 268 |
| 4 -pound. | 4, 116 | 49, 392 |
| 5 -pound. | 5, 992 | 71, 004 |
| 'Total. | 29, 793 | 357, 516 |

## RECAPITULATION.

| Tobacco stamps, stab, series of 1883. | 16,720 | 83,600 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tobacco stamps, strip, series of 1883 | 425, 667 | 13, 975, 905 |
| Tobacco stamps, sheet, series of 1883 | 102, 242 | 1, 226,904 |
| Snuff stamps, small, series of 1883 | 49,521 | 7, 018,684 |
| Snuff stamps, strip, series of 1883: | 99, 720 | 1,860, 060 |
| Snuff stamps, sheet, series of 1883 | 29,793 | 357, 51.6 |
| Total | 723, 663 | 24,522,669 |

No. 4.-Statement showing the Customs Stamps pelivered during the Fiscal Year 1691.

| Class. | Volumes: | Sheets. | Stamps. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customs liquor stamps, series of 1886 | 1, 100 | 110,000 | 220,000 |
| Customs cigar stamps, series of 1879: |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | 77,000 10,000 | 1, 100,000 |
| 100 cigals |  | 17,000 | 170,000 |
| Total | ......... | 204, 000 | 2,040,000 |
| Custome ciparette stamps, series of 1879: |  |  |  |
| 10 cigarettes. <br> 20 cigarettes. |  | 3,000 1,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 300,000 \\ & 100,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 'Total. |  | 4,000 | 400,000 |
| Customs opium starups, series of 1879 |  | 19, 000 | 190,000 |

## RECAPITULATION.

| Customs liquor stamps, series of 1886 | 1,100 | 110,000 | 220,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Custgms cigar stamps, se:ies of 1879. |  | 204,000 | 2,040,000 |
| Customs cigarette stamps, series of 1879 |  | 4,000 | 400, 000 |
| Customs opium stamps, series of 1870 |  | 19,000 | 190,000 |
| Total. | 1,100 | 337, 000 | 2,850,000 |

No. 5.-Statement showing the Checks, Drafts, Certificates, etc., by
Classes, Delivered during the Fiscal Year 1891.

| Class. | Volumes. | Sheets. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| On desiguated depositaries, two subject, payable to order: |  |  |
| On assistant treasurers, two subject, payable to order: | 29 |  |
| For Treasury Departu | 119 | 11, 600. |
| For War Dopartinent |  |  |
| For Nayy Departmeat |  |  |
| For Department of the I | 5 |  |
| On assistant treasurers, two subject, pasable to bearer: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| For Department of the Inte |  |  |
| For Departmen |  |  |
| On designated depositaries, four subliect, payable to order: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| On assistant treasurers, four subject, payable to order: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| For Navy Department |  | 5,109 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| On assistant treasurers, four subject, payable to bearer: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| For ar Deparsment |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| On Treasurer, four subject, payable to order |  |  |
| On Treasurer, four subject, payable to bearer . |  | 6,500 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| On O assistant |  |  |
| On assistant | 3, 179 |  |
| Interest checks: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Treasurer's transfer checks : |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| atis: |  |  |
|  |  | 1,250 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| On Interior warrants.............................................................. ${ }_{5}{ }_{5}{ }_{1}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| To masters: | 40 | 12, ${ }_{100}$ |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| To joint pilots and engineers |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Post.oftice inspectors commissious................................................ $\quad 200 \quad 200 ~$Pension certificates: |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Minor children, $\$ 2$ additional:................................................................... \| $_{\text {, }}$, 000 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Cerser |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | 20 |  |
| Noucommissioned officers' warrauts .................................................. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 976 |  |  |

CEIEF OF THE BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING. 497
No. 5.-Statement showing the Checks, Drafts, Certificates, etc.-Continued.

| Class. | Volumes. | Sheets. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cadet warrants. |  | 098 |
| Commissions for shipping commissioners. |  | 200 |
| Commissions for Department of Justice: |  |  |
| For juilses................ |  | 58 |
| Commissions for Navy Department |  | 256 |
| Portraits of Hon.J. N. Burnes. |  | 15, 337 |
| Portraits of Hon. W. D. Kelley |  | 26,784 |
| Portraits of Hon R. W. 'Townshend |  | 26,784 |
| Portraits of Hon. S. S. Cox |  | 26,784 |
| Portraits of Hon. N. W. Nutting |  | 11,784 |
| Portraits of Hon.S. J. Randall |  | 26,784 |
| Portraits of Hon.J. B. Beck |  | 26,784 |
| Signatures of the Treasurers of the United States |  | 2, 028 |
| Natioual Museam: |  |  |
| For depariment of graphic arts |  |  |
| India proofs of portraits and vignettes. |  | 63 |
| India proofs of geometric lathe work. |  | 201 |
| Total | 12,709 | 1,655,686 |

No. 6.-Summary of all Classes of Work Delivered.

| Classes. | Sheets. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Notes, certificates of deposit, and national-bank notes | 11,231, 529 |
| 3.50 per cent. District of Colnmbia regislered bouds | 2,470 |
| Interoal-revenue stamps.. | 33, 163,696 |
| Customs stanps | 3337,000 |
| Checks, drafts, certificates, etc | 1,653, 686 |
| Aggregate | 46, 390, 381 |

No. 7.-Schedule of Miscrllaneous Work Done for, and of Materials furnished to, the Various Bureaus of the Department During the Fiscal Yigar 1891.

| Items. | Number. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The amounts charged for the following work were transferred from the appropriations stated and deposited on account of miscellaneous receipts: Appropriation for contingent expenses of 'rreasury, stationery: |  |  |
|  | 734 | \$71. 67 |
| Printed nole heads | 5,280 | 34.74 |
| Printed envelopes | 3,500 | 13.26 |
| Printed cards.. | 500 | 65 |
| Appropriation for engraving and printing portrait of Hon. W. D. Zelley: Engraved plate | 1 | 340.00 |
| Appropriation for engraving and printing portrait of Hon. S.S. Cox: Engraved plate | 1 | 383.30 |
| Appropriation for engraving and printing portrait of Hon. N. W. Nutting : Engraved plate. | 1 | 300.00 |
| Appropriation for engraving and printing portrait of Hon. S.J. Randall: Engraved plate. | 1 | 333.00 |
| Appropriation for engraving and printing portrait of Hon. J. B. Beck: Engraved plate. | 1 | 336.90 |
| Appropriation for sealing and separating United States securities : |  |  |
| Repaired canceling ma | 13. | 25. 30 |
| Furnished bolts .... | 12 |  |
| Bent brake bars | 63 | 35 |
| Repaired engine | 1 | 22.10 |
| National banks: |  |  |
| Engraved face-plates | 359 | 25, 775.00 |
| Department of Agriculture: <br> Engraved plate for meat-inspection stamps | 1 | 375.00 |
| War Department: |  |  |
| Repaired official seal ... | 1 | 5. 90 |
| Interstate-Commerce Commission : |  |  |
| Repaired seal and press | 1 | 4. 00 |
| Post-Oifice Department: |  |  |
| Engraved origiual dies for large postal cards. |  | 353.50 |
| FI 91-32 |  |  |

No. 7 -Schedule of Miscellaneous Work Done for, and of Material furnismed to, the Various Bureaus of the Department, etc.-Continued.

| Items. | Number. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Printed speoimen postal cards | 200 |  |
| Altered plates for collection drafts | 2 | 1.50 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Altered plate for judges' commissions. | 1 | 16.30 |
| Appropriation for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: |  |  |
| Engraved plate for certificates of appointment of officers.. | 1 | 84.90 |
| Hydrographic Office: |  |  |
| Prepared steel transfer rolls. | \} 2 | 38.00 |
|  |  |  |
| Coast and Geodetic Survey Office: |  |  |
| Engraved stoel punches for symbols and figures for experiment Public Printer: | Public Printer: |  |
| Perforated and nambered forsign-letter labels. | 692,608 | 283.88 |
| Perforated sheets of letier-carriers' labels | 10,215 | 12.26 |
| Perforated sheets of mailing labels | 3,210 | 3. 85 |
| Perforated sheets of letter labels | 16,720 | 20.07 |
| Expenses of printing portraits and vignettes: |  |  |
| Printed plain proofs Albert Daggett: | 278 | 14.70 |
| Albert Daggett: |  |  |
| Prepared large postal-card plates. | 65 | 321.75 |
| Henry Martin: |  |  |
| Furnished po | 400 | 8.24 |
| Furnished pounds of dried pulp |  |  |
| F.C. Rockwell: |  |  |
| Furnis.ned pounds of dried pulp | 124,500 | 2,564.70 |
| Total |  | 32,601.90 |
| The amounts charged for the following materials were transferred from the appropriations stated and deposited to the credit of materials and miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing: <br> Appropriation for sealing and separating United States securitios. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Furnished pounds of seal-red ink. | 200 | \$800.00 |
| Furnished pounds of carmine ink |  |  |
| Furnished pounds of oleine compou | 2 | . 36 |
| Furnished pounds of thin varnish | ${ }^{6}$ | 1.20 |
| Furnished yards of thin muslin | 3,7003 | 93.55 |
| Furnished feet of gutta-percha belling | 1141 | 7. 73 |
| Funnished feet of leather belting. | 21. | 4.16 |
| Furnished reams of book paper | 159 |  |
| Furuished reams of manilla paper |  | 6.47 |
| Furnished gallons of benzine. | 2593 | 23. 87 |
| Furnished gallons of sperm oil.. | 25 | 20. 75 |
| Furnisher gallons of mordant oil | , | 3.50 |
| Furnished gallons of linseed oil. | 13. | . 91 |
| Furnished violin strings. | 12 | 1.00 |
| Furnished brass oilers. |  | . 50 |
| Furnished palette knives. |  | . 70 |
| Furnished bath brushes | 6 | 4.00 |
| Furnished wood screws | 5 | 22 |
| Furnished rolls of telt | 2 | 10.00 |
| Furnished feed rollers. |  | 4.50 |
| F'urnished form rollers | 9 | 45.00 |
| Furnished machine bolts | 1 | . 20 |
| Coast and Geodetic Survey Office: |  |  |
| Furnisbed pounds of black ink | 1. 250 | 625.00 |
| Furnished pounds of soft black ink | 20 | 3.20 |
| Furnished yards of printers' blanke | 117 | 85. 13 |
| Furnished gallons of weak oil | 20 | 20.00 |
| Hydrographic Office: |  |  |
| Furnished pounds of black ink | 450 | 225.00 |
| Furnished gallons of medium oil | 30 | 33.00 |
| Office of Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army : |  |  |
| Furnished pounds of black ink. | 100 | 50.00 |
| Geological surver ofice: <br> Furnished gallou of weak oil . | 1 | 1.00 |
| Total. |  | 2,138.75 |

## RECAPITULATLON.

[^57]No. 9.-Statemen of the Various Classes of Securities and Other Work Proposed to be Executed in tur Fiscal Year 1893.

| Class of work. | Number of sheets. | Class of work. | Number of sheets. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States notes, Treasury notes, and certificates. | 12, 000, 000 | Cortificates of authority to commence business | 500 |
| Pacific Railroad bonds | 1, 000 | Certificates of extension of charter.. | 130 |
| National curyency, series of 1875 | 154, 000 | Pension certificates.................. | 400,000 |
| National currency, series of 1882 | 1, 290, 000 | Forms for letters patent | 28,000 |
| Internal-revenue stamps | 33, 250, 000 | Post-0ffice warrants | 120,000 |
| Customs stamps | 385, 000 | Post-Office transfer drafts | 20,000 |
| Pension checks.. | 1, 005, 000 | Post-Office collection drafts . . . . . . | 5,000 |
| Disbursing officers' | 305,000 30,000 | Post-Oftice inspectors ${ }^{\text {commissions.. }}$ | 300 |
| Tnterest checks | 30,000 6,000 | Noncommissioned officers' warrants | 5,000 |
| Transfer checks. | 6,000 | Transportation requests............ | 50, 000 |
| District of Columbia chee | 15,000 | Commissions for judges, marshals, |  |
| Drafts on wartants | 20,000 | and attorneys ..... | 175 |
| Transfer orders | 400 | Navy officers' commissions | 150 |
| Debeuture certificates. | 20,000 | Portraits of deceased members of |  |
| Registry certificates. | 5,000 | Congress, elc | 180,000 |
| tion .......... | 15; 000 | Total | 49,310,655 |

Printing letter heads, note heads, envelopes, etc..................................................... 21,000
Numbering and perforating letter labels....................................................................... 1, 050,000
Perforating sheets of letter labels .......................................................................................... 34,000
Engraviag national currency face plates................................................................................... 475
Engraving miscellaneous plates...................................................................................... 18
Engraving postal-card plates ................................................................................ 40
Reparing separating, canceling, and cutting machines for Treasury Departinent.............................................................. 4


Ro. 9.-Statement showing the Annual Froduction of Securities in Sherts and the Expenditures by the Bidreau of Engraving and Printing for the last Fourteren Fiscal Yiears.

|  | Fiscal year. | U. S. notes, bonds, and certiticates. | National currency. | Internal. revenue stamps. | Customs stamps. | Checks, drafts, certificates, etc. | Total number of sheets produced. | Expenditures. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A verage } \\ & \text { cost per } \\ & 1,000 \\ & \text { sheets. } \end{aligned}$ | Average number of employes. | Average number of sheets per employé. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878 |  | 2, 610, 148 | 2, 422, 764 | 7, 014, 133 | 480, 017 | 571, 694 | 13, 098, 756 | \$538, 861. 33 | \$41. 14 | 522 | 25,093 |
| 1879 |  | 4, 946, 948 | 1,938, 564 | 13, 752, 562 | 182, 250 | 573, 706 | 21, 394, 030 | 814, 077.01 | 38.05 | 804 | 26,609 |
| 1880. |  | 5, 931, 840 | 1, 379,588 | 15, 335, 354 | 197, 179 | 761, 124 | $23,605,085$ | 883, 171. 95 | 37.41 | 905 | 26,083 |
| 1881 |  | 5, 333, 812 | 1,831,476 | 17, 981, 693 | 197,000 | 683, 680 | 26, 017, 661 | $901,165.26$ | 34. 64 | 978 | 27,158 |
| 1882. |  | 5, 571, 597 | 2, 069, 011 | 22, 561, 057 | - 277,400 | 633,419 | 31, 112, 484 | 936, 757.62 | 30. 11 | 1,011 | 30,774 |
| 1883. |  | -6,775, 250 | 2, 456, 755 | 22, 991, 641 | 410,700 | 696, 400 | 33, 330, 746 | 1, 104, 986.43 | 33.15 | 1,173 | 28,415 |
| 1884 |  | 6, 127, 000 | 2,068,193 | 20, 859, 407 | 293, 000 | 858, 299 | 30, 205, 899 | 977, 301.85 | 32. 35 | 1,193 | 25, 319 |
| 1885 |  | 5, 214, 668 | 2, 479,868 | 19,541, 977 | 255, 314 | 725, 879 | 28, 217, 706 | 965, 195.47 | 34.21 | 1,133 | 24,905 |
| 1886. |  | 2,645, 625 | 2, 331, 623 | 20, 607, 750 | 283, 500 | 786, 998 | 26, 655, 496 | 763, 207. 84 | 28.63 | 886 | 30,085 |
| 1887. |  | 6, 472, 959 | 711,907 | 24, 366, 700 | 314, 700 | 785, 941 | 32, 652, 207 | 794, 477.90 | 24.33 | 810 | 38,872 |
| 1888. |  | 9, 342, 001 | 1,307, 547 | 25, 950, 988 | 420, 200 | 1, 020, 248 | 38, 040, 984 | 948, 995.83 | 24. 95 | 895 | 42,504 |
| 1889. |  | 8, 260, 387 | 940, 934 | 28, 579, 055 | 373, 000 | 1, 053, 788 | 39, 207, 164 | 932, 57778 | 23. 79 | 917 | 42,756 |
| 1890 |  | 7, 746, 627 | 955, 693 | 26, 305, 488 | 304, 600 | 1, 200, 311 | 36, 512, 719 | 1, 012, 789. 18 | 27.74 | 992 | 36, 807 |
| 1691. |  | 10, 265, 470 | 968,529 | 33, 163, 096 | 337, 000 | 1,655,686 | 46, 390, 381 | 1, 265, 263.29 | 27.27 | 1,161 | 39,957 |

No. 10.-Statement showing the Number of Employes on The First Day of Each Montif since Julx 1 , 1877.

| Mouthes. | Fiscal years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1877-'78. | 1878->79. | 1879-'80. | 1880-'81. | 1881-'82. | 1882-'83. | 1883-'84. | 1884-'85. | 1885-'86. | 1886-'87. | 1887-'88. | 1888-'89. | 1889-'90. | 1890-'91. |
| July | 479 | 653 | 901 | 903 | 945 | 1,003 | 1,214 | 1,173 | ${ }^{\circ} 912$ | 839 | 864 | ' 916 | 926 | 1,097 |
| August.. | 459 | 677 | 888 | 934 | 979 | 1,090 | 1, 219 | 1,165 | - 907 | 828 | 879 | 915 | 951 | 1,091 |
| September | 487 | 679 | 896 | 956 | 988 | 1,110 | 1,202 | 1,175 | 902 | 824 | 879 | 913 | 962 | 1,116 |
| Qctober.. | - 531 | - 782 | 896 | 960 | 1,004 | 1,163 | 1,199 | 1,175 | 901 | 824 | 892 | 911 | 970 | 1,121 |
| November | 492 | $\checkmark 796$ | 897 | 949 | I, 014 | 1,187 | 1,195 | 1,170 | - 889 | 835 | 894 | 906 | 985 | 1,146 |
| December | 496 | - 844 | - 909 | 964 | 1, 017 | 1, 203 | 1,187 | 1,163 | 888 | 844 | 893 | 901 | 989 | 1,160 |
| January | 513 | 835 | 896 | 967 | 3,038 | 1,218 | 1,188 | 1,154 | 885 | 847 | 892 | 913 | 990 | 1,170 |
| February. | 529 | 853 | 911 | 983 | 1, 035 | 1, 228 | 1,186 | 1,153 | 881 | 848 | 905 | 926 | 1,006 | 1,168 |
| March. $\because$ | 563 | 812 | 908 | 984 | 1,037 | 1, 226 | 1,182 | 1,145 | 875 | 848 | 907. | 92.4 | 1,008 | 1,171 |
| April | 571 | $\varepsilon 69$ | 917 | 973 | 1,031 | 1,223 | 1,185 | 1,048 | 868 | 846 | 908 | 925 | 1, 011 | 1,201 |
| May. | 567 | 929 | 921 | 968 | 1, 024 | 1,214 | 1,182 | 1,043 | 862 | 844 | 913 | 923 | 1,0+1 | 1,229 |
| June | 579 | 916 | 922 | 954 | 1,016 | 1,212 | - 1,178 | 1,035 | 861 | 845 | 913 | 934 | 1, 074 | 1,246 |

No. 6.

## REPORT OF THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

> Treasury Department, First Comptroller's Office, Washington, October $1,1891$.

SIR: In compliance with the request contained in your letter of September 2, 1891, I have the honor to submit the following report of the business transacted in this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891.

## WARRANTS.

The following, warrants were received, examined, countersigned, entered on registers, and posted into ledgers under their several heads of appropriations, viz:



The following accounts have been received from the anditing officers, revised, recorded, and the balances therein certified to the Register of the Treasury, viz:

| Nature of account. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { accounts. } \end{gathered}$ | No. of vouchers. | Amounts in. volved in footings. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FROM THE FIRGT AUDITOR. |  |  |  |
| 1. Judiciary: |  |  |  |
| Accounts of United States marshais for fees and expenses; fees of witnesses; fees of jarors; support of prisoners; pay of |  |  |  |
| bailiffs, etc; miscellaneous expenses United States courts; supervisors of election; special deputy marshals; fees of |  |  |  |
| district attorneys; compensation of assistant attorneys; fees |  |  |  |
| commissioners; salaries of district attorneys ; salaries of |  |  |  |
| expenses United States Court of Claims; excess of official emoluments; pay of judgments of Court of Claims, and miscellaneons accounts connected with the administration of |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| the courts, or payable from an appropriation pertaining to |  |  |  |
| 2. Public debt: |  |  |  |
| Accounts of the Treasurer of the United States for United |  |  |  |
| States bonds redeemed; payment of interest on the public debt by checks and by redemption of coupons; interest on |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Navy pension fund; currency certificates of deposit; one |  |  |  |
| and two year notes and compound-interest notes; gold certificates; refunding certificates; interest on Pacific Railroad |  |  |  |
| bonds; purchase of bonds for sinking fund Pacific Railroad |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| struction of legal-tender notes, old demand notes, and fractional currency; old furded debt of District of Columbia .... |  |  |  |
| 3. Treasurer's general accounts: |  |  |  |
| Quarterly accounts of the Treasurer of the United States for receipts and expenditures, including receipts from all sources covered into the Treasury, and all payments made there- |  |  |  |
| from........................................................................ | 3 | 36,813 | 2,471,369,564.46 |
| 4. Assistant treasurers' accounts : |  |  |  |
| Accounts of the several assistant treasurers of the United |  |  |  |
| States for salaries of employes and incidental expenses of their offices. | 81 | 2,652 | 382, 846.27 |
| 5. Mint and assay offices: |  |  |  |
| A cconnts for gold, silver, and nickel coinage; for bullion; for salaries of officers and employes, and for bnllion deposits, purchases, transfers, to | 382 | 77, 581 | 793, 592, 710.62 |
| 6. Transportation of coin and securities : |  |  | 4 |
| Accounts ot express companies for transportation of coin, |  |  |  |
| United States currency, national-bank notes, coin certificates, registered and coupon bonds, mutilated and incomplete securities, national-bank notes for redemption. stamps, |  |  |  |
| stationery, etc..-..................................................... | 405 | 86,375 | 149, 023.68 |

Nature of account.

## 7. Congressional:

Accounts for salaries and mileage of Senators and Representatives; for salaries of officers and emplosés, and for contiagent expenses of the two Houses of Congress.
8. Executive:

Accounts for salariez and contingent expenses of the Execu. tive Oftice; of the disbursing clerks of the several Executive Departments for salaries, contingent expenses, and disbursements relating to such, DeparCoents

## 9. Public printing:

Accounts of the Public Printer for salaries and wages of employes of the Gorernment Printing Uffice, for parchase of material, and for the contingent expenses of the same.
10. Library of Congress:

Accounts of the Librarian of Congress for salaries and oxpenditures under appropriations provided by law; ot the disbursing, agent of Joint Library Committee of Congress for salaries and expenditures

## 11. District of Columbia:

Accounts of the Commissioners of the District for disbursements under tife severa! appropriations provided by Congress; for expenditures, one-halt of which is paid from rerennes of the District; general accounts between the. United States and the District of Columbia; and of the collector of tares with the District of Columbia
12. World's Columbian Exposition:

Accounts for expenses incurred by the National Board of Commissioners in conneotion with the international exhibition in celoloration of the four hundredth anniversary of the dis. covery of America.

## 13. Public buildings and grounds:

Accounts for the purchase of sites and construction of pnblic buildings in the States and Territories; for salaries of employes payable from appropriations for public buildings; compensation of custodians ant janitors, and for fuel, lights, water, etc.; for repairs of the Capitol and extension of grounds; Washington Monument; care and improvement of public grounds in the District of Columbia, under the Chief Engineer of the Army ; for construction of building for $\mathbf{L i}$ brary of Congress

## 14. Territorial:

Accounts for salaries of Territorial officers and for the legista. tive and contingent expenses incidental to the government of the Territories

## 15. Inspection of steam vessels:

Accountis for salaries and incidental expenses of inspectors of steam vessels
16. Outstanding liabilities:

Accounts for the payment of drafts and checks outstanding for three years or more, the funds against which they were drawn having been covered into the Treasury

## 17. Miscellaneous:

Accounts for salaries, contingent expenses, and expenditures autborized bylaw in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Bureau of Labor, Burean of Eth. nology, United States Fish Commission, United States Civil Service Commission, Interstate Commerce Commission, Pacific Railroad Commission, Government Hospital for the Insane, Columbian Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Freedman's Hospital, Garfield Hospital, and Howard Tniversity; for parments for Agricultural Experiment Stations in the States and Territories and for Colleges of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts; with Treasurer tor payments made on additional settlements for Alabama claims; for payments to Providence Hospital, the Maryland Institation for the Instruction of the Blind, and the American Printing Fouse for the Blind; for salary and oxpenses reporter United States Supreme Court; for yeporting decisions of United States Court of Claims; for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimos ; for protection and improvement of Hot Springs Reservation ; for stationery for Treasury Department and its various branches; for paper for the national currency; with railroads for transportation of Government agents and property; interest accounts with Pacific railroads aided by issue of bonds; transter accounts of varions kinds, and for sales of old materia), etc., for all Departments of the Government, subordmate bureans, oftices, and public buildings.

Tetal from First Auditor.

; Nature of acconnt.

## FROM TIFTH AUDITOR.

## 18. Foreign intercourse:

Accounts for salaries and compensation of all officers connected with the diplomatic and consular service of the United States; for fees collected by consular officers and for services to American vessels and seamen; for contingent expenses (rent, postage, stationery, etc:) of United States legations and consulates; for loss on bills of exchange in the diplomatic and consular service; for clerk hire; expenses of prisons for American convicts, and such other incidental expenses as are allowed by Congress; relatiog to relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries; of the United States bankers at London, for disbursements for the foreign service of the Government and for fees deposited with them by United States consular officers; of the disbursing clerk of the Department of State for all disbursements made by him relating to the foreign service, arising under treaties and conventions (including judgments of the Court of Alabaina Claims) ; of agents and commissioners of the United States to intervational expositions and congresses; for allowances for widows and heirs of diplomatic and consular officers who die abroad, and for estates of American citizens dying abroal received and accounted for by United States consular officers

19. Internal revenue:
(a) Accounts of collectors of internal revenue for collections. (b) Accounts of collectors acting as disbursing agents. (c) Miscellaneous intetnal-revenue accounts, including acconnts with the Commissione: of Internai Revenue for stamps; for salaries, office Commissioner of Internal Revenue; for compensation of gaugers and internal-revenne agents; for transportation for the internal-revenue service, and for the settlement of all claims arising under the internal-revenue and direct-tax laws
20. Miscellaneous:

Accounts for salaries and contingent expenses of the Department of State; for contingent expenses of Post-Office Departmentand Patent Office; relating to the census; for the preservation of collections, National Museum, and for international exchanges, Smithsonian Institution.

## Total from Fifth Auditor

from the commissioner of the general land office.

## 21. Public Lands :

Accounts of surveyors-general for salaries and contingent expenses of their offices; of deputy surveyors for'survering under contract; of receivers of public monevs for sale of public lands; of receivers acting as disbursing agents for payment of salaries; contingent expenses, expenses of depositing public moneys and hearing.fees; for the refunding of purchase money for lands erroneously sold; for the refunding of deposits in excess of the amount required for the survey of private land claims; miscellaneous, such as accomits with States for per centum of net proceeds of sales of the public lands within their respective boundaries, and for payments of swamp and orerflowed land within their boundaries erroneously sold by the United States; with railroads for transportation for the public land service; for stationery and printing furnished to surveyors-general, registers, and receivers $\qquad$

## RECAPITULATION.

| Accounts from- | 。 | No. of ac. counts. | No. of vouchers | Am'ts involved in footings. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Auditor |  | 16. 955 | 2, 061, 340 | \$4, 588, 136, 131. 50 |
| Fifth Auclitor |  | 8,138 | 411, 808 | 663, 563, 211.50 |
| Commissioner General Land Ofice |  | 4,430 | 139, 990 | . 7,595, 251.08 |
| Grand total. |  | 29, 523 | 2, 613, 138 | 5, 259, 294, 594. 08 |

## REQUISITIÔNS.



## MISCELLANEOUS WORK.

Official letters written....................................................................................... 22, 476

Jonds, contracts, and powers of attorney examined, approved, rogistered, and filed.....................................................
Certificates of deposit examined, indorsed, and referred ................................................. 2, 047
Internal-revenue stamp books counted and certified....................................................... 39, 374
Internal-revenue tax-list receipts registered, scheduled, and referted................................... 83
Copies of reports on accounts mate and transmitted.... ...................................................... 879.
Bonds of indeninity examined and approved.................. ............................................. 170
Accounts received and registered ......................................................................... 29, 425



Judgments of the Court of Claims and of circuit and district courts examined and certified..... 291
Consular drafts registered.............................................................................. 1,311
The foregoing statement omits mention of a very large amount of official worls principally of a legal nature, and more especially requiring the personal consideration of the Comptroller, which does not admit of systematic classification and detailed report, and yet has occupied much time and care, such as, e. g., the investigation of and decision upon legal points arising in the adjustment of accounts; the examination of and decision upon applications for the issuing of duplicates in lieu of bonds and other securities lost or destroyed, and also for the transfer of the same; the examination of powers of attorney for the collection of money due to creditors of the United States; decisions upon the rights of persons claiming to be executors, administrators, or heirs of deceased claimants, to receive money due from the United States; the examination of official bonds; answering calls for information made by Congress, the Departments, and private persons; receiving and examining emolument returns, and other work of a miscellaneous character.

## SUITS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

As directly pertaining to the duties of this office, I réspectfully invite attention to the act of Congress of March 3, 1887, entitled "An act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States" (24 Stat., 505). The section of the act to which I wish to invite attention provides:

That the district courts of the United States shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the Court of Claims as to all matters named in the preceding section where the amonnt of the claim does not exceed one thousand dillars, and the circuit courts of the United States shall have such concurrent jurisdiction in all cases where the amount of such claim exceeds one thousand dollars and does not exceed ten thousand dollars. All causes bronght and tried under the provisions of this act shall be tried by the court withont a jury.

The result of this extended jurisdiction has been the bringing of many suits in the several district and circuit courts of the United States and Territories against the United States. They arise in every conceivable form, based upon every conceivable cause of action, and are prosecuted alike by officers who are receiving a salary from the Government and those who are seeking to recover, in many cases, uinjust claims against it.

Prior to the passage of this act the accounting officers had but little trouble in keeping in line with the law as it is found in the statuite and as interpreted by the Supreme Court and the Court of Claims, but with all the district and circuit judges of the States and Territories added, a sharp conflict of opinion can now be found upon the leading statutes on the payment of fees, salaries, and the like to Govermment wficials. This conflict of opinion is extremely embarrassing to this office. The desire is to administer the laws in their letter and spirit, and to the entire satisfaction of the officials who are interested, and to the Government, which is to pay the bills. This can be accomplished when there is no conflict of opinion as to what the statute means. The whole trouble arises from the fact that the courts do not understand and interpret the statates alike. A few illustrations upon this point will make my meaning clearer than any words I can use.

It was held in the Wallace case (116 U. S. R., 398) that a charge for docket fees was proper when made by a circuit court commissioner, who was directed by the court to keep a docket. This was contrary to the holding of the accounting office for all time, so far as any evidence can be discovered. The attention of Congress was invited to the decision, aud in the act of August 4,1886 (deficiency bill, 24 Stat., 274), that body passed a law declaring that "docket fees should not thereafter be charged." The question came before the courts whether or not the legislation was general, or only had application to the disbursement of the appropriation contained in the bill then under consideration. The commissioners contended that the act applied to the single appropria. tion made for that year, while the accounting office, contended that it was general legislation, and that after the passage of the act no docket fee should be charged.

In the following cases the construction given by the accounting office was upheld by the Federal courts:

Thornley vs. United States (37 Federal Reporter, 762) ; Strong vs. United States (34 Federal Reporter, 17) ; McKiustry vs. United. States (34 Federal Reporter, 446); Goodrich vs. United States (42 Federal Reporter, 392) ; Faris vis. United States (23 Court Claims, 374); McKinstry vs. United States (40 Federal Reporter, 819).

On the other hand, the following cases held that the legislation was special, and had application only to the appropriation then before Congress, to wit:

Bell vs. United States (35 Federal Reporter, 889) ; Rand vs. United States (36 Federal Reporter, 675) ; Hoyne vs. United States (38 Federal Reporter, 543) ; McDermott vs. United States (40 Federal Reporter, 217); Phillips vs. United States (33 Federal Reporter, 164).

This matter was finally taken to the Supreme Court, which court held that the construction given by the accounting office was correct. It took zears to bring about that interpretation, and the controversy that attended the administration of that law upon a point so trifling, involving in the aggregate a large sum of money, led to a great deal of criticism and unfriendly feeling towards the Treasury Department. This particular statute is but one of many where there is a like diversity of holding among the Federal courts.

The same diversity of opinion appeared in regard to complaints and acknowledgments of recognizances before circuit court commissioners, and in regard to the accounts of supervisors of elections, and the fees that they should charge and be paid. Taking the law in its application to the Treasury Department, it may be said that it creates confusion among officials and among those having claims against the Government, and requires almost daily explanation why the holdings
are being changed from time to time. The necessity for a change of ruling grows out of the fact that the courts constantly change their holdings.

These illustrations, with many more that might be cited, are sufficient to show how atterly impossible it is for this office to follow the Federal courts in the adjustment of commissioners' accounts.

The courts, under this law, have uniformly held that the Government may be sued in the first instance. That is to say, a clerk or a marshal, a district attorney, or a commissioner, after he has earned his fees, need not present his account at the Treasury Department for payment before suit is brought, and thus mulct the Government in costs before his accounts are passed upon. This has been done time and time again, and is being repeated almost ever. day, notwithstanding the provisions of section 856 of the Revised Statutes. Such proceedings render it very difficult for the accounting office to prevent duplicate payments, which have in several cases been made. On the other hand, judgments have been obtained in the courts by officials after they had been paid at the accounting office.

In one instance, recently, while suit was pending, an account duly certified was presented and paid; subsequently judgment was obtained for the same services and was in due course also paid. This double payment was soon discovered, however, and the money recovered. Another case: A clerk of a United States court brought suit and obtained judgment for several hundred dollars on account of disallowances and suspensions made during the calendar year in which he had already been allowed and paid the maximum compensation fixed by law, and it was only by the most rigid scrutiny of his accounts that the fact was discovered and the double payment prevented. This office has adopted a system of checks, which it is hoped will reduce to the minimum the dauger of double payments, but the only safety is in the repeal of the statute itself. If it should appear unwise to repeal the law, it should be so amended, at least, that Government officials shall be required to present their claims to the accounting office for adjustment and parment before suit is brought. Then, and not till then, they might safely be permitted to sue in the Court of Claims if not satisfied with the adjustment. The official would then be obliged to make it affirmatively appear in court that the item had been presented to the accounting office, and rejected by that office, before his case could be heard. In that way duplicate payments would be prevented.

## LIMITATIONS.

In my last report I invited attention to the propriety of adopting some limitation as to the time when claims against the Government should be presented for payment, but no action looking in that direction was taken by Congress. Since that time, however, the Court of Claims, in the case of Charlotte A. Waddell, executrix, etc., vs. United States (25 O. Cls. R., 323), has held that the accounting officers have no right to pay a "stale claim"-and that the Secretary of the Treasury is witLout power to transmitit under the Bowman Act-holding that a stale claim is one that has not been presented for a long period of time, during which time the claimant has slept upon his rights. This case this office has adopted as enunciating the law correctly on the subject. Claims, therefore, that are tiwenty years past due, unless they are in the
nature of a trust, are held to be barred and are notallowed. Tlie court says:
It has often been said that there is no statate of limitations applicable to claims required to be presented and examined by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department, and that is undoubtedly so. But there is an unwritten law recognized by courts of equity and admiralty in which no statute of limitation is applicable against eutertaining andenforcing stale claims. (Speidel $v s$. Henrici, 120 U.S. R., 387, and numerous cases there cited; Willard vs. Dorr, 3 Mason C.C. R., 161), and that law the acconnting officers may rightly invoke and rely upon.
A stale claim is one that has not been presented for payment for a long period of time, during which the claimant has slept upon his rights, and thus created a presumption that the claim was never an honest and just one, and that he has been waiting until it was forgotten by the alleged debtor, and all evidence agaiust it is lost or destroyed. Courts of eqnity usually follow the law and adopt the statutes of limitation as fixing the period beyond which delay requires explayation, and which, unless satisfactorily accounted for, will constitute a bar to demands. We see no reason why the acconnting officers may not rightly adopt the same rule.

To the end, however, that there may be no misunderstanding on this subject, I respectfully recommend that the attention of Congress be again invited to it.

To adopt some reasonable limitation is but to follow the practice of the civilized world. I know of no State in the Union but what has a limitation law, and I know of no State that suffers itself to be sued by any of its citizens. If, therefore, any one holding a claim against the Goverument is permitted to sue in the courts (he must bring suit within a reasonable time, which is fixed by law at a given number of years, why should it not follow, if he has a demand against the Government and elects to present it to the accounting officers for payment, he should present it within such a reasonable time as would enable the official to determine whether or not the claim is just? Should he be permitted to hold his claim until his remedy in court is barred, and then for the first time present it to the accounting officers for payment?

## DOUBLE COMPENSATION.

## Section 1763, Revised Statutes, is as follows:

No person who holds an office, the salary or annial compensation attached to which anounts to the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, shall receive compensation for discharging the duties of any other office, unless expressly anthorized by law.

The fair reading of this statute must leave the impression that Congress intended that when a person holds an office, the salary or annual compensation of which amounted to $\$ 2,500$, he was well served, anil that he should receive no additional compensation for discharging the duties of any other office, unless expressly authorized by Congress. However natural this interpretation may seem, the departure from it has been so great that it is now held that an official may hold two or more distinct offices and draw the salary for each. The Attorneys-General themselves do not agree upon the question. Attor-ney-General Black held (9 Op., 127) as follows:

[^58]ing sections do not forbid holding two offces at the same time. They say:

These sections are intended to fence against arbitrary extra allowances in each particular case; but do not apply to distinct employments with salaries or compensation affixed to each by law or regulation.

The plain meaning of this seems to be that an individual holding one office and receiving its salary shall in no case be allowed to receive also the salary of another office which he does not hold, simply on account of his having performed the duties thereof.

The pronibition is against bis receiving the salary of an office that he does not hold, and not against his receiving the salaries of two offices which he does legitimately hold.

This last opinion is concurred in by Attorneys-General Evarts, Uushing and Devens. The opinion by Attorney-General Devens is found in 15 Up., 306. His language is:

That the evil intended to be guarded against by these statutes, according to the construction given them, was not so much plurality of otice as it was additional pay or compensation to an officer holding but one office for performing additional duties or the duties properly belonging to another. If he actually holds two commissions and does the trro duties of the two distinct offices, he may receive the salary which has been appropriated to each office.

One part of this controversy has been settled by the Supreme Court in what is known as the Saunders case, which is reported in U. S. R., 120, p. 126, and was decided in January, 1887. Saunders was a clerk at the Executive Mansion during the last administration, and also a clerk to one of the committees of Congress at the same time, neither salary, however, amounted to $\$ 2,500$ per annum. The court held, afier reviewing all the authorities bearing on the subject, that he was entitled to both salaries. This case, however, does not relieve the whole situation. It does not touch the question where the salary is $\$ 2,500$ or more, and leaves that still an open question.

In this connection I wish to state that under the act of Congress passed March 3, 1891, establishing a circuit court of appeals, the court for the sixth circuit, which by law will hold its sessions at Cincinnati, appointed the clerk of the circuit court for the eastern district of Michigan clerk of the circuit court of appeals for the said sixth circuit. This clerk took the oath of office, entered upon the discharge of his duties and has been paid for his services as clerk of the circuit court of appeals. When this clerk, however, comes to present his claim for services as clerk of the circuit court for the eastem district of Michigan, a serious question will arise, whether he can be paid or not.

The act of Congress of June 30, 1874 (18 Stat. 109, sec.2), provides:


#### Abstract

That every clerk of the circuit or district courts of the United States * * * shall reside permanently in the district where his official duties are to be performed, and shall give his personal attention thereto, and in case any such officer shall remove from his district, or shall fail to give personal attention to the duties of the office, except in case of sickness, such office shall be deemed vacant.


Just how this official can discharge the duties of the office of clerk of the circuit court of appeals at Cincinnati, and give ${ }^{66}$ personal attention" to the duties of his office in Detroit, Mich., is difficult to see. If he does not "reside permanently in the district where his official duties are to be performed, and give personal attention thereto, his office shall be deemed vacant," is the substance of the law on the subject. Two bodies can not occupy the same space at the same time, nor can one body occupy two places at the same moment. This clerk can not be at Detroit, giving "personal attention" to the duties of his
office located at that place, and at the same time be at Cincinnati atteuding to the duties of his office as clerk of the circuit court of appeals. It is physically impossible to give personal attention to the duties at both places.
This case, however, is not exceptional. There are many instances in which the same person holds three or more offices. The case of the clerk of the circuit court of the eastern district of Arkansas is one in point. The same person was clerk of the district court, and in 1889 received compensation as such, the sum of $\$ 5,243.55$; he was also clerk of the circuit court, and received compensation as such in the sum of $\$ 1,047.75$, and at the same time was circuit court commissioner, and his fees for the same period, paid to him by the United States, amounted to $\$ 3,949.90$, making an aggregate compensation of $\$ 10,241.10$. For the year 1890 he receired as clerk of the district court $\$ 5,434.65$, as clerk of the circuit court $\$ 2,095.54$, and as circuit court commissioner, $\$ 3,053$, making an aggregate of $\$ 10,583.19 ;$ and for the first 6 months of 1891, in the same capacities, he received an aggregate compensation of $\$ 6,217.48$.

The clerk of the circuit court of the northern district of Texas is also clerk of the district court and United States commissioner. The clerk of the district court of the southern district of New York is also a United States commissioner and clerk of the court of appeals, and many more cases might be cited of like character, but it is deemed unnecessary, the only object being to call attention to the fact, and to emphasize it, that, notwithstanding the statute above quoted, it is a common practice for one person to hold more than one office where the compensation of ope of the offices amounts to the sum of $\$ 2,500$ per annum.
It is not a question for the Treasury Department to determine how many offices one person may hold, or how many salaries he may receive; that question is entirely with Congress, but it is important that the compensation to be paid and the number of offices a person may hold should be clear and well defined to the end that illegal payments shall not be made.
In viow of the premises I respectfully recommend that the attention of Congress be invited to this subject. There are ailso many cases where a United States commissioner is paid during the calendar year more than the sum of $\$ 7,000$, and in some cases the amount received by him will amount to more than $\$ 10,000$. Such payments appear to be excessive, in view of the service rendered, and it is respectfully sug. gested that a limit should be made to the amount that should be paid a United States commissioner for services rendered during a calendar year, and that limit should certainly not exceed the sum of $\$ 5,000$. No reason is known to exist why a commissioner or clerk should receive more than the judge of the court.

It must be remembered that these fees are almost wholly paid by the United States and not by the individual. In the figures above given, which have reference to the eastern district of Arkansas, the aggregate paid to the clerk was $\$ 27,041.87$; of this sum the United States paid $\$ 25,743.23$ and individuals paid $\$ 1,298.64$. About the same proportion is found to run through not only the other accounts mentioned but all clerks' accounts throughout the United Staies. In the case, however, of United States commissioners the fees are wholly paid by the United States.

## COLLECTION OF BALANCES DUE TO THE UNITED STATES.

I repeat the suggestions and recommendations contained in my last report on this subject, and respectfully invite your attention to the requirements of sections 3624 et seq, Revised Statutes, as to the collection of balances due to the United States ; section 1766, Revised Statutes, as to withholding money found due to any person for his compensation who is in arrears to the United States, until such person has accounted for and paid into the Treasury all sums for which he may be liable; and the act of March 3, 1875 (18 Statutes at Large, page 481, chapter 149), providing for the deduction of any debt due the United States from any judgment recovered against the United States by such debtor.

Duties and obligations are devolved upon the accounting officers of the Treasury by the statutes referred to, a practical compliance with which is not possible under the system of account keeping of the Treasury Department. This is because the accounting officers charged with the duty of collecting balances due to the United States and withholding sums found due to persons who are indebted to the Government are not in possession of the necessary information.

Accounts are kept by the Second, Third, Fourth, and Sixth Auditors and the Register of the Treasury, and there is no system of concentrating the balances on their respective books or of informing all the accounting officers regularly of the balances remaining on the books of such officers. For instance, a balance may be standing on the books of the Second, Third, Fourth, or Sixth Auditor against some person who has been in the Government service at some time and whose accounts were kept by some one of these auditors and the same person is again in the Government service in a different capacity, whose accounts in the latter capacity are kept by some other of the anditors or the Register of the Treasury or vice versa; balances may appear on the books of the Register of the Treasury of which the auditors have no official informa. tion, and thus balances may be and are paid to parties on the adjustment of accounts who are at the same time indebted to the United States on the books of some other bureau of the Department. The object of the statutes is impossible of accomplishment and the Government is a loser. Large sums are lost annually, which could and ought to be saved to the Government, for want of a system of reporting regularly all balances due to or from the United States, on any of the books of the Treasury, to the Secretary, for the information and assistance of the accounting officers. The necessity for some such system is emphasized by the act of August 8,1888 ( 25 Stat., 387), which is a statute of limitation against the Government's recovery of indebtedness from sureties on the bond of the debtor, unless suit be instituted within five years after statement of the account by the accounting officers of the Treasury.

It is due alike to debtors and their bondsmen that they be informed promptly of any balance that may be found due from them to the United States, and the information upon which the accounting officers' action is based should not be uncertain or accidental, as it is and must necessarily be, without some such system as above suggested. I would therefore earnestly recommend that the Register of the Treasury and the Auditors who are charged with keeping accounts be required to report at least once in each year all balances due to or from the United States on their respective books to the Secretary of the Treasury, under such rules as he may prescribe. I would further suggest and recommend that final balances or balances on final accounts be specially indicated, or that such reports be contined to final balances if the same
can be done with certainty; and that these several renorts be arranged and consolidated and indexed alphabetically in such manner that each and every balance appearing in such report would be referred to in connection with the name and office of the persou from whom or to whom any balance is due, and that copies thereof be furnished to each of the accounting officers of the Treasury Department for their official information and assistance in the discharge of their duties.

## INDIVIDUAL DEPOSIIS FOR SURVEYING PUBLIC LANDS。

I deem it important to invite your attention to the present condition of the fund or appropriation denominated "Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands." This fund had its origin in section 10 of the act of May 30, 1862 (12 Stat., 410), now section 2401 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that where the settlers in any township or townships, "not mineral or reserved by Government," shall desire a survey of the same under the authority of the surveyor-general of the United States, and shall file an application therefor in writing, such settlers shall deposit, in a proper United States depository, to the credit of the United States, a sum sufficient to pay for such survey, together with all expenses incident thereto, without cost or claim for indemnity on the United States.

By a resolution of Congress approved July 1, 1864 (13 Stat., 414), now embraced in section 2402 of the Revised Statutes, it is provided that the deposit of money in a proper United States depository, pursuant to the foregoing provisions of law, sliall be construed to be an appropriation of the sums so deposited for the objects contemplated in the law, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to cause the sums so deposited to be placed to the credit of the proper appropriations for the surveying service. It is also provided in the resolution referred to (now section 2402; Revised Statutes) that any excess in the sums so deposited over and above the actual cost of the surveys, comprising all expenses incident thereto, shall be repaid to the depositors, respectively.

It will be thus seen that the fund or appropriation arising from deposits by individuals in the manner provided was created for the sole purpose of paying all the expenses of the respective surveys of lands "not mineral or reserved," and expeuses incident thereto, and for refunding any excesses in deposits to the respective depositors. Any balance remaining to the credit of this fund or appropriation, if correctly kept, must represent unpaid expenses of surveys for which deposits have been made, and unpaid excesses of deposits by individuals. It could not therefore be reasonably expected that the balance to the credit of the fuud would at any time be very large. Furthermore, by the act of March 3, 1871 (16 Stat., 581), now section 2403, Revised Statutes, and by subsequent amendments (act of March 3, 1879, 20 Stat., 352 ; act Aug. $7,1882,22$ Stat., 327 ), the deposits by settlers for the expenses of surveys desired by them shall go in part payment of the lands situated in the townships, the surveying of which is paid for out of such deposits, aud the certificates of deposit, which are made assiguable, shall be received at the land office at which the lands so surveyed are subject to entry. This legislation practically cuts off any claims for refunding excesses of deposits, since the total amounts deposited in eacbindividual case are made receivable in payment of the lands purchased.

I find, however, that the fund or appropriation for "deposits by individuals for surveying public lands" has been annually increasing upon the books of the Treasury.
On the 3 ( th of June, 1890, the balance remaining to the credit of this ap-
propriation was.........................................................................
$\$ 792,892.59$
The amount of deposits during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, was. 131, 422. 80

| Total | 924,315. 39 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Expenditures from the appropriation during the fiscal year | 94, 896.84 |
| Balance to credit of appropriation June 30, 1891 | $829,418.55$ |

It is manifest that the enormons sum remaining to the credit of this appropriation does not represent unpaid expenses of surveys of lands "not mineral or reserved by Government," for which deposits have been made, aud unpaid excesses of deposits, and that deposits have been covered in to the credit of this appropriation without war rant of law. Although the statute expressly refers to lands "not mineral or reserved by Government," and the appropriation for "deposits by individuals for surveying public lands," among the permanent indefinite appropriations enumerated in section 3689 of the Revised Statutes, cites the same words (" not mineral or reserved"), it has been the practice for years past to cover in to the credit of this appropriation amounts deposited, pursuant to regulations prescribed by the General Land Office, to cover the expenses of the survegs of mining claims. This practice is, in my judgment, wholly unwarranted by law. I find nothing in section 2334 of the Revised Statntes, or in the acts of May 10, 1872 ( 17 Stat., 95), and May 5, 1876 ( 19 Stat., 52), from which said section is taken, that gives any color of authority to the practice which has prevailed. On the contrary, the plain reading of said section seems to be that the expenses of the surveys of mining claims are to be paid by the applicants, and that each applicant shall file with the register of the respective land office a sworn statement of the expenses so paid, to be forwarded to the Commissioner of the General Land Office for his information.

The large balance which remaius to the credit of this appropriation is a constant menace to the public treasury, and an invitation for the presentation of illegal and fraudulent claims, which are sometimes pressed to payment. As a marked instance, reference may be made to the paymeuts of additional amounts on a number of old claims of deputy surveyors, coming under the appropriation in question, which I am informed were made during the years 1886 and 1887, notwithstanding the fact that the original claims had been long previously settled, and the full amounts deposited by the respective settlers had been paid in the first settlements. - The additional payments referred to have been characterized, and I think justly so, as irregular and illegal. I learn that the sole ground on which the additional payments were urged and finally allowed was that the balance then to the credit of the appropriation for deposits by individuals was very large and amply sufficient to pay the claims of the deputy surveyors in full, without regard to the respective amounts which had been deposited by the settlers to meet the expenses of the surveys.

I find that the practice has prevailed and still exists of charging to this appropriation a large portion of the contingent expenses and clerk hire in the offices of surveyors-general for some of the States and Territories, on the ground that such expenses and clerical services relate to mineral surveys. As Congress provides specific appropriations

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for the contingent expenses and clerk hire in the offices of the several surveyors-general, the practice of trenching upon the appropriation for "Deposits by individuals" for contingent expenses and clerk hire is, in my judgment, contrary to law, and I shall in the future decline to allow such charges under this appropriation.

I respectfully recommend that this matter be brought to the attention of Congress, with the request that proper authority of law be granted for covering back into the general treasury the large balance now standing to the credit of the appropriation known as "Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands."

It is believed that the accretions to this appropriation arising from deposits made, and to be made, subsequent to the beginning of the current fiscal year will be sufficient to meet any legitimate demands payable from said appropriation.

## SALARIES OF DISTRICT JUDGES.

By the act of February 24,1891 ( 26 stat., 783); the salaries of the several judges of the district courts, after the date of the passage of the act, was fixed at the rate of $\$ 5,009$ per annum. Congress, however, failed to make the proper appropriation for the remainder of the fiscal year 1891, and as a consequence the judges could not be paid for the period commencing February 24, 1891, and ending June 30 of the same year, at the new rate. The attention of Congress should be invited to the subject, to the end that the proper appropriation may be made.

## EXTRA WORK.

Owing to the refunding of tobacco taxes, the increase of accounts occasioned by the taking of the census, and the payment of the sugar bounty, the force in this office was required to work extra hours for some two months. This matter I will make the subject of a future communication.

It is with pleasure that I commend the Deputy Comptroller and other persons employed in this Bureau for the faithful and intelligent manner in which they have discharged their respective duties.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

A. C. Matithews, Comptroller.

The Secretary of the Treasury.

## REPORT OF THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.

> | Treasury DepartMent, |
| :--- |
| SECOND OMMPROLLER's OFFICE, |
| Washington, D. C., October 15, 1891. |

SIR : I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this office for the fiscal year concluded June 30, 1891, together with a comparative statement of the work done the previous year, aud the present condition of the public business.

Total Number of Accounts, Claims, and Cases Settred.

| From- | 1891. |  | 1890. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Amount. | Number. | Amount. |
| Second Auditor. | 24, 662 | \$24.348, 754 | 22,404 | \$29, 973, 478 |
| Third Anditor. | 13, 116 | 122,912,594 | 11,669 | 115, 200, 015 |
| Fourth Auditor | 2,683 | 26, 596, 232 | 4,018 | 22, 936, 131 |
| Various sources. | 10,261 | 26, 482 | 9,447 | 25,855 |
| Grand total. | 50,732 | 176, 884, 062 | 47, 538 | 168, 135, 479 |

A comparison of the above results shows that during the last fiseal year this office, without any additional help, did considerably more work than the previous year. The clerks have been faithful in their duties, and yet some of the divisions of the office are behind in their work. Four additional clerks have been provided, to commence at the beginaing of the next fiscal year (July 1, 1891), and, although not a sufficient number for the prompt examination of all claims, yet will greatly facilitate matters.
The Second Comptroller finally settles all claims and accounts coming from the Second, Third, and Fourth Auditors of the Treasury.
The number of clerks on the rolls of the office during the year was 59 , the same as the year previous.
The work of the office is done by seven divisions, known as the Navy Division, employing 5 clerks; Army Paymasters' Division, 6 clerks; Army Back-pay and Bounty Division, 9 clerks; Army Pension Division, 9 clerks; Quartermasters' Division, 9 clerks; Indian Division, 4 clerks; Miscellaueous Claims Division, 10 clerks, and 7 chiefs of divisions, making in all 59. The average number of clerks employed during the past fiscal year was 53.

A detailed statement of claims and accounts disposed of during the year in each division, including a general statement of their character, is as follows:

## ARMY BACK-PAY AND BOUNTY DIVISION.

| Character of the claims. | * . | Number. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solriers' pay and bounty allowed. |  | 0.162 | \$1, 005, 386 |
| Soldiers' pay and bounty disallowed. | $\cdots$ | 10.203 | 10,720 |
| Total. | $\cdots$ | 19,364 | 1, 106, 106 |

On July 1, 1891, there remained on hand and unarjosted in this division 7,870 claims, estimated to be 166 days' work of the division.

ARMY PAYMASTERS' DIVISION.

| Character of the accounts. | Number. | A mount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A rmy paymasters, for pay of the Army | 435 | \$13, 387, 366 |
| Soldiers' Home acconnts | 464 | 231,466 |
| National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers | 37 | 2,567, 018 |
| Special Army accounts. | 334 | 29,833 |
| Disbursing olficers of the Ordnance Department, for ordnance, ordnance stores, supplies, armories, and arsenals | 394 | 1,946, 542 |
| Disbursing ofticers of the Medical Department, for medical and hospital supplies and services | 194 | 324, 154 |
| Recruiting officers, for regnlar recruiting services............................... | 16 | 98. 586 |
| Miscellancous disbursements for contingent ex penses of the Army, AdjutantGeneral's and Commanding General's oftices, artillery schools, ete | 135 | 175,204 |
| Miscellaneous claims of the Army Pay Department...... | 126 | 534, 957 |
| Arming and equipping the militia, act February 12, 1887 | 41 | 185,856 |
| Total | 2,176 | 19,481, 042 |

Un July 1, 1891, there were on hand and unadjusted in this division 101 army paymasters' accounts, 15 Soldiers' Home accounts, and 3 ordnance accounts; in all, 119 accounts, or twenty-five days' work of the division.

ARMY PENSION DIVISION.


On July 1, 1891, there remained on Land, not adjusted, in this division, 8 pension agents' accounts and 2 reimbursement claims, making about 33 days' work for the division.

QUARTERMASTERS' DIVISION.

| Character of the accounts. | Number. | Amountallowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disbursing officers of the Quartermaster's Department, for'regular and incihental expenses | 1,093 | \$8,640, 359 |
| Disbursing officers of the Subsistence Department............................... | 861 | 1, 923, 114 |
| Disbursing ofticers of the Engineer Department, for military surveys, fortif. cations, river and barbor improvements, ete <br> Disbursing oflicers of the Signal Service | 189 48 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,443,111 \\ 843,89 \pm \end{array}$ |
| Total | 2,191 | 23, 859,478 |

On July 1, 1891, there remained in this division, unadjusted, 28 quirtermasters' accounts, 13 subsistence accounts, 6 accounts of engineer officers, and 4 Signal Service accounts, estimated to be 22 days' work of the division.

NAVY DIVISION

| Character of the accounts. |  | Number. | Amount allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parmasters of the Navy at navy-yards, and navy agents |  | 190 | \$23, 836, 138 |
| Disbursing officers of the Marine Corps |  | 10 | 474, 262 |
| Navy pension agents for Navy and Marine Corps |  | 32 | 1,632, 209 |
| Miscellaneous naval accounts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 291 | 359, 954 |
| Navy financial agents |  | 2 | 62, 092 |
| Officers' and sailors' back pay, bounty, and prize money allowed |  | 1, 866 | 231,574 |
| Olficers' and sailors' back pay, bounty, and prize money disallowed |  | 302 |  |
| Total. |  | 2,693 | 26, $596,229^{-}$ |

On July 1, 1891, there remaiued in this division unadjusted 7 navy paymasters' accounts, 1 marine corps account, 1 bavy pension account, 1 navy financial agent's account, 2 iniscellaneons accounts, and 6 backpay and bounty claims, or about 10 days' work of the division.

INDIAN DIVISION.

| Character of the accounts. | Number. | Amount allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indian agents' current and contingent expenses, annuities, and installments. . | 218 | \$2,557, 284 |
| Miscellaneous Indian claims ......................................................... | 2,903 | 4, 204, 317 |
| Indian claims disallowed | 1 |  |
| Total | 3,122 | 6,761, 601 |

On July 1, 1891, there were on hand and not adjusted, in this division, 87 Indiau agents' accounts, and 82 miscellaneous Indian claims, not exceeding 20 days' work of the division.

MISCELLANEOUS CLAIMS DIVISION.


On July 1, 1891, there were on hand in this division, awaiting ad. justment, 82 claims for loss of private property, 2 State war claims, 27 army transportation claims, 2 Oregon and Washington Territory war claims, and 500 miscellaneous claims, estimated to be 12 days' work of the division.

## REQUISLIIONS.

During the fiscal year there were countersigned and recorded 16,921 requisitions, amounting to $\$ 235,526,221.28$, as shown by the following table:



## SUITS BROUGIT.

During the year transcripts and briefs have been made up, examined, and forwarded to the Solicitor of the Treasury for suit in favor of the United States, in two cases, as follows:

Suits were instituted in both cases and are still pending. There was recovered and paid into the Treasury from suits begun in previons years the sum of $\$ 7,386.43$.

## OFFICE APPROPRIATIONS.

The appropriations for the salaries of the officers and employés for the tiscal year ended June 30, 1891, aggregated $\$ 95,050$, of which $\$ 781.42$ remained unexpended at the close of the fiscal year. The appropriations for the current tiscal year (1892) amounted to $\$ 100,450$.

Very respectfully,<br>Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

# REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS. 

# Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Customs, Washington, D. C., October 17, 1891. 

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith, for your intormation, a statement of the business of this office for the fiscal year ending June $30,1891$.

| Auditor's statements on hand July 1, 1890. Auditor's statements received. | $\begin{array}{r} 249 \\ 6,278 \end{array}$ | 6,527 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Auditor's statements examined and passed | 6, 135 |  |
| Auditor's statements cancelled......ma........................ . . 5 |  |  |
|  | --- | 6,140 |
| Auditor's statements on hand June 30, 1891 | 387 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 15,997 |
| Accounts adjusted ................................................................ 15,038 Accounts returued to Auditor ....................................... 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - - | 15,042 |
| Accounts on hand June 30, 1891 |  | 955 |

Estimates received and examined.
2,568
Requisitions issued
2,568
Amount involved in requisitions. 478.52

Letters received. 24,996
Letters written ..... 9.926
Letters recorded ..... 9,759
Stubs of receipts for duties and fees returned by collectors ..... 220, 293
Stubs of receipts examined and summarized ..... 219, 087
Tonnage stubs received and entered ..... 13,241
Tonuage stubs examined ..... 12,810
Auditor's statements registered ..... 6,226
Auditor's statements recorded ..... 5,768
Auditor's statements checked by stubs ..... 2, 884
Appointments registered ..... 3, 651

* Oatlis examined and registered ..... 2,770
Official bonds examined and approved ..... 52
Commissions transmitted ..... 50
Papers filed, noted, and referred ..... 18, 148
Number of attorneys registered ..... 678
Average number of clerks employed ..... 28

There was paid into the Treasury from sources the accounts relating to which are settled in this office.


## And there was paid out of the Treasury on the following accounts:

Expenses of collecting the revenue from customs ..... $\$ 6,964,248.71$
Debeutures and drawbacks. ..... ,926, 337. 17
Expenses of Revenue-Cutter Service ..... $886,166.26$
Excess of deposits ..... 7,011,071.62
Construction and maintenance of lights ..... 2,764,986. 22
Expenses of regulating immigration ..... 170,597. 88
Marine-Hospital Service ..... 536, 845. 21
Life-Saving Service ..... 998, 396. 46
Compensation in lieu of moieties ..... 12, 900. 14
Salaries agents seal fisheries, Alaska ..... $15,396.83$
Statistics relating to fur industries of Alaska ..... 6,080. 00
Proposals for leaso of fur-seal islands ..... 641.04
Protecting salinou fisheries ..... 1,500. 00
Expenses of local appraisers at quarterly meetings. ..... 1, 404. 38
Quarantine service ..... 50,604. 11 .
Quarantine stations for neat cattle. ..... 12,266. 24
Enforcement of Chinese exclusion act ..... 48,949. 02
Enforcement of alien contract labor law ..... 61, 500. 00
Detection and prevention of frauds on customs revenue ..... 15,995.51
Revenue steamers ..... 124,883. 72
Supply steamers for Atlantic and Gulf coasts ..... 80,506. 28
Steam tenders for light-house districts. ..... 161,924.95
Iuterest on tonnage dues illegally exacted ..... 1,452.25,
Proceeds of goods seized and sold ..... 1, 054.23
Unclaimed merchandise ..... 4, 7\%6. 19
Refunding money erroneously received and covered into Treasury ..... 403. 75
Refunding penalties and charges erroneously exacted ..... $25,198.19$
Services to American vessels ..... 25, 978. 16
Salaries shipping service ..... 59,543.48
Extra pay to officers and men in Mexican war ..... 96.00
Admission of foreign goods to Columbian Exposition ..... 1,300. 00
Payment to Susannah George365.15
Reimbursement to crew of life-saving station, Muskegat, Mass ..... 170.65
Refund to Aberdeen Packing Company ..... 75.00
Refund to R. A. Ballard ..... 10.00
lefund to J. W. Breden ..... 15.00
Refund of duties to St. Mary's Chureh, Harford County, Md. ..... 126.82
Refund to George Hazel ..... 154.51
Refund to J. L. Somers ..... 200.00
Relief of A. K. Delaney ..... 10.0024, 977, 131. 13

In presenting this annual report I can only say that the experience of each year demonstrates that the recommendations heretofore made should bave some attention paid to them. The principal ones are:
A. permanent annual appropriation of, say, $\$ 7,000,000$ for expenses of
collecting the revenue from customs in lieu of the present one of $\$ 5,500,000$, with an addition of the collections from customs sources as enumerated in section 3687 Revised Statutes; the modification of the present law so that the miscellaneons collections now belonging to that appropriation be covered into the Treasury as a part of the general fund; the fixing of specific salaries as the total compensation of collectors of customs and of surveyors acting as such; the modification of the laws relating to appointment and salary of subordinate customs officers, so that there can be no doubt of any one of them being an offi. cer of the United States; and abolishing their distinctive names, classing them all as customs officers, with power to the principal officer of the district to detail them to any duty relating to customs or navigation within his district.

The transfer from the Special Agents Division to this Bureau of the Immediate Transportation accounts, together with the increase in number of ports and importations, has made necessary the employment of details to keep the work up to the requirements of the office. In many cases these details are not familiar with the duties, and such work is expensive and unsatisfactory. I therefore recommend that Congress be requested to provide for a sufficient clerical force to perform the duties without the delay that is at present unavoidable.

I inclose herewith the statements (A) of transactions in bonded goods as shown by the adjusted accounts; (B) comparative statement of transactions under the immediate transportation system for the years 1881 and 1891.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant, Saml. V. Holliday, Commissioner of Customs.
The Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDIX.

Table A.-Statement of Waremouse Transactions at the sevieral Districte

| Districts and ports. | Balance of bonds to se. cure duties on goods remain ing in warehomse July 1, 1890. | Warehonsed and bonded. | Constructively wareloused. | Rewarehoused and bonded. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albany | \$3,968. 65 | \$10,219.55 | \$9,038.64 | \$15, 115.94 |
| Albemarle | 141.64 |  |  |  |
| Apalachicola |  | 448. 80 |  |  |
| Arizona.... |  |  | 10,003.71 |  |
| Atlanta |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore | 132, 104.20 | 903, 719.04 | 19,178.94 | 28, 002.81 |
| Bangor | 1, 013.32 | 499.60 | 298, 846.41 | 7,589.25 |
| Barustabl | 1.284.06 |  |  | 2,569. 29 |
| Bath . | 1,234. 52 | 4,754.14 |  | 10, 464. 20 |
| Belfast Boston |  |  |  | 2, 128.05 |
| Boston Al ${ }^{\text {Brazos de Santiago }}$ | 2, 260, 722.79 | 10, 091, 608. 73 | $3,064,274.83$ $20,762.00$ | 191, 740.13 |
| Brunswicik........ |  |  | 133.00 | 3,514.00 |
| Buffalo Creek | 39, 336.93 | 28,244.86 | 270,901. 26 | 12,613.17 |
| Burlington, Iowa |  |  |  | 90, C08. 66 |
| Burlington, N.J |  |  |  | 8,851.07 |
| Cairo... |  |  |  | 1,370.25 |
| Cape Vincent |  | 3. 505.63 | 1,276.20 |  |
| Castine.... | 43.69 |  |  | 645. 98 |
| Champlain | 2,125. 85 |  | 194, 306.47 |  |
| Charleston |  | $4,650.73$ |  | 25, 582. 70 |
| Chattanooga |  |  |  | 33, 627. 75 |
| Chicago.... | 331, 785.54 - | 1,370, 524.94 | 711.64 | 695, 758.94 |
| Cincinnati: | 94, 218. 98 | 436, 876. 70 |  | -76,586. 53 |
| Columbus |  |  |  |  |
| Corpas Clırist | 196.60 | 56.25 | 30, 992.55 | 3, 863.73 |
| Cuyahoga | 2,873.85 | 18,794. 47 |  | 98, 425.63 |
| Delaware | 281.27 | 1, 000.00 |  | 4. 888.00 |
| Denver. | 4,834.76 | 13, 787.10 | 465.08 | $4,211.04$ |
| Detroit: | 156, 414.43 | 130,001. 36 | 12, 235.04 | 181, 610. 36 |
| Dabique | 1,002.88 | 725.00 |  | 820.00 |
| Dulath |  | 822.35 | 15, 022. 73 | 759.85 |
| Erie. | 6, 392. 40 | 8,195.80 |  | - 20, 822. 05 |
| Evansvillo |  |  |  | 147.56 |
| Fairfield |  | 13, 420.99 |  | 27, 783. 84 |
| Fall River |  |  | 8, 187. 75 | $8,836.90$ |
| Fernandina |  |  |  | 2,147.67 |
| Frenchman Bay | 162.99 |  |  | 2,694.32 |
| Galena. |  |  |  | 3,533. 19 |
| Galveston | 15, 626. 09 | 36, 657. 71 | 316, 169.61 | 17, 390.54 |
| Genesee | 21, 804.24 | 98, 769. 40 |  | 3,537. 39 |
| Georgetown, D. C | 8, 600.25 | 1], 845.91 | 211.80 | 2,538.84 |
| Gloucester... | 12,800.32 | 37,672. 21 |  | 9,593.85 |
| Hartford | 25, 447. 25 | 111.776. 70 |  | 13,552.91 |
| Huron... |  | 14,820. 05 | 59, 061. 47 | 6,822. 14 |
| Indianapolis | 2,397. 05 | 3, 801.00 |  | 2,8i2.90 |
| Kansas City | 8,508.85 | 30,569.14 |  | 39,694. 47 |
| Kennebunk |  |  |  | 8.00 |
| Key West | 104, 116.35 | 639, 977.49 | 1,285.67 | 19,749. 86 |
| La Crosse |  |  |  | 14, 791. 07 |
| Lincoln |  |  |  | 23, 895. 34 |
| Louisville | 120,360.21 | 285, 895. 51 |  | 18,607.95 |
| Machias... |  |  |  |  |
| Marblehead |  |  |  | 2,771.60 |
| Memphis. | 5, 992. 36 | 28, 922. 91 | 373. 40 | 6, 402. 56 |
| Miami.... | 4,381.49 | 5,072. 92 |  | 148.53 |
| Milwankee. | $5,069.56$ | 25, 052. 54 |  | 127, 523. 77 |
| Minneapolis |  | 35, 380.84 | 810.60 $58,571.29$ | 7, 378, 97 |
| Minnesota | $17,028.78$ 460.25 | $11,350.89$ $4,751.60$ | $58,571.29$ $12,327.50$ | 3,994. 11 |
| Nashville | 400.25 | +160.00 | 12,527.50 | 54, 504.27 |
| Newark |  |  |  | 31, 170.96 |
| New Bėdford. |  |  |  | 10,661. 57 |
| Newburyport |  |  |  | 2.961. 40 |
| Now Haven | 10, 313. 62 | 19, 987.00 |  | 38, 830.60 |
| New London | 4,535. 60. | 5,790. 37 |  | $5,148.98$ |
| New Orleans | 178, 711.69 | 1,132, 124.55 | 3,290, 800.04 | 15, 6i4. 03 |
| New York | 16, $988,373.66$ | 58, 5:39, 647. 39 | 32, 506, 617. 20 | 313, 614. 26 |
| Niagara |  | 1, 118, 545.50 |  |  |
| Norfolk |  | 842.57 |  | 257.38 |
| North Dakota and Soutl Da |  |  | 123.73 | 3, 533.40 |
| Omaba | 5, 044. 11 | 15, 011. 14 |  | 102, 239.68 |
| Oswegatchie | 4, 197.89 | 752.55 | 32,871.93 | 1,585. 74 |
| Oswego ....... | 13, 544. 70 | 138,733. 22 | 4,215.24 |  |
| Paso del Norte | 4,621.97 | 13, 075.10 | 16, 151. 83 | 6, 280.89 |
| Passamaquoddy | 403.59 | 5,150.18 | 30,282. 82 | 1,264. 28 |

and Por'ts in the United States for the fliscal Year ending June 30, 1891.

| Constractively reware. housed. | Increased duties ascer. tained on liquidation, etc. | Withdrawals, duty paid. | Withdrawals for trans. portation. | Withdrawals for export. | Allowances and deficiencies. | Balance on bouds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$173, 446: 83 | \$1,096.00 | \$94, 217, 31 |  | \$141. 64 | \$108, 218.35 | \$10, 449.95 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 448.80 |
| 4,173.95 | 1,221.47 | 912.26 | \$6,305. 71 | 7, 603.63 | 290.03 | 577.50 |
| 2, 399. 63, 777. 64 | 43,222.57 | 709, 602. 45 | 15, 206.99 | 26, 683. 19 | $2,399.12$ 311.485 .54 | 127, 027.03 |
|  |  | 1, 512.92 | ${ }^{15} 939.22$ | 297, 907. 19 | 7, 589.25 | 127,027.03 |
| 4,104 |  | 6.40 $4,836.95$ |  | 2,846.95 | 9,123.51 | 6,596.91 |
| 2,406.17 |  | 1,176. 20 |  | 904.82 | 2,454.10 |  |
| 31, 292.18 | 195, 090. 48 | 8, 813, 138.48 | 874, 164.95 | 2, 493, 396. 56 | 1, 974, 780.39 | 1, 679, 248.76 |
| 167.34 |  | -188.20 |  | 21, 062.79 | $\ddot{0}$ |  |
| 48,430.70 |  | 18,631.98 | $118,354.68$ | 212, 559.29 | 42, 689.58 | 7,291.39 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 90, 608. 66 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8,851.07 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1,370.25 |  |
| 200.00 | . 14 | $1,624.44$ 25.13 | 1,214. 20 | $2,095.00$ 647.21 | 1.94 | $\begin{array}{r} 136.25 \\ 17.47 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 100.00 | 124,826. 81 | 72,410.31 |  | $\text { 2,596. } 85$ |
| 814. 34 |  | 4,258.96 |  |  | 25, 152.03 | $1,636.78$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 33, 627. 75 |  |
| 107, 876.30 | 23,002.37 | 1, 474, 948.52 | 16, 947. 24 | 3,408. 79 | 674, 721.41 | 359, 633. 77 |
| 13, 105. 10 | 1, 026.58 | 327. 404.95 | 6, 613.15 |  | 52, 445:28 | 235, 350.51 |
| 63, 473.44 |  |  |  |  | 63, 473.44 |  |
| 2,364.37 |  | 870.78 | 30,306. 30 | 4, 238.36 | 2,058.06 |  |
| 20,510. 70 | 317.26 | 22, 104.00 |  |  | 111,349.69 | . 7,468. 22 |
| 37.80 | 15.79 | 1,337.86 |  |  | 4,888.00 |  |
| 35,465. 38 | 167.40 | 19,948.99 | 883.16 |  | 31,249.77 | $6,848.84$ |
| 104, 445.05 | 772.69 5.04 | $174,381.23$ $-\quad 1,827.92$ | 4, 744.20 | 69, 673.11 | 182, 352.00 | $\begin{array}{r} 154,328.39 \\ 725.00 \end{array}$ |
| 17, 368. 80 | 5.04 | - $\quad 1,827.92$ | 6, 736. 93 | 8,285, 80 | 17, 368.80 | $\begin{aligned} & 725.00 \\ & 377.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4,462.85 |  | 18, 643.09 |  |  |  | 21, 230. 10 |
|  | 58.57 | 31, 204.38 |  |  | 9,595.71 | 463.31 |
| 57, 762.12 |  | 69, 083. 67 |  |  | 5,703.10 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 389.60 \\ 181.28 \end{array}$ |  | 2,537.27 |  | 2,944. 29 |  | 97.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3, 533.19 |  |
| 54, 411.90 | 210.70 | 31, 199.98 | 7,237.14 | 334, 292. 21 | 35, 923.06 | 31, 814.16 |
| 79, 552.96 | 67.23 | 103, 530. 14 |  | 995.62 | 76, 716. 43 | 22, 489. 63 |
| 7, 987, 45 | 498.82 | $16,694.73$ | $\begin{array}{r} 211.80 \\ 5,919.97 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,604.87 \\ 531.82 \end{array}$ |  |
| - - 15, 659.27 | 48.49 $7,047.90$ | $4,677.69$ $116,339.22$ | $5,919.97$ $5,540.80$ | $41,828.83$ $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\begin{array}{r} 531.82 \\ 14,866.30 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,126.56 \\ 36,757.71 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 29,892.92 | $44,588.60$ | 6,822.14 |  |
| 149, 932.89 |  | 9,442.54 |  |  | 145, 963.65 | 3, 597. 65 |
| 132, 704. 57 | 714.29 | 51, 517.43 |  |  | 148, 460.49 | 12, 213. 40 |
| 22.40 | 3, 353.36 | 649, 032.99 | $8,332.77$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30.40 \\ 7,253.82 \end{array}$ | 5, 711.56 | 98, 151. 59 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 14,791.07 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 23, 895. 34 |  |
| 127, 492.03 | 4, 201.16 | 186, 292. 29 | 1, 138.88 | 93.76 | 124, 809.13 | 244, 316. 56 |
|  |  | 2,771.60 |  |  |  |  |
| 27,555. 10 |  | 26, 957. 22 |  |  | 33, 102.76 | 8, 886. 35 |
| 118, 842.29 | 86.00 | 5, 431.40 |  |  | 118,846.79 | $4,253.10$ |
| 49,831.35 | 8,440.96 | 38, 509.40 | 2, 083. 35 | 5, 960. 40 | 159, 823.91 | 9,541.12 |
| 76, 487.43 |  | 11, 029.89 | 27, 327. 60 |  | 76, 415.80 | $5,284.55$ |
| 130,657.93 | 133.64 | 21, 001. 23 | 66,351. 60 |  | 125, 232.85 | $9,150.96$ |
|  |  | $3,577.70$ 40.00 |  | 12,327. 50 | 54,504.27 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,634.15 \\ 120.00 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 1,587. 40 |  | 4,532.60 | 18,137. 56 | 6,913.40 |
| 43,589.97 | 2.00 | 48, 223.85 |  | 160.64 | $5,869.05$ | ....... ........ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2,961.40 |  |
|  |  | 38, 300. 70 |  | 18.40 | 24, 630.82 | 6,181.30 |
|  |  | 8. 046.82 |  |  | 7, 428. 13 |  |
| 9,209.1f | 11,984. 83 | 439, 091. 32 | 121, 861.23 | 3, 238, 867.85 | 643, 362.96 | 195,260.94 |
| 207, 670.54 | 1, 798,835. 65 | 50, 617, 645. 18 | 950, 872.85 | 35, 171, 305. 66 | 11, 766, 091.67 | 11, 908, 843. 34 |
| 6,513.62 | 14.88 | 168.81 | 98, 825. 50 | 1,019, 720.00 | 6, 513. 62 |  |
|  |  |  | 123.73 |  | 3,533.40 |  |
| 9,241.45 | 234, 11 | 25, 807.68 |  |  | 102, 013.27 | 3,949.54 |
|  | 307.97 . | 3,087.90 | 20,815. 07 | 13,219.10 | 1,893. 71 | 630.30 |
| 78,233. 94 | 232.27 | 54,314. 21 | 102, 267.17 |  | 78, 376. 99 |  |
| 10, 020. 60 | 43.99 | 20,934. 43 | 15, 804.25 | 11, 903. 30 |  | $1,462.40$ |
| 478.95 |  |  | 16, 304. 39 | 20864.41 |  | 411.02 |

Table A.-Statement of Warbhouse 'Jransachions at the several

| Districts and ports. | Balance of bonils to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse July 1, 1890. | Warehoused and bonded. | Constrnctively warehoused. | Rewarehoused and bonded. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peuria. |  |  |  | \$74, 061.07 |
| Perth Amboy |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia | \$2, 146, 712. 42 | $\$ 14,875,091.70$ | \$4,438.22 | 157, 778. 25 |
| Pittsburg | $47,050.05$ $56,587.85$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,733,63 \\ & 46,803.93 \end{aligned}$ |  | 156,387. 50 |
| Plymouth | $56,587.85$ $31,732.92$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,803.93 \\ & 16,855.09 \end{aligned}$ | $15,152.70$ $2,485,779.26$ | 101, 178.47 |
| Portsinonth, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{H}$ |  |  |  | 13, 292.40 |
| Providence, R. I | 10,669.69 | 58,679.70 | 93.60 | 8, 661.97 |
| Puget Sound | 2,311. 50 | 3, 945.91 |  |  |
| Richmond |  |  |  | 4,379.4t |
| Rock Island. |  |  |  | 42, 611. 43 |
| Salem and Beverly Saluria........... | 189.75 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}4,346.74 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Saluria... | 731.40 | 8.642. 65 | $43,841.24$ $92,303.54$ | $1,527.88$ 284.43 |
| Sandurek |  |  |  |  |
| San Francisco | 875, 643. 39 | 4, 184, 463.94 | 611, 809. 97 | 62, 674.64 |
| Savannah | 4,661. 14 | 22, 975.35 |  |  |
| Sioux City |  |  |  |  |
| Springfield |  |  |  | 14,594 40 |
| St. Johis |  | 33, 961.75 | 752. 35 | 3,626.70 |
| St. Joseph | 261.70 | 1,064.40 |  | $40,868.86$ |
| St. Louis. | 43, 816. 59 | 74, 478. 39 |  | 20, ${ }^{\text {, } 224.58}$ |
| Superior | 85.05 | 156, 180.99 |  | 1, 202.17 |
| Teche. |  |  | 817.60 | 162.80 |
| Vermont | 223.76 | 4,825.45 | 2, 293, 038.57 | 255.95 |
| Waldoboro |  |  |  | 18.24 |
| Wheeling.. |  |  |  |  |
| Willamette | 37, 804.35 | 49,598.78 | 1,043.64 | 1,000.93 |
| Wilmiugton, N.C | 3,726. 44 | 21, 390.61 | 49.00 |  |
| Wiscasset | 670.40 |  |  | 2,537.60 |
| Total | 23, 864, 290. 63 | 95, 010; 275.25 | 45, 835, 930.07 | 3, 188, 654. 10 |

## Districts and Ports in the United States; etc.-Continued.

| Constructively reware. housed. | Increased duties ascer. tained on liquidation, etc. | Withdrawals, duty paid. | Withdrawals for transportation. | Withdrawals for export. | Allowances and deffciencies. | Balance on bonds to secure duties on goods remaining in warehouse June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$74,061. 07 |  |
| $\$ 3,028.80$ | \$1, 678, 303. 06 | $\$ 2,938.80$ $13,690,479.29$ | $1,250,920.44$ | \$75, 525. 16 | 3, 245, 481.84 | 654, 458.46 |
| 7, 297.44 | . 1,727.70 | 79, 678.67 |  |  | 147, 623.60 | 18, 893. 95 |
| 34,058000 | 1.7860 .32 | 28,797. 18 |  | 2, 511, 223. 98 | 111, 614.54 | 16, 302.51 |
| 63, 509.66 |  | 63, 509. 66 |  | 58.40 | 13,234.00 |  |
| 32,568.94 | 252. 94 | 65, 031. 51 | 774.70 | 22. 97 | 30, 943.98 | 14, 153.68 |
| 20, 946. 60 |  | 1,629.95 |  | 1,164,09 | 23,696.09 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 42, 611.43 |  |
| 93.60 | 838.60 | 230.80 | 5, | 136.00 | 1, 641, 25 |  |
|  |  | 593.40 | 105.56 | 101, 059.43 | 138.00 | 65.03 |
| 35, 676. 71 |  |  |  |  | 35, 676.71 |  |
| 123, 485.40 | 95, 247. 33 | 2, 814, 989.68 | 13, 056. 07 | 874, 050. 11 | 1, 243, 840.88 | 1, 012,397. 93 |
| 13,055. 31 | 30.88 | 14, 229. 97 | 100.00 |  | 16, 185. 38 | 10,207.33 |
| 34,730. 13 |  |  |  |  | 34, 730. 13 |  |
|  |  | $2,400.40$ $33,336.45$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 12,194.00 \\ 842.30 \end{array}$ | 4, 162.05 |
| 74, 969.93 | 13.77 | ],095. 72 |  |  | 115, 366.54 | T16. 40 |
| 404, 578. 97 | 132.40 | 85, 579.25 | 508. 55 |  | 407, 262.25 | 50, 280.88 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \% 640.47 |
|  | 191.30 | $136,206.80$ 162.80 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,393.00 \\ \quad 817.60 \end{array}$ |  | 980. 55 | 14,791.94 |
| 24,253.44 | 4.837.27 | 2, 699.98 | 180, 973.48 | 2, 113, 319.17 | 28,516.64 | 1,925.17 |
| 4,697.04 |  | $18.24$ |  | 835.40 | 3,861.64 |  |
| 3, 559.07 | 23987 | 54, 163.78 |  | 3,203.45 | 2,248.15 | 33, 631.26 |
| f, 203.58 | 313. 58 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,471.27 \\ 21.76 \end{array}$ | 506.24 | $\begin{array}{r} 49.00 \\ 2,406.72 \end{array}$ | 22,518.60 | $1,644.34$ 273.28 |
| 3, 101, 384, 85 | 3, 886, 548.95 | 81, 493, 660: 81 | 4, 192, 499.48 | 48, 839, 218.81 | 23, 230, 479. 18 | 17, 131, 2-5.57 |

Table A.-Statement of Warehouse Transactions at the several Districts and Ports in the United States, etc.-Continued.

## RECAPITULATION.



The merchandise above referred to was forwarded to the following named ports of destination:

| Ports of destination. | 1881. |  |  | 1891. |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pack. ages. | Invoice value. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Estiniated } \\ & \text { duty. } \end{aligned}$ | Pack. ages. | Invoice value. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimated } \\ \text { daty. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Albany, N. Y |  |  |  | 3,739 | \$45, 213. 00 | \$31, 305.16 |
| Atlanta, Go |  |  |  | 236 | 33, 361.56 | 14, 734,.59 |
| Baltimore, M | 2, 523 | \$254,495 | \$138,300. 98 | 6, 991 | 354, 737.57 | 335, 770. 38 |
| Bath, Me | 263 | 24, 392 | 12, 205. 72 | 76 | 7,812.00 | 2,389. 59 |
| Buston, Mass | 16,413 | 1, 064, 439 | 495, 575. 69 | 70, 032 | 2, 232, 411.97 | 2,725, 341.71 |
| Bridgeport, C |  |  |  | 3, 777 | 296, 808.00 | 196, 190.00 |
| Buffato, N, Y | 9,559 | 206, 081 | 140,296. 28 | 24, 059 | 538, 816.03 | 285, 073.49 |
| Burlington, $\overline{\text { V }}$ | 499 | 1,095 | 1,301. 36 | 1,194 | 5,751. 00 | 3, 809:29 |
| Charleston, |  |  |  | 249 | 9,114. 67 | 10, 249. 23 |
| Chicago, ll | 10t, 711 | 4, 298, 328 | 1, 989, 887.65 | 967, 892 | 13,610, 579. 11 | 7, 541, 983.99 |
| Cincinnati, Ol | 19,750 | 1, 391, 006 | 622, 030. 30 | 53,658 | 2, 264, 894. 00 | 1, 415, 610.63 |
| Cleveland, Ohi | 2, 295 | 263, 656 | 120, 530.23 | 27, 957 | 634, 622. 00 | 346, 283.96 |
| Colambus, Ohi |  |  |  | 11, 617 | 171, 410.00 | 74, 468.10 |
| Denver, Col |  |  |  | 10,657 | 254, 289.72 | 129, 052.46 |
| Detroit, Micl | . 7,019 | 258, 954 | 76, 893. 24 | 32, 765 | $528,418.62$ | 552, 558.26 |
| Dubuque, Tow |  |  |  |  | 20,588.00 | 13,401. 45 |
| Dulath, Minu |  |  |  | 213 | 7,825.00 | 6, 150.00 |
| Evansville, Ind |  |  |  | 496 | 11, 719.00 | 6,034. 02 |
| Galveston, Tex |  |  |  | 2,189 | 42,084.00 | $6^{65,16515}$ |
| Georgetown, D. ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 234 | 24,345 | 11, 617.02 | 11,054 | 273, 811.00 | 121, 204. 24 |
| Grand Haven, Mic |  |  |  |  | 4, 873.00 | 2, 925.00 |
| Graud Rapids, Mich |  |  |  | 2,029 | 79, 182.00 | 38,632.73 |
| Hartford, Coun |  |  |  | 6,002 | 494, 386.00 | 269, 935. 73 |
| Indianapolis, Ind | 3. | 508 | 145. 45 | 58,640 | 388, 198.00 | 184, 173. 22 |
| Jacksonville, Fla |  |  |  | 1,898 | 85,739.96 | 48,479.79 |
| Kansas City, |  |  |  | 113,690 | 490, 470. 89 | 203, 477.30 |
| Lincoln. Neb |  |  |  | 207 | 11, 815.00 | 0, 271.80 |
| Louisville, Ky | 4, 178 | 134, 904 | 58, 351.90 | 24, 490 | 571, 118.00 | 565, 231.34 |
| Memphis, Tenn | 120 | 10,342 | 4, 472.05 | 3,662 | 99, 233.00 | 115, 687.31 |
| Middletown, Conn |  |  |  | 10 | 2,107.00 | 1,075.00 |
| Milwaukee, Wis | 11, 127 | 220, 080 | 88, 295. 62 | 76, 294 | 934, 493.46 | 412, 219.55 |
| Minneapolis, Mi |  |  |  | 4,982 | 300, 326. 00 | 166, 378. 20 |
| Mobile, Ala, | 2 | 291 | 281.40 | 282 | $6,993.22$ | 7,849.73 |
| Nashville, Tenn |  |  |  | 202 | 1,394. 60 | 348.00 |
| New Haren, Conn |  |  |  | 2,083 | 154,302.00 | 75, 348.45 |
| New Orlears, La |  |  |  | 13, 034 | 99, 454.00 | 51,481. 70 |
| New York, N. | 15,172 | 258, 114 | 113, 733. 32 | 188, 918 | 3, 571, 128. 33 | 950, 203.54 |
| Norfolk, Va |  |  |  |  | 1,100.00 | , 510.00 |
| Omaha, Nebr |  |  |  | 33, 321 | 278, 799.62 | 101, 916.06 |
| Philadelphia, l? | 16,313 | 1, 283, 207 | 563, 200. 06 | 102,378 | 5, 208, 582. 00 | 4, $600,111.13$ |
| Pittsburg, Pa | 17, 264 | 807, 412 | 232, 238.55 | 92,700 | 810, 692. 00 | 506, 497. 42 |
| Port Huron, Mic |  |  | 30.30 | $\bigcirc 8$ | 756.00 | 425.00 |
| Portland, Me. | 8 | 1,412 | 620.00 | 5, 131 | 48, 1006.00 | 67, 006. 83 |
| Portland, Oregon | 31 | 915 | 374.49 | 5,054 | 127, 986.69 | 171, 726.83 |
| Port Townsend, |  |  |  | 5 | ${ }^{270.00}$ | 135.00 |
| Providence, R. | 18, 923 | 332, 950 | 121, 189.98 | 19,300 | 688, 141. 00 | 404, 734. 36 |
| Richmond, Va |  |  |  | 2,037 | 21, 240.00 | 9, 737. 24 |
| Rochester, N. X | 2, 053 | 209, 784 | 83, 081.41 | 12, 196 | 442, 675. 62 | 316, 255.56 |
| St. Joseph, Mo |  |  |  | 11, 697 | 175, 774. 63 | 82, 424.30 |
| St. Loulis, Mo. | 96, 806 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,88.5,825 \\ 37,825 \end{array}$ | 752, 266.43 | 344,938 | 3, 801, 767.00 | 1,910, 180.77 |
| St. Paul, Minn | 906 | $37,825$ | 15, 048.49 | 31, 495 | 469, 257. 53 | 269, 476. 32 |
| San Antonio, T |  |  |  | 12 | 1,344.00 | 1, 170.00 |
| San Diego, Cal |  |  |  | 204 | 21, 939.00 | 14, 104. 75 |
| San Francisco, Cal. | 7, 552 | 1, 632, 167 | 950, 888. 00 | 122,337 | $3,532,498.00$ | 2,651, 176.72 |
| Sault de Ste. Marie, Mich Savannab, Ga .......... |  |  |  |  | 205.00 | . 125.00 |
| Savannab, Ga |  |  |  | 1,831 | 31, 6 ,071. 25 | :23; $\mathbf{~ 1} 954.21$ |
| Sionx City, Io |  |  |  | 9 | 5, 709.00 | 1,919.76 |
| Springfiela, Mass |  |  |  | 731 | 49, 385. 00 | 29,340.60 |
| Tacoma, Wash |  |  |  | 13 | 945.00 | 800.95 |
| Tampa, Fla |  |  |  | 13, 588 | 462, 034.57 | 276, 913.24 |
| Toledo, Ohio | 139 | 23,578 | 9,612. 05 | 2,777 | 80, 384.00 | 47,246.21 |
| Wilmington, De | 8 | 3,208 | 1,998. 30 | 5,204 | 64, 721.00 | 17,293. 51 |
| Total | 353, 901 | 14, 519,474 | 6, 604, 447. 26 | 2,533,819 | 44, 981, 610.21 | 28, 491, 320.42 |

# REPORT OF THE FIRST AUDITOR. 

## Treasury Department, Firsit Auditor's Office, Washington, October 1, 1891.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of this Bureau for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.

Attention is called to the following exhibits of the business transacted in this office during the year:

RECEIPTS.


DISBURSEMENTS-Continuerl.


DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

| Accounts | s adjusted. | No. of accounts. | Amount, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ext | Jtive. |  |  |
| OFFIC OF THe | he president. |  |  |
| Salaries executive office |  | 12 | \$33, 615, 32 |
| Contifgent expenses |  | 12 | 9, 236. 04 |
| Preventing the spread of epidemic | diseases | 13 | 35, 680.88 |
| Civil Service | e Commission. |  |  |
| Salaries. |  | 12 | 33, 819.05 |
| Traveling expenses |  | 34 | 4,962. 11 |
| Contingent. ..... |  | 5 | 3, 521. 20 |
| Salaries, office of- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Secretary ..... |  | 46 | 585, 524. 11 |
| Superrising Architect |  | 8 | 11, 150.00 |
| Tirst Comptroller. |  | 5 | 88, 039.94 |
| Second Comptroller |  | 5 | 91, 535.43 |
| Second Comptroller, accounts of | ' Soldiers' Home | 4 | 2,698. 57 |
| Commissiouer of Customs |  | 5 | 49, 137.32 |
| First Auditor.. |  |  | 88,323.37 |
| Second Auditor. |  | 11 | 240, 566. 59 |
| Second Auditor, repaiiring rolls. | bounty pay of Indians, soldiers, etc. | 15 | 21, 483.23 |
| Second Auditor, accounts of Sgl |  | 13 | 6,113.53 |
| Third Anditor |  | 5 | 188, 528.13 |
| Fourth Auditor |  |  | 68,831. 95 |
| Fifth Auditor |  |  | 47, 288.65 |
| Sixth Auditor |  | 8 | 531, 422. 48 |
| Treasurer of the United States |  | 5 | 269, 299. 54 |
| Treasurer (national corrency, ye | eim butsable, permanent) | 5 | 63, 716.00 |
| Register ...... |  |  | 173, 583.43 |
| Comptroller of the Currency |  | 5 | 102, 237. 67 |
| Examination of national banks and ld | bank plates | 9 | 369. 92 |
| Salaries: Office of-, |  |  |  |
| Comptroller of Currency, nationa | al currency, reirubursable, pernanent. | 5 | 16, 317.36 |
| Life-Saving Service. |  |  | 46, 602.84 |
| Salaries: Bureau of - |  |  |  |
| Navigation, Treasury Departmen | ent | 9 | 31, 689.76 |
| Statistics........ |  |  | 45, 129.19 |
| Collocting statistics relating to commerce $\ldots$................................ ${ }^{\text {Salaries: }}$. ${ }^{11}$ 5,895.68 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Secret Service Division. |  | 5 | 12, 701.36 |
| Ofte of Supervising Surgeon-Genera, Hatiue-Hospital Service..... |  | 8 | 31, 747.40 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Office of Standard Weights and Measures.............................. |  |  | $12,61.77$ $2,320.45$ |
| Contingent expenses, Office Standard Weights and Measures Salaries Steamboat Inspection Service (permanent) $\qquad$ Contingent expenses Steamboat Inspection Service (permanent) |  | 10 | , 605.43 |
|  |  | 42, 536.21 |  |
|  |  | 1,269 |  |
| Salaries and expenses of special inspectors, foreign steam vessels (permanent) |  |  | 75 | 13, 989.14 |
| Treasury-M | Miscellaneous. |  |  |  |
| Contingent expenses, Treasury Department: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Binding newspapers, etc. |  | 11 | 1, 924.91 |  |
| Investigation of accounts and tra | areling expenses | 7 | 852.99 |  |
| Freight, telegrams, etc |  | 7 | ], 521. 13 |  |
| Rent..... |  | 6 | 5, 459.99 |  |
| Horses, wagons, etc |  | 7 | 3, 983.86 |  |
| Ice |  | 7 | 2, 550.03 |  |
| File holders and cases |  | 7 | 2,160.09 |  |
| Fuel, ete. |  | 7 | 8,090, 95 |  |
| Gas, etc. |  | 8 | 13,683.90 |  |
| Carpots and repairs |  | 8 | 2, 823. 82 |  |
| Furniture, etc |  | 7 | 9, 859.63 |  |
| Contingent expenses, national curredcy; Treasurer's Office, roimbursable (permanent) |  | 8 | 8,965. 54 |  |
|  |  | 21,799.14 |  |  |
| Sealing and separating Uniterl States | es securities, 1890-91...................... |  | 21 | 3,23,278. 108.37 |
| Distinctive paper for United States securities |  | 10 |  |  |
|  |  | 14.5 | 48, 580.57 |  |
| Pay of assistant custodians and janit |  |  | 218, 701.69 |  |
| Fuel, lights, and water for public bui | fildings............................... | 4769 | 783, 511.51 |  |
| Furuiture and repairs of same, public | lic buildings.......................... |  |  |  |
| Inspector of farniture, eto. |  | ( $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 86 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,472.28 \\ 86,291.19 \end{array}$ |  |
| Heating apparatus for publio buildin | ng |  |  |  |

## DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.



20, 948, 513.00
4, 381, 574.82
5, 407, 851.12
4, 424, 601.12
$420,000.00$
476.48
319.08
58.83
537.36
8.75
15.00
$28,500.00$
98.15

513, 499. 28
25, 286. 12
: $2,535.00$
$461,503.25$

DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

$59,692,000.00$
3, 818. 65 $23,067,460.00$ 58, 745, 249.00

DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

| Accounts adjusted. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { accounts. } \end{gathered}$ | Amôunt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expcurive-Continued. <br> treasury department-continued. |  |  |
| Revenue-Cutter Service-Continued. |  |  |
| Revenue steamer for southern coast. | 9 | \$7, 607.81 |
| Refuge station, Point Barrow, Alaska | 10 | 2, 507. 89 |
| Three months' extra pay, Mexican War Revenue Marin | 2 | 96.00 |
| Revenue Marine storehouse, Woods Holl, Mass. |  |  |
| Life-Saving Service. |  |  |
| Life-Saving Service. | 187 | 859, 777. 92 |
| Lstablishing life-saving stations. | , | 844.99 |
| Light-House Establishment. |  |  |
| Salaries, kecpers of light-houses. | 104 | 797, 263.74 |
| Supplies of light-houses. | 180 | 469,311. 93 |
| Repairs of light-houses. | 89 | 377, 244.47 |
| Expeuses of light-vessels. | 107 | 346, 491.54 |
| Expenses of buoyage. |  | 485, 341. 57 |
| Expenses of fog signals. | 66 | 62,362.38 |
| Iuspecting lights. | 12 | 2, 148.77 |
| Lighting of rivers | 105 | 292, 690.97 |
| Construction of light statious, ships, and tenders | 426 | 997, 612. 52 |
| Miscellaneous light-house acconuts. | 27 | 15, 783.04 |

## Public buildings.

Treasury Building, Washington, D. C., repairs
Construction of court-houses and post-offices.
Construction of custom-houses, ete
Construction of appraisers' stores
Construction of marine-hospitals.
Constraction of mints
States jail
Construction of United States jail.......................................
Constraction of Government building for World's Columbian Exposition
Construction of vaults for storage of silver.
Construction and repairs of buildings in Alaska.
Construction of Cape Charles quarantine station
Construction of Delaware Breakwater quarantine station
Construetion of Key West quarantine station
Construction of Port Townsend quarantine station
Construction of San Diego quarantine station
Construction of South Atlantic quarantine station
Constraction of San Francisco quarantine station
Removal of quarantine station from Ship Island
Improving Ellis Island, New York Harbor, for immigration purposes.
Repairs and preservation of public buildings.
Purcbase of property sonthwest corner B street and New Jersey avenue, sontheast
Parcbase of property northwest corner B street and Ne Jersey avenue, northwest

## Fish Commission.

Propagation of food fishes

Smithsonian Institution.
North A merican Ethnology
Purchase of the Caprou collection of Japanese works of art.
Expenses of the Smithsonian Institution.
Payment to the daughters of Joseph Henry.......
Duties on articles imported for National Museum
Independent treasury.
Salaries, office of assistant treasurer-
Ballimore, Md
Roston, Mass
21, 510.30
37, 910.00
25, 827.90
16, 560. 00
18.087. 22

180, 956. 83
86, 346.24

DISBURSEMEN'IS-Continued.


No. of
accounts.
Amount. ccounts
$\$ 17,860.00$
27, 120.00
5, 828.43
64, 509.36
649, 350, 442.09
11, 260.27

28, 083. 90
8, 649.81
$10,221.99$

- 1, 115, 534. 66

104, 174, 770. 66
137, 780.23
$48,580.57$
19, 769. 35
16, 034. 66
188, 905.22
228, 937.92
$1,678.25$

21, 813. 14
13, 550, 85
345.62

7, 560. 66
519.23

28, 747.97
18, 192. 87
16, 166. 60
$5,325.37$
58, 888. 64
6, 018.74
2.5, 000.00

9, 158. 30
26, 743.48
25,933. 72
29, 221.25
2, 954, 44
37, 770.39
37,540.68

113, 366. 69
42, 003.81
933, 152. 72
409, 425. 66
16, 455. 35
615, 112.6
190, 140.80
412, 177. 47
166, 641.30
19, 040.34
48, 445.93
16, 984.38
52, 41030
13, 952.65
18,050 . 35
49, 601. 3 1
190, 615. 17
161, 665. 66
5, 903.35
86, 875. 01
2, 629,86
25, 187. 60
8, 421. 74
14, 890.95
7,362. 18
486.50

DISBURsEMENTS-Continued.


## * war department.

Salaries, office of
Secretary
Record and Pension Division
Adjutant-General
Inspector-Genera
Jndge-Advocate-Geveral
Salaries, Sigual Office
104, 684. 94
674, 328.40
345, 187. 54
5, 396. 68
14, 225. 12
152, 876.86
1555,758. 56
41, 714.50
267, 146. 28
42. 646.02
$44,694.15$
22, 983. 30
28, 621.17
3.), 827. 54

3,750.00
62, 634.23
.58,'515. 59
], 430.00


Salaries. office of superintendent State, War, and Navy Department building

| 4 | 117, 925.02 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 43, 199.32 |
| 8 | 7,758.42 |
| 5 | - 1,015.61 |
| 9 | 10, 925.70 |
| 2 | 31, 888.43 |
| 12 | 17,510.76 |
| 9 | 18,112. 12 |
| 4 | 38, 586.64 |
| 14 | 622, 469.31 |
| 4 | 47, 124, 49 |
| 4 | 10, 359.72 |
| 4 | 9,070. 98 |
| 4 | 22, 046.46 |
| 4 | 13, 866. 14 |
| 5 | 23, 638.44 |
| 4 | 45, 801.44 |
| 3 | 900.00 |
| 10 | 44, 649: 75 |
| 4 | 20, 520.00 |
| 9 | 9, 589.52 |
| 4 | 10, 992. 92 |
| 4 | 13,930. 55 |
| 4 | 10,512.72 |
| 4 | 37, 699.69 |
| 4 | 10,686.72 |
| 4 | 10,642. 30 |
| 8 | 3,405.93 |
| 10 | 13, 049.60 |

218, 238.95
1,680.00
225, 609. 16
551.20

20, 208.27
2, 200.00
153, 693.09
2, 278.26
534, 622.20
4, 188. 62
$592 . \div 5$
13, 297.76
144.35

96, 977. 30
890, 182.55
309, 799. 60
204, 807. 70
173, 793. 46
659, 498, 50
46, 446. 20
431.74

2,731. 18
1, 028. 90
10, 815.00
2,249. 60

DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

| Accounts adjusted. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { accounts. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Armount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exrcumive-Continued. <br> departhent of the interion-continued. |  |  |
| Salaries, offlice or- |  |  |
| Architect of Capitol. | 3 | \$14 403.00 |
| Geological Survey.. | 12 | $34,644.60$ |
| Contingent expenses, Land Office | , | $5,833.29$ |
| Public buildings and grounds. |  |  |
| Repairs of building, Department of the Interior | 5 | 6,430.43 |
| Annnal repairs of the Capitol. | - 4 | 27, 286.58 |
| Improving the Capitol Grounds | - 4 | 16, 355.37 |
| Lighting the Capitol Grounds.. | 5 | 27, 403.64 |
| Capitol terraces | 3 | 44, 030.92 |
| Fire proof building for Pension office | 3 | 1,705. 38 |
| Ventilation, Senate wing, Capitol | 1 | 34. 47 |
| Ventilation, House of Representatives | 1 | 187. 40 |
| Ventilation. Supreme Court Room, Capitol | 4 | 533.39 |
| Electric-light plant, Senate. | 3 | 2, 916.73 |
| Elevator, House of Representatives | 3 | 265.51 |
| Steam boilers, Senate and House of Representatives | 4 | 793.87 |
| West elievator, Semate | $\bigcirc$ | 3,452.00 |
| Repairs Government Hospital for the Insane | 9 | 10, 443.40 |
| Construction of Penitentiaries | - 8 | 37, 029.85 |
| Sundry Public Buildings | 12 | 3, 993. 19 |
| Reservoirs for drinking water, Capitol | 1 | 110.50 |
| Monument to commemorate Revolutionary Battle of Benningtou | 1 | 14, 000.00 |
| Beneficiaries. |  |  |
| Current expenses: |  |  |
| Government Hospital for the Insane | 13 | 331,817. 61 |
| Goverument Hospital for the Insane, Buildings and Ground | 13 | 46, 929.52 |
| Colunbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb | 9 | 67, 660.59 |
| Howard University | 5 | 28, 943.58 |
| Howard University Buildings | 2 | 3,400.10 |
| Support of Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum | 8 | 88, 893. 11 |
| Maryland Institution for the Instruction of the Blind | 4 | 6,575.00 |
| Industrial Home Utah........................ | 17 | 10,313.49 |
| Interior-Miscellaneous.* |  |  |
| Distribution of Reports of the Supreme Court |  | 2,280.00 |
| Education of children in Alaska |  | 41, 605. 16 |
| Colleges for Agricnltare and Mechanic Arts | 73 | 1, 129, 000.00 |
| Relief of Alice E. Robertson. | 1 | 2.800.00 |
| Salarios and expenses Supreme Court Reporter | 5 | 8,400.00 |
| Public land service. |  |  |
| Depredations on public timber | 5 | 78,077.15 |
| Protecting public lands .... | 4 | 86, 840.71 |
| Settlement of claims for swamp lands, etc. | 5 | 12,514.48 |
| Reproducing plats of surveys, General Land Ofice | 5 | $2,080.72$ $12,129.75$ |
| Preservation of abaudoned military reservations | 1 | 12, 525.01 |
| Appraisement and sale of abandoned military reservations | 3 | 1,115.00 |
| Surveying public lands. |  |  |
| Surroying the public lands | 4 | 15,329. 59 |
| Geolegical Survey | 196. | 582, 221. 42 |
| Geological maps of the United States | 18 | 27, 658.30 |
| Protection and improvement of Hot Springs, Ark | 8 | 41, 875.71 |
| Water and ground rents, Hot Springs, Ark | 4 | 18,703.65 |
| Revenues, Yellowstone National Park | 3 | 1,397. 10 |
| Department of Labor. |  |  |
| Salaries | 13 | 48, 878. 55 |
| Library | 12 | 728.50 |
| Stationewy | 3 | 296.28 |
| Postage to Postal Union countries | 6 7 | $\begin{array}{r}300.00 \\ 4 \\ \hline 889 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 10 | 27, 197. 57 |
| Contingent expenses | 9 | 1,155. 37 |
| Investigation of Industrial and Technical school systems of the States and Foreign countries. | 3 | 383.50 |
| POSt-office drpartment. |  |  |
| Salaries | 5 | 731, 852.27 |
| Deficiency in the postal revenues. | 4 | 4, 741, 727.08 |

DISBURSEMEN'IS-Continued.


DISBURSEMENTS-Continued.

| Accounts adjusted. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { No. of } \\ \text { accounts. }\end{gathered}\right.$ | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Executive--Continued. |  | - |
| jumilat-continued. |  |  |
| Onited States Courts. |  |  |
| Fees and expenses of marshals. | 1, 272 | \$1, 362, 104. 61 |
| Fees of district attorneys | 655 | 417, 374.74 |
| Special compensation of district attorneys United | 51 | 19, 240.70 |
| Pay of assistant attocneys | 75 | 64, 219.63 |
| Fees of-- |  |  |
| Clerks......... | 903 2, 103 | $\begin{aligned} & 305,598.98 \\ & 197,53449 \end{aligned}$ |
| Jurors | 640 | 747, 897. 44 |
| Witnesses | 925 | 1, 264, 549.10 |
| Support of prisoners. | 615 | 522, 135.89 |
| Rent of court rooms | 283 | 89, 291. 54 |
| Miscellaneous expenses. | 837 | $26,710.35$ |
| Fues of supervisors of elections | 1,001 | 502, 283. 26 |
| Fiues and lorfoitures |  | 18,812.99 |
| Judicial emoluments | 202 | 1,088, 099. 87 |
| Fines etc., district court, Alask | 10 | 25,745. 60 |
| Pay of bailifts ................ | 666 | 292, 072.81 |
| Total disbursements | 33, 592 | 1,201, 513, 909.85 |
| Grand total, receipts and disbursements | 36,580 | 2, 186, 531, 521. 04 |
| Number of certificates indexed ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 14, 110 |
| Number of letters indexed |  | . 4,214 |
| Number of certificates recorded |  | 17, 195 |
| Number of letters press copied |  | . 4,214 |
| Number of powers of atton iney for collection of in tered, and filed | t examin | $\text { d, regis. } 2,044$ |
| Requisitions answered. |  | 4,863 |
| Accounts, letters, etc., received and entered |  | 58, 054 |
| Number of references to other offices |  | 2,011 |
| Number of powers of attorney entered and referred |  | 603 |
| Number of acknowledgments |  | 4,841 |
| Number of letters written |  | 3,874 |
| Nuraber of warrants received and entered |  | 6, 929 |
| Certificates of authority furaished..... |  | 431 |

## Sumary Statement of the Work of the Office as shown by time Reponts of the various Divisions.

## CUSTOMS DIVISION.

(Andits the Acconnts of Collectors of Customs for Receipts of Customs Revenne, and Disbursements for the Expenses of Collocting the same, and also iucluying Accounts of Collectors, for Receipts and Disbursements in conuction with the Revenue-Cuitrr, Fines. Light-house, and Marine Hos. pital Servicea, with Accounts for Official Emoluments, Debantures, Refinuds of Duties, Sales of Old Materials, and Miscellaneous Dislursements]

|  | $\underset{\text { accounts. }}{\text { No. of }}$ | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\text { Disbursements }}{\text { Recripts..... }}$ | 2,821 7,972 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 199,833,802.76 \\ 2,407,448,46 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 10,793 | 222, 241, 25 L .22 |

## JUDICIARY DIVISION.

[Audits the Acconnts of District Attorneys, Marshals; Clerks, and Commissioners; Rents, and Miscellaneous Court A ccounts.]

| . | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. of } \\ \text { accounts. } \end{array}$ | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disbursement | 11,724 | \$7.467, 885. 23 |

## Summary Statement of the Work of the Office as shown by the Reports of the various Divisions-Continued. <br> PUBLIC DEBT DIVISION. <br> [A udits all Accounts for Payment of Interest on the Public Debt, both Registered Stock and Coupon Bonds, Interest on District of Columbia Bonds, Pacific Railroad Bonds, Louisville and Portland Canal Bonds, Navy Pension Fund, Redemption of United States and District of Columbia Bouds, Redemption of Coin and Currency Certificates, Old Notes and Bonny Scrip, and Accounts for Notes and Fractional Currency destroyed.]


[Audits A ccounts of District of Columbia, Salaries and Contingent Expenses Executive Departments,
Fish Commission, Weather Bureand Life-Saving Service, Public Printing and Binding, Senate and House of Representatives, Outstanding Liabilities, Bonded and Land-Grant Railroads. Coast and Geodetic aud Geological Surveys, Congressional Library. Judgments of the Court of Claims, Postal Requisitions, and a vast number of miscellaneous acconits.]

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { accounts. } \end{gathered}$ | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts <br> Disbursements..... |  | $\begin{array}{r}51 \\ 6,228 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5,034,479.93 \\ & 33,136,474.34 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total... | ............... | 6,279 | 38,170, 954.27 |
| division | OF mints and subtreasurie |  |  |

IAudits Accomnts of Mints and Assay Offices, Construction and Care of Public Buildings, United
States Treasurer, Light-Honse Establishment, Burean of Eugraving and Printing, L'erritorial, Independent Treasury, Mariue Hospital, Steauboat Inspection Service, Hospitals for the Insane aud Deaf and Dumb, etc. 1


## WARRGOUSE AND BOND DIVISION.

## Statement of Transactions in Bonded Merchandise, as Shown by Accounts adjusted during the Fiscal Year ending June 30 , 1891.

| Number of accounts adjusted Number of accounts of "No transactions" received, examined | $\begin{array}{r} 1,170 \\ \quad 446 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Balance of duties on merchaudise in warehouse per last report | \$15, 094, 223. 73 |
| Duties con merchandise warehoused | 102, 174, 819.95 |
| Duties on merchandise rewarehoused | 4, 378, 717.54 |
| Duties on merchandise constructively warehoused | 42, 876, 705.54 |
| Increased and additional duties, eto | 2, 435, 414.79 |
| Total. | \$166, 959, 881.55 |
| Contra. |  |
| Dutioa on merchandise withdrawn for consumption | \$88, 006, 512.92 |
| Duties on merchandise withdrawn for transportation | 3, 999, 893.51 |
| Duties on merchandise withdrawn for exportation | 42, 278, 949.15 |
| Allowances for deficiencies, damages, etc | 13, 306, 872.29 |
| Duties on withdrawals for construction and repair of vessels | 31, 237. 64 |
| Duties on bonds delivered to district attorneys for prosecution. | 977.33 |
| Balance of duties on merchapdise in warehouse | 19, 335, 438.71 |
| Total | 166, 959, 881.55 |

## RECAPITULATION.

|  | No. of accounts. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customs division: Total receipts and disbursements | 10,793 | \$222, 241, 251.22 |
| Judiciary division: Total disbursements. | 11, 724 | 7, 467, 885. 23 |
| Pablic Debt division: Total. | 616 | 359, 547, 760. 65 |
| Miscellaneous division: Total receipts and disbursements | 6,279 | 38, 170, 954. 27 |
| Division of mints and subtreasuries: Total receipts and disbursements. . | 7,138 | 1,559, 109, 669.67 |
| Grand total, receipts and disbursements ............................... | 36,580 | \$2, 186, 531, 521.04 |
| Warehouse and boud division : Amount involved |  | 166, 959, 881.55 |



The foregoing exhibit shows the immense volume of business transacted in this office during the fiscal year 1891. It is not thought necessary to call special attention in this connection to the entirely inadequate force allowed by law for the transaction of the constantly increasing business of this office, as that matter bas been fully and specifically set forth in letter addressed to you under date of September 21, 1891, transmitting estimates for appropriations for this office, íscal year 1893. Allow me to commend to sour favorable notice the personnel of this office, for faith ful, intelligent, and exceedingly laborious services rendered during the past year.

Very respectfully,

Geo. P. Fisher, First Auditor.

The Segretáry of the Treasury.
(No. 10.)

## REPORT OF THE SECOND AUDITOR.

Treasury Department,
SECOND AUditOR's Office, Washington, D. C., October 16, 1891.
Sir: As required by section 283 , Revised Statutes, I have the honor to submit a statement of the application of moneys appropriated for the Indian service, and for those branches of the military service the accounts of which are adjusted by the Second Auditor. I also furnish, in compliance with your request of the 2 ll ultimo, a report of the work performed during the fiscal year 1891, and a statement showing the condition of public business at the close of said year:

A brief synopsis of the work assigned to it is prefixed to the detailed report of each division of the office.

## BOOKKEEPERS' DIVİ̇ION.

This division keeps a journal and ledger record of all disbursing officers' accounts and of all claims (except claims for arrears of pay and bounty) which come within the jurisdiction of the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller; also ledger accounts of the various appropriations involved in said accounts and claims. All requisitions issued by the Secretary of the Interior on Indian account, and such requisitions of the Secretary of War as are chargeable to appropriations on the book of this office, are registered, indexed, and posted under their proper heads. Claims of heirs of deceased pavees of paymasters' checks are adjusted in this division and a record is kept of valuable effects of deceased soldiers. Certificates are issued as to the indebtedness or nonindebtedness of claimants, and claims for pay, etc., in cases where the claimants are charged on the books of this office, or on the Third Auditor's books, are referred to the bookkeeper for settlement. A proper record is kept of suits pending against the United States in the Court of Claims and in the circuit and district courts of the United States, in cases where notice is received that such suits have been entered, and all information, copies of documents, etc., required by the courts or the Attorney-General in army cases are furnished by this division (calls for information, etc., in Indian cases are attended to by the Indian division). The annulal report of the Anditor, annual and other estimates, and, generally, such reports as may be called for by Cougress, are prepared by the bookkeeper.

## APPLICATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

The application of moneys appropriated for the Indian service, the Medical Departnent, Pay Department, Ordnance Department, expenses of the Commanding General's Office, contingencies of the AdjutantGeneral's Office, the Soldiers' Home, the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, the Artillery School at Fortress Monroe, publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion, contingencies of the military establishment, etc., is indicated by the subjoined tabular statements of amonnts drawn from the Treasury on requisitions of the Secretary of War and Secretary of the Interior, repayments of nuexpended balances, and aggregate balances remaining in the Treasury on June 30, 1891.

| Appropriations. | Drafts | Repayments. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Appropriations for the War Department. |  |  |
| Ammunition for morning and evening guns | \$32,953.67 | \$77.01 |
| Appliances for disabled soldiers | 2, 250. 00 | 104.9 |
| Armament of fortifications | 778, 325.70 | 1, 445.33 |
| Arming and equipping the | 366, 174. 66 | 3,777.17 |
| Ammy gin factory, Watervliet Arsenal | 213, 478.29 |  |
| Army Medical Museum | 5,000.00 |  |
| Artificial limbs.. | $520,064.42$ 5,00 | 4, 479.42 |
| Artillery School, Fortress Mooroo, V | 5, 000.00 |  |
| Augusta Arsenal, Augasia, Ga | 3,000.00 |  |
| Benicia Arsenal, Benicia, Cal | 3, 000.00 |  |
| Board on Army gun factorie | 1,000. 03 | 907.40 |
| Bounty to volunteers and their widows and lega | 516, 847. 34 | 18, 9446.92 |
| Bounty under act of July 28.1860 | $58,843.44$ | 420.00 |
| Contingencies of the Adjutant-General's Depa | 16888. 00 | 18.80 |
| Contingencies of the Army | 16,580. 57 |  |
| Contingencies of the Inspector.General's Department Colunbia Arsenal, Columbia, Tenn............... | 500.10 |  |
| Colunbia Arsenal, Columbia, Tenn, | 109, 373.53 |  |
| Expenses of Commauding General's Olfice | 1, 750.00 |  |
| Expenses of military convicts | 5, 889. 36 |  |
| Expenses of recruiting ................................ | 105, 402. 48 | 643.41 |
| Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican Frankford A Psenal, Philadelphia, Pa................... | 2,503. 00 | 18.90 |
| Frankford APsena, Philadelphia, Pa................ | 6, 000.00 |  |
| Library, Surgeon-General's Ofice. | 10,000.00 |  |
| Manufacture of arms. | 606, 226. 03 | 197, 727.21 |
| Medical and Hospital Departme | 219, 942.81 | 40, 861. 04 |
| Ordnance material, proceeds of sa | 16, 113.07 | 803.62 |
| Orinance service | 80,453.06 | 321.07 |
| Ordoance stores. | 353, 945. 28 | 8,398. 31 |
| Oritnance stores for Washing | 18, 526. 61 |  |
| Pay, etc., of the Army | 13, 219, 887. 02 | 135, 789.84 |
| Pay of Military Academy | 207, 00339 | 486.73 |
| Pay of 2 and 3 year volunteers | 790, 979. 83 | 31, 302.70 |
| Powder and projectiles, procceds of sales | 597. 85 |  |
| Proving ground, Sandy Hook, New Jorsey. | 4,283. 00 |  |
| Publication of Official Records of the War of the R | 199, 560.38 |  |
| Relief of sundry persons | 79.771. 35 |  |
| Repairs of arsenals | 50.000.00 | 1.41 |
| Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill | 117, 712. 23 |  |
| Rock Island bridge, Rock Island, Ill | 92, 372. 81 |  |
| Signal Service, medical departme | 381.73 |  |
| Signal Service pay | 61, 409.49 | 7,397, 18 |
| Soldiers' Home, permauent fund | 208, 330.00 |  |
| Soldiers'Home, interest account | 69, 830.93 |  |
| State or Territorial homes for disabled volunteer | 481, 822.42 |  |
| Springfield Arsenal, Sprivgield, Mass | 47, 000.00 |  |
| Support of Soldiers' Howe | 308, 624.26 | 165.8 |
| Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers | 2,756, 765.45 | 156, 176. 50 |
| Tlesting machine | 10,000.00 |  |
| Trusses for disabled soldiers | $10,003.00$ |  |
| Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass | 7, 500. 00 |  |
| Watersliet A rsenal, West Tros, N. Y | 33, 027.00 |  |
| Miscellaneous items | 1,291.94* | 3,446. 70 |
| Total drafte and repayments on acconnt of War Department appropriations | 22, 835, 785.40 | 613,719.44 |



## The miscellaneous work of the bookkeeper's division consisted of-

Requisitions registered, indexed, journalized, and posted ..... 5,740
Settlements journalized, and posted. ..... 4,469
Settlements made in the division, chiefly to adjust appropriations and close accounts ..... 292
Certificates of deposit listed and indexed ..... 985
Repay requisitions prepared for the War and Interior Departments ..... 443
Appropriation warrants recorded and posted ..... 56
Certificates of non-indebtedness issued in cases of officers and enlisted men. ..... 7,108
Claims of legal representatives of deceased payees of checks examined and ad-justed180
Letters written ..... 3, 096
Bonds of disbursing officers recorded ..... 84
The amount drawn from the Treasury on settlements was $\$ 295,414.94$,including the following sums on Soldiers' Home account:

Withdrawn from the "permanent fund" of the Soldiers' Home and paid to the treasurer of said home to meet current expenses (section 8, actof March 3, 1883, 22 Stats., 565) aud payments on account of buildingimprovements
$\$ 208,330.00$

The adjustment of claims presented by the heirs of deceased payees of checks for arrears of pay and bounty involves a large amount of correspondence. Under current rulings, if a claimant dies after the certification of his claim the balance due belongs to his estate and is payable to his legal representatives or heirs at law. If he dies prior to the settlement of his claim the arrears of pay, and such bounty as he had actually earned, go to his estate or heirs at law, but other classes of bounty go only to statutory heirs. As this office is rarely notified of the death of claimants whose cases are pending it frequently happens that balances are certified and checks issued in favor of deceased payees for bounty to which their heirs are either not entitled at all or are entitled to only a portion thereof. Hence new adjustments have to be made, based upon the facts and evidence presented by those claiming as heirs of the soldier or as heirs of the payee of a check, as the case may be.

## PAYMASTER'S DIVISION.

The duties of this division are to audit and adjust the accounts of army paymasters; to state accounts in favor of the Soldiers' Home for. the monthly contributions of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ cents by enlisted men of the Army. court-martial fines, forfeitures by desertion, etc.; to keep a record of deposits by and repayments to enlisted men, to determine the longevity status of officers of the Army, to raise charges against officers for overpayments, erroneous musters, etc.; to transfer to the Third Auditor's books such amounts collected by paymasters as have not already been deposited and passed to the credit of the proper appropriations on books of the Second and Third Auditors, and to make such settlements, of a miscellaneous character, as are incidental to the geueral work of the division.

The work performed during the year is shown by the following figures:
Number of accounts on hand Jnly 1, 1890 ..................................................... 120
Received from the Paymaster-General during the fiscal year $1891 . . . . . .$.
Total to be acconnted for..................................................................... 46 $\theta$
Number of accounts examined, stated, and transmitted to the Second Comptroller. 422
On hand June 30, 1891 68

The records of 43 officers have been examined for the purpose of establishing dates on which longevity pay accrued under acts of June 18, 1878, and Febriuary 24, 1851, and the decisions of the Supreme Oourt in the cases of the United States vs. Tyler and United States vs. Morton.
The record of deposits by enlisted men, under act of May 15,1872, shows that 5,973 deposits were made since last report, amounting to $\$ 344,259.37$, and that 8,093 deposits, a mounting to $\$ 494,495.26$, have been withdrawn, upon which the depositors received \$48,941.63 interest.

The amount involved in 422 paymasters' accounts and 192 miscellaneous settlements was $\$ 15,141,186.06$, as follows:


Letters written
On June, 30, 1891, the accounts of paymasters were rendered to this office to include February, 1891; audited to include December, 1890, and confirmed by the Second Comptroller to include September, 1890. Thirty six paymasters were on duty, so that the 68 monthly accounts on hand, unsettled, represent a period of about 2 months. The adjustment of this class of accounts is more nearly up to date than it has been since 1861, although it involves considerably more work than formeriy, for the reason that the accounts of deserters at large are now settled in this division and the amounts forfeited by their desertion ascertained in the current examination of paymasters' accounts instead of being left for future consideration.

## ORDNANCE, MEDICAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

With the exception of paymasters' accounts, all army disbursing accounts rendered to the Second Anditor are audited in this division; also the accounts of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, and the military accounts of the disbursing clerk of the War Department; also claims of a miscellaneous character, namely, claims under special acts of Congress; claims for material furnished the Ordnance Department; for refundment of bounty money taten from soldiers under General Orders 305 of 1864 ; for refundment of money erroneonsly paid to secure exemption from draft, etc. The book records of payments to officers of the regular and volunteer armies are kept in this division, and transcripts from said records are furnished when required by other divisions. It also has charge of the files of settled ordnance, medical, and miscellaneous accounts from 1817 to date.

The following is a record of work performed during the fiscal year 1891:

| - | Ordnance accounts. | Medical. accounts. | Miscellaneous accounts. | Claims. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| On hand Jnly 1, 1890.. | 55 | 101 | 38 | 72 | 266 |
| Received during the fiscal year | 489 | 289 | 206 | 330 | 1,314 |
| Total. | 544 | 390 | 244 | 402 | 1, 580 |
| Audited during the year .......................... | 521 | 349 | 233 | 335 | 1,438 |
| On hand June 30, 1891.............................. | 23 | 41 | 11 | 67 | 142 |

The amount involved in 1,438 accounts and claims disposed of was $\$ 6,356,516.79$, as follows:

Contingencies of the Army, publication of Official Records of the War of the Rebellion, expenses of military convicts, expenses of the Commanding General's office, contingencies ot the Adjutant-General's Department, special acts of relief, Artillery School at Fortress Monroe, Infantry and Cavalry School at Fort Leavenworth

258, 179. 53
Expenses of recruiting, local bounty claims, etc.............................. $68,597,52$
Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers..................... 3, 153, 186.44

## Total

6,356,516.79
Number of vouchers examined ..... 29, 660
Payment to officers recorded. ..... 37,304Payments to officers reported to other divisions for use in settlementof clains
Letters written. ..... 10,548
Payments of advance bounty reported to other divisions for use in set- tlement of claims. ..... 3.726

The accounts of the National Fome for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers have been examined to include June 30, 1890. All other disbursing accounts are practically up to date.

## INDIAN DIVISION.

The general duties of the Indian division are to audit the money accounts of Indian agents and other disbursing officers of the Indian service, and the claims of contractors, employés, etc., for supplies furnished and services rendered; also to examine and finally dispose of the property accounts of Indian disbursing officers, and to keep recorrls of contracts for supplies and deliveries thereunder, so that any article can be readily traced from the place of purchase to its destination. This division has charge of the files of settled accounts and clains pertaiuing to the Indian service and furnishes to the Attorney General and to the proper courts such information and documentary evidence as may be found in said files touching suits against the United States. It also makes transcripts of the accounts of Indian disbursing officers in cases where it is necessary to bring suit for balances found due the Government.

The work of the division is indicated by the following statements:

|  |  | Money accounts. | Property accounts. | Claims. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On hand July 1, 1890. |  | 439 | 386 | 17 |
| Received during the year |  | 1,012 | 824 | 3,702 |
| Total |  | 1,451 | 1. 210 | 3,719 |
| Andited and reported to the Second Com | mptroller | 1, 020 | 813 | 3,687 |
| On hand Juine 30, 1891. |  | 431 | 397 | 32 |
| Disbursements allowed on the examinat | tion of accounts | \$3,098, 521.46 |  |  |
| Amount of claims allowed . . . . . . . . . . |  | 4,753, 957.79 |  |  |
| I'otal amount of disbursements a | nlowed. | 7, 852,479.25 |  |  |

The term "accounts" as above used includes both the quarterly accounts rendered by disbursing officers aud the "explanations" filed by them in modification thereof to remove items suspended in settlement. The following analysis is therefore added to exhibit the status of each of these species of accounts on June 30, 1891:


The number of quarterly accounts on hand July 1, 1890, was, cash, 266 ; property, 249. The examinations are therefore more nearly up to date than then; a result very gratifying, as the work of the division has been greatly retarded by the backward condition of the Indian service, conseqnent on the lateness of the date at which the appropriations for the fiscal year 1891 were made, occasioning a corresponding delay in the completion of contracts.

The number of accounts of all kinds on hand June 30, 1891, was 860 , against 842 on June 30, 1890, and the number settled in 1891 was 5,520 , against 5,173 in 1890. Thus it appears that though there are on hand, of all classes of accounts, 18 more than a year ago, yet the division made 347 more settlementts than last year. When the newer members of the force shall have acquired a little more experience there will be no difficulty in bringing the settlements as nearly up to date as practicable.
The accounts of 136 disbursing officers are now in the current files, so that the unsettled accounts average but one and a half quarters ( $4 \frac{1}{2}$ months) for each officer. With the present clerical force it is believed that next year's work will result in very materially reducing the arrears, if not in completely removing th m .

The number of leiters written was 3,829 ; pages copied, 3,770 . Transcripts and information have been furnished to the Court of Claims in 23 cases, and to the Attorney General and Solicitor of the Treasury in 4 cases.

## PAY AND BOUNTY DIVISION.

To properly consider and dispose of the large amount of business devolving upon it this division is practically subdivided into six branches, or sections, namely :
(1) The registering branch, by which all claims for arrears of pay and bounty that have accrued since April 13, 1861, are received, registered according to regiments or other independent organizations, and sent to the files of claims awaiting examination. After being certified by the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller, the claims again pass through this branch in order that the number of the certificates may be entered on the clains' register, thus completing the record. Letters of inquiry concerning claims either settled or pending are neeessarily referred to this branch for information as to date of filing, number of certificate, \&c.
(2) The examining branch, by which such evidence as may be neces. sary to complete claims is collected and scrutinized. When completed, if there appears to be anything due from the United States, the cases, after passiug the board of review, go to the settling branch for adjustment. In cases where formal settlements have not previonsly been made, and it is evident that nothing is due the claimants, settlements disallowing the claims are made in this branch and reported to the Comptroller for his action thereon as required by law. In cases where formal settlements have already been made and it is apparent that nothing further is due, claimants are so notified and the papers are filed with said settlements.
(3) The settling branch, by which all claims passed by the examining branch and reported correct by the board of review are formally adjusted by certificate settlements and reported to the Second Comptroller.
(4) The correspondence branch, in which inquiries relating to settled claims, and all letters from members of Congress in regard to claims, whether open or settled, are answered, and the miscellaneous correspondence attended to, including the writing of letters to claimants and attorneys notifying them of the settlement of their claims. This branch also transmits certificates to the Paymaster-General for payment, and keeps the necessary records showing under what heads of appropriations balances bave been certified.
(5) Branch in charge of open and disallowed files.-These files consist of claims awaiting evidence to be furnished by claimants and attorneys, claims awaiting action by the examining and settling branches, claims summarily disallowed by the Anditor prior to January 1, 1882, and not since called up, and claims which have not been completed by the parties in interest and are regarded as abaudoned.
(6) Branch in charge of files of settled claims.-These files consist of claims for arrears of pay and bounty which have been formally certified by the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller since 1832.

The following is a record of last year's work:
Examining Branch.

| Classes of claims. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Claims } \\ \text { pending } \\ \text { Jnly } 1, \\ 1890 . \end{gathered}$ | New clainns received. | Old claims revived. | Sent to settling branch. | Disallowed. | Re. ferred elsewhere. | Claims pending June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White soldiers. |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Commissioned officers and enlisted men subsequent to April 13, 1861, arrears of pay and all bounties. $\qquad$ | 42, 617 | 19,628 | 3,729 | 8,799 | 11,736 | 3,671 | 41,798 |
| - Colored soldiers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arrears of pay and bounty............... | 14, 000. | 6,137 | 310 | 962 | 1,055 | 5,053 | 13,377 |
| Total. | 56,647 | 25, 665 | 4, 039 | 9,761 | 12,791 | 8,724 | 55, 175 |

Settling Branch.


The amount involved in 9,281 claims audited and allowed was $\$ 1,190,892.72$; number of vouchers examined in connection with the adjustment of claims, $24 \overline{5}, 909$; number of letters written and mailed during the year, 171,932.

With regard to the claims reported as "referred elsewhere" (8,724 and $429=9,153$ ) it should be explained that three classes are included under this head, namely, (1) claims which are actually sent out of the office or referred to other divisious; (2) claims that have already been formally settled, leaving nothing more due to the claimant-the claim. ant is so notified and the papers are filed with the settlement; (3) claims that have been suspended for more than 3 years for material evidence required to complete the cases, and in which no reply has been received from the claimant or attorney. Cases of the latter class, which constitute the majority of those reported as "referred elsewhere" are regarded as abandoned and are tranisferred to the disallowed files. Some of these may, eventually, be revived by the receipt of nem evidence, but the great mass of them will never be disturbed.

Of the 58,237 pending June $30,1891,46,771$ were origiaal claims, the remainder being cases in which settlements bave heretofore been made, but which have been practically reopened under recent laws, and cases already settled, in which new applications have been filed by the soldiers or their heirs.

## division for investigation of fraud.

It is the duty of this division to examine and investigate all cases in which fraud, forgery, unlawful personation of claimants and witnesses, disputed questions of heirship and identity, irregular practices of attorneys, etc., are involved, and to take the necessary steps, through the officers of the Department of Justice, to recover any moneys that may have been improperly drawn from the Treasury and to punish the offenders.
The number of cases on hand June 30, 1890, was 1,995 ; number referred to the division during the year, 1,106 ; making a total of 3,101 cases for consideration; 1,686 have been disposed of, leaving 1,415 cases on hand June 30, 1891, as follows:
Cases of white soldiers in which settlements have already been made by the accounting officers ..... 150
Cases of white soldiers in which settlements have not been made ..... 45
Cases of colored soldiers settled ..... 880
Cases of colored soldiers unsettled ..... 340
Total ..... 1,415

During the zear 18 cases were prepared for United States courts and 63 for the secret service division of the Treasury Department. Abstracts of facts were made in 303 cases.

The sum of $\$ 333.16$ was recovered from persons to whom it had been improperly paid; judgments were obtained for \$345.92, and fines were imposed by United States courts amounting to $\$ 1,000$. Letters written, 6,792.

## PROPERTY DIVISION.

This division examines and settles all accounts of clotbing, camp and garrison equipage, and has charge of the files of such accounts, both settled and unsettled. Said accounts are not reported to the Second Comptroller; therefore the action of the property division is final. On the call of the pay and bounty division and the Third Auditor, and on the request of the officer concerued or his representative, this division issues certificates as to the indebtedness or nonindebtedness of officers who served in the armies of the United States, both regular and volunteer, since the organization of this office in 1817 . These certificates cover all accountability for ordnance, ordnance stores, etc., up to 1871, and all responsibility for clothing, camp aud garrison equipage. It is a part of the duty of this division to see that ofticers of the Army who fail to satisfactorily account for any article embraced in their returns of clothing, etc., promptly pay the value thereof.

As about 1,200 officers render quarterly returns of clothing, etc., the number on hand is equivalent to $1 \frac{1}{3}$ returus per officer, and the work is as nearly up to date as it is desirable to bring it. When an officer is relieved from duty his returns can not be properly settled until the next quarter's accounts have been sent in by his successor; hence it is necessary to defer the examination of many accounts until later returns have been rendered.

The number of wouchers examined during the year was 44,164 ; letters received, 5,072 ; letters written, 2,409; letters recorded, 1,577; certificates of nonindebteduess issued, 3,756 .

I deem it proper to invite attention to the subjoined extract from the report of this office for 1887, which was also inserted in the report for 1888 :

Prior to 1871 this division was charged with the settlement of property accounts or returns rendered by Army officers responsible for ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, but on December 19, 1870, the Secretary of War directed that such returns, after rigid examination by the Chief of Ordnance, should be filed in the Ordnance Office, and not transmitted to the Treasury. As the act of March 3, 1817 (section 277, Revised Statutes), makes it the duty of the Second Auditor to receive and examne all accounts relating to military stores, it may be questioned whether such properity accounts as have received only the rigid examination of the Ordnance Office have been adjusted in accordance with law. (See 13.Op., 483.)

## DIVISION OF INQUIRIES AND REPLIES.

The following are the duties assigned to this division: To answer calls for information in regard to officers and enlisted men who serveil in the armies of the United States since the war of 1812 from the Adju-
tant-General, Quartermaster General, Commissary-General of Subsistence, the Commissioner of Pensions, the Third and Fourth Auditors of the Treasury, and the various divisions of this office; to furnish the pay and bounty division with statements of payments to officers and enlisted men on detached service, absent sick, etc., who were not paid on the regular muster and pay rolls of their commands; to copj or repair worn and defaced rolls and vouchers; to compare and verify the signatures of claimants and their witnesses who have cases before the Pension and Third Auditor's Offices with their signatures on the original rolls and vouchers on file in this Office, and to furnish copies of such affidavits, final statements, certificates of disability, etc, as may be required by the Adjutaut-General and other officers.

The record of work performed daring the fiscal year 1891 is as follows:

| Officer making inquiry. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

*Calls from pay and bounty dixisiou, and ordnance, medical, and miscellaneous divisions for records of payments to officers and enlisted men.
+Cbiefly cases in which rolls and vouchers had to be examined to correct errors found in book records of payments.

Miscellaneous work.-Muster rolls and vouchers copied for the Adju-tant-Geueral, 54 ; letters, fiual statements, affidavits, certificates of disability, special orders, applications, and other papers copied, 413 ; pages of foolscap used in copying, 1,453 ; signatures examined for verification, 4,249; letters written, 1,021 .

Copying and repairing rolls.-On November 1,1890, the work of copying and repairing worn and defaced rolls and vouchers was transferred from the archives division to this division. Since that date 1,184 single vouchers, 3,400 muster and pay rolls, 30 discharges, 185 sheets of paymasters' abstracts of payments, and two large registers of payments (over 700 pages each) have been repaired, and 1,214 pages ( 48,942 lines) of rolls have been copied and compared.

Card indexing.-The work of card indexing the records of payments to enlisted men of volunteers has rapidly progressed and is nearing completion. All cards covering payments to enlisted men from Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Dakota, District of Columbia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Neyada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oregon, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, and West Virginia, and more than ove-half of Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania have been assorted and are in daily use. A large number of erroneous entries in the regis. ters have been corrected from the vouchers.

On April 1, 1891, the card indexing of payments to enlisted men of volunteers absent from their commands in hospitals, parole camps, etc., was commenced. About 400 bundles of paymasters' accounts have been examined, in which 368 rolls, covering 8,813 payments made in the early part of the war, were found and indexed. Comparatively few
men. were absent in hospitals, etc., in 1861 and the early part of 1862 , and the rolls above mentioned are, therefore, not in great demand; but the card indexes so far made have proved of use, and when all payments of the character referred to have been indexed a great saving of time will be accomplished, and, what is of equal if not more importance, the wear and tear of one class of muster and pay rolls, already much dilapidated, will be considerably reduced, if not altogether obviated, and there will be less necessity for copying and repairing such rolls.

On June 1, 1891, the work of registering payments to officers of the regular Army was transferred to this division. Up to that date these payments were registered in the ordnance, medical, and miscellaneous division in bound volumes specially prepared for the purpose. The card-index system has now been adopted, and payments made to officers of the Army since December 31, 1890, will be registered upon cards iastead of in books. At the same time a card index will be made of payments, since said date, to discharged enlisted men. Heretofore no record of such payments has been kept in this office, the Pay Department having been depended upon for information on this subject.

The total number of payments card-indexed during the year was 508,434, as follows:
From records transferred from Paymaster-General's Office ...................... 497, 410
From pay rolls (hospital, etc.)............. ............................................. . 8,813
From current accounts of paymasters..................................................................2,211
Total ......................................................................... 508,434
Current work.-The current work of the division is well in hand aud has been kept so all through the year. There has not been a day when all inquiries on hand at the close of business could not have been answered within 24 hours.

## MAIL DIVISION.

The general duties of the mail division are to carefnlly examine, stamp, assort, and distribute the entire incoming mail of the office, including all papers received from the Second Comptroller's Office, the Indian Office, the War Department, etc.; to inspect the outgoing mail and see that errors or irregnlarities are corrected; to answer all letters not relating to claims on file, and to dispose of or properly refer atl letters, claims, etc., which do not pertain to this office.

The incoming mail is generally distributed within an hour after its receipt. The system devised for examining and dispatching the outgoing mail is such that nearly all letters are mailed the day after their date.
Letters received:
General mail. ..... 97, 250
Departinental mail ..... 123, 545
Total ..... 220,804
Letters, etc., forwarded :
General mail ..... 130,773
Departmental mail ..... 73, 649
Total ..... 204, 422
Claims briefod and registered ..... 31,578
Additional evidence registered ..... 16,950
Letters written ..... 11, 032
Letters referred ..... 1, 970
Letters returned uncalled for ..... 2,547

## ARCHIVES DIVISION.

This division has charge of all accounts of Army paymasters which have ever beeu settled by the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller; also of the book records of payments to regiments, batteries, and other independent organizations, detachments, hospitals, paroled prisoners of war, recruiting parties, and all other separate commands. It withdraws from the files such vouchers as are required by the settling clerks in other divisions, and returns them to their proper places when no longer required. The duties of the division incidental to the care of the files are sufficiently indicated in the following report of the work performed during the last fiscal year.
Paymasters' acconnts received from the Pay Department
Confirmed settlements received from the Second Comptroller entered, indexed, and filed; paymasters', 112; Indian, 3,124; miscellaneous, 1,145

4,381
Vouchers examined and stamped .................................................................. 44,683
Vouchers withdrawn for reference.... .................................................... 121,318
Vouchers returned to files..................................................................... . . . 169, 619
Vonchers briefed...................................................................................... 201,007
Vouchers rearranged, renumbered, and indexed...................................... 23,995
Vouchers withdrawn from files for the record and pension division, Wir Department, and subsequently returned to files.
Payments to companies, detachments, etc., of the United States Army entered on registers

15, 043
Pages of defaced registers of payments copied...................................................................................................... 430
Pages of abstracts and miscellaneous papers copied, from July 1 to Oetober 30, 1890402

Pages of muster and pay rolls copied during same period ..... 429
Rolls repaired during same period ..... 1,887
Mutilated rolls prepared for copyists ..... 774
File boxes stenciled ..... 1,280
Letters written ..... 232

In copying the worn and defaced registers of payments to volunteer organizations which have been in constant use for about 20 years it is found necessary, in order to correct errors made when the registers were first written, to refer to every muster and pay roll covering said payments. The number of the paymaster's voucher has been added to the record of payments, which much simplifies the work of withdrawing papers from the files. The record now shows at a glance the company and regiment to which payment was made, the period embraced in each payment, the paymaster's name, the file number, the number given to the account by the Pay Department, and the number of the voucher.

The rearrangement and renumbering of vouchers was found to be necessary in consequence of some paymasters having several series of vouchers in the same account and several series of numbers on the same abstract, which caused both delay and confusion.

More than half the time of one clerk has been occupied in furuishing muster and pay rolls for the use of the record and pension division of the War Department and in rendering assistance to clerks of other divisions of this office who were searching for information required in the transaction of current business.

## THE OLD ARMY DIVISION.

This division adjusts elaims for arrears of pay and bounty which accrued prior to April 13,1861 , also claims of sutlers, post traders, laundresses, company tailors, and others in whose favor stoppages were entered upon the moster rolls and deducted from the pay of soldiers under the old regulations of the Army. It settles the accounts of the Soldiers' Home for moneys belonging to the estates of deceased soldiers and remaining unclaimed for 3 years, and for such arrearages of for-
feitures by desertion and by sentence of court-martial as have accumulated siuce March 3, 1881. It has charge of the records of claims filed and payments made prior to April 13, 1861, and from these records supplies such iuformation as may be called for either by claimants or by other divisions of this offize. It also keeps the list of attorneys and claim agents authorized to practice before the Treasury Department, and furnishes information to other divisions, when required, as to the standing of such attorneys and agents.

The work performed is shown by the following statement:

| Classes of claims. | Claims pending July 1. 1890. | New claims received. | old claims revived. | Allowed. | Disallowed. | Referred elsewhere. | Claims penling June 30, 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arrears of pay, etc. (regnlars and volunteers) | 230 | $289{ }^{\circ}$ | 87 | 53 | 158 | 235 | 160 |
| Sutlers, post traders, laundresses, tailors, etc. | 10 | 129 | 44 | 27 | 24 | 64 | 68 |
| Total...................... | 240 | 418 | 131 | 80 | 182 | 299 | 228 |

Under section 4818, Revised Statutes, and the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation acts of February 26, 1889 ; Juiy 11, 1890 , and March 3,1891 , the accounts of soldiers who deserted or were discharged by sentence of court-martial subsequent to March 3, 1881, also the accounts of deceased soldiers whose arrears of pay, etc., hare not been claimed, hare been audited in favor of the Soldiers' Home. The number of cases acted upon was 6,340 , in 3,055 of which nothing was due. In the remaining 3,285 cases balances aggregating $\$ 112,-$ 133.24 were found due and passed to the credit of the permanent fund of the Home.

The time of one cleriz was occupied in answering letters of inquiry as to payments made and amounts due for sertices in the old Army, and in furnishing information to other divisions of the office. The number of vouchers examined was 188,170 , number of letters written 12,995 , number of cards written for restoring and improviug old records 8,934 . The amount found due claimants in the 80 allowed claims was $\$ 4,174.09$.

RECAPITULATMON.

| Description of accounts. | On hand July 1, 1890. | Received. | Disposed of. | $\begin{gathered} \text { On Liand June } \\ 30,1891 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disbursing accounts. |  | - |  | . |
| Army paymasters ............................ | 120 | 370 | 422 | 68 |
| Recruiting, ordnance, medical, and miscellaneous. | 266 | 1,314 | 1,438 | 142 |
| Indian agents | 439 | 1,012 | 1,020 | 431 |
| - Total disbursing accounts | 825 | . 2,696 | 2,880 | 641 |
| - Claime. |  |  |  |  |
| Arrears of pay and bounty, including claims prior to 1861. | 60, 170 | 30, 353 | 32, 058 | 58,465 |
| Indian.......................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 17 | 3,702 | 3,687 | - 32 |
| Total clairns | 60, 187 | 34, 055 | 35,745 | 58,497 |
| , Property accounts. |  |  |  |  |
| Clotbing, camp and garrison equipage....... | 1,999 | 3,854 | 4,215 | 1, 638 |
| Indian........... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 386 | 824 | 813 | 397 |
| Total property accounts. ............... | 2,385 | 4,678 | 5,023 | 2,035 |
| A ggregate number of acconnts and claims. .- | 63,397 | 41,429 | 43,653 | 61,173 |

Amount drawn out of the Treasury in payment of claims and in advances to disbursing officers
. $331,759,220.38$


Average nuraber of cltrks enıployed
221
Comparative Statement of Agcounts and Clams Settled during the last Seven Years.

| Accounts and claims settled aud disposed of. | 1885. | 1886. | 1887. | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disbursing officers' accounts. | 3,547 | 4,179 | 3,258 | 3,194 | 2,490 | 2,980 | 2,880 |
| Property accounts...... | 5,163 | 5,588 | 4,734 | 4,100 | 3,584 | 5,862 | 5, 028 |
| Claims for pay and bounty | 17, 301 | 16, 638 | 24, 663 | 20,331 | 19,221 | 25,316 | 32,058 |
| Indian claims . . . . . | 3,007 | 3,184 | 3, 825 | 3,492 | 4,036 | 3,423 | 3,687 |
| Total | 29,018 | 29.589 | . 36,480 | 31, 122 | 20,331 | 37, 581 | 43,653 |

AMOUNTS LNVOLVED.

| Accounts and claims settled and disposed of. | - 1885. | 1886. | 1887. | 1888. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disbursing officers' accounts, | \$21, 115, 754. 50 | \$20, 821, 044. 14 | \$25, 996, 914.98 | \$32, 309, 742.07 |
| Claims for pay and bounty | 540, 064. 52 | 787, 717.30 | 1,016,450.49 | 930, 732. 03 |
| Indian claims.... | 4,050, 446.68 | 4, 388, 790.75 | 3,813, 005.95 | 3: 898, 455.33 |
| Total | 25, 706, 265. 70 | 34, 997, 552.19 | $30,826,377.42$ | 37, 138, 929.43 |
| Accounts and claims settled an | disposed of. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. |
| Disbursing officers' accounts, etc |  | \$18, 611. 709. 09 | \$26, 415, 227. 30 | \$25, 003, 772. 49 |
| Claims for pay and bounty |  | 845, 300. 88 | 1, 176, 021.44 | 1, 195, 066.81 |
| Indian claims. |  | 4, 713,519.98 | 3, 962, 265.90 | 4,753,957. 79 |
| Total. |  | 24, 170,529.95 | 31, 553, 514.64 | 30, 952, 797.09 |

I am pleased to report that the public business intrusted to my charge is in a fairly satisfactory condition. The work performed during the fiscal year 1891 is fully set forth in the detailed report of each division of the office, to which attention is respectfully iuvited. The result, so far as accounts and claims are concerned, is summarized in the tabular "recapitulation," which shows the number of each class of accounts, ete, on haud at the commencement of the year, the number received and disposed of during the year, and the number awaiting action on June 30, 1891. It will be seen that the unsettled accounts and claims, which numbered 63,397 on July 1, 1890, have been reduced to 61,173 , of which 58,465 are claims for arrears of pay and bounty, 32 are Iudian claims, 641 are accounts of disbursing officers, and $2,03 \overline{5}$ are property accounts. The accounts of Army disbursing officers, and returns of clothing, camp and garrison equipage have been settled so nearly up to date that, practically, there are no arrearages. Indian claims have also been promptly audited and reported to the Second Comptroller. The money and property accounts of Iudian disbursing officers are somewhat in arrears, there being 252 quarterly cash accounts and 240 quarterly property accounts awaiting examination, as well as 336 sets of "explanations" to accounts previously audited, in which suspensions were made in consequence of the vouchers presented not being satisfactory. It is highly
desirable that all disbursing officers' accounts be speedily adjusted so that a proper check can be kept upon their disbursements, and I shall therefore use every endeavor to dispose of existing arrearages and thus place the accounts of Indian agents on the same footing as the accounts of Army disbursing officers.

With regard to arrears of pay and bounty, I am able to report that since the close of the fiscal year 1891 a decided impression has been made upon the mass of unsettled claims, and that on October 1 the number of such claims remaining on hand was reduced to 50,269, a gain of 8,196 as compared with the returns for June 30, 1891, and of 9,901 as compared with the returns for June $30,1890$.

## DISALLOWED CLAJMS.

Attention is again invited to the great number of claims for arrears of pay and bounty presented to this office in cases where payment in full has already been made. Out of 32,058 claims disposed of last year no fewer than 13,245 were disallowed, while balances were found due the claimants in 9,361 cases.

Prior to January, 1882, the Auditor summarily rejected a claim when it did not appear from the records that anything was due from the Government. If, however, the claimant was dissatisfied with the action of the Auditor and requested that his case be referred to the Second Comptroller it was referred accordingly. This practice of disposing of worthless claims terminated December 31, 1881, in consequence of a decision of the Second Comptroller that "when an account is presented to the Second Auditor, and the subject-matter of the account is within his jurisdistion, section 277 of the Revised Statutes requires him to certify the balance of the account and transmit the account, with the vouchers and certificate, to the Second Comptroller for his decision thereou. The duty of the Auditor under section 277 does not depend upon the amount found to be due. If the balance is nothing, the law requires it to be so certified, and the account, vouchers, and certificate are to be transmitted to the Comptroller" (Second Comptroller's Digest, vol. 2, p. 147).

I present a tabular statement showing the number of claims allowed and disallowed since this decision went into effect.


It will be observed that out of 156,357 claims that have been formally certified to the Second Comptroller during the last 10 years more than 60 per cent. were cases in which nothing was due the claimants, although there is no reason to suppose that the claims were not presented in good faith. The formal settlement of this large mass of worthless claims not only cost the Government tens of thousands of dollars which might just as well bave beeu saved by the summary rejection of every demand where there was prima facie evidence of full payment, but it also delayed the adjustment of a large number of accounts where balances were really due
the claimants. As there is no check upon the presentation of claims for arrears of pay and bounty the Auditor must continue to receive and examine all such claims as have accrued since the organization of this office, in 1817, and must formally submit them to the Second Comptroller, with the vouchers pertaining thereto for his action, as required by law and the decision above mentioned. It the soldier or his heirs have already been paid in full a simple statement of that fact will not suffice. In the words of the Second Comptroller, "if the balance is nothing the law requires it to be so certified, and the account, vouchers, and certificate are to be transmitted to the Comptroller." In my judgment a law which requires the formal certificate of two accounting officers to the fact that a soldier has been paid in full is susceptible of amendment, and I suggest that section 277 of the Revised Statutes may properly be so modified as to authorize the Second Auditor to disallow claims for arrears of pay and bounty in cases where the muster and pay rolls or other records of his office show that the soldier or his heirs have re. ceived all they are entitled to under the law; provided that if the claimants are dissatisfied they may, within 6 months, appeal to the Second Comptroller, otherwise the Auditor's action shall be deemed final and conclusive and be subject to revision only by Congress or the proper courts.

IMPORTANT INDIAN RECORDS.
The tendency of legislation on Indian affairs is towards the policy of conferring upon Indian tribes the right to seek an adjustment of their landed and monetary relations with the United States through the courts. Thus the act of March 3, 1881 (21 Stat., 504), authorized the Court of Claims to take jurisdiction of and try all questions of difference arising out of treaty stipulations with the Choctaw Nation; the act of March 3, 1883 (22 Stat., 585), authorized the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians to institute a suit in the Court of Claims to determine their right to moneys, stocks, and bonds held by the United States in trust for the Cherokee Indians; the act of October 1, 1890 (26 Stat., 636), allows the Shawnees, Delawares, and Cherokee freedmen to bring suit in the Court of Claims to recover moneys alleged to be due them jointly and severally, and under the "Bowman Act" (22 Stat., 485) matters in dispute between the United States and the Chickasaw and Oreek Indians have been referred to said court by the Secretary of the Interior. It is probable that in the near future this will become the settled policy of the Government, and it will therefore be incumbent upon the Second Auditor to furnish the courts and the Attorney-General with complete information, as far as possible, as to the expenditures of appropriations made in fulfillment of treaty stipulations since 1817, in order that it may be determined whether the treaties have been carried out, or to what extent their stipulations remain anfulfilled. For this purpose the files of settled accounts in this office will have to be depended upon, but the information contained in said files can only be obtained after long and careful examination, and even then there is no absolute certainty that all necessary information will have been extracted from the records. The law, however, makes it obligatory upon the Auditor to furnish the Attorney.General, without delay and within a reasonable time, a full statement in writing of all facts, information, and proofs in his possession or knowledge touching any claim brought against the United States in the Court of Claims. (Sec. 188, Revised Statutes.)

The accounts, as formerly kept, on the ledgers of this office do not show in all cases the sums appropriated for particular tribes, nor were
appropriations always made for the tribes specifically. Thus the act of March 3, 1843 (5 Stats., 612), appropriated $\$ 1,472,773$ "for the fulfillment of treaties with the various Indian tribes" for a period of eighteen months. In other cases where specific appropriations were made for each tribe the gross amount appropriated was brought on the ledgers under the general head of "Fulfilling treaties with various Indian tribes." In such cases the only mode of ascertaining the facts beces. sary to determine questions raised in the course of judicial proceedings is to examine the accounts of the superintendents and agents to whom the funds were advanced, as well as the accounts of other agents and subagents to whom they were often transferred for expenditure-a process which will involve the critical revision of several millions of documents filed away in thousands of settlements.

I estimate that it will require the services of ten clerks for one jear to make a proper record of payments under Indian treaties. Such a record will be of the greatest service, and will eventually save many times its cost.

CARD INDEXES VERSUS BOOK RECORDS.
Reference bas been made in previous reports to the transfer of 1,551 registers of payments to rolunteers from the Pay Department to this office, and to the fact that instead of rebinding, recopying and correcting said registers, many of which were in a dilapidated condition from long and constant use, I had decided to adopt the card index system in use in, the Record and Pension Division of the War Department. The work, which was assigned to the division of inquiries and replies, was commenced January 27, 1890, and it was estimated that 650,000 cards would be required. Up to June 30, 1891, payments to discbarged enlisted men from twenty-six States and Territories and to about onehalf of the men from five other States had been carded, the total number of payments being 640,984. It is expected that the work will be completed before 1892. A year's experience with the card-index system has demonstrated its superiority over book records. Where it would take from fifteen minutes to an hour to find a payment on the registers received from the Pay Department, the same payment can be found on the card index in not exceeding two minutes. The work of searching for payments in the book records now takes two clerks. When all the cards are completed one clerk will be able to do all the searching in three hours a day; in other words, one clerk will do in three hours as much as two clerks can now do in one day. This fact speaks for itself and requires no comment.

The application of the card index system to one class of book records having proved so satisfactory, I have extended that system in several directions and anticipate equally good results. The want of a record of payments to eulisted men absent in hospitals, on detached service, in parole camps, etc., has long been felt. Payments to commissioned officers, to regiments, companies, batteries, detachments, and, generally, to all separate commands, were duly recorded. Payments at hospitals and camps of parole were also recorded under the name of the hospital or camp. But as the payees on the muster roll of paroled prisoners of war, say at Camp Parole, Amnapolis, Md., might belong to several hundred different organizations, the knowledge that all paroled men at that camp were paid for a certain period was of little service in any individual case unless it was first ascertained that the man whose claim was being adjusted was actually in said camp during that period.

I therefore decided to have a card index made of all payments to individual eulisted men absent from their commands, and the work is progressing favorably. When completed two desirable results will have been attained-the time required to find a payment to an individual volunteer soldier will be reduced to a minimum and the wear and tear of old muster rolls and vouchers will be obviated.
A register of paymeuts to officers of the Regular Army has heretofore been kept in book form, the entries being made as soon as possible after the receipt of the accounts from the Pay Department. The vouchers were withdrawn from the paymasters' accounts, assorted by regiments, etc., reassorted alphabetically, and, after being recorded, again reassorted in thein original order and returned to the accounts. After due consideration it appeared to me that this time-honored system might be profitably sujerseded by a simple system which would dispense with the reiterated assortment of vouchers, and involve much less work. Hence the card-index system has been applied to all payments made since the commencement of the present calendar year. At the same time a card record of payments to discharged enlisted men of the Regular Army has been commenced, no record of such payments having previously been made in this office.
Under the regulations of the Treasury Department, made in pursuance of the act of July 7, 1884, a list is kept of attorneys and agents authorized to practice before the Department. As a matter of supposed couvenience thirteen copies were made for use in different parts of the office. They have all been discontinued, and in place thereof a card index is kept in the old army divisiou which furnishes without delay and with very little labor such information couceruing attorneys and agents as may be needed by the other divisions. The list now contains nearly 5,000 names and is constantly increasing.

Respectfully yours,

J. N. Patterson, Auditor.

The Segretary of the Treasury.

(No. 11.)

## REPORT OF THE THIRD AUDITOR.

> Treasury Department, Office of the Third Auditor, Wáshington, D. C., July 1, 1891.

SIR: The annual report for the fiscal year just closed is certainly a gratifying exhibit of the work of this office. There is, and will continue to be, a steady increase in the volume of business; for the assignment of departmental duty is such that the accountings examined are in direct touch with the growth and development of the Republic. Tbe military, river and harbor, and pension appropriations represent in the examination of the vouchers of expenditure an infinite detail of careful supervision; and only by close application and expert experience can certainly be demonstrated a faithful and legal disbursement of the immense reveuue so liberally allotted for these purposes. Entering into the expenses of the Army and the river and harbor improvements is the transportation account, and this involves, especially with the Pacific railroads, a laborious and careful comparison of schedules and charges, and apportionment of percentages under the law to the Goverment, that is tedious in its detail and requires proportionately more clerical labor. In addition to the natural growth of the list of pensioners, the act of June 27, 1890, has added a very large number of the veterans of the war for the Union to the roll of honor. The increase in the pension work of this office in the past three years is nearly 100 per cent. It now requires a force of ten clerks to record the monthly additions of certificates. During the past year a corps of eleven clerks has been continuously employed in making new rolls. It will be necessary to keep a detail of clerks constantly employed in the preparation of new records. An account is kept with each pensioner; so some abstract idea can be formed of the magnitude of the labor and the care necessary, to the end that the sacred purposes of the pension appropriation shall be shown to hare reached the honored bencficiaries of the country's gratitude. The exhibits referring to the pension disbursements are comprehensive in statistical data, and will be found of special interest. The reimbursement section is growing, and must continue to grow as the ranks of the old soldiers are decimated by the touch of death. The work of the office is not behind; each division is practically on current labor, and I doubt not will be able to continue this record the coming year without any increase of force, other than the five clerks of Class E authorized by the Fifty-first Congress.

During the year past I consolidated the miscellaneons division with other divisions of the office, and experience has proved that it expedited the work. In the coming year I shall consolidate the collection division. The labor of this office divides on four natural lines, and I hope to arrange the duties of the divisions to conform to this practical business demonstration. Too mach organization is not only cumbersome, but, aside from creating superfluous places, retards rather than expedites the work. The coming fiscal year I will be able to consolidate the horse claim division, and instead of having seven divisions, as in 1888, meet the increased duties with four divisions.

I desire to specially congratulate the force of this office for its industry and conscientious discharge of duty. The record of results, as will appear in the tabulated statements of division work, is a worthy compliment to their faithfulness.
There are 141 employés conneeted with this office. The time lost by sickness during the year past amounted to 1,131 days. The following clerks died during the year:

French, A. R., October 14, 1890.
Mohl, Frederick, March 28, 1891.
Montague, P. H., September I1, 1890.
Peake, James B., October 31, 1890.
Pope, William, November 13, 1890.
The number of resignations were three: H. V. Cooke, July 31, 1890; Minnie C. Moreau, September 16, 1890; C. A. Rodgers, September 10, 1890.

The following were changed by appointment and transfer :
Brookings, Edward d., transferred from War Department, January 13, $189 \mathbf{9}$; Bartlett, Miss S. A., transferred from Burean of Navigation, January 5, 1891; Oarathers, J. O., transferred from Superintendent's office, December 5, 1890; Clark, David A., transferred from Internal Reveuue, June 8, 1891; Costello, Mrs. Gertrude, transferred from.Second Auditor's, September 11, 1890; Oowie, Jno. G., transferred from Secret Service division; February 6, 1891; Doran, Thomas S., transferred to Second Auditor's office, October 1, 1890 ; Guyton, Eva E., transferred from Second Comptroller's office, October 23, 1890; Hampton, E. P., transferred to Superintendent's office, December 5, 1890; Hay, Miss Corinne, transferred from Treasurer's office, December 5, 1890; Hoffman, Miss C., transferred to Secretary's office, July 11, 1890; Huntoon, Andrew J., transferred from Second Comptroller's office, October 8, 1890; McEwed, W. C., appointed July 23, 1890 ; Nippen, John T., transferred from Sisth Auditor's office, January 8, 1891; Sprague, Dewit C., transferred to Second Comptroller's office, October 8, 1890; Watkins, Sarah A., transferred to office of Internal Revenue, June 8, 1891; Decker, W. H., trausferred from Life-Saving Service, April 2, 1891.

Promotions made during the year:
Thomas Kee, from class E to class 1, August 30, 1890; H. H. Seltzer; from class 1 to class 2, November 24, 1890 ; Miss J. A. Sonerville, from class D to class E, Sentember 6,$1890 ;$ Mrs. M. J. Wallace, from class 1 to class 2, August 30, 1890; Miss Hannah M. Whitney, frow class E to class 1, October 20, 1890 ; Thomas C. Clark, from class E to class 1, October 21, 1890.

In the estimate for the next fiscal year, an additional assistant messenger will be asked for, and one less chief of division. The present clerical force will be adequate.

## MORSE CLAIMS DIVISION.

The beginning of the end of the horse-claim industry is very happily withiu vision. The presentation of new claims is barred after Angust 13,1891 . Of the class of losses considered by this division there have been since the war about 21,000 horses paid for. Of the 5,014 claims on hand now neariy one-half have been awaiting calls for additional evidence, or, in cases growing out of the Mexican war, for proof of loyalty. In some of the claims post-office addresses of claimants have been lost. The pension files are frequently examined in the effort to supply this deficiency. No court would permit its docket to be weighed down with dead causes, and so the practice will be adopted hereafter, in the settlement of horse claims, of rejecting without prejudice all cases where no attention has been given for 5 years. This policy will very much facilitate the disposition of the present accumulation during the coming year.

| Claims. | Number. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Claims on hand June 30, 1890 | 5,424 | \$710, 286. 78 |
| Recorded during the year | 1,090 | 163, 247.13 |
| Reconsidered during the year | 108 | 16, 229.56 |
| Total. | 6, 622 | \$889, 763.47 |
| Reported for allowance during the year | 779 | \$100, 786. 38 |
| Aimount disallowed on same... |  | 23, 793.99 |
| Reported for rejection during the year | 829 | 141,373.27 |
| Total. | 1,608 | \$265, 953.64 |
| Deducting claims disposed, there remain on hand June 30, 1891 | 5,014 | 623, 809.83. |
| Of those on hand the number of old claims is........ | *2,271 |  |

*I. e., filed before August 13, 1888.
Number of pieces of mail receired during the year ..................................................... 11, 091
Number of letters written during the jear .................................................................... 10, 764
Number of eases bricled ...................................................................................... 1, 064
Number of pay vouchers prepared and seut out................................................................... 838
Number of clerks employed (7 in 1890)

## MILITARY DIVISION.



## recapitulation.

|  |  | No. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Money accounts : |  |  |  |
| On hand per last report. |  | 1,826 | \$5, 394, 684.19 |
| Received ..... |  | 4,984 | 17, 898, 199. 62 |
| Supplemental settlements |  |  | c404, 831.72 |
| Total |  | 7,458 | 23, 697, 715. 53 |
| Money accounts: Regular settlements reported. . |  | 5,010 | 18, 868, 889.96 |
| Supplemental settlements repor | ted | 618 | 18, $404,831.72$ |
| Total |  | 5,658 | 19, 273, 721.68 |
| Remaining on hand. |  | 1,800 | 4, 423, 993.85 |
|  | - |  |  |
| Letters written..... <br> Vouchers examined |  |  | .... $\begin{array}{r}6,013 \\ . . . \\ 746,242\end{array}$ |
| Pages MSS. Written |  |  | ..... 26, 649 |
| Clerks employed |  |  | .. 24 |
| Calls answered |  |  | .... 4,007 |

WHEN THE UNSETTLED ACCOUNTS WERE RECEIVED.

|  | Quarter | naster. | Engineer. |  | Subsistence. |  | Signal. |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1891. | 1890. | 189]. | 1890. | 1891. | 1890. | 1891. |  |
| January . | .-. | 15 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 7 | 23 |
| February. |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 17 |
| March. |  | 167 | .... . | 5 |  | 208 | . | 10 | - 390 |
| April. |  | 100 |  | 5 |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 1.11 |
| May.. |  | 211 |  | - 8 |  | 1 | ......: | 5 | 225 |
| June |  | 337 |  | - 1 |  | 618 | -1i | 12 | - 978 |
| July. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | . $\quad .$. | 11 |
| August |  |  |  | . |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| September |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| October | 2 |  |  | . |  | . | 25 | . | 27 |
| November. |  |  |  | . |  |  | 6 |  | 6 |
| December |  |  |  | : |  |  | 10 |  | 10 |
| Total. | 2 | 833 |  | 20 |  | 829 | 54 | 52 | 1,800 |

## CLAIMS DIVISION.

To this division is assigned all the miscellaneous claims, railroad and telegraph accounts, lost vessels, Oregon and Washington Indian war claims, State war claims, etc. The nature of the duties requires not only expert accountants, but a familiarity with appropriatious, statutes, and departmental business, that renders it one of the most responsible and important divisions in the Treasury. Its record is as follows:

|  | Number of claims. | Amonnt claimed. | Amonnt allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miscellaneous claime. |  |  |  |
| On hand Jaly 1, 1890. | 4,424 | \$182, 582. 25 | ............... |
| Received duving the year ............................................ | 8,216 | 1,997, 514.60 |  |
| Total | 12, 640 | 2, 180, 096. 85 |  |
| Disposed of during the year........-.................................. | 7,763 | 1,989, 929.23 | \$1, 275, 803.34 |
| On hand June 30, 1891. | 4,877 | 190, 167. 62 |  |
| Véssels, etc., lost in military service. |  |  |  |
| On hand July 1, 1890. | 3 | 16,425.00 |  |
| Received during the year .............................................. | 1 | $\therefore 600.00$ | .............. |
| Total. | 4 | 17, 025.00 |  |
| Disposed of during the year.......................................... | 1 | 600.00 | 600.00 |
| On hand June 30, 1891 | 3 | 16, 425.00 | ..-............. |
| Oregon and Washington Indian war of 1855-56. |  |  |  |
| On hand July 1, 1890 | 617 | 4,542.12 | .......-....... |
| Received during the year | 12 | 1, 283.00 | ............... |
| Total. | 629 | 5,825.12 | ............... |
| Disposed of during the year | 7 | 1, 777.50 | 718.28 |
| On hand June 30, 1891 | 622 | 4,047.62 | ................ |
| State warclaims. |  |  |  |
| On hand July 1, 1890. | - 26 | 642,936. 24 |  |
| Received during the year | 4 | 146,738.93 |  |
| Reopened during the year. | 27 | 1,346, 972.60 | ............... |
| Total...... | 57 | 2,136, 647. 77 |  |
| Disposed of during the Jear. | 33 | 1,597, 362.08 | 43,211.21 |
| On hand Jane 30, 1891 | 24 | 539, 285, 69 | -..--......... |



[^59]
## The tabulated statement of the work in the Pension and Bookkeeper's Divisions is referred to the following exhibits in the appendix:

Exhibit A.-Report of the operations of the Pension Division for year ending June 30, 1891, showing the, uumber of "Arıny pensions," "Arrears," "Special," and "Supplemental," and the amounts involved.
Exhibit B.-Amount of arrears of Army pensions disbursed by pension agents during fiscal jear.
Exhirit C.--Report of Reimbursement Section.
Exhibit D.-Comparative statement showing the nature of work and amomut involved in Pension Division during fiscal years 1-89 and 1890, respectively.
Exhibit E.-Comparative statement of accounts paid by pension agents during period from July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1891, and work of Third Auditor's Office in auditing such accounts for same period.
Pxhibrt F.-Comparative statement showing disbursements by pension agents to pensioners and examining surgeons during the fiscal years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, and 1891, and entire expenses of the agencies during said jears, including salaries, clerk hire, renti, fuel, lights, and contingent expenses, and the average cost for each $\$ 1,000$ disbursed.
Exfibit G.-Consolidated statement of work on hand at date of consolidation of agencies, July 1, 1887, amount received and disposed of each fiscal year since that date, and amount remaining on hand at close of each fiscal year; also average number of clerks employed each year.
Exhibit H.-Statement of amounts paid to each class of pensioners, ete., as shown by accounts-current of pension agents, during year ending June 30 , 1891.

EXHIBIT I.-Statement showing amounts advanced to and disbursed by pension agents during fiscal year ending June 30, 1891; also balances covered into the Treasury during the year, and balances remaining in hands of agents June 30, 1891.
ExHibit J.-Consolidated report for year ending June 30, 1891.
Exhibit K.-Report of Bookkeeper's Division.
Statement concerning the Flles of Settled Accounts in the Office of the Third auditor for the Year ending June 30, 1891.

## NEW ACCOUNTS FILED.

| Quartermaster, Subsistence, aud Engineer settleme | 2,190 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pension settlements | 3,776 |
| Miscellaneous Claims settlements | 3,546 |
| Property Returns settlements. | 6,585 |
|  | 16, 097 |
| Volumes Pension Abstracts bound during the year | 425 |
| Volumes Pension Abstracts bound previously | 557 |
| Total now bonnd | 982 |
| On hand and unbound (estimated). | 750 |
| Crubic feet of space filled with new matter | 1,610 |
| Lineal feet of shelving, 17 inches wide... | 1,135 |

The files are very much crowded, so much so that the floors have to be now atilized for the accommodation of the accumalating papers. By shelving several of the rooms on the Bureau floor this year's accounts bave been partially accommodated. Electric lights have been put in, which lessens the danger from fire.

Respectfully,

Hon. Chas. Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

W. H. Hart,<br>Auditor.

## APPENDIX.

## PENSION DIVISION.

## Exhibit A.-Report of the Operations of the Army Pension Division, Third Auditor's Office, for the Fiscal Yfiar ending June 30, 1891.

Accounts of pension agents, and amounts involved, including supplemental settlements; also special settlements, acconnts for lost checks, reclaimed checks, examining surgeon's fees, attorney's fees, etc, on hand July 1, 1890, received and audited during the fiscal year, and remaining on hand June 30, 1891.

|  | Army pensions. |  | Arrears. |  | Special. |  | Supplemental. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Amonnt. | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. |
| On hand July 1, 1890............... Received daring. the fiscal year <br> Total | 74 | \$28, 099, 500.66 | 228 | \$2,479. 62 |  |  |  |  | 302 | \$28, 101, 980. 28 |
|  | 222 | $110,495,965.59$ | 216 | 17, 317.47 | 1,250 | \$136, 792, 49 | 84 | \$42, 183. 27 | 1,772 | $110,692,258.82$ |
|  | 296 | 138, 595, 466. 25 | 444 | 19,797.09 | 1,250 | 136, 792.49 | 84 | 42, 183.27 | 2, 074 | 138, 794, 239.10 |
| Reported to Sec. ond Comptrol. ler $\qquad$ | 195 | 94, 357, 988.97 | 310 | 11,382.6911 | 1,250 | 136, 792.49 | 84 | 42, 183.27 | 1,889 | 94, 548, 347. 42 |
| Remaining on hand June 30, 1891. $\qquad$ | 101 | $44,237,477.28$ | 134 | $8,414.40$ |  |  |  |  | 235 | $44,245,891.68$ |
| Total...... |  | 138, 595, 406. 25 | 444 | 19,797.09 | 1,250 | 136, 792. 49 | 84 | 42, 183.27 | 2,074 | 138, 794, 239. 10 |
| Number of letters received during fiscal year 1891 ................................... 6, 347 <br> Number of letters written during fiscal year 1891 <br> Number of clerks employed during fiscal year 1891 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Exhibit B.-Amount of Aurears of Army Pensions Disbursed by Pension Agents during Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891, together with amount Expended for adjusting quarterly Payments under act of March 3, 1891.

| Agency. | Agent. | Arrears of Army pensions. |  |  | Adjusting quarterly payments. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Invalids. | Widows. | Total. |  |  |
| Augusta, Me. | John A Clark | \$84.93 | \$607. 73 | \$692. 66 |  | \$692. 66 |
| Boston, Mass | W, H. Osborne | 562.07 |  | 502.07 |  | 562.07 |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | J. Schenkelberger .... | 1,990.83 |  | 1,990. 83 |  | 1,990. 83 |
| Chicago, Ill | Isaac Clements ........ | 1212.13 |  | 1212. 13 | \$1, 399. 20 | 1, 611. 33 |
| Columbus, Ohio | J. G. Mitchell .......... | 1, 136.00 | 552.80 | 1, 688.80 |  | 1,688.80 |
| Concord, N. H | W.H. D. Cochrane.... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dos Moines, Iowa | Thos. P, Cheney ....... | 135.00 |  | 135.00 |  | 135.00 |
| Des Moines, Iowa Detroit, Mich.... | S. A. Marine ........... | 624.06 |  | 624.06 |  | 624.06 |
| Indianapolis, Ind | N. Ensley. | 209.40 | 729.60 | 939.00 |  | 939.00 |
| Knoxville, Tenn | Wm. Rule............... |  | 550.67 | 550.67 |  | 550.67 |
| Louisville, Ky | C. J. Walton ............ |  | 2, 272.61 | 2, 272.61 | 123. 33 | 2, 395. 94 |
| Milwankee, Wis | L. E. Pond … | 137.44 |  | 137.44 | 432.00 | -569.44 |
| New York City, N | F.C. Lovreland .......... |  |  |  | 265.00 | 265.00 |
| Philadelphia, Penn | W. H. Schelmire ....... | 722.27 |  | 722. 27 |  | 722.27 |
| Pittsburg, Pa. | W. H. Barclay . . . . . . . | 90.40 |  | 90.40 |  | 90.40 |
| Don .......... | H. H. Bengough....... | 99.80 | 1,308.00 | 1,407.80 | 570.67 | 1,978.47 |
| San Francisco, Ca | Jno. C. ©urrier. . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Topeka, Kans.. | B. Kelly | 179.13 |  | 179.13 |  | 179. 13 |
| Washington, D.C | S.L. Willson | 24.67 |  | 24.67 |  | 24.67 |
| Total |  | 6, 208.13 | 6, 021.41 | 12, 229. 54 | 2, 790. 20 | 15, 019.74 |

THIRD AUDITOR.

## Exhibit C.-Reimbursempint Section

Number of claims on hand, July 1, 1890 ..... 371
Number of claims received during fiscal year ..... 2,681Number of claims reported to Second Comptroller during fiscal jear (amount involved, $997 ; 525.24$ ) 2, 533On hand, June 30, 1891519
Thirty-four claims were referred to the Secret Service Division for investigation,and thirty-three have been returned with reports; the amoint involved in settlementbeing $\$ 39,058.98$; the amount allowed, $\$ 14,448.93$, making a saving of $\$ 24,610.05$, at acost of investigation of $\$ 2,094.11$.
Letters received ..... 5, 568
Letters written ..... 6, 014
Names indexed ..... 16, 528
Reimbursement vonchers examined ..... 19,483
Blanks mailed applicants ..... 4,985
Number of clerks employed2

Exhibit D.-Comparative Statement showing Nature of Work and amount Involved in Pension Division during Fiscal Years 1890 AND 1891 , RESPECTIVELY.

| Class of work. | Fiscal year 1890. |  | Fiscal year 1891. |  | Increase during 1891. |  | Decrease during 1891. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Amount involved. | Number. | Amount involved. | Number. | Amount involved. | Number. | Amonnt involved. |
| Pension Office notices recorded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Originals .................... | 69,850 |  | 85, 841 |  | 15,591 |  |  |  |
| Increases. | 12, 445 |  | 69, ${ }^{612}$ |  | 6, 645 |  | 2,30 |  |
| Restoration | 1,943 |  | 2,077 |  | 134 |  |  |  |
| Arrears. | 403 |  | 217 |  |  |  | 186 |  |
| Chansfers noted on rolls | 2,198 $-\quad 2,682$ | ............... | 2,386 4,006 |  | 188 1,324 |  |  |  |
| Corrections noted on rolls | 3,300 |  | 4, 823 |  | 1,523 |  |  |  |
| Pension vouchers examined | 1,873, 680 |  | 1,832,156 |  |  |  | 41, 524 |  |
| Payments entered on rolls. | 1, 867, 784 |  | 1,774, 566 |  |  |  | 93, 218 |  |
| Pages of abstract added....... | 74, ${ }_{7} 714$ |  | 70,869 4.208 12 |  |  |  | 3,726 2 2,941 |  |
| Pages of miscellaneous copied.................................................. | 7,147 108 |  | 4,206 12,854 |  | 12, 746 |  | 2, 941 |  |
| Transcripts of payments prepared . ................................. | 1,541 |  | 1,114 |  | 12, 4 |  | 427 |  |
| Pension checks noted on rolls. | 120 | ¢. | ${ }^{420}$ |  | 300 |  |  |  |
| Reimbursement settlements entered | ${ }_{2}^{1,196}$ |  | $\stackrel{2,413}{2,524}$ |  | 1,271 |  |  |  |
| Names and dates transcribed. | 66,650 |  | 311, 173 |  | 244,523 |  |  |  |
| Vouchers withdrawn from files. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,258 |  | 12,648 |  | 6, 390 |  |  |  |
| Letters: <br> Received and registered. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Written | 8,622 |  | 9,701 |  | 1,079 |  |  |  |
| Indexed | 10, 715 |  | 12, 227 |  | 1,512 |  |  |  |
| Pension checks rerified (and names of payees changed) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| before payment ................................... | 1,211 | \$51, 625.97 | 2,167 | \$102, 182.91 | 956 | \$50, 556. 94 |  |  |
| Certificates of deposit designated for listing-appropria- tion and personal credits ........................................ | 717 | 3,883,644. 48 | 916 | 4, 802,640,41 | 199 | 918, 995.93 |  |  |
| Pension agents' accounts, current, examined and posted. | +515 | 3,883,644.48 | *438 | 4,80, 01.41 |  | 01, 35.8 | 77 |  |
| Supplemental settlements of accounts of pension agents.... | 67 | 50, 673.45 |  | 42, 183.27 | 17 |  |  | \$8,490. 18 |
| Special acconts (claims) lost checks, surgeons' fees, attorneys' fees, etc., received and settled. | 432 | 20,785. 75 | 1,250 | 136, 792.49 | 818 | 116, 006. 74 |  |  |
| Pension agents' acconuts stated and sent Second Comptroller. | 475 | 90, 462, 147.46 | 505 | 94, 369, 371. 66 | 30 | 3,907,224.20 |  |  |
| Total number of matters acted upon, and amounts <br> Deduct involved. | 4,084,950 | 94, 468, 877.11 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,236,888 \\ & 4,084,959 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99,453,170.74 \\ & 94,468,877.11 \end{aligned}$ | 296, 331 144, 402 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,992,783.81 \\ 8,490.18 \end{array}$ | 144,402 | 8,490. 18 |
| Net increase of work during fiscal year 1891 |  |  | 151,929 | 4, 984, 293. 63 | 151, 929 | 4,984, 293.63 |  |  |

[^60]Exhibit E.-Comparative Statement of Accounts of Pension Agents paid during period from July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1891, and Work of Third auditor's Office in auditing such Accounts during the same period.

| Period. | Paid by pension agevts. . |  | Audited. |  | Gain in Auditor's office over current work. |  | Falling off in Auditor's office below carrent work. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of vouchers. | Amount involved. | No. of vouchers. | Amount involved. | No. of vonchers. | Amount involved. | No. of vouchers. | Amount involved. |  |  |
| Fiscal year- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1883. | 1,143, 612 | \$59, 986, 313.39 | 971,872 | \$41, 570, 820.66 |  |  | 171, 740 | \$18, 415, 492. 73 | 22 | 44, 176 |
| 1884. | 1, 226, 119 | 57, 398, 826. 42 | 1, 154, 811 | 49, 416, 820.05 |  |  | 71,308 | 7, 982, 006. 37 | 26 | 40,569 |
| 1885 | 1, 284, 367 | 64, 873, 400.38 | 1,620,850 | 95, 003, 088.46 | 336,483 | \$30, 129, 688.08 |  |  | 33 | 49,116 |
| 1886 | 1, 375,959 | 63, 766, 467. 60 | 1, 912, 294 | 96, 729, 477. 15 | 536, 335 | 32, 963, 009. 55 |  |  | 30 | 63, 743 |
| 1887. | 1, 502, 749 | 73, 688, 318. 87 | 1, 461, 971 | 73, 233, 412.58 |  |  | 40,778 | 454, 906. 29 | 21 | 69, 617 |
| 1888. | 1, 703, 869 | 78, 679, 368. 14 | 1, 666, 832 | 78, 204, 002.60 | -........ |  | 37, 037 | 475, 365. 54 | 18 | 95, 379 |
| 1889 | 1, 857, 713 | 87, 656, 786. 42 | 1, 712, 830 | 80, 887, 063.60 |  |  | 144, 883 | 6, 769,722 82 | 20 | 85, 641 |
| 1890 | 2. 052,393 | 104, 874, 839.64 | 1, 873, 680 | 90,462, 147. 46 |  |  | 178, 713 | 14, 412, 692. 18 | 23 | 81, 464 |
| 1891 | 2, 381, 545 | 116, 621, 669.69 | 1,832, 156 | 94, 369, 371.46 |  |  | 549,389 | 22, 252, 298. 23 | 22 | 85, 167 |
| Total <br> Deduct <br> Net falling off | $\begin{aligned} & 14,528,326 \\ & 14,207,296 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 707,545,990.55 \\ & 699,876,204.02 \end{aligned}$ | 14, 207, 296 | 699, 876, 204. 02 | 872, 818 | 63, 092, 697. 68 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,193,848 \\ 872,818 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70,762,484.16 \\ & 63,092,697.63 \end{aligned}$ | … |  |
|  | 321, 030 | 7, 669, 786.53 | -.--0.-... |  |  |  | 321, 030 | 7,669,786.53 |  |  |

Exhibit F.-Comparative Statement showing Disbursements by Pension agents to Pensioners and Examining Surgeons durlng Fiscal Years 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, and 1891, and Entire Expenses of the Agencies during said Yeaks, including Salaries, Clerk Hire, Rent, Fuel, Lights, and Contingent Expenses, and the Average Cost for each \$1,000 Disbursed.

|  | 1887. |  |  | 1888. |  |  | 1889. |  |  | 1890. |  |  | 1891. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency. | Disbursements. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex. } \\ \text { penses. } \end{gathered}$ | Cost for each $\$ 1,000$ disbursed. | Disbursements. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex- } \\ \text { ponses. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Disbursoments. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex: } \\ \text { penses. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Disburse. ments. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex- } \\ \text { penses. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Disbursements. | Expenses. |  |
| Augusta, Me | \$2, 238, 329.02 | \$8, 421. 94 | \$3.76 | \$2, 307, 658.05 | \$8,598. 17 | \$3. 72 | \$2, 509, 774.06 | \$8, 898. 59 | \$3.54 | \$2, 667, 948.26 | \$9, 961. 78 | \$3. 73 | \$2, 811, 525. 18 | \$9,884. 24 | \$3. 52 |
| Boston, Mass | 3, 927, 356.81 | 14, 365.08 | 3. 62 | 4, 015, 599, 39 | 15, 285, 50 | 3.80 | 4, 680, 210.86 | 15, 442.09 | 3.30 | 5, 514, 271.14 | 15, 035.77 | 2.73 | 5, 846, 635.65 | 19,056. 32 | 3.26 |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | 4, 687, 573. 0.9 | 14, 503.75 | 3.09 | 4, 584, 383. 40 | 14, 885.32 | 3.25 | 4, 934, 343.45 | 15, 432.35 | 3.12 | 5, 751, 005. 00 | 15, 328.92 | 2.67 | 6, 421, 969.35 | 18,419.78 | 2.87 |
| Chicago, IIl | 6, 240, 484. 47 | 18,837. 10 | 3.02 | 6, 736, 781.67 | 20, 847.45 | 3.09 | 7, 165, 562.55 | 21, 200. 00 | 2.96 | 8,640, 294.80 | 21, 698.80 | 2.51 | 8,968, 202.47 | 30, 750.75 | 3.43 |
| Columbus, Ohio | 7, 596, 773.36 | 21.406. 58 | 2.82 | 8. $328,953.32$ | 21, 699. 36 | 2.61 | 9, 516, 330.51 | 22, 349.55 | 2.35 | 11, 21.3, 645. 08 | 26, 177. 28 | 2.33 | 13, 031, 400.08 | 33, 487. 04 | 2.57 |
| Concord, N. H. | 2, 441, 808.81 | 9, 804.40 | 4.02 | 2, 380, 633. 14 | 10, 219.71 | 4.25 | 2, 657, 348. 82 | 10742.60 | 4.04 | 2, $885,995.19$ | 9, 624.64 | 3.03 | 2, 927, 188. 30 | 10,739.67 | 3.67 |
| Des Moines, Iow | $4,523,163.02$ | 12,690.32 | 2.81 | 4, 794, 840.12 | 13, 198.16 | 2.75 | 4, 963, 817.55 | 14, 619.54 | 2.93 | 6, 323, 894.87 | 15, 430.38 | 2.43 | 6, 868, 819.5 .5 | 18, 932.30 | 2.76 |
| Detroit, Mich | 3, 804, 836.85 | 12,845.51 | 3.37 | 4, 129, 335. 84 | 12, 996. 02 | 3.15 | 4, 488, 961.02 | 13, 664. 10 | 3.04 | $5,480,938.93$ | 16,587.10 | 3.03 | 6, 126, 498.87 | 19, 009. 14 | 3. 10 |
| Indiauapolis, Ind | 6, 385, 530, 26 | 19,050. 01 | 2.98 | 7, 016, 535.19 | 20, 322.57 | 2.89 | 8, 432, 758. 75 | 23, 650.00 | 2. 80 | 9, 940, 531. 49 | 25, 510.98 | 2.571 | 10, 597, 737.10 | 34,401. 72 | 3.25 |
| Knoxville, Tenn | 4, 149, 985. 09 | 11,760. 79 | 2.81 | 3, 888, 537.64 | 13, 441. 03 | 3.46 | 4, 057, 216.81 | 12,972.93 | 3. 20 | 4, 730, 845.77 | 12, 757. 64 | 2. 701 | $5,465,015.53$ | 17, 181. 29 | 3, 14 |
| Louisville, Ky. | 2, 418, 481.94 | 7,960.00 | 3.29 | 2, 538, 716. 19 | 8, 348. 21 | 3.29 | 2, 832, 697. 87 | 9, 037.30 | 3.19 | 3, 543, 040.45 | 9,526.95 | 2.70 | 4, 016, 868.45 | 10,843. 01 | 2. 70 |
| Milwankee, Wis | 3, 985, 690.63 | 13, 522. 04 | 3.39 | 4,251, 136. 31 | 13,767. 55 | 3.24 | $4,569,938.07$ | 14, 059. 94 | 3.08 | 5, 795, 594.68 | 15,883. 61 | 2.74 | 5, 946, 970.58 | 21, 349.08 | 3. 44 |
| New York, N. Y | 3, 270, 216. 28 | 18, 244. 85 | 5.55 | 3, 575, 256. 42 | 17, 933.19 | 5.02 | 4, 070, 741.83 | 17,987.86 | 4.17 | 4, 793, 712.27 | 21, 856. 30 | 4.56 | 5, 249, 547.37 | 30, 130. 06 | 5. 74 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 3, 813, 519.35 | 13, 157. 10 | 3.45 | 4, 158, 617.80 | 14, 138. 56 | 3.40 | 4, 435, 153. 44 | 15, 649.00 | 3.53 | 5, 102, 160.39 | 15, 075. 09 | 2.95 | 5, 688, 770. 45 | 22, 916.75 | 4.03 |
| Pittsburg, Pa | 3, 675, 097. 55 | 13, 180. 74 | 3.59 | 3, 768, 290.66 | 15, 600. 04 | 4.16 | $4,033,812.89{ }^{-}$ | 16, 326. 75 | 4. 05 | $4,615,123.50$ | 15, 681.76 | 3.40 | 5, 087, 267.76 | 22,520. 46 | 4. 42 |
| San Francisco, Cal | 639, 227.62 | 7, 703.50 | 12.05 | 1, 028, 551.56 | 8, 042.02 | 7.82 | 1, 218, 484. 81 | 8, 803.00 | 7.22 | 1, 434, 43 U. 53 | 7, 663. 72 | 5.34 | 1, 517, 075. 60 | 10, 259.45 | 6. 76 |
| Topeka, Kans. | 5, 850, 951.76 | 13, 814. 19 | 2.36 | 6, 539, 847. 58 | 16, 079. 80 | 2.46 | 7, 233, 466.96 | 17, 090.17 | 2. 36 | 9, 448, 623. 80 | 18,977.40 | 2. 01 | 10, 709, 406.31 | 23, 303.58 | 2.18 |
| Washington, D. | 3,791, 012.54 | 17, 012. 52 | 4. 49 | 4, 372, 583.99 | 17,617. 21 | 4.03 | 5, 577, 263.98 | 20, 976.40 | 3.76 | 6; 760, 086, 14 | 19,919.19 | 2.94 | 8, 960, 410.95 | 27, 175.51 | 3.02 |
| Total. | 73, 440, 038.45 | 248, 280. 42 | 3.38 | 78, 416, 258. 27 | 263, 109.87 | 3.35 | 87, 277, 884. 22 | 278, 902. 20 | 3. 20 | 104, 582, 142.29 | 292, 697. 35 | 2.80 | 116, 241, 309. 55 | 380, 360. 14 | 3.27 |

* Formerly Syracuse.

Exhibit G.-Consolidated Statement fif Work on hand at date of Consolidation of Agencies, July 1, 1877 ; Amount Rrceived and Disposed of ract Fiscal Year since that date, and amount Remaining on hand at Close of eack Fiscal Year; also Number of Clerks Employed each Fiscal Year.

| Period. | Pension Office notices. |  |  | Pension vouchers. |  |  |  | ${ }^{0}$ Accounts for settlement. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 㵄 |  |  | Paid by agents. | Received. | Examined. | On hand. | Received. |  | Reported to Comp. troller. |  | Remaining on band. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. | Amount. | No. | Amount. | No. | A mount. |  |
| On hand July 1, 1877. | 4,040 |  | 4, 040 |  | 243, 692 |  | 243, 692 | 291 | \$2, 857, 304.71 |  |  | 291 | \$2, 857, 304. 71 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Fiscal year- } \\ 1878 \ldots . . . \end{gathered}$ | 29,949 | 26, 099 | 7,890 | 874, 369 | 873, 846 | 867, 157 | 250,381 | 538 | 33, 194, 149.18 | 715 | \$24, 133, 591. 52 | 114 | 11, 917, 862.37 | 36 |
| 1879 | 41,794 | 36, 335 | 13,349 | 839, 734 | 835, 547 | 968, 191 | 117, 337 | 256 | 26, 123, 111. 64 | 281 | 25, 765, 870.58 | 89 | 12, 275, 103.43 | 37 |
| 1880. | 72, 126 | 42, 813 | 42, 662 | 957, 548 | 935, 239 | 832, 890 | 220, 086 | 547 | 61, 010, 132.95 | 277 | 31, 169, 748. 01 | 359 | 42, 115, 488. 37 | 35 |
| 1881 | 38,434 | 67, 142 | 13, 954 | -979, 811 | 975, 911 | 759, 773 | 436, 224 | $\begin{array}{r}449 \\ 455 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 50, 191, 885. 62 | 555 | 54, 973, 659.39 | ${ }_{292}^{253}$ | 37, 808, 670.52 | ${ }_{39}^{36}$ |
| 1888. | 50,764 60,018 | 57,730 | 6, 47,620 | $1,037,467$ $1,143,612$ | 1, 1235,120 | 828, 175 | 643,169 794,997 | 1, 796 | 50, 666, 841.54 $55,131,872.60$ | 1, 773 | $37,528,064.66$ $41,665,103.29$ | 215 | 50, 472, 491.48 | 39 49 |
| 1884. | 57, 423 | 87, 276 | 17, 767 | 1, 226,119 | 1,200,649 | 1,154, 811 | 840, 835 | 1, 868 | 57, 671, 129:86 | li, 819 | 49, $521,153.00$ | 364 | 72, 089, 177.65 | 54 |
| 1885. | 70,610 | 81, 188 | 7,189 | 1,284, 367 | 1, 353, 480 | 1, 620, 850 | 573,465 | 1, 862 | 68, 264, 445.43 | 1,874 | 95, 106, 144. 35 | 352 | 45, 247, 478.73 | 52 |
| 1886 | 75, 542 | 79, 241 | 3, 510 | 1,375, 959 | 1, 370,933 | 1, 912, 294 | 32, 104 | 1, 149 | 63, 989, 8-8. 97 | 1,412 | 96, 783, 160. 28 | 89 | 12, 454, 207. 42 | 41 |
| 1887 | 101, 363 | 91, 710. | 13, 163 | 1, 502, 749 | 1, 475, 809 | 1, 461, 971 | ${ }^{45}, 942$ | ${ }^{681}$ | 71, 817,061. 56 | 1638 | 73, 360, 997.33 | 132 | 10.910, 271. 65 | 33 |
|  | 111, 430 | 121,927 122,510 |  | 1, 703, 8189 | 1, 651, 691 | $1,666,832$ <br> 1,712 <br> 830 | 30,801 161,682 | 1, 1,140 | 76, 888, 288.47 | 1,015 | $78,328,226,46$ $81,010,545.93$ | 138 | $9,470,333.66$ $16,452,884.68$ | ${ }_{35}^{33}$ |
| 1890 | 144, 690 | 147, 214 | 22, 207. | 2, 052,393 | 1,994, 300 | $1,873,680$ | 282, 302 | 1, 014 | 102, 182, 702.26 | 1,974 | 90, 533, 606.60 | 302 | 28, 101, 980.28 | 39 |
| 1891 | 226, 156 | 167, 095 | 81, 268 | 2, 381,545 | 2, 259, 441 | 1, 832, 156 | 709,587 | 1,772 | 110, $692,258.82$ | 1, 839 | 94, 548, 347.42 | 235 | 44, 245, 891. 68 | 47 |
| Total $\qquad$ <br> Deduct amount disposed of | $\begin{aligned} & 1,228,214 \\ & 1,146,946 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 146, 946 |  | 19, 208, 255 | $\begin{aligned} & 19,173,069 \\ & 18,463,482 \end{aligned}$ | 18, 463, 482 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 14,839 \\ & 14,604 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 918,674,170.56 \\ & 874.428,278.88 \end{aligned}$ | 14, 604 | 874, 428, 278.88 |  |  |  |
| On hand June 30, 1891 | 81, 268 |  |  |  | 709, 587 |  |  | 235 | 44, 245, 891. 68 |  |  |  |  |  |



| A gency. | Agent. | Army pensions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fees of examining } \\ \text { surgeons. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Expenses of agencles. |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Salaties | -ulers bire. | Reut. | Fuel. | Lights. | Contingent cxperises. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 180. | 188. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Augnsta, Mo. | John A.Clark | \$1,931, 101. 88 | \$43,712.04 | \$32, 745.00 | \$207, 884.62 | 860, 774.10 | \$10, 229, 26 | \$102.00 | 40 |  | *2,017.33 | \$67, 530.13 | \$8,190.40 | \$2, 899.46 |  |  | \$4,000.60 | \$5, 105.00 | \$22. 17 | \$55.05 | 97.60 | \$500.42 | 72, 820, 716.76 |
| Boston, Mass . | Willian U. Ostorree | 3,305, 405.59 | 1, 662, 968.67 | 929.12 | 84 | 2t0, 64. 129. | C4, 912.48 | 219.80 | 7,80\% 80 |  | 1,127.73 | [8, 652.53 | 20, 78.70 | 9, 925 , 32 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 14,731.91 |  |  |  | 321.38 | 5,865, 129.90. |
| Buffilo, N. x. | J. Scherkellerger. | 4, 12, 970.38 | 1, 203, 881.15 | 617 | 805. 29 | 334, 226, 32 | 38,700, 40 | 208.27 | 11, 805.60 |  | 2,830.20 | 27 | 16, 153.19* | 6,160.54 |  |  | 4,000, 00 | 14, 115.98 |  |  |  | 403.80 | 6,438, 398, 30 |
| Chicaga, In | Isaac Clemens. | 6,081, 381. 20 | 1,545, 634.28 | 270, 988.85 | 308, 507.25 | 408, 370. 33 | 54,533.51 | 1,018,08 | 8, 165. 20 |  | 888.00 | ${ }^{41,671.47}$ | 107,023.09 | 51, 786.10 |  |  | 4,000000 | 24,450. 54 |  |  |  | 89301 | 8, 997, 341. 89 |
| Columbus, Olito .... | Johu G. Mitehell . | 8, 522, 733. 32 | 2,419,415,91 | 224,722. 35 | ${ }^{610,985,23}$ | 944,369.38 | 104,422.06 | 885.67 | 15,07.40 |  | 1,982 27 | 91, 996.76 | 38, 697.62 | 26,421,31 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 27, 896, 10 |  |  |  | 1,500.94 | 13,063, 198.32 |
| Concord, N. H. | . H . D . Cocbr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 144.44 |
| Do. | Thoonas P.flibené | 2,031,846 07 | 899. 60 | 21, 238, 77 | 245, 221.42 | 88,382. 50 | 9, 688.01 | 106.00 | 3,812.80 |  | 821.33 | ${ }^{33}, 241.60$ | 6.587. 20 | 2,268.00 |  |  | 3,853.55 | 6,533.29 |  |  |  | 200.39 | 2,037, 61.53 |
| Des Motnes, Towa ........ | S. A. Marine ...; | 5,140, 568, 60 | 758, 053. 02 | 90, 929, 85 | 2í0, 880.82 | 470, 207,78. | 34, 426. 14 | ${ }^{637.40}$ | 172.60 |  | ${ }^{873} .87$ | 24, 15, 34 | 61, 246, 82 | 20,269.31 |  |  | 4, 000.00 | 44,154.34 |  |  |  | ${ }^{777.06}$ | 6,887, 731.85 |
| Detroit, Mich. | E. II. Harrey . | 4,553, 904, 07 | 730, 449.61 | 87, 59.42 | 313,583, 15 | 365, 316.20 | 26, 420.03 | 43.67 | 6,445.20 |  | ${ }^{\text {993. } 66}$ | 29,814.80 | 23, 934.04 | 9,009.06 |  |  | 4,000.0) | 12,033.50 | 1,985.00 |  | 7.60 | 981.04 | ${ }^{6,144,883, ~} 05$ |
| Indlanamolis, Ind | N. Fusley...... | 7, $782,258.71$ | 1,672,861. 19 | 333, 957.04 | 403,293, 88 | 371,868.67 | 45,577.65 | 505.34 | 9,140.80 |  | 881.33 | 42,24.47 | 72, 237.36 | 32, 862.66 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 26, 257.37 | 2,062 50 |  | 220.60 | 1,861. | 10, e31, 199.82 |
| Knowville, Tenn. | william I Rule. | 2,632, 837, 60 | 1,014, 854.62 | 207, 321.81 | $2499,677.81$ | 44, 797,65 | 36,888.70 | 1:77.20 | 4,906.00 |  | 2, 883,59 | 199, 248.69 | 450, 583.08 | 250,477.11 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 12,760.21 |  |  |  | 421. | 5,481, 668. 15 |
| Looisrille, E¢. | C. J. Walto | 2, 3,36, 837,50 | 751,511.38 | 134, 20809 | 267, 630.76 | 309,44.06. | 25, 800. 01 | 20 | 5,72. 20 |  | 00 | 43,946.34 | -7,336. 38 | 38,664.02 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 6,40, 51 |  |  |  | 278 | 4, $025,315.52$ |
| Mifwaukee, Wis.... | L. E. Pond ..... | 4, 479, 201.21 | 768,753.11 | 3, 618.77 | 241. 066.48 | 234, 020. 85 | 21, 3:8, 12 | 67 | 5, 20 |  | 288.00 | 940.00 | 36,926.39 | 11, 16.3 . 34 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 13,87175 | 2,218,00 |  |  | 8.77 .31 | 5,967,750, 20 |
| New York City, N. X ...... | F.C. Loveland | 2,887, 177, 06 | 1,370, 633.67 | 66,884. 14 | 342, 371.12 | 275, 680.30 | 65,57, 03 | ${ }^{273.53}$ | 7,731.20 |  | 1,344.00 | 54, 926,54 | 48,531.31 | 28, 40957 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 17,30.06 | 0,500.00 |  |  | 2,023. | 5, 229, 412,43 |
| Philadelpthia, Pa.. | W. L. Sthemine | 3, 336,675.99 | 1, 197, 686.02 | 56,789,11 | 399,73.34 | 480, 773.26 | 92,744.53 | 240.40 | 0, 603. 20 |  | ${ }^{189.60}$ | 42, 62, 35 | 40, 09.1 .11 | 23, 980.27 |  |  | 4, 000.60 | 17, 005.84 |  |  |  | 1,010 91 | 5,710,994.93 |
| Pittsbarg, $\mathrm{Pa}_{\text {a }}$............ | w.t. Barelay .......... | 1,035, 498. 07 | 238, 41.64 | $24,89,88$ | 116,503.26 |  |  |  |  |  | 183.00 | 7, 416,00 | 5,515.73 | 2,688 07 |  |  | 1,511.10 | 4, 320.98 | 666.67 |  |  | 197 | 1,457, 728.81 |
| Do............ | H. H. Beusugh . | 2, 333, 059.73 | 470, 977.80 | ,612 34 | 238,979,55 | 474, 650.78 | 45,93, 59 |  | 5. 20 |  | 486.60 | 28,700 00 | 16,159.47 | 7,469.33 |  |  | 2,488.90 | 10,023. 25 | 1, 333.33 |  |  | 1,309.20 | 3, 404, 990, 54 |
| San Francisco, Cal ........ | Jobn C.Currier. | 039, 260.66 | 188, 015.15 | 26, 900. 56 | 21,002.26 | 74, 030.80 | 5,010. 80 | 108.00 | 1,225. 20 |  | 320.40 | 9,420.67 | 229, 51.13 | 41,273.87 |  |  | 4,000.00 | 0.61 | 1,223. |  |  | 866.18 | 1,527,33. 05 |
| Topeka, Kans.. | B. Kelly | ${ }^{7}$, 068, 950.03 | 1,567,818.27 | 288,974.68 | 317,538, 08 | 1,045,241.63 | 86, 20: 73 | 1,538.54 | 12, 079.20 | \$73. 87 | 1,065. 33 | ${ }^{41}, 180.67$ | 199,626. 11 | 75, 035.04 |  | . | 4,00.00 | 18,4 |  |  |  | 898.13 | 10,73, 530.77 |
| Waskington, D. C .......... | s.L | 4,751, 550,90 | 993, 501. 13 | 80,996,00 | 293,408.18 | 845, 213.04 | $66,122,13$ | 934.80 | 0, 282.40 |  | 1,480.00 | 126,162.98 | 152, 926.72 | 30,544.24 | \$412, 366. 03 | \$1, 148, 977, 73 | 00 | 20,280, 94 | 1,220.10 | 100.70 | 47.76 | 1,519.10 | 8.987,56. 99 |
| Total. |  | 75, 140, 191. 68 | ' $19,479,324.52$ | 2,24, 226, 57 | 5,940,060.05 | 7,471, 926, 82 | 835,461.27 | 8, 287.55 | 129, oue. 60 | ${ }^{73.67}$ | 22, 50, 64 | 1,0010,284.41 | 1,622, 114.75 | 695, 314.52 | 442,346.03 | 1, 148,94.73 | 71,899.99 | 270,720.67 | 17, 432.33 | 152 | 288.77 | 10,988, 43 | 116.600. 619.95 |

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| Ageas | ${ }_{\text {Agout }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sistarsenerte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | cin Man | come |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Smizeme | simame |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Surceos | mo |  | Colirex hra | zemt | tuel |  | car |  |  |  |  |  | $\substack{\text { clier } \\ \text { limb }}$ |  | ruc |  |  |  | Amprem. |  | Stame |  | luare | netr | Faol |  |  | Toual |  |  |
| Aupema , Je | Jobu | 2, 3a, 0,0.000 |  |  | \%,00.00 | sa, 20.0 | \%as.00 | \%s.00 | so.00 | ssane | ${ }^{2324,58589}$ | 20.8.0.esese |  |  | 24,00.00 | ${ }^{\text {s, } 510.500}$ | 522.10 | ssos | ${ }^{8.00}$ | *so. 52 | zesa, 12,76 | smiane.00 |  |  |  | stame | s0.85 | ${ }^{9.05}$ | 10.10 | \%em |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {su.29 }}$ | Sy, |  | sin, ${ }^{29}$ |
| Soma |  |  |  |  | 4,00.00 | cisy |  |  |  |  | ceine | $\underbrace{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Stas | $\underbrace{5.565}$ | cisirex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{30.80 \\ \text { anc. }}}^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | $\pm$ |  |  |  |  | (1, |  |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{20.81 \\ 50.15}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | cose |  |  | 4,00000 |  |  |  |  |  | cosisize | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | c, | (1,0,4is, |  |  |  | cose |  | (120, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | come |  | coman |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | come |
|  | ${ }^{\text {Jonan }}$ G |  |  |  | 4,00.0.0 | 28.50.5.5. |  |  |  | 1, eno.00 |  | ${ }^{13,0.972 .23}$ |  |  | 4.400 .10 |  |  |  |  | 1,50, 4.4 |  | 20,4384 |  |  |  | ${ }_{32} \mathrm{ci}^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | 0.08 | 20, $9,80.20$ | E0, 80.50 |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {80, } 75}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {sem, }}$ Sex 14 | ${ }^{14} 18.4 .410 .68$ | ${ }^{26,268}$ |
| Conorat, x : | w.f. |  |  |  | H |  |  |  |  |  | 1 uns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {po..... }}$ | Thaor. P , | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  | 4,00.00 | , |  |  |  | S0.0. | ${ }^{3,1210,0,3,38}$ | ${ }^{2027083830}$ |  |  | 3,585 | \%, 82, 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | sume | semen |  |  |  | 2a, 0 | cinceie | 3, | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{12}$ |
| Some |  | cose |  |  | \%,0000 |  | 1,emsa |  | 2.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 777.96 \\ & 981.04 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{20.04}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 192.329 .48 \\ 61,927.18 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{18,58}$ | (2a, | $\underbrace{\text { a }}$ |  |
|  | N. Bate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{4.07}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | N. Bute | M, |  |  | \%eo | \%,07 | $2,104.17$ |  | 20.00 | 2,00.00 |  |  |  |  | ¢,000.00 | 26,20,27 | 2.02 .80. |  | 20.0. | 1.841.05 |  | ${ }^{21,3885}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{21.25}$ | 4.07 |  | 2.86 | ${ }^{50.28}$ | 42, 11.48 | ${ }_{32}^{32} 88.10$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 20.45$ |  |  | 80.31 | 86.73 | mi, 61.18 |  |  |
|  | Sima |  |  |  | 50.00 | ciseze |  |  |  |  | a.atioze |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {4,00.0.0. }}$ | 12,70.21 |  |  |  | ${ }^{212.08}$ | 5,40.484645 | ${ }^{336,713,68}$ |  |  |  | 21ais |  |  |  | ${ }^{455}$ | coin | as.ese |  |  |  | 1,18888. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Loabsinil }}$ | 0.J.Wate |  |  |  |  |  | 2218.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,000.0.0 |  | 2218.00 |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{20.17 \\ \text { cirian }}}^{\substack{\text { che }}}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{\text {and }}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{4.95}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{20151 \\ 2100}}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | \%ma |  |  |  | ${ }^{110.02}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{4}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1200}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Tork | p.atioerem | s.ss, comen |  |  | 4.00.00 | (1, | C,500.00 |  |  | 20300 |  |  |  |  |  |  | s,on.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {seom }}^{\text {sear }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1.51}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 460.6. |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  | beam |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {ane }}^{\text {anest }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 边 | 22, |
|  | ${ }_{\text {and }}$ | \%oneo |  |  |  | $12,04.91$ | L,xas |  |  | 1,400,00 |  |  |  |  | 2.856 .0 | 10,023 | L,33.33 |  |  | 1.03, 20 | 2, 69, 90, 5 . | 20,6es ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | sta ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,08, 66 | 60.00 |  |  | .50 | 20,031.50 | 18, 812, 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{10,081}$ | 4018 |  |
| no...) |  | vess |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{12159}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4,00.00 | (1720,66 | 12720 |  |  | coinco |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {4,0,0.00 }}$ |  | 1.222 .60 |  |  | 80, 81.1 | ${ }^{2}$ | 23.30.10 |  |  |  |  | 19.3 |  |  | $\underset{\substack{2.58 \\ \text { aucse }}}{ }$ |  | 20, |  |  |  | e.4.al |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {cken }}^{\text {ces }}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{20,512}}^{20.94}$ |
| Walimigor, D.c..... |  | 8, | N |  | 4000000 | 20,30, 3 | L200.00 | 1 B0.00 | 120.00 | 1,50000 | Q, $72,2,2,18$ | 7,380, erese | Ns, | , $8,1,8,48,78$ | 4,00.00 | $20,20.80$ | 2enoo | 10.70 | 4.7 | ${ }^{1,500.10}$ | geometice | ${ }^{35,014.38}$ | ssa.42 | s..s |  | ma80 | .-. |  | 12.21 | ${ }^{30.00}$ |  |  |  | 81.488.08 |  |  |  | 31230 | 220 |  | 25, 015 se | 0.70, 2 ara 18 | 50,4 |
|  | Toat | 13, 18.48478 | u2, $5_{6} \times 6$ | 1,te0,0.ew | ${ }^{2 \times 2 \times 8.88} \mid$ |  | ${ }_{18,84.17}$ | 200.00 | On, 0 | 2, 2,0000 | 2a, 17, s, $\overline{24}$ | ${ }_{13,48,78.85 .5}$ | 42, |  | u, 20.0000 | E80,720, 81 | $\sqrt{17,42283}$ | 15.2 | 205.7 |  | neece.eat. | 4en, 5 \% 40 | )192 | 4,3 | 84.4 | $\stackrel{\text { s, stie] }}{ }$ | Es.s4 | 45 | (6,50) | 3, man | 4, $21,21.60$ |  |  | [1,08004 | 14,45 | $14.2,20,6$ |  | 4208 | 50.35 | \%an.es | 5, 5 | Ls, $7,7,324.4$ | 23ab, 6 |



| Hoath． | Leteras． |  |  | Pension Officen ottes recorlcel． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Checks veritecd |  | Moothly ecoonta |  | Recelved． |  |  |  |  |  | Montlis account． |  | Reportod． |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Arreasg of pear }}^{\text {dioll }}$ |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | pplemental |  | Special |  |  |  |  |  | plemental． |  | peecial． |  |  |
|  |  | 竧 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 啚 } \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咅 } \\ & \text { 亳 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{3} \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 䯧 } \\ & .8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{i}{b} \\ & \stackrel{i}{b} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\frac{8}{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 岂 } \\ & \hline \text { 鹪 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 勏 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 崱 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 畐 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{e}} \\ \stackrel{y}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 总 } \\ & \text { 亳 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 咭 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 嵟 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 管 | 免 |
| Juls， $1800 . .$. | ${ }^{42}$ | ${ }^{72}$ | ${ }^{138}$ | 5，477 | 4，860 | ${ }^{188}$ | ${ }_{858}$ | 9 | ${ }^{36}$ | ${ }^{57}$ | ${ }^{43}$ | 160，126 | ${ }^{155,158}$ | 6，307 | 458 | 2，088 | ${ }^{124}$ |  |  | 212 | 11，099 | 284 | ${ }^{165}$ | 88， 24.31 | ${ }^{10}$ | 20， 884.048 .89 | ${ }^{14}$ | ＊6，38， 56 | 50 | 91，80．73 | ${ }^{10}$ | 33， 229.15 | ${ }^{12}$ | 85，589，77，35 | ${ }^{14}$ | ${ }^{50.388 .50}$ | ${ }^{50}$ | \＄1， 820.73 | 102 | 828627 |
| ${ }_{\text {Angras，} 1880}$ S．．．．．．．．．． | ${ }^{854}$ | 1，003 | 970 <br> 120 <br> 10 | 3，7079 | 5，211 | 101 |  |  | ${ }^{11}$ | ${ }^{164}$ | ${ }^{10}$ | 184，971 | ${ }^{105,169}$ | 5，058． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10，431 | ${ }_{158}^{123}$ |  | 7，80，．4 | ${ }^{38}$ | 8，428，12， 09 |  |  |  | ${ }^{2,073,30}$ | 33 | L， 1388.11 | 19 | －9，986，830，60 |  |  | ${ }_{30}^{53}$ | 1，073．30 |  |  |
| September， $1890 . . . . . . . .$. October， $180 . . .$. | $\begin{gathered} 570 \\ 810 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,5 \\ & 9: 8 \\ & 988 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{1,251}{1,055}$ |  | 4,54 4,74 | 122 <br> 23 |  |  | 313 215 | 110 | 21 |  | 139， 583 150， 61 | 5，983 | ${ }_{891}^{324}$ | －358 ${ }^{3,700}$ | 175 170 | ${ }^{28}{ }_{30}$ | ${ }^{23} 8$ | ${ }_{215}^{222}$ | 25， 27.78 | ${ }_{\text {1，501 }}^{45}$ | 131 315 |  | 38 <br> 13 | 7，093，28889898 | ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{731.00}$ | 30 94 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 822.00 \\ 11,590.57 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 23 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,987,13 \\ & 2,70.01 \end{aligned}$ | 13 11 |  | 4 | 781.00 | 30 94 | 82，506．37 | 59 | 4，150， 32 |
| Noremider， 1880 ．．．．．．． | ${ }_{538}$ | ${ }_{75}$ | m8 | 4，259 | 7，074 | 123 | ${ }^{953}$ | 324 | 35 | 00 |  | 112， 181 | 108， 538 | 4，392 | 424 | ${ }_{26}$ |  |  | 178 |  | 21， 83 | ${ }^{720}$ | 156 | 9，180．80 | 20 | 10，011，80， 99 | 1 | 3，09，62 | 14 | 20，018．87 | 20 | ${ }^{168.33}$ | 14 | 8，130，940．81 | 1 | 3，933．62 | 11 | 20，018．87 |  |  |
| December， 1800. | ${ }^{457}$ | ${ }^{617}$ | 1，651 | 5，707 | 0，563 | 200 | 1，238 | 219 | ${ }^{323}$ | ${ }^{883}$ | ${ }^{17}$ | 143，04 | 13， 510 | 5，488 | 317 | 4，188 | $\pi$ | 4 | 224 | ${ }^{24}$ | 13，504 | ${ }_{692}$ | 206 | 12，023．85 | ${ }_{8}$ | ${ }^{21}$ | ${ }^{6}$ | 7，88， 80 | 182 | 45，19， 98 | 18 | 577.87 | 17 | 8，533，53，61 | ${ }^{-}$ | 888．80 | 182 | 45，192， 88 |  |  |
| Janarary， $1801 . .$. Feturas， 1891. | ${ }_{358}^{107}$ | ${ }_{71}^{78}$ | 1,560 818 | 5， $\begin{aligned} & 8,04 \\ & 5,108\end{aligned}$ | 12,589 <br> 3.688 <br> a | ${ }^{213}$ | 1,381 480 | 184 314 | 108 298 | ${ }_{595}^{598}$ | 10 1 1 | 107， 298 <br> 117,85 | 131，235 <br> 132,110 <br> 18 | ${ }_{6}^{6,483}$ | ${ }_{313}^{349}$ | 205 <br> 401 | 40. | 40 81 | 243 196 | 216 265 26 | ［ $\begin{aligned} & 1,953 \\ & 25,708\end{aligned}$ | 788 879 | ${ }_{124}^{227}$ |  | 18 30 | $3,110,051.53$ 21，88， 585.85 | ${ }_{35}$ | 688.00 <br> 2,068 <br> 10.68 | 236 <br> 34 |  | 18 30 |  | 14 12 | $8,42,2$, 8,539 | 35 | 088.00 <br> 2,019 <br> 0 | 338 34 4 4 |  |  |  |
| March，1891．．．．．．．．．．．． | 517 | ${ }_{88} 8$ | 1，119 | 1， 72 | 6，40 | 238 | ${ }_{96}$ | 158 | ${ }^{424}$ | ${ }^{138}$ | 29 | 102， 678 | 186,215 | 6，643 | 407 | 888 | 128 | ${ }_{48}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 213 | 308 | 34，595 | 2，40 | 130 | 4，60．45 | 22 | 3，48，520．86 | 2 | 4，787．80 | ${ }^{66}$ | 2，019．80 | 21 | ${ }^{24.48}$ | ${ }^{23}$ | 9，23，837．41 | 2 | 4，757 | ${ }^{6}$ | 2，019．8 |  |  |
| April $1891 . . . .$. | ${ }^{486}$ | ${ }_{821}^{921}$ | 1，163． | 6，602 | ${ }^{1,76}$ | ${ }^{108}$ | 521 | ${ }^{269}$ | ${ }^{388}$ | ${ }^{221}$ | 2 | 135，041 | 195，155 | 4，098 | ${ }^{241}$ | ${ }^{99}$ | ${ }^{30}$ | ${ }^{72}$ | 305 | 329 | 45，499 | 2，291 | ${ }^{201}$ | 8，224．98 | ${ }^{12}$ | ．11，688，212，25 |  |  | 158 | 8，436．48 | ${ }^{12}$ | ${ }^{1,371.25}$ | ${ }_{12}^{17}$ | ${ }^{7,678,40.035}$ |  |  | 152 | 6，480．188 | 130 10 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 406 \\ & 469 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 872 \\ 786 \\ 786 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ch1 }}{\text { 1，0es }}$ | 13， 43 | 8，583 | 235 158 | $\left.\begin{array}{c} 1 ; 468 \\ 429 \end{array}\right]$ | 77 288 | 338 | $\begin{aligned} & 588 \\ & 344 \end{aligned}$ | 83 | 188,160 200,288 | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 1855,5151 \\ & 188, ~ \\ & 1896 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 0,610 \\ 7,6,66 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 177 \\ & 240 \end{aligned}$ | 1， $\begin{array}{r}180 \\ 1,60\end{array}$ |  | （ $\begin{gathered}.27 \\ 18\end{gathered}$ | 141 278 | 235 | ［ $\begin{aligned} & 30,986 \\ & 35,74\end{aligned}$ | 2,288 225 | 102 111 | $5,18.17$ 3，95．40 | ${ }_{95}^{9}$ |  | 19 | $\begin{array}{r} 14, ~ \\ \hline, 12,35 \\ 255288 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 10 102 | 111．00 $1,55.60$ | $\stackrel{9}{95}$ | ［r $\begin{array}{r}84.93 \\ 1,78.13\end{array}$ | 12 31 |  | $19$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,712.45 \\ 252.86 \end{array}$ | 10 102 | 111.00 1,45300 | 19 | ${ }^{358.85}$ |
| Total ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 6， 34 | 5 | 12，227 | 85，411 | 8， 220 | 2，073 | ， 140 | 2，386 | 4，006 | 4，823 |  | 1，832，156 | ｜ 66 | 869 | 4，206 | 2，884 | 1，14 | 42 | 2.413 | 2，54， | 311，173 | 12.648 | 2,10 | 102，182．01 | 222 | 110，45， 095.59 | ${ }^{4}$ | 42，183，27 | 1，280 | 136，792．49 | 216 | 27．47 | 195 | 94，357，98，989 | ${ }^{84}$ | 42，183．27 | 1.250 | ． 49 | 310 | ${ }^{11,282.60}$ |


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F1 $91-$ page 576 -4

## (No. 12.) <br> REPORT OF THE FOURTH AUDITOR.

## Treasury Department, <br> Fourth auditor's Office, Washington, October 17, 1891.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the annual report of this Bureau for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891.

The balances, labilities, and payments under "pay" and "pay, Marine Corps," etc., are shown by the following statements:

Statement of Appropriations, Pay of tre Nayy, and Pay.of Marine Corips, 1891.
Pay of the Navy, 1891.

| Balance in hands of disbursing officers Jnne 30, 1891 | \$22,362.32 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Balance in Treasury as shown by ledger June 30, 1c91 | 1,074,790.00 |
| Balauce due from adjustment of appropriations. | 228,011.69 |
| Total balan |  |

The liabilities June 30, 1891, were as follows:
Due and unpaid officers and men ............................ \$593, 641. 17
Due Naval Hospital fund........................................ 41,663.16
Due clothing and small stores fund........................... 137, 672.66
Due prơvisions, Navy ............................................... 5, 738.92
Due on account of unpaid allotinents......................... 28,527.00.
Due general account of adrances ............................... $531,966.45$
Total liabilities........................................................... 1, 339, 209. 37
Apparent available balance ...................................................... 45,954.64
Pay of the Marine Corps, 1891.
Balance in hands of disbursing officers June 30, 1891................... 21,587.21
Balance in treasnry as shown by ledger June 30, 1891.................... 96, 203.60
Balance due from adjustment of appropriations ........................... . 12, 714. 66
Total balance ............................................................... 130,505.47
The liabilities June 30, 1891, were as follows:
Dne and unpaid officers and men............................. 45, 026. 14
Due Naval Hospital fund ........................................ 7,211.71
Due geueral account of advances.................................... 31,24. 76
Total liauilities
8i,462. 61
Apparent available balance
46, 042,86
E1 91~-37

Appropriatlons and Expenditures of the United States Navy for the Fiscal Year finding June 30, 1891.

| Title of appropriation. | Year. | Appropriations and balances. | Amount drawn out by warrant. | Balance in hand June 30, 1891. | Amount expended by vonchers. | Amount carried to the surplus fund. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pay of the Nary | 1891 | \$7, 250,000.00 | \$6, 175, 210.00 | \$1, 074, 790.00 | \$6, 431, 262. 89 |  |
| Pay of the Navy. | 1890 | 1, 147, 218.94 | 776, 042. 88 | 371, 176.06 | 909,528.88 | . |
| Pay of the Navy. | 1869 | 396, 904. 54 | 383, 096.33 | 13, 808. 21 | 92, 733. 62 | ............. |
| Pay of the Navy. | 1888 | $60,980.99$ | 59,156.93 | 1,834.06 | 23, 972. 44 |  |
| Pay of the Navy. | 1887 | 138.02 | - 51.01 |  | 51.01 | 3 \$87.01 |
| Pay of the Navy. |  | 3,766. 24 |  | 500. 90 | 65500.00 | 3, 266. 24 |
| Pay of the Navy, deposit fund |  | 111,077.33 | 34,702,56 | - 76, 374. 76 | 65, 916.56 | ............. |
| Pas, miscellaneous | 1891 | 240, 000.00 | 233, 3 60. 38 | 6, 649.62 | 235, 629.72 | . |
| Contingent, Navy........ | 1891 | $7,000.00$ 687 471.79 | $3,456.89$ 5912 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, 543. } \\ 96 \\ \hline 603.60\end{array}$ | $3,742.26$ $602,860.65$ | ............. |
| Pay of the Marine Corps | 1891 | $687,471.79$ | 591, 268.19 | 96, 203. 60 | 602, 860. 65 | ...-........ |
| Pay of the Marine Corps | 1890 | $89,390.37$ | 46, 522. 36 | 42, 868.01 | 94, 099.20 |  |
| Pay of the Marine Corps. | 1889 | 33, 045.42 | 20,678.32 | 12, 367.10 | 6, 885. 188 |  |
| Pay of the Marine Corps. Pay of the Marine Corps | 1888 | 8, 925.33 $17,156.25$ | 188.62 71.01 |  | 188.62 71.01 | $8,736.71$ $17,085.24$ |
| Pay of the Marine Corps | 138 | 198, 452.90 | 1,010.03 |  | 1, 215.10 | 197, 442.87 |
| Contingent, Marine Corps | 1891 | 27, 500.00 | 27, 473.57 | 26.43 | 27, 446.50 |  |
| Provisions, Marine Corps. | 1891 | 69, 137. 72 | 64, 713.89 | 4, 423.83 | 58, 876.28 |  |
| Clothing, Marine Corps . | 1891 | 76, 841.11 | 76,257: 25 | 583.86 | $76,128.89$ |  |
| Fuel, Marine Corps ..... | 1891 | $20,000.00$ | 19, 958. 35 | 41.65 | 16,786. 49 |  |
| Military stores Marine Corps | 1891 | 12,000,00 | 12, 600.00 |  | 11, 848.67 |  |
| Transportation and Xecruiting, Marine Corps | 1891 | 12,000. 00 | 10,540. 08 | 1,459.92 | 9,209. 57 |  |
| Repairs barracks, Marine Corps............... | 1891 | 18, 850. 00 | 18, 849.12 | 1. 0.88 | 15, 836. 50 |  |
| Forage, Marine Corps | 1891 | 3,500. 00 | 3, 434. 23 | 65.77 | 2, 383.14 | ............. |
| Hire of quarters, Marine Corps | 1891 | 6, 624.00 | 6,623. 20 | . 80 | $5,674.30$ | ............. |
| Marine Barracks, Norfolk, Va |  | 15,000.00 | 15, 000.00 |  | 27, 764. 13 | ............. |
| Marine Barracks, Sitka, Alaska |  | $6,000.00$ | 1, 000.00 | 5, 000.00 | .246.90 | ............. |
| Consolidating naval supplies. |  | 10,561. 02 | 10, 483. 59 | 77.43 | 10,215.13 | ............. |
| Pay, Naval scademy........ | 1891 | 104, 217.45 | 104, 217.45 |  | 104, 116.44 | ............ |
| Special course, Naval Academy | 1891 | 5, 000.00 | 1.700.62 | 3,299. 38 | 1, 700.62 | ............. |
| Repairs, Naval Academy ...... | 1891 | 21,000.00 | 16,795.98 | 4, 204. 02 | 16, 795.98 | ............. |
| Furniture for cadets' quarters, Naval A cademy | 1891 | 6,500.00 | 4, 859.00 | 1, 641.00 | $4,859.00$ | ............. |
| Buildings and grounds, Naval Acadomy ........ |  | $62,500.00$ | 2,200.00 | 60, 300.00 | 2,218. 91 | -............ |
| Heating and lighting, Naval Academy* | 1891 | 17,000.00 | 14, 781. 18 | 2, 218.82 | 15,038.28 | ............ |
| Contingent, Naval Academy ........... | 1891 | 41, 800.00 | $35,641.41$ | 6, 158. 59 | 35, 641. 23 | ............. |
| Purchase of land adjacent to Naval Academy |  | 90,000.00 | 84, 195. 59 | 5, 804.4! | 84, 195. 59 | ............. |
| Furnishing gymansium, Naval Academy $\therefore$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 1891\} \\ 1892 \end{array}\right\}$ | 5,000.00 |  | 5,000.00 |  |  |
| Increase of the Navy: <br> Vessels authorized March 3, 1885 |  | ......... |  |  | 186.36 |  |

Fessels for coast and harbor defenss
onitors and vessels anthorized March 3, 1885 and August 3,1886
Armament
Armor and armament
Construction and machinery
Steel practice vessels
Vessels and monitors, act August 3,1886
Rapid-twist guns and reënforce cartridges
Guu plant, navy-yard, W ashington
Traveling cranes
Nickel
Naval station, Pago Pago

## BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Purchase of farmer's honse, Coasters Harbor Island, R. I
Gunnery exercises
cean and lake survejs
utfits for naval apprentices
Transportation and recruiting, Navy
Contingent, navigation
Naral training station
Naval war college and torpedo school
Ocean surveys.
Publication of surveys.
Publication of surveys of Mexican coast
Observation. transit of Venns
observation,
Naw Na
bureau of ordnance.
Ordnance and ordnance stores
Repairs, ordnance.
Contingent, ordnan
Torpedo station...
Civil establishment.
Purchase of armor plate
Naval proving ground
Submarine gun.
Building, naval torpedo station and war college
Torpedoes
Steel sruisers, ordnance.
Steel cruisers, ordnance powder for the Boston
Breech-loading rifie canuon
Wire-wound guns
Testing A merican armor
Testing Clark's deflective turrets.

| 538,098.93 | 485.713.71 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 539, 353.24 | 319, 935.86 |
| $32{ }^{\text {r }}$, 358.67 | 199, 36070 |
| 6,489, 222, 15 | 1,278, 735.29 |
| 3,870,388. 72 | 392, 106.64 |
| 10,069, 469.62 | 7, 628, 466. 56 |
| $\because 60,000.00$ | 62, 060.72 |
| 161, 593.63 | 44, 823, 35 |
| 50,000. $00^{\circ}$ |  |
| 620, 879.36 | 136,900. 85 |
| 100, 000. 00 | 428.42 |
| 1, $000,000.00$ | 54,914.43 |
| 68, 449. 73 | 5,577 60 |
| 2,250.00 | 2,250, 00 |
| 6,000. 00 | 4,115.36 |
| 10,000.00 | 6,235. 17 |
| $30 ; 000.00$ | 16,461. 18 |
| $30,000.00$ | 25, 680.35 |
| 15,000.00 | 3, 032.42 |
| 14,000.00 | 9,829.67 |
| 10,000.00 | 97.85 |
| 614.05 | 598.32 |
| 325. 35 | 315. 75 |
| 104, 41 |  |
| 373.09 |  |
| 673.32 | 429.50 |
| 801.52 | 801.5 |
| 212, 899.60 | 107, 926.88 |
| 144, 000.00 | 117, 184.88 |
| 15, 000.00 | 11, 893.06 |
| 8,000. 00 | 5, 994. 33 |
| $60,000.00$ | $42,447.24$ |
| 26.624. 00 | 25, 370.10 |
| 50, 00000 | 27, 632.11 |
| 55,963.08 | 42,057. 30 |
| 30,000.00 | 16,875. 00 |
| 20, 000. 00 | 2,329.38 |
| 100, 000. 00 |  |
| 40,743. 85 | 7, 642.95 |
| 11, 829.07 | 3,529.10 |
| 683. 38 |  |
| 8,037.67 | 6,622. 63 |
| 3,400.00 | 587.78 |
| $21,002.09$ 525.00 | $14,932.90$ $\mathbf{5 2 0} .00$ |

47, 385. 17 219, 417.43 $128,997.97$
$5,210,486.86$ 3, 478, 282.08 2, 441, 003.06 197, 039. 28 116, 770. 28 $50,000.00$ 483, 978.51 99, 571.58 $945,085.57$
62, 872.13 $1,884.64$
$3,764.83$ $1,884.83$
$13,538.82$ 4, 319.65 11,967. 58 4, 170. 33 9,902. 15 15.73 9.60
104.41
372.09 373.09

104,972.72

26, 81512 3, 106. 94 $2,005.67$
$\mathbf{1 7}, 552.76$ 17,552.76 1, 253.90 22, 367.89
$13,905.78$ $13,905.78$
13 $13,125.00$
$17,670.62$ $17,670.62$
$100,000.00$ $100,000.00$
33,10090 33,10090
$8,299.97$
1,415.04 2,812. 22 6,069. 19
$486,132.13$
$327,855.59$ $\begin{array}{r}327,835.09 \\ 206,023.13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 1, $263,069.42$ 7, $601,493.94$ 59, 861,93 42, 398. 13 138, 661.50 428.42 $54,914.43$
$1,086.00$ $\qquad$
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2, 250.00 $2,250.00$
$4,582.62$ $\mathbf{4}, 582.62$
$5,751.28$ 23,816.94 25, 937. 57 3, 128.12 9, 598. 35 97. 85 21.04 527.84
805.91

108, 104. 23
243.82
$\qquad$

17, 257. 86 11,8.59.55 6,064.43 42, 254.26 25, 320.79 $29,280.68$
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$16875,0 C$ $16,875.06$
$2,050.99$ 7,294.31 2,923. 10
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$\begin{array}{r}7,017.33 \\ 736.38 \\ \hline\end{array}$
12, 232.85
520.00
5.00

| Title of appropriation. | Year. | Appropyiations aud ba'auces. | Amount drawn out by warrant. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance in } \\ \text { band June } 30, \\ 1891 . \end{gathered}$ | Amonnt expended ly vouchers. | Amount carried to the surplas tued. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bureau of omdxance-coniinued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orduance material, proceeds of sales |  | \$70,566.56 | \$35. 837. 14 | \$ $40,729.42$ | \$32, 203.49 |  |
| Srio ff small arms................ |  | 303.11 | 135.27 | 167.84 | 135.27 |  |
| A samunition for the Vesurias. |  | 12,000.00 |  | 12,000. 00 |  |  |
| . Wedern guns and ammunition. |  | 91, 094.39 | 27,086. 19 | 64,008. 27 | 25,756. 35 |  |
| Now naval magazine .......... |  | 75,000.00 | 34.00 | $7 \pm, 966.00$ | 34.00 |  |
| Equipment of vessels | 1891 | 910, 000. 00 | 670,062. 27 | 233, 037. 73 | 763, 068.54 |  |
| Civil establishment... | 1891 | 19, 025.00 | 19,024.91 | 238, .09 | 19, 024.70 |  |
| Contingent equipment | 1891 | 10,000. 00 | 6, 521, 44 | 3,478.86 | 6, 742. 69 |  |
| Electrio welding machine | 1891 | 12,000.00 |  | - 12,000.00 | 0,72. |  |
| bureau of yards and docks. |  |  |  |  |  | . $\cdot$ |
| Mraintenance | 1891 | 230, 000, 00 | 201, 881.32 | 28, 118. 68 | 202, 015.04 |  |
| Kepairs and preservation, navy-yards. | 1891 | 250, 000.00 | 235, 679. 58 | 14, 820.42 | 235, 625.78 | ............ |
| Contingent, Yards and Docks....... | 1891 | 20,000. 00 | 17, 394. 38 | 2, 605. 62 | "17, 097.70 | ............ |
| Civil establishment.......... | 1891 | 63, 986. 04 | 52, 87i. 12 | 1, 109.92 | 52, 503.11 | ............ |
| Naval Home, Philadelphia, Pa | 1891 | 78,915.00 | 58,277.77 | 15, 437.23 | 57, 819.94 | ............ |
| Nary-yard, Boston .. |  | 52,915. 08 | 4.245. 21 | 48, 469.87 | 9, 968.99 |  |
| Navy-yard, Brooklyn ..... |  | 175, 258.90 | 180, 003. 17 | 55, 255, 73 | 116,38.8. 75 | ............ |
| Navy-yard, League Island | ...... | 281,315.80 | 92, 204, 15 | 189, 111.65 | 90, 34.2. 75 | ............ |
| Nary-yard, Washington. | ...... | 15, 016. 15 | 5, 0:8.68 | 9,987. 47 | 5, 022.15 | ............ |
| Navy yard, Mare Island |  | 131.617.41 | 64, 665. 67 | 67, 531.74 | 68, 285. 24 |  |
| Navy yard, Norfolk ......................... |  | 54, 395.36 | 20,566. 41 | 33,825.95 | 19, 061.42 | - . ${ }_{\text {\$0. }}$ |
| Naval station, Key West................... |  | 2, 259.90 | 1, 524. 90 | 735. 00 | , 1,524.90 | \$0. 0 |
| Nary-yard, League Island, timber dry dociz |  | 211, 886.43 | 210,668. 86 | 1,167. 57 | 210, 668.86 |  |
| Adjustable stern dock............ |  | 3, 000.00 |  | 3,000.00 |  |  |
| Timber dry dock ... |  | 15.242 .64 | 242.16 |  | 274. 36 | $17500.48$ |
| Navy-yard, Boston, dry dock |  | 17, 560. 31 |  |  | 355.68 31702 | 17,560,31 |
| Electric lighting of navy-yards |  | 43, 399.25 | 533.10 $41,379.57$ | $42,859.15$ | 36.817.02 | ............. |
| Navy-yard, Portsmonth, N. H. . ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |  | $62,430.00$ 200.610 .00 | $41,379.57$ $6,166.03$ | $21,050.43$ $193,835.97$ | $36,948.05$ $6, i 66.03$ | .............. |
| Consturction of dock, Port Royal |  | $\begin{array}{r} 200,010.00 \\ 6,: 00.00 \end{array}$ | $6,166.03$ $6,500.00$ | 193, 835.97 | $6,166.03$ | $==\theta+\phi++-+-=\omega$ |
| Naval station, New London. Launching ways and slips.. |  | $6,1801.00$ $26,000.00$ | $6,500.00$ $12,278.19$ | 13, 721.81 | $6,500.00$ $10,151.21$ | -............ |
| Commissions on new mavy-yards and dry docks |  | 4, 4:9.23 | 1, 13\%.32 | 3,340.91 | 1, 138. 32 |  |
| Commissions on dry docks....................... |  | 15,000.00 | 14,515. 73 | 484.27 | 11, 069.19 |  |

bureau of medicine and surgery．
Medical Department．
Contingent，Medicine and Surgery
Repairs．Medicine and Surgery
Laundry，Naval Hospital，New Yo
Sick gnarites，Portsmouth，N．H
Naval Hospital，Widows Island，Me
bureau of provisions and clothing．
Provisions，Navy
Contingent，Provsions and Clothing
Civil establishment
Contingent，Provisions and Clothing

## bUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR．

Constraction and Repair
Civil establishment
Construction plant－
Navy－yard，Mare Island
Navy－yard，Brooklyn．．．
Navy－jard，Portsmouth
Navf－yard，Norfolk
Nary－yard，Boston ．．．．．．．
Parchase or construction of four steam tugs
Parchase or construction of four steam
Construction＇and Repair，act June 14， 1878

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bureau of steam engineering．
```

Steam machinery
Contingent，Steam Engineering
Civil establishment
Machinery，double turreted monitors
Machivery plant－
Navy yard，Boston
Navy－yard，Brooklyn ．
Steam machinery，act June 14， 1878

## MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS．

```
Mayary, stores Marine Lorps.
\[
\begin{array}{r}
40,000.00 \\
67,532.03 \\
531,771.23 \\
, 20.00
\end{array}
\]
\[
20.00
\]
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline 52．281． 33 \\
\hline 20， 766.72 \\
\hline 17． 134.94 \\
\hline 87，483． 30 \\
\hline 5，021．00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
39,203.84 \\
789.90
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline \\
\hline 324，862． 54 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(37,165.65\)
67.457 .50} \\
\hline \\
\hline 261， 247.28 \\
\hline 20.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
934,061.51 \\
19,247.91
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline \\
\hline \multirow[t]{7}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 45,128.03 \\
& 42,719.32 \\
& 12,618.97 \\
& 61,011.42 \\
& 17,123.95 \\
& 4,031.49 \\
& 35,496.84
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
570,790.30 \\
756.30 \\
11,755.22
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
125.56 \\
109.42 \\
96.69
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline 26，114． 48 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
1，915．05
2， 860.80
}

\section*{\begin{tabular}{r}
\(45,128.03\) \\
\(42,719.32\) \\
\(12,618.97\) \\
\(61,011.42\) \\
\(17,123.95\) \\
\(4,031.49\) \\
\(35,496.84\) \\
\(\ldots \ldots \ldots .\). \\
\\
\\
\(570,790.30\) \\
\(11,756.30\) \\
\hline\(\ldots \ldots .22\) \\
\hline 125.56 \\
109.42 \\
96.69
\end{tabular}}
\(7,718.67\)
\(4,233.28\)
\(2,855.06\)
\(245,955.49\)
\(3,79.00\)
\(3,736,16\)
375.51


\(141,137.46\)
\[
\begin{array}{r}
41,13.46 \\
2,834.35 \\
74.53 \\
2793
\end{array}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
74.53 \\
270,523.95
\end{array}
\]

65， 938. 24.50
585.23
\(48,585.23\)
\(29,190.05\)
37，381．03 22，619． 10 32， 876.05 \(45,968.51\)
\(69,317.81\) \(69,317.81\)
898.33 56， 644.10

79，200． 70
243.70 144． 78

39，874． 44
\(74,890.58\)
\(49,903.31\) 49， 903 ．

52， 490.92 21，074． 59 \(17,865.56\)
\(87,205.96\) \(87,205.96\)
\(5,021.00\) \(5,021.00\)
\(29,263.84\) \(29,263.84\)
764.80
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

1，029， 648.15 36， 558.16 \(67,178.54\)
\(259,518.07\) 259，518．07 20.00
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

3，781．92
125． 56 109.42
96.69

245． 25 30，632． 61 1，32：．99 1， 289.56
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Title of appropriation. & Year. & Appropriation and balances. & Amount drawn out bs warrant. & Balance in hand June 30, 1891. & Amount expended by vouchërs. & Amount carriêl to the surplus fund. \\
\hline - miscellaneous appropriations-continued. & & & & & & \\
\hline Provisions, Marine Corps & 1890 & \$1,518.89 & \$1,321.92 & \$196. 97 & \$1, 299.67 & \\
\hline Clothing, Marine Corps.. & 1890 & 14, 234.64 & 9,510. 49 & \(4,724.15\) & 9,583.94 & ............ \\
\hline Fuel, Marine Corps. & 1890 & 6, 304. 82 & 3, 644.04 & 2, 660. 78 & 3,719. 05 & ............. \\
\hline Transfers and recruiting, Marive Corps & 1890 & 896.48 & 582.22 & 314. 26 & 313.16 & \\
\hline Repairs barracks, Marine Corps..... & 1890 & 41.35 & 12.31 & 29.04 & 1,520.97 & ... \\
\hline Hire quarters, Marine Curps. & 1890 & 263.60 & & 263.60 & & \\
\hline Forage, Marine Corps.... & 1890 & 1, 160. 26 & 493.86 & 666.40 & 302.96 & ............. \\
\hline Pay, Naval Academy....... & 1890 & 2.855.60 & 39.26
2 & 816.34 & 160.71 & ............. \\
\hline Special course Naral Academy & 1890
1890 & \(2,800.59\)
\(2,248.83\) & \(2,739.00\)
\(2,245.40\) & 61.59
3.43 & 2, 800.00
\(\mathbf{2}, 932.89\) & ............. \\
\hline Repairs, Naval Academy ............. & 1890
1890 & 2, 248.83 & 2, 245.40 & \(\begin{array}{r}3.43 \\ \hline 41.73\end{array}\) & 2,932.89 & ............. \\
\hline Heating and lighting Naval A cademy .......... & 1890
1890 & 1,255. 39 & 1,213. 64 & 41.73
.08 & 1,193: 46 & ............ \\
\hline Furniture for cadets quarters, Naval Academy & 18890 & 4,397.59 & 3,916.10 & 481. 49 & 3,916. 10 & \\
\hline Navigation.-....... & 1890. & 31, 040.56 & 31, 040.56 & & 25,554. 56 & ............ \\
\hline Contingent, Navigation & 1890 & 1, 238.36 & - 1,168.94 & 69.42 & 935.03 & \\
\hline Civil establishment, Narigation & 1890 & 287. 32 & & 287.32 & 6. 46 & \\
\hline Ordnance & 1890 & 10,917.99 & 3,825.65 & 7,092. 34 & 3,688. 77 & -........ ... \\
\hline Torpedo Corps and War College & 1890 & 21, 193.85 & 13, 466.09 & 7, 727. 76 & 14, 541.44 & \\
\hline Repairs, Ordinance & 1890 & 6, 055.23 & 3,789. 47 & 2, 265. 76 & 4,175.08 & \\
\hline Civil establishment, Ordnance & 1890 & 3, 663. 44 & & 3, 663. 44 & & \\
\hline Contingent, Ordnance & :890 & 2.955. 01 & 2, 672.44 & 282. 57 & 2, 027.20 & \\
\hline Equipment of vessels & 1890 & 420, 076.36 & 344, 892.49 & 75, 183.87 & 140, 926. 85 & \\
\hline Contingent, Equipment and Recruiting & 1890 & 5, 405. 33 & 3, 369.03 & 2, 036. 30 & 3, 056.28 & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting, Equipment and Recruiting & 1890 & 2,158.17 & 1, 344. 11 & 814.06 & 2,119.57 & \\
\hline Naval training station ....................................... & 1890 & 4,273. 74 & 4, 007.15 & 266.61 & 4,023.38 & \\
\hline Civil establishment, Equipment and Recruiting & 1890 & . 23 & & . 23 & & \\
\hline Maintenance, X ards and Docks.................... & 1990 & 21, 886. 14 & 17, 483.66 & 4, 402.48 & 18, 164. 20 & \\
\hline Contingent, Yards and Dooks.. & 1890 & 10,550. 74 & 63130.53 & 10, 420.21 & 5.91 & \\
\hline Repairs and preservation nary-yards & 1890 & 21, 652.53 & 16, 355.24 & 5,297. 29 & 17,537. 48 & \\
\hline Naval Home, Philadelphia ..... & 1890 & 11, 076.09 & 10, 377. 65 & 698.44 & 9, 616. 36 & ............: \\
\hline Civil establishment, Yards and Docks & 1890 & 381.35 & 91.00 & 290.35 & 91.00 & \\
\hline Medical Department . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1890 & \(8,585.62\) & 6, 233.22 & 2, 352.40 & 3,835.02 & \\
\hline Contingent, Medicine and Surgery & 1890 & 4, 629. 86 & 4,363. 75 & 266. 11 & \(3,911.00\) & \\
\hline Repairs, Medicine and Surgery.... & 1890 & 741.85 & 178.96 & 562.89 & 6,678.90 & \\
\hline Provisions, Navy................ & 1890 & 147, 466.68 & 145, 874. 86 & 1,591.82 & 29, 879. 22 & \\
\hline Contingent, Provisions and Clothing. & 1890 & 11, 419.97 & 6, 714. 72 & 4,705. 25 & 6,558. 39 & ............. \\
\hline Contingent, Provisions and Clothing & \{1889 189\(\}\) & 1,695.89 & 373.13 & 1,322.76 & 394.47 & -........-... \\
\hline Civil establishment, Provisions and Clothing & 1890 & 538.44 & 4.50 & 533.94 & 4.50 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Contingent, Marine Corps Construction and Repair Civil establishment, Construction and Ropair
Construction and Repair
Steam machinery
Contingent. Steam Engincering
Civil establishment, Steam Engineering
Pay, miscellaneous
Contingent, Navy.
Contingent, Marine Corps
Provisions, Marine Corps
Fuoting, Marine Co
Fuel; Marine Corps .............
Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps
Repairs barracks, Matine Corps
Hire of quarters, Marine Corps
Forage, Marine Corps
Pay, Naval Academy
Special course, Naval Academy
Repairs, Naval Academy.
Heating and lighting, Naval A cademy
Library, Naval acâdern
Stores, Naval A cademy..
Moard of Visitors, Naval Academ
Miscellaneons Naval A cadering
Navigation
Civil establishment, Navigation
Ordnance
Contingent. Ordnance
Repairs, Ordnance
Torpedo Corps.
Civil establishment, Ordnance
Naval War College.
Equipment of vessels
Transportation and recruiting, Equipment and Recruiting
Contingent, Equipment and Recruiting
Naval training station
Civil establishment, Equipment ayd Recruiting.
Maintenance, Yards and Dock
Naval Asylum, Fhiladelphia
Civil establishment, Yards and Docks
Repairs and preservations, navy-yards.
Contingent, Navigation
Provisions, Navy.
Medical department
Repairs, Medicine and Surgery
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 3,115. 05 & 2,905.95 \\
\hline 125, 912.43 & 106,996. 77 \\
\hline 234.73 & \\
\hline & \\
\hline 87, 351.54 & 84, 192.93 \\
\hline 313.66 & 301.21 \\
\hline 271.42 & \\
\hline 50, 767.52 & 50, 294.05 \\
\hline 51, 195. 65 & 51, 142.72 \\
\hline 82.21 & 61.91 \\
\hline 126.68 & 109.52 \\
\hline 3,381.67 & \\
\hline 3, 002. 01 & 2,778. 60 \\
\hline 282.28 & \\
\hline 377.71 & 5.80 \\
\hline 166.31 & \\
\hline 307.80 & \\
\hline 141.75 & 55.24 \\
\hline 1,180.49 & \\
\hline 1,145 36 & 31.37 \\
\hline 6. 08 & \\
\hline 20.27 & \\
\hline 76. 05 & 2.43 \\
\hline 11.14 & \\
\hline 10.52 & \\
\hline 26. 84 & \\
\hline - 63.35 & 50.00 \\
\hline 7, 913. 12 & 7, 835.44 \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
68.76 \\
7,233.06
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline 1,572.79 & 1, 713.29 \\
\hline 2, 262. 44 & \\
\hline 1,466. 89 & \\
\hline 667.63 & \\
\hline 3,745. 26 & \\
\hline 110, 084. 51 & 103, 461. 37 \\
\hline 1, 295. 43 & 985. 74 \\
\hline 1, 277.70 & 1,110. 28 \\
\hline 48751
227.03 & \\
\hline 754.53 & \\
\hline 7. 39 & \\
\hline 4,353.90 & \\
\hline 1,550. 64 & \\
\hline 7,672.19 & \\
\hline 1, 088. 50 & 1, 009. 13 \\
\hline 10. 20 & -16,20 \\
\hline 806. 38 & 806. 38 \\
\hline 498.11 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Title of appropriation. & Year. & Appropriations and balances. & \(\Delta\) mount drawn out by warrant. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Balance in } \\
\text { hand June } 30, \\
1891 .
\end{gathered}
\] & Amount expended by vouchers. & Amount carried to the surplus fund. \\
\hline miscelllaygous appropriations-continuod. & & & & & & \\
\hline Contingent, Medicine and Surgery. & 1889 & \$1,084. 21 & \$1,058.11 & & \$465. 78 & \$26. 10 \\
\hline Provisions, Navy & 1889 & 16, 102.94 & 16, 2450.44 & & \({ }^{653.42}\) & 157.50 \\
\hline Contingent, Provisions and Clothing \({ }_{\text {Civil }}\) establishment, Provisions and Cothing & 1889
1889 & 165.73
\(2,611.45\) & 130.45 & & 156.00 & 35.28
2,611.45 \\
\hline Construction and Repair.................... & 1889 & 8,543.96 & 1,751.85 & & 1,802.90 & 6, 792.11 \\
\hline Civil establishment, Construction and Repair; & 1889 & 558.59 & & & & 558.59 \\
\hline Steam machinery & 1889 & 3, 52\%. 91 & 2,123.94 & & 2, 123.94 & 1, 398.97 \\
\hline Contingent, Steam Engineering ......... & 3889
1889 & 54.04 & & & & \\
\hline Civil establishment, Steam Engineering & \begin{tabular}{l}
1889 \\
1888 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 351.26
\(1,746.23\) & 894.04 & \$852.19 & 821.15 & 351. 26 \\
\hline Contingent, Marine Corps & 1888 & 164.04 & 155.92 & 8. 12 & 155.92 & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps & 1888 & 40.00 & & 23.00 & & -17.00 \\
\hline Contingent, Ordnance .... & 1888 & 2, 288. 33 & 301.64 & & 301.64 & 1,986. 69 \\
\hline Pap, miscellaneous.. & 1887 & 1,012.42 & & & & 1, \({ }_{19} 12.42\) \\
\hline Contingent, Ordnance & 1887 & 19.22 & & & & \\
\hline Navigation...... & 18887 & 74.50
236.23 & 235.39 & & 74.50
407.20 & . 84 \\
\hline Navy-yard, Mare Island. & 1887 & 3,691.79 & 3,691.79 & & 3,492. 57 & \\
\hline Construction and Repair & 1886 & 12.56 & & & & 12. 36 \\
\hline Navy-yard, Mare Island & 1886 & 17,772. 75 & & & & 17,772.75 \\
\hline Bounty, destruction of enemy's vessels, act July 7..... & 1884 & \begin{tabular}{c}
\(56,495.64\) \\
1,152 \\
104 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(1,074.01\)
\(1,128.41\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
55,421.63 \\
24.13
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
830.35 \\
-935.73
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline Bounty, destruction of enemy's vessels, certified claims Contingent, Navigation, certified claims & & 1,152 54 & 1,128.41 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
24.13 \\
.80
\end{array}
\] & & .......... \\
\hline Contingent, Equipment and Recruitiog, certified claim & & 1, 095. 11 & 1, 085.91 & 9. 20 & 976.81 & \\
\hline Contingent, Navy, certified claims & & 2.00 & 2.00 & & 2.00 & \\
\hline Contingent, Marine Corps, certified claims & & 75.33 & 62.40 & 12.93 & \({ }^{62.40}\) & ............ \\
\hline Destruction of bedding and clothing, certified claims & & 759.01 & 735.05 & 23.96
114.54 & \({ }^{6} 4{ }^{600.97}\) & \\
\hline Enlistment bounties to seamen, certitied claims & & 15, 048.96
-319.87 & \(14,934.42\)
319.87 & 114. 54 & & \\
\hline Contingent, Naval A cademy, certified claims.. & & & & & & \\
\hline Indemnity, lost clothing, certified claims. & & 3,187. 83 & 2, 555.50 & 632.33 & 2. 566.45 & \\
\hline Contingent, Ordnance, certified claims.. & & 1. 14 & & 1.14 & & \\
\hline Contingent, Medicine and Surgery, certified claims & & 15.45 & & 15.45 & & \\
\hline Contingent, Provisions and Clothing, eertified claims
Maintenance, Yards and Docks, certified claims.... & & 32.02
107.72 & & 32.02
107.72 & & \\
\hline Pay of the Nary, certified claims..... & & 274, 434.01 & 177, 186.70 & 97, 247.31 & 174, 953. 99 & \\
\hline Pay civilian members, Naval Advisory Board, & & 39.60 & 39. 60 & & 39.60 & \\
\hline Pay of the Marine Corps, certified claims. & & 1, 93.32 .46 & 1,925. 65 & 6.81 & 1, 8393.60 & \\
\hline Provisions of the Marine Corps, certified
Provisions, & & \(1,331.77\)
\(1,590.79\) & 331.77
469.74 & 1, 121. 05 & 331.77
4795 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline R & & 30.90 & 30.00 & & 30.00 & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting, Equipment and Recruiting, certified claims & & \(12 \% .81\) & 123.81 & & \(5: 31\) & \\
\hline Pay, miscellancous, certified ciaims. & & 1,643.89 & 1,633. 22 & 10.67 & - 1,633. 22 & \\
\hline Relief of widows and orphans of officers, seamen, and marines of the U. S. S. Albany, certified claims & & 210, 00 & 240.00 & & 240.00 & \\
\hline Steam machinery, certified claims .............................................. & & 626.57 & & 620.57 & & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting Marine Corps, certified claims & & 19.40 & 14. 40 & 5. 00 & 14. 40 & \\
\hline I'wenty per cent additional compensation, certified claims: & & 11, 839.83 & 11,839.83 & & 11,731.65 & \\
\hline Expenses of last illness and burial of Lieut. Charles R. Miles & & 49.60 & & & & 49. 00 \\
\hline Expenses in connection with the Arctic exploring expedition & & 3, 833.62 & & & & 3,833. 62 \\
\hline Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war & & 2, 287. 50 = & 2, 287. 50 & & 3, 976.05 & \\
\hline Mileage, Navy, Grabanm decision & & 73, 264. 75 & 72,080. 45 & 1,204. 30 & 71, 380.46 & \\
\hline Naval station and coaling depot, Isthmus of Pauama & & \(200,000.00\) & & 200, 000. 00 & & \\
\hline Navy pension fund ......... & & \(840,000.00\) & 210,000.00 & \(630,000.00\) & & \\
\hline Prize money to captors & & 467, 736. 23 & 6, 491. 89 & 461, 244. 34 & 5,682. 09 & \\
\hline Payment, Japanese award & & 32, 016.39 & 428.62 & 31, 587.77 & 428.62 & \\
\hline Removal and burial of Lieut. Commander George W. DeLong and & & 15, 459. 16 & & & & 15, 459. 16 \\
\hline Relief of children of O. H. Berriman and others. & & 12, 367.84 & & & & 12,367. 84 \\
\hline Relief of Rear-Admiral Samuel P. Carter ...................................................... & & 6, 271. 23 & 6, 271. 23 & & 6, 271, 23 & \\
\hline Removal of remains of otlicers and others who perished by wreck of United States stearoers at A pia, Samoan Islands & & 10,000. 00 & 398. 50 & 9, 601. 50 & 393.50 & \\
\hline Reliet of sufferers by wreck of United States steamers at Apia, Samoan Islands & & 122, 706.77 & 122, 706. 77 & & 119,042.47 & \\
\hline Relief of Selina Bester, O. H. Bester, and E. F. Rigga & & 21, 230.67 & 21, 230.67 & & 21, 230.67 & \\
\hline Relief of George W. Quintard and George E. Weed, assignees of John Roach & & \(59,114.65\) & 59, 114. 65 & & 59, 114. 65 & \\
\hline Relief of heirs of Thomas Black .-............................... & & 4,617.60 & 4,617,60 & & 4,617.60 & \\
\hline Payment to owners of tugboat A. F. Walcot & & 990.00 & & 990.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to owners of schooner Rillie S. Derby & & 1,570. 73 & 1,579.73 & & 1,579. 73 & \\
\hline Payment to owners of barges Benefactor and Mayflower & & 496. 77 & 496, 77 & & 496.77 & \\
\hline Relief of snfferers br wreck of U.S.S. Haron & & 186.00 & 186.00 & & ]86. 00 & \\
\hline Indemnity, lost clothing --......... & & 1,10\%.01 & 1, 107. 01 & & 502.60 & \\
\hline Contingent, Medicine and Surgery & 1888 & 94.31 & 90. 57 & & 90.57 & 3. 74 \\
\hline Contingent, Equipment and Recruiting & 1888 & 951.14 & 826.07 & & 826.07 & 125.07 \\
\hline Transportationand recruiting, Equipment and Recruiting & 1888 & 5. 00 & & & & 5.00 \\
\hline Contingent, Provisions and Clothing. & 1888 & 871.76
. & 751.88 & & 751.82 & 119.94 \\
\hline Medical department, certified claims & & \(\bigcirc 40.10\) & 40.10 & & 40.10 & \\
\hline Construction and repair & 1885 & 3, 250.84 & 3,250.84 & & 3, 250.84 & \\
\hline General account of adrances & & 477, 760. 28. & & & & 477, 760.28 \\
\hline Total & & 47, 753, 185, 20 & 27, 016, 314. 86 & 19, 900, 142. 82 & 26, 590, 342. 30 & 836, 727.52 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{EXCHANGE.}

Bills of exchange were sold by the pay officers of the Nary Department during the year to the amount of \(\$ 1,195,506.7\). Of this snm \(\$ 738,376.05\) was drawn on the Navy agents at London and \(\$ 457,130.69\) on the Secretary of the Navy.

These bills were negotiated at varying rates of exchange, the gross loss being \(\$ 30,539.66\); gross gain, \(\$ 9,995.44\); making the total net cost of negotiation \(\$ 20,554.22\).

\section*{SPECIAL FISCAL AGENTS AT LONDON.}

The same contract continues in force with Messrs. Seligman Bros., special fiscal agents at London, as stated in my last annual report, viz:

A commission of one-half of 1 per cent is paid on disbursemeuts made by them on account of the Navy Department. On daily balances in their hands they pay to the Government the rate of interest paid by the London joint-stock banks, and on advances they receive the rate charged by the Bauk of England. Commissions amounting to \(\$ 3,853.56\) have been paid to them during the year. They have paid the amount of \(\$ 13,644.15\) as interest on the daily credit balances. There has been a gain of \(\$ 3,781.32\) in the transfer of funds from New York to London.

WORK OF THE OFFICE.
The following tables show a summary of the work performed in the different divisions of the office for the fiscal year:

GENERAL CLAIMS DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Month.} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Claims-} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Amount involved.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Vouchers examined} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Letters-} \\
\hline & Received. & Allowed. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Dis. \\
allowed.
\end{tabular} & Sus. pended. & Total disposed of. & & & Received. & Written. \\
\hline 1890. & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline July .... & 221 & 195 & 38 & ......... & 233 & \$31, 743.22 & 5,963 & + 864 & 800 \\
\hline August. & 203 & 149 & 22 & & 171 & 22, 861.31 & 4,729 & 883 & 838 \\
\hline September & 191 & 154 & 50 & \(\therefore\) & 204 & 20, 368. 74 & 7,425 & 784 & 831 \\
\hline October .... & 174 & 155 & 62 & 30 & 247 & 24, 245.79 & 6, 699. & 843 & 814 \\
\hline November . & 218 & 139 & 98 & 36 & 273 & 21,523. 10 & 7,607 & 848 & 941 \\
\hline December.
1891. & 276 & 148 & 117 & 2 & 267 & 17,957. 62 & 1,027 & 844 & 874 \\
\hline January ... & 265 & 174 & 142 & 1 & 317 & 28, 448.66 & 1,217 & 739 & 930 \\
\hline February .. & 94 & 132 & 16 & 1 & 149 & 19.092. 67 & 893 & 621 & 520 \\
\hline March..... & 217 & 138 & 52 & 14 & 204 & 42, 563.73 & 1,309 & 646 & 945 \\
\hline April . & 158 & 109 & 43 & & 152 & 9,745. 23 & 1,064 & 641 & 882 \\
\hline May & 124 & 103 & 24 & 16 & 143 & 11420.11 & 1,164 & 452 & 670 \\
\hline June & 191 & 106 & 44 & 11 & 161 & 10,477. 59 & 1,550 & 520 & 705 \\
\hline Total & 2,332 & 1,702 & 708 & 111 & 2.521 & 260, 457.75 & 40,647 & 8,684 & 9,750 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Claims on hand June 30, 1891
}

PAYMASTER'S DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Month. & Paymas. ters' accounts received. & Paymas. ters' accoants settled & Railroad transpor. tation claims received. & Railroad transpor. tation claims settled. & Letters received. & Letters written & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Cash } \\
\text { rouchers. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Cash expend. itures. \\
\hline July 1890. & & & & 4 & 238 & 111 & 444 & \$674, 169.21 \\
\hline Aurust. & 64 & 17 & 55 & & 318 & 147 & 722 & ¢ \(5574,238.44\) \\
\hline September & 29 & 33 & 17 & & 198 & 107 & 1,154 & 2, 424, 260.81 \\
\hline October.. & 27 & 22 & 3 & 73 & 208 & 109 & 973 & 654, 858.02 \\
\hline November. & 42 & 23 & 14 & & 219 & 129 & 676 & 667, 940.92 \\
\hline December. & 16 & 28 & 5 & & 148 & 82 & 996 & 1,600, 704.78 \\
\hline 1891: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January & 22 & 25 & 19 & 25 & 156 & 127 & 1,525 & 769, 221.12 \\
\hline February & 36 & 35 & 99 & 32 & 205 & 144 & 1,365 & 1, 000, 580.92 \\
\hline March ... & 22 & 52 & 28 & 2 & 152 & 111 & 1,010 & 1,276, 187.06 \\
\hline April ... & 18 & 38 & 17 & 25 & 158 & 108 & - 833 & 696, 520.18 \\
\hline May.. & 36 & 17 & 36 & 15 & 179 & 124 & 2, 698 & 1,460, 137.43 \\
\hline June. & 20 & 38 & 42 & 8 & . 164 & 102 & 2, 391 & 1, 309, 417.53 \\
\hline Total & 351 & 356 & 339 & 184 & 2,343 & 1,401 & 14,787 & 13, 097, 326.42 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Paymasters', etc., accounts on hand July 1, 1890
Paymasters', etc., accounts on hand June 30,1891
Paymasters', etc., accounts on hand June 30, 1891............................................................................ 155
*
RECORD AND PRIZE DIVISION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Month.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Letters-} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Claims-} & & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Records.} \\
\hline & Re. ceived. & Written. & Re. ceived. & Al. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Re- } \\
\text { jected. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Amount of prize money paid. & Letters keyed in. & Letters keyed out. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Letters } \\
\text { re- } \\
\text { corded. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Letters in. dexed. \\
\hline 1890. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline July... & 316 & 253 & 25 & 18 & 7 & \$511,31 & 2, 853 & 2, 364 & 755 & 2,236 \\
\hline Angust. & 357 & 276 & 30 & 17 & 13 & 517.29 & 2,777 & 2,044 & 424 & 424 \\
\hline September & 337 & 358 & 47 & 22 & 30 & 609.17 & 2,396 & 1,871 & 542 & 1,220 \\
\hline October... & 269 & 314 & 46 & 24 & 27 & 630.42 & 4,424 & 1; 887 & 680 & 680 \\
\hline November & 672 & 356 & 40 & 24 & 19 & 1, 346.65 & 3,255 & 1,947 & 275 & 275 \\
\hline December & 241 & 237 & 23 & 12 & 11 & 331.46 & 2,840 & 1,899 & 675 & 1,345 \\
\hline 1891. & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January . & 249 & 287 & 36 & 25 & 15 & 696.33 & 2,746 & 1,920 & 812 & 3,582 \\
\hline February. & 257 & 224 & 28 & 17 & 11 & 421.70 & 2,776 & 1,708 & 665 & 4,740 \\
\hline Mareh. & 312 & 241 & 47 & 26 & 22 & 510.35 & 3, 447 & 2,224 & 1,202 & 5,527 \\
\hline April & 260 & 169 & 43 & 28 & 15 & 1, 421.43 & 3,578 & 1,974 & 1,072 & 5,950 \\
\hline May. & 244 & 185 & 30 & 15 & 15 & 222.28 & 3, 185 & 1,744 & 520 & 4.223 \\
\hline June & 238 & 157 & 23 & 11 & 12 & 320.68 & 3, 592 & 2,115 & 349 & 3,366 \\
\hline Total & 3, 752 & 3,057 & 418 & 239 & 197 & 7,539.07 & 37, 869 & 23,697 & 7,971 & 33, 568 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Reports of service furnished to Pension Office.................................................................... 10,250
Leports of service furvished to Navy Department, etc....................................................................... 2,564
Total requests for reports on hand unanswered
5,319
This division is charged also with the preparation of all reports and statements called for by Congress, the courts, and the Secretary of the Treasury; the preservation and care of the files; keeping a record of the appointments, resignations, removals, and absences; the care and issuing of stationery used in the office, and the payments of salaries to employés.

BOORKEEPER＇S DIVISION．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Date．} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Pay requisitions．} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Repay requisitions．} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Letters received：} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 苨 } \\
& \stackrel{0}{0} \\
& \text { 4 }
\end{aligned}
\] &  & ＋
合
品 & & & & & & & \\
\hline 1890. & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline July．． & 239 & \＄3，160，166．63 & 69 & \＄04，712． 20 & 137 & 293 & 46 & 23 & 130 & 9 & 71 \\
\hline Ansust & 156 & 2，301，959．69 & 48 & 528，197． 53 & 117 & 244 & & 23 & 156 & 13 & 75 \\
\hline Sepitember & 161 & 1，911， 953.00 & 31 & 268， 585.76 & 97 & 227 & 23 & 31 & 119 & 3 & 48 \\
\hline October－－． & 190 & 4，401，022． 34 & 23 & 1，445，469．94 & 109 & 262 & 66 & 10 & 142 & 4 & 78 \\
\hline Norember． & 216 & 2，977， 028.61 & 34 & 554， 771.42 & 106 & 244 & 65 & 27 & 124 & 5 & 69 \\
\hline December． & 159 & 2，443，111．99 & 26 & 366，964． 50 & 100 & 267 & 38 & 26 & 105 & 5 & 78 \\
\hline 1891. & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline January & 203 & 2，850，088．52 & 21 & 537，871．65 & 94 & 258 & 59 & 28 & 141 & 3 & 75 \\
\hline February & 14： & 3，139，303．97 & 24 & 292，509．13 & 105 & 234 & 49 & 19 & 119 & 5 & 73 \\
\hline March ．．． & 200 & 3，016，893． 67 & 23 & 593，987．00 & 116 & 264 & 44 & 28 & 131 & 5 & 75 \\
\hline A pril & 185 & 2，584，278．41 & 31 & 467， 425.24 & 107 & 269 & 48 & 186 & 99 & 6 & 68 \\
\hline May & 217 & 3，687，575． 56 & 15 & 74：3，294． 38 & 106 & 460 & 36 & 17 & 81. & 5 & 75 \\
\hline June & 166 & 2，905， 151.00 & 39 & 709.866 .21 & 118 & 273 & 35 & 28 & 106 & 9 & 76 \\
\hline Total & 2，227 & 35，378，533． 39 & 384 & 7，013，654．96 & 1，312 & 3，095 & 509 & 284 & 1， 453 & 72 & 861 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NAVF PAY AND PENSION DIVISION．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Month．} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Accounts－} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Letters－} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Amonnt in－ volved．} \\
\hline & Received． & Settled． & Received． & Written． & Not re－ quiring reply． & \\
\hline 1890. & & & & － & & \\
\hline July & 18 & 12 & 442 & 286 & 156 & \＄711， 929.51 \\
\hline Augnst & 31 & 15 & 505 & 278 & 227 & 1，385， 851.02 \\
\hline Stptember & 18 & 23 & 494 & 2 tib & 228 & 300，135． 26 \\
\hline Detober． & 25 & 18 & 541 & 259 & 282 & 399， 300.31 \\
\hline November & 29 & 23 & 509 & 273 & 236 & 732， 779.97 \\
\hline December． & 18 & 24 & 850 & 261 & 589 & 1，751，583． 07 \\
\hline 1891. & & & & & & \\
\hline January ．．． & 26 & 28 & 786 & 318 & 468 & 791， 173.50 \\
\hline Felrnary．． & 12 & 7 & 816 & 230 & 586 & 772，139． 27 \\
\hline Mareb．\({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 21 & － 23 & 1， 236 & 217 & 1，019 & 1，449，427．0t \\
\hline April & 17 & 26 & 1，540 & 247 & 1，293 & 739.081 .39 \\
\hline May．．． & 32 & 27 & 1， 296 & 272 & 1，024 & 711，906． 17 \\
\hline June & 24 & 24 & 1，790 & 300 & 1，900 & 1，947，430． 70 \\
\hline Total & 271 & 250 & 10，805 & 3，207 & 7，598 & 11，692，740．21 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Accounts on hand Jine 30， 1890
Accounts settled less iban received luting the fiscal year ending June 30， 1891
On band June 30， 1891
\(-\frac{21}{27}\)

Amount Paid for Allotments at Nayy Pay Offices during the Fiscal Year 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Ofice. & Amount. \\
\hline New York & & \$160, 426.50 \\
\hline Washington & & 104, 568: 00 \\
\hline Pbiladelphia & & 55, 148.00 \\
\hline Boston ...... & & 69, 474.10 \\
\hline Norfolk Baltimore & & \(32,103.50\) \\
\hline Saltimore \({ }_{\text {San }}\) & & 22.070.00 \\
\hline San Francisco & & 39, 223.50 \\
\hline Total. & & 483, 013. 50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Allotments rumuing \\
Allotments registered during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891 Allotments discontinued Vouchers examined during the fiscal year 1891
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of Navy Pensioners and the Amount Disbursed during the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Pension agency. & Navy incalid pensioners. & Navy widow pensioners. & Children under 16 years of age drawing pension. & Dependent relatives. & Minors. & Total. & Disburse. ments for the year ending June \(30,1891\). \\
\hline Boston & 2,562 & 1, 023 & 469 & 239 & 36 & 4,329 & \$580, 610.70 \\
\hline Chicago & 2,035 & 510 & 270 & 124 & 23 & 2,962 & 458, 939.87 \\
\hline Now York............. & 1,512 & 734 & 359 & 154 & 15 & 2, 774 & 379, 121.57 \\
\hline Philadelphia ......... & 1,419 & 667 & 317 & 141 & 45 & 2,589 & \(325,675.41\) \\
\hline San Francisco........ & 1,320 & 57 & 35 & 7 & 15 & 434 & 51, 532.74 \\
\hline Washington........... & 1,703 & 728 & 298 & 130 & 42 & 2,901 & 476, 868. 57 \\
\hline Total. & 9,551 & 3, 719 & 1,748 & 795 & 176 & 15,989 & 2, 272, 748.86 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The sum of \(\$ 3,420.46\) was expended under section 4718 of the Revised Statutes to reimburse those who bore the expense of last sickness and burial of pensioners. Also the amount of \(\$ 9 \pm\) was paid as fees to examining surgeons for surgical examinations made daring the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891.

\section*{CONDITION OF BUSINESS.}

You will observe that material progress has been made by the different divisions of the office in bringing up the work heretofore in arrears. In every division the claims and accounts on hand unsettled is considerably less than at the end of the preceding fiscal year. While recent pension legislation has materially increased the work of at least two divisions of the office, and while the increase in the clerical force has not been commensurate with the increased labor as a result of suci legislation, yet I am happy to be able to say that the work has been kept up by the present force to a satisfactory degree.

The number of letters of inquiry from the Pension Office unanswered a few months ago was over 6,000 , covering a period of over six months. At this writing the number has been reduced to less than 3,000 , cover. ing a period of less than three months. Unless there is a material increase in the number of inquiries, which I do not anticipate, I am satisfied that this class of work will be fully up to date before the end of the present calendar year, and at that time a part of the force now engrged upon it can be assigned to duty in the paymaster's divisiong the work of which is now somewhat in arrears.

The work of the paymaster's division requires the highest order of clerical ability, hence my recommendation in the "Estimate for salaries, 1893," that the two \(\$ 800\) clerkships should be abolished and one \(\$ 1,600\) clerk be allowed in lieu thereof; one such clerk will be of more value to the office than two \(\$ 800\) copyists. I have every reason to believe that before the end of another year the work of every division will be up to date.

Too much can not be said in commendation of the efficient chiefs of the different divisions of the office and their able corps of clerks. They have been faithful, attentive, and industrious, and they fully merit all the words of commendation that can be bestowed unon them by the head of the office.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant, John R. Lynce,

Auditor.
Hon. Charlés Foster,
Secretary of the Treasury.
(No. 13.)

\section*{REPORT OF THE FIFTH AUDITOR.}

\author{
Treasury Department, Fifith Auditor's Office, Washington, D. C., October 30, 1891.
}

SIr : According to your instruction under date of the 2 d ultimo, I bave the honor to hereby submit to you the annual report of this office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.
The following is a statement showing the character and amount of the work performed:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Accounts adjusted & 38,695 \\
\hline Reports made to the First Comptroller & 8,387 \\
\hline Vouchers examined. & 530,954 \\
\hline Amount involved in adjustments & \$686, 449,546. 22 \\
\hline Reports copied & 9,083 \\
\hline Letters written & 3,638 \\
\hline Coupon books of internal-revenue stamps counted & 38,975 \\
\hline Coupon books of internal-reveuue stamps scheduled & 37,811 \\
\hline Letters copied by hand. & 589 \\
\hline Comptroller's certificates copied & 8,409 \\
\hline Invoice and debenture certificate numbers posted from collectors of customs (section 4213, Revised Statutes) .. & 393,059 \\
\hline Consular-fee reports proven & 2,469 \\
\hline Pages of consular-fee reports tabulated & 18,216 \\
\hline Drafts examined for payment & 1,113 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The accounts shown to have been adjusted are more than three times the number ordinarily settled annually by this office in the regular course of business. The excess consists almost wholly of 27,372 claims for rebate of revenue tax on tobacco and snuff, which were settled during the last four months of the fiscal year; while these claims were simple compared with the other accounts settled in this office, they entailed a very large amount of extra work. The regular business of the Bureau was thereby necessarily retarded, the extra work coming upon a clerical force whose common duties were already adequate to their strength. But I am gratified to be able to report that by close application to business, and by working during extra hours, the lost ground has been recovered and the work is now up to its customary status of completion.

I appreciate the interest manifested in the public business connected with their desks, by the clerks of the office, and commend them for the industry and alacrity with which they have prosecuted their labors.

The results of the system of checking consular fees from customs returns (section 4213 of the Revised Statutes, the work of which appears in two captions of the above statement) are quite satisfactory. A considerable amount of fees is annually saved to the Treasury by the detec-
tion and correction of errors and omissions in fee returns and of practices tending to deprive the Government of its revenue.

The matter to which my letter to you, of the 25 th of June last, related, was one of the results of the workings of this system in this Bureau, in which it was discovered that goods ostensibly shipped through. this country to a foreign destination were being entered largely for cousumption in the United States, the official fee of \(\$ 2.50\) required by law for exportations to this country, for each consular certification to an invoice, being in these cases retained by the consul as a notarial or personal fee, under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Mosby \(v s\). the. United States (133 U. S. Reports, 273), in which the fees for certification by United States consuls of invoices for goods in transit through the United States to other countries were declared to be unofficial fees and as belonging to the consul.

You were pleased to lay the subject betore the Department of State on the day following the receipt of my letter, and thereupon, on July 17, 1891, that Department issued a circular to the consular officers of the United States, in which the following conclusions were reached and instruction given:

This discovery leads to the belief that the obtaining of a consular invoice for goods shipped ostensibly in transit through the United States to some other county is prima facie evidence of an intent to dispose of the goods in the United States if it be found on arrival there to be advanfageous to do so. A shipment nominally "for trausit," but with the option of sale in the United States, and so documented as to enjoy the privilege of entry fur consumption as well as for transit, stould be regarded and treated as an export to the United States, and the fee for certifying the invoice should be turned into the Treasury as official. The fee for an invoice of goods shipped for transit through the United States is unofficial only when the goods are shipped bona fide and absolutely for transit, without any arrangemont for the contingency of a sale in the United States. You will be held to account for the fees in accordance with this instruction.

I have construed this circular to mean that in all cases where a certificate to an invoice is procared from a consular officer of the United States the fee therefor shall be returned to the Treasury as official, without regard to the alleged destination of the goods; and those officers are being so instructed when the subject is adverted to in their correspondence with this Bureau. It seems to be the only practical and safe solution of the question, the difficulty being to ascertain in each case the final disposition of the goods. Neither the assertion of the shipper nor the writing upon the invoice that the goods are "for transit" is a guaranty of the absolute carriage of the merchaudise through and out of the United States.

There will now follow in the order of the divisions of the office some exhibits resultant upon the adjustments of accounts and claims and suitable remarks thereon, and at the end of the report will appear the customary appendix, tables lettered from A to \(K\), sbowing in detail the condition of the public businuess to which they relate.

\section*{DIPLOMATIC AND GONSULAR DIVISION.}

Diplomatic service.-The accounts of ministers and other officers of the diplomatic service have been adjusted, showing (Table A of the Appendix) expenditures and passport fees for the year, as follows:

\footnotetext{
Paid for salaries of ministers
\$288,297.54
Paid for salaries, secretaries of legations.
Paid for salary, clerk to legation in Spain
\(1,200.00\)
Paid for salaries, diplomatic officers, while receiving instructions and in
transit
\(14,903,81\)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Paid for salaries, charges d'affaires ad interim & \$26,792.06 \\
\hline Paid for salaries, interpreters to legations & 9,279.29 \\
\hline Paid for contingent expenses, foreign missions & 95, 898.96 \\
\hline Paid for loss by exchange, diplomatic service & 5,656. 74 \\
\hline Total salaries and expens & 473, 330.60 \\
\hline Passport fees received and accounted & 1,767, 56 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total of salaries and expenses for this service is greater than that reported for last year, the excess being principally on the contingent expenses, foreign missions, which exceeds the amount for 1890 by \(\$ 18,857.62\).

There are six legations for which the salary accounts of the ministers have not been received for the quarter ended June 30. These are pointed out in Table A of the Appendix.

The appropriations for salaries, chargés d'affaires ad interim, \(\$ 20,000\), and loss by exchange, diplomatic service, \(\$ 2,500\), have each been exceeded, the former by one third and the latter by more than double the amount appropriated.

The deficiencies in both of these appropriations are larger than they were for last year.

Consular service.-Accounts of consular officers have been adjusted, showing expenses for this service and official fees collected, as follows (Tables B, C, D, and E of the Appendix):
Paid:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Salaries, consular servic & \$480, 091. 48 \\
\hline Salaries while receiving instructions and in transit & 20, 373, 05 \\
\hline Salaries, consular officers not citizens. & 13,099. 73 \\
\hline Salaries, consular clerks & 13,212.52 \\
\hline Loss on bills of exchang & 7,006.63 \\
\hline Pay of consular officers for services to American vess & 21, 312. 01 \\
\hline Compensation from fees (sections 1703, 1730, and 1733, Revi utes) & 195,879. 59 \\
\hline Office rent and clerk hire (section 173\%, Revised Statutes) & 3,272.46 \\
\hline Contingent expeuses, United States consulates & 219, 880,68 \\
\hline Allowance for clerks at consulates. & 86, 175, 3 3 \\
\hline Expenses of prisons for American convicts & 7,767.48 \\
\hline Salaries, interpreters to consulates in China, & 13,350.00 \\
\hline Salaries, marshals for consular conrts. & -8;332. 88 \\
\hline Expenses of interpreters and guards, et & 4,564.28 \\
\hline Boat and crew at Hongkong and Osaka and Hiogo & 842. 76 \\
\hline & 1, 095, 160.93 \\
\hline Consular fees received for official services & 978, 142.58 \\
\hline Excess of expenditures over receipts & 117, 018. 35 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The expenditures for the consular service have exceeded the receipts for the first time since 1886. The expenses show an iucrease of \(\$ 63,112.85\) over last year, and the fees a falling off of \(\$ 61,510.68\), making a difference of \(\$ 124,623.53\). About seven-eigleths of the increase in expenses occurred in the "contingent expenses, United States consulates" and "allowance for clerks at consulates." The remaiuder is for "salaries while receiving instructions and in transit" and "salaries, consular service," for the former of which an appropriation was made for this year for the first time, the appropriation for "salaries, consular service," having heretofore had to bear the extra compensation incident to instructions "and transits in addition to the regular salaries while at post. The new appropriation is a step in the right direction, and the need therefor had been a subject of remark in the annual reports of this office for a number of years. It was suggested in the report of this Bureau for the fiscal year of 1887 that an annual permanent

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appropriation should be made to cover the payments to consular officers while receiving instructions, awaiting the receipt of their exequaturs and making transit. The new appropriation does not include the payments for time while awaiting the receipt of exequatur, which it would seem proper for it to do, as the payments made for time thüs employed duplicate with the regular salary of the officer in charge of the post, as in case of payments for instructions and transit salary.

Three appropriations have been exceeded by the expenditures reported in the above summary, viz: "Salaries, consular officers not citizeñs," "loss by exchange, consular service" and "contingent expenses, United States consulates."

Consular fees.-The consular fees collected for official services are stated in detail, as to the character and amount at each consulate, in Table H of the Appendix (page 619), and aggregate, in kind and amount, as follows:

The falling off in the consular fees is upon invoice and currency certificates. The invoice fees are short in amount of those received last year by \(\$ 55,285.50\); which, at the rate of \(\$ 2.50\) per invoice, would show 22,114 fewer dutiable importations of foreign goods into this country during the year.

Kelief of seamen.-As shown in Tables F and G of the Appendix, accounts tor relief and wages of seamen were adjusted with the following results:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Board and lodging & \$8,531.93 \\
\hline Clothing & 5,610. 49 \\
\hline Medical aid & 5,279.36 \\
\hline Other expenses & 8,031. 11 \\
\hline Loss by exclange & 282.93 \\
\hline Passage to the United States paid at the Treasury & 10,967.85 \\
\hline Total & 38,703.67 \\
\hline Amount of extra wages and arrears collected & 262, 899.02 \\
\hline Amount of extra wages and arrears paid to seamen. & 256, 026.36 \\
\hline Amount of extra wages and arrears paid for relief.. & 6,261.96 \\
\hline Amount of extra wages and arrears in hands of consuls & 610.70 \\
\hline Total. & 262, 899.02 \\
\hline Total relief afforded seamen & 38,703. 67 \\
\hline Wages and extra wages applied & 6,261.96 \\
\hline Amount paid by the United States & 32,441.71 \\
\hline Balance of appropriation unexpended Octolier 26, 1891. & 17,558. 29 \\
\hline Total sum appropriated & 50, 000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The cost of relief of destitute American seamen for this year, namely, \(\$ 32,441.71\), is less than it has been for the last two previous years, yet the number of seamen relieved \((1,282)\) is greater. "The amount of relief reported for last year (1890) was \(\$ 38,277.75\), while the number of seamen aided was 1,174 , and for the year before (1889) \$34,813.19 were expended for 956 seamen.

It is suggested whether the disbursement of a smaller sum for the
care of a larger number of seamen may not indicate greater attention by consular.officers to the duty of freeing their cousulates as soon as possible of the subjects of relief, and thereby lessening the amount of expense per capita.

The average amount oŕ expense per head was \(\$ 25.30\).
The three largest amounts paid for relief by consular officers for the year \({ }^{\circ}\) were at consulates in Nova Scotia, namely :

At Yarmouth ................................................................................. 2, 446.04
inclusive of amounts paid at the Treasury for certificates of transportation issued at those offices, the whole aggregating nearly one-third of the total relief afforded seamen, and the men receiving it, numbering 511, amounted to nearly one-half of the whole number relieved during the year. Aud it is worthy of notice that while such heavy relief is grantedeb these consulates, the seamen's wages collected by them are insignificant. It may be stated also that the seamen receiving relief at these and neighboring points are mainly fishermen, and many of them appear in the reports to have been simply lost from their vessels, a condition considered unfavorable to relief, at least of the nature of clothing.

Other expenses of the foreign service.-Accounts other than those herein before reported and in addition to the amounts which are included in the following table of disbursing clerks' accounts, adjusted during the year and relating to appropriations, as follows:


Disbursing clerk's accounts.-Accounts of F. J. Kieckhoefer, disbursing clerk of the Department of State, have been adjusted, showing expenditures from appropriations as follows:

Salaries, Department of State, \(1890, \$ 1,000 ; 1891, \$ 110,671.51\) Stationery and furniture, Department of State, 1890, \$21; 1891, \$5,995.28.
Contingent expenses, Department of State, \(1890, \$ 279.40 ; 1891, \$ 5,599.13\).
Books and maps, Department of State, \(1890, \$ 376.50 ; 1891, \$ 1,729.73 \ldots\).
\(\$ 111,671.51\)
6, 016. 28
5, 878.53
2, 106. 23
Lithographing, Department of State, 1891 ..... \$1,200, 00
Proof readiug, Department of State, 1891 ..... 790.00
Biading manuscript papers, Department of State ..... 1,870. 11
Contingent expenses, foreign missions, \(1890, \$ 1,278.53 ; 1891, \$ 19,62.67\). ..... 20,301. 20
Contingent expenses, United States consulates, 1889, \(\$ 1 . c 0 ; 1890\), \(\$ 6,422.93 ; 1891, \$ 17,186.99\) ..... 24,211. 72
International American Conference ..... 10, 867.95
Interuational Marine Conforence ..... -643. 31
International Union of American Republics. ..... 29, 341. 21
International Remonetization of Silver ..... 30.00
Venezuela and American Claims Commission ..... 11, 236. 75
Protecting the interests of the United States in the Samoan Islands ..... 2,837. 50
Editing Revised and Annual Statute ..... 5,643.45
Continental Railway Commission ..... 27,072. 88
Commission for the establishment of international coins ..... 6,454. 52
Publication of international catalogne of exports and imports. ..... 2, 965.40
Piblication of consular and commercial reports, 1890. \$12; 1891, \$4,359.25. ..... 4,371.2:
Expenses under the neutrality act, 1890, \(\$ 2,472.90 ; 1891, \$ 2,502.50\) ..... 4,975. 40
Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service, 1890, \$9,933.68; 1891, \$31,663.53 ..... 41,597. 21
Transporting remains of diplomatic officers, consuls, and consular clerks, 1891 ..... 125.25
Rescning shipwrecked American seameu, 1890, \$78; 1891,\$2,225.93 ..... 2,303.93
Purchase of portraits of Henry Clay and John Quincy Adams. ..... 2,500. 00
Salaries, chargé d'affaires ad interim, 1890. ..... 1,552. 69
Loss by exchange, diplomatic service, 1890 ..... 204.39
Loss by exchange, consular service, 18 © 0 ..... 56.28
Accounts for prior years.-Diplomatic and consular accounts notheretofore reported were received or perfected during the year, andhave been adjusted as follows:
Contingent expenses, foreign missions, 1880 , \(\$ 156.25 ; 1887, \$ 20.74 ; 1890\), \(\$ 2,058.90\) ..... \(\$ 2,235.89\)
Salaries of ministers, \(1889, \$ 20.60 ; 1890, \$ 1,453.80\) ..... 1,474. 40
Salaries of secretaries of legations, 1 1890. ..... 125. 60
Loss by exchange, diplomatic service, \(1859,16.80 ; 1890, \$ 1,195.53\) ..... 1,212. 33
Loss by exchange, consular service, 1886, \$42.17; 188§, \$111.68; 1889, \$12.25; 1800, \$707.41 ..... 873.51
Salaries of chargés d'affaires ad interim, 1890 ..... 607.82
Salaries, consular service, 18902,286.94
Salaries, consular officers not citizens, 1890 ..... 932.60
Salaries, interpreters to consulates, 1890 ..... 625.00
Allowance for clerks at consulates, 1890 ..... 700.00
Pay of consular officers for services to American vessels, 1888, \(\$ 92.71\); 1889, 626.80; 1890, \$4,392.22 ..... \(5,111.73\)548.22
Consular fees adjusted, \(1883, \$ 157.98\); \(1389, \$ 707.50 ; 1890, \$ 3,421.72\) ..... 4,287. 20
Contingent expenses, United States consulates, 1871, \(\$ 138.12 ; 1885, \$ 800\); \(1888, \$ 110.60 ; 1889, \$ 114.22 ; 1890, \$ 4,347.17\) ..... 5,510. 11Relief and protection of American seamen, and wages of seamen, 1885,\(\$ 6 ; 1886, \$ 40.50 ; 1588, \$ 90.12 ; 1889, \$ 219.82 ; 1890, \$ 3.161 .25\)\(3,517.69\)
Rescuing shipwrecked Americm seamen, 1885, \(\$ 56.88 ; 1888, \$ 75 ; 1890\); W365.05 ..... 496.93
Expenses of prisons for American convicts, 1890 ..... 586.57
Books and maps, Department of State, 1890 ..... 30.00
Publication of consular and commercial reports, 1890 ..... 3, 305. 36
International Bureau of Weights and Measures ..... 1,600.00
Bringing home criminals, 1890 ..... 358.99
Fees and costs in extradition cases, 1890 ..... 49.50
Editing Revised and Annual Statutes ..... 6.00
Buildings and grounds for legation in China, 1890 ..... 896.88
Steam launch for legation in Constantinople, 1890565.73International Exposition at Paris, 188937,784.91London bankers' accounts.-Accounts of the United States bankers atLondon, Morton, Rose \& Co., adjusted during the year, show paymentsby them aggregating \(\$ 284,060.37\), and receipts from consular officers ofsurplus fees amounting to \(\$ 284,836.32\), and of wages of seamen \(\$ 17.60\).The disbursements related to appropriations as follows:

Salaries of ministers, \(1890, \$ 30,528.94 ; 1891, \$ 163,791.05 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .\).
S:lacies, charges d'affaires ad interim, 1891.................................. 1,307.02
Salaries, secretaries of legations, 1890 . \(\$ 4,473 ; 1891, \$ 24,953.20 \ldots \ldots .\).
Salaries, interpreters to legations, \(1890, \$ 1,758.22 ; 1891, \$ 8,678.88 \ldots \ldots . \quad 10,437.10\)
Salary of clerts to legation in Spain, 1891
1, 158.00
Coutingent expenses, foreign missions, \(1890, \$ 3,856.52 ; 1891, \$ 40,403.60\). 44,260. 12
Contingent expenses, United Statés consulates, 1890, \$10.46; 1891, \$114.15.
124.61

Steam launch for legation at Constantinople, 1891
1, 694.00
Protecting the interests of the United States in the Samoan Islands....
1,333. 33
Estates of decedents' trust funds.-Accounts of this fund (section 1709, Revised Statutes) were adjusted, showing the following sums paid over to the legal representatives of citizens of the United States dying abroad, viz:

IN'IERNAL REVENUE DIVISION.
The total collections of internal revenue daring the fiscal year 1891, as shown by the adjustments of collectors' accounts, and exhibited in detail in Table I, amounted to \(\$ 145,624,272.42\). Included, in this amount \(\$ 12,405.03\) belongs to tho collections of previous year.

The accounts of collectors of internal revenue, as adjusted for the fiscal year, aggregate \(\$ 3,875,287.24\), inclusive of amounts allowed storekeepers and gaugers. These expenses in detail are given in Table K (page -).

Of this total expense the sum of \(\$ 74,767.63\) belongs to prior fiscal year, of which \(\$ 550.56\) is commissions on tax-paid spirit stamps sold.

The following exhibit shows, by States, for what these expenses were incurred :
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{District.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Compensation of collector} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Rent,
finel,
lights,and
telis.
phone.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Stationery and other expenses.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation of storekeepers.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation of gaugers.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total expense of collecting.} \\
\hline & Salary. & Deputies and clerks. & & & & & \\
\hline Alabama & \$2, 750.00 & \$16, 398. 19 & & \$183.72 & \$2, 259.00 & \$2, 095. 42 & \$23,686, 33 \\
\hline Arkansas & 3, 025.78 & 12, 425.93 & \$60.00 & 391. 28 & 13,228.00 & 3, 227.85 & 32, 358.84 \\
\hline Californ & 8, 437.69 & 53, 275. 10 & 1, 265.00 & 1,446. 72 & 22, 409.00 & 40, 477.26 & 127, 310.77 \\
\hline Colorado & 3, 300000 & 15, 688. 34 & 1,246.63 & \(16 \overline{3} 30\) & 96.00 & 1, 569. 34 & 22, 265. 63 \\
\hline Connectio & 4,500.00. & 22, 661.42 & 210.00 & 503.20 & 8, 040.00 & 6, 896. 29 & 42, 910. 91 \\
\hline Florida. & 3,625.00 & 11, 055.79 & 775. 91 & 121.87 & & & 15,578.57 \\
\hline Georgia & 4,500.00 & 37,250. 26 & 823. 23 & 418.49 & 55, 694. 50 & 5, 291. 40 & 103, 980.88 \\
\hline Illinois. & 18, 000. 00 & 95, 733.87 & 281.00 & 1,331. 04 & 97, 192.50 & 108,497. 25 & 321, 035. 66 \\
\hline Indiaua & 9,000.00 & 32, 398. 44 & 518.00 & 491.47 & 30, 490.50 & 24, 546. 04 & 97, 444.45 \\
\hline Iowa. & 5,750.76 & 23,037. 57 & 800.00 & 508.81 & 564.00 & J, 951.69 & 32,612.83 \\
\hline Kansas. & 2, 875.00 & 15,600.55. & 50.60 & 83.64 & & 86.36 & 18, 695. 55 \\
\hline Kentucky & 22, 500.05 & 117, 698. 92 & 1,329. 24 & 2, 746.33 & 453, 833, 50 & 159, 149.67 & 757, 257. 71 \\
\hline Lonisiana & 3, 890. 25 & 27, 264.22 & 120.00 & 253.20 & & 3, 163.03 & 34, 689.70 \\
\hline Maryland & 4,500.00 & 45, 699. 90 & 990.00 & 62.46 & 46, 419.00 & 35, 501.25 & 133, 732.61 \\
\hline Massaclus & 4,500.00 & 32, 921.59 & 120.00 & 277.39 & 18,280.00 & 19,396. 31 & 75,'495. 29 \\
\hline Michigan. & 7, 375. 00 & 30, 548.61 & 1,133.25 & 396.96 & & 1,705. 03 & 41,158.85 \\
\hline Minnesota & 4,500. 00 & 19, 130.05 & 60.00 & 180.00 & 7,808.00 & 7,166. 12 & 39, 144.17 \\
\hline Missouri & 8,228. 06 & 55, 001. 93 & 397.80 & 950.01 & 28,736.00 & 26, 671.32 & 119, 985.12 \\
\hline Montaua & 3, 500.00 & 15, 200.92 & 1,750.00 & 97.68 & & 1, 194. 59 & 21, 743.19 \\
\hline Nebraska.. & 4,500. 00 & 27,791. 14. & 92.30 & 306. 30 & \(10,158.00\) & 8, 070.95 & 50, 927.69 \\
\hline New Hamps & 3,838. 31 & 12,440.73 & & 173.58 & 1, 416.00 & 472.59 & 18, 341.21 \\
\hline New Jersey & 7, 067.80 & 41,960.04 & 600.00 & 59.30 & 3,816.00 & 6, 644.27. & 60, 679.41 \\
\hline New Mexico & 2, 750.00 & 8, 319.64 & & 185.52 & & 463.33 & 11, 723.49 \\
\hline New York & 27, 000.00 & 178, 091.46 & 14, 631.07 & 2, 071.51 & 14, 083.00 & 61, 353.44 & 297, 230.48 \\
\hline North & 8,999.98 & 81, 826. 23 & 1, 281.43 & 1, 394. 82 & 223,588.50 & 27, 372.34 & 344, 363.30 \\
\hline Ohio & 17, 779.85 & 80, 597. 20 & 528.00 & 1,241.40 & 58, 226.00 & 75, 491.17 & 233, 863.62 \\
\hline Oregon & 3, 250.00 & 13, 779.76 & 1, 414.85 & 241.16 & 991.00 & 1,342. 45 & 20, 919.22 \\
\hline Pennsylvan & 17, 527.58 & 130, 254.47 & 3, 672.01 & 1,348. 10 & 124, 427. 50 & \[
74,166.82
\] & 351, 396. 48 \\
\hline South Caroli & 3, 193.46 & 14, 399. 60 & & 155.51 & 9, 786. 00 & \[
469.89
\] & 28, 004.46 \\
\hline Tennes & 7,428.83 & 37,485. 61 & 60.00 & 543.40 & 65, 035.00 & 11, 206.97 & 121, 759. 81 \\
\hline Texas & 5, 655. 23 & 27, 162.39 & 250.00 & 272.55 & 1, 424. 00 & 2, 885.38 & 37, 649. 55 \\
\hline Virginia & 9, 000.00 & 73, 454. 14 & 108. 00 & 421.58 & 39, 662. 00 & 16, 568.71 & 139, 214. 43 \\
\hline West Virgi & 4, 500.00 & -1,140.52 & 100.00 & 165. 54 & 5, 033.00 & 4, 6288.52 & 35,566. 58 \\
\hline Wisconsin & 7,877. 12 & 35, 874.54 & 140.00 & 413.20 & 6,641.00 & 11, 614.59 & 62, 560.45 \\
\hline Tota & 255, 325.75 & 1,463, 809.07 & 34, 807. 74 & 20,695.04 & 1,349, 336.00 & 751,253.64 & 3, 875,287. 24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.}

To this division are assigned for settlement all miscellaneous accounts, including salaries and expenses of agents, surveyors of distilleries, fees and expenses of gaugers, stamp agents'accounts, connsel fees, taxes refunded, redemption of stamps, accounts for the manufacture of paper, and for the salaries of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; also accounts of the Census Office, Smithsonian Institution and National Museum, contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department, and sundry accounts of the Patent Office.

Agents' accounts.-The salaries and expenses of internal revenue agents for the year are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{- Name.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Per
diem.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Salary.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Expenses.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline & & & Transportation. & Sub. sistence. & Otherexpenses. & \\
\hline Ralph Ballin & \$7.00 & \$1,834.00 & \$537.86 & \$828.00 & \$73. 74 & \$3,273.60 \\
\hline W. H. H. Boven & 7.00 & 385.00 & 241.79 & 135.00 & 13.06 & 774.85 \\
\hline A. H. Brooks & 7.00 & 2, 205.00 & 352.91 & 888.23 & 286.70 & 3, 732. 81 \\
\hline S. C. Cardwell & 6.00 & 312.00 & 86.06 & 165.00 & 6.90 & 569.96 \\
\hline W. H. Chapman & 7.00 & 2,191.00 & 435.04 & 1,020.00 & 130.00 & 3,776. 04 \\
\hline Samuei F. Culbertson & 7.00 & 2,198.00 & 339.02 & 972.00 & 61.60 & 3,570.62 \\
\hline Alvah Eastman & 7.00 & 2,156.00. & 390.49 & 1,014.00 & 54.29 & 3,614. 78 \\
\hline C. W. Eldridgo. & 7.00 & 2, 191.00 & 391. 60 & 1,038.00 & 31.45 & 3,652. 05 \\
\hline Thomas J. Grimeson & 7.00 & 2,191. 00 & 392.96 & 957.00 & 50.85 & 3,591. 81 \\
\hline M. A. Hayues & 7.00 & 2, 149.00 & 221.16 & 939.00 & 12. 85 & 3,322.01 \\
\hline Constant C. Hodgman & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}7.00 \\ 7.00\end{array}\right\}\) & 2,025.00 & 223.76 & 1,074.00 & 97.55 & 3, 420.31 \\
\hline W. H. Knisely & 7.00 & 2,093:00 & 464.58 & 1,041.00 & 46. 73 & 3, 645. 31 \\
\hline Wolcott Lay & 7.00 & 2,191.00 & 989.08 & 1, 005.00 & 190.72 & 4,375.80 \\
\hline J. B. McCoy. & 7.10 & 2, 191. 00 & 533.60 & 1,053.00 & 45.60 & 3,823. 20 \\
\hline Clarence Moor & 6.00 & 1,062.00 & 419.77 & 594.00 & 59.40 & 2,135. 17 \\
\hline D. D. Spaulding & 7. 00 & 2, 191.00 & 868.94 & 789.00 & 79.47 & 3,928. 41 \\
\hline Willian Somerville & 7.00 & 2,212.00 & 524.96 & 1, 071.00 & 68.27 & 3,876. 23 \\
\hline F. D. Sewell. & 10.00 & 3,130, 00 & 109.80 & 88.50 & 8.24 & 3, 336. 54 \\
\hline L. A. 'I'hrasher & 7. 60 & 2,191. 00 & 424.52 & 896.25 & 51.73 & 3,563.50 \\
\hline George H. Wheelock. & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}6.002 \\ 7.00\end{array}\right\}\) & 1,999.00 & 607.56 & 999.00 & 83.35 & 3,688.91 \\
\hline Robert Williams, jr & 7. 00 & 2,191.00 & 317.93 & 1,083. 00 & 27.46 & 3,619.39 \\
\hline W.J. Wilmore & 7.00 & 1, 73600 & 410.91 & 867.00 & 41.19 & 3,055. 10 \\
\hline Total & & 43, 024.00 & 9,284. 30 & 18, 576. 98 & 1,521.15 & 72, 346. 43 \\
\hline Stationery furnished & & & & & & 209.76 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Transportation over Pacific railroads under orders from the Treasury Department....... . 312.72} \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Total} & 72,868.91 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Stamp accounts.-The accounts of the Commission of Internal Revenue for distilled-spirit and other stamps are as follows:

DISTILLED-SPIRIT STAMPS:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Dr. & & Cr. & \\
\hline To stamps on hand June 30, 1890.. & \$19, 120, 515. 00 & By stamps sent to collectors ...... & \$88, 636, 205.00 \\
\hline To stianps received from printers. & 82, 875,550.00 & By stamps destruyed by committeo & 1,531.80 \\
\hline To stamps retnrned by collectors. & 429, 635.00 & By stamps on hand June 30, 1891.. & 13, 789, 495. 00 \\
\hline 'Lo stamps received for redemption & 1,531.80 & & \\
\hline & 102, 427, 231. 80 & & 102, 427, 231. 80 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPECIAL.TAX STAMPS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 'To stamps on hand June 30,1890.. & \$3, 297, 778.00 & By stamps sent to collectors & \$9, 148, 419. 34 \\
\hline To stamps received from printers. & 9, 957, 843.33 & By stamps destroyed by committee & 2, 450,980.00 \\
\hline To stamps returned by collectors. & 321, 464.67 & By stamps on land June 30, 1891.. & 1, 977, 686.66 \\
\hline & 13,577, 086.00 & & 13, 577, 086. 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

OLEOMARGARINE STAMPS.

To stamps ou band \(J\) une 30, 1800 .
To stamps receiveri from priuters.
To stamps returned by collectors Tostamps receivel for redemption
\$439, 756. 00
1, 395, 760.00
1,372 . 60
95.76

By stamps sent to collectors
\$1, 132, 796. 00 By stamps destroyed by committee. By stawps on hand June 30, 1891. 95.76
\(704,092.00\)

BEER STAMPS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline To stamps on hand Jnno 30, 1890.. & \$1, 386, 420.00 & By stamps sent to collectors & \$30, 674, 300.00 \\
\hline To stanps received from printers. & 31, 840, 500.00 & By stamps destrosed bs committee & \(5,619.88\) \\
\hline To stamps received for redemption & 5,248.96 & By stamps on hand June 30, 1891.. & 2,555, 570.00 \\
\hline To stamps returned by collectors.
To stamps received fur exchange. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3,099.67 \\
221.25
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline & 33, 235, 489.88 & & 33, 235, 489.88 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGAR STAMPS.} \\
\hline To stamps on hand June 30, 1890.. & \$3, 044, 241. 47 & By stamps sent to collectors & \$38, 269, 704. 98 \\
\hline To stamps received from printers. & 40,755, 088.29 & By stemps clelivered for imprint.. & 4, 227, 703.41 \\
\hline To stamps returned by collectors.. & 2, 249, 874.67 & By stamps destroyed by committee & 130, 576.04 \\
\hline To stamps roceived for redemption & 11,520.91 & By stamps on haud June 30, 1891.. & 3,440,302. 29 \\
\hline To stamps returned for exchange. & 7,561.38 & & \\
\hline & 46, 068, 286. 70 & . & 46,068, 286.72 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DOCUMENTARY AND PROPRIETARY STAMPS.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline To stamps on hand June 30, 1890.. & \$5,361. 21 & \begin{tabular}{l}
By cash deposited \(\qquad\) \\
By stamps on hand August 31, 1891
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 20.80 \\
5,340.41
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & 5,361. 21 & . & 5,361. 21 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STAMPED FOIL WRAPPERS.
Towrappers received from printers \(\quad \$ 128,054.25 \mid\) By wrappers sent to collectors.... \(\$ 128,054.25\)

\section*{STAMPS FOR PREPARED SMOKING OPIUM.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline To stamps received from printers. & \$70, 000.00 & By stamps sent to collectors...... By stamps on hand June 30, 1891.. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\$ 3,750.00 \\
66,250.00
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline & 70,000.00 & & 70,000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Miscellaneous expenses.-The following sums embrace payments made by collectors of internal revenue and revenue agents for the detection of frauds upon the revenue; disbursements made by T. J. Hobbs, disbursing clerk, on account of the appropriation for "paper for internalrevenue stamps," also other expenses incident to the collection of internal revenue:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Salar & \$30, 283. 60 \\
\hline Traveling expenses & 4,623. 01 \\
\hline Expenses (incidental) & 30,554.57. \\
\hline Stationery............ & 15,241.81 \\
\hline Expressage & \(5,428.97\) \\
\hline Counsel fees and expenses & 1,508.75 \\
\hline Rewards. & 4,580.93 \\
\hline Surveyors of distilleries & .1,630.02 \\
\hline Salaries in office of Commissioner of Interual Revenue & 259,629.86 \\
\hline Salaries in office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue ( & 2, 499.98 \\
\hline Fees and expenses of gaugers prior to 1891. & 21, 480.24 \\
\hline Fees and expenses of gaogers.......... & 729, 773.45 \\
\hline Paper for stamps (Fairchild Paper Company) & 36, 462.97 \\
\hline Indemnity for lost checks. & 356.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Payments to States for refund of direct tax under act of March 2, 1891, have been made as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Arkausas & \$156, 272. 65 & New Hampsbire & \$181, 891. 02 \\
\hline California & 208,246. 89 & New Jersey & 382, 614. 83 \\
\hline Colorado. & 22,189.96 & New York. & 2,213, 330.86 \\
\hline Delaware & 70, 772. 02 & North Carolina & 404, 054. 21 \\
\hline Illinois & 956,760.69 & Ohio & 1,332, 025.93 \\
\hline Indiana & 769, 144.03 & Penosylvania & 1, 654, 711.43 \\
\hline Kansas & -60 981.83 & Rhode Island & 87, 493.34 \\
\hline Maine & 357.702 .10 & Tennessee & 392, 012.07 \\
\hline Massachusetts & 696, 107. 88 & Wisconsin & 441, 333.67 \\
\hline Michigan & 420,865. 66 & & \\
\hline Minuesota & 92,245.40 & Total & 11, 477, 714.70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Claims for rebate of tax on tobacco under act of December 15,1890 , were adjusted as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline State. & No. of claims. & Amount. & State. & No. of claims. & Amount. \\
\hline Alabama & 487 & \$19,666. 41 & Modtana & 244 & \$7.930.15 \\
\hline Arkansas & 51.4 & 14,799.89 & Nebraska & 606 & 15, 808.40 \\
\hline Califoruia & 543 & 35, 0:0.87 & New Hampshire & 825 & 24, 945. 32 \\
\hline Colorado & 255 & 12,413.96 & New Jersey & 186 & - 13, 161.11 \\
\hline Connecticu & 237 & 13, 298. 84 & New Mexico & 138 & - 495.41 \\
\hline Florida. & 352 & 3,577.02 & New York & 2, 518 & 115,563. 64 \\
\hline Georgia & 1,120 & 39,976.56 & North Carolin & 751 & 19, 324. 23 \\
\hline Mlinois. & 2,011 & 68, 884.74 & Obio & 2,811 & 87, 090. 87 \\
\hline Indiana & 1,139 & 37, 221.32 & Oregon & 238 & 19,837. 35 \\
\hline Iowa. & 1,393 & 38, 932. 9? & Perinsylvania & 2, 299 & 110,769. 46 \\
\hline Kansas. & 908 & 20,626.19 & South Carolina & 353 & 7,543.41 \\
\hline Keutucky & 213 & 9,072. 23 & Teunesseo & 329 & 27. 714.69 \\
\hline Louisiana & 539 & 19,769.94 & Texas. & 1,183 & 42,591.37 \\
\hline Maryland & 398 & 35,638.45 & Virginia & 404 & 24, 498.28 \\
\hline Massachnsetts & 508 & 37, 205. 67 & West Virginia & 248 & 10, 298. 29 \\
\hline Michigan. & 1,168 & 35, 216.23 & Wiscons & 1, 512 & 34, 270.54 \\
\hline Minnesota & 1891
1,143 & 30, 497.
56, \(664.40^{\prime}\) & Total & 28, 264 & 1, 090, 376. 06 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Five hundred and forty-nine claims for the redemption of stamps, amounting to \(\$ 23,165.65\), were settled during the year, from which \(\$ 365.25\) were discounted, leaving \(\$ 22,800.45\) actually paid.

By the last annual report of this office for 1590 it appeared the Secretary of the Treasury had on deposit to his credit on account of "fines, peualties, and forfeitures"' (special deposit account No. 1) \(\$ 52,336.70\). During the year \(\$ 190,654,59\) have been deposited and \(\$ 172,622.98\) have been disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1, 1891, of \(\$ 70,368.31\).

On account of " miscellaneous deposit" (special deposit account No. 3) there was a balance to his credit January 1, 1890, of \(\$ 70,171.59\); \(\$ 79,847\) have been deposited and \(\$ 72,602.87\) disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1, 1891, of \(\$ 77,415.72\).

The balance to his credit January 1, 1890, on account of "offers in compromise" (special deposit account No. 5), was \(\$ \geq 8,235.45\). During the year \(\$ 76,509.43\) were deposited and \(\$ 84,896.78\) disbursed, leaving a balance to his credit January 1, 1891, of \(\$ 19,854.10\).

Acconnts were adjusted for the following sums refunded:
Taxeserroneously assessed and collected, \(\$ 69,210.32\); drawback on beer exported, \(\$ 29,891.16\); and on other merchandise exported, \(\$ 16,928.38\); and surplus proceeds of lands sold for taxes in the late insurrectionary States, 8643.47.

The disbursements made by George Waterhouse, special disbursing agent of the Treasury Department of the South Carolima free school fund commissioners, amounted to \(\$ 1,884.25\).

Accounts of one stamp agent, involving \$70.63, were adjusted during: the year.

Accounts of Robert Martin for taking census of Oklahoma amount to \(\$ 2,764.13\) 。

Accounts of Theodore Davenport, disbursing clerk, Post-Uffice Department, have been adjusted, as follows:
Sales of post-route maps, 1891 ................................................................. \(\$ 1,661.03\)

Official Postal Guides, \(1890, \$ 503.56 ; 1891, \$ 10,365.96 \ldots . . \ldots . .\).

Miscellaneous items, 1890, \(\$ 641.47\); 1891, \$11,750.87............................... 12, 392.34
Plumbing and gas fixtures, \(1890, \$ 54\); 1891, \(\$ 2,564.38 \ldots . .\).
Painting, \(1890, \$ 272.95 ; 1891, \$ 2,263.99\)
2,536.94

Hardware, 1890 , \(\$ 1.5 .87\); 1891, \(\$ 983.90\) ..... 999.77
Furniture, \(1890, \$ 60.86 ; 1891, \$ 3,997.98\) ..... 4,058. 74
Fuel, 1890, \(\$ 37.60\); 1891, \(7,897.97\) ..... 7,935,57
Suationery, 1850, \$29.31; 1891, \(\$ 11,769.86\) ..... 11.799. 17
Carpets, 1891 ..... 2,949. 03
Telegraphing, 1890, \(\$ 7.53\); 1891, \(\$ 40.19\) ..... 47. 72
Postage, \(1=90, \$ 150 ; 1891, \$ 350\) ..... 500.00
Accounts rendered by George W. Evans, disbursing clerk, Depart-ment of the Interior, have been adjusted as follows:
Official Gazette, Patent Office, 1890, \(\$ 1,468.50\); 1891, \(\$ 58,103.20\) ..... \$59, 571.70
Photolithographing. Patent Office, 1890, \(\$ 10.519 .74 ; 1891, \$ 94,300.70\) ..... 2, 603. 83
Scientific library, Patent Office, \(1890, ~ \$ 224.90 ; 1891,82,378.93\)
International protection of indastrial property, Patent Office ..... 641.30
Public use of inventions and defending suits ..... 257.59
Accounts rendered by J. O. Stoddard, disbursing clerk, Uensus Office, have been adjusted as follows:
Expenses of Eleventh Census ..... \(\$ 4,889,799.70\)
Farms, homes, and mortgages ..... 723, 952.92Accounts of W. W. Karr, disbursing clerk, Smithsonian Institution,have been adjusted as follows:
Preservation of collections, National Museum, 1889, \$13.00; 1890,\(\$ 3,461.47 ; 1891, \$ 121,742.34\)\$125,216. 81
Furniture and fixtures, National Museum, 1890, \$741.51; 1891, \$20, \(\% 09.70\). ..... 21, 051.21
Heating and lighting; National Musenm, 18:00, \$2,325.30; 1891, \$10,716.78. ..... 13, 042. 08
International exchanges, Smithsonian Institution, 1890, \(\$ 11.99 ; 1891\), \$15,639.94Postage, National Museum, 1891500.00
Smithsonian Institution building, repairs ..... 2,414.23
Accounts of the Commissioner of Patents show that \(\$ 1,302,782.59\)were received during the fiscai year 1891, and deposited with the Treas-urer of the United States, on account of patent fees.Accounts for transportation over Pacific railroads have been adjustedas follows :
Preservation of collections, National Museum ..... \(\$ 575.27\)
Expenses of Eleventh Census ..... 6,640. 02I have the honor to be, very respectfully,L. W. Habercom,Fifth Auditor.
Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

\section*{APPENDIX. •}
A. -Statement of Salaries and Expenses and of Passport Fees of the Diplomatic Service of the United States for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Legations. & Salaries of ministers. & Salaries secretaries of legations. & Salaries
diplo-
matic offi-
cers
whilo re.
ceiving
instruc-
tions
and in
transit. & Salaries charges d'affaires ad interim and interpreters to legations. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Contin- } \\
\text { gent } \\
\text { expenses. } \\
\text { foreign } \\
\text { missions. }
\end{array}\right|
\] & Loss by exchange, diplomatic service: & Totals, salaries and expenses. & Pass. port fees collected. \\
\hline Argentine Republic. & \$10, 000.00 & \$682.59 & \$1, 243.85 & 1\$754. 53 & \$1,554. 75 & & \$14, 235. 72 & \$73.00 \\
\hline Austria-Humgary. & 12,000.00 & 857.95 & & 11, 640.16 & 1, 044.73 & \$765.42 & 16,308. 26 & 106.00 \\
\hline Belgium & 7,500. 00 & & & & 1, 784. 54 & & 9, 284. 54 & 28.00 \\
\hline Bolivia & 4, 728.26 & & & & 995. 25 & & 5,723.51 & \\
\hline Brazil & 6, 717. 39 & 258.70 & 2, 119.57 & 132, 298. 98 & 3,556. 59 & & 14, 761. 23 & 1.00 \\
\hline Central american States. & 9,250. 14 & & 2,071. 26 & 1819.45 & 43,339.17 & 89.93 & 15, 569.95 & 28.00 \\
\hline Chile & 10,000.00 & & & & 3,782. 26 & & 13,782. 26 & 12.00 \\
\hline China & 12,000. 00 & 4, 425.00 & 1, 855.31 & 53, 000.00 & 1, 933. 52 & 1, 997. 10 & 25, 210.93 & 44.00 \\
\hline Colombia & 67,500. 00 & & & 1973.77 & 1,509.74 & & 9,983. 51 & \\
\hline Denmark & 7, 255. 43 & & & & 2, 165. 91 & & 9, 421.34 & 1.00 \\
\hline France & 17,500.00 & 4,135.66 & & \({ }^{1} 1,606.81\) & 4, 267.33 & 46.52 & 27, 556. 32 & 326.00 \\
\hline Germany & 17, 500. 00 & 3,405. 33 & 92.39 & 12. 306. 38 & 3, 303.81 & 231.96 & 26, 839.87 & 580.00 \\
\hline Great Britain & 17,500. 00 & 4,067.94 & & \({ }^{1} 1,862.52\) & 4,796.56 & 4.76 & 28, 231.78 & 261.56 \\
\hline Hawaiian Islands & 7,500.00 & & & & 800.00 & & \(8,300.00\) & 4.00 \\
\hline Haiti & 4, 891. 57 & & 163.04 & & 874.48 & & 5, 929.09 & \\
\hline Italy & \({ }^{6} 9,000.00\) & 1, 446. 48 & & \(11,423.14\) & 1,140.68 & & 13, 010.30 & 57.00 \\
\hline Japan & 8, 299. 39 & 3,615. 63 & & 11, 850.00 & 3,541.99 & 766. 29 & 18, 073.90 & 8. 00 \\
\hline Do & & & & \({ }^{5} 2,500.00\) & & & 2,500.00 & \\
\hline Korea & 7,500.00 & 1,171.63 & 387.23 & 1607.05 & 1,936. 57 & 655.33 & 12,257. 81 & 6. 08 \\
\hline Do & & & & \({ }^{5} 674.30\) & & & 674.30 & \\
\hline Liberi & 62, 043.48 & & 913.05 & & 504.92 & & 3, 461. 45 & \\
\hline Mexico & 12, 000.00 & 1,258. 37 & 151.63 & \({ }^{1} 1,055.43\) & 4, 479.83 & 296.51 & 19,241. 77 & 10.00 \\
\hline Netherlands ...... & 7,500. 00 & & & & 1,394. 88 & 51.87 & 8, 946.75 & 3.00 \\
\hline Paraguay and Uruguay. & \({ }^{6} 5,625.00\) & & & & \({ }^{7}\) ) & & 5,625.00 & \\
\hline Persia & 4,646. 74 & & 414.08 & 68729.99 & 2,315.20 & & 8, 106. 01 & 20.00 \\
\hline Pera & 10,000. 00 & 994.57 & & 11,634. 79 & 1,432.07 & 91.72 & 14, 203.15. & \\
\hline Portugal & \({ }^{9} 5,108.70\) & & 692.94 & & 1, 668. 29 & 20.46 & 7, 490.39 & \\
\hline Roumania, Servia and Greece. & 6,500.00 & & & & 2,257. 64 & & 8,757.64 & 13.00 \\
\hline Russia & \({ }^{6} 13,125.00\) & 1, 706,69 & & 13,061. 23 & 2,706.55 & 436.19 & 21, 035. 66 & 39.00 \\
\hline Siam & \({ }^{6} 3,833.33\) & & 1, 897.05 & \({ }^{56} 375.00\) & \({ }^{6} 719.75\) & & 6, 825.13 & \\
\hline Spain. & 6, 554. 35 & 939.13
101 & 1, 793.48 & 12,869. 66 & 3,729.08 & & 15, 885.60 & 6.00 \\
\hline & & 101,200.00 & & & & & \[
1,200.00
\] & \\
\hline Sweden and Norway. & 7,500.00 & & & & 1,491. 28 & & 8,991. 28 & 9.00 \\
\hline Switzerland & \(5,000.00\) & & & & 1, 244. 52 & & 6,244. 52 & 79.00 \\
\hline Turkey & 9,402. 17 & 1, 403.38 & 195.65 & \[
11,101.90
\] & 3,599. 42 & 160.39 & 15, 862. 91 & 50.00 \\
\hline Venezuela & & & & 5
5
\(2,000.00\)
1876.36 & & & \(2,000.00\)
\(11,575.46\) & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Venezuela \(\qquad\) \\
agency and con-sulate-general.
\end{tabular} & 7, 500.00 & 1,133.15 & 16.30 & 1876.36 & 2,049.65 & & 11,575. 46 & 3.00 \\
\hline Cai & \(15,315.99\) & & 896. 98 & & & 42.29 & 6, 255. 26 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
1 Charge d'affaires ad interim.
\({ }^{2}\) Accounts for March and June quarters, 1891, of secretary of legation not receired.
\({ }^{3}\) Account of charges d'affaires for month of July, 1890, not received.
4 Complete contingent expense accuunts for the year not received.
5 Interpreter to legation.
\({ }^{6}\) Accounts for June quarter not recoived.
\({ }^{7}\) No accounts for contingent expenses received.
8 Account for interpreter's salary, December quarter, 1890, not received.
9 The excess of appropriation is due to salary paid minister while awaiting presentation of his credentials.
\({ }^{10}\) Salary of clerk to legation.
"1 The excess of appropriation is due to salary paid to agent and consul-general while awaiting recaipt of exequatur.
}
A.-Statement of Salaries and Expenses and of Passport Fees of the Diplomatic Service, etc.-Continued.

B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

SCHEDULES B aND C, SALARIED OFFICES.
For unsalaried offices, see table following, marked 0.
[ \(a\), for one quarter ; \(b\), for two quarters ; \(c\), for three quarters; \(d\), no returns.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal officers and their com. pensation from fees of agencies. & Salary while receiving instructions and in transit & Pay for services performed for vessels at
agencies. agencies. & Contin. gent ex. penses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Loss by } \\
\text { ex. } \\
\text { change. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Fees col lected. \\
\hline Acapulco & 1\$2, 163.05 & \$391. 30 & & \$632. 92 & + & & 576.50 \\
\hline San Be & & & & & & & 71.00 \\
\hline Tehratepec & & & & & & & 102. 50 \\
\hline Aix la Chapelle. & \(1,500.00\)
1,00000 & & & 583.95
114.76 & \$500.00 & \$13.56 & 3, 027.50 \\
\hline Algieros........ & 1,000.00 & & & & & & 227.50
40.00 \\
\hline Bone & & & & & & & 52.50 \\
\hline Collo and PLillipp & & & & & & & \\
\hline Oran & & & & & & & 55.00 \\
\hline Amhersiburg & 1, 500. 00 & & & 115.22 & & & 1,071.50 \\
\hline Amoy ..... & 3, 500.00 & 483.79 & & c 549.50 & & & 1,028.00 \\
\hline Amsterdam & \({ }^{2} 1,516.30\) & 191.57 & & 1, 183.31 & 463.31 & & 4, 664. 50 \\
\hline Annaberg. & 2,500.00 & & & \({ }^{701.19}\) & 500.00 & & 7, 317.50 \\
\hline Antigua. & 1,500.00 & 167.12 & & 313.67 & & & 771.79 \\
\hline Anguilla \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & & & \$11.89 & & & & \\
\hline Montserrat & & & \$11.89 & & & & \({ }_{330} 00\) \\
\hline Nevis & & & 4.72 & & & & 170.00 \\
\hline Portsmonth & & & 83.50 & & & & 15.00 \\
\hline Antwerp & 3,000.00 & & & 1,070. 26 & 1,500.00 & & 2,592. 50 \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {A }}{ }_{\text {Jal }}\) & 3,000.00 & & & 2, 008.15 & 375.00 & & 58. 00 \\
\hline Pago Pago & & & & & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& (d) \\
& (d)
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) Includes \(\$ 163.05\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{2}\) Includes \(\$ 10.30\) for salars while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{3}\) No fees.

\section*{B.-Statember of Consular Fees, Salarims, and Expinses for the Fiscal Year endid June 30, 1891-Contidued.}

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Contiuwed.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & \(|\)\begin{tabular}{c} 
Salaries of \\
principal \\
othicersand \\
their com- \\
pensation \\
ron fees of \\
agencies.
\end{tabular} & Salary while receiring instrac. tionsand in transit. & Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies. & Contingent \(\theta x\). реияез. & Allow. ance for clerks. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Loss by } \\
\text { change. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Fees col. lected. \\
\hline Asuncion \({ }^{1}\) & \$1, 500.00 & \$322. 89 & & \$318. 00 & & & \\
\hline Athrins.. & 2,500.00 & & & 541.78 & & & \$8.00 \\
\hline Piræus & & & & & & & 202. 00 \\
\hline Syrai & & & & & & & \\
\hline Auckland & 1,500.00 & & & 493.72 & & \$14. 74 & 667.50 \\
\hline Cbrist Cburch & & & \$121. 34 & & & & 172.50 \\
\hline Dunedin & & & 78.85 & & & & 180.00 \\
\hline Monganai \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Kussell \({ }^{1}\)... & & & & & & & \\
\hline Wellington & 1, 500. 00 & & 58.64 & 747.05 & & & 185.00
\(1,029.50\) \\
\hline Aracaja & 1,500.00 & & & & & & \({ }_{(d)}^{1,029,50}\) \\
\hline Bangkok \({ }^{2}\). & & & & & & & c96. 60 \\
\hline Baracoa. & 2,000.00 & & & 451.00 & \$250.00 & & 1,317.00 \\
\hline Barbadoes. & 1,500.00 & & & 650.36 & 400:00 & 5.32 & 725.00 \\
\hline St. Lucia
St. Vince & & & 41.06
50.61 & & & & 340.00
220.00 \\
\hline Barcelona & 1,500.00 & 105.98 & & 690.07 & & & 253.50 \\
\hline Grao & & & & & & & 384.50 \\
\hline Palma Majnica & & & & & & & 24.50 \\
\hline Port Mabon \({ }^{1}\)... & & & & & & & \\
\hline San Yeliu de Gui & & & & & & & 362.50 \\
\hline Tarragona & & & ...... & & & & 485.00 \\
\hline Torrevieja & 3,000.00 & & & & & & 12,820.00 \\
\hline Barranquilla. & \({ }^{3} 2,043.48\) & 250.00 & & 1, 414.74 & 1, 474.68 & 35.43 & 6, 272.00 \\
\hline Rio Hacha & & & 21.33 & & & & 175.50 \\
\hline Basle......... & 3, 000.00 & & & 511.60 & 500.00 & & 62.50
4143.00 \\
\hline Chauxdefon & \({ }^{3} 919.46\) & & & & 500.00 & & 1,940.00 \\
\hline Bataria. & 875.00 & & & 179.87 & & 31.16 & 292.00 \\
\hline Maccassar & & & & & & & 85.00 \\
\hline Samarang & & & & & & & 70.00 \\
\hline Soerabaya
Beirut...... & & & & & & & 196. 00 \\
\hline Beirut.....
Aleppo & 2,000.00 & & & 636.55 & 480.00 & 180.86 & 197.44
49.00 \\
\hline Alexandretta & & & & & & & \\
\hline Damascus & & & & & & & 80.50 \\
\hline Hersine & & & ... & & & & 40.00
8.50 \\
\hline Belfast... & 3,000.00 & & & 1,786.99 & 868.13 & & 11, 950.00 \\
\hline Ballyruena.. & & & & & & & 243.00 \\
\hline Londonderry & & .... & & & & & 61. 17 \\
\hline Berlin Lurgan & 37.50
\(4,000.00\) & & & 2,983.96 & 1, 200.00 & & 14,572.00 \\
\hline Guben & 4, 155.98 & & & 2, 383.9 & 1,20.0 & & 14, 925.00 \\
\hline Bermuda & 1,500.00 & & & 292.42 & & & 1,911.00 \\
\hline Berne \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & & & & & & 408.27 & 1,225.00 \\
\hline Birmingham.... & 2, 500.00 & ........ & & 757. 57 & 960.00 & & 9,675.00 \\
\hline Redditch... & 392.50
72.50 & & & & & & \(1,392.50\)
\(1,072.50\) \\
\hline Wolverhampton & & & & & & & 1, 907. 50 \\
\hline Bogota & 2,000.00 & 228.20 & .... & & & & 7.50 \\
\hline Bombay ..... & 1,000.00 & & & 83.71 & & 37.32 & \({ }^{331.50}\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Karachi. \\
Bordeanx
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & \({ }^{c 11} 00\) \\
\hline Bordeaux
Pau & 3,000.00 & & & 1,256. 35 & 800.00 & 3.73 & \(9,259.50\)
30.00 \\
\hline Bradford & 3,000.00 & & & 1,374. 63 & 950.00 & & 16, 110. 50 \\
\hline Bremen & 2,500.00 & & & 1, 355. 92 & 1,200.00 & & 4, 010.50 \\
\hline Brake and Norden & & & & & & & 154.50 \\
\hline Breslan Geento.... & \({ }_{51,622} 29\) & 138.57 & & & 438.86 & & 1,185.50 \\
\hline Bristol \({ }^{6}\) & 1, 125.00 & & & 894.69 & & 19.27 & \({ }^{3} \mathbf{7 0 5 . 5 0}\) \\
\hline Glouces & & & & & & & c342.50 \\
\hline Brockville & 1,500.00 & & & 316. & 200. & 1.10 & 1,227.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) No fees.
\({ }^{2}\) For salary see Table A, Siam.
\({ }^{3}\) Includes \(\$ 43.48\) for salary while amaiting ex equatur.
\({ }^{4}\) For salary see Table A-Switzerland.
Includes \(\$ 122.29\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{6}\) Accounts for March quarter, 1891, not received.

\section*{B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.}

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal ofticers and their compensation from fees of agencies. & Salary while receiving instruc. tions aud in trausit. & Pay for serrices performed for vessels at agencies. & Contingent expenses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & Loss by change. & Fees col. lected. \\
\hline Brunswick & \$2, 500.00 & & & \$745. 47 & \$300. 00 & & \$1,983. 10 \\
\hline Hauover & 829.00 & & & & & & 1,829.00 \\
\hline Magdeburg & 31.85 & & & & & & 227.50 \\
\hline Brussels Charleroi & 2, 500.00 & & & 1,322. 43 & 800. 00 & \$1.07 & 4, 986. 50 \\
\hline 13uenos \(\Delta\) yres & 2,500.00 & & & 1, 057,92 & 500.00 & 29.53 & \(1, \times 77.50\)
\(1,487.00\) \\
\hline Cadiz & 1,500. 00 & & & 1, 161. 28 & & 21.06 & 329.00 \\
\hline Huelva. & & & & & & & 80.00 \\
\hline Jeres dela Fcont & 600.00 & & & & & & 1,600. fio \\
\hline Port St. Marys. & & & \$10. 55 & & & & 667.50 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Cairoz }}{\text { Sovill }}\) & & & \$10.55 & 2, 563.73 & \(\because 37.0\) & & 780.00 \\
\hline Alexandria & & & & & & & 247.00
427.50 \\
\hline Port Said. & & & & & & & 34.00 \\
\hline Calcutta. & 5,000.c0 & \$448. 37 & & 1, 408.12 & 800.00 & 128.55 & 5,457.00 \\
\hline Akjab & & & & & & & (d) 2.50 \\
\hline Bassein & & & & & & & \\
\hline Chittagong & & & & & & & 17. 50 \\
\hline Moultoein & & & & & & & (d) 87.00 \\
\hline Rangoon & & & & & & & 20.00 \\
\hline Calla & \({ }^{3} 3,557.07\) & 665.77 & & 700.91 & & & 213.00 \\
\hline Chiclay & & & & & & & 322.50 \\
\hline Mollend & & & & & & & \(c \geq 2.50\) \\
\hline Payta \({ }^{4}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Canton. & 2,500.00 & & & 1, 014.45 & & 19.37 & 3, 275.00 \\
\hline Cape Faitien & 1,000.00 & & & & & & 945.50
415.00 \\
\hline Port de Paix & & & & & & & 369.50 \\
\hline Cape Town...... & 1,500.00 & ........ & & 555.49 & & 67.08 & 315.00 \\
\hline East London Kimberly \({ }^{4}\) & & & 48.76 & & & & 100.00 \\
\hline Port Elizabe & & & 123.60 & & & & 420.6 \\
\hline Port Natal. & & & 31.32 & & & & 26.00 \\
\hline Stmonstown \({ }^{4}\) & & & - ......... & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cardenas. \\
Cardiff
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,500.00 \\
& 2,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 541.79
985.87 & & 43.51 & 447.50
150.00 \\
\hline Llaneliy & & & & & & & 1, 487.50 \\
\hline Miltord Haven & & & & & & & 10.00 \\
\hline Newport. & & & & & & & 357.50 \\
\hline Swansea & 1, 100.00 & & & & & & 5,543.00 \\
\hline Castelamare & & & & & & 1.53 & 2,789.50 \\
\hline Catania.. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
51,501.14 \\
1 \\
100100
\end{array}
\] & 320.50 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
360.04 \\
460.70
\end{array}
\] & 232.38 & & 1, 731.00 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ceylon. } \\
& \text { Jaffa. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
1,500.00
\] & & & 460.70 & & 83.53 & \begin{tabular}{l}
893.36 \\
(d)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Point de Galle & & & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Charlottetown & \({ }^{6} 1,585.60\) & 179.34 & & 337.03 & & 2.77 & 1, 479.50 \\
\hline Alberton. & & & & & & & 226.00 \\
\hline Georgetown & & & 61.00 & & & & 178.00 \\
\hline Souris. & & & 200.00 & & & & 339.00 \\
\hline Summersido & 141.77 & & 5.77 & & & & 1,139.00 \\
\hline Chatham.... & 2, 000.00 & ... & & 734.04 & & & 3, 188. 50 \\
\hline Chemnitz
Glanchau & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,000.00 \\
& 1,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] & & & 1, 669.08 & 1,200.00 & 1.92 & \(11,869.50\)
\(2,4 \% 8.00\) \\
\hline Chin Kiang & 3,500.00 & & & 1,195.84 & & 319.55 & 36.00 \\
\hline Christiania & 1,000.00. & & & 121.71 & 120.00 & & 1,157.50 \\
\hline \(\stackrel{\text { Arendal.. }}{\text { Christians }}\) & & & & & & & 11.00 \\
\hline Cienfuegos & 2,500.00 & & & 638.04 & 400.00 & & 1,292. 50 \\
\hline Trinidad & & & 63.69 & & & & 41.00 \\
\hline Zaza & & & 59.13 & & & & 70.00 \\
\hline Clifton & 1,500.00 & 124.50 & & 344. 32 & & 6. 50 & 58 t. 00 \\
\hline St. Catharines & & & & & & & 254.50
1 274.75 \\
\hline Coaticonk......
Georgevile & 1,500.00 & & & 476.60 & & 3.25 & \(1,274.75\)
c61. 50 \\
\hline Bereford.. & & & & & & & 321.50 \\
\hline Lineboro. & 302.00 & & & & & & 1,302.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) Made a consulate September 11, 1890.
\({ }^{2}\) For salary, see Table A, Cairo.
3 Includes \(\$ 57.07\) for salar'g while awaiting exeguatur.
4 No tees.
\({ }^{5}\) Includes \(\$ 61.14\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
6 Includes \(\$ 35.60\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
B.-Stathatent of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses fór the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 18y1.-Continued.
SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Contimued.
\begin{tabular}{r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r|r} 
\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }_{2}^{1}\) Includes \(\$ 65.22\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{2}\) Includes \(\$ 41.21\) for salary while awaining exequatur.
\({ }^{3}\) Fees from December 15, 1890 to June 30, 1891.
\({ }^{4}\) No fees.
\({ }^{5}\) Includes \(\$ 104.57\) for salary while awaiting exequatur
\({ }^{6}\) Includes \(\$ 114.13\) for salary while awaiting exeguator.
\({ }^{\circ}\) No accounts received,
\({ }^{8}\) Fees from April 20, 1891, to June 30, 1891.
\({ }^{9}\) Allowed salary as secretary of legation from Jan. 1 to Feb. 28, 1801.

\section*{B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expinses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.-Continued.}

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Continned.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies. & Salary while receiring instruc. tions and in transit. & Pay for services - performed for vessels at agencies. & Contingent \(\theta x\). penses. & Allowance for clerks. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Loss by } \\
\text { ex. } \\
\text { change. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Fees collected. \\
\hline Grayaguil & \$3,000.00 & & & c\$829. 35 & c \$300.00 & & \$1, 128. 50 \\
\hline Bahia de Caraquez & & & & & & & 388.50 \\
\hline Esmeraldas .... & & & & & & & 196.00 \\
\hline Manta. & 3,500.00 & & & 642.87 & & & 333.50 \\
\hline - Bridgewater & & & \$19.33 & 642.87 & 640.00 & \$13.35 & \(3,126.00\)
87.50 \\
\hline Liverpool.. & & & 488.82 & & & & \({ }_{99.50}\) \\
\hline Lunenberg & & & & & & & 187.00 \\
\hline Hamburg & 2, 500.00 & & & 1,389.74 & 1, 200.00 & & 10,000.19 \\
\hline Cuxhaven \({ }^{\text {K }}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Lnbeck & & & & & & & 80.00 \\
\hline Hamilton & 2,000.00 & & & 883.98 & 500.00 & & 1, 045.00 \\
\hline Galt. & & & & & & & 1,964. 50 \\
\hline Paris. & 402. 50 & & & & & & 1,402. 50 \\
\hline Hankow. & 3,500. 00 & \$218. 75 & & 1, 129.73 & & 473.02 & 250.44 \\
\hline Havana & 6, 000.00 & & & 4,327.29 & 1, 600.00 & & 20, 567.00 \\
\hline Havre & 3,500.00 & & & 691.35 & 1,171.74 & & 1,499.50 \\
\hline Cherbour & & & & & & & 12.50 \\
\hline Honfleur & & & & & & & 212.50 \\
\hline St. Mialo & & & & & & & 5. 50 \\
\hline Hongkong & 5,000.00 & & & 1, 843.43 & 1, 200.00 & 20.74 & 8, 822.00 \\
\hline Honolula & 4, 000.00 & & & 1, 074.4i & & & 4, 272.00 \\
\hline Eahului. & & & 188.10 & & & & 113.50 \\
\hline Malukona & & & 99.22 & & & & 145.00 \\
\hline Horgen & 2, 000.00 & & & 499.25 & 500.00 & 8.82 & 956.00 \\
\hline Jerusalem & 22, 082.41 & 369.54 & & 397.90 & & 269.68 & 232.50
51.50 \\
\hline Jaffa. & & & & & & & 5.50 \\
\hline Kanagawa & \({ }^{3} 4,098.90\) & 639.31 & & \({ }^{1} 1,771.77\) & 1, 200.00 & 110.20 & 9, 304. 21 \\
\hline Keht......... & \(1,50.00\)
\(1,500.00\) & & & \(1,025.81\)
476.52 & 500.00
400 & 1.20 & 3,968.50 \\
\hline Kingston (Cana & 1,500.00 & & & & & & 1, 161.00 \\
\hline Kingston (Jamaica) & 2, 000.00 & & & 1,513.63 & 375.00 & & 2, 313.00 \\
\hline Falmouth & & & 27.64 & & & & 290.00 \\
\hline Milk River. & & ........ & 90.51 & & & & 117.50 \\
\hline Montego Bay & & & 343.04 & & & & 623.00 \\
\hline Port Antonio & 428.92 & ......... & 428.42 & & & & 1,000. 50 \\
\hline Port Maria & 34.47 & & 343.97 & & & & 690.50 \\
\hline Port Morant. & & & 119.76 & & & & 462.50 \\
\hline Savanuah la & & & 19.17 & & & & 432.50
550.00 \\
\hline Laguayra....... & 1,500.00 & & 292.15 & 372.85 & & 139.60 & 550.00
486.00 \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Barcelona }}{ }^{1}\) & & & & & & & \\
\hline Carácas. & & & & & & & 927.50 \\
\hline Carupano & & & & & & & 218.50 \\
\hline Cumana & & & & & & & 152.50 \\
\hline Leeds... & 2, 000.00 & & & 610.19 & 478. 58 & & 3, 640. 50 \\
\hline Leghorn.. & 1,500.00 & 65.22 & & 1,023.67 & 500.00 & & 3, 204.50 \\
\hline Liege & 1,500.00 & & & 593.81 & 400.00 & & 3, 355. 60 \\
\hline Verviers & & & & & & & 220.00
750.50 \\
\hline Leipsic.. & 2,000.00 & & & 870.34 & 800.00 & &  \\
\hline Leith. & 2,500.00 & & & 1,062.08 & 640.00 & 36.90 & 1, 941.00 \\
\hline Galashiels.. & & & & & & & 319.00 \\
\hline Levuka \({ }^{1}\) & \(1,000.00\) & & & 12.24 & & 30.00 & \\
\hline Liverpool .... & G, 000.00 & & & 4,254. 61 & 2,000.00 & & 34, 349.50 \\
\hline St. Helens & 1, 000.00 & & & & & & 2, 247. 50 \\
\hline Lisbon \({ }^{5}\) & & & & & 250.00 & & 856.30 \\
\hline Oporto & & & & & & & 912.50 \\
\hline London (England) & 6,000.00 & & & 5, 774. 37 & 1,600.00 & & 66, 038.00 \\
\hline Brighton & & & & & & & 3.50
7.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }_{2}{ }^{1}\) No fees.
\({ }^{2}\) Includes \(\$ 82.41\) for salary while a waiting exequatur.
\({ }^{3}\) Inclades \(\$ 98.90\) for salary while avaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{4}\) Madean agency December 11, 1890.
\({ }^{5}\) For salary see Table A, Portugal.

\section*{B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.}

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies. & Salayy while receiving. instructionsanil in transit. & Pay for services per. formed for ves. sels at agencies. & Contingent \(0 x\) penses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & Loss by change. & Fees collected. \\
\hline London (Canada). & \$1,500. 00 & & & \$295. 00 & \$500. 00 & & \$1,181. 00 \\
\hline Lyons.......... & 2,500.00 & & & 2, 322. 06 & 1,200.00 & \$8. 57. & 13, 043. 50 \\
\hline Malta. & 1, \(1,500.00\) & & & 326. 27 & & 93.85 & 38.10 \\
\hline Malaga. & ' \(11,675.27\) & \$379. 07 & & 1, 013.31 & 153.92 & 69.20 & \(1,204.00\)
2 \\
\hline Alme & & & \(\$ 19.97\)
14.72 & & & & 2, 2088.50 \\
\hline Managua.. & 22,010.84 & 461.96 & & 417.33 & & & 127.50
3.50 \\
\hline Corinto. & & & 24.53 & & & & 436.50 \\
\hline San Juan del & & & & & & & 125.00 \\
\hline Manchester & 3, 000.00 & 163.04 & & 2,600. 23 & 1,200.00 & & 20, 952. 00 \\
\hline Mauila.... & 2,000. 00 & & & 745. 69 & 500.00 & & 589.00
65.00 \\
\hline Cebu & & & 92. 84 & & & & \({ }_{65.00}^{65.00}\) \\
\hline Mannleim & 1, 500.00 & & & 619.27 & 480.00 & & 3,080. 00 \\
\hline Nenstadt & & & & & & & 762.50 \\
\hline Maracaibo & 32, 016.30 & 309. 79 & & 1,003.50 & 500.00 & & 3,439.50 \\
\hline Marseilles. & \(2,500.00\) & & & 1,054.63 & 960. 00 & 1.98 & 5, 069.36 \\
\hline Bastia. & & & & & & & 17. 50 \\
\hline Cette. & & & 26.90 & & & & 345.00 \\
\hline Tonlon & & & & & & & 31 L .00 \\
\hline Martinique. & 1,500. 00 & 228.26 & & 295.49 & & & 289.25 \\
\hline Fort de France & & & 311. 20 & & & & 40.00 \\
\hline Matamoros...
Canargo & 1,500.00 & 163. 04 & & 526.22 & 640.00 & & 254. 50 \\
\hline Mier & & & & & & & 190.000 \\
\hline Sinta Cruz Poin & & & & & & & 627.50 \\
\hline Victoria \({ }^{4}\). & & & & & & & \\
\hline Matanzas \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 2, 250.00 & & & c 574.97 & c 325. 00 & & c 472.50 \\
\hline Majence.. & 2, 500.00 & & & 354.58 & \({ }^{500.00}\) & & 5,851. 50 \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Melbourne }}^{\text {Adelaid }}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 573.37 \\ 359.21 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 586. 95 & & 1,319.51 & 800.00 & 19.46 & 1,365. 00 \\
\hline Messina \({ }^{\text {Adelaid }}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}359.21 \\ 1,500 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 260.98 & 871.71 & 654.86 & 399.72 & 26.89 & 487.50
\(4,579.00\) \\
\hline Milaza & & & & & & & 15.00 \\
\hline Mexico & 4,000.00 & & & 1, 351.12 & 1,199.98 & & 291.57 \\
\hline Merida. & 1,500.00 & & ...... & 703.09 & 255.00 & & 1, 491. 50 \\
\hline Campeachy \({ }_{\text {Laguna de }}\) & & & & & & & 346. 50 \\
\hline & & & & & & & 219.50
230.00 \\
\hline Milan. & 1,500.00 & 61.14 & & 651.54 & 431.97 & & 2,055. 00 \\
\hline Monrovia \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 1, 297.19 & & & & & & 57. 50 \\
\hline Montevideo & 3,000.00 & & & 808.51 & 400.00 & 187.70 & 897. 50 \\
\hline Montreal. & 4, 000.00 & & & 1,110. 25 & 1,200.00 & & 4, 693.75 \\
\hline Coteau & & & & & & & a 78.50
G6it. 50 \\
\hline Hemmingford & & & & & & & 309.00 \\
\hline Hincbinbrook & & & & & & & 70.50 \\
\hline Hochelaga and gueuil & & & & & & & 474.50 \\
\hline Huntiagdon & & & & & & & 219.00 \\
\hline Valleytield & & & & & & & c 32950 \\
\hline Morrislurg & 1,500.00 & & & 180.42 & & & \({ }^{612.50}\) \\
\hline Cornwall Mozaribiques & & & & & & & 211.00 \\
\hline Munich ... & 1, 500.00 & & & 539.02 & 500.00 & 9.46 & 2,162.00 \\
\hline Augsburg & & & & & & & 7100.00 \\
\hline Nagasaki & 3;0017.00 & .586.96 & & 876.95 & & 84.82 & 187.31 \\
\hline Nadtes. & 1,000.00 & & & 118.28 & & 14.70 & 545.00
261.50 \\
\hline Angers & & & & & & & 261.50
\(c 112.50\) \\
\hline L'Orien & & & & & & & c18\%. 00 \\
\hline Napies & 1,500.00 & ..... & & 726.70 & 480.00 & 5.31 & 2, 275.00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Bari.. \\
Rodi.
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & 413.50
\(c 162.50\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) Includes \(\$ 175.27\) for salary while awaiting exequatir.
\({ }^{2}\) lncludes \(\$ 10.84\) for salarg while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{3}\) Includes \(\$ 16.30\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{4}\) No fees.
\({ }^{5}\) Accounts for June quarter, 1891, not received.
\({ }^{6}\) Inchudes \(\$ 73.37\) for sithary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{7}\) For balance of salary seo Table A-Liberia.
\({ }^{8}\) No accounts received.

\section*{B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salarifs, and`Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.}

SCHEDULES B AND C. SALARIED OFFICES-COntinued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principar officers and their compensation from fcos of agencies. & Salary while receiving instiuctions and in transit. & Pay for services pertormed for vessels at agencies. & Contin. gentexpenses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Loss by } \\
\text { change. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Fees collectca. \\
\hline Nassan & \$2,000.00 & \(\cdots\) & & \$770.09 & \$150.00 & \$40. 36 & \$905. 50 \\
\hline Albert Town & & & \$107. 19 & & & & 45.00 \\
\hline Dinmore Town ... & & & 9.06 & & & & 207.50 \\
\hline Governor's Harbor & & & 425.74 & & & & 257.50 \\
\hline Green Turtle Cay & & & 68. 38 & & & & 107.59 \\
\hline Mathewtown.
Nowcastle....... & 1,500 & & 11?. 65 & col & & & 82.50 \\
\hline Carlisle & 1, & \$ & & & \(4 \% .6\) & 3.41 & 1,670,00 \\
\hline Hartlepool & & & 62.00 & & & & 276.00 \\
\hline Sunderland & & & & & & & 97.00 \\
\hline Nice... & 1,500.00 & & & 480. 05 & 124.00 & 130.41 & 97.50 \\
\hline Cannos. & & & & & & & b 455. 00 \\
\hline Ningpo. & 3, 000.00 & 277.17 & & 914.70 & & & 11. 20 \\
\hline Nogaies & 1,500.00 & & & 704.28 & 125.00 & & 3, 034.50 \\
\hline Nottinghan & 2,500.00 & & & 1, 292. 34 & 500.00 & & 9,596.00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Derby \\
Leicest
\end{tabular} & 404.50 & & & & & & 1915.00 \\
\hline Nuevo Laredo & 2,500.00 & & & 1,999,36 & 800.00 & & \(1,434.50\)
839.50 \\
\hline Garita Gon & 1,000.00 & & & & & & 3, 875.00 \\
\hline Gumrerio & & & & 878.18 & & & 5. 00 \\
\hline Nurembery Füth \({ }^{2}\). & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,000,00 \\
192.28
\end{array}
\] & & & 878.18 & 559.85 & & \(4,781.00\)
711.00 \\
\hline Odessa.. & 2,000.00 & & & 983.16 & 500.00 & 243.12 & 219.50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Batoum \\
Rostoff
\end{tabular} &  & & & & & & 617.00
374.50 \\
\hline Osaka abil Hiogo & 3,000.00 & & & 1,006. 81 & 125.00 & 50.74 & 4,657.00 \\
\hline Ottara.... & 3,000000 & & & 2, 461.13 & & 7. 37 & 8,207.00 \\
\hline Carlton Place & 1, 12000.00 & & & & & & \(2,236.50\) \\
\hline Palermo...
Girgen & 42, 274.28 & 188.41 & & 1,338. 63 & 500.00 & 20.69 & \(7,998.00\)
518.50 \\
\hline Licata & & & & & & & 134.50 \\
\hline Marsala & & & 16.33 & & & & 42.50 \\
\hline Trapani & & & 55.62 & & & & 235.10 \\
\hline Panama & 5 \(\begin{array}{r}4,000.00 \\ 1,561.54\end{array}\) & 538.31 & & 992.94
540.76 & 800.00
192 & & 682.00 \\
\hline Manaos & & 538.31 & & & 192.36 & & \(2,063.00\)
466.00 \\
\hline Maran & & & 89.50 & & & & 364.00 \\
\hline Paris. & \(66,130.43\) & 094.57 & & 5, 152. 63 & 3,600.00 & 128.78 & 56,744.00 \\
\hline Paso' del No & \({ }_{7}^{2}, 500.00\) & & & 1,03\%. 50 & 50000 & & 4, 806. 50 \\
\hline Pernambuco & 2.048 .85 & 232.89 & & 582.73 & 500.00 & 12.82 & 982.00
368.00 \\
\hline Maceio & & & & & & & 133.00 \\
\hline Natal & & & 67.59 & & & & c99.00 \\
\hline Pictou. & 3, 500.00 & 177.21 & & c 478.90 & & 7.65 & 253.50 \\
\hline Autigonish. & & & 121.88 & & & & 25.00 \\
\hline Cape Canso ..... & & -... & 561.08 & & & & 93.00 \\
\hline Port Hawkesbury & & & 62.00
187.50 & & & & 10.00 \\
\hline Pagwash and Walla & & & & & & & 279.00
75.00 \\
\hline Sydney .............. & 22.88 & & 800.88 & & & & 222.00 \\
\hline Piedras Negras. & 2,000.00 & & & 1,208.02 & 202.50 & & 1, 168. 50 \\
\hline Cindad Porfito Diaz & 1,000.00 & & & & & & 2, 412. 75 \\
\hline  & 63.00 & & & & 800.00 & \(\ldots\) & 1, 330.800
\(1,063.00\) \\
\hline Jacmel. & & & & & & & 1884.50 \\
\hline Jeremio. & & & & & & & 380.00 \\
\hline Miragoane. & & & & & & & 75. 50 \\
\hline Petit Guave & & & & & & & \%47. 50 \\
\hline St Mare & & & & & & & 24.30 \\
\hline Ponape. & & 769.03 & & 199.34 & & & \\
\hline Port liope.. & \(1,500.00\)
239.00 & & & 280. 10 & & 1.00 & 1,174.25 \\
\hline Teterbowag & 239.00 & & & & & & 1, 814.00 \\
\hline Port Louis. & 2, 000.00 & & & 333.00 & & & 32.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }_{2}^{1}\) Fees from July 1 to September 4, 1890.
\({ }^{2}\) Feps from Jily 1 to Angust 14, 1890. Malu a consulate August 14, 1800.
\({ }^{3}\) Comsulate subserpent to November 21, 1890.
\({ }^{4}\) Inchudes \(\$ 274\) 2s for satary whle awating exequatur
\({ }^{5}\) Indudes \(\$ 661.51\) for salary while awhinger wequatar.
\({ }^{6}\) Inchedes \(\$ 130.43\) for salary white awaitiog exeg uatur
\({ }^{7}\) Fur salar: see 'lableza, Hati.
FI 91
B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses for the Frscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal olticers and their compensation fiom fees of agencies. & Salary while receiving instruc. tions and in transit. & Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies. & Contin. gentexpenses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Loss by } \\
\text { ex. } \\
\text { change. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Fees collected. \\
\hline Port Sarnia & \$1,500.00 & \$12. 23 & .-... & \$577.55 & & \$4. 50 & \$973.00 \\
\hline Port Stanley (F. I.) & 1,500.00 & & & 380.35. & & 137.67 & \\
\hline PortStanley and St. Thomas & 2,000.00 & & & 209.41 & \$200.00 & 6. 05 & 2, 185. 00 \\
\hline Prague....................... & 3,000.00 & 203.81 & & 1, 203. 59 & 480.00 & & 123.50
\(8,326.00\) \\
\hline Prescott. & 1,500.60 & 116.66 & & 373.57 & & 4.58 & 1, 316.00 \\
\hline Puerto Cabello .............. & 1,500,00 & 85.60 & & 348.82 & & & 1,218.50 \\
\hline Valencia \({ }^{1}\) & 1,500.00 & & & 1,011. 11 & & 19.26 & 547.00 \\
\hline P Point Lev & 1,000.00 & & & 1, 1 & & & 2, 324. 25 \\
\hline Reichenberg \({ }^{2}\) & 1, 875.00 & & & .680.95 & 500.00 & & c4, 777.00 \\
\hline Rheims...... & 2,000.00 & 10S. 69 & & 1, 579.61 & & & 4, 185.00 \\
\hline Rio de Jan & 6, 010.00 & & & 1,931.90 & 1,600.00 & 30.19 & 657.50
\(4,496.50\) \\
\hline Victoria. & & & & & & & c52.50 \\
\hline Rio Grand do & \({ }^{3} 1,062.50\) & 239.13 & & 124.97 & & 10.44 & 380.00 \\
\hline Porto Aleg & 3, 000.00 & & & 2, 369, 05 & & 99.95 & 548.50 \\
\hline Ancona & & & & & & & 32. 50 \\
\hline Cagliari & & & & & & & 47.00 \\
\hline Civita Vec & & & & & & & 50.00 \\
\hline Rotterdam . & 2,000.00 & & & c 720.97 & 400.00 & & 4, 327. 50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Flushing \\
Scheidan
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & 24.50
\(1,772.50\) \\
\hline Ruatan and Truxillo \({ }^{4}\)........ & 750,00 & & & b47. 10 & & & \({ }^{1} 172000\) \\
\hline Bonaca... & & & & & & & 75.00 \\
\hline Trixillo & & & & & & & 125.00 \\
\hline Sagua La Gra & & & & & & & 112.50 \\
\hline Sagna libarar & 2,000.00 & & \$111, 67 & 444.69 & 400.00 & & 445.50
350.00 \\
\hline Nuevitas \({ }^{5}\) & & & 125.90 & & & & 137.00 \\
\hline San Josal \({ }^{1}\) & 2,000.00 & & & 1, 012.47 & & & \\
\hline Port Limon. & &  & & & & & (d) \\
\hline Punta Arenas. & & & & & & & \\
\hline San Juan del Norte \({ }^{6}\) & 1,000.00 & & & & & ..... & \({ }^{b} 6612.50\) \\
\hline  & 72, 429,35 & & & 1,134.97 & 500.00 & & 6691.50
301.50 \\
\hline Aguadilla... & & & 48. 63 & 1, & & & 57.50 \\
\hline Arecibo. & & & 25. 23 & & & & 248.00 \\
\hline Fajardo & & & 23.84 & & & & 45.00 \\
\hline Guayama & & & 47.15 & & & & 25.00 \\
\hline Naguabo & & & 106. 02 & & & & 149.50 \\
\hline Ponco.. & & & 372.99 & & & & 333. 00 \\
\hline San Salvador \({ }^{\text {® }}\), ................ & 02. 19 & 258.50 & 15.5]. & 506. 19 & & & 35.50 \\
\hline A cajutla .................... & & & 32.70 & & & & c 597.00 \\
\hline La La Uniortad...................... & & & & & & & c 715.00 \\
\hline Santiago de Cuba........... & 2,500.00 & & & 910.30 & 400.00 & & \({ }^{\text {c } 150.00}\) \\
\hline Guantanamo ............ & & & 230.52 & & & & 1, 29.00 \\
\hline Manzanillo & & & 270.86 & & & & 270.00 \\
\hline Santa Cruz & & & 58.32 & & & & 117.00 \\
\hline Santiago (C. V.I.) & 1,000.00 & & & 28.81 & & 97.25 & 27.50 \\
\hline Brava & & & 56.85
95.78 & & & & 22.50 \\
\hline Santo Domingo & 1,500.00 & 142.66 & & 569.00 & & & 697.50 \\
\hline Azua.... & & & 31. 45 & & & & 153.14 \\
\hline  & & & 66.96 & 3150.00 & b900.00 & & \({ }^{\text {c 187. }} 00\) \\
\hline Desterro & & 12.6 & , & o100.00 & oro.00 & & 1, 2 (d) \({ }^{\text {a }}\) ( 00 \\
\hline Seoul \({ }^{9}\).. & & & & & & & 25.48 \\
\hline Shanghai & 5, 000. 00 & & & 3, 510. 78 & 1, 200.00 & & 6,310.75 \\
\hline Sheffield. & 2,500.00 & & & 676.38 & 800.00 & & \(4,808.50\)
277.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) No fees.
\({ }^{2}\) Accounts for June quarter, 1891, not received.
\({ }^{3}\) Includes \(\$ 62.50\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{4}\) Accounts for \(J\) uno quarter 1891 not received.
\({ }^{5}\) Fees from November 23, 1890, to June 30, 1891.
\({ }^{6}\) A cconnts for Marel and June quarters 1891 not received.
7 Includes \(\$ 429.31\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{8}\) Accounts from May 26, 1891 , to June 30,1891 , not received.
\({ }^{9}\) For salary, sce Table A, Korea.

\section*{B. -Statement of Consular Febs, Salaries, and Expenses for the Fiscal} Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.

\section*{SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Continued,}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal officers and their compensation from fees of agencies. & Salary while receiving instruetions and in transit. & Pay for services performed for vessels at agencies. & Contingent expenses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & Loss by change. & Fees collected. \\
\hline Sherbrooke & \$2,000.00 & & & \$738.01 & \$400.00 & \$1. 25 & \$3,423.00 \\
\hline Cookshire & 1,000.00 & & & & & & 3,440. 50 \\
\hline Sierra Leone & 1,000.00 & \$271.71 & & 190.79 & & 8. 69 & 112.00 \\
\hline Singapore & \(13,016.30\) & & & 1,480. 17 & 880.00 & 74.32 & 1,717.50 \\
\hline Sivas \({ }^{\text {2 }}\)..... & 1,500.00 & & & 238.99 & & 81.83 & \begin{tabular}{l}
367.50 \\
... \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Smyrna & 2,500.00 & & & 478.55 & 500.00 & 249.88 & 1,863.50 \\
\hline Sonneberg & 2, 000.00 & & & 1,250. 28 & 800.00 & & 11, 065.00 \\
\hline Bamberg & 863.50 & & & & & & 1,862. 50 \\
\hline Coburg. & 113.51 & & & & & & l, 720.00 \\
\hline Southampton & 1,500.00 & & & 293.23 & & & 58.50 \\
\hline Portsmouth & & & & & & & \({ }_{33.00}^{47.50}\) \\
\hline St. Etienne & 2,000.00 & & & 874.80 & 500.00 & 12.84 & 5.204.00 \\
\hline Grenobl & & & & & & & b 357.50 \\
\hline St. Galle.. & \({ }^{3} 2,54120\) & 510.53 & & 797.82 & c325. 00 & 18.35 & 8, 346.00 \\
\hline St. Helena. & 1,500.00 & & & 320.55 & & 44.14 & 5. 50 \\
\hline St. John (N. B.) & 2,000.00 & & & 981.91 & 500.00 & & 5,912.50 \\
\hline Campobollo Is & & & \$63.24 & & & & 177.50 \\
\hline  & & & 53.75 & & & & \({ }_{171} 50\) \\
\hline St. George & & & 64.64 & & & & 292.50 \\
\hline St. Johns (P.Q & 1, 500.00 & & & 285.60 & & & 806.00 \\
\hline Farnham & & & & & & & 1, 178. 25 \\
\hline St. Pand de Loan & & & & & & & 320.50 \\
\hline St. Paul de Loan & 1,000.00 & 82.90 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
c 3.10 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & & & 3. 00 \\
\hline St. Petersburg & 3, 000.00 & & & \[
1,609.27
\] & 500.00 & 154.46 & \({ }^{449.00}\) \\
\hline Riga & & & & & & & c 132.60 \\
\hline St. Stephen............ & 1,500.00 & 149.27 & & 248.79 & & & 561.50 \\
\hline McAdam's Junct & & & 52.88 & & & & 247.00 \\
\hline St. Thomas (W.I.) & \(42,608.68\) & 387.28 & & -623.16 & & & 444.00 \\
\hline Fredericksted & & & & & & & 203.50 \\
\hline Santa Cr & & & & & & & 90.00 \\
\hline Stettin ..... & 1,000.00 & 57.06 & & 113.40 & 400.00 & 4. 44 & 1,256. 50 \\
\hline Dantzic... & & & & & & & 165.00 \\
\hline Ktockholm & & & & & & & 720.50 \\
\hline Stockholm & 1,500. 00 & 146.74 & & 428.75 & 275.00 & & 1,772.50 \\
\hline Stuttga & 2,000.00 & 146.74 & & 371.74
\(1,077.25\) & 480.00 & & 3,416.50 \\
\hline Sydney & 2,000.00 & & & 360.48 & 500.00 & 49.24 & 1,327. 50 \\
\hline Tahiti. & 1, 000. 00 & & & a228. 99 & & & 482.50 \\
\hline Talcahuan & 1, 000. 00 & & & 32.95 & & & 42.50 \\
\hline Tamatave & 2, 000.00 & 166. 67 & & 430.24 & & & 64.50 \\
\hline Tamptico .......- & 1,500.00 & 285.32 & & 693.82 & & & 605. 20 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Tangier } \text {............ }}{ }\) & \% 7.00 & & & & & & 1,007.00 \\
\hline Cana Blanca & 2,00.00 & & & 204.6 & & & 22. 50 \\
\hline Laraiche. & & & & & & & 8. 00 \\
\hline Mazagan & & & & & & & 11. 50 \\
\hline Mogador & & & & & & & 37. 50 \\
\hline Kabat & & & & & & & 10.00 \\
\hline Saffi \({ }^{\text {a }}\)... & & & & & & & \\
\hline Tetuan
Tegucigalpa & & & & & & & \\
\hline Tegucigalpa. & 2:000.00 & 293.47 & & 383.44 & & 11.05 & \[
38.78
\] \\
\hline Amapala & & & & & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 165.00 \\
& 583.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Teheran \({ }^{\text {b }}\). & & & & & & & \\
\hline Thiee Rivers & 1,500.00 & & & 491.28 & & & 1,581.00 \\
\hline Arthabask & 373.75 & & & & & & 1,373. 75 \\
\hline Tien Tain & 3,500. 00 & & & 1, 469.76 & & 404. 21 & 820.50 \\
\hline Toronto & 2,000. 00 & & & 610.43 & 800.00 & 1. 92 & \(4,340.75\)
412.50 \\
\hline Trieste & 2,000.00 & & & 442.90 & 400.00 & & 1,387. 00 \\
\hline Fiu & & & & & & & 381.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
-1 Includes \(\$ 16.30\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{2}\) No fees.
\({ }^{3}\) Includes \(\$ 41.20\) for salary while a waiting exequatur.
Includes \(\$ 108.68\) for salary while a waiting exequatur.
\({ }^{6}\) For salary, see Table A, Persia. No fees collected.
B.-Statement of Consular Fees, Salaries, and Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continned.

SCHEDULES B AND C, SALARIED OFFICES-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Salaries of principal officersand their compensation from fees of agencies. & Salary while receiving insurnetions and in transit. & Pay for services performed for ves. sels at agencies. & Contingent ex. penses. & Allow. ance for clerks. & Loss by change. & Taes collected. \\
\hline Tunstall & \$2,500.00 & \$61.14 & --... & \$939.30 & \$999.60 & & \$12, 725.00 \\
\hline Turk's Isiand & 1,000.00 & & & & & & 268.00 \\
\hline Cockburn Harbo & & & & & & & 96.00 \\
\hline Salt Cay & & & & & & & 58.00 \\
\hline \(\nabla\) Valparaiso & 3, 000.00 & & & 959. 76 & 400. 00 & & 236.50 \\
\hline Venice.... & 1,000.00 & & & 460.71 & & \$38.38 & 644.50 \\
\hline VeraCruz....... & 3,000.00 & 363.37 & & 1575.35 & \({ }^{1241.52}\) & & 4, 170.c0 \\
\hline Coatzacoalcos & & & \(\$ 77.24\)
117.01 & & & & \({ }^{c} 29.00\) \\
\hline Victoria... & 2,500.00 & & & 700.29 & 640.00 & & 27900
\(1,594.50\) \\
\hline Nanaimo & 70.00 & & & & & & 1,070.00 \\
\hline Vancouver \({ }^{2}\) & 495.00 & & & & & & b995. 00 \\
\hline Vienna..... & 3,500. 00 & & & 2, 166.29 & 1,200.00 & & 8,002. 00 \\
\hline Wrann... & 52.50 & & .-...... & & …‥ .. & & 1, 052. 50 \\
\hline Windsor (N.S.) & 1,500. 00 & & & 245. 25 & & & 2, 102. 50 \\
\hline Windsor (N.S.) & 1,000. 00 & & & 142.30 & ..... & 1.50 & 458.50 \\
\hline Cornwallis & & & & & & & 404.50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Kempt. \\
Parsboro
\end{tabular} & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
138.06 \\
4.74
\end{array}
\] & & & & 240.50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Parsboro ... \\
Port Joggins
\end{tabular} & 255.76 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4.74 \\
612.76
\end{array}
\] & & & & 341.50
04.00 \\
\hline Windsor (Ontario) & 31,512.23 & 122.28 & & 540.32 & 200.00 & & 2, 474.50 \\
\hline Winnipeg ... & 1,500.00 & & & 409.83 & & & 1,086. 50 \\
\hline Deloraine & & & & & & & 31.00
187.50 \\
\hline Emerson & & & & & & & 187.50 \\
\hline Lethbridge & & & & & & & \\
\hline Port Arth & & & & & & & 233.00 \\
\hline Woodstock & 1,500.00 & & & 160.80 & & & 1,281. 25 \\
\hline Yarmouth. & 1,500.00 & & & 360.35 & & 2. 45 & 2, 5660.50 \\
\hline Annapoli & & & 154.83 & & & & 586.00 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Barring } \\
& \text { Digby. }
\end{aligned}
\] & 525.65 & & 29.15 & & & & - \(\begin{array}{r}414.50 \\ \text { 1 } \\ 496.50\end{array}\) \\
\hline Shelbourn & & & 397.56 & & & & 191.50 \\
\hline Zanzibar & \({ }^{4} 1,016.31\) & 354.33 & & 180. 24 & & & \(363.0 n\) \\
\hline Zurich & 2, 000.00 & & & 883.91 & 430.00 & & 2, 659.50 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Wintert }}{\text { A }}\) & 129.17 & & & & & & 512.50
500.00 \\
\hline Hull. & & & & & & & 500.00 \\
\hline Roubaix. & & & & & 6250.00 & & \\
\hline St. Hyaciuth & & & & & 400.00 & & \\
\hline Totals & 513,453.85 & 20, 373. 05 & 11, 681.50 & 192, 735. 77 & 86, 175.38 & 6, 487.65 & 07, 216.66 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 Accounts for May and June, 1891, not received.
2 Commercial agency subsequent to January 1, 1891.
\({ }^{3}\) Includes \(\$ 12.23\) for salary while awating exeguatur.
4 Includes \(\$ 16.31\) for salary while awaiting exequatur.
\({ }^{6}\) Established February 5, 1891.

\section*{C.-Statrment of Consular Fefs, Compensation, Expenses, and Loss by Exchange for the fiscal Yigar ended June 30, 1891.}

\section*{UNSATARTED OFFICLS.}
\(\left\lfloor a\right.\), for one quarter; \(b_{1}\) for two quarters; \(c\), for three quarters; \(d_{1}\) no returns.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Fees col. lected. & Compensa tion of principal oficers. & Services performed for vessels. & Office reut and clerk hire of con sals (sec. 1732,R.S.) & Fees accruing to Govern. ment. & Contingent ex. penses. & Loss by ex. change. \\
\hline Aden. & \$802. 50 & \$802. 50 & & & & \$142.69 & \\
\hline Alicante & 137.50 & & -....... & & & & \\
\hline Archangel . & & & & & & & ¢ \\
\hline Wathurst & & & & & & & \\
\hline Batoum c & 195.00 & 195.00 & & & & 169. 05 & \\
\hline Belize. & 561.50 & 948.76 & \$387. 26 & & & 31. 10 & \\
\hline Bolleville & 562.75 & 562.75 & & & & 128.92 & \$1. 10 \\
\hline Deseront & 956.50 & 20.41 & & & & & \\
\hline Napanee & 310.50 & & & & & & \\
\hline Picton & 596.50 & 2.41 & & & & & \\
\hline - Trento & 847.00 & \(\begin{array}{r}3.41 \\ 888 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Bergen....... Drontheim & 888.00 & 888.00 & & & & 79.59 & \\
\hline Stavanger & 348.41 & & & & \$10.91 & & \\
\hline Buda Pesth & 1, 179.50 & 1, 179.50 & & & & 91.24 & \\
\hline Rutaritari 0 & 12.11 & 24.50 & 12. 39 & & & & \\
\hline Cannes \({ }^{\text {Carthagena, }}\) Colo & 1,092. 50 & 1, 173.70 & 81.20 & & & 52.77
68.28 & . 72 \\
\hline Cartlagena, Spain & 1, 375.00 & 1, 375.00 & & & & & \\
\hline Cayenne. & 172.25 & 335.30 & 163.05 & & & & \\
\hline Che Foo. & & & & & & & \\
\hline Chihuahua & 332.50 & 315. 00 & & & 17.50 & 140.08 & \\
\hline Ciudad Boliva & 660.50
1646.00 & 660.50
\(1,6+6.00\) & & & & & \\
\hline Collingwood & \(1,646.00\)
180.00 & 1, 646.00 & & & & 258.39 & \\
\hline Barrie. & 958.56 & & & & & & \\
\hline Owen Sound & J, 296. 00 & 296. 00 & & & & & \\
\hline Sault Ste. Marie & 376.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Wiarto \\
Colonia.
\end{tabular} & 713. 50 & & & & 43.00 & & \\
\hline Paysand & & & & & & & \\
\hline Coquimbob & 31.50 & 97.05 & 65.55 & & & & \\
\hline Cordoba. & & & & & & . 60 & ....... \\
\hline Corunuad & & & & & & & \\
\hline Corcubion & & & & & & & \\
\hline Ferrol & & & & & & & \\
\hline \(\nabla \mathrm{V}\) go & & & & & & & \\
\hline Vivero & & & & & & & \\
\hline Curacao.....
Buen
AY & 772.00
22.50 & -2,355.96 & 1,583.96 & & & 32. 74 & ........ \\
\hline Durango Buen & 22.50
27.50 & 27.50 & & & & 43.20 & \\
\hline Ensenada & 330. 50 & 720.50 & 390.00 & & & & \\
\hline Falmontl & 197.50 & 200. 50 & 3.00 & & & & \\
\hline Furth \({ }^{\text {a }}\) Garrucha \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(3,927.50\)
80.00
8 & \(2,194.29\)
30.00 & & \$692.61 & 1,040.60 & 169.06 & 1.00 \\
\hline Goree Daka & 30.00 & 111.22 & 81.22 & & & 177.20 & \\
\hline Helsing fors & 22. 50 & 22.20 & & & & -29.36 & \\
\hline Hobart & 17. 50 & 17.50 & & & & 78.38 & \\
\hline Launceston & 10.00 & & & & 10.00 & & \\
\hline Huddersfield & \({ }^{6} 167.160\) & \[
2,500.00
\] & & 1, 100.00 & 2, 567. 50 & 161.43 & 8.91 \\
\hline Hquique & 1, 347. 490 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,637.71 \\
& 185.24
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
290.71 \\
289 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & & 510.41
206.48 & 12.34 \\
\hline La Paz & & 224.78 & 9.78 & & & 18.49 & \\
\hline Magdalena Bar & & & & & & & \\
\hline San José and Cape & & & & & & & \\
\hline Limoges...... & 1.727.50 & 1, 727.50 & & & & 240.95 & \\
\hline Magdeburg \({ }^{3}\) & 2,145.50 & 2,110.87 & & 34.63 & & 249.03 & \\
\hline Mayagueza & & & & & & & \\
\hline Mazatian. & 770.00 & 828.86 & 58.86 & & & 3.70 & ....... \\
\hline Medellin & 16.00 & 16.00 & & & & & \\
\hline Moncton.... & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,017.00 \\
509.00
\end{array}
\] & 1,03187 & 14.87 & ..... & ......... & 544.97 & 2.7 \\
\hline Campbeliton & 720.75 & & & & & & \\
\hline Newcastle. & 741.00 & & 8.83 & & & & \\
\hline Richibucto ...... & 141.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
] Established Februnary 16, 1891.
Agency of Nuremberg prior to Angust 15, 1890.
\({ }^{3}\) A gency of Brunswick prior to September 11, 1800.

\section*{C.-Statement of Consular Fees, Compensation, Fxpenses, and Loss by Exchange, etc.-Continued.}

UNSALARIED OFFICES-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Fees collected. & Compensation of principal othicers. & Services performed for vessels. & Office rent and clerk hire of consuls (sec. 1732, R.S.). & Fees ac.
craing to
Govern-
ment. & Contin. gent ex. penses. & Loss by exchange \\
\hline Moscow & \$879.50 & \$879. 50 & & & & \$127.15 & \\
\hline Muscat............. & 12.50 & 12.50 & & & & 78.28 & \\
\hline New Castle, New & 571.00 & 2,339.40 & \$1,768.40 & & & 224.87 & \$9.73 \\
\hline Brisbane & 7. 50 & .......... & 26.90 & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Norfolk Island \\
Townsville.
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & \\
\hline Newehwang & & & & & & & \\
\hline Nonmea.... & 1.00 & 24.13 & 23.13 & & & & \\
\hline Patras. & 903. 00 & 903.00 & & & & 72.00 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Corfu .. \\
Kalmata
\end{tabular} & 1.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Zante & 45.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Padang... & 145.00 & 145. 00 & & & & 3.58 & \\
\hline Paramaribo & 359.72
6.586 .50 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
463.52 \\
2.500 .00
\end{array}
\] & 103.80 & & & 28.77 & \\
\hline Planen -... & \(6,586.50\)
324.50 & \(2,506.00\)
324.50 & & \$838.00 & \$3, 248.50 & & \\
\hline Dartmouth & 3.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Guernses & 22.50 & & & & & & \\
\hline Jersey. & 2.50
855 & & & & & & \\
\hline Port Rowan Puerto Plata & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 855.00 \\
& 271.00
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
855.00 \\
327.71
\end{tabular} & 56.76 & & & 29.55
81.44 & \\
\hline Monte C & 86.00 & & 33. 55 & & & & \\
\hline Rosario & 1, 0 065 000 & 1, 451. 97 & 385.97 & & & 103. 25 & \\
\hline Ronbaix \({ }^{2}\)..
Caudry & 1,378.00 & 1,378.00 & & & & 445. 23 & \\
\hline Dankirk & 54.50 & & & & & & \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{\text { Lille }}\) & 645.50
636.00 & 636.00 & & & & 1,140.82 & 36.52 \\
\hline Boulogne & 190.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Calais.. & 2, 035.00 & 936.14 & & & 98.86 & & \\
\hline Dieppe & 5.00
10.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Lille \({ }^{3}\) & 95.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Roubai & 450.00 & 63.86 & & & 258. 12 & & \\
\hline Saigon . Samana & 28.68
85.00 & 28.68
146.26 & 61.26 & & & & \\
\hline Stanbridge & 726.75 & 726.75 & & & & 54.95 & \\
\hline Clarenceville & 140.50 & ......... & & & & & \\
\hline Frelighsburg
Sutton & 93.00
38200 & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Sartholomew & 382.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Christopher & 1,159. 50 & 1, 250.85 & 91.35 & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
St. Denis d \(\qquad\) \\
St. George's (Bermuda)
\end{tabular} & 56. 50 & 368. 73 & 312.23 & & & & \\
\hline St. Hyacinthe ........ & 2, 273.75 & 2,272.75 & & & & 129.50 & 1.75 \\
\hline Warel & 741.25
813.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Johns, N. & 813.00 & 1, 001.38 & 148.88 & & & 159.47 & 2.43 \\
\hline St. Mare a & 88.50 & 124. 73 & 36.23 & & & & \\
\hline St Martin. & 131.00 & 154.57 & 23.57 & & & & \\
\hline St. Pierre, Miquelon & 105.00 & i, 247.04 & 1,142.04 & & & 232.50 & \\
\hline Saltillo.......... & 381.00 & 381.00 & & & & 7.69 & \\
\hline San Juandelos Remedio & 145.00
165.00 & 145.00
682.46 & 517.46 & & & & \\
\hline Santander............. & 48.50 & 48.50 & 51.46 & & & 26.94 & \\
\hline Bilbao.. & 156.00 & & 14.24 & & & & \\
\hline Gijon \(\qquad\) & 13.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline Teneriffec.... & 67.00 & 67.13 & .13 & & & 21.28 & \\
\hline Grand Canary & 119.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Lanzarotte \\
Orotava...
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & \\
\hline Trinidad Islan & 2, 456.25 & 2, 500.00 & 650.97 & 607.22 & & 477.28 & \\
\hline Scarboro & 210.00 & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Turin. \\
Tuxpan
\end{tabular} & 347.50
794.50 & 140.00
980.77 & & & 207.00 & 143.22 & \\
\hline Vanconver (B. & 358.25 & 917.38 & 559.13 & & & & \\
\hline Warsaw \(6 . . . . . . . . . .\). & 57.00 & 57.00 & & & & 23. 70 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) No fees.
\({ }^{2}\) Commercial agency established Angust 16, 1890.
\({ }^{8}\) Agency of Roubaix subsequent to August 15, 1890.
* Agency of Victoria prior to January 1, 1891.
C.- Statement of Consular Fiees, Compensation, Expenses, and Loss by

ONSALARIED OFFICES-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consular offices. & Fees collecter. & Corapen. sation of principal officers. & Services per. formed for vessels. & Office rent and clerk bire of con. suls (sec. 1732, R.S. & Fees accruing to Government. & Contin. gent ex penses. & Loss by exchavge. \\
\hline Waubanshene & \$1, 813. 00 & \$1, 813.00 & & & & \$211. 27 & \\
\hline Orilla ..... & 1,455.00 & 455.00 & & & & & \\
\hline Parry Sound ........... & & & & & & & \\
\hline Purchase of consular stationery, ete., by B. F. Stevens, dispatch agent, at London, Engiand & & . & & & & 137.51 & \\
\hline Purchase of consular stationery, etc., by Department of State \(\qquad\) & , & & & & & 17,786.99 & \\
\hline Printing of consnlar stationery by Public Printer. & & & & & & \(17,780.00\)
54.90 & \\
\hline Totals & 70.925.92 & 54, 955. 30 & \$9,630. 51 & \$3, 272.46 & \$7, 502.29 & 26,445.13 & \$75. 24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
D.-Statement of Salaries, Expenses, and Loss by Exchange of Consular Cleris for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Names. & Where located. & Salars. & Contingent expenses. & Loss by ex. change. \\
\hline Barbour Thomas \({ }^{1}\) & & 7\$84. 24 & & \\
\hline Boyd, Wilson P.. & Chemnitz & \(1,000.00\) & :....... & \\
\hline Hansmann, Carl A & Lyons ... & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Hunter, William Dulaney & Paris & 3, 000000 & \$247. 68 & \\
\hline Mac Lean, Edward I & & 1,200.00 & & \\
\hline 'Murphy, George \({ }^{\text {M }}\) & Berlin & 1,004 94 & & \\
\hline Richardson, Althur W & Honolulu & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Scidmore, George H. & Kanagawa & 646. 72 & 355.25 & \$51. 05 \\
\hline Springer. Josepl A & Havana. & 1,200.00 & & \\
\hline Thirion, Charles F \({ }^{\text {F }}\) & Cairo & 1,200.00 & 96.85 & 2. 50 \\
\hline Touhay, St. Leger A \({ }_{\text {Whitehouse, }}\) Edward & Cannes & \(1,200.00\)
\(1,000.00\) & & 33.00 \\
\hline Wood, Charles M ... & Rome & 1,200.00 & & 29.85 \\
\hline Totals. & & 13,212. 52 & 699.78 & 116. 40 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{1}\) Resigned July 31, 1890.
2 Appointed October 28,1890.
\({ }^{8}\) Received salary as vice-consul-general at Kanagawa from December 16, 1890, to May 31, 1891.
}
\({ }^{\circ}\) E.-Statempat of Súndry Expenses at Consulates in China, Japan, Siam, Turkey, and Zanzibar for the Fiscal Yeur ended June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates. & Expenses of prisons for A merican conricts. & Salaries. interpreters to consulates in Ohina and Japan. & Salaries, marshals for consular courts. & Expenses of interpreters and guards in Turkish Dominions. & Bent and crew for consuls at Hongkong and Osalsa and Hiogo. & Loss by exchange. & Total. \\
\hline Amoy. & & \$1, 000.00 & \$1,000. 00 & & & & \$2,000.00 \\
\hline 3angeok & \$ \(\$ 702.90\) & 125.00 & & & & & 827.90 \\
\hline Beimat & & & & \$526. 08 & & & 526.08 \\
\hline Caio. & & & & 675.00 & & & 675.00 \\
\hline Canton & & \({ }^{1750.00}\) & & & & & 750.00 \\
\hline Cinin-Liang & & 1, 000.00 & 1,000.00 & & & \$79.41 & 2, 079.41 \\
\hline Constantinople & ........... & & 1750000 & 1, 459.60 & & 137.50 & 2, 247.10 \\
\hline Fuchau...... & & \({ }^{600.00}\) & 1, 000.00 & & & & 1,600.00 \\
\hline Hankow
Hougkong & & \(1,000.00\)
\(1,500.00\) & 58.88 & & \$500.00 & & 1, 582.
2,000.00 \\
\hline Jerusatem. & & & & 800.00 & & & 2, 800.00 \\
\hline Kanagawa & 3, 210.25 & 11, 125.00 & 1, 000. 00 & & & 42.55 & 6, 086. 80 \\
\hline Nagasaki & & 1, 000000 & & & & & 1, 000.00 \\
\hline Now Cliwang & & 759.00 & & & & 37.43 & 787.43 \\
\hline Ningro & & 1,000.00 & & & & & 1, 000.00 \\
\hline Osaka and Hiogo & 2 \({ }^{210.54}\) & \(1,000.00\)
\(1,500.06\) & 1,000.00 & & 342.76 & & 2, 553.30 \\
\hline Shanghai. & 2, 53!. 79 & 1,500. 00 & 1, 000.00 & & & 104. 12 & 5, 136.91 \\
\hline Siras.. & 402.00 & & & 501.60 & & 26.33 & 527.93 \\
\hline Tieu-Tsin & & 1,000.00 & 1,000 00 & & & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline Zanzibar & & & & 120.00 & & & 120.00 \\
\hline Totals & 7, 767.48 & 13, 350.00 & 8, 332. 88 & 4, 564. 28 & 812.76 & 327.34 & .35, 184. 74 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) For three quarters. Accounts for Jane quarter not received.
RECAPITULATION OF EXEIBITS B, C, D, and E.
Paid:
Salarics, consular service......................................................................................... \(\$ 480,091.48\)


Salaries, consular elerks
13, 212.52

Pay of consular officers for services to A merican ressels ........................................ 21,312.01


Allowance for clerks at consulates
219, 880.68
Expenses of prisons for Americau convicts
86, 175, 38

Expenses of interpreters aud guards, et
Boat and crew at Hongkong, Osaka, and Hiogo
842.76
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & 1, 095, 160.93 \\
\hline Consular fees received for official services & 978, 142.58 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Excess of expenditures over receipts
117, 018.35

\section*{F.-Statement of Jeldef afforded Seamen, witi Extra Wages and arrears} for the Fiscal Year fended June \(30,1891\).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Whore afforded. & Number relieved. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Board } \\
\text { ond } \\
\text { lodging. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Clothing. & Medical aid. & Other expenses. & Total. & Exica wages and arrears collected. & Wages paid to stamen. \\
\hline Antigua & 8 & \$101. 40 & \$4. 38 & & \$10.08 & \$115.86 & \$28. 46 & \\
\hline Antwerp & & & & & & & 9,183.67 & \$9, 183.67 \\
\hline Auckland & 4 & 98.91 & 18.08 & & 37.51 & 154.50 & 1,396.55 & 1, 304.08 \\
\hline Bahia & & & & & & & 257.50 & 257.50 \\
\hline Baracoa & 1 & 64. 91 & 3.60 & 1. 20 & 21.50
3.90 & 73. 61 & 21.65 & 17.65 \\
\hline Barbadoes & 5 & 7.75 & & & 12.75 & 20. 50 & 1,841.30 & 1, 817.24 \\
\hline Batavia & 2 & 11.26 & & & 38.34 & 49.60 & 373.25 & 335. 49 \\
\hline Belize & & & & & & & 161.18 & 161.18 \\
\hline Bermuda & 2 & 2.00 & & 4.80 & 72.27 & 79.07 & 60.06 & 33.26 \\
\hline Bombay & 2 & & & & 10.39 & 10.39 & & \\
\hline Brisrol. & & & & & & & 54.69 & 54. 69 \\
\hline Brenos A. & 24 & 402.50 & 84.35 & 257.40 & 383. 40 & 1,127. 65 & 239.46 & 171.89 \\
\hline Cadiz. & 1 & 18.00 & & & 14. 50 & 32. 50 & 29.00 & \\
\hline Calcutta & & & & & & & 6,327.15 & 6,327. 15 \\
\hline Calla & 1 & 5.51 & 20.14 & & & 25.65 & 4,516.98 & 4, 516.98 \\
\hline Cape Haytien & & & 31.50 & & 37.30 & 68.80 & 68.80 & \\
\hline Cape 'lown & 37 & 530.51 & - 172. 22 & 69.69 & 20.00 & 792. 42 & 301.08 & 301.08 \\
\hline Cardenas & 1 & 3.22 & 5. 31 & & & 8.33 & 411.45 & 215. 61 \\
\hline Catania & 2 & 3.80 & & & 4.94 & 874 & 559.02 & 539.02 \\
\hline Charlotteto & 41 & 96.31 & 89.10 & 23.59 & 255.10 & 463.01 & & \\
\hline Cienfuegos & 6 & 21.75 & 36.20 & 339.95 & 142.26 & 540.16. & 607.47 & 276.61 \\
\hline Colon & 5 & 30.00 & 25.30 & 31.20 & 1.21 & 87.71 & 37.80 & \\
\hline Constantinop & 8 & 34.14 & & & 34.43 & 68.57 & & \\
\hline Cork & & & & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
159.04 \\
\mathbf{4}, 441.10
\end{array}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
159.04 \\
441.10
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Demerar & 9 & 125.91 & 35. 74 & & 80.56 & 182.21 & 484.03 & 238.74 \\
\hline Dublin & & & & & & & 5, 266.71 & 5,109.03 \\
\hline Fayal. & 13 & 143.03 & 235.45 & 12.12 & 11. 20 & 401.80 & 36.66 & \\
\hline Gaspe Basin & 6 & 80. 00 & & 20.00 & 32. 82 & 132.82 & & \\
\hline Genoz & 5 & 48.68 & 9.60 & & 2. 77 & 61.05 & 686.28 & 686.28 \\
\hline Glasow & 1 & & & & 9.00 & 9.00 & & 686.28 \\
\hline Goreé Daka & & & & & & & 96.76 & 96.70 \\
\hline Guadelonp & 6 & 112.30 & 23.16 & & 11.18 & 146.64 & 62.35 & 9.60 \\
\hline Guayaquil & & 16.50 & & 3.82 & 59.89 & 80.21 & 155. 55 & 69.00 \\
\hline Guayma & & & & & & & 710.96 & 710.96 \\
\hline Halifax & 248 & . 736:05 & 808.02 & 139.65 & 1,967.37 & 3,651. 09 & 154. 60 & 3.05 \\
\hline Havaua & 20 & 40.74 & 7.87 & 11.120 & 407.40 & 467.13 & 2,492.42 & 2,428.15 \\
\hline Harre.... & & & & & & & 6,492.35 & 6,492.35 \\
\hline Hongkong & 28 & 295.52 & 16. 89 & 124.02 & 18.96 & 455.39 & 21,798.46 & 21, 361.01 \\
\hline Honolula & 30 & 193.30 & 75.25 & 1,235.75 & 20.00 & 1, 524.30 & 9, 888.22 & 9, 0 67. 68 \\
\hline Hull. & 2 & 23.40 & 20.10 & & & 43. 56 & 7, 521.51 & 7, 5221.51 \\
\hline Iguique & 2 & & 11. 28 & 207.63 & 3.02 & 221. 93 & 720.64 & 720.64 \\
\hline Kauagawa & 57 & 455.33. & 78.93 & 11.95 & 36.91 & 583.11 & 9, 688.69 & 9, 263.33 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Kingston (Jamai \\
Leith
\end{tabular} & 22 & 91.24 & 83.51 & 3.04 & 50.27 & 238.06 & 340.87
414.94 & 311.97
414.94 \\
\hline Lisbon & 9 & 88.40 & & 6.73 & 65.47 & 140.60 & & \\
\hline Liverpoo & 17 & 83.77 & 51.34 & 112.91 & 7.01 & 255.03 & 76,643. 54 & 76, 489. 75 \\
\hline Loudon & & & & & & & 3, 018.52 & 3,018. 52 \\
\hline Manili, & 5 & 122.46 & 6.75 & 52.05 & 255.12 & 436.38 & 5,378.52 & 5, 032.07 \\
\hline Marseilles & 7 & 53.96 & & & 36.39 & 90.29 & & \\
\hline Martivique & & 4.00 & & 44.38 & 6. 15 & 54.53 & 79. 22 & 78.53 \\
\hline Matanzas.
Mazallan. & \(\cdots 7\) & 23.87 & & & 88.69 & 112.56 & 262.82 & \[
262.82
\] \\
\hline Melbonrn & & 34.68 & & 59.37 & 7.54 & 101. 59 & 17, 176. 51 & 16, 964.67 \\
\hline Moncton. & 10 & 4. 50 & & & 6. 23 & 10.73 & & \\
\hline Montevide & 10 & 142.00 & 10.00 & 2.80 & 3590 & 199.70 & 313.54 & 313.54 \\
\hline Montreal & 1 & 4.75 & & & & 475 & 73. 50 & 73. 50 \\
\hline Nugasaki & \(\stackrel{29}{ }\) & 116.00 & & 321. 38 & 214.78 & \({ }^{652.36}\) & 14.62 & \\
\hline Nassau............ & 25 & 198.26 & 5.50 & 26.00 & 27.41 & 257.17 & 220.98 & 93.73 \\
\hline Newcastle (N.S. W.) & & 29.24 & & 80.41 & & 109.65 & 6, 251.45 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
\(6,050.99\) \\
11 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Osaka and Hiogo & 3 & 8. 25 & & 86.11 & 6.02 & 100.38 & 970:46 & \({ }^{1} 1,019.56\) \\
\hline Panava & 3 & 15.00 & & & 8.00 & 23.00 & 432.82 & 401.28 \\
\hline Para... & 8 & 11.00 & & & 52.00 & 63: 00 & 38.80 & 38.80 \\
\hline Paramaribo & & 34.50 & & 15.00 & 2. 40 & 51.00 & 203.15 & 151.25 \\
\hline Ternamba & 2 & 12. 00 & & & 49.63 & 91.63 & 355.75 & 319.10 \\
\hline Picton.. & 134 & 433.64 & 861.02 & 163. 15 & 865.06 & 2,323.47 & 335.00 & 21.20 \\
\hline Port an Priac & 1 & 25.00 & & & & 25.00 & & \\
\hline Portt Lonis & 27 & -728. 33 & 652.73 & 23.75 & 803.90 & 2, 208.71 & 100.56 & 60.10 \\
\hline Quebec & & 1. 50 & 18. 50 & & 15.00 & 2, 35.00 & & \\
\hline Rio de Ja & 9 & 129.72 & & & & 129.72 & 3,633.09 & 3,407.74 \\
\hline Riọ Grande do Su & & & & & & & 21.81 & 21.81 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\({ }^{1}\) The excess of wages paid over amount shown to have been collected was received in previous fiscal year.
F.-Statemrnt of Relief afforded Seamen with Extra Wiges and Arrears for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where afforded. & Nam. ber relieved. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Board } \\
\text { and } \\
\text { lodging. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Clothing. & Medical aids. & Other
expenses. & Total. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Extra } \\
\text { wagesand } \\
\text { arrears } \\
\text { collected. }
\end{gathered}
\] & Wages paid to seamen. \\
\hline Rosario & & & & & & & \$995. 39 & \$995. 39 \\
\hline Rotterdam & 3 & \$5.50 & & & \$6.00 & \$11. 50 & & \\
\hline Sagua la Gran & 8 & 44.50 & \$8.45 & 966.00 & 3. 24 & 122.19 & 53.57 & \\
\hline San Domingo Jan (R.R.) & 1 & 54.45 & & 28.40 & 25.20 & 25.20
82.93 & 50.04
103.68 & 50.04
32.88 \\
\hline Santiago (C.V.I.) & 4 & 110.36 & 16.23 & 14.42 & 4.22 & 145. 23 & 128.96 & 56.98 \\
\hline Sautiago de Cuba & & & & & & & 1,481. 11 & 1,481.11 \\
\hline Santos & & 21.08 & & 154.85 & 23.50 & 199.43 & 4, 003.14 & 3,757.16 \\
\hline Shanghai & & & & & & & 1,200.95 & 1,200.95 \\
\hline Singapore & 11 & 173.72 & 45.62 & 186. 58 & 136. 66 & 542.58 & 3, 093.92 & 2, 925.82 \\
\hline Southampton & & 2.91 & & 2.75 & 80.30 & 85.96 & 62.60 & \\
\hline St. Christopher & 3 & 100.08 & & & 3.96 & 104. 64 & & \\
\hline St. Helena & & 102.95 & 19.44 & 11.87 & 17.47 & 151.73 & 143.92 & 30.28 \\
\hline St. Georges & - 8 & 29.40 & 104.00 & & 5.76 & 139.16 & & \\
\hline St. John (N. B.)...... & 59 & 7.50
483.13 & & 30.00
117.56 & \({ }^{46.75}\) & 84.25
1.493 .02 & 12, 405. 80 & 12, 405. 80 \\
\hline St.Joln's (N. F.) ..... & \(\stackrel{59}{3}\) & 483.13
49.38 & 719.00
18.47 & 117.56 & \(\begin{array}{r}173.33 \\ 1.65 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(1,493.02\)
69.50 & 140.00 & \\
\hline St. Pierro. & 14 & 130.50 & 184.00 & 244.00 & 43.00 & 601.50 & 478.57 & 220.48 \\
\hline St. Thomas & 4 & 112.00 & & 127.31 & 3.70 & 243.01 & 640.09 & 412.74 \\
\hline Sydney & 5 & 39.29 & & 128.46 & 20.13 & 187.79 & 4,859. 77 & 4,732.00 \\
\hline Tahiti & & & & 14.00 & & 14.00 & 35.00 & \\
\hline Talcohuano & & & & & & & 538.76 & 538.76 \\
\hline Tamatavo & & & & & & & 61.10 & 60.10 \\
\hline Taupico & & & & & & & 232.06 & 232.06 \\
\hline Trieste & 5 & 4.19 & & & 32.37 & 36.56 & & \\
\hline Trinidad & & & & & & & 281.72 & 234.72 \\
\hline Tuxpau. & & & & & & & 28.08 & 28.08 \\
\hline Valparaiso & 4 & 2.14 & 2.50 & 438.00 & 53.75 & 496.39 & 4,900. 78 & \({ }^{1} 4,955.10\) \\
\hline \(\checkmark\) anconver & & & & & & & 1, 096. 31 & 1, 096.31 \\
\hline Vera Craz & 14 & 198.85 & 21.06 & & 107.63 & 327.54 & 339.39 & 219. 44 \\
\hline Victoria & 21 & 85.75 & 208.00 & & . 20 & 294.05 & 11, 642. 46 & 11, 642. 46 \\
\hline Varmontil & 129 & 642.40 & & 225.00 & & & 33.12 & 33.12 \\
\hline Masters and owners of vessels & 12 & & 753.05 & 22.00 & 255.59
965.00 & \(1,876.04\)
965.00 & & \\
\hline Total & 1,282 & , 531.93 & 5, 610.49 & 5, 279.36 & 8,314. 04 & 27, 735.82 & 262, 899.02 & 256, 026.36 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{1}\) The excess of wages paid over amount shown to have been collected was received in previons fiscal year.
}
G.--Statement showing the Number of Seamen sent to the United States and the amount Paid at the Treasury for Passage for the Fiscal Ytar ended June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Where from. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{l}
\text { Num- } \\
\text { ber of } \\
\text { men. }
\end{array}\right|
\] & Amount. & Where from. & Num. ber of men. & Amount. \\
\hline A capulco & 8 & \$212. 16 & Nassau & 21 & \$325. 00 \\
\hline Antigua. & & 80.00 & Newcastle (N.S. W.). & 2 & 40.00 \\
\hline Auckiand & 2 & 200.00 & Osaka and Hiogo.. & 2 & 40.00 \\
\hline Buenos Ayres & 3 & 60.00 & Panama. & 1 & 57.50 \\
\hline Cadiz. & 1 & 10.00 & Para & 8 & 380.00 \\
\hline Callao & 2 & 50.00 & Pictou & 20 & 200.00 \\
\hline Cape Town & 1 & 20.00 & Rio de Janeiro & 7 & 525.00 \\
\hline Catania & 1 & 8.00 & Sagua la Graude & 7 & 70.00 \\
\hline Charlottetown & 1 & 10.00 & San José (C. R.) & 1 & 20.00 \\
\hline Cienfuegos & 4 & 80.00 & San Juan del Norte & 8 & 212.50 \\
\hline Colon & 11 & 433.52 & San Juan (P.R.) & 2 & - 30.00 \\
\hline Demerara & 4 & 50.00 & San Juan (C. V.I.) & 3 & 54.50 \\
\hline Fayal & 14. & 160.00 & Singapore .... & 2 & 70.00 \\
\hline Guadeloupe & 6 & 100.00 & St. Christopher & 1 & 10.00 \\
\hline Halifax & 95 & 760.00 & St. Georges. & 6 & 66.00 \\
\hline Hingkong & 8 & 799.80 & St. Helena. & 6 & 130.00 \\
\hline Honolulu. & 13 & 235.00 & St. John's & \(\stackrel{2}{2}\) & 36. 00 \\
\hline Hull & 2 & 20.00 & St. Pierre & 4 & 40.00 \\
\hline Iloilo. & 2 & 40.00 & St. Thomas & 4 & 80.00 \\
\hline Iquique & 1 & 45.00 & Sydn¢y & 3 & 230.00 \\
\hline Kanagawa & 51 & 3, 356. 98 & Trinidad Island & & 50.00 \\
\hline Kingston (Jamaica) & 19 & 360.00 & Vera Craz. & 11 & 253.00 \\
\hline Liverpool & 10 & 16000 & Victoria. & 23 & 85.39 \\
\hline Managua. & , & 52.50 & Yarmouth & 59 & 570.00 \\
\hline Martidiqu & 1 & 20
1000 & Total & 486 & 10,967. 85 \\
\hline Monteride & 3 & 60.00 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECAPITULATION OF EXHIBITS F AND G.}
Amount expended for relief of seamen:
Board and lodging ..... \$8, 531.93
Medical aiid ..... \(5,610.49\)
Other expenses ..... 8, 031. 11
Loss by exchange ..... 28:. 98
Passage to the United States, paid at the Treasury ..... 10,967. 85
Total\(38,703.67\)
Amount of extra wages and arrears collected ..... \(262,899.02\)
Amount of extra wages and arrears paid to seamen ..... 256, 026. 36
Amount of extra wages and arrears paid for relief
Amount of extra wages and arrears paid for relief ..... 610.70
Total 262, 899.02
Total relief afforded ..... 39, 703. 67
W ages and extra wages applied ..... 6. 261.96
A mount paid by the United States ..... 32,441.71
Balance of appropriation unexpended October 26,1891 ..... 17, 558. 29
Total sum appropriated 50, 000. 00
H.-Statement showing the Character and Amount of the Official Fees collected at each Consulate (including Agencies) duking the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates. & Invoice certificates. & Landing certificates. & Bills of bealth. & Carrrency certiticates. & Other fees. & Total of fees. \\
\hline Acapulco & \$604. 00 & \$97. 50 & \$2. 50 & & \$46.00 & \$750, 00 \\
\hline Aden & 787.50 & 7.50 & 7.50 & & & 802.50 \\
\hline Aix la Chapelle & 3,027.50 & & & & & 3, 027.50 \\
\hline Algiers ....... & 270.00 & 25.00 & 80.00 & & & 375.00 \\
\hline Alicante & 85.00 & 25.00 & 27. 50 & & & 137. 50 \\
\hline Amherstburg & 1,071.50 & & & & & 1,071.50 \\
\hline Amoy & 990.00 & & 37.50 & & & 1,028.00 \\
\hline Amsterdam & 4, 457. 50 & 117.50 & 57.50 & & 32.00 & 4, 664. 50 \\
\hline Annaberg & 7, 307. 50 & & & & 10.00 & 7,317. 50 \\
\hline Antigua. & 1,505.00 & 27.50 & 265.00 & & 11.79 & ], 809. 29 \\
\hline Antwerp & 2, 192. 50 & 375.00 & & & 25.00 & 2,592.50 \\
\hline Apia.... & 30.00 & 7.50 & & & 20.50 & 58.00 \\
\hline Archange & & & & & & \\
\hline Atheus & 112. 50 & 15.00 & & \$33.00 & 49. 50 & 210.00 \\
\hline Auckland & 972. 50 & 232.50 & & & & 1,205. 00 \\
\hline Bahia.. & 650.00 & 60.00 & 59.50 & 260.00 & & 1,029. 50 \\
\hline Bangkok & 50. 00 & 2. 50 & & & 44.10 & 96.60 \\
\hline Baracoa de Cuba & 542.50 & 62.50 & 495. 00 & 217.00 & & 1,317.00 \\
\hline Barbados.. & 742.50 & 365.00 & 167.50 & & 10.00 & 1,285.00 \\
\hline Barcelona & 1, 347. 50 & 65.00 & 94.50 & & 3500 & 1, 510:00 \\
\hline Barmen.. & 12, 815. 00 & & & & 5.00 & 12, 820.00 \\
\hline Barranquilla & 4, 297. 50 & 300.00 & 137.50 & 1,719.00 & 56.00 & 6, 510.00 \\
\hline Basle \({ }^{\text {Batavi }}\) & \(\begin{array}{r}6,065.00 \\ 410.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 77.50 & & & 18.00 & 6,083.00 \\
\hline Batoum. & 125.00 & & 20.00 & & 83.00 & 643.00 \\
\hline Beirut & 247.50 & 2.50 & & 74.00 & 51.44 & 375. 44 \\
\hline Belfast & 13,283. 50 & 5.00 & 2.50 & & 1.67 & 13, 291.67 \\
\hline Belize & 272.50 & 107.50 & 114.00 & & 67.50 & 561.50 \\
\hline Bellevill & 3,253. 00 & & & ........ & 20.25 & 3,273. 25 \\
\hline Borgen & 1,438. 00 & & & & 10.91 & 1, 448.91 \\
\hline Berlin & 15, 449. 50 & & & & 47. 50 & 15,497.00 \\
\hline Bermuda & 1, 430. 00 & 320.00 & 156.50 & & 4.50 & 1,911.00 \\
\hline Berne .... & 1, 1, 225.00 & & & & & 1,225.00 \\
\hline Bogota.... & 13,047, 7 & & & & &  \\
\hline Boma... & & & & & & \\
\hline Bombay & 282.50 & 42.50 & 5.00 & & 12.50 & 342.50 \\
\hline Rordeaux & 9, 093. 00 & 22.50 & 87.50 & & 84.50 & 9, 289. 50 \\
\hline Bradford & 16, 110.50 & & & & & 16, 110.50 \\
\hline Bremen & 4, 314.50 & 325.00 & 675.00 & & 36. 00 & 5, 350. 50 \\
\hline Breslau & 3,137. 50 & & & & 13.50 & 3, 151.00 \\
\hline Bristol... & \({ }_{1}^{1,227.50-50}\) & & 5.00 & & 15.50 & 1,048.00 \\
\hline Brunswid & 4, \(1,239.50\) & & & & 4.25 & 1,227. 75 \\
\hline Brassols & 6, 850,00 & & & & 14.00 & 6,864.00 \\
\hline Buda-Pesth & 1,142. 50 & & & 36.00 & 1.00 & 1,179.50 \\
\hline Buenos Ayres & 727.50 & 367.50 & 303.00 & 84.00 & 5.00 & 1,487.00 \\
\hline Butaritar & 3, 297.50 & 5.00
4250 & & & 7. 11 & 12.11 \\
\hline airo .. & 3, 557.50 & 17.50 & 116.00
32.50 & & 101. 00 & 3, 708.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{H.-Statement showing the Cifaracter and Amount of the Official Fees collected at each Consulate, etc.-Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates. & Invoice certificatea. & Lauding certificates. & Bills of health. & Currency certificates. & Other feos & Total of fees. \\
\hline Calentta. & \$5, 772. 50 & \$145.00 & \$142. 50 & \$249. 00 & \$02. 00 & \$0, 371.00 \\
\hline Callao . & & 55.00 & 48.00 & & 2.50 & 258.00 \\
\hline Canton & 2,735.00 & & & & 540:00 & 3,27500 \\
\hline Cape Haytieu & 410.00 & 1,207. 50 & 92.50 & & 20.00 & 1,730.00 \\
\hline Cape Town & 625.00 & 180.00 & 45.00 & & 11.00 & 861. 00 \\
\hline Cardenas. & 320.00 & 45.00 & 67. 50 & 15.00 & & 447.50 \\
\hline Cardift. & 7,082. 50 & 12.50 & 447.50 & & 5.50 & 7, 548.00 \\
\hline Carthagena (Spain) & 190.00 & & 185.00 & & & 375.00 \\
\hline Carthagena (Colomb & 815.00 & 117. 50 & 160.00 & & & 1, 092.50 \\
\hline Castelamare... & 2,407. 50 & & & & 382.00 & 2,789.50 \\
\hline Catania. & 1,637. 50 & 2.50 & 77. 50 & & 13.50 & 1,731.00 \\
\hline Cayenne & & 55.00 & 7.50 & & 109.75 & 172. 25 \\
\hline Ceylon. & 830.00 & 7.50 & 30.00 & & 27.86 & 895.36 \\
\hline Charlottetown & 3,289.00 & 12.50 & 22. 50 & & 37.50 & 3, 361.50 \\
\hline Chatham & 3,188.50 & & & & & 3,188.50 \\
\hline Che Jioo & & & & & & \\
\hline Chemuilz & \[
\begin{array}{r}
14,279.50 \\
327.50
\end{array}
\] & & & & 18.00
5.00 & \(11,297.50\)
332.50 \\
\hline Chin Kiang & & & & & 36.00 & 36.00 \\
\hline Christiauia & 1,150.00 & 40.00 & 52.00 & & 3.00 & 1,245.00 \\
\hline Cientuegos & 912.50 & 177. 50 & 312.50 & & 1. 00 & 1, 403. 50 \\
\hline Ciudad Boli & 307.50 & 165.00 & 17.50 & 123.00 & 47. 50 & 660.50 \\
\hline Clifton & 827.00 & & & & 11.50 & 838.50 \\
\hline Coaticook & 2.678 .00 & & & & 642.75 & 3, 320.75 \\
\hline Cologne & 4, 477. 50 & & & & 3.00 & 4, 480.50 \\
\hline Colon. & 462.50 & 895.00 & 147. 50 & & 14.37 & 1,519.37 \\
\hline Colonia ... & & & & & & \\
\hline Collingwood & \begin{tabular}{l}
5, 166.00 \\
1,335.00
\end{tabular} & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4.00 \\
240.50
\end{array}
\] & 5,170.00
\(\mathbf{1}, 575.50\) \\
\hline Copenhagen & \({ }^{1} 617.50\) & 52.50 & 82.50 & & & 782.50 \\
\hline Coquimbo & 15.00 & 7.50 & 5.00 & & 4.60 & 31.50 \\
\hline Cordoba. & & & & & & \\
\hline Cork.... & 460.50 & & & & & 460.50 \\
\hline Corunna & & & & & & \\
\hline Curacao & \(7,465.00\)
435.00 & 152.50 & 49.00 & & 158.00 & 7, 794.50 \\
\hline Demerara & 567.50 & 322. 50 & 218.00 & & 31.00 & 1, 139.00 \\
\hline Denia. & 2, 340.00 & & 10.50 & & & 2, 350.50 \\
\hline Dresden & 5, 505.00 & & & & 21.50 & 5,526. 50 \\
\hline Dublin. & 1,404. 50 & 2.50 & 5.00 & & 2.00 & 1, 474.00 \\
\hline Dundee. & 9, 652.00 & 10.00 & 72.50 & & & 9, 734.50 \\
\hline Dunfermli & 3,700.00 & ............ & & & & 3,790.00 \\
\hline Durango. & 27. 50 & & & & & 27.50 \\
\hline Dusseldim & 2,090 00 & & -.... & & & 2,090.00 \\
\hline Ensenadia. & 183.50 & 135.00 & & & 12.00 & 330.50 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { Falmouth }}{\text { Fayal.... }}\) & 190.00 & \(2.50-\) & 5.00 & & & 197. 50 \\
\hline Fayal.... & 30.00 & 67.50 & 79.00 & & 155.00 & 331.50 \\
\hline Fuchau. & 2,872. 50 & & & & 4.00 & 2,876.50 \\
\hline Fort Erie & 536.00 & & & & & 536.00 \\
\hline Frankfort & 7, 592. 50 & & & & 8.50 & 7, 601.00 \\
\hline Funcbal & 105.00 & 7.50 & 27.50 & & 2.00 & 142.00 \\
\hline Fürth & 3,887. 50 & & & & 40.00 & 8, 927.50 \\
\hline Gaboon. & & & & & & \\
\hline Garucha & 30.00 & & & & & 30.00 \\
\hline Gaspé Bas & 210.50 & & 47.50 & & & 258.00 \\
\hline Geneva & 1,806.50 & & & & & 1,806.50 \\
\hline Genoa & 1,815.00 & 70.00 & 271.00 & & 1.00 & 2,157.00 \\
\hline Glent... & 2, 627.00 & & & & 10.00 & 2,637.00 \\
\hline Gibralta & 88.50 & 57. 50 & 232.50 & & 21. 50 & 400.00
86900 \\
\hline Glasgow & \(12,186.00\)
\(1,769.00\) & 537.50 & 45.00 & & 100.50 & \(12,869.00\)
\(1,769.00\) \\
\hline Gores Dakar & + 12.50 & 10.00 & 7.50 & & & 1 30.00 \\
\hline Gothenberg & 1,487. 50 & 15.00 & 10. 00 & & 2.00 & 1,514.50 \\
\hline Guadelonpe & 22. 50 & 77.50 & 32.50 & & 11. 50 & 144.00 \\
\hline Guatemala & 3,207. 20 & 255.00 & 72, 50 & & 77.75 & 3,612, 75 \\
\hline Gnayaquil & ], 292. 50 & 10.00 & & 595.00 & 146.00 & 2, 013.50 \\
\hline Gnaymas Guelph . & \[
\begin{array}{r}
232.50 \\
2,623.00
\end{array}
\] & 190.00 & & & & 2,623.00 \\
\hline Halifax & 2, 931.00 & 310.00 & 189.00 & & 70.00 & \(3,500.00\) \\
\hline Hamburg & \(8,329.00\) & 632.50 & 1, 155.00 & & 74. 69 & 10, 191. 19 \\
\hline Hamilton (Ontari & 3,412.00 & & & & & 3,412.00 \\
\hline Hapkow & 18, 795.00 & 1.160.00 & 520.00 & & 25.44
9.00 & 20,567.00 \\
\hline Havre & 1,210.00 & 315.00 & 236.00 & & 1. 00 & 1,752.00 \\
\hline Helsings
Hobart & 22. 50 & & & & & 22.50
2750 \\
\hline Hongkoug. & 8,435.00 & 177. 50 & 107.50 & & \(\cdots 102.00\) & 8,822.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
H.-Statemeyt showing tiee Character and Amount of the Official Fees collected at each Consulate, etc.-Continned.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates. & Invoice certificates. & Landing certificates. & Bills of health. & Currency certificates. & Other fees. & Total of fees. \\
\hline Honolaiu & \$3,451.00 & \$1,270.00 & \$15.00 & & \$10.00 & \$4, 746.00 \\
\hline Horgen & 1,187. 50 & & & & 1.00 & 1,188.50 \\
\hline Huldersfiel & 6, 167. 50 & & & & & \(6,167.50\) \\
\hline Hull : & 875.00 & 275.00 & 187. 50 & & 9.50 & 1, 347.00 \\
\hline Iquique. & 345.00 & 12.50 & & \$138.00 & & 495.50 \\
\hline Jerusplem & 50.00 & & & & 7.00 & 57.00 \\
\hline Kanagawa & 8, 957.50 & 217. 50 & 101. 00 & & 28.21 & 9, 304. 21 \\
\hline Kenl. & 3, 967. 50 & & & & 1.00 & 3,968. 50 \\
\hline Kingston (Jamaica) & \(4,526.00\) & 667.50 & 1,063. 50 & & 222.50 & 6, 479.50 \\
\hline Kingston (Ontario) & 1,189.00 & & & & & 1, 189.00 \\
\hline Lal Guayta... & & 550.00 & 80:50 & & 329.00 & 1,784. 50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Ladibajeque \\
La Paz
\end{tabular} & 263.00 & 57.50 & & & & 320. 50 \\
\hline Leeds & 3, 640.50 & & & & & 3, 610.50 \\
\hline Leghorn & 3,650. 00 & 12.50 & 68.00 & & 1.50 & 3, 73.20 \\
\hline Leipsic & 9, 856. 10 & & & & 2.00 & 9,858.00 \\
\hline Leith . & 2, 120. 50 & 132: 50 & 1.50 & & 5.50 & 2,260.00 \\
\hline Levaka & 3,575.00 & & & & & 3, 575.00 \\
\hline Limugos & 1,727.50 & & & & & 1, 727.50 \\
\hline Lisbou. & 1,480. 00 & 103. 50 & 107.50 & & 79:00 & 1,769.00 \\
\hline Liverpoo & 34, 197.00 & 1, 960.00 & & & 440.00 & 36,597.00 \\
\hline Londion & 64, 574.00 & 732.50 & 582.50 & & 189.00 & 66, 178.00 \\
\hline Loudon (Ontario) & 1,173. 00 & & & & 8.00 & 1,181.00 \\
\hline LJous & 13,027. 50 & & & & 16.00 & 13, 043. 50 \\
\hline Magilelurg & 2,145.50 & & & & & 2, 145. 50 \\
\hline Malaga & 3, 422.50 & 12.50 & 104.00 & & 1. 00 & 3,540.00 \\
\hline Malta. & 20.00 & & 14.00 & & 4. 00 & 38.00 \\
\hline Managua & 487.50 & 77.00 & & & + 4.50 & \(\begin{array}{r}565.00 \\ \\ \hline 0.059\end{array}\) \\
\hline Manila. & 645.00 & 27.50 & 27.50 & 19.00 & & 719.00 \\
\hline Mauheim & 3,842,50 & & & & & 3,842.50 \\
\hline Maracaibo & 3, 172.50 & 260.00 & 917.00 & & & 4,349.50 \\
\hline Marseilles & \(5,515.00\) & 25.00 & 197. 50 & & 5. 36 & \(5,742.86\) \\
\hline Martinique & 110.00 & 102.50 & 110.00 & & 6.75 & 329.25 \\
\hline Maskat. & 12.50 & & & & & 12.50 \\
\hline Matanzas. & 487.50 & 642.50
72.50 & 112.50 & & 1.00 & \(1,073.00\)
472.50 \\
\hline Mayaquez & & & & & & \\
\hline Mayence. & 5,847. 50 & & & & 4.00 & 5,851. 50 \\
\hline Mazatlau & 575.00 & 195.00 & & & & 770.00 \\
\hline Medellin & & & & & 16.00 & 16.00 \\
\hline Melbourne & 1, 432.50 & 370.00 & & & 50.00 & 1,852.50 \\
\hline Merida & 1,487. 50 & 520.00 & 240.00 & & 32.00 & 2, 2:9.50 \\
\hline Messina & 4, 440.00 & 10.00 & 144.00 & & & 4, 594.00 \\
\hline Mexico & 282.50 & & & & 9.07 & 291.57 \\
\hline Milan & 2, 05500 & & & & & 2, 055.00 \\
\hline Moncton & 3, 086.50 & & 12. 50 & & 29.75 & 3, 128.75 \\
\hline Mourovia. & 42. 50 & 15.00 & & & & 57.50 \\
\hline Monterey & & & & 150.00 & & 8 ci .5 \\
\hline Monterifl & 382.50
\(6,397.00\) & 105.00
17.50 & 260.00 & & 424, 75 & 6, 839. 25 \\
\hline Morrisburg & 823.50 & & & & & 823. 50 \\
\hline Moscow & 642.50 & & & 237.00 & & 879.50 \\
\hline Manicb & 2, 85.00 & & & & 7.00 & 2, 86\%.00 \\
\hline Nagasaki & 110.00 & 25.00 & 15.00 & & 37.31 & 187.31 \\
\hline Nabtes & 1,097. 50 & & & & 3.50 & 1,101. 00 \\
\hline Naples & 2,682.50 & 35.00 & 120.00 & & 13.50 & 2, 851.00 \\
\hline Nassan & 1, 192. 50 & 232.50 & 180.50 & & & 1,605. 50 \\
\hline Newcastle (N.S. W & 245.00 & 97.50 & 170.00 & & 136.00 & 648.50 \\
\hline Newcastlenpon-Ty & 2, 490. 50 & 25.00 & 280.50 & & 40.00 & 2, 836.00 \\
\hline New Chwang. & & & & & & \\
\hline Ningpo & 2.50 & & 4.50 & & 4.00 & 11.00 \\
\hline Nogales. & 1,309.50 & 1,657.50 & & & 67.50 & 3, 123.50 \\
\hline Nottingham & 11, 913.50 & & & & 2.00 & 11, 915.50 \\
\hline Nouméa & & & & 1.00 & & 1.00 \\
\hline Nuevo Laredo & 737.50 & 3,875.00 & & & 107.00 & 4, 719.50 \\
\hline Nuremburg & 5, 477.00 & & & & 15.00 & 5,492.00 \\
\hline Odessa - & \[
\begin{array}{r}
467.50 \\
4,475.00
\end{array}
\] & 92.50 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7.50 \\
56.50
\end{array}
\] & 186.00 & & 661.00
4,657 \\
\hline Ottawa...... & 10,436. 00 & & & & 7.50 & 10, 413.50 \\
\hline Pradang. & 122. 50 & 7.50 & 15.00 & & & 145.00 \\
\hline Palermo & 8,510.00 & 12.50 & 406.00 & & & \(8,928.50\) \\
\hline Panama & 517.50 & 150.00 & 5.00 & & 9.50 & \(\mathrm{lix}^{18} .00\) \\
\hline Pará.... & 1,852. 50 & 147.50 & 135.00 & 741.00 & 19. 100 & \({ }^{2}, 845.00\) \\
\hline Paramar & 270.00 & 25.00 & 45.00 & & 19.72 & 339. 72 \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{\text { Paris }}\) & \(50,707.50\)
\(1,946.50\) & 2,472. & & & 36.50
387.50 & \(56,744.00\)
\(4,806.50\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{H.-Statement showing the Character and Amount of the Official Fees collected at each Consulate, etc.-Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulates. & Invoice certificates. & Landing certificates. & Bills of health. & Currency certificates. & Other fees. & Total of fees. \\
\hline Patras & \$907. 50 & \$5.00 & \$35. 50 & & \$1.00 & 49.00 \\
\hline Pernambuco & -929.50 & & & \$231. 00 & & 1,582.00 \\
\hline Pictou & 957.50 & & & & & 957.50 \\
\hline Piedras Negras & 1,072.00 & 2,300.00 & & & 209. 25 & 3,581. 25 \\
\hline Plauen..... & 6, 360.50 & & & & 26.00 & 6,586. 50 \\
\hline Plymou & 332. 50 & & 10.50 & & 9.50 & 352.50 \\
\hline Ponape & & & & & & \\
\hline Port au Princ & 1,262.50 & 2,287. 50 & 393. 50 & & 80.00 & 4, 023.50 \\
\hline Port Louis.. & 25.00 & 5.00 & 2.50 & & 2.50 & 32.50
973.00 \\
\hline Port Stanley and St. Thomas & 970.50
\(2,247.00\) & & & & 61.50 & 973.00
2, 308.50 \\
\hline Port Stanley (F. I.) ......... & & & & & & \\
\hline Port Hope........ & 3, 224. 50 & & & & 2,75 & 3,227. 25 \\
\hline Port Rowan & 855:00 & & & & & 855.00 \\
\hline Prague & 7,900.00 & & & 390.00 & 36.00 & 8, 326. 00 \\
\hline Prescolt & 1,263.00 & 7.50 & & & 45.50 & 1,316.00 \\
\hline Puerto Cabel & 647.50 & 252. 50 & 44.50 & 259.00 & 15.00 & 1,218. 50 \\
\hline Puerto Plata. & 142.50 & 175.00 & 12.50 & & 27.00 & 357.00 \\
\hline Quebec & 2,837.00 & & & & 34.25 & 2,871. 25 \\
\hline Reichenberg & 4,570.00 & & & 191.00 & 16.00 & 4.777.00 \\
\hline Rheims & 4, 842. 50 & & & & & 4,842.50 \\
\hline Riga ... & & & & & & \\
\hline Rio Grazde do & 239.00 & 20.00 & 37. 50 & 90.00 & 1.00 & 387. 50 \\
\hline Rio de Jaseiro
Rome & 2, 785.00 & 202.50 & 357.50 & 1,114.00 & & 4,549.00 \\
\hline Rosario & 609.00
668.50 & 52. 50 & 65.00 & 233.00 & 36.50
23.00 & 1, \(\begin{array}{r}678.00 \\ \hline 106.00\end{array}\) \\
\hline Rotterdam & 5, 678.50 & 217.50 & 225.50 & & 3.00 & 6,124.50 \\
\hline Roubaix & 2, 037. 50 & & 17. 50 & & 23.00 & \(2,078.00\) \\
\hline Rouen & 3,218.00 & 2.50 & 192. 50 & & 8.00 & 3,421.00 \\
\hline Ruatan & 295.00- & 25. 00 & 112.50 & & & \({ }^{432.50}\) \\
\hline Sayua la G & 625. 00 & 62.50 & 243.00 & & 2.00 & \(932.51)\) \\
\hline Saiton: & & 12.50 & & & 16.18 & 28.68 \\
\hline Saltillo. & 381.00 & & & & & 381.00 \\
\hline Samana & 47. 50 & 32.50 & 5.00 & & & 85.00 \\
\hline San Blas .... & 110.00 & 35. 00 & & & & 145.00 \\
\hline San Domingo... & 427.50 & 447.50 & 92.50 & & 70.14 & 1,037. 64 \\
\hline San José (C. R.)
San Juau de los Remedios & 120.00 & 12.50 & 32.50 & & & 165.00 \\
\hline San Juan del Norte. & 572.50 & 487.50 & 77,50 & & 166.50 & 1, 304.00 \\
\hline San fuan (P. R.) & 795. 00 & 255. 00 & 193.00 & ......... & 22.00 & 1,265. 00 \\
\hline San Salvador. & 1,287. 50 & 172. 50 & & & 2.00 & 1, 462.00 \\
\hline  & 127. 50 & 32.50 & 17. 50 & & 40.00 & 217.50 \\
\hline Santiago (C. V.I.) & 25.00 & 7.50 & 212.50 & & & 245.00 \\
\hline Santiago de Cul & 1,310.00 & 235. 00 & 557.00 & & & 2, 102.00 \\
\hline Santos & 732.50 & 55.00 & 142.50 & 293.00 & & 1,223. 00 \\
\hline Steoul & 5.00
\(5,852.50\) & 142.50 & 62.50 & & 20.48 & \% \(\begin{array}{r}25.48 \\ \text { 6, } 310.75\end{array}\) \\
\hline Sheffield. & 5,078.00 & & & & 8.00 & 5, 086.00 \\
\hline Sherbrooke & 6, 841.50 & & & & 22.00 & 6, 863. 50 \\
\hline - Sierra Leon & 47.50 & 25.00 & 22.50 & 9.00 & 8. 00 & 112.00 \\
\hline Singapore & 1,972.50 & 25.00 & 87.50 & & & 2,085.00 \\
\hline Smyrna & 1,319.50 & 12.50 & 37.50 & 501.00 & & 1,863. 90 \\
\hline Sonncberg & 13, 647. 50 & & & & & 14, 647.50 \\
\hline Southampton & 104.00 & & 35.00 & & & 139.00 \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Etienne. & 5, 547.50 & 85.00 & 179.50 & & 14.00 & 5,561.50 \\
\hline St. Denis. & & & & & & \\
\hline St. Gallo. & 8, 343. 50 & & & & 2. 50 & 8, 346.00 \\
\hline St. Georges & 25.00 & 2.50 & 25.00 & & 4.00 & 56. 50 \\
\hline St. Helena & & & 5.50 & & & 5.50 \\
\hline St. Hyacinthe. & 3,798.50 & & & & 28.50 & 3,827.00 \\
\hline St. John (N. \({ }_{\text {St }}\). Johns ( F ) & 4, 888: 00 & 107.50 & 80.00 & & 2,123.50 & 7, 199.00 \\
\hline St. Johns (N.F.)
St. Johns (Quebec) & \[
731.00
\] & 80.00 & 32.50 & & 9.00 & 852.50 \\
\hline St. Johns (Quebec) & 2.282 .50
\(\mathbf{1 7 . 5 0}\) & 70.00 & & & 28.25
1.00 & \(2,310.75\)
88.50 \\
\hline St. Martin & 47.50 & 25.00 & 27.50 & & 33.50 & 133.50 \\
\hline St. Paul de Loand & & & & & 3.00 & 3: 00 \\
\hline St. Pierre & 25. 00 & 80.00 & & & & 105. 00 \\
\hline St. Petersburg & 639.50 & 2.50 & & 91.00 & 91.50 & 824.50 \\
\hline St. Stephen & 1,048.50 & 15.00 & 5.00 & & 110.00 & 1,178. 50 \\
\hline St. Thomas Stanbridge. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
377.50 \\
1.335 .25
\end{array}
\] & 137.50 & 172.50 & & \({ }_{70.00} 7\) & \(1,737.50\)
1.342 .25 \\
\hline Stettin.. & 2,010.00 & 7.50 & 132. 50 & & 22.00 & 2,142.00 \\
\hline Stockholm & 1,727. 50 & 5. 10 & & & 40.00 & 1,772. 50 \\
\hline Stratford & 1,416,50 & & & & & 1,416.50 \\
\hline Stuttgart & 3, 053.50 & & & & & 3, 053.50 \\
\hline Sydney & 1,025.00 & 302.50 & & & & 1,327. 50 \\
\hline Jalcabuana & \(\begin{array}{r}247.50 \\ 17.50 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 235.00
25.00 & & & & 482.50
42.50 \\
\hline Tamatare.................... & 47.50 & & & & 17.00 & 64.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
H.--Statement showing tie Character and Amount of the Offichal Fees collected at each Consulate, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Consulate. & Invoice certificates & Landing certificates. & Bills of health. & Currency certificates. & Other fees. & Total of fees. \\
\hline Tampico: & \$1, 502.00 & \$75.00 & & & \$35. 20 & \$1, 612.20 \\
\hline Tangier. & 120.00 & & & & 19.00 & 139.00 \\
\hline Tegucigalpa & 540.00 & 147.50 & \$55.00 & & 44.28 & 786.78 \\
\hline Teneriffo & 57.50 & 20.00 & 85.00 & & 23.50 & 186.00 \\
\hline Three Rivers & 2,942.50 & & & & 12.25 & 2, 074.75 \\
\hline Tieu-'Tsin & 815.00 & & & & 5. 50 & 820.50 \\
\hline Toronto. & 4, 748.00 & & & & 5. 25 & 4,753,25 \\
\hline Trieste & 1, 647. 50 & 12.50 & 59.00 & \$45.00 & 4.00 & 1,768:00 \\
\hline Trinidad. & 1,820.00 & 482, 50 & 274.00 & & 89.75 & 2, 606:25 \\
\hline 'Trmstall & 12,725. 00 & & & & & 12, 725.00 \\
\hline Turjn & 347.50 & & & & & 347.50 \\
\hline Turk's Isl & 225. 00 & 170.00 & 18.00 & & 9.00 & 422.00 \\
\hline Tuipan & 665.00 & 42.50 & 57.50 & ........... & 29.50 & 794. 00 \\
\hline Valparaiso & 82. 50 & 117.50 & & 33.00 & 3.50 & 236.50 \\
\hline Vaucouver & 235.00 & 45.00 & & & 78.25 & 358.25 \\
\hline Venice. & 635.00 & 2.50 & 5.00 & & 2.00 & 644.50 \\
\hline Vera Cruz & 3,137.00 & 852.50 & 292.50 & & 196.00 & 4, 478.00 \\
\hline Vietoria & 2,172.00 & 602.50 & 885.00 & & & 3,659.50 \\
\hline Vienoa & 8, 688.50 & & & 260.00 & 100.00 & 9, 054. 50 \\
\hline Wallacelurg & 2, 102. 50 & & & & & 2, 102. 50 \\
\hline Warsaw \({ }_{\text {Wabandishen }}\) & 25.00 & & & 8.40 & 24.00 & 57.00 \\
\hline Waubatishene.
Windsor (N.S.) & 3, 268.00 & & & & & 3,268.00 \\
\hline Windsur (N. S.)
Windsor (Ontario) & 1,931.00 & 2.50 & 152.50 & & 200.00 & 2, 088. \({ }^{\text {(0) }}\) \\
\hline Windsor (Ontatio & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,474.00 \\
& 1,655.00
\end{aligned}
\] & 30.00 & & & 18.00 & \(2,474.50\)
1703 \\
\hline Wuodstock & 1, 208.00 & & & & 76.25 & 1,284. 25 \\
\hline Yarmouth & 4,446. 50 & 67.50 & 715.00 & & 20.00 & 5, 249.00 \\
\hline Zanzibar & \({ }^{307.50}\) & 12.50 & & & 43.00
2.00 & 363.00 \\
\hline Zutich. & 3, 670.00 & & & & 2.00 & 3,672.00 \\
\hline Totals & 896, 655. 25 & 39, 862. 00 & \(20,902.50\) & 8,681. 00 & 11, 951.83 & 978, 142. 58 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECAPITULATION.
Invoice certificates
\$896, 655. 25
Landing certificates.
Bills of health...... 20, 992. 50
Currency certiticates 8,681. 00
Other fees
11, 951.83
Total
978, 142.58
I.-Internal Revenur Stamps and Assidsments Charged and Casif Deposited rom the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts. & Assessments. & Stamps. & Assessments and stamps. & Caslideposited. \\
\hline Alabama & Dollars. 6,748. 85 & Dollars
\[
126,605.41
\] & Dollars. 133, 354.20 & Dollars. \(93,3 \div 8.00\) \\
\hline Arkausas & 3, 000.75 & 171, 693. 83 & 174, 781: 58 & 97, 456. 83 \\
\hline First California & 31,885.45 & 2, 724, 673.20 & 2, 756, 558.65 & 1,767, 056.09 \\
\hline Fourth Califormia & 9,009. 82 & 433, 295.67 & 442, 305. 49 & 298, 015.99 \\
\hline Total & 40, 895.27 & 3, 157, 968.87 & 3, 198, 864. 14 & 2,065, 972.08 \\
\hline Colorado. & \(2,363.92\) & 445, 720.12 & 448, 084.04 & 295, 622.43 \\
\hline Conuecticut & 9,364. 88 & 971,360.56 & 980, 725. 44 & \(955,119.94\) \\
\hline Florida & 886.00 & 510, 070.59 & 510, 956. 59 & 485, 789. 83 \\
\hline Georgia............
First Georgia (old) & 9, 405.03 & 635, 999.63 & 645, 404.66 & 571, 733.00 \(10,834.13\) \\
\hline Total & 9, 405. 03 & 635, 999. 63 & 645, 404. 66 & 582. 567.13 \\
\hline First Illinois & 16,915.02 & 15, 952, 096. 83 & 15,969, 011.85 & 13, \(964,847.21\) \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Fisth }}\) Hilinois & 5,705. 198 & 22, 909, 659. 98 & 22, 915, 365.47 & 21,618,031. 78 \\
\hline Thirteenth 11 & 7, \({ }^{\text {2, }} \mathbf{5 8 6 . 0 8 . 3 8}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,868,073.76 \\
. \quad 559,02639
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,875,976.84 \\
561,612.71
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,289,830.31 \\
472,863.62
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & 33, 110.91 & 42, 288, 855.96 & 42,391, 966. 87 & 38,345,572.92 \\
\hline Sirth Indiana & 133, 923.87 & 3, 08£, 118.02 & 3, \(218,041.89\) & 2, 775, 229.74 \\
\hline Seventh Indiana & 3,885.68 & 4, 082, 116.09 & 4,086, 001. 77 & 3, 698, 810.40 \\
\hline Total & 137, 809.55 & 7, 166, 234. 11 & 7, 304, 043.66 & 6, 474, 040.14 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
I.-Internal Revenue Stamps and Assessments Charged and Cash Derosited for tile Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891 -Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Districts. & Assessments. & Stamps. & Assessments and stamps. & Cash deposited. \\
\hline Third Yowa.. Fourth Iowa. & Dollars.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 9,058.66 \\
& 5,178.61 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Dollars. \\
215, 248.74 \\
348, 135. 61
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Dollars. \\
224, 307. 40 \\
353, 314.22
\end{tabular} & Dollars.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 159,771.25 \\
& 2 \pi 2,660,35
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Totals & 14, 237.27 & 563, 384.35 & 577, 621.62 & 432, 431.60 \\
\hline Kansas & 3, 171. 64 & 274, 007.15 & 277, 178, 79 & 193, 156, 71 \\
\hline Second Kentuck.y & 131, 512 & 2, 324, 906. 14 & \(2,455,4 \geq 8.26\) & 1,649, 217.32 \\
\hline Fiith Kentucky ... & 1, 582, 488.59 & 10, 281, 348.93 & 11, 863, 837.52 & 8,215, 855.68 \\
\hline Sixth Kentucky & 212, 983,46 & 2, 969, 141. 70 & 3, 182, 135. 16 & 2, 789, 81.0. 38 \\
\hline Seventh Kentuck & 491, 326. 01 & 2, 563, 320.15 & - 3, 054, 616. 16 & 1, 938, 785.88 \\
\hline Eighth Kentucky & 226, 080.26 & 1, 101, 137.00 & 1, 327, 217.26 & 1,236, 816, 10 \\
\hline Totals & 2, 644, 410.44 & 19, 239, 853.92 & 21, 884, 264.36 & 15, 830, 485.36 \\
\hline Lonisiana. & 8,571.93 & 805, 725. 84 & 814, 297. 77 & 644.809 .35 \\
\hline Maryland. & 243,541.67 & 3, 496, 453.99 & 3,739, 995. 66 & 3, 059, 919.80 \\
\hline Massachusetts. & 38, 755.32 & 2, 611, 003. 26 & 2, 649, 758.58 & 2,314, 575.93 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
First Michigan . \\
Fourth Michigan
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8,47265 \\
& 7,147.33
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,576,715.47 \\
218,261.42
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,585,188.12 \\
245,408.75
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,998,752.48 \\
203,806.42
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Totals & 15,619.98 & 2, 794, 976. 89 & 2, 810, 596. 87 & 2, 207, 558. 00 \\
\hline Minnesota & 5,611.05 & 2, 872, 647.18 & 2, 878, 258. 23 & 2, 733, 568.95 \\
\hline Third Mississippi (old) & & & & 525.00 \\
\hline First Missouri. Sisth Missouri. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
21,588.59 \\
4,998,00
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8,417,243.39 \\
545,988.35 .
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
8,43 \varepsilon, 631.98 \\
550,986.35
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7,190,534.56 \\
461,837.61
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Totals & 26,586. 59 & 8,063, 231.74 & 8, 989, 818. 33 & 7, 601, 372. 17 \\
\hline Montana. & 1,323.00 & 290, 326. 27 & 291, 649.27 & 151, 030.91 \\
\hline Nelbraska & 3, 599. 59 & 3, 684, 406. 37 & 3,688, 005. 96 & 3, 230, 163.64 \\
\hline \({ }^{3} \mathrm{New}\) Hampshire & 3, 054.44 & 595, 036.66 & 598, 091. 10 & 460, 106. 66 \\
\hline First New Jersey Fifth New Jersey & \[
\begin{array}{r}
707.98 \\
23,733.4 \mathrm{C}
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
135,670.55 \\
4,741,079.34
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
136,378.53 \\
4,764,812.74
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
87,671.71 \\
4,003,618.91
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 'rotals & 24, 441. 38 & 4, 876, 749.89 & 4, 901, 191. 27 & 4, 091, 2900.62 \\
\hline Now Mexico & 1,362.10 & 117, 149.69 & 118,511.79 & 35, 689.88 \\
\hline First New York Second New York & \(8,202.04\)
\(49,836.60\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(4,414,250.92\) \\
\(2,014,763.95\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(4,422,452.96\)
\(2,061,600.55\) & \(3,934,022.61\)
\(1,845,196.65\) \\
\hline Third New York & 2 t , 840.2i & 6, \(3 \times 5\), 1034.35 & 6, 407, 774.62 & 6, \(0 \geq 6,512.63\) \\
\hline Fomtcenth New York & 8, 9:36. 44 & 1, 892, 633.31 & 1, 901, \(569.75^{\circ}\) & 1. \(6003,035.45\) \\
\hline 'Jwenty'first New York & 1, 102. 52 & 1, 239,788. 23 & 1, 260, 890.75 & 1, 010, 203.96 \\
\hline 'Tweuty-eighth New York & 4, 867.41 & 2, 462, 042. 52 & 2, 406, 909.93 & 2, 135, 033.37 \\
\hline Totals & 91, 785.28 & 18, 429, 413.28 & 18, 521, 198. 56 & 16, 354, 034. 67 \\
\hline Fourth North Carolina Fifth North Carolina . & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16,411.74 \\
130,009.14
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,944,933.70 \\
& 1,803,129.69
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,261,345.50 \\
& 2,023,138.83
\end{aligned}
\] & \(1,004,417.81\)
\(1,375,016.85\) \\
\hline Totals & 146, 420. 88 & 3,138,063.45 & 3, 281, 481.33 & 2,379,434.16 \\
\hline First Ohio & 132, 872.11 & 13, 057, 971.49 & 13, 190, 843.60 & 11, 618, 697. 01 \\
\hline Tenth Obio & 13,955.16 & 942, 426.71 & 956, 381.87 & 713, 850, 12 \\
\hline Eleventh Ohio & 1, 309. 40 & 1, 123.364.69 & 1, 124, 674.09 & 1, 005, 836.05 \\
\hline Eighteentl Ohio & 33,922.96 & 1, 220, 904.00 & 1,251, 826.96 & 1, 026, 903.09 \\
\hline Totals & 182, 059.63 & 16, 344, 666. 89 & 16, 526, 726.52 & 14, 365, 286.27 \\
\hline Oregon & 2,686. 95 & 413, 590.58 & 416, 277.53 & 324, 257.2t \\
\hline First Peunsylvania. & \(79,639.61\) & 3,753, 117.99 & 3,832, 757.00 & 3, 529, 764.61 \\
\hline Ninth Pennsylvania & 13, 765.05 & 2, 228,708.40 & 2, 242, 473.45 & 2, 166. 1375.61 \\
\hline Twelfth Pennsylrania.. & -2,759.56 & \(674,673.41\)
\(4,421,256.76\) & \(677,412.97\)
\(4,954,185.60\) & \(5,9,818.01\)
\(4,062,372.89\) \\
\hline Totals & 629,093.06 & 11,077, 736. 56 & 11, 706, 829.62 & 10,338, 321. 22 \\
\hline Soath Carolina & 3,559.49 & 91, 686.61 & 95,240. 10 & 69,732, 21 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
I.-Internal Revenue Stamps and Assessments Charged and Cash Deposited for tile Fiscal Year ended Jone 30, 1891-Continued.


\section*{RECAPITULATION BY S'TATES.}


\section*{K.-Internal Revenue Expenses for the Fiscal Year mnded Junt 30, 1891.}

K.-Internal Revenue Expenses for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{District.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Compensation of col. lector.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Rent, fuel, light.. and telephome.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Station. ery and oblier expenses.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation of storekeepers.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Compensation of gaugers.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total expense of collecting.} \\
\hline & Salary. & Deputies and clerks. & & & & & \\
\hline First Now York & \$4.500. 00 & \$28, 865.21 & 4, 562.96 & \$240.55 & \$6, 864.00 & \$7,765.18 & \$52, 797.90 \\
\hline Second New For & 4,500.00 & 28, 441.84 & \(5 ; 230.11\) & 328.64 & 2, 504 00 & 30, 451. 82 & 71, 446.41 \\
\hline Thir! New York & 4,500.00 & 45, 088. 32 & 3, 900.00 & 418.56 & & 5, 735, 33 & 59, 642, 81 \\
\hline Fourteenth New Yorls & \(4,500.00\) & 27,912.97 & & 321.35 & & 3, 365. 23 & 36, 099.55 \\
\hline Twenty-first New York.. & 4.500 .00 & 20, 097.61 & 223.38 & 343.34 & & \(=3,660.46\) & 28, 824.79 \\
\hline Twenty-eighth New York & 4,500.00 & 27, 685.51 & 724.63 & 419.07 & 4,715.00 & 10, 374.82 & 48,419.02 \\
\hline Total & 27,000.00 & 178,091.46 & 14,631.07 & 2,071.51 & 14, 083.00 & 61,353.44 & 297, 230. 48 \\
\hline Fourth North Carotin & 4,500.00 & 41, 763. 80 & 175.00 & 693.81 & 29.946 .00 & 10, 980. 74 & 88,059. 35 \\
\hline Fifth North Carolina & 4,499.98 & 40, 062. 43 & 1, 106. 43 & 701.01 & 193, 642.50 & 16, 291.60 & 256.303.95 \\
\hline Totals & 8,999.98 & 81,826, 23 & 1, 281.43 & 1,394.82 & 223, 588. 50 & 27, 272. 34 & 344, 363.30 \\
\hline First Ohi & 4,500.00 & 37, 470.79 & 400.09 & 480.30 & 38,476.00 & 64, 147.67 & 145, 474. 76 \\
\hline Tenth Ohin & 4, 274.45 & 13, 805.71 & 60.00 & 443. 34 & 3, 830.50 & \(2,561.25\) & 24, 975.25 \\
\hline Eleventh Ohio & \(4,500.00\) & 9, 898.60 & & 155.67 & 9,017.00 & 5.368.67 & 28,989.94 \\
\hline Eighteenth Ohio & 4,505.40 & 19, 422.10 & 68.00 & 162.09 & 6, 902. 50 & 3,413.58 & 34, 473. 67 \\
\hline Tota & 17, 779.85 & 80,597.20 & 528.00 & 1,241. 40 & 58,226.00 & 75, 491.17 & 233, 863.62 \\
\hline Orego & 3, 250.00 & 13, 679.76 & 1,414.85 & 241.16 & 991.00 & 1, 342.45. & 20,919. 22 \\
\hline First Pennsylvania & 4,500.00 & 41,867.90 & 120.00 & 353.88 & 7, 448.00 & \(35,354.34\) & 89, 644. 12 \\
\hline Ninth Peninsylvania. & 4,500.00 & 34, 168. 26 & 840.00 & 442.59 & 33, 275.00 & 4, 115.20 & 77, 341.05 \\
\hline Twelfth Pennsylvania ... & 4,027.58 & 16,314. 02 & 628.01 & 225.74 & 8,299. 50 & 4, 210.41. & 33, 705.26 \\
\hline Twenty-third Pennsylvania & 4,500.00 & 37, 904. 29 & .2,084.00 & 325.89 & 75, 405.00 & 30, 485. 87 & 150.706.05 \\
\hline To & 17.527.58 & 13ט, 254.47 & 3, 672, 01 & 1, 348.10 & 124, 427.56 & 74, 166. 82 & 351, 396:48 \\
\hline South Carol & 3, 193.46 & 14, 399.60 & & 155.51 & 9,786.00 & 469.89 & 28,004. 46 \\
\hline Second Tennes & 2,928.83 & 12,993.21 & & 181.62 & 12,618.50 & 3,203. 82 & 31, 92598 \\
\hline Fifth 'lennesse & 4,500.00 & 24, 492. 40 & 60.00 & 361.78 & 52,416.50 & 8, 003.15 & 89, 833. 83 \\
\hline Total & 7, 428.83 & 37,485.61 & 60.00 & 543.40 & 65, 035.00 & 11,206.97 & 121,759.81 \\
\hline Third Iexas & 3, 000.00 & 16,462. 79 & 250.00 & 162. 02 & 46.00 & 2, 148.97 & 22,069. 78 \\
\hline Fourth 'lexas & 2,655. 23 & 10,693. 60 & & 110.53 & 1,378.00 & 736.41 & 15,579.77 \\
\hline Cotals & 5,655.23 & 27, 162.39 & 250.00 & 272.55 & 1,424.00 & 2,885. 38 & 37, 649. 55 \\
\hline Secoud Virg & 4,500.00 & 32,304. 38 & 108.00 & 298.16 & & 6,343.52 & 43, 484.06 \\
\hline Sixth Virginia & 4,500.00 & 41, 149.76 & & 193.42 & 39,662. 00 & 10,225. 19 & 95.730 .37 \\
\hline Lot & 9,000.00 & 73, 454. 14 & 108.00 & 421.58 & 39, 662. 00 & 16,568. 71 & 139, 214. 43 \\
\hline West Virgin & 4,500.00 & 21, 140.52 & 100.00 & 165.5 & 5, 032.00 & 4, 628.52 & 35,566.58 \\
\hline First Wiscons & 4,500 , 00 & 23, 181.88 & 90.00 & 283.26 & 6,641.00 & 11, 110.73 & 45, 806.87 \\
\hline Second Wisconsin & 3,377. 12 & 12, 69\%. 66 & 50.00 & 129.94 & & 503.86 & 16,753.58 \\
\hline Totals. & 7,877.12 & 35, 874. 54. & 140.00 & 413.20 & 6, 641.00 & 11,614.59 & 62,560. 45 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{K.-Internal Revenue Expenses for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.-Continued.}

\section*{RECAPITULATION BY STATES.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{District.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Compensation of collector.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Rent, fnel, light, and tele. phone.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Stationery and other ex. penses.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation of storekeepers.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Compensation of gaugers.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Total expense of collecting.} \\
\hline & Salary. & Depaties and clerks. & & & & & \\
\hline Alabam & \$2, 750.00 & \$16, 398.19 & & \$183.72 & \$2, 259.00 & \$2, 095. 42 & \$23, 686. 33 \\
\hline Arkansas & 3, 025.78 & 12,425.93 & \$60.00 & 391.28 & 13, 228.00 & 3, 227.85 & 32, 358. 84 \\
\hline Californi & 8, 437.69 & 53, 275.10 & J., 265.00 & 1, 446.72 & 22, 409.00 & 40, 477.26 & 127, 310.77 \\
\hline Colorado & 3,500.00 & 15, 888. 34 & 1, 246. 65 & 165. 30 & 96.00 & 1,569.34 & 22, 265.63 \\
\hline Conned & 4,500.00 & 22, 761.42 & 210.00 & 503.20 & 8,040.00 & 6,896. 29 & 42.910. 91 \\
\hline Florida & 3,625.00 & 11, 055.79 & 775.91 & 121.87 & & & 15,578.57 \\
\hline Georgia & 4,500.00 & 37, 250.26 & 823.23 & 418.49 & 55, 694. 50 & 5, 294.40 & 103, 980.88 \\
\hline Illinois & 18,000.00 & \(95,733.87\) & 281.00 & 1,331.04 & 97, 192.50 & 108, 497. 25 & 321, 035.66 \\
\hline Indiana & 9, 000.00 & 32, 398.44 & 518.00 & 491.47 & 30.490 .50 & 24, 546. 04 & 97, 444.45 \\
\hline Iowa & 5, 750. 76 & 23, 037. 57 & 800.00 & 508.81 & 564.00 & 1, 951.69 & 32,612. 83 \\
\hline Kansas & 2, 875.00 & \(15,600.55\) & 50.00 & 83.64 & & 86. 36 & 18,695. 55 \\
\hline Kentuck & 22,500.05 & 117, 608.92 & 1,329. 24 & 2,746.33 & 453, 833.50 & 159, 149.67 & 757, 257. 10 \\
\hline Louisiana & 3, 890. 25 & 27, 264. 22 & 120.00 & 253.20 & & 3, 162.03 & 34, 689.70 \\
\hline Maryland & 4,500.00 & 45,689.90 & 990.00 & 622.46 & 46, 419.00 & 35, 501. 25 & 133, 732.61 \\
\hline Massachu & 4,500.00 & 32, 921. 59 & 120.00 & 277.39 & 18,280.00 & 19,396. 31 & 75, 495.29 \\
\hline Michigan & 7, 375.00 & 30, 548.61 & 1,133.25 & 396.96 & & 1,705. 03 & 41, 158. 85 \\
\hline Minnesot & 4,500.00 & 19, 430.05 & 60.00 & 180.00 & 7. 808.00 & 7.166.12 & 39, 144. 17 \\
\hline Missouri & 8, 228.06 & \(55,001.93\) & 397.80 & 950.01 & 28, 736.00 & 26, 671.32 & 119, 985.12 \\
\hline Montana & 3,500.00 & 15, 200.92 & 1,750.00 & 97.68 & & 1, 194.59 & 21, 743.19 \\
\hline Nebraska & 4,500.00 & 27, 791.14 & 92.30 & 306.30 & 10, 158.00 & 8, 079.95 & 50, 927.69 \\
\hline New Hamps & 3, 838.31 & 12, 440.73 & & 173.58 & 1, 416.00 & 472.59 & 18,341. 21 \\
\hline New Jersey & 7, 067.80 & 41,960. 04 & 600.00 & 591.30 & 3,816.00 & 6, 644.27 & 60,679.41 \\
\hline Now Mexico & 2,750.00 & 8, 319.6 1 & & 185.52 & & 468.33 & 11,733.49 \\
\hline New York & 27, 000.00 & 178, 091.46 & 14,631.07 & 2,071.51 & 14, 083.00 & 61, 353. 44 & 297, 230.48 \\
\hline North Caro & 8,999.98 & 81, 826.23 & 1, 281. 43 & 1,394.82 & 223, 588.50 & 27, 272. 34 & 344, 363.30 \\
\hline Ohio & 17, 779. 85 & 80, 597.20 & 528.00 & 1, 241.40 & 58, 226. 00 & 75, 491. 17 & \(233,863.62\) \\
\hline Oregon & 3,250.00 & 13, 679.76 & 1, 41.4.85 & 241.16 & 991.00 & 1, 342.45 & 20, 919. 22 \\
\hline Pennsylvan & 17, 527.58 & 130, 254.47 & 3, 672.01 & 1, 348. 10 & 124, 427.50 & \(74,166.82\) & 351, 396.48 \\
\hline South Caroli & 3, 193.46 & 14, 399.60 & & 155.51 & 9, 786. 00 & 469.89 & 28, 004.46 \\
\hline Tennessee & 7, 428. 83 & 37, 485. 61 & 60.00 & 543.40 & \(65,035.00\) & :1, 206.97 & 121, 759.81 \\
\hline Texas & 5,655. 23 & 27, 162. 39 & 250.00 & 272.55 & 1, 424.00 & \(2,885.38\) & 37, 649.55 \\
\hline Virginia & 9,000.00 & 73, 454.14 & 108.00 & 421. 58 & 39,662.00 & 16, 568.71 & 139, 214. 43 \\
\hline West Virginia & 4,500.00 & \(21,140.52\) & 100.00 & 165. 54 & 5, 032.00 & -4,628.52 & 35, 566. 58 \\
\hline Wisconsin & 7, 877.12 & 35, 874.54 & 140.00 & 413.20 & 6,641.00 & 11,614. 59 & 62, 560.45 \\
\hline Tota & 255, 325.75 & \(1,463,869.07\) & 34, 807.74 & 20,695.04 & 1,349,336.00 & 751, 253.64 & 3, 875, 287. 24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

> (No. 14.)

\section*{REPORT OF THE SIXTH AUDITOR.}

\author{
Treasury Department, Sixth Auditor's Office, Washington, D. C., October 10, 1891.
}

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the business operations of this office during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891.

The following table shows the principal transactions of the office in money orders and postal notes for the tiscal year ended June 30, 1891:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Transactions.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Number.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Value.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Increase.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Decrease. '} \\
\hline & & & Number. & Value. & Number. & Value. \\
\hline Weekly statements received, registered, and filed & 505, 72\% & & 23,372 & & & \\
\hline Money orders issued (domestic) & 1,451, 274 & \$119,122, 236. 50 & 826, 547 & \$4, 759, 479.38 & & \\
\hline Postal notes issued ............ & 6, 802, 558 & 11, 753, 849.28 & & & 125. 267 & \$406, 640.32 \\
\hline Money orders issued (international): & & & & & & \\
\hline Canada ................... & 89,132 & 1, 486, 428.03 & 9,948 & 125, 676, 85 & & \\
\hline Great Britain and Ireland. & 419, 272 & \(5,438,926.07\) & 16,497 & 227, 663.60 & & \\
\hline & 209, 764
45
4 & 2, 938,628.76 & 10,796 & 147, 889.14 & & \\
\hline Switzerland...... & 45,294
37,035 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 2 } \\ \mathbf{8}, 206,58972.72 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\) & 6,369
4,677
4 & 125, 106. 12
201, 692.64 & & \\
\hline France. & 22, 742 & 1,361, 293.16 & 2, 4225 & 52, 841.51 & & \\
\hline Sweden & 53, 930 & 1, 188, 008. 23 & 8,129 & 188, 020.45 & & \\
\hline Norway. & 22,469 & 555, 04?. 11 & 1,243 & \(42,003.40\) & & \\
\hline Belgiam & 4,575 & \(97,707.82\) & 798 & \(23,958.81\) & & \\
\hline Portngal.. & 949 & 26, 434. 92 & 329 & 9,983. 51 & & \\
\hline Netherlands & 3, 985 & 45, 688.52 & \({ }_{2}^{672}\) & 7, 469. 73 & & \\
\hline New South W & 505
366 & \(11,743.73\)
\(8,817.01\) & 2 & & 12 & 371.48
\(1,220.79\) \\
\hline Japan. & 1,328 & 45, 873.18 & 488 & 22,276. 17 & & \\
\hline New Zealand & 639 & 14,586. 54 & 134 & 4,615.96 & & \\
\hline Hawaiian Kingdom & 285 & 6, 051.04 & 48 & \(1,159.37\) & & \\
\hline Jamaica & 275 & 3,869.16 & 28 & & & 122.34 \\
\hline Cape Colony... & 75 & 1,266. 97 & 25 & 222.40 & & \\
\hline Windward Island & 350 & 5, 049. 70 & 19 & 248.55 & & \\
\hline Leeward Islands & 113
25 & \(2,056.99\)
505.51 & 12 & 570.42
52.76 & & \\
\hline Queensland & 104 & 2,690.19 & & 52.10 & 3 & 668.05 \\
\hline Denmark & 9,222 & 164, 054.34 & 1,792 & 26, 821.97 & & \\
\hline Newfoundlaud & - \({ }_{11,532}^{1,538}\) &  & \({ }^{-1822} 4\) & \(7,641.06\)
4.512 .65288 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Money orders paid (domestic). \\
Postal notes paid.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
11,312,998 \\
6,780,117
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
118,025 ; 952.94 \\
11,714,430.89
\end{array}
\] & 798, 450 & 4, 512,652.88 & 51, 089 & 348, 574.20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note.-Much of the summary relating to the dnties and work of the different divisions of the office is omitted for want of space, but it can all be found in the pamphlet edition of the Auditor's Report.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Transactions.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Number.} & \multirow{2}{*}{Value.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Increase} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Decrease.} \\
\hline & & & Namber. & Value. & Number. & Value. \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Money orders paid (international).} \\
\hline & 134,285 & \$1, 471, 737. 42 & 4,330 & & & \$3, 953.61 \\
\hline Great Britain and Ireland. & 61, 382 & ¢1, 907, 857.57 & 1,192 & \$4,659.59 & & \$3, \\
\hline German Empire. & 42,065 & 1,471, 280.96 & & & 232 & 4,506. 84 \\
\hline Switzerland. & 6,413 & 227, 235. 86 & 209 & 5, 302.43 & & \\
\hline Italy... & 1, 727 & 63, 575. 06 & 219 & 9, 035. 09 & & \\
\hline France. & 5,221
3,094 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(105,907.22\) \\
\(137,877.54\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}91 \\ 523 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & 2,491. 82 \\
\hline Sweden. & 3,094
1,505 & \(137,877.54\)
\(45,331.29\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
523 \\
203 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(32,848.15\)
\(4,674,16\) & & \\
\hline Belgium & 1,289 & 41, 439.30 & 119 & 4, 027.04 & & \\
\hline Portugal. & , 258 & 11, 122.20 & 43 & 3,282. 59 & & \\
\hline Netherlands & 1,550 & 31, 359.97 & 67 & 1,972. 66 & & \\
\hline New South Wale & 1, 449 & 24,989. 16 & 127 & 2,585.05 & & \\
\hline Victoria & 1,287 & 21, 370.34 & & & & 461.65 \\
\hline Japan & 1, 1,068 & 26, 049.32 & & & 41 & 2, 040.80 \\
\hline New Zealand... & 1,621 & 18, 816.97 & & & 32 & 1,593. 12 \\
\hline Hawaiian Kingdor. & 3. 275 & : \(46,408.65\) & 554 & 6, 498.54 & & \\
\hline Jamaica ...... & 1,921 & - \(\begin{array}{r}43,320.54 \\ 5,653.81\end{array}\) & 61 & & 10 & 1, 024.51 \\
\hline Windvard İsland & 1, 586 & 98,393. 35 & & 15, 189.41 & 236 & \\
\hline Leeward Islands & 740 & 42,496.49 & 388 & 30, 743.35 & & \\
\hline Tasmania & 257 & 3:275 28 & 34 & 564.38 & & \\
\hline Queensland & 516 & 7, 981.62 & 70 & 300.38 & & \\
\hline Denmark Newfoundland & 1,903 & \(64,554.63\)
\(36,046.26\) & 198 & 12, 055.28 & & 0,491.29 \\
\hline Money orders repaid (domes. tic) & 85,603 & 817,922.77 & 3,543 & & & 16, 408.52 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Money orders repaid (international) :} \\
\hline Canada ................... & 519 & 7, 545. 24 & 16 & 396.11 & & \\
\hline Great Britain and Ireland. & 956 & 10,804.24 & 35 & 199.83 & & \\
\hline German Empire & 700 & 8 8, 492. 82 & 108 & & & 207.81 \\
\hline Switzerland & 151 & 2,510.90 & 23. & 129.47 & & \\
\hline Italy .. & 125 & 2, 376. 43 & & & 5 & 1,363.56 \\
\hline France & 241 & 3,812.91 & 15 & 754. 14 & & \\
\hline Swoden. & 92 & 1, 660.91 & 41 & 724.62 & & \\
\hline Norway & 14 & 127. 56 & & & 5 & 228.21 \\
\hline Belgiam & 16 & 235.10 & & & 6 & 244.72 \\
\hline Portugal.................. & 11 & 119.71 & 6 & & & 20.29 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Netherlands \\
New South Walcs
\end{tabular} & 24 & 328.83 & 15 & 229.82 & 5 & 378.01 \\
\hline Victoria...... & 7 & 124.91 & 1 & 78.15 & & . \\
\hline Japan. & 5 & 103.00 & & 12.70 & & \\
\hline New Zealand............. & & 57.25 & & 33. 02 & & \\
\hline Hawaiian Kingdo & 12 & 413.50 & & 206. 70 & & \\
\hline Jamaica. & 1 & 39.00 & & 33.99 & & \\
\hline Cape Colony............. & 6 & 300.00 & 4 & 275.65 & & \\
\hline Windward Islands & 1 & 30.32 & & & 1 & 68.30 \\
\hline Tasmania & \({ }^{2}\) & 51.21
31.23 & 1 & 21.49 & & \\
\hline Queenslau & \(\bigcirc\) & 640.05 & & 138.07 & 4 & \\
\hline Newfoundland ............ & 8 & 124.35 & 4 & 47.35 & & \\
\hline Net increase in transactions (issned) & & & 766, 122 & 5, 566, 370. 82 & & \\
\hline Net increase in transactions (paid and repand) & & & 759, 136 & 4, 260, 329.83 & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Certificates of deposits ru-
ceived, registered, com-
pared, and ehecked \(|\)\begin{tabular}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Transfers received, registered, \\
- compared, and checked
\end{tabular} & 855,518
15,948 & \(105,412,540.21\)
\(1,773,052.76\) & 2,831 & 343, 159. 54 & 251, 606 & 902, 782. \\
\hline Drafts receired, registered, compared, and checked & 43,777 & 13, 034, 357. 25 & 5,726 & 882, 401.83 & & \\
\hline Money orders withdrawn for examination and returned. & 233 & & & & 197 & \\
\hline Postal notes withdrawn for examination and retuened. & 64 & & & & 6 & \\
\hline Money-order advices sent for, examined, and returned ... & 1,678 & & & & 10,047 & \\
\hline Money orders returned for corlection \(\qquad\) & 4,781 & & & & 4,067 & \\
\hline Postal notes returned for correction & 493 & & & & 1,102 & \\
\hline Detailed statements of accounts made for suit cases and to correct errors ....... & 92 & & 5 & & & \\
\hline Letters written and transmitted. & 16,592 & & 1, 078 & & & \\
\hline Commission, error, and other circulars transmitted....... & 103;356 & & 14,423 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Reference was made in the last annual report of this office to the reorganization of the Bureau, the changes adopted in the manner of executing the work of auditing postal accounts and the consolidation of records, and a statement was made of the results expected therefrom in economy of labor and expedition of business. It aftords me pleasure to state that the test of a year's experience has fully demonstrated the practicability and value of the changes made. Under the system now in use all postmasters in the United States were advised prior to September 30,1891 , and in advance of the preparation of their returns for that quarter, of the state of their postal accounts as audited to June 30,1891 , and this office is enabled on this date, October 10, 1891, to submit to the Secretary of the Treasury and to the Postmaster.General a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the postal service for the last tiscal year, a result not heretofore attained, and one hardly possible to exceed under a system of quarterly accountability. The change of methods has proven equally satisfactory in point of improvement, in correctness of work, and in the earlier collection of debit and payment of credit balauces. The gain has been no less in efficiency than in promptness. An importaut advantage resulting from the improved system has been experienced in the preparation during the present year, without the least interference with current work, of the large mass of material furnished by this office for the publication of the Official Register of the United States, which formerly required a detail of ten or fifteen clerks for several months.

The work of the several divisions engaged upon the accounts of money-order business and those for mail transportation is in a satisfactory condition. Arrears of work in some of the divisions have been fully brought up to date, so that settlements of accounts are made with promptness. A change of assignment has been made, whereby the "checking" or comparison of money-order statements with their vouchers is performed by the checking division, and all "assorting and numbering" of money orders and postal notes by the "assorting" division.

The offices of the money-order divisions have been transferred from the building known as Marini's Hall to the handsome and commodions Busch Building, on E street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, insmediately opposite the Post-Office Department, where the employés of those divisions enjoy a degree of personal comfort and official convenience unknown to them during the history of the Burean. The steel file and book cases adopted for the Busch Building, upon my recommendation. and through a special appropriation by Congress, have proven most valuable for compactuess, ease of access, and security afforded to contents. It would be highly adrantageous to have the sys. tem of these files adopted throughout the office.

I renew the recommendation made in my last annual report to the effect that inasmuch as the "Busch Building" is occupied wholly by employés of the Treasury Department it should be placed in the custody and under the control of the Secretary of the Treasury: I strongly urge jour attention to this recommendation, with a view to procuring the necessary legislation. This request does not imply any dissatisfaction.on the part of this office with the present management of the building, for all reasonable wants are supplied and the building is well cared for in all respects. I desire the change simply on the ground that, in my opinion, the head of the Treasury Department should exercise control over all the buildings occupied exclusively by Treasury employés. There can be no better argument for continuing the present
control than could be found for transferring the custody of the offices of the Second Auditor to the War Department, or those of the Fourth Auditor to the Navy Department.

I desire to acknowledge my appreciation of your kind advice and assistance in my official duties, and of the unvarying courtesy constantly extended to this office by your Assistant Secretaries and all the officers of the Department. Whatever of utility and value I have been enabled to accomplish has been due to the aid and support I have received from my superiors, and to the admirable devotion to the public interest displayed by all the officers and employés of this office through. out a trying year of hard labor.

Respectfully submitted.

Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.
T. B. Coulter, Sixth Auditor.
(No. 15.)

\section*{REPORT OF THE REGISTER.}

\section*{Treasury Department, Register's Office, Washington, October 31, 1891.}

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this Bureau during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891:

The appropriation under which the work of the fiscal year was performed called for 108 officers and employés, at an expense of \(\$ 139,750\). Of this appropriation there was spent \(\$ 138,785.61\), leaving uniexpended about \(\$ 1,000\). The number in each division, and the amount of salaries paid, appear immediately beneath the headings preliminary to the remarks and statements made regarding the work of the several divisions and a complete and consolidated statement of the namber and grade of all in the Register's Office, together with a mention of details to other bureaus, is given in the following table:

Distribution of Force and Salaries for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Divisions. &  &  & \[
\left|\begin{array}{l}
\dot{B} \\
\dot{B} \\
\dot{8} \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
4 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}\right|
\] &  &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \dot{8} \\
& \stackrel{8}{7} \\
& \underset{8}{6} \\
& \text { बi } \\
& 0 \\
& 0 \\
& 0
\end{aligned}
\] &  & ¢ & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \stackrel{\circ}{8} \\
& \text { 嫓 }
\end{aligned}
\] & Messenger, \(\$ 810\). &  &  &  & Salaries. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Register's and Assistant \\
. Fogister's oftices...........
\end{tabular} & 1. & 1 & & & 1 & & 1 & 1 & & & 1 & 1.20 & 7.20 & \$11., 562.26 \\
\hline Receipts and expenditures.. & . & & 1 & 9.96 & 6 & 3.77 & 5.08 & . 26 & 4. 46 & & & & 32.53 & 46, 491.16 \\
\hline Ioans & & & 1 & 4 & 1. 23 & 2 & 4. & & 1.40 & & . 22 & 1,36 & 15.21 & 21, 079. 64 \\
\hline Notes, coupons, and currency & & & 1 & 2 & 7.77 & 4.23 & 3.87 & . 69 & 19.82 & & 2.78 & 2.39 & 45,55 & 51, 544.48 \\
\hline Interest and expenses of loans & & & & & & 1 & & & \[
.28
\] & & & & 4.28 & 6, 112.50 \\
\hline Details to other bureans. & & & & & & & & & 2.22 & & & & 2.22 & 1,995. 57 \\
\hline Total & 1 & 1 & 4 & 16.96 & 16 & 11 & 13.95 & 1.95 & 28.18 & & 4 & 7.95 & 106.99 & 138, 785.61 \\
\hline Appropriation & 1 & 1 & & 17 & 16 & 11 & 14 & 2 & 29 & & 4 & 8 & 108 & 139,750.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES DIVISION.}
(Number representing average force employed, 32.53 ; cost \(\$ 46,491.16\). )
This division keeps accounts of all receipts and expenditures of public moneys, and all debts due to and from the Government; receives, enters, and files, with accompanying vouchers and other papers, all reports of account settlements made by the First Comptroller and Commissioner of Customs, and the quarterly statements to the Secretary of the Treasury, of the War, Navy, Interior, and Post-Office Departments, upon requisitions on the Secretary of the Treasury; records and certifies all warrants save those of the Secretaries of War, Navy, Interior Depart-
ment proper, or the Postmaster-General; and furnishes to accounting officers certificates showing balances of accounts.

During the fiscal year, this division lost, by death, one of its most valuable fourth-class clerks, Dr. William Guilford, and subsequently, on September 3, suffered a further and similar loss in the decease of Charles N. Lapham; but its employés effectively carried on all the work incumbent and devolving upon them, details of which appear in the various statements appended to this report.

The condition of the United States Treasury, the receipts and expenditures during the fiscal year, and balance on hand at close of same, appear in the following table:

\section*{Condition of the United States Treasury, giving the Receipts, Expenditures, and Balance, Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891, as shown by the books of the Receipts and Expenditures Division.}
 NET RECEIPTS.
Receipts during the fiscal year 1891, from-
Customs:


\(520,333.46\)
452.94
Internal revenue.
\(\$ 219,522,205.23\)
\(145,686,249.44\)
Sales of public
Miscellaneous:
Reimbursement on half cost of increasing water supply and interest June 30, 1891, District of Columbia

71,164. 21
Revenues, District of Columbia.
2,\(853 ; 897.74\)
Sale of bonds of guaranty fund and United States shares various revenues.

68, 454.81
Police and firemen's relief fund, District of Columbia.
Tax on circulation, etce, of national banks
12, 182.42
Tax on circulation, etc., of nationat banks
\(1,236,042.60\) \(250,379.05\)

Sinking fund, Pacific railroads
Consular fees
782,619. 45
Spanish indemnity fund 28,500. 00
Custom-house fees 555,057.76
Custons tines, penalties, and forfeitures \(555,057.76\)
\(134,023.27\)
Customs emolument fees................................................
Assessments on owners for deaths on shipboard
1,000.00
Marine Hospital tax and relief of sick, disabled, and destitute seamen.

8,254.57
Immigrant fund
292, 271.00
Reimbursement to United States by Cherokee Nation.......... . . 15, 000.00
Payment by Sioux Nation for right of way; etc.
15,335. 76
Interest on Indian trust-fund stocks.
17,286. 18
Reimbursement on account of appropriations made to meet interest ou non-paying Indian trast-fund stocks

3, 161.16
Indian trust fund.
Proceeds of sales of Indian lands, interest on deforred payments and Indian moneys, proceeds labor, etc.

28, 440.00

Revenues, Yellowstone National Park............................
Trust fund interest for support of free schools in South Carolina

602,545. 39
1, 788. 80
Deposits by individuals for expenses of surveying public lands
Hot Springs, Ark.
2,015. 61
131, 422.80
19,682.00
Amounts received from claim of Wm. Caldwell and Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Va

1,90.58

Fees on letters patent
2, 207.34
Work done by Bureat of Engraving and Printing
Profits on coinage, deductions on bullion deposits and assays of ores, etc ,305, 255.8
\(53,848.21\)

Payment by Nashville and Chattanooga R. R. Co
7, 701, 991. 82
Tax on sèal skins.
Reimbursenent by national bank redemption agency, and on account of salaries, office Commissiover of Internal Revenue
Sales of ordnance material, powder and projectiles. and small arms
Pay of Navy deposit fund, clothing, etc., and naval hospital fund

269, 673. 88
127,365.85
122,668. 01
Sale of condemned vessels
1, 037, 488.89
Soldiers' Home, permanent fund
78, 037.36
Depredations on public lands.
308, 648.34
Unenumerated
55, 905.83
Issue of gold certificates
63, 515, 000.00

\section*{NET RECELPIS-continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Receipts during the fiscal year 1891, from-Miscellaneous-Continued. & \\
\hline Issue of silver certificates. & \$84, 904, 000. 00 \\
\hline Issue of United States notes (legal tender) & 70, 792.000.00 \\
\hline Issue of certificates of deposi & 38,560, 000. 00 \\
\hline Issue of funded loan of 1907 & 13,750. 00 \\
\hline Issue of Treasury notes of 18 & 51, 852, 417.00 \\
\hline Fand for redemption of notes of & 63, 571, 690. 75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\$ 765,821,305.06\)
1, 457, \(348,708.82\)


Included in this balance ( \(\$ 266,222,332.60\) ) are the following unavailable funds: Anount due from several States, deposited with them under act of June \(2 \%\), 1830, viz

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline RECAPITULATION. & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{From the foregoing it appears that on the 30th day of June, 1890, the United States Treasury contained.} & \\
\hline & \$691, 527, 403.76 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{During the fiscal jear there has been received:} \\
\hline From customs & 219, 522, 205.23. \\
\hline From internal reve & 145, 686, 249.44 \\
\hline From issues of gold and silver certificates, legal tenders, certificates of deposit, funded loan of 1907, and 'Treasury notes of 1890 & 300, 637, 167.00 \\
\hline From fund for redemption of notes of national banks & 63, 571, 690.75 \\
\hline From other sources & 27, 403, 992. 64 \\
\hline Total in Treasury and received during year. & 1, 457, 348, 708. 82 \\
\hline & \\
\hline Expenditures for the year, summarized, were: & \(110,00^{\circ}\) \\
\hline Civil and miscellaneous & 110, 048, 1.67.49 \\
\hline War Department, including rivers and harbors & 48, 720, 065.01 \\
\hline Navy Department & 20, 113, 896. 40 \\
\hline Tnterior Department, including \$124,415,951.40 for pensions & 132, \(943,420.41\) \\
\hline Premium on bonds redeemed. & 10, 401, 220. 61 \\
\hline Interest on public debt ....................................................... & 37, 547, 135. 37 \\
\hline Redemptions of gold and silver certificates, legal tenders, and other evidences of pablic debt & 365, 352, 470.87 \\
\hline Total expended & 731, 126, 376. 22 \\
\hline Leaving in Treasury, June 30, 1891, inclusive of \(\$ 2 \$, 101,644.91\) unavailable funds deposited with States. & 726, 222, 332.60 \\
\hline & 1,457, 348, 708. 82 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The foregoing tabular statement suggests the various operations of which records are kept by the clerks in this division, the following tables furnishing a classification and statement of certain work performed by the two sections of the division:

\section*{WORK PEREORMED IN BOOKKIEEPING SECTION.}
Covering, repay and connter warrants registered ..... 15,572
Certificates furnished and requisitious passed ..... 23, 535
Statements furnished the First Comptroller ..... 124
Statements furnished the General Land Office ..... 285
Accounts and warrants journalized. ..... 38, 101
Journal entries ..... 137, 667
Journal pages written ..... 7,832
Accounts and warrants posted in receipt, personal and appropriation ledgers. ..... 90, 803
Ledger entries ..... 229,672
WORK PERFORMED IN COPY-ROOM SECTION
Accounts received, stamped, and registered ..... 35,439
Accounts copied for warrants ..... 19, 953
Civil warrants registered and copicd ..... 29, 867
War, Navy; and Interior pay and repay warrants registered ..... 16,582
Transfer drafts registered ..... 1,603

Quarterly schedules of warrants drawn on, and in favor of, Treasurer United States are also furnished First Auditor for use in settlement of Treasurer's general account of receipts and expenditures.
This division prepares the annual volumes of financial history required by law to be printed.

These volumes, some years since nearly five years behindhand, are now as near up to date as is practicable, the volumes for 1887 having been delivered, those for 1888 and 1889 being in the hands of the printer, that for 1890 nearly completed, and worl begun on the volume for 1891.

\section*{LOANS DIVISION.}
(Number representing average force employed, 15.21 ; cost, \(\$ 21,079.64\). )
The expenditures for salaries in this division during the year have been less than for any period during about 30 years.
Table A, appended, shows the number and amount of United States bonds issued during the fiscal year. A comparison with the report of last year will show that there has been a decrease in number of bonds issued of 1,077 , but an increase in amount of \(\$ 1,970,100\).

Table B, appended, shows the number and amount of bonds canceled during the fiscal year. A comparison with my last report will show for this year an increase of 8,776 in number canceled and an increase of \(\$ 681,250\) in amount.
The following table will afford a means of comparison as to number and anount of bonds issued and canceled during the last six years:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Bonds issued.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Bonds canceled.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Total handled.} \\
\hline & Number. & Amount. & Number. & Amount. & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline 1885-'86 & 39,173 & \$180, 987, 250 & 70, 753 & \$191, 667, 950 & 109,926 & \$372, 655, 200 \\
\hline 1886-87 & 34, 620 & 171, 119, 600 & 106, 173 & 325, 019, 750 & 140,793 & 496, 139, 350 \\
\hline 1887-'88 & 26,598 & 114, 831, 900 & 72, 135 & 189, 656, 950 & 98,733 & 304, 488, 850 \\
\hline 1888-'89 & 21.500 & 103, 894, 350 & 85, 149 & 231, 811, 450 & 106,649 & 535, 705, 800 \\
\hline 1889-90 & 17,669 & 67, 181, 500 & 60,830 & 171, 575, 200 & 84, 499 & 238, 756, 700 \\
\hline 1890-91 & 16,592 & \(69,151,600\) & 75,606 & 172, 256, 450 & 92, 198 & 241, 408, 050 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

As classified upon the loan account, the foregoing amounts were divided as follows:

BONDS ISSUED.


BONDS CANCELED.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Year. & & Redemptions. & Exchanges. & Transfers. & Total canceled. \\
\hline 1885-86 & & \$10, 743, 250 & \$9,623, 150 & \$171, 301, 550 & \$191, 667, 950 \\
\hline 1.880-87 & & 153, 944,300 & 19, 139, 700 & 151, 935, 850. & 325, 019, 750 \\
\hline 1887-88 & & 74. 92 ff . 600 & 5, 915,700 & 108, 814, 650 & 189, 656, 950 \\
\hline 1888-'39 & & 127, 965, 450 & 3, 493, 900 & 100, 352, 100 & 231, 811, 450 \\
\hline 1889-'90 & & 104. 443,800 & 1, 888, 100 & - 65, 243, 300 & 171, 575, 200 \\
\hline 1890-'91 & & 103, 169.350 & 1. 738,650 & - 67,348,450 & 172, 256, 450 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table C, appended, shows transactions in Spanish indemnity bonds under act of Congress approved June 7, 1836, and contains a comparison with transactions in same during the fiscal years 1889 and 1890 , from which latter it will appear that these transactions have been unusually small this year.
Table D, appended, gives a general summary of unissued bonds received and on hand at the close of the fiscal year.

Table E, appended, gives a statement of work performed by the loan division during the fiscal year.
The following table gives a classification of the outstanding registered bonds, showing the amount held of each of the unmatured loans, as shown on dividends due June 1 and July 1, 1891:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Date of divi. deud. & Foreign. & Treasurer United States in trust for national banks. & Domestic. & Total. \\
\hline 42 per ceut & June 1, 1891 & \$1,426, 300 & \$26,671,450 & \$10, 943, 950 & \$39, 04.1, 700 \\
\hline 4 per cent. & Tuly 1, 1891 & 5, 891, 450 & 133,078,950 & 344, 145, 950 & 483, 116, 350 \\
\hline Pacific Lailroals & July 1, 1891 & & 10,019,000 & 54, 604, 512 & 64, 623, 51.2 \\
\hline Total. & & 7,317, 750 & 169, 769, 400 & 409, 694, 412 & 586, 781, 562 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

On comparison of the above table with that contained in my report of last year it will be found that there is a decrease in all holdings, except in issues to the Treasurer of the United States in trust for national banks, ůpon the 4 per cent and Pacific Railroad loans. Details of both increase and decrease in holdings of such bouds, as compared with last year, are given in the following table:
[Increase +; decrease -.]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loan3. & Foreign. & Treasurer United States in trust for national banks & Domestic. & Total. \\
\hline 44 per cent.......
4 per cent......
4 & \$1, 127, 850
\(-879,050\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
-19,970,900 \\
+11,135,650 \\
+3,594,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
-\$ 28,948,050 \\
--45,940,750 \\
-3,594,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
-\$ 50,047,400 \\
-35,684,150
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & -2,006, 000 & \(-5,241,250\) & -78, 483, 400 & -85, 731, 550 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following bonds, issued by the District of Columbia when under a territorial government and purchased by the Treasurer of the United States for the sinking funds of the District, were recorded upon the books of the office during the year 1890-91:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Number bonds. & Amount. \\
\hline G per cent permanent improvement bonds & 538 & \$216, 350 \\
\hline 7 per cent permanent improvement bonds & 18 & 13,500 \\
\hline 6 per cent twenty-year funding bonds & 82 & 36, 800 \\
\hline Total & 638 & 260,650 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The only new bonds received were 205 bonds of the District of Columbia, 3.65 per cent issue, and 2,470 of the new \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent issue, act of March 3, 1891. The latter were intended for issue in connection with refunding the District of Columbia 6 and 7 per cent permanent improvement bonds, due July 1, 1891.

Blank Bonds on Hand, Received, and Issued, Year ending June 30, 1891. (See Statement D.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline Blank bouds on hand July 1, 1890 & 84, 594 & \$441, 181, 750 \\
\hline Blank bonds received during year . & 2,675 & 3,000, 250 \\
\hline Total & 87, 269 & 444, 182, 000 \\
\hline Bonds issued during year. & 16,592 & \(69,151,600\) \\
\hline Blank bouts on hand June 30, 1.891 & 70,677 & 375, 030, 400 \\
\hline Total & 87, 269 & 444, 182,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

As a consequence of the extension, at 2 per cent, of a large part of the funded loan of 1891, and the calling for redemption of the remainder of that loan, the loans division, at the date of this report, has on hand a large number of surplus unissued bonds which might properly be destroyed at an early date. There were no deliveries of surplus unissued bonds to the destruction committee during the year.

The work in this division, during the last year, has been made unusually heavy on account of the large redemptions of the 4 and \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent loans, especially in August, September, and October, 1890.

A very large amount of extra work has also been occasioned by the prepayment of interest upon the registered 4 per cent and Pacific Railroad bonds. Prepayments were made for the great bulk of the interest due on these loans January 1, April 1, and July 1, 1891. Great care was required to accurately distinguish between prepaid and nonprepaid bonds, so as to avoid errors in transactions; and other precautions of like nature were constantly necessary.

The following table shows the amount of principal upon which interest was prepaid ou registered bonds, at each of the dividends mentioned:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Loan. & Dividend due- & Principal. \\
\hline 1907 Consols & & Jan. 1, 1.891 & \$284, 314, 400 \\
\hline Do.... & & Apr. 1, 1891 & 278, 584, 600 \\
\hline Do. & & July 1, 1891 & 278, 615, 150 \\
\hline Pacitic Railroad & & Jant 1, 1891 & 51, 001, 680 \\
\hline Do. & & July 1,1891 & 51, 001, 680 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Progress has been made in the general index to all United States registered bonds. The work was undertaken in January, 1889. The card system was adopted. It is proposed to make a card for every account open upon the ledgers in this division, with such cross references as shall show the name of every party or corporation which appears upon the face of any bond. Each card will show all the various places upon ledgers of the same loan, or of different loans, where an account may be found bearing the same title as is written at the head of the card, and will obviate the necessity of searching through many volumes. of indexes to ascertain the same facts. A large number of cards have also been prepared in the case of foreign names, so that a person unaccastomed to the usages of foreign lands in regard to surnames may readily find any name which may be called for. So far as completed, the cards have all been arranged for reference.

\section*{NOTE, COUPON, AND GURRENCY DIVISION.}
(Number representing average force employed, 45.55 ; cost, \(\$ 51,544.48\). )
Details of operations in this division appear on examination of tables 1 to 15, both inclusive, appended hereto.

Table 1 shows the redemption of gold certificates, act March 3, 1863; currency certificates of deposit, act June 8, 1872; coin certificates, act July 12, 1882; 4 per cent refunding certifieates (payable to order), act February 26, 1879, and 7-30 Treasury notes of 1864 and.1865; in the aggregate, 4,468 vouchers, and amounting to \(\$ 63,530,220\).

Table 2 gives a statement of interest checks, various loans on hand, received, counted, and registered during the fiscal year. There is a decrease of 35,301 checks in the count, and 42,741 in the registration and examination, this being due to the various purchases of registered bonds, and the prepayment of interest on \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent registered bonds, which naturally occasioned a corresponding decrease in receipt of checks.

Table \(2 a\) gives the places of payment of interest checks, with numbers and amounts summarized.

Table \(2 b\) gives the total number of interest checks received and on file in this division to June 30, 1891.

Table 3 gives a statement of transactions in redeemed detached coupons, showing, as compared with last year, a decrease in receipts, in counting and verifying, in arranging numerically, and in examining; while there appears an increase in the number entered in numerical registers. This decrease of work is attributable to the frequent temporary transfers of counters to the currency section of this division, to meet exigencies there, and has also been affected by occasional details for special work in the offices of the Treasurer and Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Table \(3 a\) shows the places of payment of all redeemed detached coupons of various loans received within the year.

Table \(3 b\) is a statement of transactions in redeemed detached coupons as compared with those of last year.

Table 4 shows that up to the close of the fiscal year there has been received in this division a grand total of \(97,105,449\) detached and redeemed coupons, amounting in value to \(\$ 1,198,013,075.42\).

Table 5 shows that in the receipt of coupon bonds, with coupons attached, there has been a decrease of 4,730 bonds, of \(\$ 1,456,350\) in value, as compared with receipts last year.

Table 6 shows work done in the currency section of this division, by way of receipt, count, cancellation and destruction of various Government securities, including United States notes, gold and silver certificates, fractional currency, and redeemed internal-revenue stamps. The record for this year shows an increase, in receipts, of 5,084,406 pieces, and, in amount, an increase of \(\$ 20,970,928.35 \frac{1}{2}\), as compared with last year.

Table 7 gives an itemized account of various statistical matter counted, examined and destroyed, showing an increase of 254,115 sheets and 12,049,398 internal-revenue stamps so handled and destroyed.

Table 8 shows current work performed in different files rooms. There has been an increase of 2,947 in the number of accounts received for file; a decrease of 11,472 in accounts withdrawn from files; an increase of 786 pages transcribed for suits; an increase of 3,791 pages certified for suits in court; and an increase of 14,056 in the number of warrants received for file.

Table 9 , the only stationary table in the report, shows the total number and amount of coupon bonds exchanged, redeemed, transferred, and destroyed up to March 10, 1881, when destructions ceased by order of the honorable Secretary of the Treasury.

Table 10 shows that on June 30, 1891, there was on file in this division a grand total of exchanged, redeemed, and transferred coupon bonds numbering \(1,860,378\), with attached coupons numbering \(53,605,121\), and representing a value of \(\$ 1,072,100,750\).
Table 11 is a consolidated recapitulation of tables 9 and 10, giving the total number of coupon bonds received at any time in this division up to June 30, 1891, and including both those destroyed and those on file; from which it appears that this division has received coupon bonds numbering 4,223,463, with \(130,447,249\) coupons attached, and representing a value of \(\$ 2,493,788,200\).

Table 12 makes mention of certain coupon bonds, which, after registration and scheduling in this division, have been delivered to the loans division of this office for further examination.
Table 13 shows number and amount of coupon bonds destroyed statistically.
Table 14 gives, by issues, the number and amount of United States interest-bearing notes and certificates, issued, redeemed and outstanding to June 30, 1891, a recapitulation of which shows that, according to the books of this office, there are still outstanding the following of each class of securities:

Seven-thirty Treasury notes, issued under various acts ... . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 139,850.00\)
Certificates of indebtedness, issued under various acts..................... 4, 000.00
One-year 5 per cent Treasury notes, act March 3, \(1863 \ldots .\). ................. 33, 505.00
Two-year 5 per cent Treasury notes, act March 3, 1863 ..........................
\(28,150.00\)
Three-year 6 per cent compound-interest notes, acts March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864

179, 920:00
Gold certificates, act March 3 , 1863, various issues.....................................268, 620. 00
Three per cent certificates, acts March 2, 1867, and July 25, \(1868 \ldots \ldots\). . \(5,000.00\)

Total.
753, 165.00
Table 15 gives the dates when each issue of United States currency began and ceased.
improvement in condition of files.
The work of rearranging, classifying, and numbering the files under the custody of this division has progressed very commendably.
During the year, in compliance with an act of Congress, all of the intermal-revenue stamp stub books and old papers of dates embraced within the limits of the act, and weighing nearly 185 tons, were delivered to purchasers, thus effecting a gain of about 23,000 cubic feet of files space, the great relief experienced from which being only offset to a small degree by the granting of 1,406 cubic feet of space to the LifeSaving Service and office of the superintendent.

The registration of old accounts, of which no record had been made, has been continued to the extent of 30,441 , being a slight increase over the amount of similar work performed last year. It is thought the whole registration will be completed during the present fiscal year, thus forming a valuable addition to the records of this Bureau.

The compiling of an alphabetical list.of 6,041 printed and manuscript books in the custody of this division, has consumed considerable time,

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but the list includes many old records, worn and torn, the accumulation of years, from other offices of the Department, which were not even known to have been in existence until found in the progress of this work.

Under the authority of Congress and the rules adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury, the agents appointed by the governors of Arkansas, Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee, and West Virginia have been furnished, during the year, with all books, papers, etc., necessary to enable them to make a complete copy of any and all matter relative to their respective States, in regard to refunding the direct tax collected in 1865 and 1866.

A comparative statèmeñt of current work done in United States securities during the fiscal year 1890-91, appears below:

Comparative Statement.


Work Performed in Files Rooms.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1891. & 1890. & Increase. & Decrease. \\
\hline Current accounts received, registered, and filed & 38, 231 & 35, 284 & 2,947 & \\
\hline Accounts withdrawn by accounting othicers and othors & 29,043 & 40,515 & & 11,472 \\
\hline Accounts returned, checked; and retiled & 30, 473 & 39,502 & & 9,029 \\
\hline Pages transcribed for suits in court... & 8, 212 & 7, 426 & 786 & . ......... \\
\hline Pages certified for suits in court (292 cases) & 9, 230 & 5,439 & 3,791. & \\
\hline Warrants received and filed ................. & 31,736 & 17,680 & 14, 056 & \\
\hline Internal-revenue stamp books folded, cut, tagged, and filed.. & 39,087 & 39, 069 & 18 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Statishical Destruction.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Year. & No. of sheets. & No. of stamps. & Anount. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1891 \\
& 1890
\end{aligned}
\]} & & 1,631, 414 & 31, 771, 884 & \$24, 820, 464.00 \\
\hline & & 1., 377, 299 & 19, 722, 486 & 14, 549, 100.84 \\
\hline & & 254, 115 & 12, 049, 398 & 10, 271, 363. 16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{division of interest and expenses of public loans.}
(Number representing average force employed, 4.28 ; cost, \(\$ 6,112.50\).)
This division has continued the work for which it was created, namely, the ascertaining and making separate account of what has been expended by the Government for interest, and what for expenses of public loans. It was to have had the aid of one skilled clerk from the office of the Secretary and another from the office of the Treasurer. Only a few months after its organization one of these clerks was sent to the office of the assistant treasurer in New York, and the other became almost blind, being thereby obliged to suspend work. Thereafter the labor devolved on one chief, two clerks, arrd one messenger, until March 21 last, when one copyist was added to the force.

The obstacles to the progress of this force grew out of omissions to comprehend and provide for such account keeping as would be adequate to the vastness of the differences between the dollar value of gold and of currency, and the great costs and expenses of placing and handling the successive public loans, which, in the early days of the rebellion, were not provided for by keeping separate the accounts of specie and currency payments, and, not until 1870, by keeping separate accounts of payments of interest aud of expenses by loans.

To supply the defects which grew out of these omissions, and rectify these errors of omission, made the work of the division one of great skill, intelligence, and labor.

The outcome of its extended labors, performed so very satisfactorily, but the results of which have never hitherto been set forth with much detail, appears in part in the annexed report, from which it will be seen that the amounts of interest paid on loans, and of expenses in making loans, are measurably ascertained, and that a detailed statement of same will soon be given to the printer. It already appears that during the twenty-six years from 1860 to 1886 the Government paid out for interest on its loans \(\$ 2,232,240,026.84\), and from 1835 to and including 1859, approximately, \(\$ 40,862,254.94\); making a total outlay for interest on loans of substantially \(\$ 2,273,102,281.78\).

It further appears that the cost of making public loans for twenty-five years, from 1860 to 1885 , was \(\$ 39,215,074.19\), and that for loans from 1835 to 1860 , approximately, \(\$ 650,382.81\); making a total cost, from 1835 to 1885 , of just about \(\$ 39,865,457\).

\section*{REPORT OF THE DIVISION OF INTEREST AND EXPENSES OF PUBLIC LOANS.}

By John H. King, Chief.


The history of the organization of this division has been heretofore given in the reports of the Register of the Treasury for the years 1888, 1889, and 1890.

The character of the work to be done necessarily compels the employ: ment for the most part of expert clerks, involving as it does the most extensive and intricate accounts between the Treasurer of the United States; the assistant treasurers, and accounts of various disbursing officers and agents with the Government.

To separate the interest paid by loans under the general head of "interest on the public debt," (for not until 1870 was an account opened with each loan), to trace and apply repayments where they properly belonged, etc., and see that each item was in every instance as far as possible absolutely correct, was a task alike acute and burdensome, many single items out of the thousands dealt with having often taken weeks of research and close hard work to determine satisfactorily; and when, some years ago, it was found that such information was desirable, and the subject of making a complete and intelligible statement of the amounts paid by loans out of the appropriations known as "interest on the public debt," running from 1841 and 1842 to 1870, was discussed it was considered by most of those familiar with the work as quite impossible to accomplish, as the items had been entered without a view of ever separating them by loans; and considering the complicated state of the undertaking, the time over which it has extended, and the numerous accounts, vouchers, and warrants that had to be examined and compared, the result has not only been marvelous, but surprisingly satisfactory, from its completeness and success, showing also, as it does, how faithful and honest has been the accounting, by the trusted employés of the Government, in these great borrowing transactions.

To ascertain the expenses of making the Government loans involves the examination of the expenses and transactions of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the accotints kept by many branches of the Treasury service, commissions and premiums paid, transactions with banks and bankers in this country and Europe; amonnts paid express companies, etc.

The information once fully obtained will not only be of historic interest, but of intrinsic value for future reference by the Government.

The work of the division is being done under three general heads: (1) Interest paid on loans; (2) expenses paid in making the loans; (3) premiums received and paid, and discomots on loans. All the work done so far has been under the first two heads.

\section*{THE WORK SO FAR ACCOMPLISHED.}

The division having completed its work on the amount of interest paid from 1860 to 1885 , inclusive, is now at work completing the accounts on the amount of interest paid from 1835 to 1860, which work is progressing as rapidly as the limited force at our command will allow. The utmost difficulty exists in determining the payments by loans, in accounts dealing with unclaimed dividends, and in payment of accounts of some old loans, the items having to be traced through innumerable books back to the beginning of the Government. Still, we are far enough along to approximately state the amount between the latter dates.

The amounts paid from 1860 to 1885 are being copied in book form, and will soon be ready to be printed or filed away.

Appended is a table showing the amount of interest paid each year, from 1860 to 1885 , inclusive, and the amounts paid in 1886 out of and belonging to the appropriation of 1885 , which total, for the twenty-six years, is \(\$ 2,232,240,026.84\).

There is also appended a table, approximately correct, of the amounts paid for interest, by years, from 1835 to 1859 , inclusive, amounting to \(\$ 40,862,254.94\), making a total cost for interest, from 1835 to 1885 , of just about \$2,273,102,281.78.

The amounts in this table from 1835 to 1860 are the original footings, which may be varied by revision and correction, but they are substantially correct. All the above payments are made up from accounts entered on the books of the Register's Office within the years respectively dealt with. Thus the initial year of each of the periods named takes up and carries forward, until disposed of, all balances in personal accounts and outstanding warrants remaining unsettled at the end of the next preceding year; and, as has already been stated, the payments in accounts entered in 1886 out of appropriations made in 1885, while added in the aggregate, are separately given. This work from 1835 to 1859 , inclusive, as soon as compared and corrected, will be copied in book form, the same as the other, and should be printed for preservation and use.

Interest Paid eace Year from 1860 to 1885, inclusive.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Various loans, etc. & Total. & - Various loans, etc. & Total. \\
\hline 1860. & \$2, 145, 702.46 & 1876. & \$80, 570, 815.11 \\
\hline 1861. & 2, 445, 055.93 & 1877. & 103, 829, 330.21 \\
\hline 1863. & 3, 976, 420. 73 & 1878. & 84,088, 682. 82 \\
\hline 1803. & 12, 117, 509. 46 & 1879. & \(90,166,053.45\) \\
\hline 1864. & 27, 230, 932. 78 & 1880. & 71, 997, 557.70 \\
\hline 1865. & 82, 456, 569.93 & 1881. & \(89,675,253.49\) \\
\hline 1866 & 111, \(055,823.84\) & 1882 & 64,540, 263. 72 \\
\hline 1867. & 159, 623, 098.78 & 1883 & 63, 981, 135,53 \\
\hline 1868. & 11.0, 851, 966. 54 & 1884. & 73, 128,093. 18 \\
\hline 1869. & 179, 497, 832. 28 & 1885 & 98, 374, 259. 20 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1870 . \\
& 1871 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \(104,554,067.03\)
\(142,278,575,64\) & & 2, 200, 273, 236. 37 \\
\hline 1872. & 116,546, 189.10 & 1886 (Payments made in 1886 & \(2,200,26,230.37\) \\
\hline 1.873 & 108, 742, 641. 01 & out of appropriations for 1885) & 31,966,790. 47 \\
\hline 1875. & 104, 416, 634.32 & Aggregate. & 2, 232, 240, 026.84 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total Interest Paid from 1835 to 1859, inclusive (close approximate).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Various loans, etc. & Amount. & Various loans, etc. & Amount. \\
\hline 1885 & \$220;469.93 & 1849 & \$2,580, 478. 99 \\
\hline 1836 & 475, 633. 97 & 1850. & 2, 213, 874.60 \\
\hline 1837. & 3, 010.57 & 1851. & 1, 688, 216.96 \\
\hline 1838. & 14, 998.29 & 1852. & 1, 904, 103. 56 \\
\hline 1840. & 409, 775.53 & 18554: & \(4,169,023.02\)
\(2,909,909.07\) \\
\hline 1841. & 220,718.68 & 1855. & 3, 367, 915.17 \\
\hline 1842. & 352, 272. 13 & 1856 & 8, 1.60, 272.16 \\
\hline 1843. & 91, 879.35 & 1857. & 3, 214, 044. 43 \\
\hline 1844. & 1, 330, 123.24 & 1858. & 1, 701, 601. 85 \\
\hline 1845 & 1,550,964. 20 & 1859. & 2, 144, 100.89 \\
\hline 1847. & 702, 077. 51 & Aggregate & 40,862, 254.94 \\
\hline 1848. & 316, 276.43 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The rates of interest paid have been as follows:
Old debt, 4 to 6 per cent.
Mexican indemnity stock, loans of 1841 and 1843, Texan indemnity,
loans of 1858 and 1860 , one and two year notes of \(1863,10-40\) s of 1864 , and funded loan of 1881 , were all at 5 per cent.

The Treasury notes prior to 1846 and Treasury notes of 1846 were from one-tenth of 1 to 6 per cent.

The Treasury notes of 1857,3 to 6 per cent.
Navy pension fund and 3 per cent certificates of 1867 were all at 3 per cent.

The Treasury notes of 1860 were from 6 to 12 per cent.
The \(7-30\) s of 1861,1864 , and 1865 were all at 7.3 per cent.
Temporary loan of 1862 and 1864 was from 4 to 6 per cent.
The certificates of 1870 and funded loan of 1907 were at 4 per cent.
Funded loan of 1891 at \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent.
All the other loans of the Government, from 1836 up to 1885 , over twenty in all, including the compound-interest notes and the Pacific railroad bonds, were at 6 per cent interest.

A number of monthis will be required to complete the interest statement, and as soon as this is done work will be commenced on the premium and discount accounts.

\section*{EXPENSES OF NATIONAL LOANS.}

The work is progressing very satisfactorily on the accounts in relation to the expenses of the Government loans.

The work from 1860 to 1875 and from 1875 to 1885 has been completed and copied in book form, and ready for printing, showing as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 1860 to 1875 & \$32, 785, 269.45 \\
\hline 1875 to 1885 & 6, 429, 804.74 \\
\hline Total & '39, 215, 074. 19 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

These figures differ slightly from the amounts heretofore given, but these are made after all corrections, and are undoubtedly right.
The statement in detail is classified under fully one hundred and twenty different heads. It covers every item of expense, from the paper used and commissions paid, down to photograph material and pins used by the Govermment.

The record shows that for this purpose, among the larger items of expense, there was paid by the Government:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Salaries & \$12, 325, 569. 45 \\
\hline Commissions & 7,393,895.98 \\
\hline Engraving and printing & 5,978, 447.00 \\
\hline Express charges & 2, 553, 524. 38 \\
\hline Paper, including stationery & 1, 423, 123.59 \\
\hline Total & 29, 674, 560. 40 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The balance of the items, over one hundred in all, are composed of such as gas, coal, type, hardware, lumber, repairs, etc.

The amount of expenses between the years 1835 and 1860 is being calculated, and the schedules are made up, though not yet corrected and compared; but the footings, which are approximately correct, show that these expenses amount to \(\$ 650,382.81\), to which add \(\$ 39,215,074.19\) and we have a grand total of \(\$ 39,865,457\) from 1835 to 1885.

All the work, after being copied, should be printed for convenience and preservation.

It is doubtful if a more difficult task in figures was ever undertaken, but that it is being successfully accomplished is certain.

There have been examined over fifty thousand vouchers, and a greater number of accounts, some of the latter being of great length and variety of items; and in making up our items and schedules, the numbers of accounts and vouchers have been preserved for reference thereto when desired.

The discount and premium account, of which at present little can be said except that it is extensive and difficult, will receive attention as soon as the work laid out is completed; and we apprehend a reliable statement thereof can be made.

In justice to the clerks of the division, it should be stated that, in addition to the vast amount of work they have done on the accounts, the division, small as it is, responded to a call made upon it by the Register to meet an exigency in the dispatch of public business, and by the close of the fiscal year examined and put in typewritten form, ready for issuing drafts over 25,000 claims for "Rebate of tax on tobacco" under act of December 15, 1890.

Respectfully submitted.

> Chief of Division of Interest and Expenses of Public Loans.

\section*{Hon. W. S. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury.}

\section*{CLOSING OBSERVATIONS.}

In closing the foregoing summary of the operations of this Bureau, for the past fiscal year, it seems proper to submit such observations as especially deserve the attentive consideration and action of the head of the Department, to whom the law has given a Treasurer to receive and pay out all moneys for the Government and a Register to keep account thereof.

\section*{OUTLOOK FOR THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS.}

The receipts and expenditures branch of the Register's office must grow with the growth of the country's business.

That of loans depends on the volume of transactions in United States bonds, and its force varies with the volume of them.

The note, coupon and currency division depends on the receipt of interest checks and annual redemptions of notes, coin certificates, fractional currency and other evidences of public debt, receiverl, counted, registered, scheduled, and filed away or destroyed.

\section*{CATALOGUING OF FILES.}

The custody, preservation and handling of public files of accounts and papers, and cataloguing them so as to assure prompt and certain' reference to them, will still require much labor on the part of a steady force of skilled clerks before all the files of the Bureau are rendered promptly accessible for immediate securing of information therein.

PRESENT PERIL OF RECORDS.
The files, valuable as they may be, now in custody of this Bureau, are stored partly in six basement rooms and six attic rooms of this building, and in five basement rooms in the Winder building.

About one-tenth of titem are in files room A, in this basement, in fire-proof cases, on iron shelves, closed by iron doors.

All the rest, the preservation of which is so imperative, are kept on wooden shelves, in bundles tied by twine cords or tape, which soon decay. They are exposed to, and are suffering from, the gnawing of rats, mice, cockroaches and other vermin and insects; and to decay and fire. The exposed ends of bundles from 60 to 90 years old have begun to crumble, so as to destroy them as records.

\section*{RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT IN RECORDS.}

All accounts kept in the Treasury Department ought to be thoroughly catalogued, filed flat, and retained in proper sheet-metal cases.

There should be legal provision for regularly segregating those files not likely to be useful in current work from those likely to be called for, cataloguing and removing the former to a suitable place to be known as a hall of records.

Those files which have ceased to have pecuniary or historic value, after thorough cataloguing, should annually be sent to the macerating tank to be made into pulp and sold.

Should the honorable Secretary of the Treasury so will it, these suggested improvements in filing could be effected, gradually, at a comparatively small outlay.

The new system ought to embrace flat filing, for reasons given ou page 15 of the Register's Report for 1890.

\section*{A RENEWL OF IMPOR'TANT RECOMMENDATIONS.}

To avoid repetition reference is here made to pages 16 and 17 of my report for 1890, in which there are set forth reasons for the following improvements: (1) Making correction of certain entries; and (2) the creation, in this office, of a division wherein shall be kept final balances of accounts and details of cost and expenses of all public buildings and grounds.

These improvements have been considered of such importance as to call for annual mention in the Register's reports for the last five or six years, and no Senator or Representative who has looked into the matters is known to have expressed any dissent from the views setting forth the great desirability, and even necessity, of such business-like legislation; on the contrary, many of each have favored such views; and the only explanation for the non-accomplishment of the needed legislation, seems to lie in the stronger pressure of numerous other \({ }^{\circ}\) matters upon the attention of Congress, and the absence of sufficiently active and definite efforts in favor of such legislation on the part of its friends.

It is believed that a vigorous recommendation from the honorable Secretary of the Treasury would secure such legislation and action as would give these needed reforms, and form an era in the history of the administration of the Treasury Department.

Respectfully submitted.
W. S. Rosecrans, Register:

\footnotetext{
Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.
}

\section*{STATEMENTS.}

\section*{LOAN DIVISION.}
A.-Statement showing the Number and amount of United States Bonds issued in the Year ending June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Luans.} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Bonds issued.} \\
\hline & Direct issue. & Exchanges. & I'ransfers. & No. bonds
issued. & Total issued. \\
\hline Consols of 1907-4 per cent. . \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C } \\ \mathrm{R}\end{array}\right.\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 5,200 \\
8,550
\end{array}
\] & \$1, 489, 950 & 54, \(\begin{array}{r}\$ 01 ;\end{array}\) & 64
13,676 & \(\$ 5,400\)
\(55,800,300\) \\
\hline Funded of 1891-42 per cent. . R & & 217, 700 & 3,307,450 & 193 & 3; 525,150 \\
\hline Pacific Railroads ............... R. & & & 8,780,000 & 1,693 & 8,780, 000 \\
\hline D. C. funded-3.65 per cent. . \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R}\end{array}\right.\) & 750
50,000 & & & \(\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 832 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 1,012,000 \\
\hline D. C.funded-5 per cent.....R. & 50, 000 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
30,000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
932,000 \\
-27,000
\end{array}
\] & 332
28 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,012,000 \\
28,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total. & 64, 500 & 1,738, 650 & 67, 348; 450 & 16,592 & 69, 151, 600 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
B.-Statement showing the Number and Amount of United States Bonids Canceled in the Year ending June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Loangs.} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Bonds canceled.} \\
\hline & Redemptions. & Exchanges. & Transters. & No. bonds canceled. & Total canceled. \\
\hline Consols of 1907-4 per cent. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C } \\ \mathrm{R}\end{array}\right.\) & \[
\$ 6,810 ; 150
\]
\[
37,176,550
\] & \$1, 489, 950 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 200 \\
54,301,800
\end{array}
\] & 16,830
23,260 & \(\$ 8,300,300\)
\(91,478,350\) \\
\hline Funded of 1891-4t per cent. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \text { d }\end{array}\right.\) & \[
11,354,850
\] & 217, 700 & 54, 301,800 & \[
\begin{gathered}
23,260 \\
15 ; 330
\end{gathered}
\] & 91, \({ }^{418,572,350}\) \\
\hline Funded of 1891-4 \(\frac{1}{2}\) per cent. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R }\end{array}\right.\) & 47, 603, 400 & & 3, 307, 450 & 17, 827 & 50, 910, 850 \\
\hline Pacific Railroads ..............R. & & & 8,780, 000 & 1,717 & 8,780, 000 \\
\hline D. C. funded-3.65 per cent . \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}\right.\) & 500
50000 & 30,000 & 932, 000 & 160
286 & 30,500
9880 \\
\hline C funded 5 per cent \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{C}\end{array}\right.\) & & 1, 000 & 932, 000 & 286 & 982,000
1,000 \\
\hline D. C. funded-5 per cent ... \(\mathbf{R}_{\text {R }}\) ! & & & 27,000 & 27 & 27,000 \\
\hline 1861, July and Aug.-6 per
cent. & & & & \(\frac{1}{7}\) & 100
1,950 \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {cent }}^{\text {cent }}\) Fels. \(25-6\) per cent .....C. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,950 \\
800
\end{array}
\] & & & 7
5 & 1,950 \\
\hline 1863, Mar. 3-6 per cent..... \({ }^{\text {C. }}\) & 100 & & & 1 & 100 \\
\hline 1863, Mar. 3-31 per cent..... R . & 100 & & & 1 & 100 \\
\hline 1864, Mar. 3-10-40's, 5 per \(\mathrm{C}^{\text {C. }}\) & 2,000 & & & 3 & 1300
2000 \\
\hline cent. & 10,000 & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
3 \\
2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 10,000 \\
\hline 1864, June 30-6 per cent......C. & 10,650 & & & 13 & 10, 650 \\
\hline Consols, 1865-6 per cent......C. & 4,350 & ..... & & 9 & 4, 350 \\
\hline Consols, 1867-6 per cent. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { C. } \\ \mathrm{R}\end{array}\right.\) & 15,400 & & & 33
15 & 15, \({ }^{20} \mathbf{6 5 0}\) \\
\hline consols, 1868-6 per cent.C. & 20,050 & & & 21 & 20, 050 \\
\hline 1881, funded-5 per cent .......C. & 6,000 & & & 7 & 6, 000 \\
\hline 1881, funded - 31 per cent . . . . . R. & 12,800 & & & 8 & 12,800 \\
\hline 1882-3 per cent ...............P. & 68, 250 & & & 37 & 68, 250 \\
\hline 1847 & 300 & & & 1 & 300 \\
\hline War bounty & 100 & & & 1 & 100 \\
\hline Total. & 103, 169, 350 & 1,738, 650 & 67, 348, 450 & 75, 606 & 172, 256, 450 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
C.-Transáctions in Spanish Indemnity Bonds (Act of Congress June 7, 1836).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Issued on transfer.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Canceled on transfer.} \\
\hline & & No. bonds. & Amount. & No. bonds. & Amount. \\
\hline 1888-'89. & & 16 & \$ \(\$ 59,891.48\) & 23 & \$59,891. 48 \\
\hline 1889-'90. & & 4 & 36,813. 86 & 4 & 36, 813.86 \\
\hline 1890-'91. & & 3 & 10, 189.70 & 3 & 10, 189.70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
D.-General Summary of Unissued Bonds, Ypar ending. June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Number. & Amount, \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
On hand July 1, 1890: \\
United States coupon bonds. \\
United States registered bonds. \(\qquad\) \\
District of Columbia bonds \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & & \\
\hline & -8,454 & \$798, 550 \\
\hline & 73,584 & 437, 373, 700 \\
\hline & 2,556 & 3, 009,500 \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{New bonds received, year 1890-'91: District of Cohmbia bonds ....} & 84,594 & 441, 181, 750 \\
\hline & 2,675 & 3, 000, 200 \\
\hline Grand total & 87, 269 & 444, 182, 000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Issted year 1890-91 :} \\
\hline Uniter States coupon bonds. & 64 & 5, 400 \\
\hline United States registered bonds & 16, 162 & \(68,105,450\) \\
\hline District of Columbia bonds & 366 & 1, 040, 750 \\
\hline & 16,592 & 69, 151, 690 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{On hand Juine 30, 1891:} \\
\hline Uniterl States coupon bouds. & 8,390 & 793,150 \\
\hline Onited States registered bonds & 57,422 & 369, 208, 250 \\
\hline Distriet of Columbia bonds & 4,865 & 4,969,000 \\
\hline & 70,677 & 375, 030, 400 \\
\hline Grand total & 87, 269 & 444, 182, 000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
E.-Statement of Work Performed by the Loan Division in the Year ending June 30, 1891.


Le-Statement of Work Performed by the Loan Division, etc.-Continued.


\section*{AUTHORITIES FOR TRANSFER OF BONDS.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Examined........................No.. & 2,761 \\
\hline Recorded and indexed............No.. & 1,949 \\
\hline Certificates furnished First Audi- & \\
\hline tor . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. & 244 \\
\hline Authorities called for and fur- & \\
\hline nished ....................... No.. & 10,434 \\
\hline Authorities called for not on file. No.. & 689 \\
\hline Caveat list, changes ............N.No.. & 125 \\
\hline DIVIDENDS. & \\
\hline Addresses changed, accounts ...No.. & 1,412 \\
\hline Debit and credit abstracts prepared, items. \(\qquad\) & 41,941 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Delit and credit abstracts examined, ilems.-.................................... 41,941 Corrected interest schedules farnished printer......................fio pages. Manuscript schedules furnished printer ................tolio pages Proof examined .............folio pages.. 304 Schedules footed ................folio pages... \(\quad 7,126\) Ledgers balanced.......................... Schedules for drawing and mailing interest sent Treasurer United States, checks authorized..... No..

123, 644
MISCELLANEOUS.
Volnmes delivered binder....... No.. 60 Deliveries to and from binder, bonds verified ................................ No..

58, 289
Bonds numbered on machine. ...No..
55,016
Numericals examined for outstanding
bonds. pages........................... No.. 7, 877
counted..........................No.. 163,430
Miscellaneous footing................... pages.. 3,76
Unclassified work, days engaged. No. .
Index cards prepared, accounts. . No..
Index cards examined, accounts. No..
Index cards arranged, cards ....No. .
Deliveries from valalt to clerks.......
Canceled bonds to note and coupon division.
. \(\$ 21,404,700\)

\section*{NOTE, COUPON, AND CURRENCY DIVISION.}
1.-Number and Amount of Gold Certificates, Currency Certificates of Deposit, Four per Cent Refunding Certificates payable to Order; and Seven-thirty Treasury Notes Received, Reglstered, and Placed on File during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Anthorizing acts. & Places of issue and payment. & Report numbers. & Number. & Amount. \\
\hline Seven-thirty Treasury notes. & * & & & - \\
\hline Acts June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865: & & & & \\
\hline First series & & 278769 to 278770 & 2 & \$150 \\
\hline Second series & & 280082 to 282778 & 2 & 150 \\
\hline 'Third series & & 277238 to 282778 & 12 & 850 \\
\hline Total & & & 16 & 1, 150 \\
\hline Gold certificates. & , & & & \\
\hline Act March 3, 1863: & & & & \\
\hline Old issue & & 276453 to 280461 & 10 & 760 \\
\hline Series 1875 & & 276453 to 282089 & 18 & 8,300 \\
\hline Total & & & 28 & 9,060 \\
\hline Act July 12, 1882, series 1888 & & 276513 to 282781 & 1,857 & 38,025, 000 \\
\hline A.ct February 26, 1879, 4 per cent refunding certificates payable to order & & 278767 & 1 & 10 \\
\hline Currency certificates of deposit. & & & & \\
\hline Act June 8, 1872: & & & & \\
\hline Series E . . . & Baltimore, Md & 276489 to 282782 & 466 & \[
4,660,000
\] \\
\hline Series \(A\) and E & Boston, Mass & 276489 to 282782 & 145 & 1, 445,000 \\
\hline Series E. & Chicago, Ill ....... & 276489 to 282782 & 91 & 1,910,000 \\
\hline Series \(\mathbf{E}\) & Cincinnati, Ohio . & 276489 to 282782 & 117 & 1,170,000 \\
\hline Series 13 and E & New York, N. Y.. & 276489 to 282782 & 970 & 9,660,000 \\
\hline Series E & Philadelphia, Pa.. & 276489 to 282782 & 658 & 6,580,000 \\
\hline Series B and E & St. Louis, Mo..... & 276489 to 282782 & 57 & 450,000 \\
\hline Series E & Washington, D. C & 276489 to 282782 & 62. & 620,000 \\
\hline Total & & & 2,566 & 25,495, 000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1H.-Numberand Amount of In derest Checks of Various Loans on Hand July 1, 1890, and Received during the Fiscal Year 1890-91, and Counted, Tied in 100s ang 1,000s, Registered, Examined, Labeled, and Compared wita Last Fiscal Year.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Report numbers (inclusive). & To be counted and tied in 100 s and 1,000s. & To be reg. istered. & To be examined, labeled, and filed. & Amount. \\
\hline On hand July 1, 1890: & & & & & \\
\hline Consols of 1907, at 4 per cent & 275, 094 to 275,817 & & 20,004 & 20,004 & \$1, 772, 949. 07 \\
\hline Received during fiscal year: & & & & & \\
\hline Loan of July and Augnst, 1861, final dividend. & 280, 865 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 15.00 \\
\hline Loan of July and Angust, 1861, continued at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent......... & 280,867 & 1. & 1 & 1. & -8.75 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1881, at 5 per cent... & 276, 729 to 280, 869 & 22 & 22 & 22 & 440.61 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1881, final dividend.. & 280,868 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 58.83 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1881, continued at 31 per cent \(\qquad\) & 276, 728 to 280,866 & 18 & 18 & 18 & 295.45 \\
\hline Loan July 12, 1882, at 3 per cent... & 276, 730 to 280, 870 & 27 & 27 & 27 & 535. 11 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1891, at \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per ceut. & 276, 168 to 281, 840 & 25, 231 & 25, 231 & 25, 231. & 3, 556, 293.13 \\
\hline Loan, consols, 1907, at 4 per cent. & 274, 719 to 282, 732 & 97, 815 & 97,815 & 97,815 & 16,440, 079.00 \\
\hline Loan, Pacific Railroads, at 6 per cent. & 276,978 to 281, 712 & 3,270 & 3,270 & 3,270 & 2,346, 370.32 \\
\hline Loan, District of Columbia, at 3.65 per cent & 277, 233 to 282, 426 & 643 & 643 & 643 & 466, 379.50 \\
\hline Loan, District of Columbia, old funded debt. & 277, 172 to 282, 424 & 138 & 138 & 138 & 25,575.00 \\
\hline Totals & & 127, 167 & 147, 171 & 147, 171 & 24,608, 999.77 \\
\hline Number counted, registered, examined, labeled, and tied in fiscal & & & & & \\
\hline & & 127, 167 & 144, 668 & 144, 668 & \(24,435,009.77\) \\
\hline On hand to register, examine, label, and file July 1, 1891 ...... & & & 2,503 & :2,503 & 173,990.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Ma.-Number and Amount of Interest Checks of Various Loans Recrived during the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891.


LIa.-Number and Amount of Interest Checks of Various Loans Received dúbing the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Loans.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Place of payment.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{New Orleans.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{New York.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Philadelphia.} \\
\hline & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
July and August, 1861: \\
Final divideud....
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Continued 3 per cent & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Funded loan, 1881: \\
At 5 per cent Final dividend
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Continued \(3 \sqrt{2}\) per cent & & & 10 & 135.40. & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Consols of 1907 at 4 per cent.............) \(300|62,778.50| 55,234|13,212,613.00| 9,94811,058,226.00\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
District of Columbia: \\
3.65 per cent
\end{tabular} & & & & 406, 317.25. & & \\
\hline old funded dobt & & & 78 & . 16, 125.00. & & \\
\hline Total for fiscal year endingJune 30, 1891. & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Total for fiscal year ending-} & 1, 432, 396. 94 \\
\hline June 30, 1890........... & 938 & 175, 465. 62 & 78,'025 & 20, 305, 724.94 & \[
15,955
\] & 1,688, 563. 39 \\
\hline Decrease & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{482 \(\mid\) 81, 218.87} & 8,138 & 2, 402,679.60 & 2,658 & 256, 166.45 \\
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Loans.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Place of payment.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{St. Louis.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{San Francisco.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Washington.} \\
\hline & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. & No. & Amount. \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{July and August, 1801:} \\
\hline Continued 3 per cent & & & & & 1 & 8.75 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Funded loan, 1881:} \\
\hline At 5 per cent & & & & & 4 & 121.87 \\
\hline Final dividend....... & & & & & 1 & 58.83 \\
\hline Continued \(3 \frac{2}{2}\) per cent.
July 12, 1882, at
per cent. & & & & & 4 & 142.57
517.50 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1891, at 4 4 per ce & & \$27, 719.71 & 49 & \$0, 305.43 & 1,634 & 108, 337.84 \\
\hline Consols of 1907 at 4 per cent & 1,169 & 91, 809.50 & 616 & 67, 212.00 & 6, 511 & 310, 555. 50 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline Old funded debt & & & & & 60 & 9, 450.00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline Jû̀e 30, 1890 & 2, 000 & 159, 653.11 & 1,201 & 146, 269.87 & 10,435 & 844, 251.76 \\
\hline Decrease & 653 & 38, 803. 90 & 532 & 73, 422.44 & 1,875 & 221, 691. 65 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SUMMARY.}

Paid at United States Treasury and Subtreasurles.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Places of payment.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Total.} \\
\hline & No. & Amount. \\
\hline Baltimore, Md & 1,347 & \$376,687.87 \\
\hline Boston, Mass & 25,556 & 1, 630, 042.91 \\
\hline Cincago, \({ }^{\text {cinatio }}\) Ohio & 3,185
2,863 & \(388,394.46\)
\(194,979.68\) \\
\hline New Orleans, La & 456 & 94, 246.75 \\
\hline New York, N. Y & 69, 887 & 17, 903, 045. 34 \\
\hline Philadelphia, Pa & 13, 297 & 1, 432, 396.94 \\
\hline St. Louis, Mo. & 1,347 & 120, 849.21 \\
\hline San Francisco, Cal & \({ }^{669}\) & 72, 847.43 \\
\hline Washington, D. C. & 8,560 & 622,560.11 \\
\hline Total for fiscal year ending June 30, \(1891 .\). & 127, 167 & 22,836,050.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1Ib.-Total Number of Interest Checis of Various Loans on File to June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Loass, & Number of checks. & Amonut, \\
\hline Loan, July 17, and Aug. 5, 1861 : & & \\
\hline At 6 per cent. & 5, 992 & \$3, 826, 557.00 \\
\hline Continued at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent & 6, 198 & 1., 781, 662.80 \\
\hline Loan Mar. 3, 1863: & & \\
\hline at 6 per cent. & 3,098 & 1,513, 405.50 \\
\hline Continued at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent & 6,566 & 1, 674, 064.85 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1881: & & \\
\hline At 5 per cent & 202, 184 & 109, 662, 608, 19 \\
\hline Continued at \(3 \frac{1}{\text { d }}\) per cent & 54, 246 & 16, 096, 026. 24 \\
\hline Loan of July 12, 1882, at 3 per cent & 81, 858 & 2S, 345, 545. 74 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1891, at \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent. & 554, 036 & 102,797, 849.26 \\
\hline Loan, consols, 1907, at 4 per cent. & 2, 097, 631 & 261, 379, 000.01 \\
\hline Loan, Pacific railways, at 6 per cent & - 34,990 & 37, 236, 916. 80 \\
\hline Loan, District of Colnmbia, at 3.65 per cent & 11., 989 & \(5,392,715.50\) \\
\hline Loan, District of Columbia, old funded debt & 2,785 & 283, 751. 89 \\
\hline Total & 3,061, 573 & 569, 990, 103.7. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
III.-Number of Redeemed Detached Coupons of Vamious Loans on Hand July 1, 1890; Number Received; Number Counted to Verify Comptroller's Schedules; Number Arranged Numerically and Countrd, Registrred, Examined, Scheduled, and Transferred to Ledger during Fiscal Yiear ending Júne 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & To be counted to verify comp. troller's schedules. & To be arranged numerically and counted. & To be entered in numerical registers. & - To be compared with \({ }^{\circ}\) entries in numerical registers. & To be scheduled by loans, denominations, and dates. & To be entered in ledgers. \\
\hline On hand July l, 1890 & & 5,188 & 274, 904 & 442,506 & 961, 299 & 2,116,099 \\
\hline Received in fiscal year ending June 30, 1891 (report Nos. 275693 to 282505 , inclusive) & 954, 547 & 954, 547 & 954,547 & 954, 547 & 954, 547 & 954, 547 \\
\hline Total & 954, 547 & 959, 735 & 1, 229, 451 & 1, 397, 053 & 1,915, 846 & 3, 070, 646 \\
\hline Counted to verify Comptroller's schedules (report Nos. 275693 to 282505 , inclusive) & 054,547 & & & & & \\
\hline Arranged numerically and
counted (report Nos. 275437
to 280732 , inclusive)...... & & 800, 361 & & & & \\
\hline Entered in numerical registers (report Nos. 273870 to 280080 , inclusive) & & & 942,580 & & & 8 \\
\hline Compared with entries in mumericalregisters, boxed, labeled, and filed (report Nos. 272676 to 279010 , inclusive) \(\qquad\) & & & & 843, 273 & & \\
\hline Scheduled by loans, denomi. nations, and dates (report Nos. 269588 to 273585, in-
clusive) clusive) & & & & & 604, 926 & \\
\hline Entered in ledger (report Nos. 263600 to 265968 , inclusive) & & & & & & 461, 066 \\
\hline On hand July 1, 1891.. & & 159,374 & 286, 871 & 553,780 & 1,310,920 & 2, 609, 580 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mila.-Number of Redeemed Detached Coupons of Various Loans Received during fiscal Year ending Jene 30 , 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Loams.} & \multicolumn{11}{|c|}{Where paid.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total.} \\
\hline & \(\stackrel{\text { New }}{\text { Nork }}\) & Boston. & Philadelphia. & Baltimore. & Washington. & Cincin nati. & Chicago. & St. Louis. & San Fran- & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { New } \\
& \text { Orleans. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { New York. } \\
& \text { and Wash. } \\
& \text { ington. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline February 25, 1862 & & & & & & & & & & & & 8 \\
\hline March 3, 1863 (two-year 5 per cent) & & & & & & & & & & & & 3 \\
\hline March 3, 1864 (10.40.9) ............. & & & & & 9 & & & & & & & 9 \\
\hline June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865 (7-30s & & & & & 8 & & & & & & & 8 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
March 3, 1865: \\
First series
\end{tabular} & & & & & 1 & & & & & & & 1 \\
\hline Second series (consols of 1865) & 1 & & 1 & & & & & & & & & 2 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Third series (consols of 1867) \\
5 per cent funded loan, 1881
\end{tabular} & 3
1 & & & & 10 & & & & & & & 13 \\
\hline 41 per cent funded loan, 1891 .... & 77, 172 & 17,070 & 6,118 & 1,0999 & 1,335 & 2,000 & 4,224 & 999 & 508 & 163 & & 110, 688 \\
\hline 4 per cent consols, 1907......... & 390, 923 & 129, 614 & 52,948 & 12, 765 & 12, 657 & 88, 207 & 46,772 & 43,218 & 13, 924 & 6,211 & & 797, 239 \\
\hline District of Columbia. & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {3-65s; }}\); fifty-year funding.. & & & & & & & & & & & 11,282 & 11, 282 \\
\hline \({ }_{7}^{6}\) per cent per cent permanent-improvement & & & & & & & & & & & 19,994 & 19, 994 \\
\hline 7 per cent permanent-improvenent
6 per cent twenty-Jear funding, 1892 & & & & & & & & & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
2,125 \\
8,187 \\
\hline 1887
\end{tabular} & 2,125
8187 \\
\hline 6 per cent thirty year funding, 1902. & & & & & & & & & & & 1,884 & 1,884 \\
\hline 5 per cent twenty-year funding, 1899 & & & & & & & & & & & 1,706 & 1,706 \\
\hline Water stock. & & & & & & & & & & & 1,101 & 1, 101 \\
\hline Market stock.. & & & & & & & & & & & 296 & 296 \\
\hline Total & 468, 100 & 146, 684 & 59,067 & 13, 864 & 14, 081 & 90, 207 & 50, 996 & 44, 217 & 14, 432 & 6, 374 & 46,575 & 954,547 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
[1]b.-Comparative Statement of Redeemed Detached. Coupons, etc.

IV.-Number and Amount of Redeemed (detached) Coupons Recerved in the Note, Cóupón, and Curriency Division up to June 30, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Authorizing act. & No. of counpons. & Amount. \\
\hline Act of April 15, 1842. & 42, 268 & \$1, 994. 580. 00 \\
\hline March 3, 1843 & 26, 657 & 860, 925.00 \\
\hline March 31, 1848 & 222, 212 & 7,664, 010. 00 \\
\hline September 9, 1850 (Texan indemnity) & 107, 805 & 3, \({ }^{\text {a }}\), \(95,125.00\) \\
\hline June 14, 1858. & 459,372 & 11, \(484,300.00\) \\
\hline June 22, 1860... & 26, 318 & 667, 950. 00 \\
\hline February 8, 1861 & 216, 378 & 6, 491. 340.00 \\
\hline March 2, 1861 (Oregon war debt) & 123,553 & 1,758, 128.00 \\
\hline July 17 and August 5, 1861 & 3, 500, 420 & 73, 243, 581.00 \\
\hline July 17, 1861 (OAd 7.30 s ) & 2, 326,771 & 23, \(652,537.42 \frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline February 25,1862 & 15, 300, 290 & \(238,351,411.50\) \\
\hline March 3, 1863: & & \\
\hline \({ }_{2}^{6}\) - yer cent. 5 per ce & 1, 076,889 & \(23,128,500.00\) \\
\hline 2. year 5 per cent
March \(3,1864,10 \cdot 40 \mathrm{~s}\) & 879,129 & 7, 169, 182.50 \\
\hline March 3, 1864, 10-40s & 2, 647,988 & 46, 502, 119.50 \\
\hline June 30, 1864..................... & 1,597, 921 & 32, 665, 241. 50 \\
\hline June 30, 1864, and March 3, 1865, 7-303
March 3, 1865: & 12,835, 206 & 123, 329, 572. \({ }^{\text {7 }} \frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline March 3, 1865 :
First series. & & \\
\hline Second series consols of 1865 & 3, 181,597 & 82, 293, 793.50 \\
\hline Third series consols of 1867 & 11, 669, 384 & 121,048,155.50 \\
\hline - Fourth series consols of 1868 & 1, 283, 407 & 16, 336, 733.00 \\
\hline July 8, 1870 (certificates of indebtedness) & 6,102 & 122, 040.00 \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {o }}\) Louisville and Portland Canal Co & 16,349 & 490, 470. 00 \\
\hline District of Columbia: & & \\
\hline Fifty-year 3.65 per cent funding & 476,725 & 3,221, 619.50 \\
\hline 6 per cent permanent-improvement & 225, 532 & 2,714, 499.00 \\
\hline 7 per cent permanent-improveme & 29,017 & 536, 763. 50 \\
\hline Twenty-year funded, 1892. & 85, 917 & 804, 361.50 \\
\hline Thirty-year funded, 1902 & 23,486 & 472, 227, 00 \\
\hline 5 per cent twenty-year funded, 1899 & 17,662 & 400, 847.50 \\
\hline Ten-year Bowen & 3,099 & 16,821.00 \\
\hline Water stock & 10, 021 & 350, 735.00 \\
\hline Market stock & 2, 823 & 43, 048. 25 \\
\hline Steam force & 10 & 182.50 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1881, 5 per cent & 10, 231, 503 & 96, 729, 347, 51 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1891, 42 per cent & 4, 098, 184 & 36,101, 840.36 \\
\hline Consols of 1907, 4 per cent. & 15, 838, 601 & 73, 640, 988.00 \\
\hline Total & -97, 105,449 & 1,198, 013, 075.42 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note.-Until February, 1867, no Comptroller's schedules were received with these coupons, and recent references to those received prior to that date indicate that they were not accurately classified under their respective loans, but it is believed that in aggregate number and face value this statement is in the main correct.

2W.-Number and Amount of Exchanged and Redeemed United States Coupon and District of Columbia Bonds, and Louisvilitit and Portland Canal Company's Bonds, and Number of attached Coupons Examined, Counted, Entered in Blotters, Transferred to the Numerical Registers, and Scheduled in Duplicate during the Fiscal Year ending June 30 , 1891.
[E.-Exchanges, i.e., conversions into registered stock. R.-Redemptions, i.e., paid at maturity or under "calls."]


Vh.-Number and Amount of Redfemed United States Notes, Silver, Gold, Refunding Certificates, Fractional Currency, and Internal Revienue Sifaps Counted, Canceled, and Destroyed during the Fiscal Year ended June 30 , 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Securities.} & \multicolumn{13}{|c|}{Denominations.} \\
\hline & \$1. & \$2. & \$5. & \$10. & \$20. & \$50. & \$100. & \$500. & \$1, 000. & \$5, 000. & \$10,000. & No. of pieces. & Amount. \\
\hline United States notes: old demand . . . & & & 125.00 & \[
60
\] & 200 & & & & & & & 41 & \$385.00 \\
\hline - New issue...... & '1,962.00 & 3,216 & 31, 160.00 & 64, 435 & 78,220 & 12, 700 & 15, 200 & 7,500 & 3,000 & & & 20,588 & 217, 393. 00 \\
\hline Series 1869 & 8, 862. 50 & 11, 424 & 100, 787.50 & 482, 290 & '642, 630 & 94, 250 & 261, 800 & 7,000 & 139, 000 & & & -119.758 & 1, 748,044.00 \\
\hline Series 1874 & 4,760.50 & 5,311 & & & & 396,350 & & 115,500 & & & & 15,584 & 521,921. 50 \\
\hline Series 1875 & 12,315.50 & 15,322 & 152,262.50 & 220, 505 & 420,930 & 49,500 & 405, 000 & 143,500 & & & & 98,878 & 1, 419, 335.00 \\
\hline Series 1878 & 11, 859.00 & 10. 163 & 157, 575.00 & 341, 590 & 790, 970 & 336,950 & 689, 200 & 406,000 & 493, 000 & - 10,000 & & 137, 123 & 3, 247, 307. 00 \\
\hline Series \(1880 . .\). & 338, 393.50 & 367, 361 & 16, \(261,610.00\) & 17, 156, 605 & 15, 957, 230 & \(3,129,100\) & 4, 533,500 & 2,271, 000 & 3,623, 000 & & & 6, 404, 237 & 63, 687, 999. 50 \\
\hline Series \(1890 . .\). & 139, 967.00 & 34, 908 & 123, 815.00 & 512, 290 & 21,320 & & 186, 700 & & 605,000 & & & 236,951 & 1,624,000.00 \\
\hline One-year notes of 1803 & & & & 70 & 320 & & 100 & & & & & 24 & 490.00 \\
\hline Two-year notes of 1863 & & & & & & 150 & 100 & & & & & 4 & 250.00 \\
\hline Compound interest notes: & & - . & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Of 1863 & & & & 30 & & & & & & & & 3 & 30.00 \\
\hline Of 1864 & & & & 330 & 1,240 & 550 & 100 & 500 & & & & 108 & 2.720 .00 \\
\hline Silrer certificates: & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
W. 1878 \\
N. Y. 1878
\end{tabular} & & & & 7, 1000 & 19,000
8,700 & 24,550
11,600 & 29,600
5,800 & 6,500 & 15, 000 & & & 2,475
900 & \(101,750.00\)
\(27,850.00\) \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { N. Y. } 1878 \\
& \text { S. F. } 1878 .
\end{aligned}
\] & & & & 1,750 & 8,700 & 11, 600 & 5,800
800 & & & & & 900 & \(27,850.00\)
\(5,000.00\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
S. F. 1878 \\
W. 1880
\end{tabular} & & & & \(7,462,280\) & 7, 894, 200 & 755, 200 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 849 \\ 800 \\ \hline 200\end{array}\) & 500
490,000 & 715,000 & & & 1, 166, 655 & \(5,000.00\)
\(18,166,430.00\) \\
\hline N. Y. 1880 & & & & 794, 970 & 146, 240 & . 6 , 10 & & & 15,000 & & & 1, 16, 809 & 18, 241. 210.00 \\
\hline W. 1886 & 11, \(389,274.00\) & \(7,868,255\) & 21, 597, 432.00 & 12,200,385 & 130,980 & & & & & & & 20,869, 832 & \(53,186,326.00\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Gold certiflcates: \\
W. 1882
\end{tabular} & & & & & 1,270,540 & 1,029,600 & 1,427, 300 & 1,981,500 & , 150,000 & 555,000 & 9, 020,000 & 109, 318 & 24, 433, 940.00 \\
\hline N. Y. 1882 & & & & & 701, 140 & 557, 750 & 270, 200 & 186,000 & 161,000 & 60,000 & 630,000 & 49,522 & 2, \(566,090.00\) \\
\hline Four per cent refouding certificates. & & & & 10, 850 & & & & & & & & 1,085 & 10, 850.00 \\
\hline Total. & 11, 907, 394.00 & 8,316, 160 & 3S, 424, 767.00 & 38,550, 540 & 28, 084, 360 & 6,399, 000 & 8,674, 600 & 5, 615, 500 & 10,907,000 & 4,625,000 & 9,650,000 & & . \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


VIH.-Scmedule of Statistical Destructions during the Fiscar Year ended June 30, 1891.


0
VIIE. -Work Performed in Files Rooms.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1891: & 1890. & Increase. & Decrease. \\
\hline Current accounts received, registered, and filed & 38,231 & 35, 284 & 2,947 & \\
\hline Acconints withdrawn by accounting officers and others & 29,043 & 40,515 & & 11,472 \\
\hline Accounts returned, checked, and refiled. & 30, 473 & 39,502 & & 9,029 \\
\hline Pages transcribed for suits in court. & 8,212 & 7,426 & 786 & \\
\hline Pages certified for suits in court (292 cases) & 9,230 & 5,439 & 3,791 & \\
\hline Warrants received and filed . . . . . . . . . . . . & 31,736 & 17, 680 & 14, 056 & \\
\hline Internal-revenue stamp books folded, ent, tagged, and filed.. & 39, 087 & 39,069 & 18 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

IT.-Number and Amount of Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferred United States Coupon Bonds, and Number of Atrached Coupons that after Examination, Registration, etc., haye been Delivered to the Destruction Committee tó March 10 , 1881.


\footnotetext{
\(*\) Except one bond of \(\$ 50\), withdrawn from Case No. 3241 and now on file.
}

1X.-Number and amount of Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferred United Statins Coupon Bonds, Etc.-Contimued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Act June 30, 1864............. \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { E. } \\ \mathrm{R} . \\ \mathrm{T} .\end{array}\right.\) & 1 to
1 to
1 to & 3153
8474
24 & 2, 2,945 & 94,205
62,395 & 11, 2911 & \(|\)\begin{tabular}{l}
380,846 \\
297 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \(\left|\begin{array}{r}10,257 \\ 15, \\ 946 \\ 90\end{array}\right|\) & \[
\left|\begin{array}{r}
354,090 \\
338,771 \\
2,848
\end{array}\right|
\] & \[
\left|\begin{array}{r}
58,741 \\
39,943 \\
243
\end{array}\right|
\] & \[
\left|\begin{array}{r}
2,137,938 \\
836,901 \\
7,823
\end{array}\right|
\] & & & & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
82,974 \\
73,136 \\
333
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,967,079 \\
1,535,779 \\
10,671
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6 \overline{5}, 182,850 \\
49,498,400 \\
288,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 5,631 & 156, 600 & 25,592 & 678,558 & 26, 293 & 695, 709 & 98, 927 & 2, 982, 662 & & & & & & & 156,443 & 4, 513, 529 & 114, 914, 250 \\
\hline Act March 3, 1865: & 1 to & 2930 & 83 & 2,602 & 6,742 & 202, 262 & 17, 017 & 589, 263 & 43, 381 & 1,502, 017 & & & & & & & 67, 223 & 2, 296, 144 & 52, 567, 850 \\
\hline \(\underset{\text { First, series, May and No. }}{\text { vember.............. }}\) (1. & 1 to & 10825 & 628 & 12,328 & 18, 636 & 359, 55.7 & 35, 098 & 619, 813 & 105, 836 & 1, 853,063 & & & & & & & 160, 198 & \(2,844,761\) & 125, 280, 000 \\
\hline ember.................. \(\mathbf{I V}_{\mathbf{T}}\). & & \[
13
\] & & & 2 & & . 82 & 2,950 & 173. & 6, 106 & & & & & & & 257 & 9, 117 & 214, 200 \\
\hline Total & & & 711 & 14, 930 & 25, 380 & 561, 880 & 52, 197 & 1, 212, 026 & 149, 390 & 3,361, 186 & & & & & & & 227, 678 & 5,150, 022 & 178, 062, 050 \\
\hline Act March 3, 1865: & 1 to & 5409 & 18,825 & 519, 296 & 34, 758 & 954, 260 & 24,584 & 744, 798 & 70,111 & 2, 224, 893 & & & & & & & 148,278 & 443, 247 & 6, 820, 050 \\
\hline  & 1 to & 304 & 13, 529 & 366, 671 & 25, 160 & 682, 156 & 21, 789 & 593,018 & 38, 704 & 1,047, 899 & & & & & & & 99, 182 & 2, 689,744 & 52, 790,950 \\
\hline 18,65..................... T T. & 1 to & 8 & 13, 3 & 98 & - & & & - 236 & 229 & 7,561 & & & & & & & 243 & 8,009 & 233,050 \\
\hline 'Total & & & 32, 357 & 886, 065 & 59,922 & 1,636,530 & 46,380 & 1,338, 052 & 109, 044 & 3, 280, 353 & & & & & & & 247, 702 & 7,141,000 & 139, 844, 050 \\
\hline Act of March 3, 1865: & 1 to & 4638 & 46, 681 & 1, 506, 708 & 77, 536 & 2, 494, 456 & 17,735 & 585, 736 & 48,632 & 1,672, 833 & & & & & & & 190,584 & 6, 259, 733 & 67,587, 150 \\
\hline Third series, consols of \({ }_{1867}\). & 1 to & 244 & 13, 5841 & 429, 098 & 24, 455 & 770, 311 & 9,674 & 308, 505 & 17, 183! & 544, 363 & & & & & & & 64, 896 & 2,052, 279 & \[
25,144,700
\] \\
\hline  & 1 to & 21 & 15 & \[
504
\] & & 579 & & & 204 & - 7,290 & & & & & & & 253 & 9,033 & \[
215,350
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 60, 280 & 1,936,310 & 102, 007 & 3, 265, 346 & 27, 427 & 894,901 & 66,019 & 2, 224, 488 & & & & & & & 255, 733 & 8,321, 045 & 92, 947, 200 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Act of March 3, 1865 : \\
Fourth series, consols of \(\{\mathbf{E}\).
\end{tabular} & 1 to & 1437 & 7, 204 & 242, 555 & 14, 563 & 486, 867 & 3,673 & 125, 706 & 9,556 & 834, 800 & & & & & 。 & & 34,994 & 1, 189, 928 & 13, 209, 000 \\
\hline 1.868................... \(\{\) R. & 1 to & 104 & ], 261 & 40, 91. & 2, 433 & 79, 11.4 & 359 & 11,090 & 774 & 23, 291 & & & & & & & 4, 827 & 154, 413 & 1, 259, 850 \\
\hline Total & & & 8,465 & 283, 473 & 16,996 & 565, 981 & 4,032 & 136,796 & 10,330 & 358, 091 & & & & & & & 39,823 & 1,344,341 & 14, 468, 850 \\
\hline Funded loan of \(1881 \ldots \ldots \ldots\left\{\begin{array}{l}\mathbf{E} . \\ \mathbf{R} .\end{array}\right.\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { to } \\
& 1 \text { to }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1897 \\
9
\end{array}
\] & 2,678 & 85.077 & 2,298 & 73,207 & 4,112 & 131, 644 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
45,298 \\
151
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,512,660 \\
5,746
\end{array}
\] & & & 9 & 28 & 40 & 1, 257 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
54,435 \\
151
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,804,130 \\
5,746
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
48,162,700 \\
151,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 2,678 & 85,077 & 2, 298; & ; 73,207 & 4,112 & 131,644 & 45, 449 & 1, 518, 406 & & & 9 & 285 & 40 & 1,257 & 54, 586 & 1,809, 876 & 48, 313,700 \\
\hline District of Columbia, 3.65s (total) .E. & 1 to & 616 & 6, 220 & 601, 637 & & & 16,762 & 1,578, 380 & & & & & & & & & 22, 982 & 2, 180, 017 & 8,692,000 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1891 (total) ..... E . & 1 to & 1136 & 1,303 & 72,479 & 55 & 30, 262 & 6,436 & 343, 303 & 30, 446 & 1,644, 444 & & & & & & & 38,735 & 2,090,488 & 33, 784, 150 \\
\hline Funded loan of 1907........... \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { E. } \\ \text { T. }\end{array}\right.\) & 1 to & 3240 & 6, 920 & 772, 950 & 13, 288 & 1, 527, 792 & 7,523 & 839,336 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
89,196 \\
50 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,002,539 \\
5,900
\end{array}
\] & & & & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
116,927 \\
50
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
13,142,617 \\
5,900
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
94,632,300 \\
50,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 6,920 & 772, 950 & 13, 288 & 1, 527, 792 & 7,523 & 839,336 & 89,246 & 10,008,439 & & & & & & & 116, 977 & 13, 148,517 & 94, 682, 300 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

RECAPITULATION.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Loans.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$50.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$100.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$500.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$1, 000.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\$3, 000.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\$5,000.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\$10,000.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Amount.} \\
\hline & Number of bonds. &  &  &  &  & Number of coupons. &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  & & & \\
\hline Act March 31, 1848 & & & & & & & 6,474 & 62,530 & 255 & 3,661 & 147 & 2,633 & 26 & 426 & 6,902 & 69, 250 & \$8, 234, 000 \\
\hline Act June 14, 1858 & & & & & & & 18, 984 & 68, 271 & & & & & & & 18,984 & 68, 271 & 18,984, 000 \\
\hline Act June 22, 1860 & & & & & & & 1, 751 & 7,548 & & & & & & & 1,731 & 7,548 & 1,731, 000 \\
\hline Act February 8,1861 & & & & & & & 4,006 & 112, 863 & & & & & & & 4, 006 & 112,863 & 4, 006,000 \\
\hline Acts July 17 and A ugust 5, 1861 & 3,284 & 85,633 & 12,871 & 335,548 & 20,783 & 592,678 & 61,593 & 1, 810, 617 & & & & & & & 98,531 & 2, 824, 476 & \(73,435,800\) \\
\hline Act February 25, 1862: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & 99, 789, 500 \\
\hline Nirst serd series & 30,386
27,506 & 655, 016 & \begin{tabular}{l}
43,227 \\
65 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & - 919,365 & 39,908
41,178 & 847, 104 & 73,996
71 & \(1,663,883\)
\(1,503,759\) & & & & & & & 205, 680 & \(4,085,368\)
\(4,201,969\) & \(99,789,500\)
\(99,581,000\) \\
\hline Third series. & 17, 531 & 322, 089 & 54, 046 & 1, 971,297 & 30, 634 & 533, 039 & 77,608 & 1,444, 552 & & & & & & & 179, 819 & 3, 270,977 & 99, 206, 150 \\
\hline Fourth series & 24,914 & 417; 801 & 90, 108 & 1, 460, 562 & 44,112 & 693,462 & 120, 198 & 2, 001, 595 & & & & & & & 279, 332 & 4,573, 420 & 152,510,500 \\
\hline Act March 3, 1863 & 1, 833 & 52,580 & 6,180 & 174, 615 & 7, 895 & 237, 833 & 30,968 & 944, 359 & & & & & & & 46,876 & 1., 409, 387 & 35, 625, 150 \\
\hline Act March 3,1864 (10-40s) .......... & 14, 052 & 492, 755 & 45, 007 & 1, 580, 718 & 32, 641 & 2, 393, 200 & 81, 352 & 6, 053, 092 . & & & & & & & 178, 052 & 10, 519,764 & 102, 875,800 \\
\hline  & 5,631 & 156, 600 & 25,592 & 678,558 & 26, 293 & 695, 709 & 98,927 & 2, 982, 662 & & & & & & & 156, 443 & 4, 513,529 & 114, 914, 250 \\
\hline Act March 3, 1865:
Firstseries, May and November & 711 & 14,930 & 25,380 & 561, 880 & 52,197 & 1,212, 026 & 149,390 & 3, 361, 186 & & & & & & & 227, 678 & 5, 150, 022 & 178, 062, 050 \\
\hline Second series, consols 1865...... & 32,357 & 886,065 & 59,922 & 1, 636,530 & 46, 380 & \(1,338,052\) & 109,044 & 3, 280,353 & & & & & & & 247, 703 & 7,141, 000 & 139, 844, 050 \\
\hline Third series, consols 1867. & 60, 280 & 1, 936, 310 & 102, 007 & 3, 265, 346 & 27,427 & -894,901. & 66,01.9 & 2, 224, 488 & & & & & & & 255, 733 & 8, 321, 045 & 692, 947, 200 \\
\hline Fourth series, consols 1868 & 8,465 & 283, 473 & 16,996 & 565, 981 & 4, 032 & 136,796 & 10, 330 & 358, 091 & & & & & & & 39, 823 & 1, 344, 341 & 14, 468, 850 \\
\hline Funded loans, 1881 & 2, 678 & 85, 077 & 2,298 & 73, 207 & 4, 112 & 131, 644 & 45, 449 & 1, 518, 406 & & & 9 & 285 & 40 & 1,257 & 54, 586 & 1, 809, 876 & 48,313,700 \\
\hline District of Columbia, 3.65s & 6, 220 & 601, 637 & & & 16,762 & 1, 578, 380 & & & & & & & & & 22,982 & 2,180, 017 & 8, 692, 000 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1891 & 1,303 & 72, 479 & 550 & 30, 262 & 6, 436 & 343, 303 & 30, 440 & 1, 644, 444 & & & & & & & 38,735 & 2, 090, 488 & 33, 784, 150 \\
\hline Funded loan, 1907 & 6,920 & 772,950 & 13,288 & 1,527, 792 & 7,523 & 839,336 & 89, 246 & 10, 008, 439 & & & & & & & 116, 977 & 13, 148, 517 & 94, 682, 300 \\
\hline Total. & 244, 071 & 7,394, 262 & 563,449 & 15, 099, 304 & 408, 308 & 13,289, 162 & \(1,146,780\) & 41, 051, 138 & 255 & 3, 661 & 156 & 2,918 & 66 & 1,683 & 2,363, 085 & 76, 842, 128 & 1, 421, 687, 450 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
X.-Number and Amount of Exchanged, Redeempd, and. Transferred United States Coupon Bonds, and Bonds of the District of Columbia, and Louisville and Portland Canal Company, and Number of attached Coupons, that have been Examined, Registered, and Scheduled in Duplicate, and are on File June 30, 1891.

M.-Number and Amount of Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferrid United States Coupon Bonds, etc.-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\underset{\text { series, consols of } 1868 .}{\underset{\text { Act }}{\text { Mar }} .}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{E} . \\
\mathrm{R} . \\
\mathrm{T} .
\end{array}\right.
\] & 1438 to
105 to
1 to & 1785
4640
5 & 1, 042 & 21, 492 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,259 \\
17,050 \\
\end{array}
\] & \(\begin{array}{r}46,143 \\ 301,060 \\ 175 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 528
8,510
1 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,992 \\
150,832 \\
34
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,252 \\
14,654 \\
1
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
96,524 \\
259,604 \\
36
\end{array}
\] & & & & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
5,081 \\
46,056 \\
7
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
105,1511 \\
814,962 \\
245
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,794,000 \\
20,889,800 \\
2,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 6,898 & 124, 958 & 19, 314 & |. 347,378 & 9, 045 & 161,858 & 15, 887 & 286, 164 & & & & & & & 51, 144 & 920,358 & 22, 685, 800 \\
\hline Funded loan 1881 \(\{\) E.E. & 1898 to
1 to & 4840 & [ 9,929\(]\) & 33,465 & 16,316
14,260 & [ 64,884 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20,527 \\
& 19,300
\end{aligned}
\] & 113, 824 & \[
\left[\begin{array}{r}
124,554 \\
96,890
\end{array}\right] .
\] & 907, 835 & & & 50 & 800 & 6 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
171, 382 \\
141, 020
\end{tabular} & 1,120, 876 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 137,255,550 \\
& 108,494,500
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Funded loan, \(1881 . . . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { m. } \\ \mathbf{R} . \\ \mathbf{L} .\end{array}\right.\) & 1 to
10 & 2960
12 & 4, 4.6 & 9,100 & 7, 070 & 13,378 & 10, 822 & 24, 262 & 49,531 & \[
\begin{gathered}
134,008 \\
-\quad 350
\end{gathered}
\] & & & 298 & 8,940 & 200 & 6,000 & |r|r|r \(\begin{array}{r}14, \\ 7239 \\ 509\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
180,788 \\
15,290
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
108,404,500 \\
55,804,800 \\
3,501,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 25,415 & 42,565 & 37, 646 & 78,262 & 50,649 & 138, 086 & 270,986 \({ }^{1}\) & 1,042, 193 & & & 348 & 9,740 & 206 & 6, 068 & 385, 250 & 1,316,914 & \(305,145,850\) \\
\hline  & 3241 to
1 to
1 to & 11790
908
11 & \[
\begin{array}{|r|}
\hline 52,106 \\
3.071 \\
10
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
5,021,256 \\
223,699 \\
873
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
127,863 \\
9,177 \\
15
\end{array}
\] & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}
12,077,047 \\
667,354 \\
1,409
\end{array}\right.
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
32,780 \\
10,299 \\
4
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3,089,744 \\
753,241 \\
758
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
96,619 \\
24,003 \\
4
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
9,400,567 \\
1,763,632 \\
282
\end{array}
\] & & & & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
309,368 \\
46,550 \\
33
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
29,588,614 \\
3,407,926 \\
2,922
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
128,400,600 \\
30,223,750 \\
8,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 55, 187 & 5, 245, 828 & 137, 055, & 12, 745,810 & 43, 083 & 3,843,343 & 120, 626 & 11,164,481 & & & & & & & 355, 95i & 32, 999, 462 & 158, 632, 350 \\
\hline Funded loan \(1891 . . . . .\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { E. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}\right.\) & 1137 to
1 to & 3272
2001 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,449 \\
& 1,258
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 82,604 \\
& 11,124
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,776 \\
& 3,610
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
111,499 \\
30,697
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 6,023 \\
& 4,997
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
195,878 \\
46,569^{\prime}
\end{gathered}
\] & [40,184 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,361,677 \\
213,701
\end{array}
\] & & & & & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 52,432 \\
& 32,365
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,751,658 \\
302,091
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 43,695,550 \\
& 25,422,400
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 3,707 & 93,728 & 7,386 & 142, 196 & 11,020 & 242, 447 & 62, 684 & 1, 575, 378 & & & & & & & 84, 797 & 2,053, 749 & 69, 117,950 \\
\hline Lonisvilleand Portland \(<R\). Canal Company & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 19947 \text { to } \\
& \text { Assets. }
\end{aligned}
\] & 8311 & & & & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,172 \\
425
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 343 \\
& 610
\end{aligned}
\] & & & & & & & 1, 172 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 343 \\
& 610
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,172,000 \\
425,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & & & & & & & 1,597 & 953 & & & & & \(\ldots\) & & 1,597 & 953 & 1,597, 000 \\
\hline \(\left.\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { - District of Columbia } \\ \text { bonds, funded loan of } \\ 1924(3.65 s)\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{c}\text { E. ............ }\end{array}\right\} \mathbb{R}\). & 617 to
1 to & 1066
50 & 2,810
210 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
222,750 \\
16,466
\end{array}
\] & & & 6, 283 & 509,515
51,999 & & & & & & & & & 9,037
783 & 732,265
68,465 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3,254,000 \\
300,600
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & & & 3,012 & 239,216 & & & 6, 80, 8 & 561, 514 & & & & & & & & & 9, 820 & 800,730 & 3,554,600 \\
\hline 6 percent permanentimprovement. & 1 to & 214 & 180 & 2,309 & 1,979 & 24, 220 & 1,136 & 10,968 & 716 & 6,698 & & & & & & & 4,011 & 44, 195 & 1,490,900 \\
\hline 7 per cent permanent improvement................................ & 1 to & 58 & & & 281 & 2,170 & & & 365 & -2, 219 & & & & & & & 646 & 4,389 & 193, 100 \\
\hline 7 per cent water stock . . . . . . . . & 1 to & 12 & & & & & & & 54 & 2,097 & & & & & \(\cdots\) & & 54 & 2,097 & 54,000 \\
\hline 7 percentmarketstock......R. & 1 to & 8 & 12. & 141 & & & 2 & 22 & 4 & 68 & & & & & . & & 18 & 231 & 5,600 \\
\hline \% 6 per cent 20 -year funding. . R. & 1 to & 130 & 858 & 13,831 & & & 168 & 2, 255 & 184 & 2,170 & & & & & & & 1,210 & 18,256 & 310, 900 \\
\hline 6 per cent 30-year funding. .R. & 1 to & 34 & & & 32 & 1,032 & 38 & 1,214 & 61 & .2,001 & & & & & & & 131. & 4,247 & 83, 200 \\
\hline 6 per cent (Bowen) 10-year -R. & 1 to & 5 & 565 & & 706 & & 194 & & 83 & & & & & & & & 1,548 & & 278,850 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
X.-Number and Amount of Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferred United States Coupon Bonds; etc.-Continued.


RECAPI'ULATION
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Loans.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$50.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$100.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$500.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\$1,000.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\$3,000.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\$5,000.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\$10,000.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total number of bonds.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Total } \\
\text { number } \\
\text { of } \\
\text { coupons. }
\end{gathered}
\]} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Amount.} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} & Number of bonds. &  & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} &  &  &  & Number of coupons. & spuoq јо ләquan &  & & & \\
\hline Act Mar. 31, 1848 & & & & & & & 123 & 152 & & & 2 & & & & 126 & 152 & \$136,000 \\
\hline Act June 14, 1858 & & & & & & & 147 & 117 & & & & & & & 147 & 117 & 147, 000 \\
\hline Act Feb. 8, 1861 & & & & & & & 4,677 & 7,400 & & & & & & & 4,677 & 7. 400 & 4, 677, 000 \\
\hline Act July 17 and Aug. 5, 1861 & 3,383 & 6,965 & 13,642 & 26,745 & 27, 187 & 32,208 & 48, 987 & 67, 619 & & & & & & & 93, 199 & 133,537 & 64, 113, 850 \\
\hline Act Fel. 25, 1862: & & & 319 & & 96 & & 98 & 1,923 & & & & & & & & 15,095 & 192, 450 \\
\hline Second series. & 268 & 4, 61.2 & 629 & 10,561 & 182 & 3,352 & 169 & 2,898 & & & & & & & 1,248 & 21, 423 & 336, 300 \\
\hline Third series. & 333 & 4,747 & 853 & 12, 085 & 310 & 4,390 & 464 & 6, 562 & & & & & & & 1,960 & 27,784 & 720, 950 \\
\hline Fourth series & 147 & 1,999 & 529 & 6,920 & 113 & 1,532 & 215 & 3,212 & & & & & & & '1,004 & 13, 663 & 331,750 \\
\hline Act Mar. 3, 1863. & 1,369 & 2,060 & 4, 554 & 6,731 & 5,720 & 7,748 & 18, 159 & 27, 730 & & & & & & & 29,802 & 44, 269 & 21, 542, 850 \\
\hline Act Mar. 3, 1864 (10-40s) & 3,228 & 77,900 & 11, 115 & 268, 184 & 22, 800 & 1, 119, 407 & 40, 166 & 1, 972,754 & & & & & & & 77,309 & \(3,438,245\) & 52, 838, 900 \\
\hline Act June 30, 1864....... & 117 & 2,052 & 446 & 7,917 & 201 & 3,554 & 321 & 5,760 & & & & & & & 1, 085 & 19,283 & 471,950 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Act Mar. 3, 1865 : \\
First series, May and November
\end{tabular} & \({ }^{-6}\) & \({ }^{117}\) & \({ }_{8} 118\) & 2, 2, 014 & 55 & \(\begin{array}{r}951 \\ 859 \\ \hline 19\end{array}\) & \({ }_{1} 213\) & 1 5,006 & & & & & & & - \({ }^{392} 9\) & 8, \({ }_{\text {8, }}\) (188 & 25252,600 \\
\hline Second series, consols 1865. & 42,576 & -621, 291 & 88, 676 & 1, 276, 354 & 60, 258 & 859,919 & 101, 403 & 1, 428, 551 & & & & & & & 292, 913 & 4, 186, 115 & 142, 528, 400 \\
\hline Third series, consols 1867. & 68, 447 & 1, 131, 287 & 142,799 & 2, 347, 218 & 91, 022 & 1, 481, 087 & 156, 790 & 2,549,966 & & & & & & & 459,058
51 & 7, 509,558 & \[
220,003,250
\] \\
\hline Fourth series, consols 1868 & 6,898
25,415 & 124, 958 & 19,314
37,646 & 347,378
78,262 & 9,045
50,649 & 161,858
138,080 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
15,887 \\
270,986
\end{tabular} & 286,164
\(1,042,193\) & & & & & & & 51,144
385,250 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { c } \\ 1,316,358 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(22,685,800\)
\(305,145,850\) \\
\hline Funded loan, 1881
Consols, 1907 & 25, 415 & 5, 242,565 & 137, 345 & 12, 74, 7 , 810 & 50,649
43,083 & 3, 1343, 0843 & 120, 626 & 11, 164, 1931 & & & 848 & 9,740 & 206 & 6,068 & 385, 3550 & 1, 32, 999, \({ }^{\text {a }}\), 462 & \(305,145,850\)
\(158,632,350\) \\
\hline Funded loan, 1891 & 3,707 & - 93,728 & 7,386 & 142, 196 & 11,020 & 242, 447 & 62, 684 & 1,575, 378 & & & & & & & 84, 797 & 2, 053, 749 & 69, 1117, 950 \\
\hline Louisville and Portland Canal Company & & & & & & & 1,597 & 953 & & & & & & & 1,597 & 053 & 1, 597, 000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
District of Columbia bonds: \\
Funded loan, 1924 ( 2 -65s)
\end{tabular} & 3,012 & 239, 216 & & & 6,808 & 561,514 & & & & & & & & & 9,820 & 800, 730 & 3, 554, 600 \\
\hline 6 per cent permanent improvement & 180 & 2, 309 & 1,979 & 24, 220 & 1,136 & 10,968 & 716 & 6, 698 & & & & & & & 4,011 & 44, 195 & 1, 490, 900 \\
\hline 7 per cent pexmanent improvement. & & & 281 & 2,170 & & & 365 & 2, 219 & & & & & & & 646 & 4, 389 & 393, 100 \\
\hline 7 per cent water stock & & & & & & & 54 & 2,097 & & & & & & & 54 & 2, 097 & 54, 000 \\
\hline 7 per cent market stock & 12 & 141 & & & 2 & 22 & 4 & 68 & & & & & & & 18 & 231 & 5,600 \\
\hline 6 per cent 20 -year funding & 858 & 13,831 & & & 168 & 2,255 & 184 & 2,170 & & & & & & & 1,210 & 18,256 & 310,900 \\
\hline 6 per cent 30 -year funding & & & 32 & 1,032 & 38 & 1,214 & 61 & 2,001 & & & & & & & 131 & 4,247 & 83, 200 \\
\hline 6 per cent (Bowen) 10 -year & 565 & & 706 & & 194 & & 83 & & & & & & & & 1, 548 & & 278, 850 \\
\hline 5 per cent 20 year funding. Georgetown water stock.. & & & 19 & 638 & & & 453 & 14,173 & & & & & & & 472 & 14,811 & 454,900
2,500 \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Total & 215, 999 & |,62i,077 & 468, 098 & 17, 312, 321 & 330,092 & 8,477, 670 & 845,632 & 20, 178, 245 & 1 & & & 9,740 & 206 & 6, 068 & 1,860,378 & \[
53,605,121
\] & 1, 072, 100,750 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
XI.-Consolidated Recapitulation, showing the Total Number and amount of Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferred Coupon bonds of the United States, District of Colúmbia, and Louisvile and Porthand Canal Company, with Number of Coupons Attached, Receryed to June 30, 1891.



TI.-Consolidated Recapulation, showing the Total Number and Amount of Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferred Coupon Bonds of the United States, District of Columbia, and Louisville and Portland Canal Company, etc.,-Continued.

R.-Redemptions, i. e., paid at matnrity, or under "calls.'
T.-Transfer, i. e.,exchange of a perfect for a mutilated bond, or of a large denomination for smaller'ones, or vice versa. E.-Exchange, i. e., conversions into registered stocks.

REPORT ON THE FINANCES
E. E.-Exchange extensions. i. e.. conversions into registered stock at a lower rate of interest.
XII.-Exchanged, Redeemed, and Transferred United States Coupon Bonds after having been entered in the Numerical Register, returned to and now on flle in the Loan Division.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Case numbers (inclusive). & Number of bonds. & Number of coupons. & Amount. \\
\hline Act Apr 15, 1842 , R . & 1 to 365 & & & \$1,773,000 \\
\hline Act Apr. 15, 1842................................. R. \(_{\text {E. }}\) & 1 to 229 & \(\} \quad 2,315\) & & 1,558,000 \\
\hline Act Sept. 9, 1850 (Texan indemnity).............R. & 1 to 138 & - 4,826 & 33,153 & 4, 826,000 \\
\hline Act Mar. 2, 1861 (Oregon war debt) ........... \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { R. }\end{array}\right.\) & 1 to 263 & 3,108 & 13,763 & \[
1,086,900
\] \\
\hline Act Mar. 2, 1861 (Oregon war debt) .-.......... \(\mathbf{T}\) T. & \(\frac{1}{2}\) to 124 & 1,312 & 16,945 & \[
450,500
\] \\
\hline Total & - & 11,561 & 63, 861 & 9,694, 400 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

XIEI.-United States Coupon Bonds becoming Statistical Redemptions; and after having been entered in the Numerical Registers, delivered to the Destruction Commitree by the Loan Division.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Loans. & Case numbers (inclusive). & Number of
bonds. & Amount. \\
\hline Act Apr. 15, 1842 & 1 & 98 & \$128, 000 \\
\hline Act June 30, 1864 & - 1 & 1,000 & 100,000 \\
\hline Act Mar. 3, 1865: & & & \\
\hline First series, May and November. & 1 & 450 & 450,000 \\
\hline Third series, consols of 1867. & 1 to \(\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 1\end{array}\) & 4,495
1,174 & 4, 487,850
262,150 \\
\hline Total. & & 7,217 & 5,428, 000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
S. R.-Statistical redemptions; i. e., retired before issue.

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XIV.-United States Lnterest-bearing Notes and Certificates Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding to June 30 , 1891.


*Of these notes, \(\$ 45,000\) not issued, but deatroyed as statistical, and \(\$ 50,000\) an exchange of one hundred \(\$ 500\) notes for ten of \(\$ 5,000\), the real issue and redemption being \$95,000 less than the apparent.
\(\dagger\) Aggregating \(\$ 1,591,245.65\).
XIV.-United States Interest-bearing Notes and Certificates Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding to June 30, 1891-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Geneva award, act Mar. 3,1863, special: Issue. Redeemed & & 26008 & & & & & & & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
74 \\
74 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 33,000,580.46 \\
& 33,000,580.46
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Gold certificates, act Mas. 3, 1863, series 1870: & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Issue.................................... & & & & & & & 36,000 & 47,500. & 21, 000 & 20,000 & ....... & \[
370,500,000.00
\] \\
\hline Redeemed & 1 to 167 & 26008 to 270675 & & & & & 35, 986 & 47, 482 & 20,997 & 19,996 & ........ & \[
370,420,000.00
\] \\
\hline Outstanding & & & & & & & 14 & 18 & 3 & 4 & ........ & 80,000.00 \\
\hline Gold certificates, act Mar. 3, 1863, series. 1871: & , & & & & & & & \(\checkmark\) & & & & \\
\hline Issue & & & & & & 50, 000 & & & & & & \[
5,000,000.00
\] \\
\hline Redeemed .... & 1 to 91 & 26008 to 272371 & & & & 49,959 & & & & & & \[
4,995,900.00
\] \\
\hline Outstanding & & & & & & 41 & & .- & & & & 4,100.00 \\
\hline Gold certificates, act Mar. 3, 1863, series 1875: & & & & & & \(\bigcirc\) & & & & & & \\
\hline Issue & & & & & & 35,894 & 11, 688 & 14,381 & 5,977 & 8,933 & & 143, 029, 400.00 \\
\hline Redeemed & & 26758 to 282089 & & & & 35,791 & 11, 674 & 14,356 & 5,973 & 8,922 & & 142, 857, 100.00. \\
\hline Outstanding & & & & & & 103 & 14 & 25 & \(\cdots 4\) & 11 & ........ & 172,300.00 \\
\hline 3 per cent certificates, acts Mar. 2, 1867, and July 25, 1868 : & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Issue.......... & & & & & & & & & 5;831 & 5,600 & -....... & 85, 155, 000.00 \\
\hline Redeemed .............................. & & 23326 to 26043 & & & & & & & 5,830 & 5,600 & & \(85,150,000.00\) \\
\hline Outstanding & & & & & & & & & 1 & ......... & & 5, 000.00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Refunding certificates, act Feb. 26, 1879, 4 per cent: \\
Issued payable to order.
\end{tabular} & & & 5,850 & & & & & & & & & 58,500.00 \\
\hline Redeemed .............................. & 338 to 10018 & 27591 to 278767 & 5,813 & & & & & & & & & 58,130.00 \\
\hline Outstanding & & & 37 & & & & & & & & & 370.00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Refunding certificates, act Feb. 26, 1879, \\
4 per cent: \\
Issued payablo to bearer.
\end{tabular} & & & 3, 995, 425 & & & . & & & ' & & & 39, 954, 250.00 \\
\hline Redeemed ................................... & 1 to 10102 & 27590 to 282779 & 3,986,050 & & & & & & & & & \(39,860,500.00\) \\
\hline Ontstanding & & & 9,375 & & & & & & & & & 93,750.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
XIV.-United States Interest-bearing Notes and Certificates Issued, Redeemed, and Outstanding to June 30, 1891-Continued.

RECAPITULATION.


Note:-The Register's Office is the last to receive the redeemed securities of the Government, and therefore the amonnts reported as "redeemed" will be less than the actual redemptions by the amount in transitu, and the amounts reported as "outstanding" correspoudingly increased.
XV.-Dates when each Issue of United States Currency Began and Ceased:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Issue. & Began. & Ceased. \\
\hline Old demand notes. & Aug. 26, 1861 & Mar. 5,1862 \\
\hline United States notes: & & \\
\hline New issue.... & Apr.
Oct.
29,
,
1869 & Aug. 16, 1870 \\
\hline Issue of 1874 & July 25, 1874 & Nov. 13, 1877 \\
\hline Issue of 1875. & July 20, 1875 & June 20, 1879 \\
\hline Issue of 1878. & Mar. 4, 1878 & May 12,1884 \\
\hline Issue of 1880.......... & Mar. 16, 1880 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
1 and 2 year notes of 1.863 : \\
1-year notes.
\end{tabular} & Feb. 4,1864 & June 1,1864 \\
\hline 2 -year notes. & Mar. 16, 1864 & May 30, 1864 \\
\hline 2-year coupon notes & Jan. 12, 1864 & Apr. 20, 1804 \\
\hline Compound-interest notes & June 9, 1864 & July 24,1866 \\
\hline Fractional currency: & & \\
\hline First issue... & Aug. 21, 1862 & Sept. \({ }^{\text {21, }}\) Feb. \({ }^{23} 1866\) \\
\hline Third issue. & Dec. 5, 1864 & Apr. 16, 1869 \\
\hline Fourth issne & July 14, 1869 & Feb. 16, 1875 \\
\hline Fifth issue. & Feb. 26, 1874 & Feb. 15, 1876 \\
\hline Gold certificates: & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Act of Mar. 3, 1863 \\
Act of July 121882 , series of 188
\end{tabular} & Nov. 15, 1865 & Dec. 3,1878 \\
\hline Act of July 12, 1882, series of 1882 & Oct. 27,1882 & \\
\hline Silver certificates : & Nov. 27,1888 & \\
\hline Series of 1878. & Apr. 11, 1878 & May 22,1883 \\
\hline Series of 1880 & May 26, 1880 & \\
\hline Series of 1886 & Sept. 7,1886 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES DIVISION.}

Statement of tee Receipts of the United States for the Fiscal Year end.

From customs.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline District. & Tonuage. & Duties on imports. & Total. \\
\hline D. B. Booth, collector, Mobile, A & \$4, 941. 98 & \$7,516. 93 & \[
\$ 12,458.92
\] \\
\hline J. McCafferty, late coilector, Alaska & & +376.00 & \$12, 376.00 \\
\hline M. Pracht, collector, Alaska & 263.02 & 2,617:15 & 2, 880.17 \\
\hline G. Christ, collector, Arizona & & 35,621. 97 & 35, 621.97 \\
\hline T. Cutler, collector, Humboldt, Cal & 142.92 & 1, 032. 00 & 1,174. 92 \\
\hline J.R. Berry, collector, San Diego, Cal & 2, 490.16 & 81,737. 28 & 84, 227.44 \\
\hline T. G. Phelps, collector, San Francisco & 41, 029.41 & 7,843,382. 54 & 7,884, 411.95 \\
\hline G. Hinds, collector, Wilmington, Cal & 875.91 & 24, 812.73 & 25, 688.64 \\
\hline J. T. Stow, collector, Wilmington, Cal & 140.25 & 5,558.89 & 5, 699. 14 \\
\hline P. H. Downing, collector, Wilmington, Cal & 509.25 & - 21,947.75 & 22, 457.00 \\
\hline W.C. Downing, acting collector, Wilmington, & 160.77 & 4,411.46 & 4, 572. 23 \\
\hline H. Z. Osborne, collector, Wilmingtou, Cal & 161.55 & 4,029.75 & 4, 191. 30 \\
\hline H. G. Heffron, collector, Denver, Colo & & 110,514. 43 & 110, 514.43 \\
\hline G. B. Edmonds, collector, Fairtield, Conn & 33. 69 & 149, 694.16 & 149,727. 85 \\
\hline O. C. Hubbard, collector, Hartford, Conn & & 92, 612.80 & 92, 612.80 \\
\hline E. B. Bailey, collector, Hartford, Conn & & 128, 010.45 & 128, 010.45 \\
\hline A. H. Kellam, collector, New Haven, C & 259.20 & 94,962.77 & 95, 221.97 \\
\hline W. H. Saxton, colleetor, New London, C & 106. 20 & 8,421. 86 & 8,528.06 \\
\hline H. A. Hull, collector, Stonington, Conn & 23.34 & 824.98 & 848.32 \\
\hline C.T. Stantoñ, collector, Stomington, Con & 14. 19 & 1,028. 57 & 1,042.76 \\
\hline H. M. Barlow, collector, Delaware, Del & 1,051. 57 & 15,217.04 & 16,268. 61 \\
\hline C. Dodge, collector, Georgetown, D. C & 61.29 & 32, 609.18 & 32, 670.47 \\
\hline S. A. Johnson, collector, Georgetown, D & 21. 90 & 48, 074.02 & 48, 095.92 \\
\hline W. B. Sheppard, collector, Appalachicola, Fla & 659. 61 & 361.38 & 1,020.99 \\
\hline W. A. Mahoney, collector, Fernandina, & 122.31 & 393.51 & 515.82 \\
\hline J. A. Pine, collector, Fernandina, Fla & 485.40 & 2, 147.66 & 2, 633.06 \\
\hline J. V. Harris, late collector, Key West, & & 19.55 & 19. 55 \\
\hline J. F. Horr, collector, Key West, Fla & 848.13 & 881, 818.14 & 882, 666. 27 \\
\hline S. A. Moreno, collector, Pensacola, Fla & 1,314.45 & & 1, 314.45 \\
\hline J. R. Mizell, collector, Pensacola, Fia & 13, 521, 34 & 15,020.07 & 28,541. 41 \\
\hline H. J. Ritchie, collector, St. Augustine & & & \\
\hline J. E. Lee, collector, St. Johns, Fla & 100. 53 & 50, 559. 30 & 50, 659.89 \\
\hline J. H. Pinkerton, collector, St Marks, & 23.19 & 1.15 & 24.34 \\
\hline E. R. Gunby, collector, Tampa, Fla & 312.32 & 253, 850.02 & 254, 162.34 \\
\hline C.C. Wimbish, surveyor, Atlanta, & & 9,334. 92 & 9, 334. 92 \\
\hline J. H. Deveaux, collector, Brunswick, \(¢\) & 4,311.94 & 3,307.70 & 7, 619.64 \\
\hline E. A. Mrwhorter, collector, St. Mary & 60.84 & & 60.84 \\
\hline W. A. White, collector, St. Marys, Ga & 9.42 & & 9. 42 \\
\hline T. F. Jobnson, collector, Savanmah, & 9, 044.28 & 49,711.01 & 58,755.29 \\
\hline J. M. Clark, collector, Chicago, Im. & 116.24 & 5, 786, 694.63 & 5,786, 810.87 \\
\hline W. Johnson, surveyor, Rock Islan & & & \\
\hline J. B. Cox, surveyor, Evansville, Ind & & 276.81 & 276.81 \\
\hline C. E. Scoville, surveyor, Evansville, I & & 5, 122.25 & 5,122. 25 \\
\hline P. M. Hildebrand, surveyor, Indianapolis, & & 150, 880.71 & 150,880.71 \\
\hline G. Fengler, surveyor, Dubuque, Iowa. & & 13,484.61 & 17, 484.61 \\
\hline D. R. Collier, surveyor, Louisville, Ky & & \({ }^{275,035.83}\) & 275, 035.83 \\
\hline H. C. Warmoth, collector, New Orleans, La & 43, 271.31. & 2, 043, 044.08 & 2, 086, 315.39 \\
\hline J. R. Jolley, collector, Teche, La & & 168.40 & ]68.40 \\
\hline A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostools, & & 32,236. 74 & 32, 236. 74 \\
\hline C. W. Roberts, collector, Bangor, Me & 108.15 & 120, 008.56 & 120; 116.71 \\
\hline J. W. Palmer, collector, Bangor, Me & 20.10 & 117, 800.00 & 117, 820.10 \\
\hline J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me & 144. 84 & 9, 442.26 & 9,587. 10 \\
\hline G. B. Ferguson, collector, Belfast, Me & 160.65 & 3, 195.16 & 3,355. 81 \\
\hline G. M. Warren, collector, Castine, Me & 3.33 & 66.97 & 70.30 \\
\hline J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman Ba & 57.52 & 157.47 & - 214.99 \\
\hline J. F. Lynch, collector, Machias, Me & 81.18 & 527.82 & 609.00 \\
\hline Carried forward. & 127,063.69 & 18,539,682. 41 & 18, 666, 746. 10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Statement of Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

From customs-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline District. & Tonnage. & Duties on imports. & Total. \\
\hline Brought forward.: & \(\$ 127,063.69\) & \(\$ 18,539,682.41\) & \$18, 666, 746. 10 \\
\hline E. H. Bryant, collector, Machias, M &  &  & \({ }_{12}^{123.36}\) \\
\hline S. D. Leavitt, collector, Passamaquoddy, & 644.89 & 11,941.36 & 12,546. 25 \\
\hline G. A. Curran, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me & 450. 00 & 126,480.87 & 126, 930.87 \\
\hline S. J. Anderson, collector, Portland and Falmou & 1,205. 76 & 20, 802. 90 & 22,008. 66 \\
\hline F.N. Dow, collector, Portland and Falmouth, M & 3,783. 60 & 154, 016.59 & 157, 800.19 \\
\hline J.E. Moore, collector, Waldoboro, Me & 578.13 & 1,046. 18 & 1,624. 31 \\
\hline W. H. Luce, collector, Waldoboro, Me & 153.96 & 80.85 & 234.81 \\
\hline G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me & 146. 62 & 1,599. 91 & 1, 746. 53 \\
\hline W. M. Marine, collector, Baltimore, Md & 22,386. 52 & 3,689, 830.86 & 3, 712, 217.38 \\
\hline F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass & 277.41 & 1,718. 31 & 1,995. 72 \\
\hline A. W. Beard, collector, Boston, Mas & 46,161.99 & 17, 903, 014.27 & 17, 949, 176. 26 \\
\hline S.P. Coffin, collector, Edgartown, Mass & 2.70 & & 2.70 \\
\hline C. H. Marchant, collector, Edgartown, M & 172.56 & & 172.56 \\
\hline J. Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass & 46.23 & 71, 034.09 & 71, 080.32 \\
\hline D. S. Preston, collector, Gloucester, M & 160.68 & 1,442.82 & 1,603.50 \\
\hline W. A. Pew, collector, Gloucester, Mass & 824.43 & 16,940.76 & 17, 765.19 \\
\hline F.E.Pedrick, collector, Marblehead, Mass & 41.34 & 4, 569.96 & 4,611.30 \\
\hline W. Howland, collector, New Bedford, Mas & 83.91 & 5,391.15 & 5,475.06 \\
\hline J. Taylor, collector, New Bedford, Mass. & 182.19 & 45, 858.40 & 46,040. 59 \\
\hline G. W. Jackman, collector, Newburyport, Mas & 2.55 & 53.10 & 55.65 \\
\hline T. C. Simpson, collector, Newiburyport, Mass & 24.21 & 1,251.01 & 1,275. 22 \\
\hline P. Cobb, collector, Plymouth, Mass & & 21,191. 56 & 21, 191.56 \\
\hline C. O. Churchill, collector, Plymouth, M & 3.00 & 51, 439.35 & 51, 442.35 \\
\hline C. R. Wood, acting collector, Plymouth, & & 6,132. 48 & 6, 132.48 \\
\hline G.P. Bray, collector, Salem and Beverly, M. & 359.10 & -6, 187.08 & 6,546.18 \\
\hline H. J. Hines, surveyor, Springfield, Mas & & 15, 485.06 & 15, 485.06 \\
\hline G. H. Hopkins, collector, Detroit, Mich & 149.70 & \(615,209.91\) & 615, 359. 61 \\
\hline R. A. Maynard, surveyor, Grand Rapids, & & 23, 904.28 & 23,904. 28 \\
\hline H. Geer, collector, Huron, M.ich & 132.96 & 178, 992.12 & 179, 125. 08 \\
\hline G. W. McBride, collector, Michiga & & 1,397. 72 & 1,397. 72 \\
\hline C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mich & & 17,794.25 & 17,794. 25 \\
\hline C.F.Johnson, collector, Duluth, Min & 64.55 & 6, 835. 38 & 6,899.93 \\
\hline G. W. Marchant, deputy collector, Minneapo & & 72,655.00 & 72,655.00 \\
\hline C. G. Edwards, collector, St. Paul, Minn. & 56.56 & 257, 820.81 & 257, 877.37 \\
\hline W.G. Henderson, collector, Pearl River, Miss & 5,974.34 & 14.40 & 5,988. 74 \\
\hline H. H. Kain, collector, Vicksburg, Mis & & 2.00 & 2.00 \\
\hline R. Guftin, surveyor, Kansas City, Mo & & 199, 709. 75 & 199, 709. 75 \\
\hline J. Limbird, surveyor, St. Joseph, & & 78,500. 93 & 78,500.93 \\
\hline J. O. Churchill, surveyox, St. Louis, Mo & & 1,420, 885.94 & 1,420, 885.94 \\
\hline J. Sullivan, collector, Montana and Idaho & & 30,613.04 & 30,613. 04 \\
\hline H. C. Mearthur, surveyor, Lincoln, Neb & & 4, 885. 78 & 4, 885.78 \\
\hline W. H. Alexander, surveyor, Omaha, Neb & & 94, 952.64 & 94, 952.64 \\
\hline G. W: Pendexter, colyector, Portsmouth, N. H & 86.32 & 5, S01. 21 & 5,887. 53 \\
\hline J. E. Dodge, acting collector, Portsmouth, N. H & 4. 80 & 18,014.52 & 18,019.32 \\
\hline J. E. Dodge, acting collector, Portsmonth, & 23.49 & 40,215.65 & 40, 239.14 \\
\hline F. M. Porch, collector, Bridgeton, N.J & 45.96 & & 45. 96 \\
\hline J. Price, collector, Groat Egg Harbo & 2.34 & 14.75 & 17. 09 \\
\hline E.FI. Reynolds, collector, Newark, N.J & 417.51 & 2,895.14 & 3,312.65 \\
\hline W. T. Hopper, collector, Perth Amb & 767. 34 & 14, 856.33 & 15,623.67 \\
\hline J. M. Bailey, surveyor, Albany, N. Y & & 109, 321.44 & 109, 321.44 \\
\hline W.J. Morgan, collector, Buffalo Creek & & 860, 721. 26 & 860, 721. 26 \\
\hline H. E. Morse, collector, Cape Vincent, N. Y & & 41, 393.80 & 41,393. 80 \\
\hline G. H. Snith, collector, Cape Vincent, N. X & & 8,100.00 & 8, 100.00 \\
\hline S. Moffit, collector, Champlain, N. Y. & 2, 124, 87 & 388, 313. 00 & 390, 437.87 \\
\hline J. Madigan, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y & & 1,610. 61 & 1,610.61 \\
\hline J. C. Haggett, collector, Dunkirk, N. Y & & 663.50 & 663.50 \\
\hline H. Hebing, collector, Genesee, N. Y & 59.52 & 279, 305. 88 & 279, 365. 40 \\
\hline J. B. Erhardt, collector. New York, N. Y & 207, 045. 34 & 146, 781, 754.18 & 146; 988, 799.52 \\
\hline J. Low, collector, Niagara, N. X & & 490, 917. 55 & 490, 917, 55 \\
\hline G. M. Gleason, collector, Oswegatchie, N. Y & 161.73 & 257, 992. 15 & 258, 153.88 \\
\hline H. H. Lyman, collector, Oswego, N. Y & 1, 139.04 & 431, 560.80 & 432, 699. 84 \\
\hline R. Hancock, jr., collector, Pamlico, N. & 30.16 & 1,493.88 & 1,524. 04 \\
\hline E. J. Pennypacker, collcetor, Wilmington, & 210.87 & 3,296. 69 & 3,507. 56 \\
\hline J.E. Taylor, acting collector, Wilmingto & 2; 202.58 & 13,606. 99 & 15,809. 57 \\
\hline J. C. Dancy, collector, Wilmington, N. & 271.38 & 264.55 & 535.93 \\
\hline N. E. Nelson, collector, North and South & & 30, 400.00 & 30, 400.00 \\
\hline A. Smith, jr., surveyor, Cincinnati, Oh & & 1,009, 245.58 & 1, 009, 245.58 \\
\hline F. E. Hayden, surveyor, Columbus, & & 61, 626.96 & 61, 626.96 \\
\hline M. B. Gary, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio & 64.71 & 345, 993.75 & 346, 058.46 \\
\hline W. H. McLyman, collector, Miami, Ohi & & 56, 426.68 & 56, 426. 68 \\
\hline P. Cooke, collector, Sandusky, Ohio & & 4,583.64 & 4. 583.64 \\
\hline F. A. Taylor, collector, Oregon, Orego & \(4,033.92\)
3.42 & 35, 825.14 & 39, 859.06 \\
\hline H. Abraham, collector, Willamette, Oregon & 107.13 & 46,388.60 & 46, 495.73 \\
\hline R.P. Earhart, collector, Willamette, Oreg & 1,417.20 & 562, 569.00 & 563, 986. 20 \\
\hline J. Priest, late collector, Yaquina, Oregon & & 48.75 & 48.75 \\
\hline Carried forward. & 431,339. 28 & 5, 606, 685. 2 & 6,038.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.
From customs-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline District. & Tomnage. & Duties on imports. & Total. \\
\hline Brought forward & \$431, 339.28 & \$195.606, 685. 25 & \$.196, 038, 024.53 \\
\hline R. A. Bensell, collector, Yaquina, Oregon & 1. 50 & & 1. 1.50 \\
\hline J. M. Glazier, collector, Erie, Pa & & 21, 228. 13 & 21, 228.13 \\
\hline T. V. Cooper, collector, Philadelphia, Pa & 55, 757.99 & 20, 596, 826. 13 & 20, 652, 584.12 \\
\hline D. O. Barr, late surveyor, Pittsburg, Pa & & 22.48 & 22.48 \\
\hline J. F. Dravo, surveyor, Pittsburg, Pa & & 379, 046. 79 & 379, 046.79 \\
\hline J. H. Manchester, collector, Bristol and & 6.51 & 73.00 & 79.51 \\
\hline J. H. Cozzens, collector, Newport, R.I & 74.70 & 1,504. 65 & 1,579.35 \\
\hline J. McWilliams, collector, Providence, R. & & 653.01 & 653.01 \\
\hline G. P. Pomroy, collector, Providence, R.I & 517.77. & 326, 285.45 & 326, 803. 22 \\
\hline R. Smalls, collector, Beaufort, S. C & 2,340.52 & 83.21 & 2,423.73 \\
\hline T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S & 3,866. 70 & 27, 591. 33 & 31,458.03 \\
\hline R. O. Bush, collector, Georgetown, S. C & 15.51 & & 15.51 \\
\hline T. F. Tobin, surveyor, Memplis, Tenn & & 47,828. 49 & 47, 828.49 \\
\hline E. Etheridge, surveyor, Memphis, Tenn & & 9, 345.72 & 9,345.72 \\
\hline H. A. Hasslock, surveyor, Nashville, Tenn & & 188. 65 & 188.65 \\
\hline R. B. Rentfro, collector, Brazos de Santiag & 31.92 & 12,983. 81 & 13, 015.73 \\
\hline C. G. Brewster, collector, Corpus Christi, & & 17,156. 87 & 17, 156.87 \\
\hline N. W. Cuney, collector, Galveston, Tex & 8, 244.81 & 160, 312. 24 & 168,557.05 \\
\hline J. Magoffn, late collector, Paso del Norte, & & 5.10 & 5.10 \\
\hline F. P. Clark, collector, Paso del Norte, Te & & 435, 534.85 & 435, 534.85 \\
\hline F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex & & 45, 585. 39 & 45, 583.39 \\
\hline G. G. Benedict, collector, Vermont, Vt & 427.08 & 767, 321.18 & 767, 748. 26 \\
\hline L. McK. Bell, collector, Alexandria, Va & 87.39 & 48.58 & 135.97 \\
\hline H. de B. Clay, collector, Nowport News, Va & 2, 974.86 & 24. 10 & 2, 998.96 \\
\hline R.G. Banks, collector, Norfolk and Portsmov & 2, 142.18 & 9,731.48 & 11, 873.66 \\
\hline J. W. Fisher, collector, Richmond, Va. & 304.83 & 7, 396. 62 & 7,701.45 \\
\hline J. W. McCabe, late acting collector, Puget Sonnd, & & 96.13 & 96.13 \\
\hline G. W. Thurman, late actiug collector, Puget Sound, Wash & & 20.00 & 20.00 \\
\hline C. M. Brarlshaw, collector, Puget Sound, Wash & 12, 199.91 & 135,778.67 & 147, 978.58 \\
\hline J. A. Faris, surveyor, Wheeling, W. Va & & 294.70 & \({ }^{294.70}\) \\
\hline J. A. Watrous, collector, Milwankee, Wis & & 392, 219.76 & 392, 219.76 \\
\hline & 520,333.46 & 219, 001, 871.77 & 219, 522, 205. 23 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{From sales of public lands.}


\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From sales of public lands-Continued.}

\section*{Brought forward}
C. B. Hickman, late receiver, Lake City, Colo
C. C. Goodale, receiver, Lamar, Colo
\(\$ 958,725.36 \$ 219,522,205.23\) 254. 62

9, 778.11
T. W. Burchinell, receiver, Leadville, Colo
H. C. Fink, receiver, Montrose, Colo

15, 682.55
\(9,096.28\)
91, 456.73
6, 327. 43
2, 286. 60
16,605. 76
63, 365 . 63
32, 169.15
1,119. 68
4,763.02
5,972.09
8,385.30
18, 173.64
14, 855.84
51.75
356.05

8,833. 61
5, 809.61
6,364. 34
7, 639.35
21,043.99
5, 654.66
750.00
200.00

14, 948.51
3,866.66
3, 966.37
13, 798. 71
206. 00

4, 149.54
2,954.85
7, 746.30
68, 977.73
18, 074.75
48, 127. 88
8, 029.08
91.06
100.00

16,507.05
780.14
91.06
500.00

3,043.41
4,633. 30
5,368.40
7, 932.80
14, 128.51
28,589.40
167, 598. 81
25, 744.51
102.17

1,413.60
4, 152. 29
20, 993.44
19;392. 33
7, 798.10
30, 352.61
1, 398.74
10,821. 36
1, 170.04
200.00
782.01

38, 826.54
8,182. 12
23, 077.57
16, 994.91
11,582. 30
10, 146.77
1,103.32
4, 205. 00
12, 396.35
88.32

11, 804.44
30, 322.42
20; 191. 79
7, 796. 18
4,095. 14
16, 228. 04
\(12,028_{i} 59\)

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From sales of public land8-Continued.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Brought forward & \$2,113,322.53 & \$219, 522, 205.23 \\
\hline F. S. DeMers, late receiver, Fargo, N. D & - 512.05 & \\
\hline N. Davis, receiver, Fargo, N. Dak & 26, 827.73 & \\
\hline J. I. Stokes, receiver, Grand Forks, N. Dak & 32, 838. 29 & \\
\hline H: Kelley, receiver, Burns, Oregon & 19,486. 62 & \\
\hline A. C. MeClelland, receiver, La Grande, Orego & 160,463.43 & \\
\hline C. U. Suider, receiver. Lake View. Oregon & 28,468.71 & \\
\hline B. F. Burch, receiver, Oregon City, Oregon & 169, 188. 04 & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline A. M. Crawford, receiver, Roseburg, Oregon & 122, 964.25 & \\
\hline T. W. Slusher, late receiver, The Dalles, Ore & & \\
\hline T. S. Lang; receiver, The Dalles, Oregon & 53,015. 58 & \\
\hline W. T. Walker, receiver, Beaver, Okla. & 8.26 & \\
\hline C. M. Barnes, receiver, Guthrie, Okla & 30,610.97 & \\
\hline J. V. Admire, receiver, Kingfisher, Okla & 9, 030. 89 & \\
\hline J. C. Dolaney, receiver, Oklahoma City, 0 & 34, 445. 71 & \\
\hline C. J. MacLeod, receiver, Aberdeen, S. Dak. & 24, 497.98 & \\
\hline W. T. LaFollette, receiver, Chamberlain, S. Dak & 2,261. 53 & \\
\hline O. W. Bair, receiver, Huron, S. Dak. & 8,593. 65 & \\
\hline R. W. Wheelock, receiver, Mitchell, S. Dak & 13, 104.18 & \\
\hline E. W. Eakin, receiver, Pierre, S. Dak & 2,054.05 & \\
\hline G. V. Ayres, receiver, Rapid City, S. Dak & 53, 200.98 & \\
\hline F.F. Randolph, late receiver, W atertown, S. Dak & 1.00 & \\
\hline R. E. Carpenter, receiver, Watertown, S. Dak & -36, 472.22 & \\
\hline B. S. Williams, receiver, Yankton, S. Dak & 9,229. 28 & \\
\hline H. Sherman, jr., receiver, Salt Lake City, Utah & 101, 609.11 & \\
\hline T. M. Vance, receiver, North Yakima, Wash & 32, 405. 37 & \\
\hline J. R. Welty, receiver, Olympia, Wash & 116, 731. 53 & \\
\hline J. R. Hayden, receiver, Seattle, Wash & 40, 223.17 & \\
\hline C. M. Ogien, receiver, Seattle, Wash & 290,967. 53 & \\
\hline J. H. Hughes, receiver, Spokane Falls, Wa & 67,689. 50 & \\
\hline S. Swetland, receiver, Vancouver, Wash & 82,442. 23 & \\
\hline R. M. McCalley, receiver. Walla Walla, Wash & 27, 775.43 & \\
\hline J. C. Painter, receiver, Walla Walla, Wash. & 67, 388.38 & \\
\hline F. M. Dallam, receiver, Waterville, Wash & 27, 100.04 & \\
\hline R.C. Heydlautf, receiver, Ashland, Wis. & 57, 605.08 & \\
\hline F. R. Farr, receiver, Eau Claire, Wis & 6, 028.95 & \\
\hline P. O'Malley, receiver, Menasha, Wis & 200.00 & \\
\hline C. F. Augustin, receiver, Menasha, Wis & 1,451. 70 & \\
\hline E. B. Saunders, receiver, Wausan, Wis & 2, 388.03 & \\
\hline R. H. Johnson, receiver, Wansau, Wis & 2,928. 24 & \\
\hline J. J. Orr, receiver, Buftalo, Wyo & 23, 075.27 & \\
\hline A. C. Coble, receiver, Buffalo, W yo & 12, 141.60 & \\
\hline W. M. Garrard, late receiver, Cheyenne, Wy & 59.55 & \\
\hline L. Grant, receiver, Chejenne, Wyo. & 59, 836. 36 & \\
\hline M. C. Burrow, receiver, Douglas, Wyo & 7, 702. 53 & \\
\hline F. M. Foote, receiver, Evanston, Wyo & 36,595. 58 & \\
\hline H. G. Nickerson, receiver, Lander, Wyo & 1,749.09 & \\
\hline A.P. Hanson, receiver, Sundance, Wyo & 12,842. 72 & \\
\hline & & 4, 029, 535.41 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{From internal revenue.}


\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From internal revenuc-Continued.}

Bronght forward
Angustus T. Wimberly; collector, district of Louisiana F. Snowden Hill, collector, district of Maryland

Frank E. Orcutt, collector, third district of Massachusetts.
James H. Stone, collector, first district of Michigan.
John Steketee, collector, fourth district of Michigan
Marcus Johnson, collector, district of Minnesota
B. B. Emory, late collector, third district of Mississippi

Charles 5 . Wenneker, collector, first district of Missouri
Hiram F . Devol, collector, sixth district of Missouri.
James H. Mills, collector, district of Montana.
John Peters, collector, district of Nebraska
James E. French, collector, district of New Hampshire.
Isaac Moffett, collector, first district of New Jersey
George H. Large, collector, fifth district of New Jersey
J.P. MeGrorty, collector, district of New Mexico

Levi A. Hughes, collector, district of New Mexico
Ernst Nathan, collector, first district of New York
Michael Kerwin, collector, second district of New York.
Ferdinand Eidman, collector, third district of New York
Robert H. Hunter, collector, fourteenth district of New York.
Alexander von Landberg, collector, twenty-first district of New York.
Charles E: Fitch, collector, twenty-eighth district of New York
Elihu A. White, collector, fourth district of North Carolina
John Crane, late collector, fifth district of North Carolina.
Kerr Craige, collector, fifth district of North Carolina.
John B. Eaves, collector, tifth district of North Carolina
F. T. Walser, acting collector, fifth district of North Caroliua.

William W. Rollins, collector, fifth district of North Carolina
David W. MeClung, collector, first district of Ohio
George P. Waldorf, collector, tenth district of Ohio
Marcus Boggs, collector, eleventh district of Ohio
William H. Gabriel, collector, eighteenth district of Ohio
Milton Weidler, collector, district of Oregon
David Martin, collector, first district of Pennsylvania.
Sam Matt Fridy, collector, ninth district of Pennsylvania.
Thomas F. Penman, collector, twelfth district of Pennsylvania
Samuel D. Warmcastle, collector, twenty-third district of Pennsyl vania.
Eugene A. Webster, collector, district of Soutli Carolina
William A. Allen, collector, second district of Tennessee
David A. Nunn, collector, fitth district of Tennessee.
Joseph W. Burke, collector, third district of Texas.
James W. Hearne, collector, fourth district of Texas:
James D. Brady, collector, second district of Virginia
Patrick H. McCaull, collector, sixth district of Virginia
Albert B. White, collector, district of West Virginia.
Henry Fink, collector, first district of Wisconsin
Earl M. Rogers, collector, second district of Wisconsin
\(\$ 65,843,940.70 \$ 223,551,740.64\)
\(644,809.35\)
\(3,060,113.80\)
2, 314,575.93
\(1,998,752.48\)
208,806. 42
\(2,733,568.95\)
525.00

7, 199,534.56
461, 837. 61
151, 966. 29
3, 230, 163.64 \(460 ; 106.66\) 87, 671. 71
4, 003, 618. 91
801.77

35,689. 88
3, 934, 022. 61
\(1,845,196.65\)
6,026, 542. 63
1, \(603,035.45\)
\(1,010,203.96\)
2, 135, 033.37
1, 002, 417. 81
\(1,000.00\)
43. 20

422, 828.56
82, 082.29
970,062. 38
11, 618, 697. 01 \(713,850.12\)
1, 005, 836.05
\(1,026,903.09\)
324, 257. 24
3, 499, 412. 67
2, 166, 375. 61
\(579,808.01\)
4, 062, 372.99
69, 732.21
161, 049.67
\(1,115,663.19\) \(136,114,23\) 87, 495.35
1, 897, 004. 63
\(1,309,962.74\) 834, 784. 33
3,206, 430.76 401, 546.97

\section*{From consular fees.}
C. F. Grellet, vice and deputy consul, Algiers
237.50
660.00

2,547. 28
947.00
.448 .00
200.00

1, 448.73
943.01
57.00

2,596. 00
16. 50
3.00

2,607. 83
100.20
815.00
741.87
187.79
283.83
75.00
636.00
925.50
3.787. 93
\(2,548.33\)
374.53
875.00
997.00
97. 50
177.50
22.50

\section*{Statement of the Rechipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From consular fees-Continued.}

Brought forward
\(\$ 25,357.33 \$ 369,237,990.08\) 250.60
\(5,340.65\)
276. 50
689.36

3,209. 68
\(9,881.00\)
\(5,616.70\)
311.11

2,137. 21
140.63
56.00
108. 94
406. 60

4,199. 21
528.84
\(4,338.26\)
279.19
795.73
7.50
93.00
476.50
203.00
1., 067.00
781.03
247.00

2,025. 43
5,397. 47
1,591. 45
2,276. 50
4,961. 13
631.20
392.71

1, 105.04
65.94
873.80

1,932.59
93.00

3, 624. 50
1, 290.93
194.50
35.00

3, 231. 41
2, 616. 00
349.00
353.00

1,062.00
237.50
830.00
128.00

5, 065.11
851.80
285.36
611.00

1, 019.61
400.00
802.50

3, 191.91
281.60
896.00
797.37
342.50
550.88
452.50

1,352.07
1, 061.25
969.79
416.81

1,215. 00
48.00

15,571. 52
2, 962.55
719.50

1,272.50
3, 779.71
5,171. 10
920.00
58.02

1,952.83
1,251.50
145.00
181. 00
\(156,692.96369,237,990.08\)

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From consular fees-Continued.}

Brought forward
T. C.Jones, consul, Funchal
W.J. G. Reid, consul, Funchal
J.F. Healy, consul, Funchal
I. R. Diller, consul, Florence
J. Mueller, consul, Frankfort
F. H. Mason, consul-general, Trankfort
S. L. Gracey, consul, Fuchau
J. T. Camplell, consul, Fuchau
J. Whelan, consul, Fort Erie
O. Bedell, consul, Fort Erio

W: B. Sorsby, consul-general, Guayaquil
M. Reinberg, vice-consul-general, Guayaquil
A. Willard, Guaymas
J. M. Childs, consul, Guelph
L. S. Hunt, consal, Guelph
R.S. Chilton, commercial agent, Goderich
C. Bartlett, consul, Guadaloupe
J. W. Brown, consul, Glasgow....
R.J. Hemmick, consul, Geneva
I. T. Adams, consul, Geneva
J. Fletcher, consul, Genoa
E. A. Man, consul, Gothenberg
C. H. Shepard, consul, Gothenberg
H. S. Sprague, consul, Gibraltar
J. B. Osborne, consul, Ghent
F. W. L. Butterfield, consul, Ghent
G. Verhulst, consul, Ghent
A.F. Dickson, consul, Gaspe Basin
R. O. Williams, consul, Havana:
J. A. Springer, vice-consul-general, Havana
W. Monaghan, consul, Hamilton
C. F. Johnson, consul, Hamburg
B. J. Frankliu, consul, Hankow.
-H. W. Andrews, consul, Hankow
W. G. Frye, consul-general, Halifax
M. H. Phelan, consul, Halifax
O. F. Williams, consul, Havre
F. F. Dufais, consul, Havre
W.P.Smith, commercial agent. Huddersfieli.
0.H. Simons, consul, Hong goug
R. E. Withers, jr., consul, Hongrong
H. W. Severance, consul-general, Honoluiu
W. T. Rice, consul, Horgen
L. T. Adams, consul, Horgen
N. Gillman, consul, Jerusalem
G. H. Scidmore, vice-consul-general, Kanagawa
F. Cass, consul, Kanagawa
C.R. Greathouse, consul-general, Kanagawa
E. Johnson, consul. Kehl
W. R. Estes, consul, Kingston, Jamaica.
W.P. Forwood, consul, Kingston, Jamaica
M. H. Twitchell, consul, Kingston, Ont
H. A. Dinsmore, consul, Korea.
W.S. Bird, consul, La Guayra
P. G. Osterhaus, consul, Lyons.
E. B. Fairfield, consul, L yons

Morton, Rose \& Co., London, Eng
J. C. New, consul, London, Eng.
Z. Leonard, consul, London, Ont
W. Bruce, consul, Leith
W. T. Rice, consul, Leghorn
V. A. Sartori, consul, Leghorn
T. H. Sherman, consul, Liverpool
C. T. Russell, consul, Liverpool.
H. W. Diederich, consul, Leipsic.
S. R. Millar, consul, Leipsic
J. E. Montgomery, consul, Leipsic.
F. Nachod, consul, Leipsic.
F. H. Wigfall, consul, Leeds
J. R. Danforth, consul, Liege (see Verviers and Liege)
A. A. St. John, consul, Levuka.
E. E. Smith, consul, Liberia
B. Y. Payne, consul, Liberia
R. Knaussi, vice-consul-general, Mayence
J. H. Smith, consular agent, Mayence
C. B. Trail, consul, Marseilles
A. R. Webb, consul, Manila
J. S. Voight, consul, Manila
J. C. Monaghan, consul, Mannheim
J. F. Winter, consul, Mamnheim.
\$156, 692.96 \$369, 237,990. 08
127.00
12. 50
40.00

2,573.97
396.80

5, 747. 69
220.50
162.50
451.00
236.00
590.00
147.00
387.50
485.85

2, 016.50
321.00
132.00
\(5,214.50\)
7.50
754.50
207. 50

2, 103. 37
594.50
375. 00
425.00

1, 472.75
279.24
231.53
39.00

13, 650.00
378.86

1, 427.50
9, 793.51
5. 48
332. 44

3, 205.00
426.50

1, 495. 26
13.50

2, 999.97
6,550. 61
775.58

4,093.00
642.59

1, 098.50
60.50
239.13
235.50

7, 675.43
3, 614.78
2, 122, 50
129.12

1, 523.50
3.50
491.50
52.85

5,656.17
272,011. 94
14,368. 35
- \(1,421.50\)

1,967. 50
2,343. 82
467.69

11,835. 33
2, 334,86
3, 889.52
156. 18
54.07
164.00

1,178. 56
1, 250. 00
5. 50
5. 00
2.50
47.55

2,205. 57
\(4,356.07\)
643.00
2.50
224.81

2,616. 27

\title{
Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.
}

\section*{From consular fees-Continned.}

Brought forward.
J. Worthington, consul, Malta
T. M. Newson, consul, Malaga
H. C. Marston, consul, Malaga
E. H. Plumacher, consul, Maracaibo
W. A. Garesche, consul, Martinique.
A. B. Keevil, consul, Martinique
W. F. Grinnell, consul, Manchester.
F. H. Pierce, consul, Matanzas
H. Heidegger, consul, Matanzas
J. F. Falls, consul, Matamoros.
F. D. Hill, consul, Monterideo.........................................................
W. M. Edgar, vice-consul-general, Mexico City
R. Guenther, consul.general, Mexico City
W. S. Jones, consul, Messina
E. H. Thompson, consul, Merida
J. P. Lesesne, consul-general, Meibourne
J. K. Smith, vice-consul-general, Melbourne
G. H. Wallace, consul. general, Melbourne
G. W. Pepper, consul, Mrilan
W. A. Scotield, commercial a aent, Morrisburg
E. W. Mealey, consul, Munich
F. W. Catiin; consul, Munich
C.L. Knapp, consul-general, Montreal
H.D. Bemmett. consul, Nantes
H. A. Schackelford, consul, Nantes
J.M. Birch, consul, Nagasaki
W. H. Abercrombie, consul, Nagasaki
E. Camphausen, consul, Naples
J. S. Twells, cousul, Naples
1. J. McLain, jr., consul, Nassaii
J. J. Bandinel, consul, New Chwang
H. C. Pugh, consul, Ner castle
W. H. Bradley, consul; , Nice
T. F. Pettus, consul, Ningpo.
J. Fowler, consul, Ninguo
D.H.Smith, consul, Nogales
J. L. McKim, consul, Nottinghan
G. T. Williams, consul, Nottingham
W. J. Black, consul, Nureniberg.
S. Dunkelsbühler, consnl, Nurem berg
W. P. Sutton, consul, Nuevo Laredo.
E. J. Smithers, consul, Osaka and Hiogo
T. E. Heenan, consul, Odessia
R. G. Lay, consul-general, Ottawa
T. W. Hotehkiss, consul, Ottawa
B. Mackey, cousul, Paso del Norte.
A. J. Sampson, consul, Paso del Norte
J. L. Rathbone, consul-general, Paris.
G. Walker, late consul-general, Paris
A. E. King, consull-general, Paris
R. T. Clayton, consul, Para
J. O. Kerbey, consul, Para
P. Carrol, consul, Palermo
T. Anderson, consul, Panama
H. C. Borstel, constul, Pernambuco
E. Stevens, cousul, Pernambuco
E. O. Fechet, consul, Piedras Negras
E. E. Bramlette, consul, Planen
T. W. Peters, consul, Plauen
G. C. Tanner, consul, Picton
T. T. Prentis, consul, Port Louis
L. M. Shaffer, consul Port Hope.
J. S. Farrar, consul, Port Sarnia
S. D. Pace, consul, Port Sarnia.
F. A. Husher, consul, Port Stanley and St. Thomas.......................

Tred Douctas minister Port 2 Punct.
G.B. Loring, minister, Portagal.
W. G. Riley, consul, Puerto Cabello
C. De Blane, consul,' Puerto Cabello
W. C. Hall, consul, Prescott
E. Kubinsky, consul, Prague
W. A. Rublee, consul, Prague
F.M. Ryder, consul, \(Q\) nebee.
L. G. Bennington, cousul, Rio Granäe do Sul
C. Negley, consul, Rio Grande do Sul.
W. C. Burchard, consul, Ruatan and Truxillo.
H. Ellis, consul, Rotterdam.
J. Visser, consul, Rotterlam
W. E. Gardner, consul, Rotterdam
S. H. Keedy consul, Rebeims
H. Lee, vice consul,'Rheims
\(\$ 574,690.03 \$ 369,237,990.08\)
52.25
208.00

1, 165.00
3, 947.26
112.50
176.75
\(5,314.59\)
705.00
130.00
390.00
756.00
87.50
113.50

1, 935 . 82
425.00
845.50
205. 50

1,076.00
2, 023.88
100.50

1, 026.36
1,908. 50
5, 003.75 525.00 47.50 130.56
104.25
104.25
650.11

1,534. 18
914. 00
1. 00
980.46
102.50
4.50
9.00

2,427. 36
3,041.41
551.29

3, 505. 61
959.49
486.25

3, 158.50
9.50

7, 329. 87
326.76
207.59

4, 112.02
6,401. 0 L
800.00

7,574. 45
1, 604.50
37.15

3,368.45
617.00
444.00
432.00

1,455. 41
193.03
92.17
259.00
24. 50

1,664. 25
319.00
430.00

1,550. 25
829.76
230.50
625.00
799. 50

1,037. 76
1,389. 22
2,940.01
511.00
243.00
168.50
127. 50

1,785. 10
340.28

3,639.48
2,312. 25
389.09
(

\title{
Statiement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.
}

\section*{From consular fees-Continued.}


\title{
Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.
}

\section*{From consular fees-Continued.}

Brought forward
C. R. Joslyn, consul, Windsor
J. W. Taylor, Winneper: 933. 90 846.00
W. T. Townsend, consul, Woodstock 55.00
D. F. Currie, consul, Yarmonth
S. A. Pratt, consnl, Zanzibar
E. D. Ropes, jr., consul, Zanzibar 936.00
E. D. Ropes, jr., consul, Zanzibar
254.00
G. L. Catlin, consul, Zurich

\section*{From registers and receivers' fees.}


\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United Stateg, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From registers and receivers' fees-Continued.}

Brought forward.
G. C. McKee, receiver, Jackson, Miss .

Mrs. Anita H. McKee, receiver, Jackson, Miss
W. A. Smiley, receiver, Boonville, Mo
W. B. Newman, receiver, Ironton, Mo
H. R. Williams, receiver, Springfield, Mo
J. T. Carlin, receiver, Bozeman, Mont
G. M. Bourquin, receiver, Helena, Mont
G. W. Cook, receiver, Lewiston, Mont
A. Hall, receiver, Miles City, Mont.
A. T. Campbell, receiver, Miles City, Mont
J.B. Catlin, receiver, Missoula, Mont
J. H. Danskin, receiver, Alliance, Nebr.
J. Whitehead, receiver, Broken Bow, Nebr.
J. E. Kelly, receiver, Bloomington, Nebr
T. F. Powers, receiver, Chadron, Nebr.
A. H. Baker, receiver, Grand Island, Nebr
D. C. Hall, receiver, Grand Island, Nebr
E. T. Hudson, receiver, Lincoln, Nebr..
J. Tecter, receiver, Lincoln, Nebr
J. Steinmetz, receiver, McCook, Nebr
D. E. Bomgardner, receiver, McCook, Nebr.
A. Lundvall, receiver, Neligh, Nebr.
A. L. Towle, receiver, O'Neill, Nebr
A. S. Baldwin, receiver, North Platte, Nebr.
M. M. Neeves, receiver, Sidney, Nebr
E. M. Love, receiver, Valentine, Nebr
G. C. Thaxter, receiver, Carson, Nev.
H. C. Pickles, receiver, Folsom, N. Mex
J. J. Dolan, late receiver, Las Cruces, N. Mex
Q. Vance, receiver, Las Cruces, N. Mex.
F. Lesmet, receiver, Roswell, N, Mex.
W. M. Berger, receiver, Santa Fe, New Mex
D. W. Hutchimson, receiver, Bismarek, N. Dak
A. Fisher, receiver, Bismarck, N. Dak.
S. S. Smith, receiver, Devils Lake, N. Dak
J. A. Percival, receiver, Devils Lake, N. Dak.
N. Davis, receiver, Fargo, N. Dak.
J. I. Stokes, receiver, Grand Forks, N: Dak
W. T. Walker, recoiver, Beaver, Okla
C. M. Barnes, receiver, Guthrie, Okla.
J. V. Admire, receiver, Kingfisher, Okla
J. C: Delaney, receiver, Oklahoma'City, Okla.
H. Kelley, receiver, Burns, Oregon.
A. C. McClelland, receiver, La Grande, Oregon
C. U. Snider, receiver, Lake View, Oregon
B. F. Burch, receiver, Oregon City, Oregon
A. M. Crawford, receiver, Roseburg, Oregon
T. S. Lang, receiver, The Dalles, Oregon
C. J. MacLeod, receiver, Aberdeen, S. Dak
W. T. Ja Follette, receiver, Chamberlain, S. Dak
O. W. Bair, receiver, Huron, S. Dak.
R. W. Wheelock, receiver, Mitehell, S. Däk
E. W. Eakin, receiver, Pierre, S. Dak
G. V. Ayres, receiver, Rapid City, S. Dak
R. E. Carpenter, receiver, Watertown, S. Dak
B. S. Williams, receiver, Yankton, S. Dak
H. Sherman, jr., receiver, Salt Lake City, Utah
T. M. Vance, receiver, North Yakima, Wash
J. R. Welty, receiver, Olympia, Wash
J. R. Hayden, receiver, Seattle, Wash
C. M. Ogden, receiver, Seattle, Wash.
J.H. Hughes, receiver, Spokane Falls, Wash
S. Swetland, receiver, Vancouver, Wash
S. Swethand, recerver, Vancouver, Wash......
R. M. McCalley, receiver, Walla Walla, Was
J. C. Painter, receiver, Walla Walla, Wash.
F. M. Dallam, receiver, Waterville, Wash
R. C. Heydlauft, receiver, Ashland, Wis
F. R. Fart, receiver, Eau Clare, Wis
P. O'Malley, receiver, Menasha, Wis
C. F. Augustin, receiver, Menasha, Wis
E.B. Sanders, receiver, Wausaa,-Wis
R. H. Johnson, receiver, Wausau, W is
J. J. Orr, receiver, Buffalo, W yo.
A. C. Cöble, receiver, Buffalo, Wyo

Lenoy Grant, receiver, Cheyenne, Wyo
M. C. Barrow, receiver, Douglas, Wyo
F. M. Foote, receiver, Evanston, Wyo
H. G. Nickerson, receiver, Lander, Wyo
A. P. Hanson, receiver, Sundance, Wyo.
\(\$ 405,211.67 \$ 370,020,609.53\)
12,901. 70
15, 121.80
4,833. 77
6,547.31
15, 339.14
7,635. 00
13, 808. 33
2,850.05
390.37

3,111. 04
1,355. 15
6, 638.88
4,342. 00
2,490. 93
7,878. 44
644.45

4, 235.13
239.62
314.34
321.42

8, 668.20
\(3,345.27\)
5,571.24
17, 633.27
9,229.85
7,780. 23
552.13

1, 016.47
2,590.58
179.00

3, 566. 12
3,217. 23
6,779.91
2,828. 34
7,731. 87
1,927. 85
4, 149.58
15,902.01
7,927. 73
3,278. 00
11, 080.04
7,653.27
9, 619.80
4, 145.56
13,773.57
4,354. 30
17, 657, 19
14, 714. 82
10, 965 . 15
7,686. 08
4, 099.56
10, 098. 02
8, 126.36
1,519. 14
10, 194. 23
11, 463.23
4, 733. 89
12,384. 67
6, 262.09
10,802. 26
2, 853.82
19, 786. 03
27, 016. 26
19,984. 05
4, 743. 82
2,638. 49
6, 066.43
8,235. 44
4, 188. 17
116.57
692.42

4,641. 79
3,219. 55
1, 723. 62
1,217. 50
6,639. 94
1,813. 64
2, 607.44
417.83

1,880.12.

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{Brought forward}
\(\$ 370,952,516.11\)
From labor, drayage, and storage, 1891-oustoms.


From labor, drayage, and storage, 1890.
G. P. Bray, collector, Salem and Beverly, Mass ............................... 14.40
 91.77
M. B. Gary, collector, Cuyahoga, Ohio 15. 60
C. G. Brewster, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex.................................... 145.80
N. W. Cuney, collector, Galveston, Tex
134.40

\section*{From services of United States officers, 1891.}
D.B. Booth, collector, Mobile, Ala..................................................... 36.00
G. Christ, collector, Arizona
359.26 444.00
J. R. Berry, collector, San Diego Cal 17,355.98
T. G. Phelps, collector, San Francisco, Cal
72.00
G. Hinds, collector, Wilmington, Cal
9.00
P. H. Downing, collector, Wilmington, Cal .................................................... 18.00
H. Z. Osborne, collector, Wilmington, Cal............................................... \(\quad 6.00\)
G. B. Edmunds, collector, Fairfield, Conn........................................................................... 120
A.H. Kellam, collector, Now Haren, Comil...................................................... 180.57
W. H. Saxton, collector, New London, Coinu ....................................... 630.30
H. M. Jarlow, collector, Delaware 11.00
C. Dodge, collector, Georgetown, D. C
11.00
98.75
116.00
W. B. Sheppard, collector, A palachicola, Fla.............................................................................. 100
J. F. Horr, collector, Key West, Ila

4,815. 88
93.00
960.00
573.06
E. R. Gunby, collector, Tampa, Fla

5,369.01.

Carried forward...

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{Trom services of United States officers, 1891-Continued.}

Brought forward
D. R. Collier, collector, Louisville, Ky
\$31, 169.81 \$371, 021, 700. 24
H. C. Warmoth, collector. New Orleans, La
C. W. Roberts, collector, Bangor, Me
J. W. Palmer, collector, Ban gor, Mo
J. D. Hopkins, collector, Frenchman Bry, Me
G. A. Curran, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me.
S. J. Anderson, collector, Portland, Me

F: N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me
G. B. Lawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me
W. M. Marine, collector, Baltimore, Md
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass
A. W. Beard, collector, Boston, Mass.
D. S. Presson, collector, Gloucester, Mass
W. A. Pew, collector, Gloucester, Miss
F. E. Pedrick, collector, Marblehead, Mass.
G. P. Bray, collector, Salem and Beverly, Mass.
H.L. Bines, surveyor, Springfield, Mass
G. H. Hopkins, collector, Detroit, Mich
H. Geer, collector, Haron, Mich
C. Y. Osburn, collector, Superior, Mioh
C. F. Johnson, collector, Dulath; Minn
C. G. Edwards, collector, Minnesota, Minu
R. Gumfin, surveyor, Kansas City, Mo.
J. O. Churehill, surveyor, St. Louis, Mo
W. T. Hopper, collector, Perth Amboy, N .
W. J. Morgan, collector, Buffalo Creek,', X. Y
H. Hebing, collector, Genesee, N. X
J. B. Erhardt, collector, New York, N. Y.
J. Low, collector, Niagara, N. \(\mathbf{Y}\)
G.M. Gleason, collector, Oswegatchie, N. X
J. E. Taylor, acting collector, Wilmington, N. C.
N. E. Nelson, collector, North and South Dakota
A. Smith, jr., surveyor, Cinciunati, Ohio
M. B. Gary, collector, Cuyahogh, Ohio
J. M. Glazier, collector, Erie, Pa
T. \(\overline{\text { F }}\). Cooper, collector, \(\mathrm{Philadelphia;} \mathrm{~Pa}\)
G.P. Pomroy, collector, Providence, R. I.
T. B. Johnston, collector. Charleston, S. C
R.B. Rentfro, collector, Brazos de Santiago, Tex
C. G. Brewster, collector, Corpus Christi, Tex
N. W. Cuney, collector, Galveston, Tex
F. P. Clark, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex
G. G. Benedict, collector, Vermont, Vt.
H. de B. Clay, collector, Newport News, Va
R. G. Banks, collector, Nor folk and Portsmontio, Va
C. M. Bradshaw, collector, Puget Sound, Wash

1, 296.00
3,361. 27
9.52
33.44
120.00
171.84
14.43

2, 024.16
66.21

23, 073.55
300.00

32, 622.46
86.77

1,213. 63
30.00
19.50
24.00

1, 254. 70
4,086. 90
19.74
106. 45

4,282.98
1, 122.70
285.00
550.00

2,925. 01
667.00

130,560.50
5, 450.00
3, 231.04
196.00
156.66
472.87
25.35
42.00

21, 229. 79 786.00
143.00
48.00
572.25
348.66

1, 101.10
414. 75

6, 689.50 666.00 15.00

4, 576.66

\section*{From services of United States officers, 1890.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline J. R. Berry; collector, San Dicgo, Cal & 14.00 \\
\hline J. F. Horr, collector, Key West, Fla & 353.90. \\
\hline J.M. Clark, collector, Chicago, Ill & 248.90 \\
\hline C. W. Roberts, collector, Bangor, M & 14.64 \\
\hline J. D. Hopkins, collector, FrenchmanBay, Me & 10.00 \\
\hline F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass & 97.12 \\
\hline D. S. Presson, collector, Gloucester, Mass & 253.84 \\
\hline G. H. Hopkins, collecter, Detroit, Mich & 25.00 \\
\hline H. Geer. collector, Huron, Mich & 469.10 \\
\hline C. G. Edwards, collector, Minnesota, Minn & 303.40 \\
\hline R. Guffin, surveyor, Kansas City, Mo & 14.67 \\
\hline J. O. Churchill, survejor, St. Louis, Mo & 138.00 \\
\hline W. T. Hopper, collector, Perth Amboy, N. & 50.00 \\
\hline W.J. Morgan, collector, Buffalo Creek, & 217.79 \\
\hline H. Hebing, collector, Genesee, N. Y & 54.70 \\
\hline J. B. Erhardt, collector, New York, N. Y & 380.00 \\
\hline C. G. Brewster, collector, Corpus Christi, & 130.00 \\
\hline N. W. Cuney, collector, Galveston, Tex & 95.00 \\
\hline F.P. Clark, collector, Paso del Norte, 'Te & 98. 90 \\
\hline F. A. Vaughn, collector, Saluria, Tex. & 115.00 \\
\hline G. G. Benedict, collector, Vermont, Vt & 600.50 \\
\hline H. de B. Clay, collector, Newport News, & 54.00 \\
\hline C. M. Bradshaw, Puget Sound, Washingto & 135.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

From weighing fees, 1891.


\title{
Statement of the Receipes of the United States, erc.-Continned.
}

Hrom weiyhing fees, 1891.

\section*{Drought forward}
\(\$ 6,340.90 \$ 371.313,236.40\)
6.00
676.19
J.M. Clark, collector, Chicago, Ill
H. C. Warmoth, collector, New Orleans, La 623.82
W. M. Marine, collector, Baltimore, Md
A. W. Reard, collector, Boston, Mass

4,735. 31
W. A. Pew, collector, Gloucester, Mass
25.20
G. H. Hopkins, collector, Detroit, Mich
24.33
R. Hancock, jr., collector, Pamlico, N. C
7.50
J. B. Erhardt, collector, New York, N. Y
\(56,114.66\)
T. V. Cooper, collector, Philadelphit, Pa

3,889. 12
J. F. Dravo, surveyor, Pittsburg, Pa
34. 64
G. P. Pomroy, collector, Providence, R. I 6.83
T. B. Johinston, collector, Charleston, S. C
R. B. Rentfro, collector, Brazos de Santiaga, Tex
10.70
C. G. Brewster, collector, Corpus Christi, T'ex
35.00
N. W. Cuney, collector, Galveston, Tex

1, 987 : 73
F. A. Vaughan, collector, Saluria, Tex
9.10

From weighiny fees, isoo.


Lrom customs officers' fees, 1891.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline G. Christ, collector, Nogales, Ariz & 23.40 \\
\hline T. G. Phelps, collector, San Francisco, Cal & 8,810:81 \\
\hline J. M. Clark, collector, Chicago, In & 1,613.30 \\
\hline H. C. Warmoth, collector, New Orlea & 7,052. 81 \\
\hline F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me & 1, 874. 78 \\
\hline S. J. Anderson, collector, Portland, Me & 396.60 \\
\hline W. M. Marine, collector, Baltimore, Md & 6, 821. 22 \\
\hline A. W. Beard, collector; Boston, Mass & 19,017.53 \\
\hline J. B. Frhardt, collector, New York, N. Y & 56, 508.78 \\
\hline T. V. Cooper, collector, Philadelphia, Pa & 111, 053, 98 \\
\hline F. P. Clark, collector, Paso del Nort & 82.20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
G. Christ, collector, Nogales, Ariz ................................................................. 23.40
T. G. Phelps, collector, San Francisco, Cal .................................................................... 810.81

H. C. Warmoth, collector, New Orleans, La
\(7,052.81\)
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me.
, 874. 78
6, 821.22
W. M. Marine, collector, Baltimnre, Md

19,017.53
J. B. Frhardt, collector, New York, N. Y
\(56,508.78\)
F. P. Clark, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex
82.20

From customs officers' fees, 1890.
S. J. Anderson, collector, Portland, Me.
.20
J. B. Erhardt, collector, New York, N. Y.

1, 521.58
F. P. Clark, collector, Paso del Norte, Tex 101.20

From mileage of examiners, 1801.
A. W. Beard, collector, Boston, Mass
J. B. Erhardt, collector, New York, N. Y
T. \(\bar{V}\). Cooper, collector, Philadelphía, Pa
42.20

From mileage of examiners, 1890.
J. B. Erharat, collector, New York, N. Y.

From fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Customs, 1891.


\section*{Statements of the Receipts of the Uniled States, etc.-Continued.}

\section*{From fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Customs, 1891-Continued.}

Brought forward
J. E. Lee, collector, St. Johns, Fia
J. H. Pinkerton, collector, St. Marks, Fla
E. R. Gunby, collector, Tampa, Fla
\(\qquad\)
C. C. Wimbish, surveyor, Atlanta, Ga
J. H: Deveaux, collector, Brunswick, Ga.
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga .
J. M. Clark, collector, Chicago, IIl
A. L. Schimpff, surveyor, Peoria, Il
J. Mahood, surveyor, Galena, III.

Inl.
C. E. Scoville, surveyor, Evansville, Ind
P. M. Hildebrand, surveyor, Indianapolis, Inl
J. M. Mercer, surveyor, Burlington, Lowa
\$37, 201. 74 \$371, 507, 573: 87
C. Willner, surveyor, Burlington, lowa.
G. Fengler, surveyor, Dubuque, Iowa
D. R. Collier, surveyor, Louisville, Ky
J. W. Cobb, surveyor, Paducah, Ky
H. C. Wammouth, collector, New Orleans, La
A. A. Burleigh, collector, A roostook, Me
J. W. Wakefield, collector, Bath, Me
G. B. Ferguson, collector, Belfast, Me
J. F. Lynch, collector, Machias, Me
S. D. Leavitt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me
G. A. Curran, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me
S. J. Anderson, collector, Portland, Me
F. N. Dow, collector, Portland, Me
J. E. Moore, collector, Waldoboro, Me
W. H. Luce, collector, Waldoboro, Me
G. B. Sawyer, collector, Wiscasset, Me
W. M. Mariné, collector, Baltimore, Md
F. B. Goss, collector, Barnstable, Mass
A. W. Beard, collector, Roston, Mass
D. S. Presson, collector, Gloucester, Mass
W. A. Pew, collector, Gloucester, Mass
W. Howland, collector, New Bedford, Mass
J. Taylor, collector, Neiv Bedford, Mass.
2. 23
110.00

2, 167. 73
15.92
100.00
13. 84
717.43
5.45
1. 45
1.15
133.54
60.37
2.40
11.13
164.80
50.57
1. 60
406.08

1,451. 81
10.00
20.00
20.00
108. 00
345.52

76:07
37. 70
19.90
20.00
5.00

1,117.19
20.37

1, 983.47
10.00
599. 64
29.92
300.00
8.73
590.05
3.00

1,257.42
472.80
116.50
40.00
69. 45
232. 87
265.80
88.30
4.95
218.21
132.75
8.20
17.80
64.65
135. 31
25.91
81.23
88.00
\(68.25 \quad 0\)
928. 30
3.90
39.66

33, 680. 66
256.09
96.84
110.42
25.00
20.00
2.68
12. 51
13.75
17.50
4.90
169.22
94.16
429.85
50.00

2,330.79
5, 122. 74
14. 35

2, 309.81
96.16

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}
From fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Customs, 1891-Continued.


Erom fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Customs, 1890.


Trom fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Customs, 1839.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline J. Arnold, collector, San Diego, Cal & 60.00 \\
\hline L. Culom, acting collector, Puget sound, Wash & 30.00 \\
\hline J. W. McCabe, collector, Puget Sound, Wash & 200.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\begin{array}{ll}\text { L. Cullom, acting collector, Puget Sound, Wash ........................... } \\ \text { J. W.McCabe, collector, Puget Sound, Wash } & \text {............................... } \\ 200.00\end{array}\)
c
From fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Customs, 1888 and prior years.
Q. A. Brooks, late collector, Puget Sound, Wash.

2,252. 45

\section*{From emolument fees-Customs, 1891.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline J. R. Berry, collector, San Diego, Cal. & 1, 208.92 \\
\hline P. H. Dorrning, collector, Wilinington, Cal & 52.97 \\
\hline W. D. Downing, acting collector, Wilmingt & 15.70 \\
\hline G. Finds, collector, Wilmington. Cal & 765.45 \\
\hline G. 13. Edmonds, collector, Fairfield, Conn & 13.17 \\
\hline C. C. Hubbard, collector, Hartford, Conn & 1, 246.95 \\
\hline C. Dodge, collector, Georgetown, D. C & 37.11 \\
\hline S. A. Johnson, collector, Georgetown, & 2.00 \\
\hline S. A. Moreno, collector, Pensacola, Fla & 714.78 \\
\hline f. R. Mizell, collector, Pensacola, Fla & 654.05 \\
\hline E. R. Gunby, collector, Tampa, Fla & 107.30 \\
\hline A. A. Burleigh, collector, Aroostook, M & 729.30 \\
\hline C. W. Roberts, collector, Bangor, Me. & 2,941. 99 \\
\hline Carried forward. & 8,459.69 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, eftc.-Continued.}

From emolument fees-Customs, 1891-Continued.

Brought forward.
S. J. Leavitt, collector, Passamaquoldiy, Me
J. E. Moore, collector, W aldoboro, Me
G. H. Hopkins, collector, Detroit, Mich
H. Geer, collector, Huron, Mich
\(\ldots\)
J. O. Churchill, collector, St. Louis, Mo
J. E. Dodge, collector, Portsmonth, N. H.
J. M. Bailey, collector, Albany, N. X.. .......
H. F. Morse, collector, Cape Vincent,
S. Moffitt, collector, Champlain, N. Y
W.J. Morgan, collector, Buffalo Creek, N. Y
J. Low, collector, Niagara, N. Y
G. M. Gleason, collector, Oswegatchie, \(\mathcal{N} . \bar{Y}\)
J. E. Taylor, collector, Wilmington, N. C
N. E. Nelson, collector, North and South Dakota.
H. Abraham, collector, Willamette, Oregou
G. P. Pomroy, collector, Providence, R.I
G. G. Benedict, collector, Vermont, Vt
C. M. Bradshaw, collector, Puget Sound, Wash

From emolument fees-Customs, 1890.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline T.J. Arnold, collector, San Diego, Cal & 1,413.41 \\
\hline J. R. Berry, collector, San Diego, Cal & 93.66 \\
\hline G. Hinds, collector, Wilmington, Cal & 804.59 \\
\hline C. C. Hubbard, collector, Hartford, Co & 4,484. 10 \\
\hline C. Dodge, collector, Georgetown; D. C & 1,001. 79 \\
\hline J. F. Horr, collector, Key West, Fla & 21, 792.57 \\
\hline S. A. Moreno, collector, Pensacola, Fla & 698.66 \\
\hline F. B. Genovar, collector, St. Augustine, & 2.10 \\
\hline E. R. Gunby, collector, Tampa, Fla & 6,572. 57 \\
\hline P. M. Hildebrand, surveyor, Indianapolis, Ind & 243.17 \\
\hline D. R. Collier, surveyor, Louisville, Ky & 2,808.30 \\
\hline A. A. Burleigh, collector, A roostook, M & -768.55 \\
\hline C. W. Eoberts, collector, Bangor, Me & 2,618.49 \\
\hline S. D. Leavitt, collector, Passamaquoddy, Me & 2,626.92 \\
\hline J.E. Moore, colleotor, Waldoboro, Me & 203.70 \\
\hline J: Brady, jr., collector, Fall River, Mass & 472.45 \\
\hline W. Howland, collector, New Bedford, M & 928.70 \\
\hline G. H. Hopkins, collector, Detroit, Mich & 166. 30 \\
\hline H. Geer, collector, Huron, Mich & 726.25 \\
\hline C. Y. Usburn, collector, Superior, Mich & 52.55 \\
\hline C. G. Edwards, collector, Minuesota & 757.30 \\
\hline R. Guffin, surveyor, Kansas City, Mo & 671.89 \\
\hline J. O. Chmrehill, surveyor, St. Louis, M & 35,688. 24 \\
\hline J. M. Bailey, surveyor, Albany, N. Y & 50.79 \\
\hline H. E. Morse, surveyor, Cape Vincent, N. Y & 1,275.41 \\
\hline S. Moffitt, surveyor, Champlain, N. Y & 10, 833.23 \\
\hline J. W. Martin, surveyor, Genesee, N. Y & 1,142.18 \\
\hline H. Hebing, surveyor, Genesee, N. Y & 3,441. 29 \\
\hline G. M. Gleason, surveyor, Oswegatchie & 724.96 \\
\hline H. H. Lyman, surveyor, Oswego, N. Y & 16, 454.72 \\
\hline E. J. Pennypacker, surveyor, Wilming & 155.83 \\
\hline A. Smith, jr., surveyor, Cincinnati, & 27,852.93 \\
\hline M. B. Gary, collector, Cuyahoga; Oh & 3,263.49 \\
\hline W. H. McLyman, collector, Miami, & 753.13 \\
\hline T. P. Cooke, collector, Sandusky, Ohio & 10.35 \\
\hline H. Abraham, collector, Willamette, O & 14,522.17 \\
\hline D. O. Barr, surveyor, Pittsburg, Pa & 3, 871.15 \\
\hline J. F. Dravo, surveyor, Pittsburg, P & 120.20 \\
\hline J. McWilliams, collector, Providence; R . & 937.94 \\
\hline C. G. Brewster, collector, Corpus Christi, & 153.30 \\
\hline N. W. Cuney, collector, Galveston, Tex. & 237.15 \\
\hline G. G. Benedict, collector, Vermont & 12,756.56 \\
\hline H. de B. Clay, collector, Newport News, V & 470,07 \\
\hline C. M. Bradshaw, collector, Puget sound, W & 554.89 \\
\hline J. A. Watrous, collector, Milwaukee, Wis & 4,988. 28 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\$ 8,489.69 \$ 371,641,597.14\)
515.54
138.42

6, 825.85
1,582.00
7.40
21.32
21. 60
834.87
\(5,511.38\)
4,585.36
6, 268.65
1, 829.40
942.88
167.90
56.30

744,58
11,738. 25
8, 414. 15

58, 695.54

\title{
Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc:-Continued.
}

Brought forward
\(\$ 371,918,637.93\)
From immigrant fund.
D. B. Booth, collector, Mobile, Ala ..... 3.00
T. G. Plielps, collector, San Francisco, Cal. ..... 3,712.50
W. H. Saxton, collector, New London, Conn ..... 50
H. M. Barlow, collector, Delaware ..... 5.50
W. B. Sheppard, collector, Apalachicola, Fla ..... 5. 00
W. A. Mahoney, collector, Fernandina, FLa. ..... 1. 00
J. A. Pine, collector, Fernandina, Fla
3,659. 00
J. F. Horr, collector, Key West, Fla
S. A. Moreno, collector, Pensacola, Fla ..... 4. 50
J. R. Mizell, collector, Pensacola, Fla.
14.00
6.50
14.00
6.50
H. J. Ritchio, collector, St. Augustine, Fla.
5.50
5.50
E R Ge, collector, stor Tampa Fla ..... 15.50
J. H. Devaux, collector, Brunswick, Ga. ..... 3. 00
T. F. Johnson, collector, Savannah, Ga ..... 2. 50
H. C. Warmoth, collector, New Orleans, La. ..... 2, 119. 50
1.50
1.50
J. F. Lynch, collector, Machias, Me ..... 345.50
W. M. Marine, collector, Baltimore, Mid ..... 20, 408.50A. W. Beard, collector, Boston, Mass15, 717. 501. 00
W. Howland, collector, Now Bedford, Mas ..... 49.50
J. Taylor, collector, New Bedford, Mass ..... 351.50
J.B. Erhardt, collector New York, N. Y ..... 232,380.00 ..... 3.50
22.00
H. Abraham, collector, Willamette, Oregon.
H. Abraham, collector, Willamette, Oregon.
R. P. Earhardt, collector, Willamette, Oregon ..... 3,393. 00
T. Cooper, collector, Philadelphia, Pa
1.00
1.00
T. B. Johnston, collector, Charleston, S. C ..... 1. 00
H. de B. Clay, collector, Newport News, V ..... 5.00
2.50
R. G. Banks, collector, Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline F. D. Allen, United States district attorney, Ma & 10.00 \\
\hline A. R. Ayres, clerk, Washington & 200. 00 \\
\hline W. H. Bradley, clerk, Illinois. & 463.45 \\
\hline J. H. Bates (surety) & 122.00 \\
\hline N. C. Butler, clerk, Indiana & 3,791.90 \\
\hline E. Bassett, clerk, Massachusetts & 1, 819.31 \\
\hline A. D. Brooks, clerk, Texas & 1, 018.90 \\
\hline C. C. Cole, United States district attorney, Distric & 5.00 \\
\hline Clerk United States Court, eastern district of Pen & 341.94 \\
\hline B. R. Cowen, clerk, Ohio... & 1,736.03 \\
\hline S. B. Crail, clerk, Kentucky & 365.07 \\
\hline H. F. Carlton, clerk, Ohio. & 624.01 \\
\hline J. W. Chew, clerk, Maryland & 469.30 \\
\hline S. I. Clark, clerk, Arkansas & 196.72 \\
\hline H. C. Cowles, clerk, North Carolina & 53.10 \\
\hline M. B. Converse, clerk, nlinois & 1, 005. 50 \\
\hline J. B. Clough, clerk, Tennessee & 100.93 \\
\hline J. Crane, late collector internal revenue, fitth dis & 51.75 \\
\hline W. C. Carter, clerk, Georgia..................... & 187.20 \\
\hline L. B. Dellicker, clerk, West Virginia & 1,070.00 \\
\hline B. G. Duval, clerk, Texas............. & 1,518. 25 \\
\hline J. W. Dimmick, clerk, Alabama & 1,268.73 \\
\hline H. M. Doak, clerk, Alabama. & 1,410.70 \\
\hline A. H. Davis, clerk, Maine. & 13.06 \\
\hline D.J. Davison, clerk, Michigan & 430.00 \\
\hline P. Fricke, U. S. marshall, western district Texas & 21. 20 \\
\hline C. L. Fitch, clerk, Michigan ....... & 85.71 \\
\hline J. C. Franks, U. S. marshal, California & 18. 59 \\
\hline T. C. Fowler, clerk, Virginia ......... & 249.38 \\
\hline J. C. Finnell, clerk, Kentucky & 70.52 \\
\hline O. C. Fuller, clerk, Georgia & - 362.13 \\
\hline J. H. Finks, clerk, Texas & 907.15 \\
\hline R.L. Goodrich, clerk, Arkansas & 210.81 \\
\hline C. B. Germain, clerk, New York & I, 704.65 \\
\hline G. Green, clerk, North Carolina & 61.70 \\
\hline J. H. Gould, late collector internal revenue, thir & 287.32 \\
\hline H. C. Geisberg, clerk, Missouri & 20.00 \\
\hline H. E. Hayden, clerk, Alaska. & 35.00 \\
\hline W. H. Hackett, clerk, New Hampshire & 76.40 \\
\hline G. R. Hill, clerk, Mississippi. & 50.00 \\
\hline H. H. Henderson, clerk, Utah. & 810.10 \\
\hline H. C. Hamilton, clerk, Georgia & - 11.05 \\
\hline R.M. Hopkins, clerk, Washington & 450.00 \\
\hline S. Hoffman, clerk, California & 10.00 \\
\hline O. B. Hillis, clerk, Minnesota. & 2, 625.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.}

From fines, penalties, and forfeitures-Judiciary-Contimued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Bronght forward & \$26, 339.56 & 372, 210, 908. 93 \\
\hline S. A. Harper, clerk, Wisconsin & 38.75 . & \\
\hline J. E. Hagood, clerk, South Carolina & 48.00 & \\
\hline D. H. Hart, clerk, Texas. & 10.75 & \\
\hline P. Hynes, clerk, Minnesota & 37.54 & \\
\hline G. E. Johnson, clerk, Vermon & 175.81 & \\
\hline R. Jones, clerk, Alabama. & 1,375.76 & \\
\hline H. H. Kirkpatrick, clerk, Texa & 377.60 & \\
\hline IT. H. King, clerk, Georgia & 193. 13 & \\
\hline E. Kurtz, clerk, Wisconsin & 798.75 & \\
\hline R. H. Lamson, clerk, Oregon & 1,728.00 & \\
\hline S. A. Lathim, clerk, Missouri & 216.79 & \\
\hline W. G. Long, marshal, California & 30.50 & \\
\hline H. B. Lovering, marshal, Massachusetts & 200.61. & \\
\hline W. T. Lindsay, clerk, Pennsylvania. & 57. 25 & \\
\hline H.E. Love, clerk,Iowa & 234.93 & \\
\hline F. May (surety) & 265.70 & \\
\hline F.H. Mason, clerk, Massachusetts & 143.94 & \\
\hline W. Morgan, clerk, Missouri....... & 274.97 & \\
\hline A. W. McCullough, United States commissioner, Alabama & 301.62 & \\
\hline E. E. Marvin, clerk, Connecticut & 896.03 & \\
\hline S. C. McCandless, clerk, Pennsylvania & 906.20 & \\
\hline J. Y. Moore, clerk, West Virginia & 744.20 & \\
\hline W. W. Mansfield, United States commissioner, Kentuck y & 11.40 & \\
\hline J. McQuewan, clerk, Michigan & 99.80 & \\
\hline E. Mitchell, clerk, New York. & 500.00 & \\
\hline J. A. Montgomery, clerk, Dakota & 150.00 & \\
\hline C. \({ }^{\text {H }}\) ? McClure, clerk Utah.. & 3,696. 61 & \\
\hline H. G. McMillan, clerk, Utah. & 3,341. 05 & \\
\hline G. C. Moore, clerk, Missouri & 53.78 & \\
\hline W. Nelson, clerk, Indian Territory & 9,478.03 & \\
\hline C. E. Norris, clerk, Utah. & 351.36 & \\
\hline M. A.Otero, clerk, New Mexico & 19.70 & \\
\hline E. H. Owen, clerk, California & 233.00 & \\
\hline D. W. Parish, clerk, Texas & 250.00 & \\
\hline J.M. Parry, United States commissioner, Missonri & 1,535. 88 & \\
\hline J. W. Payne, United States commissioner, North Carolina & 75.13 - & \\
\hline J. A. Pollock, clerk, Missouri ....................... & 39.00 & \\
\hline N. R. Peckinpaugh, clerk, Alaska & 18,454. 28 & \\
\hline A. Reeves, clerk, Washington & 175,30 & \\
\hline D. M. Ransdell, United States marshal, District of Columb & 50.75 & \\
\hline N.J. Riddick, clerk, North Carolina & 32.15 & \\
\hline L. Rowe, clerk, New Jersey & 73.00 & \\
\hline W. C. Robards, clerk, Texas & 608.30 & \\
\hline T. Romero, United States marshal, New Mexico & 456.82 & \\
\hline A.P. Selby, clerk, Missouri. & 14.34 & \\
\hline J. W. Silsby, United States commissioner, Missou & 112.42 & \\
\hline F. M. Stewart, clerk, W isconsin ................... & 1,875.00 & \\
\hline J. H. Stout, clerk, Arizona . & 50.00 & \\
\hline W. A. Spencer, clerk, Minnesota & 975.01 & \\
\hline S. R. Smith, clerk, Delaware & 173.10 & \\
\hline L. S. B. Sawyer, clerk, California & 163.33 & \\
\hline A. W. Smyth, superintendent United States mint, New Orl & 66.35 & \\
\hline J. G. Stetson, clerk, Massachusetts & 1.95 .72 & \\
\hline J. A. Shields, clerk, New York. & 1, 000.00 & \\
\hline G. W. Sprouley, clerk, Montana & 43.75 & \\
\hline J. N. Stripling, United States district attorney, Florita & 27.05 & \\
\hline Solicitor of the Treasury, acting & 1,532. 34 & \\
\hline Secretary of the Treasury. & 426.83 & \\
\hline N. W. Trimble, clerk, Alabame & 152.33 & \\
\hline H. H. Taylor, clerk, Tennessee & 554,36 & \\
\hline F. W. Tupper, clerk, Colorado & 449.06 & \\
\hline C.M. Thompson, United States commissioner, Missouri & 500.00 & \\
\hline A. J. Van Duzee, clerk, Towa ........ & 173.39 & \\
\hline W. M. Van Dyke, clerk, California & 100.00 & \\
\hline W. A. Willard, clerk, Colorado.... & 1,197.93 & \\
\hline J. C. Wilson, clerk, Kansas . & -179.55 & * \\
\hline S. Wheeler, clerk, Arkansas & 5,594. 55 & \\
\hline R. H. Winter, clerk, Mississippi & 86.71 & \\
\hline A.E. Walker, clerk, New Mexi & 74.50 & \\
\hline W. Watson, United States commissioner, Missouri & 25.21 & \\
\hline P. Walter, clerk, Florida............... & 2,135. 55 & \\
\hline S. A. Wells, United States commissioner, Wirliiugton & 50.00 & \\
\hline E.D. Weed, United States attorney, Montana & 29.60 & \\
\hline J. M. Watts, clerk, Arizona. & 116.25 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Trom emolument fees-Judiciary.}
B. Atkins, United States marshal, Alaska. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 782.14
W. H. Bradler, clerk, Hlinois........
W. H. Bradle, clerk, Ilinois
816.55
H. M. Doak, clerk, Alabama
476.31
338.98

\title{
Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Continued.
}

\section*{From emoluments fees-Judiciary-Continned.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Brought forward & \$2, 413.98 & \$372, 304, 064.89 \\
\hline W.P. Fishback, late clerk, Indiana & 1.85 .84 & \\
\hline E. D. Frank, clerk, Nebraska & 73.84 & \\
\hline J. C. Franks, clerk, California & 1, 351.43 & \\
\hline W. M. Grant, late United States district attorney, Alaska & 525. 12 & \\
\hline H. E. Hayden, clerk, Alaska. & 78.15 & \\
\hline O. B. Hillis, clerk, Minnesota & 17.43 & \\
\hline S. Hoffman, clerk, California & 1,328.28 & \\
\hline C. S. Johnson, United States district attorvey, A & 45.00 & \\
\hline S. H. Lyman, clerk, New York & 4,218.97 & \\
\hline C. D. McDougall, late United States marshal, northern district, New & & \\
\hline - York & 4,330.13 & \\
\hline J. H. McKenney, clerk, United States Supreme Court & 6,111. 26 & \\
\hline F.P. Mays, United States district attorney, Oregon & 74. 80 & \\
\hline R. J. Meigs, elerk, supreme court, District Columbia & 2, 109.35 & \\
\hline G. W. Miller, late United States marshal, western district, Pennsylvania & 116.06 & \\
\hline E. Mitchell, clerk, New York & 300.00 & \\
\hline M. D. O'Connell, United Stases district attorney, Iow & 469.61 & \\
\hline S. D. Oliphant, clerk, New Jersey. & 1,170. 91 & \\
\hline N. R. Peckin paugh, clerk, Alaska & 246.11 & \\
\hline J. S. Rutan, late United States marshal, western district, D'emesylvania. & 1, 494.48 & \\
\hline L. Rowe, clerk, New Jersey & 658. 53 & \\
\hline D. N. Ransdell, United States marshal, District Columbin & 2,177. 23 & \\
\hline L. S. B. Sawyer, elerk, California & 456.00 & \\
\hline J. A. Shields, clerk, New York & 1,386. 79 & \\
\hline C.S. Varian, United States district attorney, Utals & 1,166. 41 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

From proceeds of sales of Government property.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Treasury Departm & 73, 397.59 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{War Department:} \\
\hline Civil and miscellaneons & 6,177.51 \\
\hline Quartermaster's Department & 116, 986.37 \\
\hline Medical Department. & 2, 552. 96 \\
\hline Ordnance Department & 627.93 \\
\hline Engineer Department & 6,806. 50 \\
\hline Sigral Service & 663.78 \\
\hline State, War, and Navy Department & 32.48 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Navy Department:}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline Burean of Yards and Docks & 514.36 \\
\hline Bureau of Construction and Repair. & 8,037.01 \\
\hline Bureau of Medicine and Surgery & 104.91 \\
\hline Bureau of Ordnanice & 4.99 \\
\hline Bureau of Provisions and Clothing & 3,148.68 \\
\hline Bureau of Equipment. & 8,672. 77 \\
\hline Bureau of Steam Engineering & 377.78 \\
\hline Bureau of Navigation & 6.61 \\
\hline Marine Corps. & 840.47 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Miscellaneous:} \\
\hline State Department. & 2,447.47 \\
\hline Foreign intercourso & 1,493. 79 \\
\hline Senate. & 744.61 \\
\hline House of Representatives & 248.20 \\
\hline Public Printer. & 16,882.07 \\
\hline Interior Department & 4,830.85 \\
\hline Geological Survey & 1, 307. 69 \\
\hline Land service. & 180.70 \\
\hline Indian service & 72.27 \\
\hline Department of Agriculture & 1,572.67 \\
\hline Department of Justice. & 221.82 \\
\hline Department of Labor & 6.28 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

259, 379.05
From Soldiers' Home fund.
Permanent fund

\section*{From Pacific Railroad Companies.}

Reimbursement of interest on Union Pacific Railroad bonds
455.591 .64
\(194,342.86\)
Reimbursement of interest on Central Pacific Railroad bonds
118, 123. 57
Moneys received from Kansas Pacific Rwy. Co. (sec. 5260, R. S.) .........
Moneys received from Central Branch, Union Pacific R. R. Co. (sec: 5260, R. S.)
Moneys received from Sioux City and Pacific R. R. Co. (sec. 5260 , R. S.)
Sinking fund on Union Pacific Railroad
44, 428. 39
11, 417.58
Sinking fund on Central Pacific Railroad

\section*{Statement of the Receipts of the United States, etc.-Contiiued.}
\(\qquad\)
From loans, etc.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline United States notes & 70, 792, 000.00 \\
\hline Treasury notes, 1890 & 51, 852,417.00 \\
\hline Certificates of deposi & 38,560, 000. 00 \\
\hline Silver certificates & 84, 904, 000.00 \\
\hline Gold certificates & 63, 515, 000.00 \\
\hline Funded loan of 190 & 13,750.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{From revenues District of Columbia.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline General fund & 2,574, 561.29 \\
\hline Water fund & 272,991. 83 \\
\hline Washington special-tax fund & 1,025.03 \\
\hline Washington redemption fund & 3,878.82 \\
\hline Surplus fund & 11.76 \\
\hline Redemption of tax-lien certifi & 734. 58 \\
\hline Redemption of assessment certificate & 694.43 \\
\hline Sale of bonds of guaranty fund, District of Columbia; amount due contractors & 45, 200. 23 \\
\hline United States' share of excess, sale of bonds of guaranty fund & 5.59. \\
\hline Police relief fund & 10,661. 00 \\
\hline Firemen's reli & 1,521.42 \\
\hline Tnited States' share of fees for inspecting gas meter & 367.00 \\
\hline United States' share rent and sale of property, District of Columbia... & 3,501. 09 \\
\hline United States' share, recording, etc., tax sales, District of Columbia... & 456.96 \\
\hline United States' share reveriue reform school, District of Columbia...... & 1,423. 94 \\
\hline United States', share judgment against Riggs estate & 7,500.00 \\
\hline United States' share reimbursement by Baltimore and Potonac R. R. Co. for building Eastern Branch bridge. & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Reimbursement towards one-half cost of increasing water supply, District of Columbia & 43,666.90 \\
\hline Payment by District of Columbia interest to June 30,1890 , on one-half cost water supply, Washington, D. C. & 27, 497. 31 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

3, 005, 609. 18

\section*{From War and Navy Departments.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Sales of ordnance material, War Department & 39,184. 32 \\
\hline Sales of ordnance material, Navy Department & 83, 319.64 \\
\hline Sales of condemned naval vessels & 78, 037.36 \\
\hline Sales of small arms, Navy Department & 164.05 \\
\hline Clothing and small-stores fund, Navy Depar: & 407,562.16 \\
\hline Pay of the Navy, deposit fund............. & 1.11, 077. 32 \\
\hline Naval Hospital fund...... & 98,849. 41 \\
\hline Navy pension fund & 420, 000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(1,238,194.26\)

\section*{From Indian lands, etc.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Indian trust fund, & 28 \\
\hline Interest on Indian trust fund stock & 17, 286. 18 \\
\hline Interest on deferred payments, sales of Indi & 6,908. 15 \\
\hline Reimbursement to United States on acconnt of appropriations made to meet interest on nonpaying Indian trust fund stocks. & 3,161.16 \\
\hline Reimbursement to United States by Cherokeo Nation. & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Indian moneys, proceeds of labo & 46, 786.54 \\
\hline Proceeds Cherokee school lan & 3,587. 10 \\
\hline Proceeds Kansas Indian lands & 1,242.05 \\
\hline Proceeds Miami Indian la & 120.00 \\
\hline Proceeds New York Indian la & 16,363. 15 \\
\hline Proceeds Omaha India & 31, 591.01 \\
\hline Proceeds Osage Indian lands & 36,347. 46 \\
\hline Proceeds Otoe and Missouria & 7,503.92 \\
\hline Proceeds Ottawa Indian lands & 5,881.20 \\
\hline Proceeds Pawnee Indian & 9, 144. 84 \\
\hline Proceeds Pottawatomie Reservation; Ind. I & 993. 11 \\
\hline Proceeds Absentee, Shawnee Indian la & 1,100.00 \\
\hline Proceeds Sioux Indian Reservation in Minnosota and Dakota & 2,860.19 \\
\hline Proceeds Sioux Indian lands & 176.23 \\
\hline Proceeds Umatilla Indian la & 80,564.43 \\
\hline Proceeds Ote Indian lands & 118,922. 81 \\
\hline Proceeds Winnebago Indian land & 190.41 \\
\hline Sale of logs, Menomonee Indian Reservatio & 232, 262.78 \\
\hline Payment to Sioux Nation for right of way by Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Rwy. Co & 15,335.76 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\title{
Statement of the Receipts of the United Statms, efc.-Continued,
}

Brought forward.
\(\$ 690,617,690.32\)

\section*{From profits on coinage, etc.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Profits on coinage & 1, 268, 131.35 \\
\hline Profits on coinage of standard si & 6. 324.028 .25 \\
\hline Profits on coinage of subsidiary silver & 80, 648. 75 \\
\hline Deductions on bullion deposits & 26,834.47 \\
\hline Assays and chemical examination of ores. & 2,349.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{From reimbursement by National Bank Redemption Agency.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Salarios, office of Treasurer United States & 80. 343.40 \\
\hline Salaries, office of Comptroller of the Currene & 20.520.36 \\
\hline Salaries, office of Commissioner of Internal Re & 2,500.00 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, office of Treasurer United & 24, 002.09 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{From miscellaneous sources.}

Fund for redemption of notes of national banks reducing circulation, in liquidation and failed.
Tax on circulation of national banks
Deposits by individuals for expenses of surveying public lands
Fees on letters patent
Copyright fees.
Court fees paid to Government enployés
Passport fees 12,714. 30
Water and ground rents, Hot Springs, Ark 19, 682.00
Rent of public buildings, etc.
48, 229.04
1.00
148.73

1, 788.80
Sale of property acquired under internal-revenue laws
2, 015. 61
Revenues, Yellowstone National Park.....................................
Trust fund, interest for support of free schools in South Carolina ................................
Depredations on public lands
Work done by Bureau of Engraving and Printing.
Work done by Coast and Geodetic Survey
\(55,905.83\)
53, 848. 21
104.61
14.40
469.16
142. 66

8, 254.57
1. 000.00

2,804. 66
28,500.00
260.82

11,585. 46
21, 901.80
20,000. 00
500, 000.00
269, 67:3. 88
3, 861.41
. 100.00
1, 006. 10
1.80
4.74

8,370. 58
5, 662.43

Proceeds of altered and mutilated money captured by the secret service division..............................................
Moneys received through Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry
Amount received upon claim of William Caldwell, surveyox of customs, against Fidel. ity National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio
Effects of late private H. C. Seymour, Signal Corps, deceased
Cost of improvement of lots 11 and 12, square 689 , made by United Siate. under act

March 3, 1873, for grading ';apitol grounds, refunded by B. F. Butler
339.26

Total
765821305.06

Statement exhibiting the Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Approphiations, Expenditures, and the amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, during the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891, together with Uniexpended Balances, June 30,1891 , TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR iN the NEXT ANNUAL STATEMENT.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the riscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments dur. ing the fiscal year endling June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplius fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURY. & & & & & & & & \(\cdots\) \\
\hline Salaries and mileage of Senators & 1889 & \$3,423. 60 & & & \$3, 423.60 & & \$3, 423. 60 & \\
\hline Do....................... & 1890 & 10,000.00 & & \$1,377.25 & - 11, 377.25 & \$10, 000.00 & & \$1,377.25 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & \$484, 778. 62 & & 484, 778.62 & 484, 778. 62 & & \\
\hline Salaries, officers and employes, & 1886 & & 628.00 & & -628.00 & . 628.00 & & \\
\hline Do....-................ & 1.889 & 8, 628.23 & & & 8,628.23 & & 8,628. 23 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 4,326. 10 & 348.00 & 19.58 & 4,693.68 & 348.00 & & 4,345.68 \\
\hline Do.................... & 2891 & & 410, 866.90 & & 410, 866.90 & 410, 866.90 & & \\
\hline Stationery and newspapers & 1889 & 12.43 & 165.06 & & 177.49 & 165.06 & 12.43 & \\
\hline Do....................... & 1890 & & & 00.32 & . 50.32 & 165.06 & & - 50.32 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 16,100.00 & & 16, 100.00 & 16, 100.00 & & \\
\hline Horses and wagons & 1885 & & 347.85 & & 347.85 & 347.03 & & 82 \\
\hline Do............ & 1889 & 3.61 & 82.28 & 272.34 & 85. 89 & 82.28 & 3.61 &  \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 5,800.00 & 272. 34 & 5, 800.00 & 5,800.00 & & 272. 04 \\
\hline Fuel for heating apparatus & 1889 & 1. 78 & 741.58 & 22.75 & 766.11 & 741.58 & 1.78 & 22. 75 \\
\hline Do.... ......... & 1890 & & 930.00 & & 930.00 & 950.00 & & \\
\hline Do................ & 1891 & & 8,500.00 & & 8,500.00 & 8,500.00 & & \\
\hline - Purchase of furniture. & 1889 & . 90 & & & 4, 98.90 & & . 90 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1890 & & 4,500.00 & 183.47 & 4,683. 47 & 4,500.00 & & 183.47 \\
\hline Do .............
Repairs of furniture & 1891 & & 7,000.00 & & 7,000.00 & 7,000.00 & & \\
\hline Repairs.of furniture & 1889 & 31.16 & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 500.00 & 31.16 & \(2,000.00\) \\
\hline Furniture and repairs & 1889 & 230.20 & 2,500.00 & & 2,50.20 & & 230. 20 & \\
\hline Do........ & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Folding documents & 1889 & 1.67 & 4.000 .00 & 401. 07 & 4,402. 74 & 4,000.00 & 1.67 & 401.07 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & (6, 800.00 & 93. 70 & 6,893. 70 & 6,800.00 & & 93.70 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000. 00 & 3,000.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Materials for folding. & 1891 & & 8,000.00 & & 8,000.00 & 8,000.00 & & \\
\hline Cleaning and sewing carpets. & 1889 & & 16.12 & & 16. 12 & 16. 12 & & \\
\hline Do........ & 1890 & & 227.15 & & 227.15 & 227.15 & & ............... \\
\hline Packing boxes
Do....... & 1889 & 1.76 & 28. 09 & .............. & 29.85 & 28.09 & 1.76 & ............... \\
\hline - Postage & 1891 & & 970.00
40.09 & & 970.00
40.09 & 970.00
40.09 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & 40.00 & & 40.00 & 40.00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 300.00 & & 300.00 & 300.00 & & \\
\hline Carried forward & & 26,601.44 & 968, 709.74 & 2,420.48 & 997, 791.66 & 975, 708.92 & 12, 355.34 & . 9,747.40 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Approprlitions Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891 & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$26, 661. 44 & \$968, 709. 74 & \$2,420.48. & \$997, 791. 66 & \$975, 708. 92 & \$12, 335. 34 & \$9, 747. 40 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Senate-Continued. Mascellaneous items. & 1888 & 118.75 & & & 118.75 & & 118.75 & \\
\hline Do........ & 1889 & 11.39 & 4,000.00 & 1, 049.00 & 5,050.49 & 4,000.00 & 1.39 & 1,049.10 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & & 3,549.68 & 3, 549. 68 & & & 3,549.68 \\
\hline Do....... & 1891 & & 81,000.00 & & 81, 000.00 & 71,000.00 & & \(10,000.00\) \\
\hline Expenses of special and select committees & 1887 & & 149.75 & & 149.75 & & & 149.75 \\
\hline Do................................... & 1889 & 6, 700.23 & & 3, 041.02 & 9,741.25 & & 9,741. 25 & \\
\hline Expenses of special and select committees, & 1890 & 567.51 & & 10,682. 64 & 11,250. 15 & 129.25 & & 11, 120.90 \\
\hline Dent of rooms for folders & 1891 & 16.14 & 30, 000.00 & ............... & 30,000. 16 & 30,000.00 & 16. 14 & \\
\hline Salaries, Capitol Police, Senate & 1889 & 16.190 & & & 9.90 & & 9.90 & \\
\hline . Do...... & 1890 & 15.28 & & & 15. 28 & & & 15.28 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 18,300.00 & & 18,300.00 & 18,300. 00 & & \\
\hline Contingent fund, Capital Police, Sena & 1889 & 50.00 & & & 50.00 & & 50.00 & \\
\hline Do......... & 1890 & 45.00 & & & 45.00 & & & 45.00 \\
\hline Do............................ & 1891 & & 50.00 & & 50.00 & & & 50.00 \\
\hline 1 month's extra pay to officers and employés, Sen & & & 41, 102.15 & 897.85 & 42,000.00 & 42, 000. 00 & & \\
\hline Reporting proceedimgs and debates, Senate...... & 1891 & & 25, 000.00 & & 25,000. 00 & 24,999.99 & & . 01 \\
\hline Compiling Congressional Directory. & 1891 & & 1, 200.00 & & 1, 200.00 & 1, 200.00 & & \\
\hline Expenses of inangural ceremonies......................... & 1889 & 467.50 & & & 467.50 & & & 467. 50 \\
\hline Expenses of Congressional investigation concerning immigration & & 5,000.00 & 3,501. 15 & & 8,501.15 & 8,181. 93 & & 319.22 \\
\hline New edition of tariff compilation & & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000,00 & 2,000.00 & & \\
\hline Testimony and statistics on tariff legislation, Fifty-first Congress & & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Reimbursement to the ofticial reporter, Senate & & & \(5,000.00\) & & 5,000.00 & 5,000.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries and mileage of Members and Delegates, House of Representatives. & 1889 & 19,572. 15 & & & 19,572. 15 & 3,384.00 & 16,238, 15 & \\
\hline Do.......... & 1890 & & 17,284.18 & 3,754.23 & 21,038. 41 & 17, 284. 18 & 16,238, 15 & 3,754.23 \\
\hline Solt Do............. & 1891 & & 1,820,000.00 & 75, 259.21 & 1, 895, 259.21. & 1,869, 195.55 & & 26,063.66 \\
\hline Salaries, ofticers and employes, House of Representatives. & 1888 & 1,679:00 & & & 1,679.00 & & 1,679.00 & \\
\hline Do. & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}1888 \\ 1859\end{array}\right\}\) & & 377.90 & & 377.90 & 377.90 & & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 10,513. 17 & & & 10,513. 17 & & 10,513, 17 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & - 7, 585. 47 & & & 7,585.47 & & & 7,585. 47 \\
\hline Do & \(1890 *\) & & 1,230. 47 & & 1,230.47 & 1. 230.47 & & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 431,374. 26 & & 431,374. 26 & 427, 423,65 & & 3, 950.61 \\
\hline D) & \{1891 1892\(\}\) & & 2,730.00 & & 2,736. 00 & & & 2,736.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc-Continued
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specifio acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 189. & Repajments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending
June 30,1891 . & Payments during the fiscal Juear ending & Amount car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891 & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline treasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$98,933.08 & \$3,782,310.73 & ( \$102, 538.49 & \$3, 983, 782. 30 & \$3,826, 288.47 & \$53, 746.15 & \$103, 747. 68 \\
\hline Removal and storage of certain material, Government Printing Office. & & 3,664. 84 & 5, 000,.00 & & 8,664.84 & 4,000.00 & & 4,664.84 \\
\hline Enlargement of building, Govermment Printing Office & & . 29 & & & & & 29 & \\
\hline Engine and boiler, Government Printing Oftice. & & & \({ }_{1}^{475.00}\) & & \({ }^{475.00}\) & \({ }^{461.50}\) & & 13.50 \\
\hline Public printing and binding... & 1856 & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 933.57 & & 66. 43 \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & 758.65 & & 37.20 & 795.85 & 53.20 & 742: 65 & \\
\hline Do. & & 2,133. 85 & & & 2,133. 85 & & & 2,133.85 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1889 \\
& 1890 \\
& \hline 890
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
68,995.44 \\
160,998.70
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
217.62 \\
65,906.78
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
69,213.06 \\
226,905.48
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
31,296.23 \\
207,425.70
\end{array}
\] & 37, 916. 33 & 19,479.78 \\
\hline D & \{1890 \(\}\) & & 43,000. 00 & & 43,000.00 & 42, 232.65 & & 767.35 \\
\hline & 1891 & & 3,038, 500.00 & 327, 738. 30 & 3, 366, 238.30 & 3,045,392.46 & & 320, 845.84 \\
\hline Printing third annual report, Commissioner of Labor. & & \(8,011.35\)
\(5,546.37\) & \[
\because, \ldots \ldots . .
\] & & 8,011.35 & & 8,011.35 & \\
\hline Printing Fourth aunual report, Commissioner of Labor & & 5,546.37. & 21,000.00 & & 21,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & 19,000.00 \\
\hline Printing annual report (1887), Commissioner of Agricul- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & 3.74 & & & 3. 74 & & 3.74 & \\
\hline Printing anuual report (1888), Commiss & & 3,952.55 & & & 3,952.55 & & 3,952.55 & \\
\hline Prunting annual report (1889), Secretary of Agriculture.. & & 138,945. 20 & & 794. 38 & 134, 739.58 & \(95,426.17\) & & 39,313.41 \\
\hline Printing aunual report (1890), Secretary of Agricultare.- & & & 200, 000.00 & & \(200,000.00\) & 93,763. 72 & & 106, 236. 28 \\
\hline Printing annuail report (1891), Secretary of Agriculture.- & & & 200, 000. 00 & & 200, 000. 00 & & & 200, 000.00 \\
\hline mal Industry & & 18,178.38 & & & 18,178.38 & & & 18,178. 38 \\
\hline Printing sixth and seventh amual reports, Burean of Animalal Industry & & & 50,000. 00 & & 50,000. 00 & & & 50,000.00 \\
\hline Printing aunual buletin (1887), Bureau of Etholiogy & & 2.08 & & & 2.08 & & 208 & \\
\hline Printing annual report (1889) on Internal Commerce & & & 8, 284.50 & 379.50 & 8, 664:00 & 4,017.90 & & 4,646.10 \\
\hline Printing decisions of Department of the Interior regarding public lands and pensions. & & 562.02 & 10,000.00 & & 10,562. 02 & 5, 829.08 & & \\
\hline Printing second edition of Growth of Industrial Ar & & & 23.500.00 & & 23,500.00 & & & 23,500.00 \\
\hline Printing reports on Diseases of the Horse........ & & & 75, 000.00 & & 75, 000. 00 & 19, 606. 30 & & 55, 393.70 \\
\hline Publication of consular reports on Cattle and Dairy Farming & & 7,830. 22 & & & & & 7,830.22 & \\
\hline Publication of Peter Force collection of manuscrip & & 6,500.00 & & & 6 6,500.00 & & & 6,500.00 \\
\hline Publication of Tentl Census Report & & 15,014. 22 & & & 15,014. 22 & & 15,014. 22 & \\
\hline Publication of Eleventh Census Repor & & & 250,000. 00 & & 250, 000.00 & & & 250.000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Salaries, Library of Congress. & 1889 & 23. 20 & & & 23.20 & & 23.20 & & \\
\hline Do....................... & 1891 & 23.20 & 40,167.13 & & 40, 167.13 & 40, 167. 13 & & & \\
\hline Increase, Library of Congress & 1888*. & & 10,167.13 & 3,189.58 & 3,189.58 & & 3,189. 58 & & \\
\hline - Do........................ & 1889 & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000.00 & \(5,000.00\) & & & \\
\hline Do.......................... & 1891 & & 11,000.00. & & 11, 0.00 .00 & 11, 000.00 & & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses. Library of Cougress & 1890 & 1,000.00 & & & \(1,000.00\)
\(1,500.00\) & 1, 01000.00 & & & \\
\hline  & 1891 & 4,500.00 & \(1,500.00\)
\(2,500.00\) & & \(1,500.00\)
\(7,000.00\) & 900.00
\(1,500.00\) & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
600.00 \\
5,500.00
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline 1 month's extra pay to employes in Law Department, Congressional Library & & & 350.00 & & 350.00 & 327.20 & & 22. 80 & \\
\hline Works of art for the Capitol.......................... & & 1,500.00 & & & 1,500.00 & & & 1,500,00 & \\
\hline Salaries, Botanic Garden & 1889 & . 03 & & & . 03. & & 03 & & \\
\hline D Do............ & 1891 & & 13,893.75 & & 13,893.75 & 13, 893. 75 & & & \\
\hline Improving Botanic Garden & 1889 & 1. 42 & & & 1. 42 & & 1. 42 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1691 & & 5, 000.00 & & 5,000.00 & \(5,000.00\) & & & \\
\hline Improving buildings, Botanic Garden & 1.889 & 2.17 & & & 2.17 & & 2.17 & & \\
\hline Do........................... & 1891 & & \(3,000.00\)
\(32,240.00\) & & 3,000.00 & \(3,000.00\)
\(32,240.00\) & & & \\
\hline Salaries, judges, etc.; Court of Claims & 1891 & & 32, 240.00 & & 32,240. 00 & 32, 240.00 & & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Court of Claims & 1890
1891 & 10.13 & 000.00 & 10.00 & 20.18
\(3,000.00\) & 3,000.00 & & 20.13 & \\
\hline Reporting decisions, Court of Claims & 1891 & & 1, 000.00 & & 1, 3 ,00.00 & 1,000.00 & & & \\
\hline Payment of judgment, Court of Claims. & & 9,567,59 & 424, 247.95 & 3,703.72 & 437,519. 26 & 371, 832.35 & 3,703.72 & 61,983.19 & 0 \\
\hline Saliary of the President................... & 1891 & & 50,000.00 & & \(50,000.00\) & \(50,000.00\) & & & \\
\hline Salary of the Vice-President.............. & 1891 & & 8,000.00 & & 8,000.00 & 8,000.00 & & & 9 \\
\hline Compensation of the President of the Senate. - .......... & 1889 & 983.30 & & & 983.30 & & 983.30 & & 0 \\
\hline Conveying rotes of electors for President and Vice President & & 522.75 & & & 522.75 & & 522. 75 & & 廻 \\
\hline Salaries, Executive Mansion & 1889 & 511.20 & & & 511.20 & & 511.20 & & O \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 614.00 & & & 614. 00 & & & 614.00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 36,642.10 & & 36,642. 10 & 36, 642.10 & & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Executive Mansio & 1889 & 118.78 & & & 118,78 & & 118.78 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891. & & 9,500.00 & & 9,500.00 & 9,500.00 & & & \\
\hline Salaries, Civil Service Con & 1889 & 3, 444.08 & & & 3,444.08 & & 3,444.08 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 157.06 & & & 157.06 & & & 157.06 & \\
\hline Do................................... & 18.91 & & 36,219.18 & & 36 219. 18 & 35, 469.92 & & 749.26 & \\
\hline Traveling expenses, Civil Service Commissio & 1889
1890 & 122.73
350.00 & & 127.70
252.86 & 250.43
602.86 & 25.64
262.59 & 224, 79 & 340.27 & \\
\hline Do & 1891. & & 5,200.00 & 25.86 & 5,250.00 & 5,069.11. & & 180.89 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Civil Service Commission & 1889* & 5.75 & & & 5.75 & & 5.75 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Department of State. & 1889 & 2,579.46 & & & 2,579.46 & & 2,579.46 & & \\
\hline Do............... & 1890 & 7, 470.00 & & & 7, 470.00 & 3,110.27 & & 4, 359.73 & \\
\hline Proof-reading, & 1891 & & 117,664.53 & & 117, 664.53 & 111, 500.00 & 180.00 & 6, 164.53 & \\
\hline Proof-read Do. & 1890 & 180,00
80,00 & & & 88.00 & & 180.00 & 80.00 & - \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 1,280.00 & & 1,280.00 & 1,280.00 & & & \\
\hline Lithographing, Department of State & 1889 & 13.33 & 1. 200.00 & & 13.33
\(1,200.00\) & 1,200.00 & 13.33 & & \\
\hline Carried forward & & 575, 787.96 & 8,511,724.87 & 504, 896. 13 & 9,592, 408.96 & 8,130,647. 01 & 150, 270.01 & 1,311, 491.94 & \\
\hline & & & Aud prior years. & & - & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal Fear ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending J̛une 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline Tleasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Sticher Brought forward. & & \$575, 787.96 & \$8,511, 724.87 & \$504, 896. 13 & \$9,592, 408. 96 & \$8, 130, 647. 01 & \$150, 270.01 & \$1,311, 491.94 \\
\hline Stationery, furniture, etc., Department of S & 1889 & & & 1. 78 & 1.78 & & 1. 78 & \\
\hline Contingentexpenses, Departmentof State, certified claims. & 1891 & & \(6,000.00\)
7.65 & & \(6,000.00\)
7.65 & \(6,000.00\)
7.65 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Department of State, certified claims. Contingent expenses, Department of State. & & 380.91 & 7.65 & & 7.65
380.91 & 7.65 & 380.91 & \\
\hline Do..................... & 1890 & & & 444.19 & 444.19 & & & 444.19 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 6,300.00 & & 6,300.00 & 6,300.00 & & \\
\hline Books and maps, Department of State & 1889. & & & 125.74 & 125.74 & & 125. 74 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 30, 00 & - 30.00 & 30.00 & & \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 2,000. 00 & & 2,000. 00 & 2. 000.00 & & \\
\hline Binding manuscript papers, Department of State........ & & & 6,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Editing revised and annual statutes, Department of State-
Publication of Supplement to the Revised Statutes, De. & & 1,000.00 & 8,000.00 & & \(9,000.00\) & 5, 006.00 & & 3,994. 00 \\
\hline partment of State & & 6,000. 00 & & & 6,000.00 & & & 6,000,00 \\
\hline Purchase of portraits of Henry Clay and John Quincy Adams & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 2,500:00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Office Secretary of the Treasury & 1889 & & & 7,846.02 & 7.846. 02 & & 7,846.02 & \\
\hline - Do.. & 1890 & 7,581.00 & & 1, 730.51 & 9,311. 51 & & & 9,311. 51 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 488, 542, 92 & 718.40 & 489, 261.32 & 481, 000.00 & & 8,261. 32 \\
\hline Salaries, Office Supervising Architect & 1889 & & & 1, 188. 86 & 1, 188. 86 & & 1,188.86 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 2,820.00 & & 86.52 & 2,906. 52 & & & 2,906. 52 \\
\hline Salaries office of First Comptroller & 1891 & & 8,999.45 & & 8,999.45 & 8,999.45 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of First Comptroller
Do....................... & 1889 & 671.30 & & 33303 & 671.30 & & 671.30 & 333.03 \\
\hline - Do & 1889
1891 & & 88, 560.00 & 333.03 & \(\begin{array}{r}333.03 \\ 88,560.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 88, 560.00 & & 333.03 \\
\hline Salaries, office Second Comptroller. & 1889 & 327.31 & & & 327.31 & & 327.31 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & & 125.88 & 125.88 & & & 125.88 \\
\hline Salaries office Second Comptroller accounts of..................... & 1891 & & 91, 720.00 & & 91., 720.00. & 91, 720.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Second Comptroller, accounts of Soldiers' Home & & 799.06 & 3,300.00 & 19.95 & 4, 119.01 & 2,754.79 & & 1,364. 22 \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissioner of Castoms & 1889 & 124.52 & & & 124.52 & & 124. 52 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & & 587.95 & 587.95 & & & 587.95 \\
\hline Salaries Doftice First Audit & 1891 & 2, 138. 34 & 49,430.00 & & \(49,430.00\)
\(2,138.34\) & 49, 430.00 & 2,138.34 & \\
\hline Do... & 1890 & 810.00 & & 111.21 & 2,921. 21 & & 2,188. \(0 \pm\) & 921.21 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 88,810.00 & & 88, 810. 00 & 88,810.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries office Second Auditor & 1889 & 4,923. 31 & & & 4, 923. 31 & & 4, 223.31 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 2,630.00 & & 554. 52 & 3, 184. 52 & & & 3,184. 52 \\
\hline Do................................................. & 1891 & & 289, 430.72 & 3, 291: 68 & 292, 722.40 & 287, 769.36 & & 4,953.04 \\
\hline Salaries, office Second Auditor, accounts of Soldiers, Home & & 814.16 & 6,600.00 & 533.57 & 7,947. 73 & 6,700.00 & 245.57 & 1,002. 16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Salaries, office Second Auditor, repairing ro & & 975.00 & 21,000.00 & 1,355. 11 & 23,330. 11 & 22, 100.00 & & 1,230.11 \\
\hline Salaries, office Third Auditor, certified claims. & & & 362.88 & & \({ }^{362.88}\) & 362.88 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Third Auditor .................. & 1889 & 1,547.75 & & & 1,547.75 & & 1,547.75 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 894.75 & 894.75 & 9.78 & & 884.97 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 190, 868. 63 & & 190, 868. 63 & 189, 500.00 & & 1,368. 63 \\
\hline Additional compensation, office
Salaries, office Fourth Auditor. & & 3, 733.29 & & & 3,733. 29 & & \(3,733.29\)
669 & \\
\hline Salaries, office Fourth Auditor................................................... & 1889 & + \(\begin{array}{r}669,78 \\ 23000\end{array}\) & & & -669.78 & & 669.78 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & 2, 230.00 & 71,059.40 & 398.64 & 71, \({ }^{2.6598 .64}\) & 70,000.00 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,628.64 \\
& 1,059.40
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Salaries, ottice & 1889 & 771.99 & & & 771.99 & & 771. 99 & \\
\hline Do... & 1890 & & & 119.89 & 119.89 & & & 119.89 \\
\hline Salarieso. & 1891 & & 47, 610, 00 & & 47, 610.00 & 47,610.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office Sixth Aud & 1889
1890 & \(5,269.11\)
\(1,090.00\) & & 1,023:43 & 5, 269.11
\(2,113.43\) & & 5,269.11 & 2,113.43 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & \(557,632.06\) & & 557, 632.06 & 548, 000.00 & & 9,632.06 \\
\hline Salaries, oftice Treasurer United States & 1889 & 2,725.42 & & & 2, \({ }_{2} \mathbf{7} 25.42\) & & 2,725. 42 & \\
\hline & 1890 & 1,861.60 & & 844.63 & \(2,706.23\)
27361.60 & & & 2,706.23 \\
\hline Salaries, office treasurer, national corrency (reimbursa- & 1891 & & 273, 361. 60 & & 273, 361.60 & 270, 000.00 & & 3,361.60 \\
\hline Salaries, office treasurer, national currency (reimbursable) & 1889 & 930.80 & & & \({ }^{930.80}\) & & 930.80 & \\
\hline Do........................... & 1890 & 2, 800.00 & & 381.93 & 3,181. 93 & & & 3,181.93 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 64, 964. 38 & & 64, 964. 38 & 63,500.00 & & 1, 464.38 \\
\hline Salaries, office Regi Do. & 1889 & & & 271.28
723.05 & 271.28
723.05 & & 271.28 & 723.05 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & \(139,750.00\) & & 139, 750.00 & 139,750.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of Comptroller of the Currency........... & 1889 & 1,572.68 & & & 1,572.68 & & 1,572.68 & \\
\hline Do.......................................... & 1890 & 1,620.00 & & 175.99 & \(1,795.99\)
\(103,411.79\) & 103,000.00 & & 1,795.99. \\
\hline Salaries, office of Comptrolier, the national currency (re- & 1891 & & 103, 411.79 & & & 103,000.00 & & 411.79 \\
\hline imbursable) & 1889 & 882,95 & & & \begin{tabular}{|c}
882.95 \\
596.77
\end{tabular} & & 882.95 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 320.00 & & 276.77 & 596. 77 & & & 596.77 \\
\hline Examination of national banks and bank & \({ }_{1899}^{1891}\) & 1,581. 05 & 16,820.00 & & \(16,820.00\)
\(1,581.05\) & 16,500.00 & 1,581.05 & 320.00 \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & 472.29 & & & 472.29 & 117.47 & & 354.82 \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & & 2, 000.00 & 1, 000.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissioner of Internal Revenue & 1889 & \({ }^{4}, 559.86\) & & & 4, 559. 86 & & 4,559.86 & \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Do }}^{\text {Do. }}\) & \({ }_{1891}^{1890}\) & 3,090.00 & 261, 590.00 & 729.59 & 3,
261, 590.00 & 260, 500.00 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,819.59 \\
& 1,090.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissioner of Internal Revenue (reim- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline bursable) ................. & 1891 & & 2,500.00 & & 2, 500. 00 & 2, 499. 98 & & . 02 \\
\hline Salaries, office Light-House Boar Do. & 1889 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,207.75 \\
& 1,740.00
\end{aligned}
\] & & 192.18 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1, 207.75 \\
1, 932.18
\end{tabular} & & 1,207. 75 & \\
\hline & 1891 & & * 36, 240.00 & & 36, 240.00 & \(36,240.00\) & & ,932.18 \\
\hline Salaries, oftice Lite-Saving Ser & 1889 & & & & 785.85 & & 785. 85 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 497, 42 & 497.42 & & & 497.42 \\
\hline  & 1889 & & 37,780.00 & & \(37,780.00\)
110.31 & 37, 780.00 & 110.31 & \\
\hline Do.............................................. & 1890 & & & 317. 38 & 317.38 & & & 317.38 \\
\hline Carried forward & & 648, 459.19 & 11, 484, 876, 35 & 531,724. 14 & 12, 665, 059.68 & 11, 069, 704.37 & 194, 863.54 & 1,400,491.77 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amonnt car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of fappropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$648, 459.19 & \$11, 484, 876.35 & \$531, 724. 14 & \$12, 665, 059. 68 & \$11, 069, 704. 37 & \$194, 863.54 & \$1, 400, 491. 77 \\
\hline Salaries, Burean of Navigation, Treasury Department . & 1891 & & 25,780.00 & & 25, 780.00 & . \(25,780.00\) & & \\
\hline Salaries, Bureau of Statisties ..................... & 1889 & 165.39 & & & 165,69
566 & & 165.39 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 566.56 & 566.56 & & & 566.56 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 46,699. 05 & & 46,699.05 & 46,000.00 & & 699.05 \\
\hline Collecting statistics relating to commerce & 1889 & 181.88 & & & 181. 88 & & 181.88 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 5,999.00 & & 1,149. 47 & 7,148. 47 & 5, 999.00 & & 1,149. 47 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & 500.00 & & 1, 000.00 \\
\hline Salaries, Secret Service Division & 1889 & 72.44 & & & 11, 72.44 & & 72.44 & \\
\hline Salaries, office of Standard Weights a & 1891 & . 09 & 11,620.00 & & 11, 620.00 & 9, 796.36 & 09 & 1,823.64 \\
\hline Do................................ & 1891 & . 09 & 3,470.00 & & 3,470.00 & \(3,470.00\) & 09 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, otice of Standard Weights and Measures & 1889 & 173.13 & & & 173.13 & , & 173.13 & \\
\hline Do............................ & 1891 & & 3,675.50 & 92,95 & 3,768.45 & \(3,200.00\) & & 568.45 \\
\hline Salaries, Supervising Surgeon-General Marine Hospital Service & 1889 & & , & 14.86 & 14.86 & & 14.86 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 770.00 & & 810.85 & 1,580.85 & & & 1,580.85 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & *24,720.00 & & & 24,720.00 & 24, 720.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Supervising Inspector-General, Steamboat Inspection Service & 1889 & & & 45.96 & 45.96 & & 45:96 & \\
\hline Do............................................... & 1891 & & 10,140.00 & & 10, 140.00 & 10, 140.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries of employes building corner Seventeenth and F streets & 1889 & 213. 20 & & & 213. 30 & & 213.20 & \\
\hline Investigating pay and bounty claims of Iudian soldiers.. & & S0.48 & & & 80.48 & & 80.48 & \\
\hline Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases.............. & & 183, 161.76 & & & 183, 161.76 & 30,308. 40 & & 152, 853.36 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, stationery.. & 1889 & 1, 457.02 & & 2, 209.07 & 3, 666. 09 & & 3,666.09 & \\
\hline Do............................. & 1890 & 3,282. 15 & & 1,205:60 & 4, 487.75 & 306.25 & & 4, 181. 50 \\
\hline Do.................................................... & . 1891 & & \(28,000.00\) & 44, 831.83 & 72, 831.83 & 72, 604. 32 & & 227.51 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department. newspapers, etc. & 1889 & & & 24.10 & 24. 10 & & 24.10 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & 17.86 & & 17.86 & & & 17.86 \\
\hline Do................................................... & 1891 & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, investiga: tion of accounts and traveling expenses & 1889 & & & 1,061. 52 & 1, 061. 52 & & 1,061. 52 & \\
\hline  & 1890 & 500.00 & & & \(500 \cdot 00\) & & & 500.00 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, freights, & 1891 & & 700.00 & & 700.00 & 700.00 & & \\
\hline telegrams, etc. & 1889 & & 98.71 & & 98.71 & & & 98.71 \\
\hline Do...... & 1890 & 500.00 & & & 500.00 & & & 500.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Do.
Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, rent ............................................................. Contingent expenses. Treasury Department, horses and wagons
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]
 Do.
Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, file holders and cases
Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, fuel, etc. Do.
Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, gas, etc...
Do.

Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, carpets and repairs
Do.

Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, furniture, etc.

\section*{Do.
Do}

Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, miscella. neous items.
Postage, Treasury Department


File cases, office of Sixth Auditor
Furniture and carpets, office of Sixth Andio............
Additional compensation for services in connection with issue of 3 per cent bonds.
Distinctive paper for United States securities Do
Sealing and separating United States securities. Do
Special witnesses of destruction of United States securi. ties

Carried forward

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1891 & & 3,500.00 & \\
\hline 1890 & 680.00 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 5,520.00 & ㄷ............. \\
\hline 1889 & & & 162. 10 \\
\hline 1890 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 4,000.00 & \\
\hline 1889 & & & 16.98 \\
\hline 1890 & & & 26.14 \\
\hline 1891 & & 3,500.00 & \\
\hline 1889 & & & 90.43 \\
\hline 1891 & & 3,000.00 & \\
\hline 1889 & & & 129.03 \\
\hline 1890 & 500.00 & & 82.51 \\
\hline 1891 & & 10,000.00 & \\
\hline 1889 & & & 376.80 \\
\hline 1890 & 840.66 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 16,000.00. & \\
\hline 1889 & & & 34.43 \\
\hline 1890 & 32. 58 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 7, 250, 00 & \\
\hline 1.889 & & & 1,234.87 \\
\hline 1890 & 737.59 & 71. 7.60 & 1,........ \\
\hline 1891 & & 11,500.00 & 296.86 \\
\hline 1890 & 461.47 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 11,000. 00 & \\
\hline 1889 & 250.00 & & .............. \\
\hline 1889 & 1,500.00 & 20.00 & \\
\hline 1891 & & 1,500.00 & .26 \\
\hline & & 30,000. 00 & \\
\hline & 98. 26 & 10,000.00 & \\
\hline & & 218,362.60 & \\
\hline 1889 & 112. 86 & & \\
\hline 1890 & & & 445.79 \\
\hline 1891 & & 50,000. 00 & 313.30 \\
\hline 1889 & 122.85 & & \\
\hline 1890 & 810.25 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 1,500.00 & ........ \\
\hline 1889 & 10.00 & & \\
\hline & 876,392. 25 & 12, 006, 917. 67 & 586, 946.41 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

3,500.00
\(\begin{array}{r}3,580.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) . \(5,520.00\) 162.10
500.00 500.00
\(4,000.00\) 4, 000.00 26.14
\(3,500.00\) \(3,500.00\)
90.43 90.43
, 000.00 \(3,000.00\)
129.03 582.51 10,000.00 376.80
840.66 \(\begin{array}{r}840.66 \\ \hline\end{array}\) 16, 000.00 34.43
32.58 7, 250.00

1,234. 87
\(1,234.87\)
745.19
11, 796.86
461.47
\(11,000.00\)
250.00 \(\begin{array}{r}250.00 \\ \because 200.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) - \(1,500.00\) \(1,500.00\)
\(1,000.26\) \(1,000.26\)
\(30,000.00\) 10, 000. 00 98.26
\(218,362.60\) 112.86
445.79

50, 313.30 122.85 810.25
\(1,500.00\) \(1,500.00\) . 33
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3,500.00 & 2,000, 00 & & 1,500.00 \\
\hline 680.00 & 180.00 & & 500, 00 \\
\hline 5,520.00 & \(\therefore 5,520.00\) & & \\
\hline 162.10 & & 162. 10 & \\
\hline 500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline 4, 000, 00 & 4,000.00 & & \\
\hline - 16.98 & & 16.98 & \\
\hline 26. 14 & & & 26. 14 \\
\hline 3,500.00 & 3, 500.00 & & \\
\hline 90.43 & & 90.43 & \\
\hline 3,000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & \\
\hline 129.03 & & 129.03 & \\
\hline 582.51 & 500.00 & & 82.51 \\
\hline 0, 000.00 & 10,000.00 & & \\
\hline 376.80 & & 376.80 & \\
\hline 840.66 & 840.66 & & \\
\hline 6, 000.00 & 16,000.00 & & \\
\hline 34.43 & & 34. 43 & \\
\hline 32. 58 & 32.58 & & \\
\hline 7,250.00 & 6, 421.00 & & 829.00 \\
\hline 1, 234, 87 & & 1,234.87 & \\
\hline 745.19 & 745.19 & & \\
\hline 1,796.86 & 11,500.00 & & 296.86 \\
\hline 461.47 & 461.47 & & \\
\hline 1,000.00 & 10,610. 63 & & 389.37 \\
\hline 250.00 & & 250.00 & \\
\hline - 200.00 & & & 200.00 \\
\hline 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & \\
\hline 1,500.00 & 1, 500.00 & & \\
\hline 1,000. 26 & 1., 000000 & & 26 \\
\hline 1, 000.00 & 15, 000.00 & & 15, 000.00 \\
\hline 0, 000.00 & 5,000.00 & & .5, 000.00. \\
\hline 98.26 & 80.33 & 17.93 & \\
\hline 8, 362.60 & 218, 362.60 & & \\
\hline 112.86 & & 112.86 & \\
\hline 445.79 & 331. 50 & & 114.29 \\
\hline 0,313.30 & 50,313.30 & & \\
\hline 122.85 & & 122.85 & \\
\hline 810.25 & 797.24 & & 13.01 \\
\hline 1,500.00 & 838.97 & & 661.03 \\
\hline 10.00 & & 10.00 & \\
\hline 0, 256. 33 & 11,674, 764, 17 & 204,620.96 & 1,590, 871.20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balance of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available dur. ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$876, 392. 25 & \$12, 006, 917. \(67^{\circ}\) & \$586,946. 41 & \$13, 470, 256. 33 & \$11, 674, 764.17 & \$204, 620.96 & \$1,590, 871.20 \\
\hline Special witnesses of destruction of United States securities & 1891 & & 1,565.00 & & 1,565.00 & 1,565.00 & & \\
\hline Custody of dies, rolls, and plates................................ & 1890 & & 1, & 250.60 & 1, 250.60 & 1,565. 0 & & - 250.60 \\
\hline Do...................... & 1891 & & 6,800.00 & 515. 25 & 7, 315. 25 & 6,800.00 & & - 515.25 \\
\hline Transportation of minor coins & 1889 & 2,767.63 & & & 2,767.63 & & 2,767.63 & \\
\hline Dran Do..................... & 1890 & 3,604.00 & & & 3, 604. 00 & & 2, & 3,604.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & & - 2, 000.00 & & & 2,000.00. \\
\hline Recoinage of uncurrent fractional silver coins & 1889 & & 150,000. 00 & & 150, 000:00. & 15, 804.01 & 115.38 & 134, 195. 99 * \\
\hline Recoinage of gold and silver coins & 1890 & 115.38 & & & 1193. 07 & & 115.38 & 793.07 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 20,000.00 & & 20,000.00 & 20,000.00 & & \% 0 \\
\hline Loss on recoinage of minor coi & 1889 & 4,000.00 & 20,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & 20,00.00 & 4,000.00 & 0 \\
\hline Loss Do.................... & 1890 & 4,000.00 & & & 4,000.00 & & & 4,000.00 \\
\hline Do....... & 1891 & & 2, 000.00 & & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline Coinage of silver bullion. & & & 210, 893.14 & 4, 000.00 & 214, 893.14 & 214, 893.14 & & \\
\hline Transportation of silver coin & & 60, 486.80 & 110,000.00 & & 110, 000.89 & 59,490. 58 & & 50,510. 31 \\
\hline Transportation of gold coin. & & \(60,486.00\)
190.56 & & & \(60,486.00\)
190.56 & & 190.56 & 60,486.00 \\
\hline Storage of silver, transportatio & & 77, 562.50 & & & 77, 562.50 & & 77, 562.50 & \\
\hline Vaults for storage of silver. & & 54,323.46 & & & - 54, 323.46 & 54, 323.46 & & \\
\hline Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimos & 1889 & 814.97 & 160.00 & 280.34 & 160.00
\(1,095.31\) & 160.00 & 1,095.31 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & 169.50 & & 280.34 & 1, 1695.50 & 169. 50 & 1,050. 31 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & \(69,000.00\) & & 69,000.00 & 60, 083.07 & & 8,916.93 \\
\hline Lands and other property of the United States & 1889 & 25.50 & & & 25.50 & 60, & 25.50 & 8,916. \\
\hline Do.................. & 1890 & 100.00 & & 170.88 & 270.88 & & & \(270.88{ }^{\prime}\) \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 300.00 & & 200.00 \\
\hline Presses and separating machines for United States securities & & 2,665. 39 & & & 2,665.39 & & & 2,665. 39 \\
\hline Expenses incurred under act relating to Chinese ......... & & 5,273.70 & & & 5,273.70 & & 5,273.70 & \\
\hline Canceling United States securities and cutting distinctive paper. & & & 900.00 & 126.45 & 1,026.45 & 900.00 & ............... & 126.45 \\
\hline Commission on safe and vault construction, Treasury Department & & & 3, 000.00 & & 3,000.00 & 3.75 & & 2,996.25 \\
\hline Redemption of unsigned national bank notes stolen from office of Comptroller of the Currency. & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline National Zöological Park organization, improvement and maintenance & & 87,000.00 & & & 87, 000.00 & - 69,700.00 & & 17,300.00. \\
\hline Erpenses of Smithsonian Institution. & & & 42,180.00 & & 42,180.00 & 42,180.00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline International exchanges, Smithsonian Ins & 1889 & & . 66 & .............. & 1.31 & & . 33 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 6.99 & & .............. & 6.99 & 6.99 & & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 17,000.00 & & 17,000.00 & 17,000.00 & & \\
\hline International exchanges, certified claims. & & & 10.105 & & 1.05
\(49,666.95\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1.05 \\
42.761 .45
\end{array}
\] & & \\
\hline North A merican ethrology, Smithsonian Institution
Duties on articles imported for the National Museum & & 9, 666.95 & 10,000.00 & & \(49,666.95\)
\(1,000.00\) & \(42,761.45\)
650.00 & & \(6,905.50\)
350.00 \\
\hline (eaties on articles imported for the National Museum & 1889 & 3. 99 & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & & 3.98 & \\
\hline H Do ............................. & 1890 & 1,500.00 & & & 1,500.00 & \(1,500.00\) & & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & 11,500.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Furniture and ixtures, National Museum & 1890 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
.40 \\
998.00
\end{array}
\] & & & 998.40 & 997.72 & . 40 & \\
\hline & 1891 & & 25,000.00 & & 25,000:00 & 21, 502.00 & & 3,498.00 \\
\hline Preservation of collections, Nationgl Museum & 1837 & & 11. 45 & & 11.45 & 11.45 & & \\
\hline Do.. & 1889 & 14.70 & & & 14.70 & 14. 67 & . 03 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 914. 23 & & 143.59 & 1, 057.82 & 1, 046.31 & & 11.51 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 140, 000. 00 & & 140, 5000.00 & 135, 213.92 & & 4,786. \({ }^{\text {5 }}\) 50.00. \\
\hline Postage, National Museum & 1890
1891 & 500.00 & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 500.00 \\
& 500.00
\end{aligned}
\] & 500.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Building, National Museum & & & 5, 000.00 & & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Purchase of the Capron collection of Japanese works of art & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 & 10,000.00 & & \\
\hline Propagation of food fishes ................................. & 1889 & 539.36 & 215.20 & 1. 99 & 756. 55 & 254.04 & 502. 51 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 19, 130.49 & 298, 900.00 & \(3,862.84\)
4,332 & \% \(22,993.33\) & 18, 2891.93 & & 4,401. 40 \\
\hline Fish hatchery: & & & 298, 900.00 & 4,332.98 & 303, 232.98 & 286, 811.70 & & \\
\hline Lake County, Col & & 1,500.00 & 20,000.00 & & 21,500.00 & 9, 200.00 & & 12,300.00 \\
\hline Lake Erie. & & \(7,500.00\)
3.64 & 10,000.00 & & 17, 500.00 & 17, 2300.00 & 3.64 & \\
\hline Gulf States & & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Columbia Ri & & 4.15 & & & 4.15 & & 4.15 & \\
\hline New York. & & & \(5,000.00\) & & \(5,000.00\) & & & \(5,000.00\) \\
\hline Rocky Mountain region & & & 1,000. 00 & & 1,000.00 & & & 1, 000.00 \\
\hline Chesapeake Bay, Maryla & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Northville, Mick & & & 20,000.00 & & \(20,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\) & \(15,000.00\)
\(1,500.00\) & & \({ }^{5,000.00}\) \\
\hline Neosho, M. & & & 5,000.00 & & 5, 5000.00 & & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Fish hatcheries, Maine & & 5,000.00 & 29,393. 10 & & 34, 393.10 & 9,500.00 & & 24, 893.10 \\
\hline Fish pond, Monument lot & & 99.50 & & & 99. 50 & & 99.50 & \\
\hline Steam vessels, food fishes.. & & 778.06 & 10,000.00 & & 10,778.06 & & 778.06 & 10, 000.00 \\
\hline Sailing vessels, food fishes ................ & & 97.72
214.21 & & & 97.72 & & -97.72 & \\
\hline Fish Commissioner's buildings, Woods Holl & & 214.21 & 213.00
25.00 & & 427.21
25.00 & 213.06 & 214.15 & \\
\hline Tamages to fishing schooner trucy ann & & 2,500.00 & & \(10,000.00\) & 12,500.00 & \(10,000.00\) & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline Purchase and management of Louisville and Portland & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Caual ........................................ & & 640.00 & 690.00 & & 1,330.00 & 1,330.00 & & \\
\hline  & & & 315. 75 & & 315.75 & 315.75 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Burean of Engraving and Pri & 1890 & & & 52.55 & 52.55 & & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 17,450.00 & 1,256.62 & 18,706.62 & 17,450.00 & & 1,256.62 \\
\hline Carried forward & & 1,231, 897.84 & 13. \(318,367.02\) & 611, 940. 50 & 15, 162, 205. 30 & 12,851, 830.70 & 297, 356. 02 & 2,013, 018.64 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus.Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate arailable during the tiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June \(30,1891\). \\
\hline Treasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$1, 231, 897.84 & \$13, 318, 367.02 & \$611, 940.50 & \$15, 162, 205.36 & \$12, 851, 830.70 & \$297, 356.02 & \$2, 013, 018. 64 \\
\hline Compensation of employes, Eureau of Engraving and Printing. & 1889 & 10,543.15 & & & 10,543. 15 & & 10,543.15 & \\
\hline Do.......................................................... & 1890 & 10,513.15 & & 437.95 & - 437.95 & & & 437.95 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 370,000.00 & 55, 740. 64 & 425,740.64 & 425, 711. 00 & & 29.64 \\
\hline Plate printing, Bureau of Engraving and Printiug. & 1889 & 8,735.31 & & & \(8,735.31\)
\(4,021.60\) & & 8,735. 31 & 4,021.60 \\
\hline Do... & 1890
1891 & & 00 & 41,021.60 & \(4,021.60\)
\(606,059.25\) & . 605, 979.00 & & 4, 821.60 \\
\hline Material and miscellaneous expenses, Burean of Engrav- & 189 & & 0 & 81, 05.2 & & & & \\
\hline ing and Printing. & 1889 & 24, 892.78 & & & 24,892.78 & 20.00 & 24, 872.78 & \\
\hline - Do......... & 1890 & 1,649.26 & & 2,870.36 & '4,519.62 & 1, 862.00 & & 2,657. 62 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 178,000.00 & 35, 750. 38 & 213,750. 38 & 208, 601. 00 & …-.......... & 5, 149.38 \\
\hline Outstanding liabilities. & & 527, 618. 60 & & 40, 087, 98 & 567, 706. 38 & 32,940. 01 & & 534, 766. 57 \\
\hline Trust fund interest for support of free schools in South Carolina & & 462.17 & 2,015. 61 & & 2,477. 78 & 2,100.00 & & 377.78 \\
\hline Sinking fund, Central Pacific R. R. Co. & & 2,897.90 & 494, 252. 74 & & 497, 150.64 & 481, 191. 25 & & 15, 959. 39 \\
\hline Sinking fund, Union Pacific R. R. Co.. & & 7,061.44 & 1, 832, 106. 63 & 2, 772, 750.00 & 4,611, 918.07 & 4,609, 848.45 & & 2,069,62 \\
\hline Contingent expenses national currency (reimbursable), office of the 'Ireasurer. & & & 22, 280.70 & & 22, 280. 70 & 22, 280. 70 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of assistant U. S. treasurer: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Baltimore......................... & 1880
1890 & 1.90 & & & 1.90
59.30 & & 1.90. & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890
1891 & & 21,600.00 & 59.30 & 59.30
\(21,600.00\) & 21, 570.60 & & 59.30
29.40 \\
\hline Boston. & 1889 & 592.93 & & & 592.93 & 21, & 592.93 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 84.20 & & & 84. 20 & & & 84. 20 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 37, 910.00 & & 37, 910. 00 & 37, 910.00 & & \\
\hline Chicago & 1889 & 475.73 & & & 475.73 & & 475.73 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 302.29 & & . & 302. 29 & & & 302. 29 \\
\hline Do........... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1891 & & 25.900 .00 & & 25,900.00 & 25, 831.27 & & 68.73 \\
\hline Cincinnati .................................................... & 1891 & & 16,560.00 & & \(16,560.00\)
790.82 & 16,560.00 & & \\
\hline New York & \begin{tabular}{|c}
1889 \\
\(\{1889\) \\
\\
1889
\end{tabular} & 790.82
2.61 & & & 790.82
2.61 & & 790.82
2.61 & \\
\hline Do. & \{1890) & 2.61 & & .............. & 2.61 & & 2.61 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & 185, 110.07 & 144. 66 & 185, \(\begin{array}{r}144.66 \\ 110.07\end{array}\) & \(184,895.80\) & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 144.66 \\
& 914
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline New Orleans & 1889 & 198.29 & & & 198.29 & & 108. 29 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & 19.67 & & & 19.67 & & & 19.67 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 18,090.00 & & 18,090.00 & 18,090.00 & & \\
\hline Philadelphia & 1889 & 127.25 & & & 127.25 & & 127.25 & , \\
\hline Bo... & 1890 & 12.84 & & & 12.84 & & & 12.84 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Baíances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline What Brought forward & & \$1,921, 646. 01 & \$17, 412, 433.28 & \$3, 615, 900. 14 & \$22, 949, 979. 43 & \$19, 913, 001.72 & \$412, 134. 02 & \[
\$ 2,624,843.69
\] \\
\hline Wages of workmen, mint at New Orleans Do & 1890 & & & 58.69 & \(\begin{array}{r}58.69 \\ 000.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 74,000.00 & & 58.69 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, mint at New Orleans. & 1889 & 462. 14 & 7,00. & & ,
462.14 & 74,000.00 & 462.14 & \\
\hline Do.................... & 1890 & & & 12.70 & 12.70 & 4.50 & & 8.20 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 35,000. 00 & & 35, 000.00 & 34,993.70 & & 6.30 \\
\hline Salaries, mint at Philadelphia & 1889 & 115. 49 & & & 115. 49 & & 115.49 & \\
\hline  & 1891 & & 41,550. 00 & & 41, 550. 00 & 41, 364.56 & & 185.44 \\
\hline Wages of workmen, mint at Philadclphia & 1889 & 273.83 & & 195 & 273.83
195.44 & & 273.83 & 195.44 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 293, 000. 00 & 1952.32 & 293, 542.32 & 293, 542.32 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, mint at Philadelphi & 1889 & 29, 184. 23 & & & 29, 184. 23 & & 29,184. 23 & \\
\hline Do........................... & 1890 & 797.60 & & 1,119.62. & 1,917.22 & 1,811. 53 & 29,181.23 & 105. 69 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 80,000, 00 & 27.00 & 80, 027.00 & 79,696. 64 & & 330.36 \\
\hline Salaries, mint at San Francisco & 1890 & 37. 60 & & 86.22 & 123.82 & & & 123.82 \\
\hline Wres Do... & 1891 & & 41, 100. 00 & & 41, 100.00 & , 41, 100.00 & & \\
\hline Wages of workinen, mint at San Francis & 1889 & 2,614. 56 & & & 2,614.56 & & 2,614. 56 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & 170, 000.00 & 1,182.85 & \(1,182.85\)
\(170,000.00\) & 000.00 & & 1,182. 85 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, mint at San Francis & 1889 & 644.55 & 170,00. & & 17. 644.55 & 170,00.00 & 644. 71. & \\
\hline Do".. & 1890 & 197, 38 & & 249.65 & 447.03 & 16. 33 & & 430.70 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 40,000. 00 & & 40, 000. 00 & 39, 354.99 & & 645.01 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, Boise City .. : & 1891 & & 3,200. 00 & & 3, 200.00 & 3, 200. 00 & & \\
\hline Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, & 1889 & . 95 & 14.63 & & 15. 58 & 14.63 & . 95 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & - 286.03 & & 77.40 & 363.43 & 145. 21 & & 218.22 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 7,500.00 & & 7,500.00 & 7, 467. 71 & & 32. 29 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, Charlotte............. & 1891 & & 2750.00 & & 2,750.00 & 2,750.00 & & \\
\hline Wages and contingent expenses, assay office, & 1889 & 2.66 & & 25 & 2.66 & & 2. 66 & 25 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & . 25 & 2, 000.00 & 2,000.00 & & . 25 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, Helena & 1889 & . 07 & & & + 0.07 & & . 07 & \\
\hline W Do.................. & 1891 & & 7,700.00 & 502.60 & 8, 202. 60 & 8,202.60 & & \\
\hline Wages and contingent expenses, assay office & 1889
1890 & 167.25 & & 70.00 & 167.25
70.00 & & 167.25 & 70.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 12, 701.50 & 580.00 & 13, 281. 50 & 13, 281.50 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, assay office, Helena & 1889 & 2, 224.41 & & & 2,224. 41 & 2.68 & 2,221. 73 & \\
\hline - Do. & 1890 & 44.49 & & & 44.49 & 44.49 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & \(5,000.00\) & 82.17 & 5,082.17 & 4,505. 08 & & 577.09 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, New York ............ & 1891 & & 39,250.00 & & 39,250. 00 & 39,250.00 & & \\
\hline Wages of workmen, assay office, New York & 1889 & 1,302.00 & & & 1,302. 00 & & 1,302. 00 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1890 & & & 791. 50 & 791.50 & & & 791. 50 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 25,000.00 & & 25,000.00 & 25, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, assay office, New \({ }^{\text {Do }}\) Tork & 1889 & 2,835.99 & & & 2,835.99 & & 2, 835. 99 & \\
\hline & & & 10,000.00 & 132.60 & 10132.60 & 00 & & 132. 60 \\
\hline Salaries, assay office, st. Louis & 1891 & & 3,500.00 & & 3, 500.00 & 3,500.00 & & \\
\hline Wares and contingent expenses, assay office, St. Louis & 1889 & 131.94 & & & 131.94 & & 131.94 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & . 74 & & & & 4 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 2, 400.00 & & 2,400.00 & 2,400.00 & & \\
\hline Parting and refining bullion........ & & 126, 883.70 & & 207, 372. 79 & 334, 256. 49 & 228, 612. 33 & & 105, 644.10 \\
\hline Coinage of the standard silver dollar & & & 93,641.43 & 8,237.97 & 101, 879.40 & 101, 879.40 & & \\
\hline Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Alaska, certifed
claims claims & & & 1, 361. 68 & & 1,361. 68 & 1,361. 38 & . 30 & \\
\hline Salaries, governor, ete, Territory of Alaska................ & 1887 & & 246. 60 & & 216.60 & 246. 60 & & \\
\hline & & 1, 139.22 & & & 1,139. 22 & -18153 & 1.120.69 & \\
\hline Do
Do & 1890
1891 & \[
5,944.50
\] & 21, 958. 91 & & 5. 944.50
21.958 .91 & 2, 941.81
\(18,790.41\) & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,002.69 \\
& 3.168 .50
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of & 1889 & 260.55 & & & 260.55 & & 260.55 & \\
\hline Dolar Do................. & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & & 2. 0000.00 & 2, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Arizon & \({ }_{1890}^{1889}\) &  & & & - \(\begin{array}{r}387.35 \\ 1.966 .75\end{array}\) & 1,966.75 & 387. 35 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 13, 900.00 & & 13,900.00 & 11, 831.35 & & \(2,068.65\) \\
\hline Legislative expenses; Territory of Arizona & 1889 & 2, 699. 57 & & & 2,699.57 & & 2,699. 57 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 200.00 & & 195.40 & 395.40 & & & 395.40 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 24, 250.00 & & 24, 250.00 & 24, 250.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, & 1889 & 272.79
125.00 & & & 272.79 & & 272.79 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890
1891 & 125.00 & & & 125.00 & 125.00
375.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Do.............. & 1891 & 956.52 & 500.00 & & \({ }^{500.00}\) & 375.00 & 956. 52 & 125.00 \\
\hline Balaries, Do............. & 1890 & 18,351.19 & & & 18,351.19 & 345.62 & & 18,005,57 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Dako & 1889 & 8,678.75 & & & 8,678.75 & & 8, 678.75 & \\
\hline Do.................... & 1890 & 1,500.00 & & 173.78 & 1, 673.78 & & & 1, 673. 78 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of Dakota. Constitutional convention, Territory of Dako & 1890 & 250.00 & 25,714. 51 & 1,952.68 & \(1,250.00\)
\(27,667.19\) & 10.854.71 & & 172.48
\(16,812.48\) \\
\hline Salaries governor, etc., Territory of & 1889 & + 733.70 & & & 733.70 & & 733.70 & \\
\hline & 1890 & 2,741.75 & & & 2,741. \% 7 & 2, 741.75 & & \\
\hline & 1891 & & 13, 400.00 & & 13,400.00 & 4,794.46 & & 8,605. 54 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory & \({ }_{1889} 188{ }^{+}\) & & & 1, 406. 580 & 1,406. 50 & & 1,406.50 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { D. } \\
& \text { Do }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1890 & & & 587.26
6.75 & 587.26
6.75 & & 587. 26 & 75 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 1, 000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of Idaho & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 170.00 & & 330000 \\
\hline Constitutional convention, Territory of Idaho & & & 28,000. 00 & & 28,000.00 & 28, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Montan & 1890 & 10.519. 59.47 & & & 519.23 & 519.23 & & \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Montana, certifie & 1890 & 10,598.47 & & & ,598.47 & & & 10,598. 47 \\
\hline claims.... & & & 750.00 & & 750.00 & 750.00 & & \\
\hline & 1887 & ............... & & & & & & \\
\hline Carried forward & & 2, 147, 178.22 & 18, 538, 492.14 & 3, 841, 545.02 & 24, 527, 215. 38 & 21, 257, 471.64 & 469, 195. 39 & 2, 800, 548.35 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30; 1890, and the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline treasury-Continued. & & \(\bigcirc\) & & & & & & \\
\hline  & & \$2, 147, 178. 22 & \$18,538, 492.14 & \$3,841, 545.02 & \$24, 527, 215. 38 & \$21, 257, 471. 64 & \$469, 195.39 & \$2,800,548. 35 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Montana, certified claims & 1888* & & & 4,257.46 & . 4,257.46 & & 4,257.46 & . \\
\hline Do....-....................................................... & 1889 & 3,964.70 & & , & 3,964. 70 & 1,062.46 & 2,902. 24 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 1,078.44 & & & 1,078.44 & 1, 1 en. & 2, 01.2 & 1,078.44 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of Montana & 1890 & 1250.00 & & & 250.00 & & & 250.00 \\
\hline Constitutional convention, Territory of Montana & & 206.20 & & & 296.20 & & & 296.20 \\
\hline Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of New Mexice & 1889
1890 & 388.04
\(2,972.25\) & & & 398.04
972.25 & & 398.04 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & 2,972.25 & \(19,826.63\) & & \(2,972.25\)
\(19,826.63\) & 16,525.72 & & 3,300.91 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of New Mexico & 1889 & . 31 & , 10.6 & & 10,82. 31 & 16,525.73 & . 31 & 3,30.01 \\
\hline ¢ Do........................................ & 1891 & & 24, 250.00 & & 24, 250.00 & 24, 250.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of New Mexico. & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline Repairs of Old Adobe Palace, Santa Fe, N. Mex & & & 3,000.00 & & 3,000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of Oklahoma. & 1890 & & 20, 000.00 & 602.27 & 20,602. 27 & 6, 499.49 & & 14, 102.78 \\
\hline Expenses of the first legislative assembly Territory of & 1891 & & 13, 400.00 & & 13, 400:00 & 12,295. 65 & & 1,104.35 \\
\hline Expenses of the first legislative assembly, Lerritory of Oklahoma. & & & 40, 000. 00 & & 40, 000. 00 & 40,000.00 & & \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Oklahoma. & 1890 & & & 1, 789. 20 & 1, 789. 20 & & & 1, 789. 20 \\
\hline Do.... & 1891 & & 2, 100.00 & & 2,100.00 & 2, 100.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of Oklahoma & 1891 & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & \\
\hline Public schools, Territory of Oklahoma. & & & 50,000. 00 & & 50.000 .00 & \(35,000.00\) & & 15, 000.00 \\
\hline Salaries, governor, ete., Territory of Utah & 1889 & - 440.20 & & & 440.20 & & 440.20 & \\
\hline Do.
Do. & 1890 & 2,089.00 & 16,400. 00 & & \(2,089.00\)
\(16,400.00\) & \(2,089.00\)
\(14,895.00\) & & \\
\hline Legislative expeuses, Territory of Utal & 1889 & 345.15 & 16,400.00 & & 16, 345.15 & 14,895.00 & 345. 15 & 1,500.00 \\
\hline Do..........-..................... & 1890 & 828.10 & & 681.85 & 1,509.95 & & 345.15 & 1,509.95 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 1,500. 00 & & 1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of Utah & 1891 & & 500.00 & & +500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline Compensation Utah Commission....... & 1891 & & 25,000.00 & & 25,000.00 & 25,000.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expeuses Utah Commission & 1889 & 87.80 & & & 87.80 & & 87.80 & \\
\hline Do...... & 1890
1891 & 2.50 & 8,500.00 & 241.14 & 243.64
\(8,500.00\) & 40.00
\(8,480.00\) & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
203.64 \\
20.00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Compensation and expenses officers of election, Territory of Utah & 1889 & 24.39 & 8, & * & \(8,500.00\)
24.39 & \(8,480.00\) & 24.39 & 20.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 11, 061.35 & & & 11, 061.35 & 8,000.00 & & 3,061. 35 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 25,000.00 & & 25, 000.00 & 20,000.00 & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Industrial Home, Territory of Utah & & 818. 23 & & & 818.23 & 818.23 & & \\
\hline Aid to Industrial Home, Territory of Utah & 1889 & 55.38 & & & 55.38 & & 55.38 & - \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do.... & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & 4, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries.governor, etc.; Territory of Washington & 1889 & 1,010.89 & , & . & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,010.89 \\
& 1,010 .
\end{aligned}
\] & & 1,010.89 & \\
\hline Do..................................... & 1890 & 10, 231.10 & & & 10,231. 10 & & & 10, 231. 10 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Washington.......... & 1890 & 19,940.91 & & & 19,940.91 & & & 19,940.91 \\
\hline Constitutional convention, Territory of Washington & & 416.46 & 6,076. 27 & & 6, 492. 73 & 6,075.31 & & 417.42 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Territory of Washington... & 1890 & & & 178.23 & 178.23 & & & 178.23 \\
\hline Salaries, governor, etc., Territory of W yoming. & 1890 & 1,841.75 & 13,400.00 & & \(1,841.75\)
\(13,400.00\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{1}, 841.75 \\
& 3,887.46
\end{aligned}
\] & & 9,512.54 \\
\hline Legislative expenses, Territory of Wyoming & 1890 & & 13, 400.00 & \(1,386.60\) & \(1,8400.00\)
\(1,386.60\) & & & 9,512. 1,384 \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & 166.45 & 1, 166.45 & 1, 000.00 & & 166.45 \\
\hline Contingent expeoses, Territory of Wyoming & 1891 & & 500.00 & 25.39 & 525.39 & 500.00 & & 25.39 \\
\hline Constitutional convention, Territory of W yoming & & & 30,000.00 & 8,648,83 & 38,648.83 & 35,000.00 & & 3,648.83 \\
\hline Improvement and repairs, District of Columbia.. & 1887 & 341.47 & & & 341.47 & & 341. 47 & \\
\hline Do................. & \(\{1887\}\) & 139.12 & & & 139. 12 & & 139.12 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888* & & & 1,102.99 & 1, 102. 99 & & 1,102.99 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 4,157.87 & & 141.39 & \(4,299.26\) & 449.81 & 3,849.45 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & 1,960.17 & 41,297. 61 & 43, 257. 78 & 43,257. 78 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 804, 800.00 & 95, 488.55 & 900, 288. 55 & 720, 000.00 & & 180, 288.55 \\
\hline Permit work, District of Columbia & 1889 & 26, 060. 27 & 127.00 & 6, 183. 88 & 32, 371.15 & 7,516.89 & 24, 854.26 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890
1891 & 20, 575.87 & & \(48,251.99\)
\(75,895.09\) & \(68,827.86\)
\(290,895.09\) & \(41,097.03\)
\(234,000.00\) & & \(27,730.83\)
\(56,895.09\) \\
\hline Bridges, District of Colu & 1889 & 52.14 & 215,000.00 & 75,895. 09 & 290, 895.09 & 234, 000.00 & 52.14 & 56,895.09 \\
\hline Do.............. & 1890 & & & 122.18 & 122.18 & 8.64 & & 113.54 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 25, 000.00 & 790.41 & 25, 790.41 & 25, 789.41 & & 1.00 \\
\hline Sewers, District of Columbia & 1889
1890 & \(5,609.62\)
\(11,255.09\) & & 3,153.82 & \(5,609.62\)
\(14,408.91\) & 14,255.09 & 5,609.62 & 153.82 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 298,500.00 & 45,280.63 & 343,780.63 & 245,000.00 & & 98,780.63 \\
\hline Completion of the sewerage system, District of Columbia. & & & . 62 & & 62 & . 62 & & \\
\hline Examination of the sewerage system, District of Columbia & & & & 6. 90 & 6. 90 & & & 6.90 \\
\hline Washington Asylum, District of Columbia .............. & 1888* & & & . 98 & . 98 & & 98 & \\
\hline Do.................................................... & 1889 & 125.66 & & & 125.66 & & 125.66 & \\
\hline Do..................................................... & 1890 & & 5, 027.41 & 283. 84 & 5,311. 25 & 5, 027. 41 & & 283.84 \\
\hline Do............................................... & 1891 & & 58, 685.41 & 2,778.64 & 61,464.05 & 61, 462.35 & & 1. 70 \\
\hline Transportation of paupers and prisoners, District of Columbia & 1888* & & & . 80 & \[
.80
\] & & & \\
\hline Do..................................................... & 1889 & 660.92 & & & 660.92 & & 660.92 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 1,043.66 & & 246.36 & 1,290. 02 & 501.00 & & 789.02 \\
\hline D \({ }^{\text {do... }}\) & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & 75.97 & 4,075.97 & 3,112.46 & & 963.51 \\
\hline Relief of the poor, District of Columbia. & 1888* & & & 3.11 & 3.11
973.17 & & 373.11 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 931.00
31 & & 325.14 & 973.14
356.14 & & 973.17 & 356.14 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 21, 400.00 & 2,876. 45 & 24,276.45 & 24,276.45 & & \\
\hline Support and medical treatment of the infirm poor, District of Columbia. & & & & -47 \({ }^{\circ}\) & . 47 & & 47 & \\
\hline Reform School & 1.889 & & & 99. \(86{ }^{\circ}\) & 99.86 & & 99.86 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 641.88 & 641.88 & 424.70 & & 2.17. 18 \\
\hline Carried forward & & 2, 276, 357.23 & 20, 279, 445. 65 & 4,184, 572. 10 & 26, 740, 374.98 & 22,962, 983. 60 & 516, 531. 27 & 3,260, 860. 11 \\
\hline & & & And prior years. & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30 , 1890 , and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the tiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the tiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURY-continued. & & & & & , & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & ...R & \$2, 276, 357. 23 & \$20, 279, 445. 65 & \$4, 184, 572. 10 & \$26, 740, 374.98 & \$22, 962, 983. 60 & \$516, 531. 27 & \$3,260, 860. 11 \\
\hline Reform school .-..... & 1891 & & - \(39,666.41\) & 1,065.91 & 40,732.32 & 40, 732.32 & & \\
\hline Hospital for the Insane, District of Columbia.............. & 1891 & & - 87,500.00 & 7,291.66 & 94, 791. 66 & 94,791. 66 & & \\
\hline Colnmbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylùm,
District of Columbia................................ & 1891 & & & & \(20,000.00\) & 20,000. 00 & & \\
\hline  & 1890 & 10 & 20,000.00 & & 20,000. 10 & 20,000.00 & . 10 & \\
\hline St. Ann's Infant Asplum District of Co..................... & 1.891 & & 10,000.00 & 8.00 & 10,008.00 & 10,008.00 & & \\
\hline St. Ann's Infant Asylum, District of Colum & . 1.890 & 9.43 & & & 9.43 & & & 9.43 \\
\hline St John's Church Orphanage District of Co......................... & 1891 & & 6, 500.00 & . 47 & 6,500.47 & 6,500.00 & & . 47 \\
\hline St. John's Church Orphanage, District of Columb & 1891 & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Industrial Home School, District of Columbia... \\
Do..
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{1888} 188\) & & & 117.21 & \({ }_{117.21}^{.01}\) & & . 01 & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 14,000.00 & . 35 & 14,000.35 & 13,500.00 & & 500.35 \\
\hline Women's Christian Association, District of Columbia... & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & 4,000.00 & & \\
\hline Washington Hospital for Foundlings, District of Columbia. & 1889 & & & 16. 64 & 16.64 & & 16.64 & . \({ }^{\text {c............. }}\) \\
\hline Do........................................................ & 1891 & & \(7,000.00\) & 69.54 & 7, 069.54 & 7,000.00 & & 69.54 \\
\hline National Association for Colored Women and Children, District of Columbia & 1889 & & & . 14 & - . 14 & & . 14 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 22.00 & & . 14 & 22.00 & & . 14 & 22.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & 12,000.00 & & \\
\hline Association for Works of Mercy, District of Columbia.. & 1891 & & 8,042.00 & & 8,042.00 & 8, 042.00 & & \\
\hline National Temperance Home, District of Columbia Do. & 1890
1891 & . 55 & 2,500.00 & .55 & 1.10
\(2,500.00\) & \(2,500.00\) & & 1.10 \\
\hline National Homeopathic Hospital Association, District of & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline Columbia.......................................... & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & 12,000.00 & & \\
\hline German Orphan Asylum Association, District of Colum. bia. & 1891 & & 6,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 6.000.00 & & \\
\hline House of the Good Shepherd, District of Columbia...... & 1891 & & 3,000.00 & & 3;000.00 & \(3,000.00\) & & \\
\hline Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, District of Columbia & 1891 & & 10,500.00 & 11.15 & 10,511.15 & 10,500.00 & & 11.15 \\
\hline Buildings, Metropolitan police, District of Columbia... & & 125.45 & 15,375.00 & \(5,210.99\) & 20,711.44 & 20,375.00 & & 336.44 \\
\hline Buildings. and grounds, pullic schools, District of Columbia & \{18877 188 & 975.56 & & & 975.56 & 20,315.00 & 975.56 & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1889 & 2.39 & 13.27 & & 15.66 & 13. 27 & 2.39 & \\
\hline Do......................................................... . . . . & 1890 & & 459.50 & & 459.50 & 459.50 & & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & 17,879.61 & 268, 925.00 & 52,801.14 & 339, 605.75 & 265, 000,00 & & 74,605.75 \\
\hline Do. & \{18913 & & 220, 000.00 & & 220, 000.00 & 35,000.00 & & 185,000.00 \\
\hline Buildings, Reform School, District of Columbi & & 7.15 & & & 7.15 & & 7.15 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Buildings, Washington Hospital for Foundings, District Builuings, Association for Works of Mercy, District of Columbia
Buildings, Wre department, District of Columbia....... Huildings, St. Rose Industrial School, District of Co-

Builfings, Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital,
District of Columbia District of Columbia
General expenses, District of Columbia...................... Columbia........................................................... umbia
10.
10.
Do
Do
Do
Do
Do

Salaries, office, District of Columbia
Sinking fund, District of Columbia
Salaries, sinking fund ottice, District of Columbia
Salarjes and conitingent expenses, sinking fund, District
of Colambia
Do
Do
Public schools, District of Columbia
Do.
Do.
Do.
Metropolitan police, District of Columbia
Do.
Du.
Fire department, District of Columbia
Do.
Do
Do.
Telegraph and telephone service, District of Columbia. Do.
Health department, District of Columbia Do..
Courts, Distriets of Columbia

Carried forward


2,328,251.58 \(23,808,785.11\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(5,000.23\) & & & 5,000. 23 \\
\hline 12. 23 & & 12.23 & \\
\hline 29, 072.89 & 28, 957. 39 & & 115.50 \\
\hline 35, 556. 39 & 20,000.00 & & 15,556. 39 \\
\hline 2,500.00 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline 30,000.00 & 10,000. 00 & \(\cdots\) & 20,000.00 \\
\hline 2.20 & & 2.20 & \\
\hline 45.81 & & 45.81 & \\
\hline 89.78 & & 89.78 & \\
\hline 3, 666. 55 & 978.25 & 2, 688.30 & \\
\hline 4, 426.75 & 580.35 & & 3,846.40 \\
\hline 13, 600.00 & 13,600.00 & & \\
\hline \(140,736.63\) & 140,539.78 & . 13 & 196.85 \\
\hline 1, \(258,557.97\) & 1,258,557.97 & & 196.85 \\
\hline 2,197.80 & - \(2,2,197.80\) & & \\
\hline 262.70 & & 262.70 & \\
\hline 150.00 & & & 150.00 \\
\hline 202.20 & 202.20 & & \\
\hline 56.02 & & 56.02 & \\
\hline . 71 & & . 71 & \\
\hline 3, 028.06 & - 231.40 & 2,796.66 & \\
\hline 10, 150. 03 & 4,148.82 & 6,001. 21 & \\
\hline 7,949.43 & 4, 602. 40 & & 3,347.03 \\
\hline 730, 759.12 & 730,656. 37 & & 102.75 \\
\hline \(8,269.44\)
\(7,161.27\) & & 8,269. 44 & \\
\hline 7, 161.27
491, 740.31 & \(4,240.00\)
\(491,740.31\) & & 2,921. 27 \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ \hline 1.00\end{array}\) & 401,740.31 & 3.00 & \\
\hline 17.91 & 5.10 & 12.81 & \\
\hline ], 678.48 & 129.10 & 1,549.38 & \\
\hline 2, 001.52 & 514.18 & & 1, 487.34 \\
\hline 150, 568.74 & 150, 000.00 & & 568.74 \\
\hline \(5,214.49\) & 28.50 & 5,185.99 & \\
\hline 652.89 & 638.48 & & 14.41 \\
\hline 20, 140.39 & 20,140.39 & & \\
\hline 151.33 & & 151.33 & \\
\hline 331.05 & 8.79 & & 325.26 \\
\hline 50.394.00 & 50, 394.00 & & \\
\hline . 10 & & . 10 & \\
\hline 358.64 & & 358.64 & \\
\hline 30,591, 683.01 & 26,471, 496.93 & 545, 020.36 & 3,575, 165.72 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Badances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline - treasury-continued. & & & & & & & " & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$2, 328, 251.58 & \$23, 898, 785.11 & \$4, 364, 646. 32 & \$30,591, 683.01 & \$26, 471, 496.93 & \$545, 020. 36 & \$3, 575, 165. 72 \\
\hline Courts, District of Columbia. & 1889 & 11.63 & 1,473. 08 & -107.50 & 1,592.21 & 1, 473. 12 & 11.59 & 107.50 \\
\hline Do................. & 1890 & & 1,898. 75 & 44.41 & 1, 943.16 & 1,898.75 & & 44. 41 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 28,325.00 & 435.62 & 28, 760.62 & 28,570.00 & & 190.62 \\
\hline Pay of jurors and bailiffs, police courts, District of Columbia. & \[
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
1889 \\
1890
\end{array}\right\}
\] & - 9,400.00 & & & 9, 400. 00 & & 9,400.00 & \\
\hline Streets, District of Columbia. .................................... & 1886 & 2.43 & & & 2.43 & & 2.43 & \\
\hline Strees, Do................... & 1887 & & 5.00 & & 5.00 & 5.00 & & \\
\hline Do & 1888 & & 2.04 & & 2.04 & 2. 04 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1888* & & & 1,845.37 & 1, 845.37 & & 1,845.37 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & & 26.00 & 3, 291. 16 & 3.317.16 & 1, 409.56 & 1,907.60 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 77, 777. 60 & - \(\begin{array}{r}647.28 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 7,697. 48 & 86, 122. 36 & 75, 647.28 & & 10, 475.08 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 407, 750.00 & 24, 163. 64 & 431, 913.64 & 366, 000.00 & & 65, 913. 64 \\
\hline Do. & ¢18913 & & - 9,728.88 & ........... & 9,728.88 & 9,728.88 & & \\
\hline Miscellaneous expenses, District of Columbia. & 1886 & 14. 79 & & & 14. 79 & & 14.79 & \\
\hline Do......... & 1887 & 55.37 & 14.40 & & 69.77 & 14.40 & 55.37 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & 16. 01 & 16.02 & & 32.03 & 16.02 & & 16.01 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 132.67 & 1, 295, 94 & & 1,428.61. & 1,301.94 & 126.67 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & 7, 397.27 & 780.86 & 8, 178.13 & 7,485. 93 & & 692.20 \\
\hline Do.............................................. & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, District of Columbia. & 1888* & & & . 04 & . 04 & & . 04 & \\
\hline D0............................................................... & 1891 & & 45, 355.00 & 5,202.96 & 50, 557. 96 & 50, 549.96 & & 8.00 \\
\hline Do............................................... & 1889 & 2,002. 25 & & & 2,002. 25 & & 2, 002. 25 & \\
\hline Defending suits in claims agaiust the District of Columbia. & 1890 & 1,932.75 & & & 1,932.75 & & & 1,932.75 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 2,000.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Do..... & & & & 1,984. 71 & 1,984.71 & 1,984. 71 & .............. & \\
\hline Deficiency in sale of bonds retained from contractors, District of Columbia & 1890 & & 6.75 & 35.47 & 42. 22 & & & 35.47 \\
\hline Writs of lunacy, District of Columbia... & 1891 & & 2, 000.00 & 146. 54 & 2, 146.54 & - \(2,146.54\) & ............... & \\
\hline Do.................. & 1889 & 225.50 & 4.04 & & 6.59 & 65. 79 & ............... & \\
\hline Emergency fund, District of Columbia & 1890 & 4,235.00 & & & 4, 235.00 & \(\begin{array}{r}655.72 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 3,579.28 \\
\hline Do...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1891 & 84, 627.09 & \(5,000.00\)
\(54,222.96\) & 6.75 & \(5,006.75\)
\(138,850.05\) & 1,373.00 & ....-........ & 3, 633.75 \\
\hline Water fund, District of Columbia & 1887 & 84, 627.09 & 54, 222.98 & 5.00 & 138, 85.84 & 54.84 & & 138, 850.05 \\
\hline Water department, reimbursable, District of Columbia .. & \(\{1887\}\) & & & 27.00 & 27.00 & ................ & 27.00 & ................. \\
\hline Do...................................................... & \(1888{ }^{*}\) & & & . 10 & . 10 & & . 10 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do & 1888 & & 16.25 & & 16.25 & - 16.25 & & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & & 93.43 & & 93.43 & 93.43 & & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & 64, 447. 41 & 6,949.29 & 71,396. 70 & 71,396. 70 & & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 152,320.08 & 19,289.92 & 171,610.00 & 171, 610.00 & & \\
\hline Do & \(\{1891\}\) & & 500.00 & ................. & 500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline ington Aqueduct, District of Columbia & 1889 & 2, 266.34 & & & 2,266. 34 & & 2, 266.34 & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1891 & & 25,500,00 & & \(25,500.00\) & 20,000.00 & 5,500.00 & \\
\hline r supply, District of Columbia ....................... & & 111, 709.28 & & & 111, 709.28 & 111, 709.28 & & \\
\hline ion of fishways at Great Falls, District of Columbia.. asing water supply, Washington, District of Colum- & & 30, 020.32 & & & 30,020. 32 & 500.00 & & 29,520.32 \\
\hline & & 431, 795.17 & & 4, 665. 52 & 436,460.69 & 3,854.32 & ............ & 432, 606.37 \\
\hline ington redemption fund, District of Columbia & & -981.49 & 3, 878.82 & , 371.83 & \(5,232.14\) & 5,076.99 & & 155. 15 \\
\hline ington special tax fund, District of Columbia & & 9, 486.46 & 1, 025.03 & 1,594.05 & 12, 105. 54 & 1,500.00 & & 10,605.54 \\
\hline us fund, District of Columbia .............. & & 86.00 & 11.76 & & 97.76 & & & 97.76 \\
\hline ding water rent and taxes, District of Colu & & & 1,341. 86 & 858.14 & 2,200. 00 & 2,200.00 & & \\
\hline ding taxes, District of Columbia. & & & 12,715. 38 & 1,284. 62 & 14,000. 00 & 14.000.00 & & \\
\hline ding tax-lien certificates, District of Columbia & & 1,594. 26 & 734.58 & 1,603. 51 & 3,982. 35 & 1,000.00 & & 2,932.35 \\
\hline nty fund, District of Columbia & & 3,915. 15 & \(45,200,23\) & & 49,115.38 & 49,115. 38 & & \\
\hline mption of Pennsylvania avenue paving certificates, trict of Columbia. & & 611.31 & & & 611.31 & & & 611.31 \\
\hline mption of Pennsylvania avenue paving scrip, Dist of Columbia. . & & 117.05 & & & 117.05 & & & 117.05 \\
\hline mption of assessment certificates, District of Colum- & & 275.46 & 694.43 & 800.50 & 1,770.39 & 1,735,95 & & 34. 44 \\
\hline ent of referees, Court of Claims, District of Colum- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ases of assessing real property, District of Columbia. & 1889 & 380.00 & 1, 680.00 & & \(2,060.00\)
518.40 & \(2,060.00\)
51.8 .40 & & \\
\hline relief fund, District of Columbia. & 1889 & 725.10 & 518.40
\(10,661.00\) & 3.67 & 11, 388.78 & 11,38. 317 & & \\
\hline en's relief fund, District of Columbia .................. & & 110.00 & 1,521. 42 & & 1,631.42 & 1,631.42 & & \\
\hline ng open the Potomac River, District of Columbia. . of subdivisions outside of Washington and George- & & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000.00 & & 10, 000. 00 & \\
\hline n, District of Columbia .............................. & & & - 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline oyment of the poor, filling up grounds, District of umbia. & & & & 9.50 & 9.50 & & 9.50 & \\
\hline ase and reconstruction of the Aqueduct bridge, rict of Columbia. & & 7.33 & & & 7.33 & , & 7.33 & \\
\hline e across Rock Creek on Woodley Lane road, trict of Columbia. & & 15.66 & & & 1.5. 66 & & 15.66 & \\
\hline al counsel in case of Samuel Strong, District of & & & & & & & & \\
\hline intain public order, District of Columbia & & \(2,500.00\)
\(1,043.02\) & & & 2, 500.00 & & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline ilation of the laws, District of Columbia. & & 1,043.02 & 1,000.00 & 3,190.58 & 4, 190.58 & 1,182.50 & 1,013.02 & 3,008.08 \\
\hline a, Disfrict of Columbia & 1891 & & 27, 820.35 & 65.78 & 27, 886. 13 & 27, 881.63 & & 4.50 \\
\hline Do.......... & 1890 & & 18,562. 65 & 142.07 & 18.704.72 & 18,562. 65 & & 142.07 \\
\hline ructing county roads, District of Columbia & 1891 & & 178,950.00 & 60,000.00 & 238, 950.00 & 180.000.00 & & 58,950.00 \\
\hline Do. & \{18912 189 & & 127,000.00 & & 127, 000.00 & & & 127, 000.00 \\
\hline Carried forward. & & 3, 116, 101. 12 & 25, 148.696.44 & 4,511, 249.91 & 32,776, 047. 47 & 27, 722, 362. 63 & 579.255. 42 & 4,474,429.42 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
balances of Appropriationş Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Salaries, Signal Office...................... & 1889 & 3, 073.96 & & & 3, 073.96 & & 3,073. 96 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 2,010.00 & & 329.47 & 2, 339, 47 & & 3, & 2,339.47 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 154, 893.70 & & 154, 893.70 & 152, 960, 00 & & 1,933.70 \\
\hline Salaries, office of Quartermas & 1889 & 4,519.92 & & & 4, 519.92 & & 4,519.92 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 1,280.00 & & 58.01 & 1,338.01 & & & 1,338.01 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 156,440.00 & & 156, 440.00 & 155, 500.00 & & 940.00 \\
\hline Salaries, office Commissary-Gen & 1889 & 538.60 & & & 588.60 & & 538.60 & \\
\hline  & 1390 & 386.70 & & 84. 47 & - 471.17 & & & 471.17 \\
\hline Do........... & 1891 & 180.30 & 42,760.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
42,760.00 \\
-180.30
\end{array}
\] & 41, 815.00 & & 945.00 \\
\hline Salaries, oftice Surgeon & 1889 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
180.30 \\
7,075.87
\end{array}
\] & & & - 7,075.87 & & 7,075.87 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 7,890.00 & & 527.78 & \({ }^{\text {¢ }} 8.417 .78\) & & & 8,417. 78 \\
\hline Dataries Do...................... & 1891 & & 186, 528.63 & & 186, 528.63 & 184,900.00 & & 1, 628, 63 \\
\hline Salaries, office Paymaster-General
Do..................... & 1889 & 107.65 & & & 107.65 & & 107.65 & \\
\hline Do... & 1890 & 260.93 & 39, 523.28 & 65.03 & 325.96
\(39,523.28\) & 39, 445. 00 & & 325.96 \\
\hline Salaries, office Chief of Engineers & 1889 & 54.44 & & & 54. 44 & 30, & 54.44 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 175.00 & & 4. 71 & 179.71 & & & 179.71 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 23, 240.00 & & 23, 240.00 & 22, 910.00 & & 330.00 \\
\hline Salaries, office Chief of Ordunnce & 1889 & 216. 42 & & & 216.42 & & 216. 42 & \\
\hline . Do................ & 1890 & 185.60 & & 4. 02 & \({ }^{189.62}\) & & & 189.62 \\
\hline Salaries, office Publication of Records of the & 1891 & & 44, 860.00 & & 44,860.00 & 44, 825.00 & & 35.00 \\
\hline Salaries, office Publication of Records of the
Do................................ & 1889 & \(1,805.73\)
\(1,184.57\) & & & 1, 805.73 & & 1,805.73 & \\
\hline Do
Do & 1890 & 1,184. 57 & 31, 659.46 & & 1,184.57 & 99.79
675.00 & & \(1,084.78\)
\(1,984.46\) \\
\hline Salaries,office Records and Pension Division, War Depart- & 1891 & & & & 31, 65.4 & 29, & & 1,984.46 \\
\hline ment ....................................................... & 1890 & 313.34 & & 1.99 & 315.33 & & & 315.33 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 957524.15 & & 957, 524. 15 & 924, 475.00 & & 33, 049.15 \\
\hline Signal Service, contingent expense & 1890 & 4,500. 00 & & 45. 54 & 4,545.54 & 4,500.00 & & 45.54 \\
\hline Stationery, War Department & 1889 & 29.42 & & & 29. 22 & & 29.22 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 508.69 & & & 508.69 & & & 508.69 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 42,000.00 & 8,956.46 & 50, 956.46 & 50, 000.00 & & 956.46 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, War Departmen & \begin{tabular}{l}
1889 \\
1890 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 5, 107.12 & & & 5.107.12 & 5,000.00 & 106.37 & \\
\hline Do. & \begin{tabular}{|}
1890 \\
1891
\end{tabular} & 5,150.33 & 57, 395.00 & 43.
587.42 & \(5,193.48\)
\(57,982.42\) & \(5,000.00\)
\(57,904.50\) & & 193.48
77.92 \\
\hline Rent of buildings, War Departmen & 1889 & 4.31 & & & 4.31 & & 4.31 & \\
\hline Postare to postal union .-............................ & 1891 & & 4,600.00 & & 4,600.00 & 4,200.00 & & 400.00 \\
\hline Postage to postal union countries, War Department
Do.......................................... & 1889 & 845.85 & & & 845.85 & & 845.85 & \\
\hline . \({ }_{\text {Do. }}^{\text {Do. }}\) & 1890 & 65.00 & & & 65.00 & & & 65.00 \\
\hline Disposal of useless paper, Wa................................. & 1891 & & \(1,500.00\)
300.00 & & 1,500.00 & 1, 125.00 & & 375.00 \\
\hline Disposal of useless paper, War Department.................. Salaries of employés, Pullic Building and Grounds, nuder & & & 300.00 & & 300.00 & 300.00 & & \\
\hline Chief of Engineers......................................... & 1889 & . 47 & & & . 47 & & . 47 & \\
\hline Contingen............................................. & 1891 & & 47,620.00 & & 47,620.00 & 47, 620.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Public Buildings and Grounds, under Chief of Engineers. & 1889 & 14.52 & & & 14.52 & & 14.52 & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1890 & & & 66 & . 66 & & & . 66 \\
\hline Do.................. & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline Improvement and care Public Buildings and Grounds, under Chief of Engineers & 1889 & 1,293.62 & & & 1,293. 62 & & 1,293,62 & \\
\hline Carried forward & & 3,204, 961.83 & 29, 199, 058.26 & 4, 547, 866. 45 & 36,951, 886. 54 & 30, 557, 865.57 & 631, 968.42 & 5: 762, 052. 55 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific auts of appropriation. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amount carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline Treasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \({ }^{1}\) \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$3, 204, 961.83 & \$29, 199, 058.26 & \$4, 547, 866. 45 & \$36, 951, 886. 54 & \$30, 557, 865. 57 & \$631, 968.42 & \$5,762, 052.55 \\
\hline Improvement and care Public Buildings and Grounds, under Chief of Engineers & 1890 & 800.00 & & 707.30 & 1, 507, 30 & & & 1,499.18 \\
\hline Do.............................. & 1891 & & 66.450 .00 & & 66, 450.00 & 66, 450.00 & & 1,10.18 \\
\hline Water supply, Executive Mansion, War Department .... & & 5, 300.00 & & & 5, 300.00 & & & \(5,300.00\) \\
\hline Repairs, fuel, etc., Executive Mansion, War Department. & 1889 & 710.89 & & & 710.89
49 & & 710.89 & \[
49.76
\] \\
\hline & 1890 & & & 49.76 & 49.76 & & & \[
49.76
\] \\
\hline Do....................... & 1891 & 945.16 & 33, 000.00 & & \(33,000.00\)
945.16 & \(33,000.00\) & 945.16 & \\
\hline Lightingo. & 1890 & 222.00 & & 833.98 & 1, 055.98 & & & 1,055.98 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 28,472.00 & & 28,472. 00 & 28,472.00 & & \\
\hline Repairs to water pipes and fire plugs, War Department.. & 1889 & 495.94 & & & 495.94 & & 495.94 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 45. 93 & 45.93 & & & 45.93 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline Telegraph to connect the Capitol with the Departments and Government Printing Office . . & 1891 & & 1,250.00 & & 1,250.00 & 1,250. 00 & & \\
\hline Salaries, office of Superintexdent of State, War, and Navy Department buildiog. & 1889 & 754.63 & & & 754.63 & & 754.63 & \\
\hline Do................................................. & 1890 & 500.00 & & 102.48 & - 602.48 & 21.43 & & 581.05 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 118,500.00 & & 118,500.00 & 118, 100.00 & & 400.00 \\
\hline Fuel, lights, etc., State, War, and Navy Department building. & 1889 & 1.09 & 118,600.00 & & 118,50 & & 1.09 & \\
\hline Do............................................ & 1880 & 1.0 & & 2.00 & 2.00 & & & 2.00 \\
\hline Do............................................... & 1891 & & 51,500.00 & & 51, 500.00 & 50,000, 00. & & 1,500.00 \\
\hline Transportation of reports and maps to foreign countries. & 1889 & 97.90 & & & 97.90 & & 97.90 &  \\
\hline Do...........-....................................... & 1890 & 100.00 & & & 100.00 & 100.00 & & \\
\hline Do.............. & 1891 & & 100.00 & & 100.00 & 100.00 & & \\
\hline Sapport and medical treatment of destitute pation & 1880 & 1, 41.6. 74 & & & 11,416. 74 & 1,416.74 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 19,000.00 & & 19,000. 00 & 17,094. 02 & & 1,905.98 \\
\hline Building for State, War, and Navy Departments ..........
Building for the Army Medical Museum and Library... & & 71,518.81 & & & 71, 518.81 & 25,500.00 & & 46, 018. 81 \\
\hline Building for the Army Medical Museum and Library & & \(1,191.86\)
1.87 & & & 1, 191.86 & & & 1, 191. 86 \\
\hline Maintenance of Garfield Hospital & 1889 & 1.87 & & 1. 64 & 1.87
1.64 & & 1.87 & 1. 64 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 15, 000.00 & 1.64
. & 15, 000. 23 & 15,000,00 & & . 23 \\
\hline Care and maintenance of Washington Monumen & 1889 & 119. 10 & & & 119.10 & & -119.10 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 7.74 & & 4. 24 & 11.98 & & & 11.98 \\
\hline Do.................................................. & 1891 & & 11, 120.00 & & 11, 120.00 & 11, 120.00 & & \\
\hline Prevention of obstructions and injurious deposits within the harbor and adjacent waters of New York City. & 1889 & 42.91 & & & 42.91 & & 42.91 & \\
\hline Do.-............................................. & 1890 & 26,917. 88 & & & 26,917. 88 & 1,533,57 & & 25,384.31 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 33, 000.00 & & 33, 000.00 & 28,550. 89 & & 4, 449, 11 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Horses aud wagons. & 1889 & \({ }^{2}\) • 162.98 & & & 162.98 & & 162.98 & \\
\hline Do.............. & 1890 & & & 100.03 & 100.03 & & & 100.03 \\
\hline 190. & 1891 & & 1,500.00 & ............. & 1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & \\
\hline Hardware & 1889 & 261.93 & & & 1961.93 & & 261.93 & ............... \\
\hline Io' & \(189]\). & & 1,000.00 & & 1, 000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Miscellaneous items & 1889 & 1,37\%. 67 & & 1.73
11191 & 1,374.40 & & 1, 374.40 & \\
\hline Do... & 1890 & & 200.00
\(12,000.00\) & 111.91 & 12, 311.90000 & 216.33
\(12,000.00\) & & 95. 58 \\
\hline Official Postal Guide, Post-Office Departm & 1889 & 4,873.23 & & & - 4, 873.23 & 12,00.00 & 4,873.23 & \\
\hline Do......................................... & 1890 & 5,500.00 & & 160.39 & 5, 660. 39 & & , 873. 2 & 5,660,39 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 18,200.00 & & 18,200.00 & 11,000. 00 & & 7,200.00 \\
\hline Post-ronte maps, Post-Office Department
Do........................... & 1889 & \(1,267.35\)
\(2,807.50\) & & & \(1,267.35\)
\(3,712.31\) & 2,500.00 & 1, 267.35 & 1. 212.31 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 18,000.00 & 1, 359.49 & 19, 359.49 & 18, 000.00 & & \(1,359.49\) \\
\hline Postage, Post-Office Department & 1889 & 30.00 & & & 30.00 & & 30.00 & \\
\hline Do.................... & 1890 & 200.00 & & 100.00 & 300.00 & & & 300.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 750.00 & & 750.00 & 750.00 & & \\
\hline Rent of buildings, Post-Office Department & 1891 & & 20,384. 00 & & 20, 384. 00 & 20,384. 00 & & \\
\hline Mail-bag repair shop, Post. Office Departme & 1889 & 2, 827.95 & & & 2,827.95 & & 2,827.95 & \\
\hline Removal of Washington City post-otice.. & & 5,500.00 & & & 5,500.00 & & 5,500.00 & \\
\hline Deficiency in the postal revenues. & 1889 & & 700, 000. 00 & & 700, 000.00 & 700,000.00. & & \\
\hline Do.. & 1893 & & 2, 500, 000.00 & & 2, 500, \(000.00 \cdot\) & 2, 500.000.00 & & \\
\hline Do.......... & 1891 & & 1,500,000.00 & & 1,500,000.00 \(41,772.08\) & \(1,500,000.00\)
\(41,72.08\) & & \\
\hline Mail transportation, Pacific railroads & 1893 & & 234, 773.49 & & 284,773.49 & 284, 773.49 & & \\
\hline Do............................... & 18.1 & & I, 059, 114.82 & & 1, 059, 114.82 & 1, 059, 114. 82 & & \\
\hline Department of Agricultare: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Sitaries.
Do.. & 1889 & \(2,737.81\)
\(3,580.00\) & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(2,737.81\) \\
3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 547.04 & 2,737. 81 & 3032.96 \\
\hline Do. & 1591 & 3, & 248, 902.85 & & 248:902.85 & 241, 000.00 & & 7,902. 85 \\
\hline Contingent expenses & 1889 & & 52.85 & & 52.85 & , 52.85 & & \\
\hline Do........ & 1893 & 1, 000.00 & & 231.53 & 1,231.53 & 1, 090.75 & & 140.78 \\
\hline Do. & 1891. & & 20, 000.00 & & 20,000.00 & 17,800.00 & & 2,200.00 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal I & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}1887^{*} \\ 1883^{*}\end{array}\right.\) & & & 36.51 & 36.51 & 36.51 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & & & 11.86 & 11. 86 & 11. 86 & & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 20,716.91 & & & 20, 716.91 & 323.23 & 20,393.68 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 30, 130.35 & & 632.40 & 30,762.75 & 30,762. 75 & & \\
\hline Do. & \(\left\{\begin{array}{c}1890 \\ 1891 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\right.\) & 154, 737.76 & & 2,808.16 & 157, 545.92 & 156, 632.40 & & 913.52 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 350, 000.00 & & \(350,000.00\) & 210, 168.60 & & 139,831. 40 \\
\hline Collécting agricultural statistics & 1889 & 802.09 & & & 802. 99 & 758. 89 & 43.20 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 12,981. 80 & & & 12,981. 80 & 10, 821.81 & & 2,159.99 \\
\hline Do................. & 1.891 & & 100,000.00 & & 100,000.00 & 71, 180.75 & & 28,819.25 \\
\hline Purchase and distribution of valuable seed & 1889 & 19.41 & & & 19.41 & & 19.41 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,171.53 & & 1.00 & \(1,172.53\)
\(105,400.00\) & 1,147.08 & & 25.45 \\
\hline Experimental garden and grounds. & 1889 & 17 & 105,400.00 & & 105, 400. 17 & 105, 010.00 & 17 & 400.00 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Carried forward} & & 3, 619, 531. 15 & 37, 733, 951. 52 & 4,564, 494.18 & 45, 917, 976.85 & 39, 117, 920. 54 & 702,669. 82 & 6, 097, 386. 49 \\
\hline & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{* Transfer account.} & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carbied to the Surilus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available dur ing the fiscal June 30,1891 . & Payments dur ing the fiscal year ending
\(J\) une \(30,1891\).
\[
\text { June 30, } 1891 .
\] & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891 & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline treasury-continued. & & & & & 9 & & & \\
\hline Department of Agricolture-Continned. Brought forward. & & & & & & & & \$6, 097, 386. 49 \\
\hline Experimental garden and gromils.. & 1890 & \$3,61, 640.00 & 437, 733, 251.52 & \$4, 504, 494. 18 & -45, \(917,640.00\) & \$30,11, 478.45 & \$702,669.82 & \$6,097, 3861.49 \\
\hline Do........................... & 1881 & & 28.500.00 & & 28, 500.00 & 26,500.00 & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline Furniture cases and repairs. & \begin{tabular}{l}
1889 \\
1890 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 113.26
\(1,000.00\) & & - 88.07 & 113.26
J. 088.07 & & 113.26 & \\
\hline Do................ & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1890 \\
& 1891
\end{aligned}
\] & 1,000.00 & 10,000.00 & - 88.07 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,088.07 \\
-\quad 10,000.00 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,000.00 \\
10,000.00
\end{array}
\] & & 88.07 \\
\hline Do. &  & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & 1,500.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Library & \({ }_{1359}\) & 7.15 & & & 7.15 & & 7.15 & \\
\hline Do. & 1800 & 600.00 & & & 600.00 & 338.28 & & 263.72 \\
\hline Museum & 1897
1889 & 108.75 & 3,000. 00 & & \(3,000.00\)
108.75 & 3,000.00 & 108.75 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 1.61 & 1.61 & & & 1.61 \\
\hline Do.. & 1189.1 & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & 4,000.00 & & \\
\hline Laboratory & 1889 & 1, 005.75 & & & 1,005. 75 & & 1,005.75 & \\
\hline Do. & \{18892 & 1,000.00 & & & 1,000.00 & 531. 81 & & 468.19 \\
\hline Do. & \({ }_{1890}\) & & & 69.82 & 69.82 & & & 69.82 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 20, 200.00 & & 20, 200.00 & 20,000. 00 & & 200.00 \\
\hline Experiments in the manufacture of sugar & \[
\text { \{ }\{18878
\] & 72.50 & & & 72.50 & & 72.50 & \\
\hline Do & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}18899 \\ 1890\end{array}\right\}\) & 1,171. 59 & & 32,80 & 1, 204. 39 & 1,003.00 & & 201.39 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 113.38 & 113.38 & 14. 15 & & 99. 23 \\
\hline & [1891 & & 50,000.00 & & 50, 000.00 & 25, 090. 1.2 & & 24, 909.88 \\
\hline Do. & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}18992 \\ 1892\end{array}\right.\) & & 25, 000.00 & & 25,000.00 & & & 25,000.00 \\
\hline Botanical investigations and experiments & \(1888 *\) & & & 43.63 & 43.63 & 43.63 & & \\
\hline Do................................. & - \(\{18889\}\) & 2,997. 06 & & & 2, 097.06 & 2, 097, 06 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 123. 24 & & & 123.24 & 123.24 & & \\
\hline Do & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}1890 \\ 1891\end{array}\right\}\) & 55.09 & & . 55 & 55.64 & & & 55.64 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 40,000. 00 & & 40, 000.00 & 30,057. 31 & & 9, 942.69 \\
\hline Pomological information
Do & 1889 & 40.00
50.38 & \(\begin{array}{r}24.48 \\ 304 \\ \hline 19\end{array}\) & & \(\begin{array}{r}64.48 \\ 355.17 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 40.00 & \(\begin{array}{r}24.48 \\ 334 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & 5;000.00 & 4, 436. 30 & & \({ }_{563.70}\) \\
\hline Investigating the adulteration of food. & 1889 & . 13 & & & & & & \\
\hline Investigating the habits and history of in & \({ }^{18891} 1\) & 32.24 & 5.000.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
5,000.00 \\
0 \quad 32.24
\end{array}
\] & 3,000.00 & 32.24 & 2,000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriatrons Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending
June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & A ggregate available dur. ing thie fiscal year ending & Payments during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Amounts carried to the surplus fund Jume 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline treasory-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$3, 669, 747. 69 & \$39, 085, 982.03 & \$4, 567, 729. 54 & \$47, 323, 459, 26 & \$40, 204, 106. 26 & \$719,513.78 & \$6, 399, 839.22 \\
\hline Investigation of industrial and technical systems of the United States and foreign countries. & & & & &  & 2,000.00 & & 3,000. 00 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, court of private land & 1891 & & 15, 0000.00 & & 15, 000.00 & & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1892 & & 40,000.00 & & 40, 000.00 & & & 40,000.00 \\
\hline Salary of judge, United States court, Indian Territory & \[
\left\lvert\,\left\{\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|}
1890\} \\
1
\end{array}\right.\right.
\] & 584.33 & & & 584.33 & 288.50 & & 295. 83 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, circuit court of appeals. & \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}1891 \\ 1892\end{array}\right\}\) & & *56, 650.00 & & 56,650.00 & & & 56, 650.00 \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, reporter, Supreme Court. & & & 7,500.00 & & 7,500.00 & 7,500.00 & & \\
\hline Payment of judgments, Onited States courts & & & 60, 115, 05 & 23.70 & 60, 138.75 & \(\therefore \quad 60,115.05\) & 23.70
5961.68 & \\
\hline Salaries, justices, etc., Supreme Court & 1889 & 5, 961.68 & & & 5, 961.68 5,492. 58 & & 5,961. 68 & 5,492.58 \\
\hline 1). & 1891 & & 107,900.00 & .......... & 107,900.00 & \(105,524.27\) & & 2,375.73 \\
\hline Salaries, circuit juige & 1890 & 1,099.97 & & & 1,099.97 & & & 1, 699.97 \\
\hline Salaries, district judges & 1891 & & 60,000.00 & & 60, 000.00 & 59,399.97 & 2,263.45 & \\
\hline Salaries, Do.............. & 1890 & 2,844. 76 & & & 2, 841.76 & 115.38 & & 2,726.38 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 233, 242. 73 & & 233, 242.73 & 228, 128.12 & & 5, 114, 61 \\
\hline Salaries, retired judg & 1890 & & \({ }^{482} 145\) & & \({ }^{482.14}\) & 482. 14 & & \\
\hline Salaries, district attorneys & 1891 & 239.60 & 39, 450.00 & & 39, 450.00 & 39, 450.00 & 212. 82 & \\
\hline Do................ & 1890 & 1,356.95 & & & 1,356.95 & 882. 53 & & 474.40 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 20, 800.00 & & 20, 800.00 & 19,961.56 & & 838.44 \\
\hline Salaries, district marshals, certified clai & & & 30.92 & & 30.92 & 30.92 & & \\
\hline STalaries, district marshals & 1889 & 542.35 & & & 542.35 & 292. 29 & 250.06 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,252. 14 & & & 1,252. 14 & 715.39 & & \({ }_{050}^{536.75}\) \\
\hline & 1891 & & 13,500.00 & & 13,500.00 & 12,549. 55 & & 950.45 \\
\hline Salaries, justice and judges, supreme court, District of Columbia. & 1883 & 600.04 & & & 600.04 & & 600.04 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 24,500.00 & & 24, 500.00 & 24,500.00 & & \\
\hline Interstate Commerce Commission & 1889 & 12,538.96 & & & 12,538.96 & & 12,538.96 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & 38,447. 01 & 225, 000.00 & 4, 907. 86 & \(43,354.87\)
\(225,000.00\) & 203,750.00 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 19,565.91 \\
& 21,250.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Salaries, Steamboat Inspection Service & & & 220, 500.00 & & 220, 500.00 & 220,500.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries and expenses, special inspectors foreign steam vessels. & & & 15,856. 28 & & 15,856. 28 & 15,856. 28 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Steamboat Inspection Service & & 219,418.07 & & & 219,418.07 & & 219,418. 07 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, Steamboat Inspection Service, certified claims. & & 27.60 & & & 27.60 & & & 27.60 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Contingent expenses, Steamboat Inspection Service. Payment of Frencir spoliation claims.
Payme
taxes of surplus proceeds of lands sold for direct
Payment for lands sold for direct taxes
Pay of assistant custodians and janitors, certified claims Pay of assistant custodians and janitors Do...
Electrical ire-alarm apparatus, buildings occupied by Treasury and Interior Departments
Decorating public brildings in New York City on April
Inspector
nspector of furniture and other furnishings for public buildings
Do

Furniture and repairs of same for public buildings, cer-
Furniture and repairs of same for public buildings...........................................
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bo. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings, certified
Fuel, lights, and water for public buildings
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Heating apparatus for public buildings, certified claims Heating appararus for public buildings Do.
Do.

Heating apparatus for new public building
Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings
Plans for poblic buildings
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Repairs and preservation for public buildings cerrif. claims.
Repairs a
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do... } \\
& \text { Do... }
\end{aligned}
\]

Government bnildings, World's Colnmbian Exposition Expenses, World's Columbian Exposition. Building for Library of Congress, construction
Construction and repairs of buildings in Alaska
Post-office, Aurora, 111.
Post-office, Akron, Ohio
7.26

\(42,365,18\)
\(1,304,404,46\) \(1,304,404.46\)
126, 815.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
42,365.18 \\
1,085,240.42 \\
\\
643.47 \\
43.61 \\
59.40
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
24.35 \\
914.24
\end{array}
\] &  \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,742.79 \\
502,500.00
\end{array}
\] & & 47,500.00 \\
\hline 1,000.00 & & 14,000.00 \\
\hline & 57.43 & \\
\hline & 767. 26 & 640.17 \\
\hline 5,600.00 & & \\
\hline 101.25 & & \\
\hline \[
1,505.83
\] & 157.08 & \\
\hline \[
123,427.77
\] & & \[
47,352.85
\] \\
\hline 155, 137.91 & & \[
175,499.74
\] \\
\hline 295.62 & & . 90 \\
\hline 3, 618: 74 & 26,932.73 & \\
\hline 40,573.95 & & 4,766.06 \\
\hline 601, 699.007 & & 184, 007. 40 \\
\hline 163.55 & 20, 704.21 & \\
\hline 8,000.00 & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline 99,083.00 & & 917.00 \\
\hline & 41.02 & \\
\hline 50,000.00 & 75.00 & \\
\hline & 3.00 & \\
\hline 281.88 & & 26.37 \\
\hline 4, 149.50 & & 8.50 \\
\hline 492. 18 & & \\
\hline 903.61 & 3,459. 32 & \\
\hline 14, 000.00 & & 891.05 \\
\hline \(180,075.71\)
1 & & 69, 924.89 \\
\hline 1,050 54 & & 398, 949.46 \\
\hline 168,327.77 & & 31, 672.23 \\
\hline 685, 000.00 & & 1, 184, 000.00 \\
\hline \(1,536.05\)
12.26 & & 12,963.95 \\
\hline 12. 26 & & 74, 987.74 \\
\hline & & 75, 000.00 \\
\hline 45, 016, 987. 41 & 1, 013, 918.20 & 9, 196. 282.58 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of approprlations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of ap. propriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREABCRY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought for & & \$4,949, 621.16 & \$45, 666, 195. 18 & \$4, 611, 371.85 & \$55, 227, 188. 19 & \$45, 016, 987. 41 & \$1, 013, 918. 20 & \$9, 196, 282. 58 \\
\hline Post-office, Ashland, W is & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000. 00 & 53.37 & & 99, 946. 63 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, ete., A berdee & & 242.18 & & & 242.18 & 3.00 & & 239.18 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, ete., A bingdon & & 10, 952.31 & & 6,715. 38 & 17,667. 69 & 15, 813.49 & & 1,854. 20 \\
\hline Court-house and post-office, Asheville, N & & 88, 333.89 & & & 88, 333. 89 & 50, 987.82 & & 37, 346.07 \\
\hline Court-honse and post-office, A tlanta, Ga & & 41,800.03 & 7,500.00 & & 49,300. 03 & 28,379. 53 & & 20,920. 50 \\
\hline Oourt-house, post-office, etc., site and building, Augusta, Ga. & & 7,081.51 & 2,000.00 & 49.41 & 9,130.92 & 958.85 & & 8,172.07 \\
\hline Court-house and post-office, Augusta, Me & & 3, 201. 32 & & 2,270. 00 & 5,471.32 & 4, 138.69 & & 1,332. 63 \\
\hline Court-house and post-office, Auburn, N. Y & & 2,909.30 & 10,000.00 & . 25 & 12,009. 55 & 1, 615.65 & & 11, 293.90 \\
\hline Post-office, Alexandria, La & & & 60, 000.00 & & \(60,000.00\) & 25.80 & & 59, 974. 20 \\
\hline Post-office, Atchison, Kams & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000. 00 & 106.89 & & 99,893. 11 \\
\hline Post-office, Allegheny, Pa & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100,000. 00 & 47.70 & & 99, 952. 30 \\
\hline Custom-house, post-ofince, etc., Albany, N. Y & & 433.89 & & & 433.89 & & 433.89 & \\
\hline Court-house, post-ofice, and custom-house, Bay City, Mich & & 158, 576. 09 & & & 158,576. 09 & 25, 700.98 & & 132875.11 \\
\hline Court-house, custom-house, and post-office, Brownsville, Tex. & & 49,944. 80. & 5,000.00 & & 54, 944.80 & 5, 482. 10 & & 49,462.70 \\
\hline Court-house and post-ofice, Birmingham, & & 221, 137.18 & 35,000.00 & & 256, 137.18 & 72, 143.88 & & 183, 993.30 \\
\hline Post-office, Bridgeport, Conn. & & 6, 151.87 & 75, 000.00 & & 81,151. 87 & 54, 449.86 & & 26,702. 01 \\
\hline Post-office, etc., Brooklyn, N. Y & & 511,657. 59 & & & 511, 657. 59 & 224,551. 32 & & 287, 106. 27 \\
\hline Post-office (site), Buffalo, N. X & & 249, 516. 62 & \(350,000.00\) & & 599, 516. 62 & & & 599, 516.62 \\
\hline Court-house and post-office, Buffalo, N. Y & & 302.53 & & & 2502. 53 & & 302.53 & \\
\hline Post-office, court-house, etc., Baltimore, Md & & 3,926. 18 & 20,000.00 & 1,885.02 & 25,811. 20 & 7,916.84 & & 17, 894. 36 \\
\hline Post-office, court-house (site and building), Binghamton, N. Y. & & 9, 798.07 & 3, 000.00 & & 12,798.07 & 663.70 & & 12,134. 37 \\
\hline Post-office, court-honse, etc., Baton Rouge, La & & & 100,000.00 & & 100, 000.00 & 23. 60 & & 99, 977.40 \\
\hline Post-oftice, court-house, etc.; Beaver Falls, Pa. & & & 50, 000.00 & & \(50,000.00\) & 72.77 & & 49, 927.23 \\
\hline Post-office, court-house, etc., Burlington, Iow & & & 125,000.00 & & 125, 000.00 & 98.38 & & 124, 901.62 \\
\hline Post-office, Bloomington, Ill & & & 75, 000.00 & & \(75,000.00\) & & & 75,000. 00 \\
\hline Post-office, Beatrice, Nebr & & & 60, 000. 00 & & \(60,000.00\) & & & \(60,000.00\) \\
\hline Post-office, Camden, Ark & & & \(25,000.00\) & & 25, 000. 00 & & & \(25,000.00\) \\
\hline Post-office, custom-house, court-house, etc., Camde & & 67,715.56 & & & 67, 715. 56 & 419.68 & & 67,295. 88 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Carson City, Nev... & & 12,950.22 & \[
10,000.00
\] & & 22,950. 22 & 11,287. 15 & & 11,663.07 \\
\hline Custom-house, Cairo, In..................... & & 50,501.80 & \(10,000.00\)
\(10,000.00\) & & \(10,000.00\)
\(60,501.80\) & 32,223.48 & & \(10,000.00\)
\(28,278.32\) \\
\hline Post-office, court-house, etc. (site), Charleston, S.C & & 5, 2.75 & & & 2.75 & & 2.75 & 28, 218.32 \\
\hline Post-office, court-house, etc. (building), Charleston, S.C & & 162, 580.34 & 100, 000.00 & & 262, 580. 34 & 21, 397.35 & & 241, 182.99 \\
\hline Post-office, court-house, etc., Clarksburg, W.Va & & 5,274.31 & 5,000. 00 & & 10, 274. 31 & 225.89 & & 10, 048.42 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Charleston, W. Va. & & 8,434.09 & & 896.45 & 9.330. 34 & 3,625.16 & & 5,705.38 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Court-house, post-offlce, etc. (site and building), Chattanooga, Tenn
ourt-house, post-oftice, etc., Columbus, Ohio ost-otmce, Columbus, Ga
Post-ofice, court-house, etc., Concord, N. H.. Court-house court-house, etc., Council Bluffs, 1 Quarantine station (site and building), Cape Charles Post-office, court-house, etc., Canton, Ohio. Post-oftice, Cedar Rapids, Iowa Post-office, Chester, Pa
Court house and subtreasury (repairs) Chicago, Il Appraisers, stores, etc. (site and building), Chicago, il m-house, Cleveland, Ohio
Custom-house and post-office, Cincinnati, Ohio
Court-house, post-office, etc., Dallas, Tex.
Post-office, etc. (site and building), Dayton, Obio
Court-house, post-office, etc., Des Moines, Iowa. Court-house, post-office, etc., Detroit, Mich
Court-honse custom-honse, and post-office Di................. Court-house, custom-house, and post-office, Branch mint, Denver, Colo.
Post-office, Davenport, Iowa Delawa
Ware
ost-office, Danville, Ill
Custom-house, post-office, etc., Dubuque, Iowa
Custom-house, post-office, ete. (site and building), Ei Paso, Tex
Court-house, post-office, etc., Erie, \(\mathbf{P}\)
Improving Ellis Island, New York Harbor, for immigration purposes, Filis Island, N. Y Post-oftice, Emporia, Kans .
Post-office and court-house, Fargo, N. Dak
Post-office and court-house, Fort Dodge, Iow
Court-house, post-office, etc., Fort Scott, Kans
United States jail, Fort Smith, Ark
Court-house post-office, etc., Fort Wayne Ind
Court-house, post-office, etc., Frankfort, Ky.
Post-office, Fort Worth, Tex
Post-office, Fremont, Nebr
Court-house, post-office, etc., Galveston, Te
Court-house, post-ofice, etc., Greensboro, N.
Court-house, post-office, etc., Greenville, S. C
Post-office, Galesburg, Ill.
Carried forward
* Transferred from customs ledger.

- \$12,850 transferred to customs ledger.


62,552,267.86 46,629,384.46 1, 041,315.41 \(14,881,567.99\) \(\ddagger\) Transferred from customs ledger

Balances of approprlations Unexpended June 30 , 1890, and of the Amounts carried to the Surplus fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending Jtune 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments dmring the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline treasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought, forward & & \$8, 932, 112. 11 & \$48.928, 005.18 & \$4,692, 150. 57 & \$62, 552, 267. 86 & \$46, 629, 384.46 & \$1, 041, 315. 41 & \$14, 881, 567.99 \\
\hline Gulf quarantine station (buildings, ete.) & & & 13,000.00 & & 13, 000.00 & & & 13,000.00 \\
\hline Post oftice and court-house, Haverhill, Mass & & & 75,000.00 & & \(75,000.00\) & & & 75,000.00 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Helena, Ark & & 70, 138.34 & & & 70, 138. 34 & 21, 177.71 & & 48, 960. 63 \\
\hline Post office, etc., Hoboken, N.J. . . . . & & 28, 634.09 & 15,000.00 & & 43, 634.09 & 50.00 & & 43,584.09 \\
\hline Postroftice, Hannibal, Mo. & & 141.07 & & & 141.07 & 132.85 & & 8.22 \\
\hline Court-house, post-oftice, etc. Harrisonburg, & & 130.04 & & & 130.04 & 10.00 & & 120.04 \\
\hline Post oftice, etc. (site and building), Houston, Tex & & 22,818.77 & & & 22, 8ı8.77 & 15,988.95 & & 6. 859.82 \\
\hline Court-house, post-oftice, etc. (site and building), Huntsville, Ala & & 6,797.91 & & 24. 63 & 6, 822. 54 & 291. 22 & & 6,531. 32 \\
\hline Custom-house and post-office, Houlton, Me... & & & 50,000.00 & & 50,000.00 & 6,041. 35 & & 43, 958.65 \\
\hline Court-house, post-otfice, etc., Indianapolis, In & & 64.97 & & & 664.97 & & & 64.97 \\
\hline Court-honse, post-oftice, etc., Jackson, Teun & & 618.86 & & & 61.8. 36 & 408.80 & & 210.06 \\
\hline Post-olfice, Jackson, Mich . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & & 46,267. 25 & \(35,000.00\) & & 81, 267.25 & 782.07 & & 80, 485.18 \\
\hline Post-oftice, custom-bouse, etc. (site and building), Jacksonville, Fla & & 108, 101.25 & 125, 000.00 & & 233, 101.25 & 1,994. 49 & & 231, 776.76 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc. (site and building), Jefferson, Tex. & & 3,547.90 & 3,000.00 & 744.35 & 7, 292. 25 & 193.57 & & 7,098.68 \\
\hline Post-office, ete., Jersey City, \(\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{J}\) & & 180.01 & 3,00.00 & & 180.01 & 159: 00 & 21.01 & 7.08. \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Jefferson City, Mo & & 197.22 & & & 197.22 & 5.50 & & 191.72 \\
\hline Post-oflice and court-honse, Kansas City, Mo. & & & 750, 000.00 & & 750, 000.00 & & & 750, 000.00 \\
\hline Post-office, Kalamazoo, Mich. & & 68, 882.80 & & & 68, 882. 80 & 30,945. 71 & & 37, 937. 09 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Keoknk, lowa. & & 3.095. 42 & 7,500.00 & & 10,595. 42 & 3,575.04 & & 7, 020.38 \\
\hline Cou't-house, post-office, etc, Key West, Fla....... & & 25, 529. 03 & & & 25,529.93 & 17,303. 26 & & 8. 226.67 \\
\hline Quarantine station (site and building), Key West, F & & 67, 218.07 & & *2, 295. 46 & 69.513 .53 & 20,000.00 & & 49,513.53 \\
\hline Post-office, Lafayette, Ind............................ & & & \(80,000.00\) & & 80.000 .00 & 15, 144. 48 & & 64, 855. 52 \\
\hline Post-office, Lymn, Mass & & & 125, 000.00 & & 125, 000.00 & 107.37 & & 124, 892.63 \\
\hline Post-othce, Lansing, Mich & & 100, 000. 00 & & & 100,000.00 & 18,292.07 & & 81,707.93 \\
\hline Post-oflice, Lowell, Mass. & & 197, 663.72 & & & 197, 663.72 & 2,357. 37 & & 195, 306. 35 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Lancaster, Pa................ & & 82, 055. 34 & & & 82, 055.34 & 28, 0999.54 & & 53, 955. 80 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., La Crosse, Wis............. & & 7, 608.49 & & & 7, 608. 49 & 2,659. 62 & & 4, 948.87 \\
\hline Court-honse, post-office, etc. (site and building), Los Angeles, Cal & & 64, 885.,74 & & & 64, 885.74 & 9.237. 16 & & 55,648. 58 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., Leavenworth, Kans & & 6. 004.33 & 8,000.00 & & 14, 004. 33 & 5,010,41 & & 8,993.92 \\
\hline Court-honse, post-office, ete, Lincoln, Nebr. & & 2.6.21.78 & 1,000.00 & & 1.221.78 & & & 1,221.78 \\
\hline Court-honse, post-oftice, etc., Louisville, Ky & & 236.534 .65
91.65 & 95,000.00 & & 331, 584.65 & 189,974. 16 & 91.65 & 141,560. 49 \\
\hline Post-affice, etc., Lexingtor, K \({ }^{\text {a }}\)......... & & 23, 084. 84 & & & 23, 081. 84 & 2,577,06 & & 20.507 .78 \\
\hline Post-oftice, etc., Lewistom, Me & & & 75,000.00 & & 75,000.00 & & & 75,000.00 \\
\hline Post-oflice etc., Lima, Ohio & & & 60, 000.00 & & 60, 000.00 & & & 60,000.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Post-ofince, etc., Madison, Ind Post-office etc, Meridia, Miss Custom-houses, Mary Island and Sand Point, Alask.......................... Court-house and post-office, Mankato, Minn
\({ }_{2}\) Court-house, post.office, etc., Macon, Ga
Court-honse, post-oftice, etc., Manchester, N. H COurt-house, post-oftice, etc.; Marquette,
Post-office, costom-house, and court-bouse, Milwaukee
Post-office, ete., Minneapolis, Minn. \(\rightarrow\) Court-Custom-house, court-house and post-office, Memphis Post-office, courthouse, and castom-house, New Berne, Court-house, post-office, etc., New Albany, Ind. Court-house, post-office, etc., Nebraska City, Nebr Custom-house and post-office, New Haven, Conn Court-house and post-office, Norfolk, Va.. Postroffice and custom-honse, New London, Conn Post-oftice, Newburg, N. Y
Custom-house and post-office, elevator, Nashville, I'........................... Custom-house, post-oftice, etc., New Bedford, Mass
Custom-house, post-oftice, etc. (purchase of land), New Bedford, Mass
Appraiser's warehouse (site), New York
Custom-house (site), New York
Custom-house and post-office, Newark, N. J
Custom-house and post-oftice, New Orleans,
court-house and post-office, Opeloussa, La................ Court-h
Wis ................................................................. Post-office, Ottumwa, Iowa
Court-house, post-office, etc., Oxford, Miss
Court-house, custom-house, and post-office, Omaha, Nebr Court-house and post-oflice, Paris, Tex
Post-office, Pawtucket, R
Post-office, etc., Paterson, N.
Post-office, etc., Paterson, N. J...........
Court-house, post-office, etc., Pensacola, Fla
Court-house, post-oftice, etc., Portsmouth, Ohi Court-house, post-office, etc., Pittsburg, Pa. Mint building, Philadelphia, Pa

\(13,495,488.32 \mid 51,893,670.18\) 4,710,901.
*Transferred from customs ledger.
\(50,000.00\) \(50,000.00\) \(15,000.00\) \(100,000.00\)
\(10,805.75\) \(16,8110.74\) 1, 269.26 \(73,871.90\)

1, 197, 976. 75 6,114. 73 23, 199.21 75, 000.00
\[
1,000.00
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,000.00 \\
& 75,000.00
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
75,000.00 \\
3,923,80
\end{array}
\] 3, 923.80 \(65,000.00\) 75, 000. 00 75,000:00 100, 000.00 \(95,495.44\) \(95,467.36\) \(6,088.65\)
847,659 847, 659, 76 \(358,194.70\) \(358,194.70\)
\(100,359.58\) \(100,359.58\)
\(46,271.48\)

\section*{3, 142. 8}

3, 142.80
7
7 \(7,797.31\)
1 1,599. 10 200,539. 30 100, 000.00 \(75,000.00\)
\(100,000.00\) \(100,000.00\)
\(79,916.43\) \(79,916.43\)
\(10,407.21\) \(10,407.21\)
208.06 61;554.93 \(565,916.35\)
\(179,969.91\)
70, 100,060. 37
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 50, 000. 00 & & 50,000. 00 & & & 50,000.00 \\
\hline \(50,000.00\) & & 50, 000.00 & & & 50, 000.0 \\
\hline 15,000. 00 & & 15,000.00 & & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000. 00 & & & 100, 000.00 \\
\hline -8,000.00 & & 10, 805.75 & 1,624.88 & & 9,180.87 \\
\hline & 764.79 & 16, 110. 74 & 15, 164.96 & & 9.15 .78 \\
\hline & & 1,269.26 & 444,49 & & 824.77 \\
\hline & 4, 519.20 & \(73,871.90\) & 36,718. 05 & & 37, 153.85 \\
\hline & 300.00 & 1,197, 976.75 & 391, 374. 48 & & 806,602. 27 \\
\hline & 5,620.53 & 6,114. 73 & 5, 262. 66 & & 852.07 \\
\hline & 1, 285. 12 & 23, 199.21 & 22, 118. 42 & & 1,080.79 \\
\hline 75,000.00 & & 75,000.00 & 29.59 & & 74,970.41 \\
\hline 1,000:00 & & 1,000.00 & & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline 75,000.00 & & \(75,000.00\) & & & 75,000. 00 \\
\hline & & 3, 923,80 & 1,905. 10 & & 2, 018.70 \\
\hline & & 704. 94 & 95.00 & & -609.94. \\
\hline 65, 000.00 & & \(65,000.00\) & 560.34 & & 64, 439.66 \\
\hline \(75,000.00\)
75,000 & & 75,000.00 & ...e & & \(75,000.00\)
\(74,956.90\) \\
\hline 75,00000
\(100,000.00\) & & 75,000.00 & 43.10 & & \(74,956.90\)
\(100,000.00\) \\
\hline 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000.00 & & & 100,000.00 \\
\hline  & & 95,467.36 & 32, 425. 28 & 195. 44 & 63,042.08 \\
\hline & & 6, 088.65 & & & 6,088. 65 \\
\hline & & 847, 659, 76 & 420, 710. 80 & & 426,898. 96 \\
\hline 165.00 & & 165.00 & 1765.00 & & \\
\hline 100, 000.00 & & 358, 194.70 & 17, 857. 64 & & \[
340,337.06
\] \\
\hline & 3,197. 22 & 100, 359.58 & 49, 622.36 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 50,737.22 \\
& 18,751.03
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & & 46,271. 48 & 27, 520.45 & & 18,751.03 \\
\hline & & 3,142. 86 & 1,816. 14 & & 1,326. 7 \\
\hline & & 1, 303.12 & 682.87 & & 620.25 \\
\hline & & 7,797. 31 & 7, 425. 86 & .-..-........ & 371.4 \\
\hline & & 1,599. 10 & 549.92 & & 1, 049. 18 \\
\hline & & 200, 539. 30 & 1, 672.56 & & 198, 866.74 \\
\hline 100, 000.00
\(75,000.00\) & & \(100,000.00\)
\(75,000.00\) & 1,596. 35 & & \(98,403.65\)
\(75,000.00\) \\
\hline 100, 000.00 & & 100,000.00 & & & 100, 000.00 \\
\hline & & 79,916. 43 & & & 79,916. 43 \\
\hline 10,000.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,407.21 \\
208.06
\end{array}
\] & 197.05 & 208. 06 & 10,210.16 \\
\hline 15,000.00 & & 61,554.93 & 15,575.74 & & 45,979. 19 \\
\hline 359, 000.00 & & 565, 916. 35 & 184, 850.69 & & 381, 065.66 \\
\hline & & 179, 969.91 & 470.00 & & 179, 499.91 \\
\hline 51,893, 670.18 & 4,710, 901.87 & 70, 100, 060.37 & 48, 259, 713.00 & 1, 041,831.57 & 20, 798, 515.80 \\
\hline rred from cu & dger. & & & & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(50,000.00\)
\(50,000.00\)
\(15,000.00\)
\(15,000.00\)
\(100,000.00\)
\(100,000.00\)
\(9,180.87\)
180.87
9.55 .78 8.15 .78
824.77

37, 153. 85
806, 602. 27
852.07
, 080.79 \(74,970.41\)
1.000 .00

75, 000.00
, 018.70
609.94
\(64,439.66\)
\(75,000.00\) 74,956. 90 63, 042.08
6,088. 65
\(340,337.06\) 50,737.22

1, 326.72
620.25
371.45

1, 049. 18
198, 866.74
\(75,000.00\)
\(100,000.09\)
79.916 .43 \(79,916.48\)
\(10,210.16\) \(45,979.19\)
\(381,065.66\) 179, 499. 91 \(798,515.80\)

Balances of Approprlations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Contidued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Appripriations } \\
\text { for dine fiscal } \\
\text { year ending } \\
\text { June 30, } 1891 .
\end{gathered}
\] & Repayments daring the fiscal year ending June \(30,1891\). & Aggregate available dur ing the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1801. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline Treasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$13, 495, 488.32 & \$51, 893, 670.18 & \$4,710,001. 87 & \$70, 100, 060. 37 & \$48, 259, 713.00 & \$1, 041, 831.57 & \$20,798, 515. 80 \\
\hline Mint building (removing steam-power plant), Philadelphia, Pa & & 56.68 & & & 56.68 & & 56.68 & \\
\hline Custom-house, Philadelphia, Pa & & 825.81 & & & 825.81 & 70.24 & & 755.57 。 \\
\hline Quarantine station (site and building), Port Townsend, Wash. & & *55; 000.00 & & & 55, 000.00 & 1,000. 00 & & 54, 000.00 \\
\hline Custom-house, post-office, etc., Port Townsend, Wash & & 173, 589.95 & & & 173, 589.95 & 57,488. 60 & & 116, 101. 35 \\
\hline Custom-house, Portland, Oregon. & & & 250, 000.00 & & 250, 000.00 & & & \(250,000.00\) \\
\hline Post-ofice and court-house, Quincy, tl & & 1, 597.45 & & & 1, 597.45 & 502.60 & & 1,094. 85 \\
\hline Custom-house and post-office, Racine, W & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100,000.00 & & & \(100,000.00\) \\
\hline Pust-office, Rockford, H & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100,000.00 & & & \(100,000.00\) \\
\hline Post-office, Rome, Ga & & & 50,000.00 & & \(50 ; 000.00\)
\(75,000.00\) & & & \(50,000.00\)
75.000 .00 \\
\hline Post-office, Roanoke, Va & & & 75,000.00 & & 75, 000.00 & & & 75,000:00 \\
\hline Post.office, Richmond, KY & & & 75,000.00 & & 75, 000.00 & & & 75, 000.00 \\
\hline Post-office, Reading, Pa & & 546.95 & & & 546.95 & 538.65 & 8.30 & \\
\hline Post-office court-house, and custom-house, & & & \(25,000.00\) & & 5000.00 & & & \\
\hline Courthouse, post-office, ete., Rochester, N. X & & 55,540.28 & 2,060:00 & & 57, 540.28 & 56,659.77 & & 880.51 \\
\hline Custom-house, etc., Richmond, & & 5,771.17 & & & 5,771.17 & 2,084. 53 & & 3,686. 64 \\
\hline Custom-house, Rockland, & & & 3,000. 00 & & 3,000. 00 & & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Post-office, Salina, Kans & & & 75,000.00 & & 75, 000.00 & 40.28 & & 74, 959.72 \\
\hline Post-office, Stanton, Va & & & \(75,990.00\) & & 75, 000.00 & & & 75, 000.00 \\
\hline Post-office, South Bend, & & & 75, 000. 00 & & 75, 000.00 & & & 75, 000.00 \\
\hline Post-office, Stockton, Car & & & 75,000. 00 & & 75, 000. 00 & & & 75, 000.00 \\
\hline Custom-house and post-oftice, St. Albaus, & & & \(60,000.00\) & & \(60,000.00\) & & & \(60,000.00\) \\
\hline Custom-house. Sheboygan, W & & & 50,000.00 & & 50, 000.00 & & & \(50,000.00\) \\
\hline Post-office, etc, San José, Cal & & 200, 000. 00 & & & \(200,000.00\) & 39,874. 67 & & 160, 125. 33 \\
\hline Postoffice, Sacramento, Cal & & 107, 218.04 & 150,000.00 & & 257, 218.04 & 54, 677. 13 & & 202, 540.91. \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., site and building, San Antonio, Tex & & 37,531. 26 & & & 37,531. 26 & 29, 700. 57 & & 7,830.69 \\
\hline Courthouse, etc., Santa Fé, N. Mex & & 314.09 & 312.42 & & 626.51 & 569.00 & & 57.51 \\
\hline Post-office, Saginaw, Mich & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100,000.00 & & & 100, 000.00 \\
\hline Post-office, court-honse, etc., site, San Fraucisco, Cal & & 799, 706. 32 & \(450,000.00\) & & 1, 249, 706,32 & 534.23 & & 1, 249, 172.09 \\
\hline Castom-house, San Francisco, Cal \({ }_{\text {Quarantine }}\) Station, hospital buildings, eto San & & & 15.000, 00 & & 15, 000, 00 & & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline cisco, Cal & & 51, 706. 46 & & *1,847. 15 & 53,553.61 & 53, 443.92 & & 109.68 \\
\hline Court-house, post-office, etc., site and building, Savannah, Ga. & & 146, 206.03 & & & 146,206. 03 & & & 5, 354. 50 \\
\hline Post-office, etc., St. Joseph, Mo & & 12,973.91 & 4,200.00 & 102,85 & 17, 276.76. & 12, 100. 74 & & 5,176. 02 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Post-office, etc., Scranton, Pa Post oftice, Sedalia, Mo
Post-office, court-house, etc., Shreveport, La Post-ofice, ete, site
ourt-house and site and building, Springfield, Mass Post-office, court-house, etc. Springfield, Mo.
Court-house and post-office, Statosville, N. C
Quarantine station, site and building, San Diego, Cal
Quarantine station, site and building, South A thatio Quarantine station, buildings, etc., Sonth Atlantic Court-honse and post-oftice, Sioux Falls, S. Dak Post-office, conrt-house, and castom-house, St. Paul, Minn Custom-house. Gto., phe and or
Conrt-house, post-oftice, and custom-house, Sioux City,
glawat.

Old custom-honse, St. Louis Mo
Removal of quarantine station from Ships Island, Miss Custom-house, court-house, ete., Toledo, Ohio Court-house, post-office, etc., Tallehassee, Fla
Post-office and court-honse, Troy, N. Y
Post-oftice, etc., Terre Haute, Ind.....
Court-house and post-otice, TYler, Tex ........
Court-honse and post-office, fence, Tyler, Tea...........
Court-house and post-office, Texarkana, Ark. and Te Court-house and post-office,
Post-office, Taunton, Mass..................................... Court-
Miss
Conrt-house, post-office, etc., Waco. Tex..................... ton, Del.
Court-house, post-office, etc., Williamsport,
Post-oftice, court-honse, etc., Wichita, Kans Court-house, post-office, etc., Wivona, Minn
Post-oftice, court-house, etc., site and building, Wilming
ton, N. C........................................................... Post-office, etc., Watertown, N . Y
Custom-house, wheeling, W. V
Signal Office, buildings and grounds, Washington, D. C Bureau of Engraving and Printing, buildings and grounds, Washington, D. C.................................. D) C Treasu
ry building, special repairs, W ashington, D. C. . Treasury building, 1889, Washington, D, Treasury building, 1891, Washington, D. ©


\footnotetext{
*\$1,000 transferred from customs ledger
}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1,1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline TREASURT-continued. & , & & & \(\checkmark\) & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$16, 468, 927.71 & \$55, 269, 182.60 & \$4, 736, 233.69 & \$76, 474, 344.00 & \$439, 191, 155. 98 & \$1, 042, 802:69 & \$26, 240, 385. 33 \\
\hline Treasury building, continuation, Washington, D & & & & 758.89 & 758.89 & & 758.89 & \\
\hline Post-office site, Washington, D. C.... & & & 877.50
\(250,000.00\) & & 877.50
\(250,000.00\) & 877.50 & & 250,000.00 \\
\hline Building for Superving Architect, Washington, D. C & & & - \(25,000.00\) & & 25,000.00 & 25,000.00 & & 250,00. \\
\hline Building for Govermment Printing Office, Washington, D. C & & & 250,000.00 & & 250,000.00 & & & 250, 000.00 \\
\hline New roof for Winder building, Washington, D. C........ & & & \({ }^{\circ} 4,000.00\) & & 4,000.00 & & & 4,000.00 \\
\hline Purchase of property southwest corner B street and New Jersey avenue, SL & & & 275, 000.00 & & 275, 000.00 & 275, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Purchase of property adjoining southwest corner B street and New Jersey avenue, SE., Washington, D. C...... & & & 155, 000.00 & & 155,000.00 & & & 155, 000.00 \\
\hline Purchase of property, northwest corner B street and New Jersey avenue, NW., Washington, D.C.......... & \(\therefore\) & & 138,000.00. & & 138,000.00 & 138,000.00 & & 155,00.00 \\
\hline Post-office, York, Pa................................ & & & \(80,000.00\) & & 80,000.00 & 153.81 & & 79,846. 19 \\
\hline Post-office, Youngstown, Ohio & & & 75,000. 00 & & 75,000.00 & & & 75, 000.00 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Baltimore, Md & & 3,064.66 & & & 3, 064. 66 & 785.51 & & 2,279. 15 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Boston, Mass. & & & 4, 200.00 & & 4, 200.00 & & & 4,200.00 \\
\hline Marine hospital; Cairo, Ill .... & & 42.50 & & & 42.50 & & 42. 50 & \\
\hline Marine hospital (approaches and breakwater), Chicago, 11 & & 1, 171. 81 & \(35,000.00\) & & 36. 171.81 & 203.74 & & 35,968. 07 \\
\hline Marine hospital (boiler mad engine housc), Detroit, Mich. & & 506.92 & & & 506. 92 & 62302 60 & 505.92 & \\
\hline Marine hospital, Evansville, Ind & & 89, 478. 14 & & & 89, 478.14 & 62, 322. 60 & & 27, 155, 54 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Key West, Fla & & & 3, 000.00 & & 3,000. 00 & & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Louisville, Ky & & & 1,200.00 & & 1, 200.00 & & & 1, 200.00 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Memphis, Ten & & 778.99 & & & 778.99 & & & 778.99 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Mobile, Ala & & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & & & 1,500. 00 \\
\hline Marine hospital, New Orleans, La. & & & 13,000.00 & & 13,000.00 & & & 13,000.00 \\
\hline Marine hospital (approaches), New Orleans, L & & 135.00 & & & 135.00 & 43.12 & 91.88 & \\
\hline Marine hospital, Pittsburg, Pa ............ & & 7, 015. 24 & & & 7,015. 24 & & & 7, 015. 24 \\
\hline Marine hospital, (water sapply), Portland, Me. & & 50.00 & & & 50.00 & & 50.00 & \\
\hline Marine hospital, Portland, Me...... & & & 3, 000.00 & & 3, 000.00 & & & 3,000. 00 \\
\hline Marine hospital, San Francisco, Cal & & & 20,000.00 & & 20,000.00 & & & 20,000.00 \\
\hline Marine hospital, Vineyard Haven, Mass................. & & 1,250.00 & 20,000.00 & & 21, 250.00 & 38.50 & & 21,216. 50 \\
\hline Services and expenses, joint commission, signal service and survey & & 337.50 & & & 337.50 & & 337.50 & \\
\hline Centennial Exposition, Ohio Valley and Central States, at Cincimiati & & & & 46,634.94 & 46,634.94 & & 46,634.94 & \\
\hline Statue to the memory of Gen. La Fayette and compatriots & & 21, 491.62 & 5,000.00 & & 26,491. 62 & 26,490.00 & & 1,62 \\
\hline Monument to Thomas Jefferson, at Monticello & & 1,628. 13 & & & 1, 628. 13 & & & 1,628.13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Munument to mark the birthplace of George Fashing. ton
Monument at Washington's headquarters, Newburg, Monument to commemorate the Revolutionary battle of Bennington Vt
Engraving statues of Lewis Cass, John Peter, Gabriel Muhlenberg, and Robert Fulton
Pedestal for statue of Gen. Philip H. Sheridan
Pedestal for statue of Gen. John A. Logan
Pedestal for statue of Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock.
Trenton, battle monument, N. J.
Portrait of the late William D. Kelley
Portrait of the late Richard W. Townshend
Portrait of the late Samuel Sullivan Cox
Portrait of the late Newton W Nutting
Portrait of the late David Willer
Portrait of the late James I
Portraits of the late John C. Spencer, ex-Secretary of the United States Treasury
Portrait of the late James B. Beck...................
Portrait of the late Gen. Winfield Sco
Portrait of the late James N. Burns .......
Portrait of the late Edward W. Roberiso
Portrait of the late John Paul Jones
Portrait of the late John A. Logan.
Portrait of the late Seth C. Morat
Portrait of Grover Cleveland, ex.President of the Unit
Portraits of the late Abraham Dowdney, John Arnot, jr., Lewis Beach, Wm. T. Price, W. H. Cole, and Austin Perkins's collection of prehistoric copper implements . . Reimbursement to W.P. Canaday, ex-Sergeant-at-Arms, Senate
Reimbursement to Thomas \(\mathbb{P}\). Bell, House of Representatives.
 Payment to Amos L. Allen, House of Representatives Payment to Beaufort C. Lee and Charles Carter, House Payment to entative
Payment to Ferris Finch, House of Representatives..
Payment to Geo. H. Watkins and H. G. Clement, Housse Payment to Alexand
atives.
Payment to D.S. Porter, House of Representatives
Payment to John H. Rogers, House of Representatives
Carried forward

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890; and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Repayments during the fiscal year. ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments dur ing the fiscal year euding
June \(30,1891\). June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund
June \(30,1891\). & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline Treasury-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$16, 741, 772.03 & \$56, 730, 657. 21 & \$4, 797, 261. 70 & \$78, 269, 690. 94 & \$49, 766, 816. 54 & \$1, 091, 836. 20 & \$27, 411, 0:5. 20 \\
\hline Payment to Charles H. Evans, House of Representatives. & & & 1,000,00 & & , 000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to Henry H. Smith, House of Representatives. & & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to William W. Kelser, House of Representatives. & & & 300.00 & & 300. 00 & 300.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to James M. Fisher, House of Representative & & & 260.25 & & 260.25 & 260.25 & & \\
\hline Payment to George W. Rae, House of Representatives & & & 180.00 & & 180.00 & 180.00 & & \\
\hline Papment to ex-Senator George E. Spencer ............ & & & 6,543.38 & & 6,543.38 & 6,543.38 & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. E. K Wilson. & & & 5, 000. 00 & & 5,000.00
\(4,974.99\) & 5,000.00
\(4,974.99\) & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. E. J. Gay . . & & & \(\stackrel{4}{4}, 904.37\) & & \({ }_{9}^{4}, 904.37\) & \({ }_{9}^{4}, 904.37\) & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. S. S. Cox & & & 7, 596. 17 & & 7,596. 17 & 7,596. 17 & & \\
\hline Paymdrit to widow of Hon. W. D. Kelley & & & 6, 225.06 & & 6,225. 06 & 6, 225.06 & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. James N. Burns & & & 6, 000.00 & & 6,000.00 & \(6,000.00\) & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. James P. Wall & & & 3, 593.96 & & 3,593. 96 & 3, 593. 96 & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. S. J. Randall & & & 4,501. 70 & & 4,501. 70 & 4,501.70 & & \\
\hline Payment to widow of Hon. R. W. Townshe & & & 10, 691.46 & & 10,691.46 & 10,691.46 & & \\
\hline Payment to estate of Hon. James Laird & & & 604.00
101.65 & & 604.60
101.65 & 604.00
101.65 & & \\
\hline Payment to legal representative of Samiel He & & & 1,000. 18 & & 1,000. 18 & 1, 000.18 & & \\
\hline Payment to ex-Senator F. A. Sawyer & & & 6,543.38 & & 6,543.38 & 6. 543.38. & & \\
\hline Payment to William Forsyth, for survey & & 350.00 & & & 350.00 & 350.00 & & \\
\hline payment to special policemen Senate. & & 18.00 & 6,679.70 & & 6,679. 70 & 667970 & 18.00 & \\
\hline Payment to heirs of Hon. James J3. Beck & & & 5, 000.00 & & 5, 000.00 & \(5,1000.00\) & & \\
\hline Payment to Hons. William A. Clark and Martin Maginnis. & & & 10, 000.00 & & 10, 000. 00 & 10,000. 00 & & \\
\hline Payment to Hons. W. F. Sanders and Thomas C. Power. & & & 2,453.00 & & 2,453.00 & 2,453.00 & & \\
\hline Paynuent to W. B. Clarke, Senate... & & & 280.00 & & 280:00 & \({ }_{385}^{280} 00\) & & \\
\hline Payment to L. J. Worden .......... & & & 625.00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}3825.00 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 623.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to clerks to Committees on Expenditures in Interior Departrient & & & 180.00 & & 180.00 & 180.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to E. 7 . Gobel & & & 1, 096.68 & & 1,096. 68 & 1, 096. 68 & & \\
\hline Payment to Alonzo W. Church for indexing Congressional Documents. & & & 1, 000.00 & & 1,000. 00 & 1,000.00 & & *....... \\
\hline Payment to daughters of the late Joseph Heary, Secretary Smithsonian Institution & & & 10,000.00 & & 10, 000.00 & 10,000. 00 & & \\
\hline Relief of Daniel \(\nabla\). O'Leary & & 3,536.60 & & & \({ }^{3,536.60}\) & 3,536.60 & & \\
\hline Relief of destitute citizens of the Territory of Oklahoma. & & 40, 000.00 & & +4.800.00 & 44, 800.00 & 44, 800.00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balancies of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do. & 1801 & & 7,000.00 & 80.78 & 7,080.78 & 3,342.84 & & & \\
\hline Loss by exchange, consular service, certified claims & & & 110.56 & ..........9.900 & 110.56 & 32.25 & 42.17 & 36. 14 & \\
\hline Buildings and grounds, legations in China.. & 1889
1890 & 100.00 & & 28.55 &  & & & 71.45 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 3,100.00 & & 3,100.00 & 2,250.00 & & 850.00 & \\
\hline Buildings and grounds, legations in China; certified claims & & & 133.05 & & 133.05 & 17.93 & 115.12 & & \\
\hline Buildings and grounds, legation in Bangkok, Siam ...... & & & \(4,600.00\) & & \(4,600.00\) & & & 4,600. 00 & \\
\hline Buildings for legation in Japan ................... & & & 3, 400.00 & & 3, 400.00 & 2,000. 00 & & 1,400. 09 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, U.S. consulates, certified claims. . & & 8.61 & 427.96 & & \({ }^{436.57}\) & \({ }^{432.33}\) & & 4.24 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses, U. S. consulates.. & 1885 & & 800.00 & & 800.00 & 800.00 & & & \\
\hline Do.. & & & 550.69 & 232.24 & 550.69
232.24 & 550.69 & 232.24 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 561.72 & 14, 824. 58 & 54.34 & 15,440.64 & 14, 671.32 & & 769.38 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 16,848.20 & 36,545.83 & 4,151.72 & 57,545.75 & 56, 824.85 & & 720.90 & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 150, 000. 00 & 725.34 & 150, 725.34 & 149, 951.57 & & 773.77 & \\
\hline Emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service. & 1889 & 33, 575.00 & & 1,680.91 & 35, 255.91 & & 35, 255.91 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 58,700.00 & & 7, 805.49 & 66, 505. 49 & 21, 068.13 & & 45, 437. 36 & \\
\hline Do......... & \begin{tabular}{|}
1891 \\
1889 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 13, 315.25 & 80,000. 00 & & \(80,000.00\) & 30, 500.00 & 315.25 & 49,500.00 & \\
\hline 'Do.......... & 1890 & 10, 144.91 & & 877.10 & 11,022.01 & 2,00000 & , & 9,022.01 & \\
\hline Annual Doxpenses, Cape Spartel light, Coast of Morocco & 1891
1889 & 25.00 & 15,000.00 & & \(15,000.00\)
25.00 & \(5,000.00\) & 25.00 & 10,000.00 & N000 \\
\hline Do............................................. & 1890 & 325.00 & & & 325.00 & 300.75 & & 24.25 & 9 \\
\hline Do............. & 1891 & & 325.00 & & 325.00 & & & 326.00 & 8 \\
\hline Allowances to widows or heirs of diplomatic oficers who die. abroad & 1889 & 4,747. 25 & & & 4,747.25 & & 4,747. 25 & & - \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 4,771.99 & & & 4.771 .99 & & & 4,771.99 & \\
\hline & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000. 00 & \\
\hline consular clerks & 1889 & 3, 661.84 & & & 8,661.84 & & 8,661. 84 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 9,440. 87 & & . 93 & 9,441.80 & 261.17 & & 9,180.63 & \\
\hline & 1891 & & 10,000.00 & & 10, 000.00 & 23.00 & & 9,977.00 & \\
\hline Fees and costs in extradition cases & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1889 \\
& 1890
\end{aligned}
\] & \(4,491.51\)
\(4,764.94\) & & & 4,491. 51 & & 4,491. 51 & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \(\begin{array}{r}1890 \\ 189 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 4,764. 94 & 5,000.00 & 49.50 & 4,814.
5,000
5,000 & 49.50
406.37 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,764.94 \\
& 4,593.63
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline Bringing home oriminals & 1889 & 3, 819.92 & & & 3, 819.92 & & 3,819.92 & & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 4,727.45 & & 94. 83 & \({ }^{4}, 822.28\) & \({ }_{165}^{2565}\) & & 4,565.78 & \\
\hline Expenses of & 18989 & 8,362. 55 & 5,000.00 & 27.30 & \(5,027.30\)
\(8,362.55\) & 165.70 & 8,362, 55 & 4, 861.60 & \\
\hline Do...... & 1890 & 10, 167.01 & & & 10,167.01 & 2,616.07 & 8,32.55 & 7,550.94 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 14,600. 00 & & 14, 600.00 & 4, 414. 80 & & 10,185. 20 & \\
\hline Foreign hospital at Panama & 1890 & 125.00 & & & 125.00
500 & & & & \\
\hline Rescuing shipwrecked Americ & \({ }_{1888}^{189}+\) & & 500.00 & 75.00 & 500.00
75.00 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { 375. } 00 \\
75.00
\end{array}
\] & & 125.00 & \\
\hline De............ & 1889 & 209.65 & & & \({ }^{209.65}\) & & 20965 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 3,266.70 & & & 3.266. 70 & 228.00 & & 3,038.70 & \\
\hline Carried forward & & 724, 676.79 & 1, \(585,726.18\) & 38,865.71 & 2, 349,268. 68 & 1,606, 875. 97 & 134, 082.08 & 608.310 .63 & \\
\hline * And prio & ғea & & & 1 And prior ye & s, transfer ace & ount. & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of ap propriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending
June 30,1891 & Payments during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1851. & Balances of appropriations June 30; 1891. \\
\hline diplomatic-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$724, 676.79 & \$1, 585, 726.18 & \$38, 865. 71 & \$2, 349, 268.68 & \$1, 606, 875.97 & \$134, 082.08 & \$608, 310.63 \\
\hline Rescuing shipwrecked American sean & 1891 & & 4,500.00 & & 4, 5800.00 & 2, 8668.62 & & 1, 631.38 \\
\hline Relief and protection of American seamen, certified claims. Relief and protection of American seamen & 1888* & 263.20 & 324. 69 & 293.94 & 587.89
293.94 & 327.42 & 293.94 & 260.47 \\
\hline Do.. & 1889 & 12,614.01 & & 412. 63 & 13,026.64 & 204. 13 & 12,822.51 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 19,411. 45 & & 3,037. 55 & 22, 449.00 & 9,737.06 & & 12,711. 94 \\
\hline & 1891 & & 50,000.00 & 542.62 & 50, 542. 62 & 27,416.89 & & 23, 125.73 \\
\hline International Bureau of Weights and Measures & & 2, 588. 58 & 2.270.00 & & 4, 858.58 & 3, 213.15 & & 1,645. 43 \\
\hline International standard, weights and measures. & 1889 & 5, 663. 07 & & & 5,663.07 & 387.52 & 2.02276 & 5,275. 55 \\
\hline Publication of consular and commer & 1890 & 10, 65.12 & & 238.98 & 10, 890. 10 & 6,679.47 & & \(4,210.63\) \\
\hline & 1891 & & 2),000.00 & & 20, 000.00 & 16, 293. 22 & & 3,706.78 \\
\hline Venezuela and American Claims Commission & & 494.92 & 9,00000 & & 9.494.92 & 8,525. 25 & & \({ }^{969.67}\) \\
\hline International boundary survey, United States and Mexico. & & 100, 000, 00 & 75, 000.00 & & 175, 000.00 & & & 175, 000.00 \\
\hline International Marine Congress ..... & & 10,000.00 & & 4,286. 83 & 14, 286.83 & 4,643. 31 & & 9, 643.52 \\
\hline International remonetization of silver................. & & & & 47.13 & 47.13 & & & 47.13 \\
\hline tric Units ........................................ & & 1,986. 35 & & & 1,986. 35 & & & 1,986. 35 \\
\hline Invernational Exposition at Paris & 1889 & 17, 168.75 & & 1,151. 42 & 18, 320.17 & 17, 168.75 & & 1,151. 42 \\
\hline For refund of consular notarial fees, certified claim & & & 113.00 & & \({ }^{113.00}\) & \({ }_{12}^{11339.00}\) & & \\
\hline International extibition at Barcelona, Spain ..... & & 361. 22 & & 12,399.39 & 12,339.39 & & & 361.22 \\
\hline International exhibition at Melbourne..... & & 9, 408. 86 & & & 9, 408. 86 & & & \(9,408.86\) \\
\hline International exposition at Brussels, Belgium & & 12,783. 22 & & & 12,783. 22 & & & 12,783. 22 \\
\hline International American Conference: & & 18.730 .0. & 64,750.00 & 1,680.71 & \(64,750.00\)
50,310 & 57, 694.41 & & 7,055. 59 \\
\hline Refunding penalties or charges erroneousty exacted & & 48, 630.04 & \(\because \cdots \cdots .180 .00\) & 1,680.71 & 50, 186.00 & 1,566.64 & & 48,744.11 \\
\hline Commission on the establishment of international coins. & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 6, 525.29 & & 8,477.71 \\
\hline Continental Railway Commission & & & \({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{5 5}, 000.00\) & & 65, 000.00 & 58, 004.00 & & 6,996.00 \\
\hline Publication of international catalogue of exports aud imports & & & 10, 000.00 & & 10,000. 00 & 4, 058.90 & & 5,941. 10 \\
\hline Spanish indemnity & & 5,343.88 & 28,500.00 & 580.6 j & 34, 424.49 & 28,598.15 & & 5,826.34 \\
\hline International Union of American Republics & & & 36, 000.00 & 8,791. 05. & 44, 791. 05 & 40, 132. 14 & & 4,658.91 \\
\hline Conference of the North, South, and Central American States & & & & 20.11 & 20.11 & & & \\
\hline American Cemetery at A capuleo...................... & & & 1, 500:00 & & 1,500. 00 & & & 1,500. 00 \\
\hline Protecting the interests of the United States in the Samoan Islands. & & 453, 277.42 & & & 453, 277. 42 & 3,237. 50 & & 450, 039.92 \\
\hline Protecting the interests of the Onited States in the Isthmus of Pauama & & 242, 242.15 & & 44.92 & 242, 287.07 & & & 242.287 .07 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

International burean for publication of custom tariffs International conference for protection of industrial Pay of consular oticers for servic̣es to American vessels and seamen
Pay of consular officers for services to American seamen certified claims. Salaries consular oflicers while receiving instructions and in transit
Salaries diplomatic officers while receiving instructions and in transit.
Payment of awards by French and American Clains Commission
Procuring evidence relatiag to French spoliation claims Repairs to legation building at Tangiers..................... Rembursing legal representatives of Francis \(P\). Van Welief of
of clamants for destruction of the private armed Testimonials to ampires of the United States and Spanish Claims Commission
Payment to A. F. Allen
Rembursement to Bishop \& Co
Relief of the owners and crews of the Amorican whal. ing vessels Midas, Progress, Layoda Dan'l Waters and Europa
Relief of vohann Zeckert \& Son and others .............. Relief of Henry Clay and others, owners and crew of
whating schooner Franklin ................................................

Total diplomatic.

\section*{JUDICIARY.}

Salaries, Department of Justice.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Contingent expenses, Department of Justice
Furniture and repairs
Do.
Books for Department library
Books for oftice of the Solicitor
Stationery
Do.
Do.
Transportation
Do.
Carried forward


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year: & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending Jnne 30, 1891. & Repayments daring the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplùs find June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline JUDICIARY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Broiught forward. & & \$4, 290.72 & \$159, 898.70 & \$102.12 & \$164, 280. 54 & \$158, 226.84 & \$1,757.88 & \$4, 301.82 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Contingent expenses, Department of Justice-Continued. \\
Transportation
\end{tabular} & 1891 & & 1,500.00 & & ,1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & , .............. \\
\hline Miscellaneons items. & 1889 & . 15 & 461.67 & & 461.82 & 461,67 & 15 & \\
\hline - Do:.4., & 1890 & & 1,100.00 & 132.59 & 1,232. 59 & 1, 100.00 & & 132.59 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 7, 160.00 & & 7,160.00 & 7,160.00 & & \\
\hline Postage, Department of Just & 1889 & 100.00 & & & 100.00 & & 100.00 & \\
\hline Do.... & 1890 & 50.00 & & & 50.00 & & & 50.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 50.00 & & 50, 00 & 3. 00 & & 47.00 \\
\hline Salary warden of the jail, District of Columbia & 1891 & & 1, 800.00 & & 1,800.00 & 1,692.36 & & 107. 64 \\
\hline Salaries of employes, court-house, Washington & 1889
1890 & 43.48
280.17 & & 118. 20 & \(\begin{array}{r}43.48 \\ 398 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 43.48 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1889 & 280.17 & 11, 760. 00 & 118.20 & .398 .37
760.00 & 11,759.47 & & 398.37
.53 \\
\hline Repairs of court-honse, Washington, D. & 1891 & & 1, 000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & - \\
\hline Building, Department of Justice.......... & & 157.50 & 1, & & 157: 50 & & & 157.50 \\
\hline - Do.. & 1889 & 138.92 & & & 138.92 & & 138.92 & \\
\hline Do................... & 1890 & & & 1.11 & 1.11 & & & 1.11 \\
\hline Transportation of witnesses, etc., Territory of Alaska & & & 7,550.00 & & 7,550.00 & & & 7,550. 00 \\
\hline Traveling expenses, Territory of. Alaska. & 1889 & 714. 00 & & & 714.00 & & 714.00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 806.00 & 000.00 & & 806.00
\(1,000.00\) & 266.00 & & \[
540.00
\] \\
\hline Traveling expenses, Territory of Alaska, certified claims. & & & 20.00 & & 1, 20.00 & 20.00 & & ,00. \\
\hline Rent and incidental expenses, office of marshal, Territory of Alaska. & 1885 & & 16.00 & & 16. 00 & & & 16.00 \\
\hline tory Do.... & 1889 & 405.88 & 10.00 & & 405.88 & & 405.88 & 16.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 350.00 & 1.00 .00 & & 450.00 & 350.00 & & 100.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & \(554: 25\) & & 445.75 \\
\hline Rent and incidental expenses, office of marshal, Territory of Alaska, certhfied claims & & & 72.62 & & 72.62 & 72.62 & & \\
\hline Expenses of Territorial courts in Utah & 1885 & 299.90 & & & 299. 90 & & 299. 90 & \\
\hline Do. & 1886 & 9,883. 79 & & & 9,883. 79 & & 9,883. 79 & \\
\hline Do. & 1887 & 4.26 & & & 4.26 & & 4. 26 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & 577.12 & 3,500.00 & & 4, 077.12 & 127. 50 & & 3,949.62 \\
\hline Do. & \(1888{ }^{+}\) & & & 1,013.00 & 1,013.00 & & 1,013.00 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 38. 35 & 14, 885.80 & & 14, 924, 15 & 10,924.90 & & 3,999. 25 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & . 04 & 18, 987. 60 & - & 18,987. 64 & 16,409.08 & & 2,578,56 \\
\hline Do.......................................... & 1891 & & 40, 000.00 & & 40, 000.00 & 39,987.76 & & 12. 24 \\
\hline Expenses of Territorial courts in Utah, certified claims. & & & 100.00 & & 100.00 & 100.00 & & \\
\hline Prosecution of crimes, Territory of Utah & & 1,266. 00 & & ....... & 1.266.00 & ................. & & 1,266. 00 \\
\hline Repairs, penitentiary building. Territory of Utah & & & 11,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & & & \(1,000,00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline . Defense of French spoliation claims . & & 888.21 & & & 888.21 & 888.21 & & \\
\hline Defending suits in claims against the United States & 1888 & & 229.89 & 1.49 & 231.38 & 229.89 & & 1. 49 \\
\hline D0 ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1888* & & & 28.76 & 28.76 & & 28.76 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & & 577. 50 & 1, 619.89 & 2,197. 39 & 2, 140.55 & & 56. 84 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & 2,138. 55 & 340.40 & 2,478.95 & 2, 188. 55 & & 340,40 \\
\hline - Do & 1891 & & 23, 000.00 . & & 23, 000, 00 & 22, 925.64 & & 74.36 \\
\hline Prosecution and collection of claims & 1889 & 500.00 & & & 500,00 & & 500.00 & \\
\hline , Do & 1890 & 590.00 & & & 500.00 & & & 500.00 \\
\hline Punisho............................. & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & & & 500.00 \\
\hline Punishing violations of intercourse acts & 1889 & 1, 699.32 & & & 1,699.32 & & 1,699.32 & \\
\hline Do........................ & 1890 & 833.30 & & 393.76 & 1,227.06 & & & 1, 227. 06 \\
\hline Do....... & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & 4,686. 93 & & 313.07 \\
\hline Prosecution of crimes
Do . . . . . . & 1889 & 481.62
526.10 & & & 48.4 .62 & 80.65
626.63 & 453.97 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 526.10 & 32, 000.00 & 125.11 & 651.21
\(32,000.00\) & 31, 626.630.69 & & 24.58
319.31 \\
\hline Support of couviets & 1889 & 424.25 & 4,489.50 & & 4,913. 75 & 4,489.50 & & 424.25 \\
\hline Do......... & 1890 & & 5,846.10 & 54.75 & 5,900.85 & \(5,846.10 \cdot\) & & 54. 75 \\
\hline Do.................... & 1891 & & 21,000.00 & & 21,000.00 & 20,712.20 & & 287.80 \\
\hline Digest of opinions of the Attorney General........ & & 1,500. 00 & & & 1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & \\
\hline Expenses of United States courts, Indian 'Yerritory .... & 1889 & 42.78 & 6,691.18 & & 6,733:96 & 1, 50.00 & & 6,683.96 \\
\hline Expenses of United States courts, South McAlester and Ardmore, Indian Ter & 1890 & 8,000.00 & & 4, 140.64 & 12,140.64 & 8,000.00 & & 4,140.64. \\
\hline Expenses of litigation for eastern band of North Carolina Cherokees & & 8,00. 00 & 5, 000.00 & , 110.64 & 5, 000.00 & 8,000.00 & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Expenses of United States conrts, Territory of Oklahoma. & 1890 & 12,500.00 & & 7, 936.93 & 20, 436.93 & 13,316.57 & & 7, 120:36. \\
\hline Expenses of United States courts. & 1879* & & & 3, 000.00 & \(3,000.00\) & & 3,000. 00 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
United, States courts: \\
Fees of jurors, certified claims
\end{tabular} & & 161. 20 & 93.15 & & 254, 35 & 15.50 & 161. 20 & 77.65 \\
\hline Fees of jurors................... & \(1886^{+}\) & 577.55 & & & 577.55 & & 577, 55 & \\
\hline Do... & 1888* & & & 8, 400.29 & 8,400. 29 & & 8,400. 29 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 103, 695.68 & & 17, 458.07 & 121.153.75 & 60.60 & 1.21, 093.15 & \\
\hline Do, & 1890 & \(3,628.21\) & 65,000.00 & 59, 76: 44 & 128,388. 65 & 19, 204. 15 & & 109, 184. 50 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 650, 000.00 & 8, 495,00 & 658, 495. 00 & 658, 461.75 & & 33.25 \\
\hline Fees of witnesses, certified claims & & 59.95 & 692.81 & & 752.76 & 498.11 & & 254.65 \\
\hline Fees of witnesses .. & 1883 & & 800.00 & & 800.00. & & & 800.00 \\
\hline Do & 1884 & & 200.00 & & 200.00 & & & 200.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1885 & & 200.00 & & 200.00 & & & 200.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1886 & & 435.10 & & 435.10 & & & 435.10 \\
\hline Do. & 1886* & 2,567. 10 & & & 2,567.10 & & 2,567.10 & \\
\hline Do. & 1887 & & 539.60 & & 539.60 & & & 539.60 \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & -................ & 2, 159, 07 & & 2, 159.07 & 1,252.15 & & 906.92 \\
\hline Do. & \(1888{ }^{*}\) & & & 8,906. 95 & 8,906.95 & & 8,906.95 & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 4,221.52 & 10.572 .58 & 16, 043.92 & 30.838.02 & 29, 053. 74 & & 1, 784. 28 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 8,931.54 & 208,090. 56 & 57, 552. 04 & 274, 574. 14 & 254, 677. 10 & & 19,897.04 \\
\hline Do................................ & 1891 & & 1,200,000.00 & 6,286.55 & 1, 206, 286.55 & 1, 121, 576. 06 & & 84, 710.49 \\
\hline Support of prisoners, certited claims & 1885 & 1,193. 20 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 453.24 \\ 81.75 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & -............... & 5,646.44 81.75 & 4,236. 17 & 1, 185. 75 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
224.52 \\
81.75
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Oarried forward & & 172, 340.81 & 2,522, 747.97, & 202, 849. 13 & 2, 897, 937. 91 & 2,460, 950.01 & 162,935.30 & 274, 052. 60 \\
\hline * And prior years. & & 1'musfer & from peuitentia & ary building, Ter & ritory of Utah, & judiciary ledger. & - & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the amounts Carrled to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.



Balances of Appropriations \({ }^{\circ}\) Untexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts. Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.- Continhed.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available duxing the tiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30,1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline JUDICIARY-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$563, 580. 74 & \$6, 654, 380.89 & \$298, 183.14 & \$7, 516, 144. 77 & \$6, 346, 867.45 & \$302, 945.94 & \$866,331. 38 \\
\hline Payment to Edward Mitchell for legal services & & & 8,605.50 & & 605.50 & \[
605.50
\] & & \\
\hline Payment for legal services rendered the United Sta & & & 8,965.15 & & 8,965. 15 & 8,964.95 & . 20 & \\
\hline Total judiciary & & 563, 580.74 & 6,663, 951.54 & 298, 183, 14 & 7, 525, 715, 42 & 6,356, 437.90 & 302, 946.14 & ¢ 866,331.38 \\
\hline customs. & & & . & & & & & \\
\hline Collecting revenue from customs & 1891 & & \({ }^{16,721,518.96}\) & 6, 814.83 & 6, 728, 333.79 & \(6,695,272.81\) & & 33, 060.98 \\
\hline Do & 1896 & 373, 580.52 & 2192, 881. 44 & 17, 006. 87 & \(583,468.83\) & 242, 721.03 & & \(340,747.80-\)
\(250,606.77\) \\
\hline Do & 18498 & \(250,145.53\)
\(176,879.54\) & 328, 468.97 & 7, 275.76 & \(285,890.26\)
\(176,879.54\) & 35, 283.49 & 176, 879. 54 & 250,606.77 \\
\hline Do & 1888* & & 2, 252. 45 & 4.882. 12 & 7, 134. 57 & & 4,882.12 & 2, 252,45 \\
\hline Do & 18881 & & & -5260.79 & 260.79 & 260.79 & & \\
\hline Do & 1887* & 1, 417.44 & & & 1, 417. 44 & & 1, 417.44 & \\
\hline Collecting revenue from customs, certified claims & & 293.18 & 26,950.96 & & 27, 244. 14 & 26,950.96 & & 293.18 \\
\hline Expenses of regulating immigration ...... & & 4252, 689.82 & 292, 271.00 & 3,658. 04 & \(548,618.86\) & - 174,255.92 & & 374, 362.94 \\
\hline Expenses of revenue-catter service, certified claims & & 2.93 & . 68 & & 13.61 & . 68 & & + 2.93 \\
\hline Expenses of revenue-cutter ser & 1888* & & & 1,251.05 & 1,251.05. & & 1, 251.05 & ……......... \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 818.39 & & 2,751. 41 & 3,569.80 & 1, 678. 19 & 1,891.61 & 4,364 10 \\
\hline Do & \({ }^{1890}\) & 29, 121.72 & 935, 000. 00 & \(3,369.83\)
\(10,931.64\) & \(32,491.55\)
\(945,931.64\) & - \(\begin{array}{r}28,127.45 \\ 874.663 .87\end{array}\) & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,364.10 \\
71,267.77
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Supplies of light-houses, certified cla & & & 2,392.02 & & 2,392. 02 & -2,392.02 & & \\
\hline Supplies of light-houses. & 1889 & 7.50 & 901.06 & 11.63 & 920.19 & 902.21 & & 17.98 \\
\hline , Do... & 1890 & 8,171. 45 & & 2,583. 16 & 10,754. 61 & 7,507.15 & & 3, 247.46 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 5.347, 440.86 & 3, 213.68 & 350, 654. 54 & 346, 910.02 & & 3, 744.52 \\
\hline Repairs and incidental expenses of light-houses, tified claims & & & 10.98 & & 10.98 & 10.98 & & \\
\hline Do...... & 1888* & & & 1,040.80 & 1,040.80 & & 1, 040.80 & \\
\hline Repairs aud incidental expenses of light-houses & 1889 & 2, 625.17 & & 10.97 & 2,636.14 & 2, 252. 16 & 383.98 & \\
\hline Do & 18881 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 5,441.81 & & 6, 391.09 & 11,832.90 & 2,950.21 & & 8, 882.69 \\
\hline Do........... & 1891 & & \({ }^{7} 336,936.16\) & 123.88 & 337, 060.04 & 325, 857. 15 & & 11, 202.89 \\
\hline Salaries of keepers of light-honses, certified claims
Salaries of keepers of light-houses................ & & & 5.54 & 240.00 & 5.54
240.00 & 5. 54 & & \\
\hline Salaries of keepers of light-houses & 1888 & & 139.91 & 240.00 & 139.91 & 139. 91 & 240.00 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 145,50 & 242.26 & 208. 69 & 596. 45 & 329.38 & & 267.07 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 2, 835.68 & & 1, 831.06 & \(4,666.74\) & 3, 006, 85 & & \(1,659.89\) \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & \({ }^{8} 626,416.78\) & 24,383. 43 & 650, 800. 21 & 644, 310.00 & & 6, 490.21 \\
\hline Inspecting lights & 1889 & 1.808.48 & & & 1.808.48 & & 1. 808.48 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Approprations Unexpended June 30, 1891, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline - Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the tiscal year endiag June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the tiscal year evding June 30, 1891. & A ggregate available dur. ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June \(30,1891\). \\
\hline customs-continueri. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward.. & & \$1, 343, 471.07 & \$11, 970, 461.04 & \$195,732. 61 & \$13, 509, 664. 72 & \$11, 967. 867.07 & \$21.2, 471. 62 & \$1, 329, 326. 03 \\
\hline Rebuilding revenue steamer Wm . Pitt Fessenden & & 2, 620.40 . & & & 2, 620.40 & & 2, 020.40 & \\
\hline Rebuilding revenne steamer Commodore Perry & & 39.57 & & & 39.57 & & 39.57 & \\
\hline Rebuilding revenue steamer Richard Rush... & & 113.58 & & & 113. 58 & & 11.58 & \\
\hline Conistructing a revenue steamer & & 745.97 & & & 745.97 & & 745.97 & \\
\hline Constructing two stean-launches. & & 119.90 & & & 119.90 & & 119.90 & \\
\hline Building or purchase of such vessels as may be required for the revenue service & & 32,909.07 & & 6,784. 28 & 39,643. 35 & & & . \(39,643.35\) \\
\hline Compensation in lieu of moities ............................... & 1889 & 17, 891.91 & & 0,78. 28 & 17, 891.91 & & 17, 891,91 & - 39,643.35 \\
\hline Do...................... & 1890 & 1,135. 44 & & 28.31 & 1,163.75 & 81. 66 & 17,801, & 1,082.09 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 12, \(8+6.79\) & & 2,153.21 \\
\hline Salaries and travoling expenses of agents at seal fisheries in Alaska, curtifed claims. .o. & & & 16.90 & & 16.90 & 16.90 & & \\
\hline Salaries and traveling expenses of agents at seal fisloeries in Alaska, 1885 abd 1886 & & 20.76 & & & 20.76 & & & 20.76 \\
\hline Salaries and traveling expenses of agents at seal fislieries in Alaska. & 1889 & 1,698. 36 & & 600.00 & 2, 298. 36 & 621.60 & 1,676.76 & ......... \\
\hline Do..................................................... & 1890 & 6, 926.67 & & & 6, 926,67 & 5,324. 28 & 1, 1, & 1, 602.39 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & 13, 350.00 & & & 13, 350.00 & 10,084.05 & & 3,315.95 \\
\hline Expenses of local appraisers at quarterly meetings & 1.889 & & & 804. 63 & 804.63 & & 804.63 & \\
\hline . Do.............................................. & 1890 & & & 330,99 & 330.99
254 & \(2 \begin{array}{r}40.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & 290.99 \\
\hline Do.................. & 1891 & & 2,500.00 & 40.00 & 2,540.00 & 2,540.00 & & \\
\hline Quarantine stations for neat c & 1889 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,371.61 \\
& 5,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] & & 233.76 & \(3,371,61\)
\(5,233,76\) & 1,500.00 & 3,371,61 & 3,733.76 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 15, 000.00 & 23.76 & 15,000.00 & 11,000.00 & & 4, 4 , 000.00 \\
\hline Quarantine service & 1890 & 642.12 & & 20.00 & 662.12 & 600.67 & & 61.45 \\
\hline D Do & 1891 & & 50,000.00 & 62.00 & 50,062. 00 & 50, 062.00 & & \\
\hline Draping public buildings & & 1,300.99 & & & 1,300.99 & & & 1, 300.99 \\
\hline Gulf quarantine station. & 1889 & & & 105.06 & 105.06 & & & 105.06 \\
\hline San Francisco quarantine fumigating steamer. & & & \(30,000.00\) & & 304000.00 & & & 30, 000.00 \\
\hline Ker West quarantine, disinfecting machinery & & & 10,000,00 & & 10.000. 00 & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Delatrare breakwater quarantine station & 1889 & \({ }^{\text {(2) }} 1128.50\) & & & 128.50 & 128.50 & & \\
\hline Port Townsend quarantine station...... & 1889 & \(\left({ }^{2}\right)\). & & & & & & \\
\hline Repairs and preservation of public buildings, certified claims & & & 166. 15 & & 166.15 & & 166.15 & \\
\hline Repairs and preservation of public buildings & 1888* & & & 166.15 & 166.15 & 166,15 & & \\
\hline Jinforcement of the Chinese exclusion act & 1889 & 43, 611. 50 & & 210.25 & 43,821.75 & & 43, 821.75 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 10,000. 00 & & & 10,000.00 & 8,759.27 & & 1, 240.73 \\
\hline Do................................. & 1891
1890 & 3,000.00 & \(50,000.00\)
\((3)\) & & \(50,000.00\)
3.000 .00 & \(40,400.00\)
\(3,000.00\) & & 9, 600.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Moose Peak light station, Maine
Goose Rock light station, Maine
Crabtree Ledge light station, Maine
Gount Desert Rock fog signal, Maine
Great Duck Island light station, Maine
Canckold Irows light station, Main
Juniper Islaud liglit station, Vermont
Otwer Creek light station, Vermont.
Watch Point light station, Vermont.
Revenue marine storehouse, Woods Holl, Mass
Deer Island light station Masshchusetts.
Great Round Shoal light-ship, Massachusettts
Wiekford Harbor lights station, Rhode Island
Gull Rock lioht station Rle
Stoniugton Breakwater light station, Connecticut
Cornfield Point light-ship, Connecticut
Lights on Hadson River, New York
Elm Tree light station, New York
Tarrytown Point light station, New Fork
Anchorage of vessels in the port of New Tork.
Coney Island light station, New Xork
Lighting the Statue of Liberty, New York
Staten Island light-house depot, New York
Old Orehard Shoal light station, New Yor
Praddock Point light station, Nev York
Abesee fog signal, New Hor
Barnegat light station New Jersey
Squan Inlet light station. New Jersey
Sandy Hook light-ship New Jerser
Sandy Hook electric buoy station, Ne
Sindy Hook light station, New Jersey......................................
Fog bell below Sandy Point light station, Chesapealie Bay Sharkfin Shoal light station, Maryland.
Greenbary Point Shoal light station, Maryland Fenwick Island light-sbip, Maryland.
Maryland Point light station, Maryland
Holland's Island Bar light station, Maryland ................
Carried forward
account
* And prior years, trausfer account.
"'ransferred from "Delaware'breakwater quarantine station, buildings, etc.," on 'Treasury
2 \(\$ 55,000\) 'Pransferred to Port Townsend quarantine station, site, etc.," on Treasury ledger.

1891
1889
1890
\begin{tabular}{|l|}
\hline 1889 \\
1890 \\
1891
\end{tabular} 1890
1891.
................... \(\quad \mathbf{7 5 , 0 0 0 . 0 0}\)



Trensferred from 'expenses of regulating immigration."
Transferred from "expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, 1890. \({ }^{5}\) Transferred from "expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, 1891."

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specifio acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year euding June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fand June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline customs-continued. & & & & & & & & 9 \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$1, 741, 718. 86 & \$12, 627, 694.09 & \$212, 500. 12 & \$14, 581, 913.07 & \$12, 394, 246.35 & \$288, 818.34 & \$1, 898, 818.38 \\
\hline Cob Point Bar light station, Marylan & & & & 619.42 & -619.42 & & & 619.42 \\
\hline Hawkins Point fight station, Marylan & & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000,00 & 800.60 & & 200.00 \\
\hline Portsmonth depot, Virginia. . . . . . . & & 4,500.00 & & & 4, 500.00 & & & 4,500.00 \\
\hline Fuslı Bluft light station, Virgin & & 54, 482. 63 & & 254.04 & 54, 736. 67 & 54, 584.97 & & 151.70 \\
\hline Depot, fitth district, Virginia. & & 7,368.01 & & & 7,363.01 & & & 7,363. 01 \\
\hline Hog Island wharf and roadway, Virgin & & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Cape Charles City lights, Virginia. & & & 1,000.00 & & 1, 000.00 & & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Newport News light station, Virgin & & 18,248. 38 & & & 18,248. 38 & \(18,248.38\) & & \\
\hline Wiuter Quarter Shoal light ship, Virgini & & 1,561. 52 & & & 1,561.52 & & & 1,561. 52 \\
\hline Chincoteague buoy depot, Virginia .... & & & 1,000. 00 & & 1,000. 00 & & & 1,000.00. \\
\hline Cape Charles light station, Virginia & & & . 150,000.00 & & 150, 060. 00 & & & 150,000.00 \\
\hline Great Wicomico River light station, Virgin & & & & 621.49 & 621.49 & & & 621.49 \\
\hline Tangier Sound light station, Virginia..... & & & & 1,811. 21 & 1,811. 21 & & & 1, 811.21 \\
\hline Page Rock light station, Virginia & & & \(25,000.00\) & & 25; 000, 00 & & & 25,000.00 \\
\hline Portsmouth light-house depot, Virgini & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000. 00 \\
\hline Purehase of a wharf at Wilmington, N. & & 4, 881.75 & & & 4, 881. 75 & & & 4, 881.75 \\
\hline Diamond Shoal light station, Nortb Carolina & & 199, 500.00 & & 9.36 & 199, 509.36 & 500.00 & ............. & 199, 009. 36 \\
\hline Pamlico Pointlight station, North Carolina & & 8,000.00 & & & 8, 000.00 & 8, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Gall Shoal light station, North Carolina & & 13, 000, 00 & & & 13,000.00 & 13, 000,00 & & \\
\hline Frying Pan Shoals light-ship, North Carolina & & & 70,000. 00 & & \(70,000.00\) & 3,230.00 & & 66,770.00 \\
\hline Northriver Bar beacous, North Carolina. & & & 2, 000000 & & 2,000.00 & & & \(2,000.00\) \\
\hline McWilliams Point Shoal light station, Nortl & & & 100.00 & & 1.00 .00 & & & 100.00 \\
\hline Hunting Island light station, Sputh Cavolina. & & 11,500.00 & & & 11,500.00 & & & 11,500.00 \\
\hline Bull Bay beacon, South Carolina.......... & & 19.50 & & & 19.50 & & & 19.50 \\
\hline Hilton Hearl range beacons, South Carolina & & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000. 60 & & \\
\hline Martin Industry light ship, South Carolina & & & 70,000.00 & & 70,000. 00 & 3,230.00 & & 66, 770.00 \\
\hline Saud Island light station, Alabama... & & 1,566. 55 & & & 1,566.55 & & & 1,566.55 \\
\hline Lights on Savamnah River, Georgia & & 507.60 & & & 507.66 & & & 507.66 \\
\hline Dry Cortugas light station, Florida & & 75,000. 00 & & & 75, 000.00 & & & 75, 000. 00 \\
\hline Tlorida Reef beacons, Florida & & 10, 239.42 & & & 10,239. 42 & & & 10,239.42 \\
\hline Repairs of iron light-honses, Florida & & 3,498.04 & & & 3, 498. 04 & & & 3, 495. 04 \\
\hline Lights for channels leading to Pensacola, & & 2, 623.43 & & & 2, 628. 43 & & & 2,623. 43 \\
\hline St. John River lights, Elorida & & 185.79 & & & 185.79 & & & 185.79 \\
\hline Crooked River light station, Florida. & & 39, 000. 00 & & 872.35 & 39, 82.35 & & & 39, 872.35 \\
\hline Charlotte Harbor light station, Ylorida & & 9,136.95 & & & 9, 136.95 & 9,136.95 & & \\
\hline Cape Canaveral light station, Florida & & & \(80,000.00\) & & 80,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & 79,000.00 \\
\hline Cape San Blas light station, Floxida & & & 20,000.00 & & \(20.000,00\) & & & 20, 000.00 \\
\hline Point Isabel light station, Texas & & 7, 823,30 & & & 7, 823. 30 & & & 7,823.30 \\
\hline Reëstablishment of light-houses, Texas & & & & 007.21 & 907.21 & & & 907.21 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Lake Borgne light station, Mississipp Pascagoula River ranges, Mississippi.
South Pass Pier lights, Mississippi River, Louisiana Red River lights, Louisiana
Amite River light station, Lonisiana
Aids to navigation, mouth of Mississippi•River, Lonisi ana
Stean revenue vessel for Mississippi River, Louisiana Grosse Isle rances Michigan,
Grosse Lsle ranges, Michigan . Mo. Mich...... Cedar River Point fight station, Michigan
Lake Michigan light vessels, Michigan
Gratiot Range lights, Michigan.
Point Betsey light station, Michigan.
Eleven-Foot Shoal light, station. Michigan Squaw Island light station, Michigañ. Old Mackinac Point light station, Michigan Patrol Steamer, St. Marys River, Michiga Findmill river lights, \(w i\)
iothts on the Iminois River Illinois
Chicago Break water light station, Ilinois
Devis Island light station. Wisconsin
Sherwood Point light station, Wisconsin
Ahnapee range lights, Wisconsin.
Cleveland Breakwater fog signal, Ohio
Asbtabula light station, Ohio
Fairport range lights, Ohio
Black River range lights, ohio
Grays Harbor light station, Washington
Destruction Island light station, Washington
Turn Point light station, Washiugton
Cape Mears light station, Oreson
Umpqua River light station, Oregon
Columbia River light station, Oregon
Heceta Head light station, Oregron.
Coquille River light station. Orcyon
Grand Marais light station Minnesota.
Two Harbors light station, Minnesota
Range lights, Dulath Harbor, Minnesota
San Luis Obispo light station, California
Point Hueneme light station, California.....
Pornten Californi
Roe Island light station, California
Carried forward
1 Balance of \(\$ 57,000\) transferred from Simmons Reef light station
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & 138.43 & & ..-6.......... & 188.43 \\
\hline & & 49.91 & & & 49.91 \\
\hline & 213.36 & 213.36 & & & 213.36 \\
\hline & 210.78 & 4, 731.99 & 4, 656. 45 & & 75.54 \\
\hline & & 1,305.09 & & & 1,305.09 \\
\hline & & 1,214. 52 & & & 1,214. 52 \\
\hline & 1,444. 52 & 27,944. 52 & 26,500.00 & & 1, 444.52 \\
\hline & 3.08 & 3.08 & & & 3.08 \\
\hline & & 2, 000.00 & & & 2, 000.00 \\
\hline & & 6,500.00 & 5,500.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline & & 13, 292.60 & & & 13,292. 60 \\
\hline & & 19,000. 00 & 10,000.00 & & 9, 000,00 \\
\hline & 22, 151. 82 & \(59,151.82\) & 26,724. 53 & & 32, 427. 29 \\
\hline 500.00 & & 500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline 5,500.00 & & \(5,500.00\) & 5, 500.00 & & \\
\hline 60,000. 00 & & 60, 000.00 & & & \(60,000.00\) \\
\hline 25, 000.00 & & \(25,000.00\) & & & 25,000.00 \\
\hline \(20,000.00\) & & 20,000.00 & & & 20,000. 60 \\
\hline 4,000,00 & & 4,000.00 & & & 4, 000.00 \\
\hline 30,000.00 & & 30,000. 00 & 5,700.00 & & 24,300.00 \\
\hline 3,000.00 & & 3, 000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & \\
\hline & 776.25 & 5,197. 06 & 656.62 & & 4, 540. 44 \\
\hline 15,000.00 & & 43,300.00 & & & \(43,300.00\) \\
\hline -5,500.00 & & 19,500.00 & 11, 650.00 & & 7, 850.00 \\
\hline 100.00 & & 100.00 & 100.00 & & \\
\hline 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 1, 470.97 & & 1, 029.03 \\
\hline & 352.75 & 5,552.75 & 4,500.00 & .............. & 1, 052.75 \\
\hline \(4,700.00\)
400.00 & & \(4,700.00\)
400.00 & & & 4, 700.00
400.00 \\
\hline 400.00 & & 400.00 & & & 400.00 \\
\hline & & 5, 339.80 & & & 5,389.80 \\
\hline 10, 000.00 & & 14,979.49 & 10,000.00 & & 4,979.49 \\
\hline 12,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & 500.00 & & 11,500.00 \\
\hline 15, 000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 500.00 & & 14,500.00 \\
\hline & & 18, 460.00 & 3, 000.00 & & \(15,460.00\) \\
\hline & & 49, 000.00 & 10,576. 64 & & 38,423. 36 \\
\hline 10,000. 00 & 57.55 & 69,357. 55 & 3, 905.20 & & \(65,452.35\) \\
\hline & & 79,000.00 & 2, 000.00 & & 77, 000.00 \\
\hline 50, 000. 00 & & \(50,000.00\) & 1,000.00 & & 49,000.00 \\
\hline & & 7, 052.00 & & & 7, 78.7200 \\
\hline & & 7,797.90 & & & 7,797.90 \\
\hline & & 875.09
1090.62 & & & - 875.69 \\
\hline & & 12, 090.62 & 10,040.38 & & \(2,050.94\)
250.00 \\
\hline 81,000.00 & & 116, 000.00 & 75.741 .00 & & 40,259.00 \\
\hline & & 3. 20 & & & 3.20 \\
\hline & 637.00 & - \(0,137.00\) & 9,137.00 & & \\
\hline 13, 413, 644.09 & 223, 442.31 & 16,327, 283.86 & 12,739, 835.44 & 288;848.34 & 3, 298, 600. 08 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30 , 1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & A cgregate available during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Payments during the fiscal June \(30,1891\). June 30, 1891. & A momnts car ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1890. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline custons-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$2, 690, 197. 46 & \$13,413, 644.09 & \$223,442. 31 & \$16, 327, 283.86 & \$12, 739, 835. 44 & \$288, 848.34 & \$3, 298, 600.08 \\
\hline Ballast Point light station, California & & 10,000.00 & & & 10, 000.00 & 96.15 & & 9, 903.85 \\
\hline Oakland Harbor light station, Californ & & & & 985.46 & 985.46 & 865.20 & & 120.26 \\
\hline Humboldt light station, California & & & \(25,000.00\)
\(8,000.00\) & & 25,000.00 & & & 25, 000.00 \\
\hline Refuge station, Point Barrow, Alaska & & 6, 3650.74 & 8,000.00 & & 14, 957.21 & 2,411.74 & & 12, 5455.47 \\
\hline Stean tender for the fourtu light & & 6, 778.56 & & & 6,778. 56 & & & 6,778.56 \\
\hline Revemue steamer for southern coa & & 95,500.00 & & & 95, 500.00 & 80,000.00 & & 15,500.00 \\
\hline Laboratory for the Light-House Board & & 4,732. 46 & & & 4,732.46 & & & 4,732.46 \\
\hline Supply steamer for Atlantic and Gulf coas & & 80,506. 28 & & 1,120.29 & 81,626. 57 & 81,626. 57 & & \\
\hline Revemue vessels for South Atlantic coast, & & 57,000. 00 \(8,983.85\) & & 125.32 & \(57,000.00\)
\(9,109.17\) & 51,618.00 & & 5, 382.00
\(9,109.17\) \\
\hline Steam tender for the second light-house di & & 78,014.48 & & 15,765.38 & 93,779. 86 & 92, 327.75 & & 1, 452.11 \\
\hline Steam tender for the Great Lakes. & & 82, 374. 18 & & & 82, 374. 18 & 82, 374. 18 & & \\
\hline Relief of certain employés and others, twelth lighthouse district. & & . 31 & & & & & .31 & \\
\hline Oil houses for light stations & & & 30,000.00 & 132.75 & 30, 132. 75 & 13,000. 00 & & 17, 132. 75 \\
\hline Tender for the first light-house district & & & \(95,000.00\) & 270.87 & \(95,270.87\) & 1,930.00 & & 93, 340. 87 \\
\hline Teuder for the ninth and eleventh light-house districts. & & & \(75,000.00\)
\(95,000.00\) & 470.73 & \(75,000.00\)
\(95,470.73\) & 2,500.00 & & \(72,500.00\)
93.670 .73 \\
\hline Tender for the fifth light-house district. & & & \({ }_{95,000.00}^{95}\) & & 95,000.00 & \(1,800.00\)
500.00 & & \(93,670.73\)
\(94,500.00\) \\
\hline Depot ninth light-house district & & & 35,00000 & & \(35,000.00\) & & & 35,000.00 \\
\hline Depot eleventh light-house distric & & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & \\
\hline Depot thirteenth light-honse district & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & & & \(15,000.00\)
10,000 \\
\hline Site, Long Branch life saving station ................ & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,000.00 \\
6,989,845.78
\end{array}
\] & 93,937. 85 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,000.00 \\
7,083,783.63
\end{array}
\] & 7, 083, 783. 63 & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Repayment to importers excess of deposits, certified claims & & & 16.13 & & 16.13 & 16.13 & & \\
\hline Repayment to importers excess of deposits, charges, and conmission cases & & 93, 227. 84 & & & 93, 227.84 & & & 93, 227. 84 \\
\hline  & & 104, 550. 16 & & & 104, 550.16 & 21, 209.71 & & 83,340. 45 \\
\hline Debentures, drawbacks, bounties; or allowances (no limit) & & & 4, 925, 439. 50 & 44, 926.42 & 4; 970, 365. 92 & 4,970,365.92 & & \\
\hline Debentures, drawbacks, bounties, or allowances, act June 16, 1880 & & 97.95 & & & 97. 95 & & & 97.95 \\
\hline Debuentures and other char es & & & 897.87. & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
897.67 \\
1.452 .25
\end{array}
\] & 897. 67 & & \\
\hline Interest on tounage dues illegally exac & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,452.25 \\
& 1,054.23
\end{aligned}
\] & & \(1,452.25\)
\(1,054.23\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,452.25 \\
& 1,054.23
\end{aligned}
\] & & \\
\hline Unclaimed merchandise. & & & 4,776. 19 & 1.00 & 4,777.19 & 4.777 .19 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Refunding moneys erroneously received and covered into the Treasury
Refunding penalties and charges erroneonsly exacted. Services to American vessels .................................... Salaries, shipping service.................................................
Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican
war (Revenue Marine) men who served in the Mexican Admission of foreign goods to World's Columbian Exposition.
Statistics relating to fur industries and natives of alaska Proposals for lease of Fur-Seal Istands, Alaska.
Protecting salmon fisheries of Alaska.
Protecting seal and salmon fisheries of Alaska.
Payment to Graham H, Harris.
Reimbursement for losses by burning of the ligl................................ tender Lily
Reimbursing crew of life-saving station, Muskeget, Mass Refund to the Aberdeen Packing Company
Refund to Rufis A. Ballard
Refund to J. W. Breeden
Refund of duties to St. Mary's Church, Harford Come............................ Md.
Refind

Refund to George Hazil
Refund to J. L. Somers
Relief of A. K. Delaney
Total customs.

\section*{INTERIOR CIVIL.}

Salaries, oftice Secretary of Interior
Do
Publishing the Biennial Register
Department of the Interior
Expenses of special land inspectors Do.
Contingent expense
Do
Do
Do
Stationery
Do:
Do.
Do.
Library
Do.
Carried forward


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal vear ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available dur ing the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Payments during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891 & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline intérior civil-continued. & & & & & & - & & \\
\hline Brought forward. . .i...... & \(\ldots\) & \$62, 200.09 & - \$378, 913.56 & \$ \(149,895.42\) & \$591, 009.07 & \$515, 283. 64 & \$45, 058.29 & \$30,667. 14 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Department of the Interior-Continued. \\
Library.
\end{tabular} & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 500.00 & & \\
\hline Rent of buildings .................. & 1889 & 1,583.44 & & & 1,583. 44 & 1,333. 32 & 250.12 & \\
\hline Do............ & 1890 & 4, \(1,000.00\) & & . 04 & \(4,000.04\) & 4,000.00 & 20.12 & . 04 \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{\text { Do.. }}\) & 1891 & 1,000.00 & 21,500.00 & 11368 & \({ }^{21,500.00}\) & 21,000.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Repairs of buil. & 1891 & 1,000.00 & 8,00000 & & \(1,113.08\)
8,000 & 5,500.00 & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline Postage to postal union countries & 1889 & 4,000.00 & & & \(4,000.00\) & & 4,000.00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,160.00 & & & 1,160000 & & & 1,160.00 \\
\hline Payment for Supreme Court reports & 1891 & & \(4,000.00\)
\(2,736.00\) & 1,368. 00 & \(4,000.00\)
\(4,104.00\) & \(1,650.00\)
\(3,800.00\) & & 2, 350.00
304.00 \\
\hline General Land Office: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries & 1889 & 21,692.93 & & & 21, 692.93 & & 21, 692. 93 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & 5,792.45 & & 1,605. 00 & 7,397.45 & & & 7,397, 45 \\
\hline Expenses of inspectors, & 1891 & & \(545,746.44\)
111.25 & 169.15 & \(545,915.59\)
111.25 & \(545,000.00\)
111.25 & & 915: 59. \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 5, 267. 04 & & & 5,267.04 & & 5,267.04 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 5, 164, 88 & & 5.07 & 5,169.95 & 1, 238.40 & & 3,931.55 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 10, 000.00 & . 25 & 10, 000.25 & 5,012.16 & & 4,988.09 \\
\hline Library. & 1889
1891 & . 20 & 500.00 & & 500.00 & & 20 & \\
\hline Reproducing plats of surveys & 1889 & 1.20 & 9.90 & & 11.10 & 9.90 & 1.20 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 34.13 & 34.13 & & & 34.13 \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{\text { Do... }}\) & 1891 & & 2, 500.00 & & 2, 500.00 & 100.91 & 654.30 & 2, 399.09 \\
\hline Maps of the Uniter St & 1890 & 654.30
\(14,800.00\) & & & 14,800.00 & \(13,062.91\) & & i,:37.09 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 15,000.00 & & 15, 000.00 & 121.26: & & 14, 878.74 \\
\hline Additional maps of the United State & & 7, 500.00 & & & 7, 500.00 & 3, 600.00 & & 3, 900.00 \\
\hline Contingent expenses, certified claims & & 197. 20 & & & 197.20 & & & 197. 20 \\
\hline Salaries, Indian Oftice & 1889 & 5,386.87 & & & \(5,386.87\) & 66.70 & 5,320.17 & \\
\hline Do... & 1899 & 1,640.00 & \(97,640.00\) & & 1,
976
640.0.00 & 612.45
\(97,000.00\) & & 1,027.55 \\
\hline Transcribing and copying, Indian Office & & & 2, 500.00 & & 2, 500.00 & 97,0.00 & & \\
\hline Fees on certain Indian allotments. & & & 52.56 & & 52.56 & 52.56 & & \\
\hline Salaries, Pension Office & 1887. & & 43.95 & & 43.95 & 43.95 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & & & 43.95 & 43.95 & & 43.95 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 39, 275.95 & & 1,010.85 & 40,286. 80 & 106.50 & 35,067.92 & 10.180 .30 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 2, 215, 357.06 & & 2, 215, 357.06 & 2,100,000.00 & & 115,357.06 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Pension Office: & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Salaries special examiners. & 1889 & 17, 195, 55 & & & 17, 195. 55 & & & 17, 195. 55 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 10, 403. 35 & & 2, 435. 45 & 12, 8388.80 & 11.55 & & & 12, 827.25 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & 10, & 210,000.00 & 3.80 & 210, 003. 80 & 205, 000.00 & & & 5,003.80 \\
\hline Investigation of pension cases & 1888* & & & 2.33 & 2.33 & & & 2.33 & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 1, 483. 12 & & 85. 19 & 1,568.31 & 16.014.25 & & 1,555.06 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 37, 813. 62 & & 9.45 & \(37,823.07\)
\(225,000.00\) & \(16,014.14\)
\(180,808.90\) & & & \[
21,808.93
\] \\
\hline Do.......
Investigation & 1891 & 959.10 & 225, 000.00 & & 225, 000.00 & 180, 808.90 & & 959.10 & \[
\begin{gathered}
44,191.10 \\
\ldots \ldots \ldots
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Ino.. & 1890 & 14,549.07 & & & 14. 549.07 & 14,154. 11 & & 950.10 & 894.96 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 190, 000.00 & & 190, 000.00 & - 166, 667. 31 & & & 23, 352. 69 \\
\hline Fire-proof buibling for the Pension Oftice. & & 12,740. 75 & & 5.00 & 12,745. 75 & 2,740.88 & & & 10, 094.87 \\
\hline Freight elevator, Pension Building........... & & & 3, 000.00 & & 3, 000000 & & & & 3,090.00 \\
\hline Salaries, Patent Otice . . . . . . . . . . . Do. & 1889 & 17,919.72 & & & 17,919.72 & & & 17, 919.72 & 6.962 30 \\
\hline . Do....... & 1890 & 6, 229. 88 & & 32. 45 & 66, 262.30 & & & & 6, 2662.30 \\
\hline - Bo. & 1891 & & 667,605. 89 & 203.75 & 667, 809. 64 & 660,000.00 & & & 7,809.64 \\
\hline Photolithographing & 1889 & 6,715. 40 & & & 6,715.46 & & & 6,715.46 & \\
\hline Do............. & 1890 & 12,000.00 & & 1, 485.00 & \(13,485.00\) & 9,777.67 & & & 3,707, 33 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 111,000.00 & & 111,000.00 & 97, 000.00 & & & 14,000. 00 \\
\hline Official Gazette. & 1889 & . 30 & & & .30
7.60 & & & . 30 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 7.60 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7.60 \\
66.000 .00
\end{array}
\] & & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7.60 \\
1,000.09
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Do............ & 1891 & & 66,000.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
66,000.00 \\
12.96
\end{array}
\] & \(65,000.00\) & & & \\
\hline Scientific library Do. & 1889
1891
189 & 12.96 & 3,000.00 & 1.71 & 12.96
3.001 .71 & 2,500.00 & & 12.96 & 501.71 \\
\hline Public use of inventions and defending suits & 1889 & 300. 75 & & 14.00 & 314.75 & & & 314. 75 & \\
\hline Do................................. & - 1891 & & 500.00 & . 25 & 500.25 & 257.59 & & & 242.66 \\
\hline International protection of industrial property & & 1, 055. 54 & 800.00 & & 1,855.54 & 565.29 & & & 1,290. 25 \\
\hline Bureau of Education: Salaries & 1889 & 540.35 & & & 540.35 & & & 540.35 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 608.90 & 608.90 & & & 510.35 & 608.90 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 47, 170.69 & & 47, 170. 69 & 47,000.00 & & & 170.69 \\
\hline Collecting statistics & 1889 & 697.71 & & 1.00 & 698.71 & 250.00 & & 448.71 & \\
\hline - Do............... & 1890 & 1,000.00 & & . 25 & 1,000. 25 & 396.05 & & & \[
604.20
\] \\
\hline Distributing documents & 1891 & & 3,000. 00 & & 3,000.00 & 500.00 & & & \[
2,500.00
\] \\
\hline Distributing documents
Do................ & 1889 & & & 53.25 & 53.25 & 50.00 & & 3.25 & \\
\hline Do........... & 1890 & 1,000.00 & & & 1, 0000.00 & 549.80 & & & 450.20 \\
\hline Library & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & 1,700. 00 & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
300.00 \\
.39
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Library & 1890 & & & . 39 & 1, 000.39 & & & & .39
500.00 \\
\hline Do....................... & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,000.00 \\
6,337.40
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
500.00 \\
\mathbf{6}, 226.50
\end{array}
\] & & & 500.00 \\
\hline Education of children in Alaska. & 1889
1890 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6,337.40 \\
18,007.50
\end{array}
\] & & . 50 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6,337.40 \\
18,008.00
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6,226,50 \\
14,492.56
\end{array}
\] & & 110.90 & 3,515,44 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 50, 000.00 & & 50,000.00 & 21,500.00 & & & 28,500.00 \\
\hline Railroad office: Salaries. & 1890 & & & 123.35 & 123.35 & & & & 123.35 \\
\hline - Do. & 1891 & & 14.420.00 & & 14,420.00 & 14,420. 00 & & & \\
\hline Traveling expenses
Do. & 1889 & 2, 012.29 & & & 2, 1412.29 & & & 2, 012. 29 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,140.41 & & . 19 & 1, 140.60 & 434.65 & & & 705.95 \\
\hline Carried forward. & & 380, 553.12 & 4, 899,607.30 & 159,319.35 & \(\cdot 5,445,479.77\) & 4,849, 290. 01 & & 165, 146.85 & 431, 042.91 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and, of the Amounts carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continled.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Office surveyor-genera; of Louisiana: Salaries. & 1585 & & 75.00 & & 75.00 & 75.00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & & 765.98 & 765. 98 & 765.98 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 6,800.00 & & 6,800.00 & 6,800.00 & & \\
\hline Continggerit expenses. & 1889 & 346.64 & & & 346.64 & & 346.64 & \\
\hline Do............... & Lis90 & & 1,200.00 & 407.42
79.15 & \(\begin{array}{r}407.42 \\ \hline 1,270.15\end{array}\) & 263.97
\(1,279.15\) & & 143.45 \\
\hline Office surveyor-general of Minuesota: & & & 1,200.00 & & 1,275. 15 & 1,279. 15 & & \\
\hline Salaries............................. & 1889 & 200.00 & & & 200.00 & & 200.00 & \\
\hline Do... & 1840 & & & 1.37 & 1.37 & & & 1.37 \({ }^{\circ}\) \\
\hline Do.............. & 1891 & & \(3,800.00\) & 840.01 & 4, 646.01 & - 3,900.00 & & 746.01 \\
\hline Contingent expeuses: & 1889 & 322.06 & & & 322.06 & & 322.06 & \\
\hline Do.................... & 1890 & 200.00 & 1.00000 & 196.24 & 326. 34 & & & 326. 24 \\
\hline - Office surveyor-general & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & 365.16 & 1,365.16 & 1,050.00 & & 315.16 \\
\hline Salaries & 1889 & 4.01 & & & 4.01 & ............... & 4.01 & \\
\hline Do........... & 1890 & & & 2.31 & 2.81 & & & 2. 31 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & \(13,000.00\) & . 08 & \(13,000.08\) & 13,000. 08 & & \\
\hline * Contingent expenses & 1889 & . 87 & & & . 87 & & . 87 & \\
\hline Do...... & 1890 & & & .\(^{3} 31\) & 2, 02.31 & & & . 31 \\
\hline Do............................. & 1891 & & 2, 000.00 & 28.75 & 2,028. 75 & 2,028. 75 & & \\
\hline Office surveyor-general of Nebraska and Salaries. & 1887 & & 408.86 & & 408. 86 & 408.86 & & \\
\hline Office surveyor general of Nevada. Salaries. & 1889 & 56.78 & & & 56.78 & & 56.78 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1800 & & & 100.28 & 100.28 & & & 100.28 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & .................. & 4,300.00 & 97.00 & 4,397.00 & 4,300.00 & & 97.00 \\
\hline Contingent expenses & 1889
1890 & 18.38 & & & 18.38
\(-\quad 55.49\) & & 18. 38 & \\
\hline Do.......... & 1890 & & 800.60 & 55. 49. & 55.49
837.25 & 800.00 & & 55.49
37.25 \\
\hline Office surveyor geveral of New Mexico: Salaries & 1890 & & & 3.20 & 3.20 & & & . 3.20 \\
\hline Salares...................... & 1891 & & 5,500.00 & & 5,500.00 & 5,500.00 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses. & 1889 & . 02 & 5,500.00 & & 5,500.02 & 5,500.00 & . 02 & \\
\hline Do.............. & 1890 & & & 153.76 & 153. 76 & & & 153.76 \\
\hline Office surveror.general of North Dakota: & 1891 & & 1,500. 00 & 206.50 & 1, 706. 50 & 1,706. 50 & & \\
\hline Salaries. & 1891 & & 6,945. 21 & 610.40 & 7, 505. 61 & 7,555.61 & & \\
\hline Contingent expenses. & 1891 & & 1,500.00 & 29.58 & 1,529.58 & 1, 529. 58 & & \\
\hline Office surveyor-general of Oregon: Salaxies. & 1889 & 2.51 & & & 2.51 & & 2.51 & \\
\hline - Do. & 1890 & & & 1. 45 & 1. 45 & & & 1.45 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & 75.02 & 5,075. 02 & 5,075.00 & & .. 02. \\
\hline Contingent expenses & 1889
1890 & 196.65
100.00 & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
196.65 \\
285
\end{array}
\] & & 196.65 & \\
\hline Do........... & 1890 & 100.00 & 1,000.00 & 235.59 & 335.59
\(1,000.00\) & 1,000.00 & & 335. 59 \\
\hline Office surveyor-general of Dakota: & & & & & & 1,00. & & \\
\hline Salaries........................... & 1889 & 324.87 & & & 324. 87 & & 324.87 & ................ \\
\hline Office surveyor-general of South Dakota: Salaries. & 1891 & & 9,500.00 & 2,058.75 & 11,558.75 & 11,558.75 & & \\
\hline Carried forward & & 390, 414.47 & 5,065, 104:37 & 166,824.01 & \(5,022,342.85{ }^{-1}\) & \(5,017,378.02\) & 168, 215. 47_ & \(436,740.36\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of apppropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending Jine 30, 1891 . & Aggregate available dur. ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to tbe surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR CIVII-continued. & & & & & & & & 1 \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$1,182, 675.83 & \$7, 480, 790. 01 & \$247, 375.97 & \$8, 9].0, 811.81 & \$7, 084, 234.89 & \$285, 026.63 & \$1,541,580. 29 \\
\hline Surveying private land clams in California & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline Resurveying lands in suit against Sierra Lumber Company of Califorma. & & 168.00 & & & 168.00 & & & \({ }^{\text {(168.00 }}\) \\
\hline Repair of the Ruiu of Casa Grande, Arizona .............. & & \(2,000.00\) & & & 2,000.00 & & & \[
2,000.00
\] \\
\hline Surveying lands in suit against the Montana Improvement Company & & 350.00 & & & 350.00 & & & 350.00 \\
\hline Surveying the public lands in Nerada. & & 30,000. 00 & & & 30,000. 00 & 5,326. 80 & & 24,673. 20 \\
\hline Surveying private land claims in New Mexico, certified claims & & & 536.18 & & 5,36.18 & 536.18 & & \\
\hline Surveying private land claims in New Mexico & 1888* & & & 222. 16 & 222. 16 & & & 222.16 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 200.00 & & 1. 37 & 201.35 & 197.16 & & 4. 21 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 3,000.00 & & 3,000.00 & 2,500.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Surreying the boundary line between the public lands occupied by Uncompahgre and White River Utes...... & & 500.00 & & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & \\
\hline Resurveying public lands, certified claims................ & & & 2,419.81 & & 2, 419.81 & 2,419.81 & & \\
\hline Examination of public surveys, certified claims & & 164.25 & & & 164.25 & & & 164.25 \\
\hline Township site, Port Angeles, Wash.................... & & & 10,000.00 & & . \(10,000.00\) & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Appraisenient and sale of abandoned military reserva. tions. & & 5,133.01 & 8,000.00. & & 13,133. 01. & 5,395. 75 & & 7,737.26 \({ }^{-}\) \\
\hline & 1889 & 907. 68 & & & 1907.68 & & - \({ }^{\text {a }}\) 907. 68 & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & & 10, 814.99 & & 10,814.99 & 318.86 & & 10, 496.13 \\
\hline Sale of buildings and grounds, Dearborn Arsenal, Mich. & & & - 500.00 & & 5 500.00 & 377.43 & & 122.57 \\
\hline Reimbursoment to receirers of pablic moneys for excess of deposits, certified claims & & 5.39 & 589.03 & & 594.42 & 255. 55 & 338.87 & \\
\hline Ammal repairs of the Capitol. & 1889 & 367.37 & & & 367.37 & & 367.37 & -.............. \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 57.49 & 57.49 & & & . 57.49 \\
\hline Do... & 1891 & & 31,000.00 & & 31, 000.00 & 30, 000.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Improving the Capitol Grou & 1889 & - 25.11 & & & 25.11 & & 25.11 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1.00 & & 1.72 & 2.72 & & & 2.72 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 20,000.00 & & 20,000. 00 & 19,000.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Lighting the Capitol and ground & 1889 & 2.13 & & & 2.13 & & 2.13 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do... } \\
& \text { Do... }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1890 & 6,000.00 & 24,000.00 & & \(6,000.00\)
\(24,000.00\) & 4, 658.61 & & 1,341.39. \\
\hline Capitol terraces & & \(20,440.05\) & 48,500.00 & & 68, 940.05 & 49, 0000.00 & & 19,940.05 \\
\hline Pavement, Capitol Grounds. & & & 40,000.00 & & 40,000.00 & & & 40,000.00 \\
\hline Reparing and regilding frames of historical paintiogs, Rotunda of the Capitol & & 400.00 & & 2.88 & 402.88 & & 402.88 & \\
\hline Protecting paintings in Rotunda of Capitol & & 100.00 & & 10.00 & 110.00 & & 110.00 & \\
\hline Electric light plant, Senate .. & ....... & 14,608. 15 & & & 14, 698.15 & 2,256.42 & & 12,441.73 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Steaḿ boilers, Senate
Vest elevator. Senat
Reservoirs for drinking.water in the Capitol
mevator, House of Representatives..
Ventilation, House of Representative
Ventilation, Supreme Court room
Alterations and repairs, Armory Building
Education of feeble-minded children, Districtof Columbia
Do.
Do.
Do.
Penitentiary builling, Territory of Idaho
Penitentiary building Temitory of O tal
Penitentiary building, Territory of Wyoming
Penitentiary building, Territory of North Dakota
Building for Library of Congress (site)
Building for Library of Conoress (construction)
Colieges for agriculture and the mechanic arts
Buildings and grounds, Govermment Hospital for the
Repairs, Government Hospital for the Insane.
Govermment Hospital for the Tnsane..
Do.
Buildings and grounds, Howard Uuiversity
Howard University
Freedmen's Hospital and asylum

\section*{Do}

Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb
Maryland Institution for the Instruction of the Blind Revemnes, X ellowstone National Park. :.........
Expenses of the Eighth Census, certitied claims
Expenses of the Tenth Census
Expenses of the Eleventh Census.
Expenses of the IElerenth Census, farms, homes, and mortgages
Printing..engraviag and binding, Eleventio Census
Census of Oklahoma
Deposits by individuals for survering public lands
Protection and improrement of Hot Springs, Ark.
Protection aud inprovement of Hot Springs, Ark. (in definite)
Investigating the affairs of the bonded Pacific railuoads Indemnity for swamp lands purchased by individuals.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & 15,000.00 & \\
\hline & & 3,500.00 & \\
\hline & & & 297.63 \\
\hline & 1, 145.86 & & 187.40 \\
\hline & 310.28 & & \\
\hline 1889 & & & 2366.84 \\
\hline & 182.30 & & \\
\hline 1890 & 3,000.00 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 3, 400.00 & \\
\hline 1891* & & 2,475.60 & \\
\hline & 19, 986. 80 & & \\
\hline & \(95,305.00\) & (f) & \\
\hline & 2,187. 38 & & \\
\hline & & 30,000.00 & \\
\hline & 4. 522.73 & & \\
\hline & 245,567. 94 & & \\
\hline 1890 & & 735, 000.00 & \\
\hline 1891 & & 784, 000.00 & \\
\hline & 4,183.19 & 69,000.00 & 1,504. 59 \\
\hline 1891 & & 12,000.00 & \\
\hline 1889 & - 23.67 & & \\
\hline 1.890 & & & . 73 \\
\hline 1891 & & 226, 000.00 & \\
\hline & 24.69 & 3,400.00 & \\
\hline 1891
1889 & 67.57 & 25,800. 00 & \\
\hline 1890 & 4, 025.00. & & 14.67 \\
\hline 1.891 & & 54,025.00 & \\
\hline 1.890 & & 2,531.99 & \\
\hline 1891 & & 47, 500. 00 & \\
\hline & & 6,575. 00 & \\
\hline & 3,374.89 & 1, 788.80 & \\
\hline & 189.67 & & \\
\hline & 3, 292. 57. & & \\
\hline ..*... & 3,430, 065.00 & 2, 400, 000.00 & 4,097.57 \\
\hline & \(810,000.00\) & & 539.50 \\
\hline & \(\begin{array}{r}60,290.80 \\ 2000.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 350, 000.00 & \\
\hline & \(2,000.00\)
792.892 .59 & 131,422.80 & 8, \(\begin{array}{r}235.87 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline & 37, 966. \(53-\) & 5,000.00 & . 37. \\
\hline & 17, 289.53 & 19,682. 00 & \\
\hline & 2, 242. 20 & 27,091.24 & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline & 6, 804, 224.36 & 12, 637, 342.45 & 262,857.51 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 15, 000.00 & 500.00 & & 14,500.00 \\
\hline 3, 500.00 & 3,452.00 & & 48.00 \\
\hline 297.63 & 110.50 & & 187.13 \\
\hline 1, 145.86 & 391.54 & & 754.32 \\
\hline 1.87. 40 & & & 187.40 \\
\hline 310.28 & 308. 37. & 1. 91 & \\
\hline 236.84 & & 236.84 & \\
\hline 132.50 & & 132. 50 & \\
\hline 3,000.00 & 2,467.65 & & 532.35 \\
\hline 3,400.00 & & & 3, 400.00 \\
\hline \(2,475.60\) & 2,450.60 & & 25.00 \\
\hline 19,986. 80 & 19, 986. 80 & & \\
\hline 95, 305. 00 & 79, 000.00 & & 16,305.00 \\
\hline 2, 187. 38 & - 5.70 & & 2, 181.68 \\
\hline 30, 000.00 & & & 30, 000. 00 \\
\hline 4, 522.73 & & & 4,522.73 \\
\hline 245, 567.94 & & & 245, 567.94 \\
\hline 735, 000.00 & 585,000.00 & & 150, 000.00 \\
\hline 784, 000. 00 & 496,000.00 & & 288, 000.00 \\
\hline 74.687. 78 & 42, 100.00 & & 32, 587.78 \\
\hline 12,000. 00 & 12,000. 00 & & \\
\hline 23.67 & & 23.67 & \\
\hline 226, 000. 00 & 226, 000.00 & & 73 \\
\hline 3, 224.69 & 3, 400.00 & 24.69 & \\
\hline 25,800.00 & 25, 800.00 & & \\
\hline 67.57
\(4,039.67\) & & 67.57 & \\
\hline \(4,039.67\)
\(54,025.00\) & 4,000.00 & & 39.67
8,02500 \\
\hline \(54,025.00\)
\(2,531.99\) & 46, 000.00 & & 8,025.00 \\
\hline \(2,531.99\)
47
400.00 & 2,531.99 & & \\
\hline 47, 500.00 & \(47,500.00\) & & \\
\hline \(6,575,00\)
\(5,163.69\) & 6,575.00 & & \\
\hline 5, 163.69 189.67 & 1,116.48 & & 4, 047.21 \\
\hline 189.67
\(3,292.57\) & & & 189.67 \\
\hline 3, 292. 57 & & & 3, 292. 57 \\
\hline 5, 834, 1.62. 57 & 5, 197, 008.83 & & 637, 153.74 \\
\hline 810,539.50 & 630, 605.37 & & 179, 934. 13 \\
\hline 410.290 .80 & 120,000.00 & & 290, 290.80 \\
\hline 2, 235.87 & & & 2, 235.87 \\
\hline 932, 386.14 & 102,967.59 & & 829, 418.55 \\
\hline 42,966.90 & 41, 843.99 & & 1, 122.91 \\
\hline 36,971.53 & 18, 400.00 & & 18,571. 53 \\
\hline 2, 242.20 & 254. 60 & & I, 987.60 \\
\hline 27, 091. 24 & 27, 091.24 & & \\
\hline 19, 704, 424.32 & 14, 975, 345.71 & 288, 167.85 & 4,440, 910.76 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal jear ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balance of appropriations Jane 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR CrYLL-continued. & & & & & & 9 & & \\
\hline Brought forward . ......... & & \$6,804, 224.36 & \$12, 637, 342.45 & \$262, 857.51 & \$19, 704, \({ }^{\text {824. }} 32\) & \$14, 970 , 345. 71 & \$288, 167.85 & \$4, 440, 910.76 \\
\hline Five per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of agricultural lands in Colorado, certified claims & & & 78,857. 72 & & - 78,857.72 & - 78,857,72 & & \\
\hline Fire per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of agricultural lands in Colorado & & & 60,864.05 & & \(60,864.05\) & 60,864.05 & & \\
\hline Five per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Kansas, certified claims. & & & 160,067.51 & & 160,067.51 & 160,067. 51 & & \\
\hline Tive per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Michigan, certified claims. & & & 4,993.79 & & 4,993.79 & 4,993.79 & & \\
\hline Tive per cent funt, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Kansas. & & & 21,923.72 & & 21, 923.72 & 21, 923. 72 & & \\
\hline Five per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Minnesota & & & 17,500.22 & & 17,500. 22 & 17,500. 22 & & \\
\hline Five per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Nebraska & & & 111, 385.08 & & 111, 385.08 & 111,385.08 & & \\
\hline Five per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Oregon. & & & 33,328.76 & & 33,328.76 & 33, 328.76 & & \\
\hline Five per cent fund, of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands in Washington & & & 25,376.29 & & 25, 376. 29 & 25,376. 29 & & \\
\hline Payment to Nebraska on account of sales of public lands. & & 35,500.00 & & & 35.500 .00 & & \(35,500.00\) & \\
\hline Publication of reports on relative wages in the United States and Great Britain. & & 500.00 & & & 500.00 & & - 500.00 & \\
\hline Payment to John Sherman, jr., U. S. marshal & & 351.93 & & & 351.93 & & 50.00 & ............... 351.03 \\
\hline Payment to Royal B. Bradford, commander, U.S. Navy & & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 510.00 & & \\
\hline Payment to John W. Gilmore............................ & & 26.10 & & & 26.10 & & 26.10 & \\
\hline Reimbursements to P. H. Conger, late superintendent Tellowstone National Park. & & & 169.37 & & 169.37 & 169.37 & & \\
\hline Relief of legal representatives of David Walter Join & & & 2,090. 43 & & 2, 096.43 & 2,090. 43 & & \\
\hline Relief of Alice E. Robertson. & & & 2,800.00 & & 2, 800.00 & 2, 800.00 & & \\
\hline Repayment for lands erroneously sold & & & 49,354. 30 & & 49, 354. 20 & 49,354. 20 & & \\
\hline Total Interior civil & & 6,840,602. 39 & 13, 206, 559.59 & 262, 857. 51 & 20,310,019.49 & 15, 544,562.85 & 324, 193.95 & 4, 441, 262. 69 \\
\hline - internal revenue. & & & & & & & & . \\
\hline Expenses of assessing and collecting internal revenue, certified claims & & & 10.00 & & 10.00 & 10.00 & & \\
\hline Salaries and expenses of agents, etc., certified claims & & 101.56 & 290.87 & & 392.43 & 240.87 & & 151.56 \\
\hline Do............................................ & 1888 & 1,407. 45 & & & 1,407.45 & & 1,407.45 & \\
\hline Do. & 1839 & 1,396. 77 & & 674.50 & 2,071.27 & 898. 30 & & 1,172.97 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc:-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline - Specific acts of appropiriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending. June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline PUBLIC DEBT-continued. & & & & & & & , & \\
\hline Brought forward & & & \$239, 186, 272.37 & & \$239, 186, 272. 37 & \$239, 186, 272.37 & & \\
\hline One-year notes of \(1863 \ldots .\). & & & 480.00 & & 480.00 & + 480.00 & & \\
\hline Two-year notes of 1863. & & & 250.00 & & 250.00 & 250.00 & & \\
\hline Compound-interest notes & & & 3,320.00 & & 3, 320.00 & 3, 320.00 & & \\
\hline Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865 & & & 1,150.00 & ............. & 1,150.00 & 1,150.00 & & \\
\hline Bounty land script & & & 100.00 & ---7.-..... & 100.00 & 100.00 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1847....... & & & 300.00 & & 300.00 & 300.00 & & \\
\hline Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881's) & & & 22,050.00 & --1. & 22, 050.00 & 22,050.00 & & \\
\hline Five-twenties of 1862........... & & & 150.00 & & 150.00 & 1.50. 00 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1863 (1881's) & & & 200.00 & & 200.00 & 200.00 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1863 (1881's) continued at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cen & & & 300.00 & & 300.00 & 300.00 & & \\
\hline  & & & 11, 500.00 & & 11, 500.00 & 11,500.00 & & \\
\hline Five-twenties of \(\mathfrak{J}\) une, 1864. & & & 10,650.00 & ............ & 10,650.00 & 10,650.00 & & \\
\hline Consols of 1865 & & & 15,850. 00 & ............. & 15, 850.00 & 15,850, 00 & & \\
\hline Cousols of 1867 & & & 35,450.00 & -.-...-. & 35,450. 00 & 35,450.00 & & \\
\hline Consols of 1868 & & & 20, 050. 60 & & 20,050.00 & 20, 050.00 & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1881 & & & \(5,000.00\) & & 5,000.00 & \(5,000.00\) & & \\
\hline Finded loan of 1881, continued at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per ce & & & 7, 800.00 & & 7,800.00 & 7, 800.00 & & \\
\hline  & & & 53, 146, 550.00 & & 58, 146, 550. 00 & 58, 146, 550.00 & & \\
\hline Funded loan of 1907. & & & 42, 641, 250.00 & & 42, 641, 250.00 & 42, 641; 250.00 & & \\
\hline Loan of July 12, 1882 & & & 66,500.00 & & 66,500.00 & 60,500. 00 & & \\
\hline National bank notes, redemption account & & & 23, 553, 298.50 & & 23,553, 298.50 & 23, 553, 298.50 & & \\
\hline Treasury notes of 1890............ & & & 1,624,000.00 & & 1,624, 000.00 & \(1,624,000.00\) & & \\
\hline Total redemption & & & 365, 352, 470.87 & & 365, 352, 470.87 & \(365,352,470.87\) & & \\
\hline Interest: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Refunding certificates & & & 4, 648. 30 & & 4, 648.30 & 4, 648. 30 & & \\
\hline Navy pension fund & & & 420, 000.00 & & 420,000.00 & 420, 000.00 & & \\
\hline One-year notes of 1863 & & & - 24.00 & & 24.00 & -24.00 & & \\
\hline Two-year notes of 1863. & & & 33.04 & & 33. 04 & 33.04 & & \\
\hline Compound-interest notes & & & 644.11 & & 644. 11 & 644.11 & & \\
\hline Seven-thirties of 1864 and 1865 & & & 127. 72 & & 127.72 & 127.72 & & \\
\hline Bounty-land scrip & & & 8.71 & & 8.71 & 8.71 & & \\
\hline Loan of July and August. 1861 (1881's) & & & 14, 479.50 & & 14,479.50 & 14,479.50 & & \\
\hline Loan of July and August, 1861 (1881's) cont per cent & & & 8.75 & & 8.75 & 8.75 & & \\
\hline Five-twerties of 1862 & & & 142.77 & & 142.77 & 142.77 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1853 (1881s) & & & 6.00 & & 6.00 & 6.00 & & \\
\hline Loan of 1863 (1881'3) continned at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) per cent & & & 2.73 & & 2. 73 & 2.73 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$46, 409.84 & \$299, 062.41 & \$3, 417.16 & \$348, 889.41 & \$302, 835. 59 & \$11, 638.82 & \$34,415.00 \\
\hline Pay of interpreters.......... & 1889 & 1,359. 26 & & & 1,359. 26 & 12.00 & 1,347.26 & \\
\hline Pay of Indian inspectors & 1891 & & 15, 000.00 & & 15,001.00 & 15, 000.00 & & \\
\hline . Do:. & 1890 & 145.68
\(1,561.91\) & & 85.15 & 1 230.83 & 82.45 & 1,561.91 & 148.38 \\
\hline Traveling expenses, Indian inspeotors & 1891 & & 8,000.00 & & 8, 000.00 & 7,537.99 & 1,561.91 & 462.01 \\
\hline Do............................. & 1890 & 131.92 & & 862.50 & 994.42 & 235.04 & & 759.33 \\
\hline Do...... & 1889 & 676.12 & & & 676.12 & 56.32 & 619.80 & \\
\hline Traveling expenses, certified claims & & 112.90 & 4.50 & & 117.40 & 4. 50 & & 112.90 \\
\hline Pay of Indian school superintendents & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & 4,000.00 & & \\
\hline : Do.......................... & 1889 & 1,945.16 & & & 1,945. 16 & & 1,945.16 & \\
\hline Traveling expenses, Indian sehool superinte & 1891 & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & 1,882. 66 & & 117. 34 \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1890 & \({ }^{61.82}\) & 210.03 & 40.75 & 312.60 & 312: 60 & & \\
\hline Pay of Do.................. & 1889 & 1, 248.83 & & & \(1,248.83\)
\(10,072.00\) & & 1, 248.83 & 3073.62 \\
\hline Pay of judges of Indian cour & 1891 & 235.19 & 10, 000.00 & 72.00
56.87 & \(10,072.00\)
292.06 & \(6,998.38\)
79.53 & & 3,
213. 53 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 840.22 & & 96. 00 & 936. 22 & & 936.22 & \\
\hline Buildines at agencies and repairs & 1891 & & 25,000.00 & & 25, 000.00 & 24, 466.04 & & 533.96 \\
\hline Do................... & 1890 & 5, 236.75 & & 4. 701. 65 & 9, 938.40 & 6,577.83 & & 3,360. 57 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 7, 201. 43 & & 9.10
24.82 & \(7,203.53\)
24.82 & 24.82 & 7, 203.53 & \\
\hline Contingencies, Indian Department & 1891 & & 44,000.00 & 76. 50 & 44,076.50 & 44, 019.22 & & 57. 28 \\
\hline Do................. & - 1890 & 675.39 & & 3,964. 85 & 4,640. 24 & 3, 493.22 & & 1,147.02 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 2,281. 27 & & 26.42 & 2, 257.69 & 353.06 & 1, 904.63 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & & & 118.14 & 118.14 & & 118.14 & \\
\hline Da. & *1888 & & & 75.77 & 75.77 & 75.77 & & \\
\hline Contingencies, Indian Department, certified & & 178.32 & 1,372. 43 & & 1,550.75 & 1,372.43 & & 178.32 \\
\hline Ixpenses, Indian commissioners............ & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & 4,623.95 & & 376.05 \\
\hline Do.... & 1890 & 500.00 & & 1,017. 68 & 1, 517.68 & & & 1,517.68 \\
\hline Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies & \(\{1891\}\) & & 5,634. 75 & & \(5,684.75\) & 5,634.75 & & \\
\hline Do & 1.891 & & 43,260. 44 & 375.10 & 43,635.54 & 42, 132.15 & & 1,503. 39 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 844.65 & 1,739.56 & 433.22 & 3,017.43 & 2, 681.74 & & 335.69 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 148.46 & & 1.45 & 149.91 & 13.07 & 136.84 & \\
\hline Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplie clams & & & 16. 50 & & 16.50 & 16.50 & & \\
\hline Transportation of Indian supplies & 1891 & & 290, 000.00 & 3,015. 63 & 293, 015.63 & 218, 043.64 & & 74, 971. 99 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 59, 072.05 & & 12,347. 66 & 71, 419.71 & . \(24,756.26\) & & 46, 663. 45 \\
\hline \(\mathrm{D}_{0}\) & 1889 & 59, 633.76 & & 780.04 & 60, 413.80 & 820.51 & 59, 593. 29 & ................ \\
\hline 30 & 1888* & & & 43.14 & 43.14 & & 43.14 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
 Do
Pay of matrons
Fulfilling treaties with-
Apaches, Kiowas, and Comanches......................... Chickasaw
Chippewas, Bois Forte bani
Chippewas of the Mississipp
Chippewas, Pillager, and Lake Winuelagoshish bands.
Chippewas of Red Lake and Pembina tribe of Chippewas.
Chippewas of Saginaw, Swan Creek, ete
Choctaws .....
Colun d Alenes and Colvilles
Creeks.
Crows, cession of lands.
Crows,
Delawares
D. Wamish and other allied tribes in Washington Flatheads and other confederated tribes
Fort Hall Iudians.................
Tndians at Black feet A gency...
nelians at Fort lecknap agency.
Indians at Fort Peck dgency.
Iowas.
Iowas in Oklaboma
Kansas
Kiskapoos
Lemin Indians
Makahs.
Menomonees.
Miamies of Kansas
Nisqually
Omahas, interest on deferred payments for land
Omahas
Osages.
toes and Missourias
Pawnees
Pottawatomies
Pottawatomie Nation, edncation
Carried for ward
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 18881 & 19.25 & 498.50 & 5. 03 &  & 5.03
498.55 & & 19.25 \\
\hline 1891 & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 72.00 & & 928.00 \\
\hline 1890 & 847.00 & & & 847.00 & & & 847.00 \\
\hline 1889 & 451.38 & & & 451. 38 & & 451.:88 & \\
\hline 1891 & & 623.34 & & 623. 34 & & & 623.34 \\
\hline & 105,664. 08 & 30,000. 00 & 182.95 & 135, 847. 03 & 19,352. 36 & & 116, 494.67 \\
\hline & 55, 203.1] & \(20,000.00\) & 529.68 & 75, 732. 79 & 19,659. 32 & & 56,073.47. \\
\hline & & 3, 000.00 & & 3,000. 00 & 3,000.00 & & \\
\hline & 3, 456.18 & & & 3, 456.18 & 1,816.62 & & 1, 639.56 \\
\hline & 2, 470.99 & 1,000.00 & & 8,470.99 & 1,000.00 & & 2,470.99 \\
\hline & 25, 972. 52 & 22, 666.66 & 18.88 & 48,658.06 & 162.36 & & 26,796. 51 \\
\hline & 2, 625.32 & & . \(\quad .\). & 2, 625. 32 & 21,861. 55 & & 2, 462.96 \\
\hline & 313.61 & 29,432. 89 & & 29,
432.81 & 29,432.89 & & \\
\hline & & 30, \(000 . \mathrm{vo}\) & & . \(30,000.00\) & & & 30,000.00 \\
\hline & 16, 925. 73 & 1,100.60 & 1,799.45 & 19,825. 18 & 5, 629.50 & & 14, 195.68 \\
\hline & & 77,063.40 & & 77, 063.40 & 67, 615. 88 & 9, 447. 52 & \\
\hline & & 946, 000.00 & & 946, 000.00 & 2,500. 60 & & 943, 500.00 \\
\hline & 20, 369.29 & 30, 000.00 & 602.10 & 50, 971. 39 & 49,496. 56 & & 1,474.83 \\
\hline & 247.07. & 72, 702. 00 & & \(72,702.00\)
247.07 & 50,260. 30 & & 22, 444.70 \\
\hline & 2, 100.00 & & & 2, 100.00 & 147.60 & & 1, 952.40 \\
\hline & 6, 000.00 & 6,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & 4, 909. 54 & & 7,090.46 \\
\hline & 100,596. 08 & 150,000.00 & 656.50 & 251, 252. 58 & 104, 365.78 & & 146,886. 80 \\
\hline & 24,966. 51 & 115,000.00 & 2,193. 58 & 142, 160.09 & 130, 379. 02 & & 11,781.07 \\
\hline & & 80, 000.00 & & 80, 000.00 & & & 80, 000.00 \\
\hline & \(108,396.25\)
\(1,055.12\) & \(165,000.00\)
\(2,875.00\) & \(1,329.37\)
109.97 & \(274,725.62\)
\(4,040.09\) & \(119,140.82\)
\(3,218.97\) & & \(155,584.80\)
821.12 \\
\hline & & 27, 95il. 00 & & 27, 950. 00 & & & 27, 950.00 \\
\hline & 6, 189.82 & 1,524. 02 & & 7, 713.84 & 7,609.02 & & 104.82 \\
\hline & 288.70 & 3,682. 44 & . 55 & 3, 971. 69 & 3,760.87 & & 210.82 \\
\hline & 4,000.00 & & & 4,000.00 & & & 4, 000.00 \\
\hline & 579.72 & & & 579.72 & & & 579.72 \\
\hline & 97.72 & & & 97.72 & & & 97.72 \\
\hline & 1, 077.37 & 29,033. 89 & 803.18 & 30, 914. 44 & 30,512. 85 & & 401.59 \\
\hline & 397.08 & & & 397, 08 & & & 397.08 \\
\hline & 1,175.09 & & & 1, 175. 09 & 2.25 & & 1,172. 84 \\
\hline & 9,087.07 & & & 9, 087.07 & & & 9, 087.07 \\
\hline & 405. 45 & 3, 456.00 & & 3, 861.45 & 3, 220.00 & & 641.45 \\
\hline & 358.48 & 5,000.00 & 414.32 & 5,772.80 & 4,917.09 & & 855.71 \\
\hline & 34, 240, 23 & 30,000. 00 & 567.61 & 64, 807. 84 & 34, 949. 66 & & 29, 858.18 \\
\hline & 6,621.79 & & 27.15 & 6, 648.94 & 3,575.45 & & 3. 073.49 \\
\hline & 2, 575. 72 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20,647.65 \\
& 80.000 .00
\end{aligned}
\] & 294.77 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 23,518.14 \\
& 80.000 .00
\end{aligned}
\] & 20,736.78 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,781.36 \\
80,000.00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & 735, 224. 66 & 2,739,556. 46 & 41, 169.69 & 3,515,950.81 & 1, 461,950.64 & 98, 196. 47 & 1,955, 803. 70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30,1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiseal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & & & & & & - \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$735, 224. 66 & \$2, 739, 556. 46 & \$41, 169.69 & \$3, 515, 950.81 & \$1,461, 750. 64 & \$98, 196.47 & \$1, 955, 803. 70 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fulfilling treaties with-Continued. \\
Pattawatomie Nation award of January 28, 1860, principal and interest.
\end{tabular} & & 95,674. 53 & & & & & & \\
\hline Fiogue Rrivers........................................................... & & 95, \(1,896.66\) & 48,897. 95 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
144,572.48 \\
1,896.66
\end{array}
\] & 82.790. 60 & & \(61,772.88\)
\(1,896.66\) \\
\hline Sacs and Foxes of the Mississipp & & 8,949. 20 & 51, 000.00 & 90.90 & 60,040. 10 & 52.509 .99 & & 7,530.11 \\
\hline Sacs and Foxes of the Missouri.. & ..... & 3,847.60 & 7, 870.00 & 50.45 & 11, 768. 05 & 8, 308. 06 & & 3,459.99 \\
\hline  & & & 28,500.00 & 220 & 28,500.00 & 28,500. 00 & & \\
\hline Senecas. & & 498.29 & 3,690.00 & 322.79 & 4,511.08 & 4, 152.14 & & 358.94 \\
\hline Senecas of New York & & 708.91 & 11,902. 50 & 96.30 & 12,707. 71 & 12, 154, 51 & & 553.17 \\
\hline Shawnees. & & 10, 863, 82 & 5,000. 00 & & \(15,863.82\) & 5,000.0i1 & & 10,863.82 \\
\hline Eastern Shawnes & & 2, 651. 75 & 1, 030.00 & 140.94 & 3, 822. 69 & 1,134. 97 & & 2,687.72 \\
\hline Shosliones & & 3,395. 01 & & & 3,395. 01 & 1,001. 18 & & 2,393.83 \\
\hline Sioux, Yankton tribe & & 7,479.58 & 16, 740.00 & 553.01 & 24,772. 59 & 17,198.50 & ...--. & 7,574.09 \\
\hline Sioux of Misslssippi. & & 57, 008. 50 & & & 57, 008.50 & & & 57.008. 50 \\
\hline Sisseton and Wahjeton Indians & & & 376,578, 37 & & 376,578. 37 & 1,522. 00 & & 375, 050.37 \\
\hline Sisseton, Wahpeton and Sintee Sioux of Devils Lake. & & 8.29 & & & 8.29 & 8. 29 & & \\
\hline Six Nations of New York & & 75,52 & 4,500.00 & 60.87 & 4, 636.39 & 4,344.96 & -........... & 291. 43 \\
\hline S'Klallams & & 584.75 & & & 584.75 & & ............ & 584: 75 \\
\hline Winnebagoes & & 6, 060. 54 & 44, 162. 47 & 322.83 & 50,545. 84 & 47, 785. 26 & & 2,760.58 \\
\hline W yandottes & & 96. 26 & & & 596.26 & & & 96.86 \\
\hline Yakamas ... & & 5,043.07 & & 672.89 & 5, 715.96 & 5.715.96 & & \\
\hline Cherokees, proceeds of lands & & & 19, 843.82 & & 19,843. 82 & 19, 343.82 & & \\
\hline Kansas, proceeds of lands. & & 8, 085.72 & 13, 112.74 & 921 567. & 21, 198. 46 & & & 21.198.40 \\
\hline Menomonees, proceeds of lands & & \(18,694.62\) & 1, 1065.10 & 221, 567.49 & \(240,262.11\)
\(1,065,10\) & 206, 992.82 & & \(38,260.29\)
1.065 .10 \\
\hline Pottaratomies, proceeds of lands & & 32, 584. 94 & 1, 065.10 & & 1, \(32,584.914\) & & & 1.065 .10
\(32,584.94\) \\
\hline Sucs and Foxes of the Mississippi, proceeds of laurds & & 1, 8\%2. 29 & 2, 269.71 & 83.08 & 4, 182.08 & 1,733.02 & & 2. 449.06 \\
\hline Shawnees, proceeds of lands...... & & 1, 200. 56 & 492.29 & & 1,692.85 & & & 1, 692.85 \\
\hline Winnebagoes, proceeds of lands. & & 20,621.61 & 572.22 & & 21, 193.8: & & & 21. 193.83 \\
\hline Claims of settlers on Round Valley Indian Reservation, in Colorado, restored to public lands. & & 594.37 & & & 594.37 & & 594.37 & \\
\hline Proceeds of New York Indian lands in Kansas & & 1,75.31 & & & 1,775.31 & 374.23 & & 1.401.08 \\
\hline Proceeds of Sioux Reservatiou in Minnesota and Dakota. & & 2, 267.92 & 24, 872.57 & 1,047.45 & 28, 187.94 & 15, 174.:5 & & 13, 013.59 \\
\hline Civilization fund & & 5, 089.36 & & 634.73 & 5, 724.09 & 2, 281. 20 & & 3, 442. 89 \\
\hline Indian moneys, proceeds of lavor & & 153, 833.24 & 54, 097. 16 & 338.84 & 208. 269.24 & 63, 156.47 & & 145. 119.77 \\
\hline Cherokee Asylum fund & & 64, 147.17 & & & 64, 147.17 & & & 64.147 .17 \\
\hline Intereston......... & & & 3,207.36 & & 3, 207.36 & 3, 207.36 & & \\
\hline Cherokee national fund & & 796, 310.90 & & & 796, 310.90 & & & 790.310 .90 \\
\hline Intereston. & & 51.78 & 75.273 .80 & & 75, 325. 64 & 75, 054.08 & 271.56 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Cherokee orplian fund Interest.on.
Cherokee school fund
hickasaw national fund
Intereston.
Chickasaw incompetent fund
Chippewa and Christian Indians fund Intereston.
Choctaw general fuud
Intereston.
Choctaw orphan fund
Intereston.
Choctaw school fund
Interest on........
Creek general fund
Interest on.
elaware general fund.
Intereston.
Delaware school fuvd
Interesto
Iowantind...
Kansas school fund
Intereston.
Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws fund
Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws school fund.

Interest on
L'Anse and Vieux de-Sert Chippewa fund
Interest on
Kickspoo general fund
Kickapoo 4 per cent fund.
Interest on
Menomonee fund
Interest
Interest on
Osage fund
Intcrest on
Osage school fund
Otoe and Missouri fund.
Ponca fund
Interest on


17,370, 705, 71
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 337, 456. 05 & & & 337, 4:30. 05 \\
\hline 18,206. 20 & 18,206. 20 & & \\
\hline 736, 003. 91 & & & 736, 003. 91 \\
\hline \(42,883.71\)
\(959,678.82\) & 42,379.38 & 504.33 & \\
\hline \(959,678.82\)
\(68,526.36\) & 68,275.86 & & \(9,678.82\)
250.50 \\
\hline 2,000.00 & & & 2, 000.00 \\
\hline 2,89\%. 81 & & & 2, 897.81 \\
\hline 42,560.36 & & & 42, 560.36 \\
\hline 2, 441.85 & 2,128.02 & & 31.3. 83 \\
\hline 48,514.00 & & & 48,514.00 \\
\hline 29,375.70 & 29, 375.70 & & \\
\hline 16, 608.04 & & & 16, 608.04 \\
\hline 357, 80 & 357.80 & & \\
\hline 49, 472. 70 & & & 49,472. 70 \\
\hline 2,473. 64 & 2, 473.64 & & \\
\hline 1,000,000.00 & & & 1,000, 000.00 \\
\hline 2,000,000.00 & & & 2,000, 000.00 \\
\hline 100,000.00 & 100,000.00 & & \\
\hline 783, 902. 64 & & & 783, 902.64 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 61,619.21 \\
& 11,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] & 56, 247. 23 & 3, 103. 56 & \(2,268.42\)
\(11,000.00\) \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11,000.00 \\
& 14,833.89
\end{aligned}
\] & & & \(11,000.00\)
\(14,833.89\) \\
\hline 120,543. 37 & & & 120, 543.37 \\
\hline 12, 201.94 & 12,028. 52 & 155.17 & 18.25 \\
\hline \[
27,174.41
\] & & & 27, 174. 41 \\
\hline \(3,056.09\)
\(37,300.00\) & 3,050.09
6,000.00 & & 31,300.00 \\
\hline 3, 410.43 & 2, 732.26 & 232.77 & 445.40 \\
\hline 20,700. 00 & & & 20,700.00 \\
\hline 6, 669. 50 & 1, 087.52 & & 4,681.98 \\
\hline 20,000.00 & & & 20,000.00 \\
\hline 2, 048.36 & 2.048.36 & & \\
\hline 114, 181.91 & 12,068.94 & & 102, 112. 97 \\
\hline 6, 941.73 & 6, 816.09 & & 125.64 \\
\hline 15,002.17 & 1, 388.13 & & 13,614.04 \\
\hline 1,583.79 & 1, 297. 48 & & 286.31 \\
\hline 134, 039.38 & & & - \(134,039.38\) \\
\hline 12, 023.75 & 9, 113. 59 & & 2,910.16 \\
\hline 264, 732.43 & 82, 408.35 & & 182, 32.4.08 \\
\hline 21, 992. 72 & 2, 666. 84 & & 19,325. 58 \\
\hline 8, 175, 725.82 & 557.66 & & 8.175,168. 16 \\
\hline 1, 123, 322.25 & 402,558. 01 & & 720, 764. 24 \\
\hline 119, 911.53 & & & 119,911.53 \\
\hline 7,092. 68 & 6,010.17 & & 1,082.51 \\
\hline \(601,085.88\) & & & 601, 085.38 \\
\hline 75, 685.60 & 37,165. 60 & & 38,5192.94 \\
\hline 70, 000.00 & & & 70,000. 00 \\
\hline 3,774.86 & \(3,500.00\) & & 274.86 \\
\hline 3, 179, 553. 86 & 3, 034, 750.04 & 103, 058.23 & 20, 041, 744.69 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Aprropriations Unexpended June 30 , 1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of ap. propriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, & Amounts carried to the surplus fand June 30, 1891 . & Balances of appropriatious June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & \(\bigcirc\) & & & & & . \\
\hline Brought forwar & & \$17, 370, 708, 71 & \$5, 537, 301. 60 & \$271, 543. 55 & \$23, 179, 533.86 & \$3, 034, 750.94 & \$103, 058.23 & \$20, 041, 744. 69 \\
\hline Pawnee fund . & & 298,625.07 & 10,571. 34 & & 309, 196. 41 & & & 309, 196. 41 \\
\hline Interest on & & 9,969. 99 & 14,986. 76 & 632.29 & - 25,589.04 & 17,078. 27 & ............... & 8,510.77 \\
\hline Pottawatomie education fand & & 76, 993, 93 & & & 76, 993. 93 & & & 76,993.93 \\
\hline Interest on : & ...... & 1, 822. 02 & 3, 849. 70 & 16.45 & 5, 688. 17 & 5,180.69 & & 507. 4.8 \\
\hline Pottawatomie general fund & & \(89,618.57\)
\(15,304.31\) & 4,480.92 & 146.16 & \(89,618.57\)
\(19,931.39\) & 10.324.76 & & \(89,618.57\)
\(9,600.63\) \\
\hline Pottrwatomie milis fund & & 17, 482.07 & 4,480. 2 & 140.10 & 17, 482, 07 & 10.324 .76 & & 17,482.07 \\
\hline Interest on & & 2, 045.57 & 874.10 & & 2, 919.67 & 887.49 & & 2,032. 18 \\
\hline Sac and Fox of the Mississippi fund & & 55, 058, 21 & & & 55, 058. 21 & & & 55,058. 21 \\
\hline Interest on ............... & & 1,871,44 & 2, 752.92 & & .4,62.1.36 & 3,468.09 & & 1,156. 27 \\
\hline Sac and Fox of the Missouri fand. & & 21, 65.12 & & & 21, 659. 12 & & & 21,659.12 \\
\hline Interest on & & 10, 668. 04 & 1,082. 96 & & 11,751.00 & & & 11,751.00 \\
\hline Santee Sioux fund & & 20,000. 00 & & & 20,000.00 & & & \(20,000.00\) \\
\hline Interest on. & & 1, 436.30 & 1,000.00. & & 2, 456.30 & & & \(2,436.30\) \\
\hline Seminole general fund & & 1,500, 000.00 & & & 1,500, 000.00 & & & 1,500, 000.00 \\
\hline Interest on & & & 75,000:00 & & 75, 000.00 & 75,000.00 & & \\
\hline Seneca fund.. & & 40,979.60 & & & 40, 979. 60 & & & 40,979.60 \\
\hline Interest on & & 47.12 & 2, 048,98 & 10. 83 & 2,104.93 & 2,070.64 & & -36.29 \\
\hline Seneca fund, Tonawanda band & & 86, 950.00 & & & 86,950.00 & & & 86,950.00 \\
\hline Interest on....... & & 4. 669.28 & 4,347. 50 & 10.70 & 9,027.48 & 4,347.50 & & 4,679.98 \\
\hline Seneca and Shawnee fund & & 15, 140.42 & 757.02 & & \(15,140.42\)
788.14 & 757.02 & & 15, 140.42 \\
\hline Shawnee fimd. & & 1,985.65 & 751.02 & & 1,985. 65 & 751.02 & & 1,985. 65 \\
\hline Interest oll & & 1951. 23 & 99.28 & & 1,050. 51 & 342.70 & & 1, 707.81 \\
\hline Eastern Shawnee fiond & & 9,079.15 & & & 9,079. 12 & & & 9, 079.1.2 \\
\hline Interest on.. & & 343.83 & 453.96 & & 797.79 & 666. 56 & & 130.93 \\
\hline Shoshone and Bamnock fund & & 13, 621. 04 & & & 13, 621.04 & & & 13, 621.04 \\
\hline Interest on... & & 2, 479.06 & 681.06 & & 3, 160.62 & & & 3,160.62 \\
\hline Stockbridge consolidated fund & & 75, 988.60 & & & \(75,988.60\) & & & 75, 988.60 \\
\hline Interest on. & & \(2,239.12\) & 3,799.42 & 104.32 & \(6,162.86\) & 5,498.62 & & 664.24 \\
\hline Umatilla school fund & & 59, 463.64 & 146.80 & & 59, 610.44 & 7,740.00 & & 51,870.44 \\
\hline Interest on. & & 1,279. 17 & 2,916.09 & 30.00 & 4, 225. 26 & 4,225. 26 & & \\
\hline Umatilla general fund. & & & 3,400.00 & & 3, 400. 00 & & & 3, 400.00 \\
\hline Ute 5 per celit. & & \(500,000.00\) & & & 500, 000.00 & & & 500, 000.00 \\
\hline Ute Interest on l . & & \(65,522.73\)
\(1,250,000.00\) & 25, 000.00 & 328.32 & \(90,851.05\)
\(1,250,000.00\) & 19, 435. 23 & & \(71,45.82\)
\(1,250,000.00\) \\
\hline Interest on & & 1, 38,991. 26 & 50,000.00 & 537.85 & 1, 89,529.11. & 46, 146.71 & & 1, 43, 382.40 \\
\hline Uintah and White River Ute & & 3,340.00 & & & 3,340.00 & & & 3, 340.00 \\
\hline Interest on.. & & & 167.00 & & 167.00 & & & 167.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline - Specific acts of appropriations. & Fear. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate avallable during the fiscal year ending June 20, 1891. & Payments during fiscal year jear ending June 30, 1891. & Accounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$21, 710, 742. 11 & \$7, 828, 328. 26 & \$277, 459.47 & \$29, 816, 529.84 & \$3,317, 958.57 & \$112, 951. 08 & \$26, 385, 620. 19 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Incidentals in-Continued. \\
Nevada, including support and civilization
\end{tabular} & 1890 & 1,440.07 & & 324.79 & 1, 764. 86 & 427.52 & & 1,337,34 \\
\hline Nevada, including support and civinzation & 1889 & 1,753. 42 & & 324.79
14.00 & 1,767.42 & 154. 29 & 1,613.13 & \({ }_{1}^{1,35.34}\) \\
\hline Do & 1888* & & & 25.48 & 25.48 & & 25.48 & \[
\therefore
\] \\
\hline New Mexico, including employes, support, and civilization & 1891 & & 5,000,00 & 383.00 & 5,383.00 & 5,186. 82 & & 196.18 \\
\hline Do....................................... & 1890 & 177.80 & & 707.47 & 885.27 & , 285.52 & & 599.75 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 608.10 & & & 008.10 & 44.00 & 564.10 & \\
\hline Do............................. & 1888* & & & 8.00 & 8.00 & & 8:00 & ................ \\
\hline New Mexico, including employes, support, and civilization, certified claims & & & 4.00 & & 4.00 & 4. 00 & & \\
\hline Oregon, employés .............................................. & 1891 & & 6,000,00 & 4.96 & 6, 004.96 & 6,004. 96 & & \\
\hline Do.... & 1890 & 39.44 & & 4. 20 & 43.64 & & & 43.64 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 38.52 & ........... & & 38. 52 & . 43 & 38.09 & \\
\hline Do..... & 18887 & & & . 50 & . 50 & . 50 & & \\
\hline Oregon, employés, certified claims & & 54.00 & & & 54.00 & & & 54.00 \\
\hline Oregon, including support and civilization & 1891 & & 10,000.00 & 52.09 & 10,052.09 & 10,052. 09 & & 60275 \\
\hline Do & 1890
1889 & \(1,177.18\)
\(1,528.24\) & & 652.37
188.35 & 1, \(1,716.59\) & 1, 226.80 & 1,714.84 & 602.75 \\
\hline Do & 1888 t & & & -3.50 & 3.50 & 3. 50 & & \\
\hline Otah, including employes, support and civilization.. & 1891 & & 8,000.00 & & 8, 000.00 & 7,842.21 & & 1.57.79 \\
\hline  & 1890 & 1,343. 25 & & 338.15 & 1, 681. 40 & 32.50 & & 1,648.90 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 84.73 & - & 1.44
.35 & 86.17
.35 & & 86.17
.35 & \\
\hline Do.............................................. & \(1888^{\circ}\) & & & 140.53 & 140.53 & 140.53 & & \\
\hline Ttah, including employes, support, and civilization, certified claims & & & 8.00 & & 8.00 & 8.00 & & \\
\hline Washington, including emplosès, support and civil- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline ization ........................... & 1891
1890 & 1,510.64 & 16,000.00 & \(1,489.08\)
529.46 & \(17,489.08\)
\(2,040.10\) & \(17,063.61\)
\(1,005.41\) & & 425.47
\(1,034.69\) \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 1, 354.68 & & 400.00 & 1,754.68 & 1, 189.04 & 1.565.64 & \\
\hline Do & 1888* & & & 388.11 & 388.11 & 389.11 & & \\
\hline Wyoming & 1891 & & l, 000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & \\
\hline 110 & 1890 & 533.66 & & 4.59 & 538.25 & 485.78 & & 52.47 \\
\hline Do. & 1889. & 232. 91 & & & 232.91 & & 232.91 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Support of- \\
Apaches, Kiowas, and Comanches, clothing
\end{tabular} & 1891 & & 11, 000.00 & & 11,000.00 & 11,000.00 & & \\
\hline Do.................................... & 1890 & 64. 64 & & & 64. 64 & 11,000.00 & & 64. 64 \\
\hline Do........................ & 1889 & 107.00 & & & 107.00 & & 107.00 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Indians of Arizona and New Mexico, certified clai & & & 1, 200. 19 & & 1,206. 19 & 1,206.19 & & \\
\hline Indians at Fort Hall Reservation . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 1891 & & 13,000.00 & 109.07 & 13, 109.07 & 13,071.98 & . & 37.09 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 141. 35 & & 57.70 & 199.05 & & & 199.05 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 645.77 & & 11. 66 & 657.43 & & 657.43 & \\
\hline Do & 18881 & & & 6. 30 & 6.30 & & 6.30 & \\
\hline Indians at Fort Peek Agency, certified claims & & & 430.90 & & 430.90 & 430.90 & & \\
\hline Indians of Klamath Agency .................... & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & 1,176.07 & 6, 176.07 & 5,785.93 & & 300.14 \\
\hline Do........................ & 1.890 & 1, 118.65 & & 142. 69 & 1, 261.34 & 1,081.00 & & 180.34 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 121.54 & & & 121.54 & & 121. 54 & \\
\hline Indians of Lemhi Agency & 1.891 & & 14, 000.00 & 129. 26 & 14, 129.26 & 11, 880.81 & & 2,248.45 \\
\hline Do........ & 1890 & 2,969.73 & & 163.12 & 3,132.85 & 75.00 & & 3,057. 85 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 3, 060. 24 & & & 3, 060.24 & & 3,060, 24 & \\
\hline Kansas Indians & 1891 & & 2,500,00 & ¢35. 30 & 2,535. 30 & 2, 246.97 & & 288.33 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 653.83 & & 15.70 & -669.53 & 26.52 & & 643.01 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 545.55 & & . 48 & 546.03 & & 546.03 & \\
\hline Kickapoos & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & \(5,000.00\) & 3, 969. 63 & & 1, 030.37 \\
\hline Do. & 1.890 & 3, 814.91 & & & 3,814.91 & 3, 093. 50 & & 721.41 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 1,575. 23 & & & 1,575. 23 & & 1,575.23 & \\
\hline Makalis. & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & 125.70. & 4, 125. 70 & 3,569. 28 & & 556.42 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 2, 024. 92 & & 204. 36 & 2, 229. 28 & & & 2, 229, 28 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 1,309.34 & & & 1, 309.34 & & 1,309. 34 & \\
\hline Menomonees & 1891 & & 4,000. 00 & & 4,000.00 & 3,966. 84 & & 33.16 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 150.80 & & 73.90 & 224.70 & 224.70 & & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 138.50 & & & 138.50 & & 138.50 & \\
\hline Modocs in the Indian Territory & 1891 & & 4, 000.00 & & 4, 000.00 & 3, 638. 55 & & 361.45 \\
\hline Do & 1.890 & 591.37 & & & 591.37 & 250.00 & 59718 & 341. 37. \\
\hline Modos in the Indian Territ & 1889 & 597.18 & 2.00 & & 597.18
2.00 & 2.00 & 597.18 & …............. \\
\hline Molels........................................ & -1891 & & 3,000.00 & 353.80 & 3,353.80 & 3,353.80 & & \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 100.38 & 3,00.00 & & \(\stackrel{100.38}{ }\) & 3,35.80 & & 100.38 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 42.94 & & . 43 & 43.37 & & 43.37 & ............... \\
\hline Moquis & \(\{1891\}\) & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 & 4,672.03. & & 5,327.97 \\
\hline Navajoes & 1891 & & 7,500.00 & 92.95 & 7;592.95 & 7, 479. 19 & & 113.76 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 360.76 & & 616.09 & 976.85 & 500.00 & & 476.85 \\
\hline Do & 1.889 & 320.33 & & . 26 & 320.59 & & 320.59 & \\
\hline Nez P'erces & 1891 & & 6,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 4,677.26 & & 1, 322. 74 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 444.83 & & 43.98 & 488.81 & 155.50 & & 383.31 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 962.62 & & & 962.62 & & 962.62 & \\
\hline Nez Perces in Idaho & 1.891 & & 6,500. 00 & & 6,500.00 & 6,159.96 & & 340.04 \\
\hline Do & -1890 & . 54 & & 159. 59 & 160.13 & & & 160.13 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 2,665. 58 & & 10.,13 & 2, 675.71 & & 2,675. 71 & \\
\hline Nez Perces of Joseph's band & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & \(2,095.40\) & 14,095.40 & 12,628.50 & & 1, 466.90 \\
\hline Do............... & 1890
1899 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
3, \\
\(\mathbf{9}, 183.71\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & & 1,402.40 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5,267.11 \\
& 0,182
\end{aligned}
\] & & 9,183. 70 & 5,267. 11 \\
\hline Do & 1888 + & 9, 183.70 & & 13.02 & -13.02 & 13.02 & ............... & \\
\hline Nez Perces of Joseph's band, certified claims. & & & 14.00 & & 14.00 & 14.00 & & \\
\hline Carried formard. & & 21, 815, 897. 19 & 8, 687, 509. 35 & 303, 916, 55 & 30,807, 323.09 & 4,159, 623.48 & 162,137. 88 & \(26,485,561.73\) \\
\hline * And prior years. & & & & ta & ad prior year : t & transfer account. & & - \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended, June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year, & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year fending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate arailable dur. ing the fiscal year ending June \(30,1891\). & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amonnts carried to the surplas fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations Jume 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Support, of-Continued. & & \$21, 815, 897. 19 & \$8, 687, 509. 35 & \$303, 916.55 & \$30, 807, 323. 09 & \$4, 159, 623.48 & \$162, 137. 88 & \$26, 485, 561.73 \\
\hline Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, beneficial objects & 1889 & 2,370. 01 & & . 01 & 2,370.02 & & 2,370.02 & \\
\hline Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, Tongue River.. & 1891 & 2,370.01 & 25,000.00 & & 25, 000.00 & 25,000.00 & 2,370.02 & \\
\hline Northern Cheyeunes and Arapahoes, clothing........ & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & & 12, 000.00 & 8,990.91 & & 3,009.09 \\
\hline Do.......... & 1890 & 506. 58 & & & 506.58
\(3,025.46\) & 506.58 & 3, 025.46 & \\
\hline Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, clothing, certified claims & 188 & 025. 46 & 16.00 & & \(3,025.46\)
16.00 & 16.00 & 3, 25.46 & \\
\hline Northem Cheyennes and Arapahoes, certified claims. & & 170.00 & & & 170.00 & & & 170.00 \\
\hline Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, employes ...... & 1891 & & 9,000, 00 & & \(9,000.00\) & 8,937. 63 & & 62. 37 \\
\hline Do................................................ & \(1890{ }^{\circ}\) & 2, 221.90 & & 65.40 & 2, 287.30 & 2, 213.00 & & 74.30 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 651.96 & & & 651.96 & & 651.96 & \\
\hline Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, subsistence and civilization: & 1891 & & 35, 000.00 & 318. 28 & 35,318. 28 & 31, 870.37 & & 3,447.91 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,124. 25 & & 663.30 & 1,787. 55 & 1,786.88 & & . 67 \\
\hline Oneidas in Wisconsiu & 1889 & 1,082.98 & & & 1, 082.98 & & 1,082.98 & \\
\hline Pawnees, schools & 1891 & & 10,000.00 & 58.43 & 10,058. 43 & 10,006. 51 & & 51.92 \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 1,488.75 & 1,488.75 & 6.00 & & 1, 482.75 \\
\hline Do... & 1889 & 2,703. 08 & & & 2,703. 08 & & 2,703. 08 & \\
\hline Pawnees, iron, steel, etc & 1891. & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 302.52 & & 197.48 \\
\hline Do................. & 1890 & 114.04 & & & 114.04 & & & 114.04 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 137. 16 & & & 137.16 & & 187.16 & \\
\hline Pawnees, employes, etc & 1891 & & 6,600.00 & & 6, 600.00 & 6,226. 52 & & 373.48 \\
\hline Do.......... & 1890 & 267. 19 & & 7.94 & 275.13 & & & 275.13 \\
\hline Do.. & 1889 & 519. 21 & & & - 519.21 & & 519.21 & ............... \\
\hline Poncas. & \({ }^{1888} 8\) & & 18.000.00 & 6.16
\(1,083.06\) & 6.16
\(19,083.06\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6.16 \\
18,607.27
\end{array}
\] & & 475.79 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,548.05 & & 1,925.81 & 2,473.86 & 18, 503.17 & & 1,970,69 \\
\hline Poncas, civilization & 1889 & 142, 81 & & & 442.81 & & 442.81 & 1, 1 , 68 \\
\hline Poncas, subsistence & 1889 & 695.70 & & & 695.70 & & 695.70 & \\
\hline Quapaws, education & 1891 & & 1,000, 00 & & 1,000.00 & 1, 000,00 & & \\
\hline D Do... & 1890 & 21.53 & & & 21.53 & & & 21.53 \\
\hline Do.. & 1889 & 13.47 & & & 13.47 & & 13.47 & \\
\hline Quapaws, employes, et & 1891 & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 415.74 & & 84. 26 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 105. 44 & & & 105. 44 & 105. 44 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 118.31 & & & 118.31 & & 118.31 & \\
\hline Quinaiels and Quillehutes & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & & 4, 000.00 & 2,589. 23 & & 1, 410.77 \\
\hline Do.......... & 1890 & 520. 64 & & 300.00 & 820.64 & & & 820.64 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year: & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June \(30,1891\). & Aggregate avaslable during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal jear ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30; 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS - continued. & - & & & & & & & \\
\hline - Brought forward & & \$21, 865, 471.22 & \$10, 323, 273.51 & \$319, 201.37 & \$32, 507, 940.10 & \$5, 738, 805.81 & \$187, 981.26 & \$26, 581, 159.03 \\
\hline Support of-Continued. S'Klallams. & 1891 & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & 1,348.00 & & \\
\hline Do............ & 1890 & 2,769.87 & 00.00 & 5.44 & 2,775. 31 & & & 2,775.31 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 2,521.58 & & & 2,521.58 & & 2, 521.58 & \\
\hline Tonkawas & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & 3,042.75 & & 1,957. 25 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 480.26 & & & 480.26 & 325.52 & & 154.74 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 756.08 & & & - 756.08 & & 756.08 & \\
\hline Walla Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla tribes & 1891 & & 6.500.00 & & 6,500. 00 & 5, 716. 30 & & 783.70 \\
\hline Do............... & 1890 & 1, 743.56 & & 20.05 & 1,723.61 & 1, 165.00 & & 558.61 \\
\hline Do.................... & 1889 & 467.60 & & & 467.60 & & - 467.60 & \\
\hline Yakamas and other Iudians
Do.................... & 1891 & & 10,000.00 & 227.09 & 10,227.09 & 10,117.62 & & 109.47
\(+\quad 103.78\) \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,808.42 & & 148.66 & 1,957.08 & 1,853.30 & & - 103.78 \\
\hline Do. & 1888* & 3, 1868.74 & & 49.44 & , 49.44 & & 49.44 & \\
\hline Civilization and support of Sioux Madawak & & 11, 820.00 & \(8,000.00\) & & 19,820.00 & 11, 820.00 & & 8,000.00 \\
\hline - Indian school, support ................... & 1891 & & 776,870.00 & 9, 144. 21 & 786, 014. 21 & 738, 278.39 & & 47, 735. 82 \\
\hline Indian schools suppor & 1890
1889 & 71, 806. 81
\(51,358.98\) & & 31,018.81 & 102, 825.62 & \(101,836.43\)
\(1,410.14\) & & \\
\hline Indian schools support & \(1889{ }^{18}\) & 51,358.98 & & \(1,154.05\)
312.28 & 52, 513.08 & 1,410.14 & \(51,102.89\)
312.28 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888* & & & 95.71 & 95.71 & 95.71 & & \\
\hline Indian schools support, certified claims & & & 23.28 & & 23.28 & 23. 28 & & \\
\hline Indiau schools in States, support & 1891 & & 75,000.00 & & 75, 000.00 & 36, 557. 16 & & 38, 442.84 \\
\hline Do...................... & 1890 & 23, 333. 12 & & & 23,333. 12 & 22, 431.65 & & 901.47 \\
\hline Indian schools, stock cattle & 1891 & & 10,000.00 & 730.00 & 10,730.00 & 10,730.00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 4, 807. 00 & & 237.42 & 5,044. 42 & 4,130.00 & & 914.42 \\
\hline Do. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1889 \\
& 1888^{*}
\end{aligned}
\] & 3,857. 00 & & 11.50 & \(3,857.00\)
11.50 & .................. & \[
3,857.00
\] & \\
\hline Do. & \(491\}\) & & 5,000. 00 & & 5,000.00 & 2,524.00 & & 2, 476.00 \\
\hline Indian schools, transportation & 1891 & & 40,000.00 & & \(40,000.00\) & 29,977.46 & & 10,022.54 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & \(279.51{ }^{-}\) & & 236.50 & 516.01 & 386. 11 & & 129.90 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 2,360. 25 & & 4.19 & 2. 364.44 & 761, 71 & 1, 602.73 & \\
\hline Do. & 1888 & & & 234.00. & 234.00 & & 234.00 & \\
\hline Dndian Do.............. & 1888 t & & & 5, 47.44 & 187 47.44 & 130, 47. 44 & & \\
\hline Indian schools, buildings
Indian school buildings: & & 56, 5 '33. 40 & 125,000.00 & 5,909.42 & 187, 442.82 & 130, 963. 34 & & 56, 479.48 \\
\hline Indian school buildings: Carlisle, Pa. & & & 10,000. 00 & & 10,000. 00 & & & 10,000. 00 \\
\hline Flandreau, S. Dak & & & 25,000.00 & & 25.000 .00 & & & 25,000.00 \\
\hline Ormsly County, Nev & & 11,404.00 & & & 11, 404.00 & 11,331. 80 & & 72.20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Pierre, Dak'. & & 2,717.50 & & & 2,717.50 & 2,501. 00 & & 50 \\
\hline Shoshone Reservation, Wyo & & 2,717.50 & 25,000.00 & & 25, 000.00 & 2, 01.00 & & 25,000.00 \({ }^{\text {, }}\) \\
\hline Sionx Nation ............... & & & 30,000.00 & & \(30,000.00\) & 2,000.00 & & 28, 000.00 \\
\hline Indian school buildings and grounds, Lawrence, Kans & & 329.00 & & & 329.00 & & & 329.00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Indian schools:/ \\
Albuquerque, N. Mex., support
\end{tabular} & 1891 & & 46,500.00 & & 46, 500.00 & 44, 3\%7. 30 & & \(2,172.20\) \\
\hline H : Do......................... & 1890 & 7,340. 57 & & 8.95 & 7, 349. 52 & 2,276. 10 & & 5, 073.42 \\
\hline co Do. & 1889 & 4,024.80 & & 3.25 & 4,028.05 & -352, 21 & 3,675:84 & \\
\hline Bamning, Cal., support & 1891 & & - 12,500.00 & & 12, 500.00 & 6, 172: 55 & & 6,327,45 \\
\hline - Blackfeet A gency, Mont., support & 1891 & & 12,500, 00 & & 12,500.00 & \(\stackrel{3}{\square} 518.03\) & & 8,981.97 \\
\hline - Carlisle, Pa., support. ............... & 1891 & & 111, 000.00 & 6, 046. 16 & 117, 046. 16 & 114, 777. 62 & & 2, 268.54 \\
\hline ¢ Do. \({ }^{\text {do. }}\) & 1890 & 3,142.92 & & 191.23 & \(3,334.15\) & 3,332. 13 & & \(\underline{2} 02\) \\
\hline - Caslisle, Pa., support, certified cla & & 16. 40 & & & 16. 40 & & & 16. 40 \\
\hline Carson City, Nev., support....... & 1891 & & 25, 000.00 & 1,250.00 & \(26,250.00\) & 20, 109.21 & & 140.79 \\
\hline Cherokee, N. C., support .- & 1891 & & 13,360. 00 & & 13, 360.00 & 10, 020.00 & & 3,340.00 \\
\hline Do... & 1890 & 3,000:00 & & & 3,000.00 & 3, 0000.00 & & \\
\hline Chilocco, Ind. T., support & 1891 & & 50,000.00 & 1.75 & 50, 001. 75 & 47.094. 47 & & 2,907. 28 \\
\hline Do.:.......... & 1890 & 3,300.46 & & 1,061.06 & 4,361. 52 & 875.13 & & 3,486. 39 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 3,906. 61 & & 141.76 & 4, 108.37 & 174.12 & 3,934. 25 & \\
\hline Clontarf, Minn, suppo & 1891 & & 15, 000.00 & & 15, 000.00 & 9,783. 22 & & 5,216. 78 \\
\hline Do.............. & \(1890^{\circ}\) & 4, 135.24 & 15, & & 4,185.24 & 3, 826.64 & & 308. 60 \\
\hline Genoa, Nebr., suppor & 1891 & & 50,000.00 & 4,986. 84 & 54, 986.84 & 47, 624.33 & & 7,362. 51 \\
\hline Do.............. & 1890 & 4, 529. 28 & & 17.11 & 4,546.39 & \({ }_{4}^{4}, 513.70\) & & 32.69 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 7,063.24 & & 93. 59 & 7,156.83 & 1,344. 16 & 5,812.67 & \\
\hline Do & 1888t & & & 18. 25 & 18.25 & 18.25 & & \\
\hline Genoa, Nebr., support certified clain & & & 2.75 & & 2.75 & 2.75 & & \\
\hline Grand Junction, Colo., support & 1891 & & 35, 000.00 & 1.30 & 35, 001.30 & 22,647. 30 & & 12.35 3.00 \\
\hline Do .: & J 890 & 1, 142. 62 & & 383.94 & ],526.56 & & & 1,526. 56 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 3, 381.80 & & & 3, 381.80 & 24. 50 & 3,357. 30 & \\
\hline Hampton, Fa., support & 1891
1890 & & - 20,040.00 & & \(20,040.00\)
\(\overline{\mathrm{j}}, 369.41\) & \(14,098,33\)
\(5,010.00\) & & \(5,941.67\)
350.41 \\
\hline Do. & 1889. & \(5,780.56\) & & & - 389.41 & & 780.56 & \\
\hline Hampton, Va, transportation of free pupils & 1889 & 575.16 & & & - 575.16 & & 575.16 & \\
\hline Lawrence, Kans., support................... & 1891 & & 122, 500.00 & 1, 204. 29 & 123, 794. 29 & 100, 264.55 & & 23,529.74 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 11, 8677.86 & & 69.66 & 11, 937. 52 & 6, 805. 22 & & 5, 05t. 30 \\
\hline Lawrence, Kans., support certified claim & 1889 & 11, 065. 88 & 110.00 & & 11, 065.88 & 110.00 & 11, 065.88 & \\
\hline Lawrence, Kans., wagon road.. & & 3,230.47 & & & 3,230.47 & 3, 098.33 & & 132.14 \\
\hline Lawrence, Kaus., water supply & 1889 & 1,000.00 & & & 1, 000.00 & & 1,000. 00 & \\
\hline Lawrence, Kans., heating apparatus & & 9, 454, 07 & & 34.35 & 9,488.42 & 8, 483. 92 & & 1, 004. 50 \\
\hline Lincoln Institution, Phifadelphia, Pa., sup & 1891 & & \(33,400.00\) & & \(33,400.00\). & 24, 246.76 & & 9.153. 24 \\
\hline Do. & 1.890 & 8,350.00 & & & 8,350.00 & 8,350.00 & & \\
\hline In. Minnesota for Chippewas, support & 1891 & & 15, 000. 00 & & 15, 000. 00 & . 10, 950.27 & & 4, 049.73 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 5,333.75 & & & 5,333.75 & 3,750.00 & & 1,583. 75 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 274.75 & & & 51.274.75 & & 274.75 & \\
\hline Pierre, S. Dak., support
Do.............. & 1891 & \[
16,000.00
\] & 35, 000.00 & & \(51,000.00\)
\(10,391.67\) & \(27,368.12\)
521.16 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
23,631.88 \\
9,870.51
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 8,726.59 & & 1,665.08 & 10,391. 67 & - 521.16 & & \[
9,870.51
\] \\
\hline Cairied forward & & 22,246, 726.82 & 12; 075, 579.54 & 386, 056.15 & -34, 708, 362. 51 & \(7,435,140.80\) & 282, 441.99 & 26,990,779. 72 \\
\hline * And prior ycar & & & & tand p & years, transf & account. & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropritions Unexpended Junte 30 , 1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending J゙une \(30,1891\). & Repayments: during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & & * & & . & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$22, 246, 720. 82 & \$12, 075, 579.54 & \$386, 056. 15 & \$3,1,708.362.51 & \$7,485, 140.80 & \$282, 441. 99 & \$26, 990; 779.72 \\
\hline Indian schools-Continued. Rensselaer, Ind., suppor & 1891 & & 330.04 & & 8,330, 00 & 4, 165. 20 & & 4, 164. 80 \\
\hline Salem, Oregon, suppor & 1801 & & 70,700.00 & 148.72 & 70, 808.72 & 42,292.42 & & 28,606.30 \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & 6, 833.98 & & 721.31 & 7,555. 29 & 6,512. 28 & & 1, 043.01 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 5,910. 91 & & 48. 11 & 5, 959. 12 & & 5,959.02 & \\
\hline Santa Fe, N. Mex., sup & 1891 & & 25, 000.00 & & 25. 000.00 & 23, 214.76 & & 1,.785. 24 \\
\hline St. Ignatius Mission, Mont., sup & 1891 & & 45,000.00 & & 45,000. 00 & 31, 040.35 & & 13, 959. 65 \\
\hline Do................... & 1890 & 24,617.47 & & & 24, 617. 47 & \(8,417.30\) & & 16, 200. 17 \\
\hline Wabash, Ind., suppor & 1891 & & 10,020.00 & & 10,020.00 & 7,515.00 & & 2,505. 00 \\
\hline Do............... & 1800 & 2,505.00 & & & 2,505.00 & 2,505.00 & & \\
\hline School buildings and support of Indian school, Santa Fé, N. Mex. & & 10, 402. 30 & & & 10,402,30 & 10,402. 30 & & \\
\hline Adjusting differences between Indians of Pine Ridge and Rose Bud reservations, S. Dak & & 10, 402. 30 & 6, 000. 00 & & \(10,402,30\)
\(6,000.00\) & \(10,402.30\)
\(5,000.00\) & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Allotments to Cheyennes and Arapahoes in Oklahoma.. & & & \(15 ; 000.00\) & & 15,000.00 & 7,500.00 & & 7,500.00 \\
\hline Appraisal and sale of lands patented to certain Flatheads in Montana (reimbursable) & & & 1, 057.00 & & 1,057.00 & 1,057.00 & & \\
\hline Aiding Indian allottees under act February 8,1887 (reim- & * & & & & 1,05.00 & \(1,057.00\) & & \\
\hline bursable) ............................................. & & 54, 074.32 & & 155.00 & 54,229.32 & 11, 262. 66 & & 42,966. 66 \\
\hline appraisal of a portion of the Pipeston Indian Reservation (reimbursable) & & 20.63 & & & 20.63 & & & 20.63 \\
\hline A? anance interest to Chippewas of Minnesota (reimburs. able. & & 90,000.00 & & 1,073. 07 & 91, 073.07 & 90,000, 00 & & 1, 073.07 \\
\hline Sdditional beef, Sioux Nation & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000.00 & & & - 100,000.00 \\
\hline Advance interest to Sioux Nation (reimbursable) ........ & & & 150,000. 60 & 12,344.80 & 162, 344.90 & 12,344.90 & & 150, 000.00 \\
\hline Ascertaining damages to settlers, Crow Creek and Winnebago reservations & & & 3,500.00 & & 3,500.00 & 2,500.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
A ppraisement and sale of Round Valley Indian Reserva- \\
tion (reimbursable)
\end{tabular} & & & 25, 000. 00 & 315.35 & 25,315.35 & 5,270.59 & & 20, 044.76 \\
\hline Bridges Wind River Reservation, Wyoming & & 9,980.00 & & & 9,980.00 & 9, 100.00 & & 880.00 \\
\hline Briciges Santee Sioux and Ponca reservations & & 608.82 & & & 608.82 & & & 608.82 \\
\hline Commission to negotiate with- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline - Cherokees and other Indians & & & 35, 000.00 & & 35,000.00 & 20,000,00 & & \(15,000.00\) \\
\hline Chippewas in North Dakota and Minuesoti & & & 5, 000.00 & 106. 24 & 5, 106. 24 & 4.200. 00 & & 906: 9.4 \\
\hline Northern Cheyennes & & & 5,000.00 & & \(5,000.00\) & 3,000.00 & & 2, 000.00 \\
\hline Sioux Indians. & & 94.42 & & & 94.42 & & 94.42 & \\
\hline Crows & & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & 4,000.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Utes of Southern Colorado. & & & 1, 000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 164.60 & & 835.40 \\
\hline Commission Puyallup Reservation. & & & 10,000.00 & 69.00 & 10,069.00 & 6,923, 05 & & 3, 145.95 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Commission Warm Springs and Colville reservations Conumission Mission Indians of Califorvia,
Counsel for Mission Indians Southern California
Emrollment of Cherokee, Freednen, Delaware, and Shaw

Fxpenses of litigation for Eastern Band of North Caro. lina Cherokees.
Education of Sioux Nation
Farm and school Umatilla Reservation (reimbursable).
Gratoity to certain Ute Indians
Homesteads for Indians.
Fomesteads for Seminoles in Florida
Investigating Indian depredation claims
Irrigaing Indian, I resvan reservations
rrigatiog Indian reservations in Arizona, Montana, and Nevada
Negotisting with
Creeks for ces
ens lands to Seminoles
Creeks, Seminoles, and Cherookees for modification
of treatian tribes, act February \(8,1887\).
Prairie Bands of Pottawatomie and Kickapoos of Kansas
Negotiating with and civilization of Chippewas of Min. nesota (rembursable)
New allotments under act February 8,1887 (reimburs. Payment

A bsentee Shawnees for lands
Cheyennes and Arapahoes in Oklahoma.
Chickasaws, for their interest in lands occupied by - Cheyennes and Arapahoes in Oklahoma

Choctaws, for their interest in lands occupied by
Cheyennes and Arapahoes in Oklahoma
Absentee Shawnees, Big Jim's Band
Agents of Cheroke, Freedmen, Delawares, and Shawnees
Chippewas of Minvesota, for damage
Cherokees, Freedmen, Delawares, and Shawnees (reimbursable)
Creek Nation, third article treaty, augustii, i866 riendly sioux and others, for property destroyed
George M. Chapman..
To Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws Kaw or Kansas Induan scrip.
Kickapoo citizens.
Mexican Pottawatomies
22, 663, 605. 32


403, 774. 40
\(6,000.00\)
\(10,000.00\)
\(2,500.00\)
\(17,955.57\)
\(3,500.00\)

\(2,500.00\)
\(150,000.00\)
\(10,000.00\)
\(8,119.71\)
\(10,397.50\)
\(4,255.27\)
\(23,333.30\)
\(9,762.95\)
\(30,000.00\)
\(75,000.00\)
\(32,250.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(2,813.54\)
\(30,477.43\)
2
\(40,289,234.70\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \(6,000.00\)
6, 000.00 & & 4,000.00 \\
\hline & & 4, 000.00
\(2,500.00\) \\
\hline 1,795.61 & & 16,159.96 \\
\hline 2,669.07 & & 830.93 \\
\hline 488.00 & & 2,012.00 \\
\hline 2, 000.00 & & 148, 000.00 \\
\hline 10,000.00 & & \\
\hline 8,000.00 & & 119.71 \\
\hline - 4,00 & & 10, 393. 50 \\
\hline 1,000.00 & & 3,255. 27 \\
\hline 17, 190.78 & & \(6,142.52\) \\
\hline 8, 904.64 & & 858.31 \\
\hline 575.00 & & 29,425. 00 \\
\hline & & 32, 950.00 \\
\hline & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline & & 5,000. 00 \\
\hline & & 2,813.54 \\
\hline 12, 456.10 & & 18, 021.33 \\
\hline 27,763.25 & & 36, 071.17 \\
\hline 100,000.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
65,000.00 \\
400,000.00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & & 747, 862.50 \\
\hline & & 2, 243,587. 50 \\
\hline 3,443.00 & & 13,772.00 \\
\hline 3,750.00 & & \\
\hline & & 150, 000.00 \\
\hline 62, 248. 00 & & 12,752.00 \\
\hline 400, 000.00 & & \\
\hline 359.33 & & 99, 640.67 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 422.20 \\
& 600.00
\end{aligned}
\] & 2. 20 & 2, 326.87 \\
\hline - 3, 140.93 & & 523.50 \\
\hline & & 600.42 \\
\hline 8,783.58 & & 675.79 \\
\hline 1,799. 55 & & 16,195.91 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balancles of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriatious July \(1,1890\). & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891 & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal Year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Payments during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Amountscarried to the surplus fond June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline INTERIOR-INDIANS-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forwar & & \$22, 663, 605.32 & \$17, 221, 854.98 & \$403, 774. 40 & \$ \(10,289,234.70\) & \$8, 517, 921.25. & \$293, 497.63 & \$31, 477, 815. 82 \\
\hline Payment to-Continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Pottawatomies, citizens. & & 5,289.45 & 2, 100.00 & & \(5,289.45\)
\(2,100.00\) & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 5,280.15 \\
& 2,100.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Red Clond and Red Leaf bands of Sioux, for ponies & & 88.300 & & & 28, 2000 & 28.200 & & \\
\hline Santee Sioux, Flandreau, S. Dak. (reimbursable) & & , & 45,000.00 & & 25,000.00 & 42,320.00 & & 2,680.00 \\
\hline Sionx of Devils Lake, for lands & & & 80, 000. 00 & & 80,000.00. & 607.10' & & 79,392.90 \\
\hline Senecas, for lands. & & & 1,405. 66 & 54.03 & 1,459.69 & 1, 427.28 & & \({ }^{32} .41\) \\
\hline Settlers on Wind River Indian Rese & & 7,157. 50 & & & 7,157. 50 & & & 7,157. 50 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Settlers on Navajoe Reservation . \\
Ute Indians, for individual improvements
\end{tabular} & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
857.83 \\
9,101.00
\end{array}
\] & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
857.83 \\
9,100.00
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
857.83 \\
9,100.00
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline Western Miamis........................... & & 3,693.31 & 61,971.03 & & 65̄, 663. 34 & 53,140.02 & & 12, 523.32 \\
\hline B. C. Hobbs ......................................... & & & 122. 50 & & 122.50 & 122.50 & & \\
\hline Standing Rock and Cheyenne River Indians, for
ponies & & & 200, 000. 00 & & 200, 000. 00 & & & 200, 000. 00 \\
\hline Estate of Charles E. Hedges & & & 11, 329.00 & & 11,329.00 & 11,329.00 & & \\
\hline Pottawatomie citizens in Oklahoma, for lands & & & 160,000.00 & & 160, 000.00 & & & 160,000. 00 \\
\hline Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi, in Oklahoma & & & 185, 000.00 & & 185, 000.00 & 99,000.00 & & 86,000.00 \\
\hline Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi, & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000.00. & & & 100, 000.00 \\
\hline Cceur d'Alene lindians .............................. & & & 500,000.00 & & 500, 000.00. & 6,500.00 & & 493, 500.00 \\
\hline St. Paul Railway Company & & & 15, 335.76 & & 15,335. 76 & & & 1.5, 335.76 \\
\hline Scouts and soldiers of Sisseton, Wahpeton, Medawakanton, and Wahpakoota Sioux. & & & 126, 620.00 & & 126,620.00 & & & 126, 620.00 \\
\hline Charles Adams ................... & & & 247.40 & & 247.40 & 237.40 & 10.00 & \\
\hline James Hollen, Hiram Avery, and Josepl & & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & & & 1,500.00 \\
\hline Wyandotte citizens....... & & & 13,000. 00 & & 13,000. 00 & & & 13, 000.00 \\
\hline Purchase of fishing station for Warm Springs Indians, Oregon & & 3,000.00 & & & 3,000.00 & & & 3,000. 00 \\
\hline Purchase of lands for Santee Sioux in Nebraska........... & & & 32,000.00 & & 32,000. 00 & & & \(32,000.00\) \\
\hline Relief of destitute Indians & & 697.53 & 25, 000. 00 & & 25, 697. 53 & 11, 268.00 & & 14,429.53 \\
\hline Relief and civilization of Chippewas in Minhesota (reimbursablo & & & 100, 000. 00 & & 100,000. 00 & 41, 356. 32 & & \\
\hline Relief of Indians of La Pointe Agency (reimbursable) -... & & \(75,000.00\) & & & 75, 000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & 72, 000.10 \\
\hline Relief of Sioux of Devils Lake Agency & & 1, 800.18 & & 4 & i, oftis is & 1,844. 19 & & \\
\hline Reliet of Shebits in Utah. & & & 10,000,00 & & 10,000. 00 & & & 10,000. 00 \\
\hline Reimbursement to Chickasaw Nation & & & 56,021.49 \({ }^{59.00}\) & & 56, 021.49 & \[
\begin{gathered}
56,021.49 \\
59.00
\end{gathered}
\] & & \\
\hline Rempursement to Anderson Healy & & 19, 356. 35 & 29.00 & & 19,356. 35 & & & 19, 356. 35 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Removal of Lemhi Indians to Fort Hall Reservation Reservoir at headwaters of the Mississippi, awards to Chippewas and Southwestern bands and Lake WinneSale of lands and removal and support of Iowas and Sacs and Foxes of the Missouri (reimbursable) Sale and allotment of Umatilla Reservation (reimbursable)..
 Surveying and allotting Indian reservations

Do
Do
Surveyingand aloting Indian reservations (reimbursable Surveying and allotting Indian reservations, certified claims.
Surveying and alloting for Chippewas in Minnesota (reimbursable)
Surveying boundary line for new Crow Reservation ... Surveying a portion of Fort Hall Reservation
Survey, appraisement, and sale of a portion of Fort Hall Keservation Ldaho (reimbursable) ……................. sipping in oklahoma

Unfinished allotments under act Feb. 8, i 1887 (reimburs
able)
Wagon
Total Interior Indian

\section*{INTERIOR-PENSIONS.}
Army \(p\)

Do.. Do
Army pensions, certified claims
Army pensions, certified clams................
Do
Fees of examining surgeons, Army pensions, certified claims....................

\section*{Pension agencies:}

Clerk hire
Do.
Carried forward
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(|\cdots \cdots \cdot|\) & 5,000. 00 & & & 5,000.00 & & & \(5,000.00\) \\
\hline & 15,663. 17 & & & 15,663.17 & & & 15,663. 17 \\
\hline & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline & 5,106. 13 & 5, 200000 & & 10, 106, 13 & 9, 245.05 & '.............. & 861.08 \\
\hline & & 1,700.18 & & \({ }^{\circ} 1,700.18\) & 1,701. 18 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 10,000.00 & & 10, 000. 00 & 6,339. 00 & & 3, 661. 00 \\
\hline 1890
1889 & 9, 800.56 & & & \(9,800.56\) & 4,293.40 & & 5,507.16 \\
\hline 1889 & \(9,771.65\)
\(54,720.10\) & & 6.25 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
9,771.65 \\
54,726.35
\end{array}
\] & 9,379.07 & 9,771:65 & 45,347. 28 \\
\hline & & 2,837. 26 & & 2,837. 26 & 2,837. 26 & & \\
\hline & & 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000.00 & 1,097.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
98,903.00 \\
7.500 .00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & 12,000.00 & 7,500.00 & & \(7,500.00\)
\(12,000.00\) & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7,500.00 \\
12,000.00
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.00 & 1,743.00 & & 257.00 \\
\hline & & \(6,000.00\) & & 6,000.00 & \(4,000.00\) & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline & & \[
1,000.00
\] & & 1,000.00 & 536.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
46.100 \\
2.92150
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & 1,400.00 & 1,500.00 & 1.50 & 2,901.50 & & & \[
2,991.50
\] \\
\hline & 5, 832.47. & 10, 000.00 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
204.66 \\
\mathrm{I}, 881.09
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16,037.13 \\
1,881.09
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16,030.38 \\
1,881.09
\end{array}
\] & & 6. 75 \\
\hline & 22,949, 050. 52 & 19, 094, 104. 26 & 405,965. 97 & 42, 449, 120.75 & 8,933,434.98 & 313, 237. 11 & 33, 202, 448. 66 \\
\hline 1891 & & 123, 269, 093. 89 & 4, 234, 586.74 & 127, 503, 680.63 & 124, 298, 219.18 & & 3,205,461.45 \\
\hline 1890 & 2,787.15 & & 209, 534.64 & 212,321. 79 & 24, 699. 25 & & 187, 622.54 \\
\hline 1889 & 98,933. 08 & & 9, 087. 92 & 108, 021.00 & 2,745.27 & 105, 275.73 & \\
\hline 1888* & 8, & & 17, 721. 20 & \[
\text { 17, 721. } 20
\] & & 17,721.20 & \\
\hline 1891 & & \(\mathrm{I}, 463, \begin{array}{r}273.03 \\ 000.00\end{array}\) & 46.11 & 273.03
\(1,463,046.11\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
273.03 \\
1,462,500.00
\end{array}
\] & & 546.11 \\
\hline 1890 & 150,913. 51 & 1, 117, 265. 45 & 175, 454.64 & 443, 633.60 & 1, \(443,217.95\) & & 415.65 \\
\hline 1889 & 194, 924.93 & & 55.00 & 194, 979.93 & 724.97 & 194, 254, 96 & \\
\hline & & 139. 25 & & 18.95 & 13.25 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 72, 000; 00 & 844.44 & 72, 844.44 & 72, 666. 67 & & 177.77 \\
\hline 1890 & 66.64 & & & 66.64 & & & \[
66.64
\] \\
\hline 1891 & & 285, 000.00 & 4,846.60 & 2S9, 846.60 & 289, 846.36 & . \(\quad . .\). & .2is \({ }^{24}\) \\
\hline 1890 & & & 883.31 & 883.31 & & & 883.31 \\
\hline & 447, 625.31 & 125, 206, 645.02 & 4,653,000.60 & 130, 307,331. 53 & 126, 594, 905. 93 & 317, 251.89 & 3, 395, 173. 71 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Approphations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amousts Cahried to tife Surples Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal ycar ending June 30, 1891 . & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts car. ried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balance of appropriations June 30, 1891 . \\
\hline INTERIOR-PENSIONS-cOntinued. & & & \({ }^{\circ}\) & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward ........... & & \$447, 625.31 & \$125, 206, 645.62 & \$4, 653, 060.60 & \$180, 307, 331, 53 & \$126,594, 905. 93 & \$317, 251. 89 & \$3, 395, 173. 71 \\
\hline Pension agencies-Continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline , Clerk hire..... & \begin{tabular}{|}
1889 \\
1891
\end{tabular} & 622.59 & & & \% 622.59 & & 622.59 & \\
\hline Rents....
Do.... & 1891 & 5,734.50 & 18,200.00 & 651.84 & \(18,851.84\)
\(5,734.50\) & 18,084. 17 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
767.67 \\
5.734 .50
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 3,929.99 & & & 3, 929.99 & & 3,929.99 & \\
\hline Fuel. & 1891 & & 750.00 & 4.95 & 754.95 & 200.00 & & 554.45 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 140.15 & & 121.76 & 261.91 & & & 261.01 \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 245.37 & & & 245.37 & & 245,37 & \\
\hline Lights & 1891 & & 750.00 & 62.50 & 812.50 & 407.60 & & 404.90 \\
\hline Do & 1890 & 215.90 & & 103.94 & 319.84 & & & 319.84 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 417:25 & & & 417.25 & & 417. 25 & \\
\hline Contingent expenses & 1891 & & \(25,000.00\) & 3, 229.71 & 28,209. 71 & \(28,229.13\) & & . 58 \\
\hline Do...... & 1890 & & & 97.44 & 97.44 & 16.00 & & 81.44 \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {Do }}\) & 1889 & 976.76 & & 9.00
\(146,141.08\) & 437 98.92 .76 & 206, 234.25 & 985.76 & 231,288 \\
\hline Arrears of Army pensions.................... & & \(291,381.75\)
\(1,415.40\) & & 146, 141.08 & \(437,522.83\)
\(1,415.40\) & 206, 234. 25 & 1,415.40 & 231, 288. 28 \\
\hline Arrears of Navy pensions . .................. & & 72, 098.06 & & & 72,098.06 & 846.67 & & -71,251.39 \\
\hline Fees for vouchers, arrears of Navy pensions & & 161.70 & & & 161.70 & & 161. 70 & \\
\hline Navy I'ensions. & 1891 & & *2, 500, 000.00 & 164, 518.40 & 2,664.518.40 & 2, 567, 939.67 & & - 96,578.73 \\
\hline Do..... & 1890 & \({ }^{512.07}\) & & 88,451.43 & 88,963. 50 & 663.70 & & 88, 299.80 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 31, 431.54 & & \({ }^{180.00}\) & 31,611. 54 & 218.25 & 31, 393. 29 & . . . B. . . . . . . . . . \(^{\text {. }}\) \\
\hline Fees of examining surgeons, Navy pensio & 18881 & & \(37,000.00\) & 2.270.44 & \(2,270.44\)
\(37,000.85\) & 36, 900.00 & 2,270. 44 & 100.85 \\
\hline Does of................................ & 1890 & 1, 009.50 & 5,000.00 & 1,079.49 & 7,088.99 & 6,269,11 & & 819.88 \\
\hline D0. & 1889 & . \(5,707.85\) & & & 5,707.85 & 49.00 & 5,658.85 & \\
\hline Adjusting quarterly pension payments & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 15, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Mexican War pensious. & 1888* & & & 10.00 & 10.00 & & 10.00 & \\
\hline Navy pension fund... & & 32, 988.75 & & & 32,988. 75 & & & 32,988. 75 \\
\hline Total Interior-Pensions. & & 896,614. 44 & 127, 808, 345.62 & \(5,059,993.43\) & 133, 764, 953.49 & 129, 475, 963.48 & 364, 362, 53 & 3, 924, 627.48 \\
\hline MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT. & & : & & & - & & & \\
\hline Pay, etc., of the Army, certified claims & & 79.07 & 53, 698. 68 & & 58, 777.75 & 53,671. 23 & & 106.52 \\
\hline Pay, etc., of the Army & 18881 & & & 17,496.73 & 17,496. 73 & & 17, 496. 73 & \\
\hline - Do. & \(1888 \pm\) & & & §972. 28 & 972.28 & 972.28 & & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 374, 275. 60 & 15,000.00 & 169.04 & 389, 444.64 & 18,937.80 & \(370,506.84\) & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 5,688.40 & 129, 470.30 & 22, 726.58 & 157, 885. 28 & 89, 333.25 & & 68, 552.03 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Do
Pay of the Military Academy, certified claims Pay of the Military Academy.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do.. } \\
& \text { Do.. }
\end{aligned}
\]
 1846, certified claims
Pay of volunteers, Mexican war, certified claim
Pay of two and three years' volunteers, certified claims Do.
Pay of two and three years; volunteers
Extra pay to oficers and men who served in the Mexican war ...........................................................

\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { y unde } \\
& \text { Do.. } \\
& \text { vonde }
\end{aligned}
\]

Bounty under act of July 28,1866
Bounty to volunteers, their widows, and legal heirs, cer tified claim
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Bounty to volunteers, their widows, and legal heirs
Subsistence of the Army, certified clains. Subsistence of the Army

Regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Depatment,
Regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department..
Do.
Do.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. } \\
& \text { Do. }
\end{aligned}
\]

Incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's Department certified claims
Incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's Department
Do..
Do.
Do.
Do..
Do.
Barracks a
Carried forward
* \(\$ 136,885\) transferred from Navy Pension Fund, Navy Ledger.
\(\dagger\) And prior years.
\(\pm\) And prior years, transfer account.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1891 & & 13, 044, 825. 79 & 05, 397. 49 & 13, 140, 223.28 & 13, 056, 557. 88. & & 83, 265.40 \\
\hline 1889 & 18, 498.08 & 3. 39 & 445.41 & 3.39
\(18,943.49\) & 3. 39 & 18,943. 49 & \\
\hline 1890 & 11, 909.35 & 423.62 & 16. 50 & 12, 349.47 & & & 12, 349.47 \\
\hline 1891 & & 229,518.96 & 24.82 & 229,543.78 & 207, 000.00 & & 22,543.78 \\
\hline & & 25.00 & & 25.00 & 25.00 & & \\
\hline & & 657.18 & & 657.18 & 657.18 & & \\
\hline & 115.04 & 1,904. 68 & 289.83 & 2,309.55 & 2, 214. 17 & & 95.38 \\
\hline 1890 & & 120, 684,96 & 29, 315.04 & 150,000.00 & 150, 000.00 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 636, 152.98 & 518.85 & 636, 671.83 & 636,671.83 & & \\
\hline 1871 1 & & & 1,178.98 & 1, 178.98 & & 1, 178.98 & \\
\hline 1871* & & & TT2, 098.83 & 2, 093.83 & 2, 093.83 & & \\
\hline & & 2, 484. 10 & 18.90 & 2,503.00 & 2,503.00 & & \\
\hline & & & 50.00 & 50.00 & 50.00 & & \\
\hline 1890 & & 5,891.31 & & 5, 891.31 & 5,891.31 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 52, 902. 13 & & 52, 902. 13 & 52,902. 13 & & \\
\hline & & & 370.00 & 370.00 & & 370.00 & \\
\hline & 307. 26 & & 250.00 & 557.26 & . 250.00 & & 307.26 \\
\hline 1890 & & 102,649. 23 & 17, 450. 77 & 120,100. 00 & 120, 100. 00 & & \\
\hline 1891 & & 396, 025.00 & 200.00 & 396, 225.00 & 396, 225.00 & & \\
\hline 1871 † & & & 1, 046. 19 & 1, 046.19 & & 1,046. 19 & \\
\hline 1871* & & & ||272.34 & 272. 34 & 272.34 & & \\
\hline & & 8,025.22 & & 8, 025.22 & 7,414.32 & 610.90 & \\
\hline 1888 t & & & 6,742.97 & 6,742.97 & & 6,742.97 & \\
\hline 1888* & & & 8.8.1 & 8.84 & 8.84 & & \\
\hline 1889 & 195, 984. 59 & & 2, 746. 31 & 198,680.90 & 373.28 & 198.307. 62 & \\
\hline 1890 & 164,367.67 & & 180, 628.89 & 344, 906. 56 & 426.46 & & 344, 570.10 \\
\hline 1891 & & 1,945,000.00 & 3,944.83 & 1,948,944.83 & 1,871,426.18 & & 77,518.65 \\
\hline & & 2,086.59 & & 2,086. 59 & 2,063. 26 & 23.33 & \\
\hline \(1888 \ddagger\) & & & 1, 411. 37 & 1,411. 37 & & 1,411.37 & \\
\hline 1888* & & & 575.02 & 575. 02 & 575.02 & & \\
\hline 1889 & 86, 985. 17 & & 29, 621.62 & 116, 606.79 & 1,870.54 & 114, 736. 25 & \\
\hline 1890 & 52, 884.94 & & 65, 759.70 & 118, 644.64 & 23, 665.04 & & 94, 979.60 \\
\hline 1891 & & 2, 765, 746.25 & 116, 784.98 & 2,882,531. 23 & 2, 640,488. 83 & & 242, 042. 40 \\
\hline & & 8,198.84 & & 8,198.84 & 8,198.84 & & \\
\hline 18887 & & & 270.28 & 270.28 & & 270.28 & \\
\hline 1888 \({ }_{\text {+ }}\) & & & 1,814.83 & 1, 814. 83 & 1,814.83 & & \\
\hline 1889 & 354. 02 & & 28.78 & - 382.80 & 320.05 & 62.75 & \\
\hline 1890 & 23, 728.06 & & 16, 502. 14 & 40,230. 20 & 18,358, 24 & & 21, 876.96 \\
\hline 1891 & & \[
684,312.15
\] & 187.14 & \(\begin{array}{r}684,499.29 \\ 38 \\ \hline 888\end{array}\) & \[
067,696.09
\] & & 16, 803.20 \\
\hline & & \[
23,878.16
\] & & 23,878. 16 & 23, 750, 16 & 128.00 & \\
\hline & 935, 127.25 & 20,229, 564.52 & 617,345. 86 & 21, 782, 037. 63 & 20, 065, 191. 18 & 731, 835.70 & 985, 010.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{§ \(\$ 228.46\) transferred from customs ledger.}
\| Transfer account. \(\$ 18.65\) transferred from "Army pensions" 1888 and prior jears, transfer account.

Balances of Afpropritions Unexpended June 30 , 1890, and of the Amounts Carmed to the Surplus Fund, ftc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the tiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, \(1 \$ 91\). & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surphus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline miltiary establishment-continued. & * & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$935, 127.25 & \$20, 229, 564. 52 & \$617, 345.86 & \$21,782, 037. 63 & \$20, 065, 191. 18 & \$751, 835.70 & \$985, 010.75 \\
\hline Barracks and quarters....... & 1888* & & & 61.70
181.76 & -61.70 & & 61.70 & \\
\hline Do........ & 1889 & 2,315.92 & & \(\begin{array}{r}181.76 \\ 84145 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(2,497.68\)
12 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
3.39 \\
1: 779.65
\end{array}
\] & 2, 494.29 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 3,828.52 & & 8, 414.57 & \(12,243.09\)
\(725,948.29\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1 ; 779.65 \\
697,895,78
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10,463.44 \\
& 2 S, 052.51
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Barracks and quarters, Fort M̄............... & &  & 725,000.00 & 948.29 & \(725,948.29\) & 697, 895.78 & & 28, 052.51 \\
\hline Barracks and quarters, Fort Myer, Va ..................
Transportation of the Army and its supplies, certified & & & 32,600.00 & & 32,600.00 & 32,600.00 & & \\
\hline Transportation of the Army and its supplies, certified claims & & 1,011. 82 & 160, 558.83 & & 161, 870.65 & 160, 411. 11 & 447.79
2642 & 1, 011.82 \\
\hline Transportation of the Army and its supplies & \(1888 *\) & & & 2, 642. 39 & 2, 642.39 & & 2,642.39 & \\
\hline Do. & 18889 & 5, 029. 21 & 50.08
\(36,304.27\) & 13, 794.03 & 55, \({ }^{2954.11}\) & 295.11
\(52,750.98\) & & 2,373.11 \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & \({ }^{4} 58.85\) & 85,507. 20 & 52, 249.77 & 138, 215.82 & 137, 791. 29 & & 424.53 \\
\hline Do & 1801 & & 3, 535,016.86 & \(23,934.03\) & 3,558, 950.89 & 3,132, 587.17 & & 426, 363.72 \\
\hline Fifty per centum of arrears of Army transportation due certain land-grant railroads, certitied claims. & & & 14,500, 12 & & 14,500.12 & 14, 500. 12 & & \\
\hline Fifty per centum of arrears of Army transportation due certain laud-grant railroads. & \(1888^{*}\) & & & 3.78 & 3.78 & & 3.78 & . . . . . . . . . \\
\hline Do & \(1888{ }^{\circ}\) & & 10,396.73 & & 10,396,73 & 10,390. 44 & . 19 & \\
\hline Transportation of the Army and its supplies, Pacitic Railroads & 1888* & & 5, 561. 06 & & 5, 861. 06 & 5,861.06 & & \\
\hline Do.......... & 1889 & & 65, 710.94 & 51.17 & 65, 762.11 & 65, 7te, 11 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & & \(\because 192,077.27\) & 93.07 & 192, 170.34 & 192,170.:4 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 3, 464. 00 & & 3,464. 00 & 3,464.00 & & \\
\hline Horses for caralry and artillery, certified claims & & & 3, 997.36 & & 3, 997, 36 & 3,997. 36 & & \\
\hline Herses for cavalry and artillery.
Do.................... & 1889 & 1,290. 34 & & & \[
1,290.34
\] & 4.00
250.00 & 1,286.31 & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do........... } \\
& \text { Do........ }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1890 & & 202,000.00 & \(3,258.44\)
\(2,742.86\) & \(3,258.44\)
\(204,742.86\) & 173, 584.00 & & \(3,005.44\)
\(31,158.27\) \\
\hline Clothing and camp and garrison equipage, certified claims & 1801 & & 20,
585.05 & 2,74. 86 & 535.05 & \(175,584.58\)
535.05 & & 31,158. 27 \\
\hline Clothing and camp and gavrison equipage............................ & \(1888 \times\) & & & 2,794.41 & 2,794. 41 & & 2, 791.41 & \\
\hline Do................................ & 1889 & 40,509.95 & & 6. 055.53 & 41, 105.51 & 2, 486. 69 & 33, 678. 82 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 271.21 & & \(63,970.38\) & 64, 241.59 & 61, 193. 97 & & 3, 047. 62 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 1,337, 702.18 & 227, 699.39 & 1,565,401.57 & 1, 489, 011. 31 & & 76, 390. 26 \\
\hline Shooting galleries and rang & 1889 & \(475.45{ }^{\circ}\) & 4,496.05 & & 4, 971.50 & 475.45 & & 4,496. 05 \\
\hline Do............... & 1890 & 161.59 & & 574.03 & 735.62 & 29.66 & & 705. 96 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 10,000. 00 & 1. 73 & 10,001.73 & 9,797.07 & & 204.66 \\
\hline Rifle range, Foric Sleridan, Ill & & & 10, 000.00 & & 10,000.00 & 9,748.00 & & \(\stackrel{252.00}{5}\) \\
\hline Purchase of lad for target ranges, Fort McPherson, Git & & & 16,500.00 & & 16,504. 00 & & & 16,500.00 \\
\hline National centeteries, certified claims & & & 1.00 & & 1. 00 & 1.00 & & \\
\hline National conteries & \(1888{ }^{\circ}\) & & & 7.71 & 1.7.71 & & 751.71 & \\
\hline Do. & 1855 & 1,494.50 & & 1.23 & 1,495. 81 & 744.47 & 751.34 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Do. & 1890 & 719.82 & & 1.632.90 & 2, 352. 78 & 81 & & 1, 752.97 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 100,000.00 & & 100,000.00 & 98, 270.84 & & 1, 729.16 \\
\hline Pay of superintendents of national cemeterics & 1889 & 405.68 & & & 405.68 & & 405.68 & \\
\hline Do............................... & 1890 & 168. 49 & & 34.00 & - 202.49 & & & 202. 49 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 61, 160.00 & & 61, 160.00 & 61, 053.83 & & 106. 17 \\
\hline Headstones for graves of soldiers & & 70, 378. 30 & 10,000.00 & 16.06 & 80,394. 86 & 20,427. 59 & & 59, 967.27 \\
\hline Burial of indigent soldiers. & & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & \\
\hline Confederate cemeteries near Cohmbus, Ohio & & 75.46 & & & 75.46 & & 75.46 & \\
\hline National cenetery, Hampton, Va. & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 & 250.00 & & 9,750.00 \\
\hline battle lines and sites for tablets at Antietan & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Levee at Brownsfille national cemetery, Texas & & & 3, 735. 00 & & 3,735.00 & 3,735.00 & & \\
\hline Repaicing roads to national cemeteries... & & 4, 555. 75 & 15,000. 00 & & 19,555.75 & 10,551.06 & & 9, 004.69 \\
\hline Foad to the national cemetery near Beverly, N. J & & & & 451.44 & 451.44 & & & 451.44 \\
\hline A pproaches to the mational cemetery, Culpeper, \(\nabla\) a & & & 4,500.00 & & 4, 500.00 & 4,500.00 & & \\
\hline Roat to the nitional cemeteryHampton, Va & & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.09 \\
\hline Near Fratericksburg, Va. & & 2,00.00 & 8,000.00 & & 8,000.00 & 3,500,00 & & 4,500.00 \\
\hline Near Piucville, La ... & & & & 11.12 & 11.12 & & 11.12 & \\
\hline A t Port Hurison, La & & 13,500.00 & & & 13,500.00 & 100.00 & & 13, 400.00 \\
\hline Presidio of San Francisco, Cal & & 16,80). 41 & & & 16,890.41 & 16, 890.41 & & \\
\hline Road from- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Antietam to the national cemetery, Maryland & & & 5,000.00 & 3.12 & 5, 003.12 & 5, 000.00 & & 3.12 \\
\hline Marietta to the national cemetery, Georgia... & & & 8, 264. 77 & & 8, 264.77 & 8, 264.77 & & \\
\hline New Berne to the national cemetery, North Caroliua. & & & & 12.95 & 12.95 & & & 12.95 \\
\hline Natchez to the national cemetery, Mississippi ....... & & 106.29 & & & 106. 29 & & & 106. 29 \\
\hline Alexandria to the national cemetery, Virginia & & & 7,000.00 & & 7,000.00 & & & 7,000.00 \\
\hline Staunton to the national cemetery, Virginia. & & 6,000.00 & & & 6, 000.00 & & & 6,000.00 \\
\hline Road to the sigual station on Pikes Peak, Colo. & & 10,000, 00 & & & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Survey of the road from the Aqueduct Bridge to Mount Vernon & & 2,112.71 & & & 2,112.71 & & & 2, 112. 71. \\
\hline Army and Navy hospital, Hot Springs, Ark. & & & 2,090.00 & & 2,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & \\
\hline Maintenance of Army and Navy Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark & 1889 & 051.64 & & & 951.64 & & 951.64 & \\
\hline Construction and repair of hospitals, certified claims & & & 7.20 & & 7.20 & 7.20 & & \\
\hline Construction and repair of hospitals.................. & -1888* & & & 40.00 & 40.00 & & 40.00 & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 799.35 & & 16. 54 & 815.89 & & 815.89 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 314.36 & & 1,041. 45 & 1,355. 81 & 1,355.81 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1.891 & & 100, 000.00 & . 111 & 100,000. 11 & 73, 829.77 & & 26, 170.34 \\
\hline Quarters for hospital stewards & 1889 & 402. 10 & & & 402.10 & 16.54 & 385.56 & \\
\hline Do....- & 1890 & 103.81 & & 163.71 & 267.52 & 201. 29 & & 66.23 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 12,500. 00 & 82.12 & 12, 582. 12 & 12, 025.92 & & 556.20 \\
\hline Medical and hospital department, certifed clains & & & 794.16 & & 794. 16 & 794.16 & & \\
\hline Medical and hospital department & 1888* & & & 11, 077.37 & 11,077, 37 & & 11, 077.37 & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 2, 044.50 & & 4, 896. 74 & 6,941. 24 & & 6,941. 24 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 38, 019.52 & & 19,985.06 & 58, 004. 58 & 50, 000. 00 & & 8,004. 58 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 215;000.00 & 4, 901.87 & 219,901. 87 & 169, 148.65 & & 50,753.22 \\
\hline Library, Surgeon-General's Office & 1891 & & 10, 000.00 & & 10,000.00 & 10, 000.00 \({ }_{\text {a }}\) & & \\
\hline Army Medical Museum. & 1891 & & 5,000.00 & & 5, 000.00 & 5, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Carried forwand & & 1,161.516.36 & 27, 276, 604. 65 & 1.066, 041.41 & 29, 504; 162.42 & 26,884, 341. 10 & 801,708. 35 & \(1,818,11297\) \\
\hline *And prior years. & & & & 1 And prior & years, transfer ac & ccount. & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Apphopriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30,1891. \\
\hline military establishment-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$1, 161, 516.36 & \$27, 276, 604. 65 & \$1, 066, 041.41 & \$29, 504, 162.42 & \$26, 884, 341.10 & \$801, 708. 35 & \$1, 818, 112.97 \\
\hline Artificial limbs & \(1888 *\) & \$1,101, 510.30 & & 4, 479.42 & 4,479.42 & (2,88, 31.10 & 4,479.42 & 1,818,112.07 \\
\hline Do...... & 18881 & & & 15.33 & 15.33 & 15.33 & & \\
\hline , Do. & 1889 & 4,626.79 & & & 4, 626.79 & 81.50 & \(4,545.29\) & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 1,000.00. & & & 1.000. 00 & 602.24. & & 397.76 \\
\hline Modic. Do..... & 1891 & & 525,000.00 & & 525, 000.00 & 519.365.35 & & 5,634.65 \\
\hline Medical and Surgical History. & & 226. 34 & & 2, 485. 60 & 2,711.94 & & 2, 711. 94 & 5,63. 6 \\
\hline Appliances for disabled soldiers & 1889 & 500.00
500.00 & & 10ㄴ.95 & 604.95 & & 604.95 & \\
\hline D Do............ & 1890 & 500.00 & 9000.00 & & 500.00 & 250.00 & ............... & \[
250.00
\] \\
\hline Do................. & 1891 & & \(2,000.00\)
10,00300 & & 2,000.00 & 2, 0000.00 & & \\
\hline Ordnance service, certified claims & & & \(10,003.00\)
137.90 & & 10, 003. 00 & 10, 003. 00 & & \\
\hline Ordnance service ................... & 1889 & 178.47 & 1.37.90 & & 137.90
178.47 & 137.90 & 178.47 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 5.91 & 5.91 & & & 5.91 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 80,000.00 & 315.16 & 80, 315.16 & 80,315, 16 & & \\
\hline Ordnance material (proceeds of sales) & & 354, 611. 32 & 39, 184. 32 & 80.62 & 394, 609.26 & 16, 113.07 & & 378,486.19 \\
\hline Powder and projectiles (proceeds of sales) & & 5, 938.12 & & & 5,988.12 & 507.85 & & 5,340. 27 \\
\hline Ordnaice stores: & & 4 80 & & & & & & \\
\hline Ammunition. & 1889 & 43. 80 & & & 43. 80 & & 43.80 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 5.00 & & 50.01 & 55.01 & & & 55.01 \\
\hline Do..... & 1891 & & 150, 000. 00 & (68). 72 & 150,680.72 & 150, 679, 40 & & 1.32 \\
\hline Equipments & 1889 & 168.13 & & & 168. 13 & & 168.13 & \\
\hline Do.. & 1890 & & & 47. 11 & 47. 11 & & & 47.11 \\
\hline Do........ & 1891 & 17.27 & 100, 000.00 & 6, 242. 58 & 106, 24.58 & 106, 142. 99 & 17.27 & 99.59 \\
\hline Do.. & 1800 & & & 9.00 & 2. 00 & & & 2.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 100, 000.00 & 1, 255.39 & 101, 355.39 & 87, 103. 39 & & 14, 252.00 \\
\hline Preservation & 1891 & & 5, 000.00 & & 5, 000.00 & 5,000.00 & & \\
\hline Repairs. & 1889 & 990.00 & & & 5990.00 & & 990.00 & \\
\hline Do...... & 1891 & & 5, 000.00 & 20.50 & 5, 020.50 & 5, 020.50 & & \\
\hline Ordnance stores for Washington and Maine & & & 18,900.00 & & 18,900.00 & 18,526.61 & & 373.39 \\
\hline Arming and equipping the militia (permanent). & & 256, 464.17 & 400,000.00 & 18.75 & 656,482.92 & \(362,411.58\) & 19, 548:11 & 274, 523.23 \\
\hline Arming and equipping the militia, prior to July & & 6, 901. 02 & & 3,458.81 & 10,359. 83 & 3,763.08 & & 6,596.75 \\
\hline Ammunition for morning and evening gun & & 27, 812.06 & & & 27, 812.06 & 26,189.00 & 1,623.06 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 2, 635.66 & & 77.01 & 2,712.67 & 2, 712.67 & & \\
\hline Dintile. & 1891 & & 20, 000.00 & & 20,000. 00 & 4,052.00 & & 15, 948.00 \\
\hline Artillery targets. & 1889 & 9.49 & & & 9.49
5000 & & 9.49 & \\
\hline Armament of fortifications & 1891 & 2, 677, 973. 10 & \(5,000.00\)
\(3,100,395.00\) & & \(5,000.00\)
\(5,79,813.43\) & \(5,000.00\)
\(778,325.70\) & & \\
\hline Manufacture of arms ..... & & 2, \(49,863.12\) & -100,000.00 & 197, 727. 21 & 5, \(647,583.33\) & 606, 206.03 & & \(5,001,487.73\)
\(41,363.30\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Manufacture or purchase of magazine guns Powder depot, Dover, N.J
Board on Fortifications or other Defenses.
Board of Orduance and Fortification
Testing machine.
Proving ground, Sandy Hook, N. J
Selecting site for ordnance proving ground
Machine gou
Pneumatic dynamite guns
Torpedo howitzers
\({ }^{\text {Do }}\)
Army gun factory, Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, \(\mathbf{N}\).
Augusta Arsenal, Augusta, Ga
Columbia Arsenal, Columbia, Tena
Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, P
Kennebec Arsenal, Augusta, Me...
Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill.
Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass
Watervlict Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y
Currentand ordinary expenses of the Military A cademy
Do-
Do.

\section*{Do}

Miscellaneous items and incidental expenses, Military Academy

Do
Buildings and grounds, Military Academy
Do
New academy building, Military Academy
New gymnasium, Military Academy
Quarters for enlisted men, Military Academy
Workshops, Military Academy
Preservation and repair of fortifications
Plans for fortifications.
Plans for fortifications.......................................
Contingencies of fortifications, certified clains
Carried forward

\(6,423,082.75\)


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.


Expenses of recruiting.
Do
Expenses of the commanding general's office. Contingencies of the Inspector-General's clepartinent Contingencies of the Adjutant-General's department
Do

Expenses of military convicts
Do.
Support of military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kans Do.
Publication of the Official Records of the War of the Rebellion
Support of National Home for Disabled volnateer Sol. diers. Do Do
State or Territorial homes for disabled soldiers and sailors.
Infantry and cavalry school, Fort Leavenworth, Kans Artillery school, Fortress Monroe,
Wharf at Fortress Monroe, Va. .
Sewerage system, Fortress Monroe, Va
Bridge over Mill Creek, Fortress Monroe, Va
Artesian well, Fortress Monroe, Va
Military posts
Military post near Chicago Til.
Military post near Newport, \(K y\). (site
Military post near Newport, Ky. (buildings)
ort Brady military post, Michigan
Officers' quarters, military post, Columbus, Ohi
Military post, Atlanta, Ga
Purehy por. land adioining ........................................ Barracks, N Y
 Point, N. \(\mathbf{X}\)
Military post at Fort Snelling, Minn
Purchase of Fort Brown Reservation
Purchase of sites for seacoast defeuses
Sites for fortifications and seacoast defenses
Water supply, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.
Military postat Fort D. A. Russell, W yo., certifiedclaims Military post at Fort Bliss, Tex


7, 769, 078.24


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30 , 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund; etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the tiscal yoar ending \(J\) une 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surphens fund Jume 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations Junb 30, 1891. \\
\hline MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$7, 769, 078.24 & \$42, 398, 720.70 & \$1. 581, 201.74 & \$51, 749, 000.68 & \$35, 943, 181. 09 & \$919, 336. 41 & \$14, 886, 483.18 \\
\hline Military post at Fort Omaha, Nelo & & 123, 333.34 & & 50.20 & - 123,383.54 & 10, 000.00 & & 113,383. 54 \\
\hline Military post at Fort Sidney, Nebr & & & 15, 000.00 & 4.86 & 15: 004. 86 & & & 15, 004.86 \\
\hline Military post at Fort Robinson, Nebr., certified claims & & & 1,330.01 & & 1,330.01 & 1,330.01 & & \\
\hline Military post near Denver, Colo........................... & & & 1,30.01 & 5.83 & 1. 5.83 & 1,380.01 & & 5.83 \\
\hline Military post, Plattsburg, N: Y & & & 200, 000.00 & & 200, 000. 00 & & & 200,000.00 \\
\hline Capture of Jefferson Davis.... & & 1, 503.38 & & & 1,503.38 & & & 1,503.38 \\
\hline Support of Burean of Refugees, Freedmen and Abanloned Lands & & 44.00 & & & +44.00 & & 44.00 & 1, \\
\hline Providing for the comfort of sick and discharged soldiers, certified claims. & & 1.92 & & & 1.92 & & & 1.92 \\
\hline Examination of claims of States and Territories under act of June 27, 1882 & & 5,689. 75 & & & 5,689. 75 & & & 5,689.75 \\
\hline Rogree River Indian war, certified claims ..................... & & 5, & 216.99 & & 216.99. & 216.99 & & 5, 68.75 \\
\hline Services and supplies of Montana Volunteers in Nez Perces Indian war. & & 657.00 & Q & & 657.00 & & & 657.00 \\
\hline Military stores for Montana militia. & & 11,792.29 & & & 11, 792. 29 & & & -11, 792. 29 \\
\hline Claims of officers and men of the Army for the destruction of private property & & & 2, 715.04 & & 2,715.04 & 2, 715. 04 & & \\
\hline Reimbursing Stato and citizens of Califormia for expenses in suppressing Modoc Indian hostilities. & & 224.25 & & & 224.25 & & & 224.25 \\
\hline Preventing and suppressing Indian hostilities, certified claims & & & 23.67 & & 23.67 & 23.67 & & \\
\hline Reimbursement to certain States and Territories expenses incurred in repelling invasions and suppressing Indian hostilities, act of June 27, 1882, certified claims & & & 148, 615.97 & \(\checkmark\) & 148,615.97 & 148, 615.97 & * &  \\
\hline Relief of sufferers from overfow of the Mississippi River and its tributaries* & & & & 582.79 & - 582.79 & & & 582.79 \\
\hline Tents for sufferers from floods in Arkansas, Mississippi, and Louisiana & & & & 5,708. 37 & 5,708.37 & & 5,708.37 & \\
\hline Awards for quartermaster's stores taken by the Army in Tennessee & & 130.00 & & & 130.00 & & & 130.00 \\
\hline Claims of loyal citizens for supplies furnished during tbe rebellion & & 6,939.00 & & & 6,939.00 & & & 6, 939.00 \\
\hline Claims allowed under act March 5, 1883, and March 3, 1887, for stores and supplies taked by the Army & & & 4,525.00 & & 4,525.00 & 4, 525.00 & & 0, \\
\hline Claims for quartermaster's stores and commissary supplies, act July 4, 1864 & & 2,523.10 & & & 2,523. 10 & 190.00 & 10.00 & 2,323. 10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891: & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal jear ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline military establishment-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$7,952, 289.88 & \$43, 495, 501.27 & \$ \(\$ 1,602,691.84\) & \$53, 050, 482. 99 & \$36, 840; 846.91 & \$950, 488.88 & \$15, 259, 147. 20 \\
\hline Signal Service-Continued. Incidental expenses & 1889 & & & & & & 278.47 & \\
\hline Incirental expenses . .
Do............... & 18890 & 278.47
117.00 & 15.00 & 3.00 & 135.00 & 100.00 & 278.47 & 35.00 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 175.00 & & , 175.00 & 164.08 & & 10.92 \\
\hline Transportation, certified claims & & & c 213.56 & & 213.56 & 213. 56 & & \\
\hline Transportation................. & 1887 & 209.56 & & & 209.56 & & 209. 56 & \\
\hline Do... & 1888 & & 188.14 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
188.14 \\
544 \\
\hline 805
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}187.49 \\ 254 \\ \hline 84\end{array}\) & .65
289.96 & \\
\hline Do & 1889 & 531.66 & & 12.44 & 544.10 & 254.14
841.88 & 289.96 & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 17,000.00 & 200.00 & 17,000.00 & 14, 229.88 & & 2, 770.62 \\
\hline Barracks and quarters, certified claims & & & ' 235.10 & & -233.10 & 233.10 & & \\
\hline Rarracks and quarters.. & 1889 & 669.06 & & & 669.06 & & 669.06 & \\
\hline Merlical department, certified claims & & & 27. 20 & & 27. 20 & 27.20 & & \\
\hline Medical department. & 1890 & 600.00 & & & 600.00 & 33.99 & & 566.01 \\
\hline Do............... & 1891 & & 2, 600.00 & & 2, 600.00 & 2,522.54 & & 77.46 \\
\hline Obscrvation and report of storms, certified claims & & & 19, 120.03 & & 19, 120.03 & 19,074.00 & 46. 03 & \\
\hline Observation and report of storms .................. & 1888 & & & 37.64 & 37.64 & & 37. 64 & \\
\hline Do........................ & 1889 & 4,251. 76 & & & 4,251.76 & 45.22 & 4, 247.54 & \\
\hline Do \({ }^{\circ}\) & 1890 & 109, 727.06 & & 38. 66 & 109, 765.72 & \(95,112.35\) & & 14, 653. 37 \\
\hline Do... & 1891 & & 248, 164. 32 & 369.54 & 248, 533.86 & 179.609. 31 & & 68, 224.55 \\
\hline Olservations and explorations in the Arctic seas... & ..... & 156.96 & ................ & . ............... & 156. 96 & . ................ & 156.96 & ............... \\
\hline Establishing signal stations on Island of Nantucket & ...- & 6.00 & & & 6.00 & ............. & 6. 00 & \\
\hline Establishing a signal station at Point Jupiter, Florida & & 954.27
30.09 & & & 954.27
30.00 & & 954.27.
30.00 & ............- \\
\hline Signai service cable, Columbia River........... & & 30.05
50.50 & & & 30.00
50.50 & & 30.00
50.50 & \\
\hline Telegraph service between Tatoosh Island and Port an geles, Wash & & & 6, 800.00 & & 6,800.00 & 1,000.00 & & 5.800.00 \\
\hline Support of soldiers' home & & & 308, 4 W. 4.44 & 165.82 & 308, 624.26 & 308, 624. 26 & & \\
\hline Soldiers' home, permanent fund & & 2,271, 990.95 & 308, 648. 34 & & 2, 580, 639. 29 & 208, 380.00 & & 2, 372,309.29 \\
\hline Soldiers' home, interest account & & 17, 112. 44 & 70, 479.13 & & 87, 591. 57 & \(69,830.93\) & & . 17,760.64 \\
\hline Reimbursement to H. W. Keyes & & & 300.00 & & 300.00 & 300.00 & & \\
\hline Relief of- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Mrs. M. J. Donahoe & & & \[
345.50
\] & & \[
345.50
\] & \[
34.5 .50
\] & & \\
\hline 'Thomas B. McEIwee. & & & 117.00 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
117.00 \\
3.303 .00
\end{array}
\] & 117.00
3.303 .00 & & \\
\hline Henry A. Greene .......... & & & 3,303.00 & & \(3,303.00\)
113.66 & 3,303.00 & & \\
\hline Heirs or legal representatives of Samuel H . Moer & & 113.66 & 52.97 & & 113.66
-52.97 & 52.97 & & 113.60 \\
\hline Albert H. Emery . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & & & 75,000.00 & , & 75,000.00 & 75, 000.00 & & \\
\hline The Norfolk County Ferry Committee.. & & & 42,300.00 & & 42, 300.00 & 42, 300.00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Isabella Hance, administratrix of William Ha & & 3, 835.30 & . & 3, 835. 30 & 3, 835. 30 & & \\
\hline J.L. Cain. & & 1,701. 75 & & 1,701.75 & 1,701. 75 & & \\
\hline A. A. Kyle, deceased & & 2, 625.00 & & \(\stackrel{3}{2,625.00}\) & 2, 625. \({ }^{\text {3 }}\) 375.00 & & \\
\hline A.M. Hazeu, deceased & & 12,955.00 & & 12, 975.00 & 12, 975. 00 & & \\
\hline 男 Tinothy Hennessy. & & 240.00 & & 240.00 & 240.00 & & \\
\hline © Thomas Niles. & & 6, 050.00 & & 6, 050.00 & 6, 050.00 & & \\
\hline Estate of Charle & & 230.00 & & 230.00 & 230.00 & & \\
\hline D. H. Mitchell & & 874.35 & & 874.35 & 874.35 & & \\
\hline Stubbs and Lacker & & 2.128.87 & & 2,128.87 & 2, 128.87 & & \\
\hline Heirs of Mary J. Eddy. & & 1,990.16 & & 1,990.16 & 1,990.16 & & \\
\hline \(\checkmark\) William Jewell College, of Liberty, Clay County, Mo. & & 2,200.00 & & 2,200.00 & 2,200.00 & & \\
\hline Charles H. Wording and others, owners of the brig Xenophone & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & \\
\hline Gunboats on western rivers, certified claims .............. & & 120.33 & & 120.33 & 120,33 & & \\
\hline Damages by the improvement of the Fox aud Wisconsin rivers, certified claims: & & 158,402.87 & 159.00 & 158, 561.87 & 158,452.87 & & 109.00 \\
\hline Removing sunken vessels or craft obstructing or endangering navigation & & 48, 661.60 & 5, 652. 22 & 54,313.82 & 54, 313.82 & & \\
\hline Operating and care of canals and other works of navigation. & & 753,567. 24 & & 7553,567. 24 & 753, 567.24 & & \\
\hline Constructing jetties and other works at South Pass, Mississippi River. & & 125, 000.00 & & 125, 000.00 & 125, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Examinations, surveys, aud contingencies of rivers and harbors & 20, 089.40 & 225, 000.00 & 1,741.71. & 246,831.11 & 98, 923. 39 & & 147, 907.72 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Improving harbor at- \\
Belfast, Me.
\end{tabular} & 1,980.16 & 10,000:00 & & 11, 980. 1.6 & 980.16 & & 11.000. 00 \\
\hline Camden, Me. & & 6,000:00 & & 6,000.00 & 500.00 & & 5, 500. 00 \\
\hline Brealiwater from Mount Desert to Porcupine Island, Me. Improving- & 32, 990.00 & 50,000.00 & & 82, 990.00 & 5,083.00 & & 77, 907. 00 \\
\hline Mooseabec Bar, at Jonesport, Me & 1,500. 00 & 15,000.00 & & 16,500.00 & 4,500. 00 & & 12, 000.00 \\
\hline Harbor at Portland, Me. Channel in Back Cove, Portland, ive & & \(40,000.00\)
\(25,000.00\) & & 40, 000.00
\(25,000.00\) & 500.00 & & \({ }_{24,500.00}^{40,00.00}\) \\
\hline Improring harbor at- & & & & & & & \\
\hline Rockland, Me. & & \(37,500.00\) & & 37,500.00 & 8,500.00 & & 29, 000.00 \\
\hline Rockport, & & 5, 5000.00 & & 5, 000.00 & 1400.00 & & 4,500.00 \\
\hline  & 4,985. 50 & \(10,000.00\)
\(40,000.00\) & & \(14,985.50\)
\(40,000.00\) & \(14,985.50\)
\(7,500.00\) & & 32.500 .00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at- & & & & 40,00.00 & & & 32, 00.00 \\
\hline Portsmouth, N. H & \({ }^{4,497.00}\) & 13,000.00 & & 17, 497.00 & 500.00 & & 16, 997.00 \\
\hline Burlington, Vt .................... & 7,000.00 & \(20,000.00\) & & 27, 000.00 & 8,00000 & & 19, 000. 00 \\
\hline Breakwater at Gordous Landing, Lake Champlain, & & 6,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 6,000.00 & & \\
\hline Improving harbor atSwanton, V t. & 326.33 & & & 326.93 & & & 336.93 \\
\hline - Boston, Mass & 22,000:00 & 145,000.00 & & 167, 000.00 & 31, 700.00 & & 135, 300.00 \\
\hline Chatham, Mass. & & 5,000. 00 & & 5,000.00 & 600.00 & & 4, 400.00 \\
\hline Edgartown, Mass & & 2,000. 00 & & 2,000.00 & 600.00 & & 1.400.00 \\
\hline Carried forward. & 10,455, 153. 59 & 46, 388, 790. 30 & 1, 611, 071.87 & \(58,455,015.76\) & 39, 192, 980.38 & 957, 465.53 & 1.8, 304, 569.86 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30,1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890 . & Appropriations for the fiscal. year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline military establishment-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought for & & \$10, 455, 153.59 & \$46, 388, 790.30 & \$1, 611, 071.87 & \$58, 455, 015.76 & \$39, 192, 980.38 & \$957, 465. 52 & \$18, 304, 569.86 \\
\hline Improring harbor atGloucester, Mass.. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Gloucester, Mass ... & & & \(15,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\) & & \(15,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\) & 5,000,00 & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Hyannis, Mass & & & \(8,000.00\) & & 8,000.00 & 8, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Lynn, Mass. & & & 15,000.00 & & 15, 000.00 & 5,000.00 & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Manchester, Mass & & 2,294. 00 & 5,000.00 & & 7,294.00 & 7, 294.00 & & \\
\hline Nantucket, Mass & & & 25,000.00 & & 25, 000, 00 & 13,500:00 & & 11,500. 00 \\
\hline New Bedford, Mass & & & 10,000. 00 & 25.81 & 10, 025.81 & 7, 213. 12 & & 2, 812. 69 \\
\hline Newburyport, Mass & & & 25, 000.00 & & 25,000.00. & 8,000.00 & & 17,000.00 \\
\hline Plymouth, Mass... & & 1,000.00 & 8, 000.00 & & 9, 000.00 & 6,000.00 & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Provincetown, Mass & & 990.00 & 7,500.00 & & 8, 490.00 & 990.00 & & 7,500. 00 \\
\hline Salem, Mass.. & & & 14,000.00 & & 14,000.00 & 100.00 & & 13,900.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor of refuge atSandy Bay, Cape Ann, Mass. & & 10,000.00 & 150, 000.00 & & 160, 000.00 & 48,000.00 & .-...-..... & 112, 000.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Scituate, Mass .......... & & & 10,000. 00 & & 10,000. 00 & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Vineyard Haven, Mass & & 2,748.00 & 10,000.00 & 5.74 & 12, 753. 74 & 11, 251. 00 & & 1, 502. 74 \\
\hline Warcham, Mass & & & 5, 000. 00 & 25.54 & 5, 025.54 & 3, 213. 12 & & 1, 812.42 \\
\hline Welltleet, Mass & & & 4,000.00 & & 4,000.00 & & & 4, 000.00 \\
\hline Westport, Mass & & & 1, 000.00 & & 1, 000.00 & 1, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Winthrop, Mass & & 1,000.00 & 5,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 6, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Block Island, R.I. & & & 15,000.00 & & \(15,000.00\) & 10, 200. 00 & & 4,800.00 \\
\hline Improving cove, Coaster Harbor Island, Rhode Islan & & & 5,500.00 & & 5,500.00 & 5,500.00 & & \\
\hline Improving harbor at Greenwich Bay, Rhode Island. & & & 2, 000.00 & & 2, 000.00 & 2, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Newport, R. I. \({ }_{\text {Improving harbor of refuge at Point Judith, }}^{\text {R }}\) I. & & & \(12,500.00\)
\(75,000.00\) & 8. 09 & \(12,508.09\)
\(76,000.00\) & \(12,508.09\)
\(46,500.00\) & & 31, 500.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Black Rock, Conn...... & & & 5,000.00 & & 5, 000. 00 & 4, & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Bridgeport, Conn. & & 744.00 & 20,000.00 & & 20, 744. 00 & 6,500.00 & & 14,244.00 \\
\hline Clinton, Conn.. & & & 3,500.00 & & 3,500. 00 & 3,500.00 & & \\
\hline Harbor of refage, Duck Island Harbor, Connectiont & & & \(25,000.00\) & & \(25,000.00\) & 7,500.00 & & 17,500 00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Five Mile River, Connecticut & & 50.00 & \(5,000.00\) & & \(5,050.00\) & & & 5, 050.00 \\
\hline New Haven, Conn & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 14, 500.00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Breakwater at New Haven, Conn & & 14, 946. 00 & 120, 000.00 & & 134, 946.00 & 24, 038.00 & & 110,908.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Milford, Conn & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 1,500.00 & & 1, 000.00 \\
\hline Norwalk Conn .. & & & 4, 0000.00 & & 4,000.00 & & & 4,000.00 \\
\hline Stamford, Conn.. & & & 5, 000.00 & & 5, 000.00 & 4, 500. 00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline - Stonington, Conn & & & 12,500.00 & 38.01 & 12, 538.01 & 12, 538.01 & & \\
\hline Wilsons Point, Conn ................................. & & & 30,000. 00 & & 30, 000. 00 & 12,000.00 & & 18,000.00 \\
\hline Improving Arthur Fill between Staten Island and New Jersey, New York and New Jersey & & & 7.000.00 & & 7,000.00 & 6, 250. 00 & & 750.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Buffalo, N. Y........... & & 24, 744.00 & 300,000.00 & & 324, 744.00 & 156,500.00 & & 168.244.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Improving Buttermilk Channel, New York Improving Canarsie Bay; New York Dunkirk, N
Improving Flushing Bay, New York
Improving harbor at Glen Cove, N. Y
Improving channel in Gowanus Bay, New York
Improving harbor at Great Sodus Bay, Now Yorls
Greenport, N. \(\mathbf{Y}\)
Lantington, \(\mathbf{N} . \mathbf{Y}\)
Little Sodus Bay, New York
Manaroneck, N. Y
Improving New York Harbor.
Improving harbor at-
Oak Orchard, N. Y
Ogdensburg, N. Y
Olcott, N.
Oswego, N. Y.
Plattsburg, \(\mathbf{N}\) Chester, \(\underset{N}{ }\)
Port Chester, N. Y .
Pultneyville, \(N\).
Rondout \(N\). \(X\)....................................................
Breakwater at Ronses Point, Lake Champlain, N. Y
Improving harbor at-
Sacketts Harbor
Saugerties; N.
Improving Sheepshead Bay. N. Y
Improving Tonawanda Harbor and Niagara River, \(\mathbf{N}\). \(\mathbf{Y}\)
Improving channel between Staten Island and New Jer
sey, New York and New Jersey
Survey of harbor at Atlantic City, N.J
Improving Raritan Bay, N.
Ice harbor at Marcus Hoolz. Pa
Improving harbor between Philadelphia, Pa and Cam den, N.J

Removing obstructions from the harbor at Delaware
Breakwater, D
ce harbor at -
New Castle, Del
Reedy Island, Del
Improving harbor at-
Annapolis, Ma
Baltimore, Md
Breton Bay, Leonardtown, Ma
\(\qquad\)

\(66,000.00\)
\(5,396.00\)
\(40,302.58\)
\(20,498.41\)
\(20,000.00\)
\(15,000.00\)
\(180,000.00\)
\(13,321.94\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(10,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(13,776.78\)
220.55
\(360,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(46,970.00\)
\(30,000.00\)
\(85,182.82\)
\(32,500.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(25,374.76\)
\(2,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(15,000.00\)
500.00
\(10,000.00\)
478.00
\(95,067.00\)
\(15,000.00\)
996.49
\(40,000.00\)
\(79,886.62\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(699,000.00\)
\(10,000.00\)
\(80,000.00\)
7
30.837 .00
30.83 .00
\(5,000.00\)
\(5,000.00\)
\(30,764.58\)
8,495.41
15,000.00
\(9,000.00\)
\(115,000.00\)
10, 000.00
\(10,000.00\)
\(1,500.00\)
\(1,500.00\)
\(6,500.00\)
13,000.00
220.55

90, 000.00
3,000.00
\(37,1000.00\)
16,500.00
\(25,044.82\)
\(\begin{array}{r}\text {, } 5000.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
500.00
874.76
\(2,874.76\)
\(1,000.00\)
1,000.00
3,500.00

63,000.00
2,500.00
996.49
\(20,000.00\)
\(-42,786.62\)
4, \(5,000.00\)
666,500.00
\(60,000.00\)
734.08

15, 083.00
16,236. 93
10, 000. 00
11.524 .58
\(349,792.00\)
900.00

20, 627,387. 53
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplins fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline milltary establishament-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Bronght forwar & & \$11, 214, 962.93 & \$49, 314, 590.30 & \$1, 613, 264. 26 & \$62, 142, 817.49 & \$40, 557, 964. 44 & \$957, 465. 52 & \$20, 627, 387.53 \\
\hline Improving harbor at- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Cambridge, Md. & & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Cape Charles City, & & & 25,000.00 & & \(25,000,00\) & 25, 000.00 & & 5,0000 \\
\hline Norfolk, Va & & & \(150,000.00\) & 86.79 & 150, 086. 79 & 30, 055. 50 & & 120, 031.29 \\
\hline Onancock, Va. & & & 6.000 .00
15000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & \(\begin{array}{r}3,000.00 \\ \hline 14\end{array}\) \\
\hline Beaufort, N. C . ........................................ & & 2,000 00 & 15, 000.00 & & 17,000.00 & \(2,100.00\) & & 14,900.00 \\
\hline River, N. C . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 10,500.00 & & 4,500.00 \\
\hline Improving Edenton Bay, N. C ............................. & & 2,447.41 & & & 2,447.41 & 10,50.00 & & 2, 447. 41 \\
\hline Improvement waterway between New Berne and Beanfort, N. C & & 7,477.00 & & & 7,477.00 & & & 7,477.00 \\
\hline Improring harbor at- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Charleston, S. C. & & 191, 825.00 & 370, 000000 & & \(561,825.00\) & 286, 825.00 & & 275, 000.00 \\
\hline Georgetown, S. \({ }^{\text {Winyaw Bay, }}\) & & & \(8,000.00\)
\(100,000.00\) & & 8, 000.00 & & & 8,000.00 \\
\hline Winyaw Bay, S.C & & 88,744.00 & \(100,900.00\)
\(35,000.00\) & & \(188,744.00\)
\(35,000.00\) & \(16,744.00\)
\(25,500.00\) & & 172, 9 , 500000 \\
\hline Improving Cumberland Sound, Georgia and Flo & & & 112,500.00 & & 112,500.00 & 43,000.00 & & \(9,500.00\)
\(69,500.00\) \\
\hline Improving harbor at- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Saramnah, Ga... & & 2, 225.00 & 350, 000.00 & & 352, 225.00 & 327, 000.00 & & 25,225.00 \\
\hline Darien, Ga. & & & 25,000.00 & & \(25,000.00\) & 13,000.00 & & 12,000.00 \\
\hline Improving Apalachicola Bay, Florida & & & 20.000.00 & & 20,000.00 & 2, 000000 & & 18,000. 00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Cedir Keys, Fla..................... & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500. 00 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline Improving channel in Charlotte Harbor and Pease Creek, Florida & & & 35,000.00 & & 35,000.60 & 5,000,00 & & 30,000.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at- & & & & & & & & 0,000.00 \\
\hline Key West, Fla. & & 6, 955.00 & 40,000.00 & & 46,955.00 & 21,955.00 & & \\
\hline Pensacola, Fla ... & & 6,000.00 & 25,000.00 & .............- & 31, 000.00 & 6,000.00 & & \[
25,000.00
\] \\
\hline St. Augustine, Fla. ........ & & & \(20,000.00\) & . & \(20,000.00\) & 20,000.00 & & \\
\hline Improving Tampa Bay, Florida. & & & \(25,000.00\) &  & 25,000.00 & 10,000. 00 & & 15,000.00 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Mobile. Ala & & & 350, 000.00 &  & \(350,000.00\) & 90, 000. 00 & & 260,000.00 \\
\hline Improving Biloxi Bay, Mississippi.............. & & 13, 458. 00 & 9,000.00 & & \(22,458.00{ }^{\prime}\) & 13, 458.00 & & 9, 000.00 \\
\hline Improving Calcasieu River and Pass, Louisiana & & \(\begin{array}{r}9,977.00 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 75,000.00 & & 84,977.00 & 100.00 & & \(84,877.00\) \\
\hline Improving Aranzas Pass and Bay, Iexas. & & 39,897.00 & & 875.35 & 40,772. 85 & 105.00 & & 40,667.35 \\
\hline Improving harbor at- Brazos Santiago, Texas. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brazos Santiago, Texas. & & 57, 865: 00 & & & \[
57,865.00
\] & \[
\text { 1.010. } 00
\] & & 56,855.00 \\
\hline Galveston, Texas.......................... & & \(90,000.00\)
\(15,000.00\) & \[
1,100,000.00
\] & 2.01 & \[
1,190,002.01
\] & \[
90,002.01
\] & & 1, 100, 000.00 \\
\hline Improving ship channel in Galveston Bay, Tex & & 15, 000.00 & \(40,000.00\)
\(300,000.00\) & & \(55,000.00\)
\(300,000.00\) & \(5,040.00\)
\(10,600.00\) & & \(4.9,960.00\)
289 \\
\hline Improwing Sabine Pass, Texas. & & & 300, 000,00 & & 300,000.00 & 10,600.00 & & 289, 400.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Improving harbor at-
Ashtabula, Ohio
Cleveland, Ohio.
Fairport, Ohio
Huron, Ohio
Ice harbor at month of Muskingum River, Ohio
Improving harbor at-
Port Clinton, Ohio
Sandusky City, Ohio.
Toledo, Ohio
Michigan City, Ind
Improving harbor at-
Calumet, Ill
Chicago, Ill
Waukegan, Il
Black Lake, Mich
Improving mouth and harbor of Cedar River, Michigan.
Improving harbor at-
Charlevoix, Mich
Cheboygan, Mich
Fagle Harbor, M
Grand Haven, Mich
Improving harbor of refuge at-
Gran Marais, Mich
Steam launch or tug at harbor of refuge, Lake Huron, Michigan
Improving harbor at
Ludington, Mic
Manistee, Mich
Manistee, Mich
Manistique, Micl
Marquette, Mich
Monroe, Mich
Ontonaron, Mich
Pent Water Mich
Pent Water, Mich
Harbor of refage, Portage Lake, Michigan
Improving barbor at-
St. Joseph, Mich
Sand Beach, Mich
South Haven, Mich
Thunder Bay, Mich
White River, Michigall
Ahnapee, Wis
Ashland, Wis
Carried forward


\(30,000.00\)
\(5,500.00\) 48, 000.00 14, 300.00
7, 000.00 , 00.00

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30，1890，and of the Amounts Carried to the Surples Fund，etc．－Continued．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations． & Year． & Balances of ap－ propriations July 1， 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30， 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30， 1891. & Aggregate available dur． ing the fiscal year ending June 30， 1891. & Payments dur－ ing the fiscal year ending June 30， 1891. & Amounts car－ ried to the surplus fand June 30， 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30， 1891. & \\
\hline military establishment－continued． & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Brought forward． \\
Improving harhor at－
\end{tabular} & & \＄11，915， 751.89 & \＄53，736，590． 30 & \＄1，614， 558.54 & \＄67，266，900． 73 & \＄42，088， 557.86 & \＄961，564．38 & \＄24，216， 778.49 & － \\
\hline Green Bay，Wis ．．．．．． & & 6，000．00 & 10，000． 00 & & 16，000．00 & 9， 000.00 & & 7，000．00 & \\
\hline Kenosha，Wis．． & & 993.00 & 17， 500.00 & & 18， 493.00 & 7， 493.00 & & 11， 000.00 & \％ \\
\hline Kewaunee，Wis． & & & 20，000． 00 & & \(20,000.00\) & 15，500．00 & & 4，500．00 & － \\
\hline Manitowoc，Wis． & & & 8，000．00 & 91.13 & 8，091． 13 & 7，036．00 & & 1，055． 13 & － \\
\hline Menoroonee，Wis
Milwamkee，Wis． & & 4，974．00 & & 44.49 & 5，018． 49 & 2，994．00 & & \(2,024.49\) & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline Milwankee，Wis
Harbor of refuge，Milwaukee Bay，Wisconsin & & & \(6,000.00\)
\(80,000.00\) & & \(6,000.00\)
\(84,987.00\) & & & \(6,000.00\)
\(74,000.00\) & 品 \\
\hline Harbor of retuge，Milwaukec Bay，Wisconsin Improving harbor at－ & & 3，987．00 & 80，000， 00 & 1，000．00 & 84，987．00 & 10，987．00 & & 74，000．00 & H \\
\hline Oconto，Wis ．．．． & & 3， 000.00 & & & \(3,000.00\) & 1，000．00 & & 2，000．00 & \(\bigcirc\) \\
\hline Pensaukee，Wis & & 3，500．00 & & & 3， 500.00 & & & 3，500．00 & Z \\
\hline Port Washington，Wis & & & 3，000．00 & & 3， 000.00 & & & 3， 000.00 & \\
\hline Racine，W is ． & & & 17，500．00 & & 17，500．00 & 2，000．00 & & 15，500．00 & － \\
\hline －Sheboygan，Wis ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & & 992.00 & 15，000．00 & & 15，992．00 & 5，392．00 & & 10，600．00 & 0 \\
\hline Harbor of refuge at entrance of Sturgeon Bay Canal Wisconsin & & & 3，000．00 & & 3，000．00 & 1，000．00 & & 2，000．00 & 자 \\
\hline Improving harbor at Superior Bay and St．Louis Bay Wisconsin． & & 15，603． 70 & \(65,000.00\) & & 80，603．70 & 27， 640.00 & & 52，963． 70 & 鹗 \\
\hline Improving Minnesota Point at Superior，Wis． & & & 4，895． 00 & & 4，895．00 & 4， 895.00 & & 2， 0 & 2 \\
\hline Improving harbor at－ & & & & & & & & & \(\square\) \\
\hline ．Two Rivers，Wis & & & 3，000．00 & & 3，000．00 & 2，500．00 & & 500.00 & 令 \\
\hline －Agate Bay，Minn & & 1，897．40 & 25，000．00 & ．．．．．．．．．．．． & 26，897． 40 & 1， 100.00 & ， & 25，797．40 & \(\cdots\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Dulath，Minn． \\
Grand Marais，Minn
\end{tabular} & & 13， 303.60 & \(100,000.00\) & & 113，303． 60 & 68，327． 60 & & 44，976．00 & \(\sim\) \\
\hline Improving Humboldt Harbor and Bay，Calitornia & & 105，000．00 & \(22,350.00\)
\(80,000.00\) & & 185， 2300.00 & 76， 265.00 & & \(16,000.00\)
\(108,735.00\) & \\
\hline Improving barbors at－ & & & & & & & & 108， 735.00 & \\
\hline Oakland，Cal & & 97，689．00 & 250，000．00 & & 347；689．00 & 130，245．00 & & 217，444．00 & \\
\hline San Diego，Cal．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & & & 60，500． 00 & & 60，500． 00 & 13，500．00 & & 47，000．00 & \\
\hline Breakwater and harbor of refuge between Straits of Fuca and San Francisco & & 141， 373.08 & & 1，485． 44 & 142．858． 52 & 2，000．00 & & 140，858． 52 & \\
\hline Survey of San Franciseo Harbor，San Pablo and Suisun bays，Strait of Carquinez and mouths of San Joaquio and Sacramento rivers，California & & 1，000．00 & & & 1，000． 00 & & & 1，000．00 & \\
\hline Survey of Pacific coast between points Duma and Capis－ trano & & 1，00．00 & 5，000．00 & & 5，000．00 & 1，500． 00 & & 3，500．00 & \\
\hline Improving harbors at－ San Luis Obispo，Cal & & & 40，000．00 & & 40，000．00 & 15，000．00 & & 25，000．00 & \\
\hline Wilmington，Cai．．．． & & 112，391．10 & 34， 000.00 & & 146，391． 10 & 95， 280.00 & & 51，111． 10 & \\
\hline Entrance to Coos Bay and Harbor，Oregon & & & 125，000．00 & & 125，000．00 & \(85,000.00\) & & 40，000．00 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Improving-
Nehalem Bay, Oregon
Youmanar Bay and Bar, Oregon
Bagaduce River, Maine
Harrisseckit River Main
Kennebec River, Maime..
Kennebunk River, Main
Lubec Channel, Maine.
Narragaugus River, Mane
Penobscot River, Maine
Pleasant River, Main
Saco River, Maine.
St. Croix River, Maine
Bellamy River, New Hampshive
Cocheco River, New Hampshire
Ipswich River, Massa
Merrimac River, Massachnsett
Powow River, Massachusetts
Taunton River, Massachusetts
Weymouth River, Massachusetts
Pawcatuck River, Rhode Island
Pawtucket River, Rhode Island
Providence River and Narragansett Bay, R.
\(\underset{\text { Removing Green Jacket Shoal, Providence River, }}{\boldsymbol{R} .} \mathbf{I}\). Improving-

Connecticut River, Connecticut
Connecticut River between Hartford and Holyoke Mystic River, Connecticut.
Thames River Connecticut
Browns Creek, New York
East Chester Creek, New York
Removing obstructions in East River and Hell Gate, New York
Improving:
Grass River, New York
Great Chazy River, New York
Harlem River, New York
Hadson River, Apw York
Narrows atLake Champlain, New York and Vermont Patchogue River, New York
St: Lawrence River, New York
Ticonderoga River, New York
Wappingers Creek, New Youk
Alloway Creek, New Jersey.
Elizabeth River, New Jersey
Mattawan Creek, New Jersey

2,800. 00
19, 031. 00
10,497.00
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i1, 995.00

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Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments dur. ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891 . & A mounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline military establishment-cpntinued. & & & & & & & & - \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$12, 815, 608.57 & \$56, 109, 435.30 & \$1, 617, 265.06 & \$70,542, 308. 93 & \$43, 347, 489.32 & \$961, 564.38 & \$26, 283, 255. 23 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Improving- \\
Maurice River, New Jersey
\end{tabular} & & & 8,000.00 & & 8,000.00 & & & \[
8 ; 000.00
\] \\
\hline Passaic River, New Jersey . & & 4,704.00 & 45, 100.00 & & 49, 804.00 & 2,454.00 & & 47, 350.00 \\
\hline Racoon River, New Jersey & & 2,242. 77 & & & 2, 242.77 & & & 2, 242.77 \\
\hline Raritan River, New Jersey & & 8,429.00 & 50,000.00 & & 58, 4.29.00 & 23.929.00 & & 34,500.00 \\
\hline Shoal Harbor and Comptons Creek, New Jersey & & & \(5,000.00\) & & 5,000. 00 & 4,500.00 & & . 500.00 \\
\hline Shrewsbury River, New Jersey . & & & 10,000.00 & & 10, 000. 00 & 9,000.00 & & - 1.,000.00 \\
\hline South River, New Jersey. & & 1. 194.00 & \(5,000.00\) & & \(6,194.00\) & 4,500.00 & & 1, 694.00 \\
\hline Squan River, New Jersey & & & 2,000.00 & & 2,000.00 & & & 2,000.00 \\
\hline Survey of Delaware River between Philadelphia, Pa., and Camden, N.J \(\qquad\) & & 4,465.28 & & & 4, 465.28 & & & 4,465. 28 \\
\hline Improving: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Delaware River, Pennsylvania and New Jersey Allegheny River Pennsylvania. & & 52,000.00 & 250, 000.00 & 56.36 & \(302,000.00\)
20.056 .36 & \(71,500.00\)
\(3,000.00\) & & \(230,500.00\)
\(17,056.36\) \\
\hline Dam at Herrs Island, Allegheny River, near Pittsburg, Pa. & & 33, 679.90 & \(35,000.00\) & & 68,679.90 & 85.00 & & 68,594.90 \\
\hline Improving: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schuylki River, Pennsylvania & & & 45,000. 00 & & 45,000.00 & 20,500. 00 & & 24,500.00 \\
\hline Appoquinnimipk Rjver, Delawa & & & \(5,000.00\) & & 5,000.00 & 5, 000. 00 & & \\
\hline Broadkiln River, Delaware ... & & 3,478.00 & & & \(3,478.00\) & 3,478.00 & & \\
\hline Smyrna River, Delaware & & & 5,000.00 & & 5, 000.00 & 5, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Chester River, Maryland & & 2, 958. 54 & \(5,000.00\) & & 7,958. 54 & 500.00 & & 7, 458. 54 \\
\hline Choptank River, Maryland & & 3,983. 00 & 7,500.00 & & 11, 483.00 & 4,483.00 & & 7,000.00 \\
\hline Elk River Maryland... & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000. 00 & 2,700.00 & & 7,300.00 \\
\hline Fairlee Creek, Maryland: & & & \(5,000.00\) & & 5,000.00 & 5,000.00 & & \\
\hline Manokin River, Maryland & & & \(\overline{7}, 500.00\) & & 7,500.00 & 7,500.00 & & \\
\hline Nortli East River, Maryland & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline Patuxent River, Maryland................... & & & 6,000.00 & 1.50 & 6,001. 50 & 5,101.50 & & 900.00 \\
\hline Susquehanna River near Havre de Grace, Md. & & & 4, 000.00 & & 4, 000.00 & & & 4, 000.00 \\
\hline Water way from Chinenteague Bay to Indian River Bay, Virginia, Maryland, and Delaware. & & 39, 950.00 & 50, 000.00 & & 89, 950.00 & 39,950.00 & & 50, 000.00 \\
\hline Improving: & & 957.06 & 10,000.00 & & 10,957. 06 & 200.00 & & 10,757.06 \\
\hline Wicomico River, Maryland & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Potomac River................... & & 5,000. 00 & 280, 000.00 & & 285, 000.00 & 83, 000.00 & & 202,000.00 \\
\hline Potomac River at Mount Vernon, Va & & & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.60 & 2,500.00 & & \\
\hline Acquia Creek, Virginia. & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000. 00 & 3,700.00 & & 6, 300. 00 \\
\hline Appomattox River, Virginia. & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000.00 & 8,500.00 & & 6, 500.00 \\
\hline Chickahominy River, Virginia. & & & \(2,500.00\)
\(10,000.00\) & & \(2,500.00\)
\(10,000.00\) & 250.00
200.00 & & \(2,250.00\)
\(9,800.00\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

James River, Virgimia
Mattaponi River, Virginia
Nomini Creek, Virginia..
Occoqnan Creek, Virginia.
Pamunkey River, Virginia...
Rappahannock Riter, Virginia
Staunton River, Virginia
York River Virgin
North Landing River, Virginia and North Carolina New River, \(\nabla\) Virginia and West Virginia.
Dan River, Virginia and North Carolina
Big Sandy River, West Virginia and Kentuck Buchannon River, West Virginia.
Cheat River, West Virginia
Ek River, West Virginia
Gauley River, West Virginia
Great Kanawha River, West Virginia
Guyandotte River, West Virginia..
Mitle Kanawha River West Virginia
Purchase of upper lack and dam Mo
Purchase of upper lock and dam, Monongahela River Costs of condemnation of upper lock and dam, Mononga hela River, between Pittsburg, Pa., and Morgantow W , Y \(\mathbf{i}\), between Pitssburg, Par, and Morgantows
Improving
Shenandoah River, West Virginia
Cape Fear River, North Carolina
Contentnea Creek, North Carolina
Fishing Creek, North Carolina.
Lockwood's Folly River, North Carolina
Lumber River, North Carolina.
Mackey Creek, North Carolina
New River North Carolina
 Waterway from Norfolk Harbor, Virginia, to Albe marle Sound

Pamlico and Tar rivers, North Carolina
Pasquotank River, North Carolina
Roanoke River, North Carolina
Roanoke River, North Carolina and Virginia
Trent River, North Carolina.
Yadkin River, North Carolina
Beanfort River, South Carolina
Clark's River, South Carolina

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 200, 000. 00 & 110, 000.00 & ................ & 90,000.00 \\
\hline 3, 003. 11 & 2,303.11 & & 700.00 \\
\hline 11,000. 00 & & & 11,000.00 \\
\hline 5,513.39 & 5, 513. 39. & & \\
\hline 10, 000, 00 & 4,200.00 & & 5,800.00 \\
\hline 3,016.36 & 2,316. 36 & & 700.00 \\
\hline 17, 410.24 & 8, 493.27 & & 8, 916.97 \\
\hline 8, 220. 21 & 385.47 & & 7, 834.74 \\
\hline 3, 000.00 & 1,300. 00 & & 1,700.00 \\
\hline 31, 177. 06 & 12,177. 06 & & 19, 1000.00 \\
\hline 2, 500.00 & & & 2,500. 00 \\
\hline 2,341.79 & & & 2,341.79 \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
39.63 \\
47,445.00
\end{array}
\] & 31,445.00 & & 39.63
\(16,000.00\) \\
\hline 1,000.00 & 1,000.00 & & 16,000.00 \\
\hline 13, 000.00 & 8, 000.00 & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline 2,500.00 & 2,500. 00 & & \\
\hline 3, 000.00 & 3,000.00 & & \\
\hline 459, 559.00 & 100, 400.00 & & 359, 159.00 \\
\hline 2,000.00 & 2, 000.00 & & \\
\hline 40,000. 00 & 35, 000.00 & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline 5,036.72 & 5,036.72 & & \\
\hline 323,733.13 & 400.00 & & 323, 333.13 \\
\hline 7,533.87. & 2,431.55 & & 5,102. 32 \\
\hline 16,060.95 & 40.00 & & 16,020.95 \\
\hline 190, 001. 50 & 70,000.00 & & 120, 001.50 \\
\hline 7, 000.00 & 5,000.00 & & 2, 000000 \\
\hline 10, 000.00 & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline 5, 000. 00 & 5, 000.00 & & \\
\hline 6,990.00 & 3, 490.00 & & 3,500.00 \\
\hline 15, 000.00 & 500.00 & & 14,500.00 \\
\hline 21,973.85 & 11,966.00 & & 10,007. 85 \\
\hline 7,990.00 & & & 7, 990.00 \\
\hline 5,000.00 & 800.00 & & 4. 200.00 \\
\hline 10,000.00 & 700.00 & & 9,300.00. \\
\hline 90, 000.00 & 3, 000.00 & & 87, 000.00 \\
\hline 11, 490.00 & 2,990.00 & & 8,500.00 \\
\hline 3,000.00 & 3,000.00 & & \\
\hline \(25,006.76\) & 8,000.00 & & 17,006. 76 \\
\hline 11,000.00 & 11,000.00 & & \\
\hline 5, 013. 50 & 5,000.00 & & 13.50 \\
\hline 5,000.00 & 3, 300.00 & & 1, 700.00 \\
\hline \({ }_{12} 755.37\) & & & 855.37 \\
\hline \(12,500.00\)
\(2,500.00\). & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,200.00 \\
500.00
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8,800.00 \\
& 2,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30 , 1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 189]. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplas fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline military mistablishment-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$13,364, 642.29 & \$58, 298, 535.30 & \$1, 618, 142. 19 & \$73, 281, 319. 78 & \$44, 142, 907.75 & \$961, 564. 38 & 28, 176, 847. 65 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Improving- \\
Congaree River, South Caroli
\end{tabular} & & 1,000.00 & 5,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 4,500.00 & & 1,500,00 \\
\hline Edisto River, South Carolina & & & 5,000.00 & & 5,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Great Pee Dee River, Sonth Carolina & & 2,011.75 & 12,500.00 & & 14,511. 75 & 6. 100.00 & & 8,411.75 \\
\hline Little Pee Dee River, South Carolina & & & \(5,000.00\) & & 5, 000.00 & 3,000.00 & & 2, 000.00 \\
\hline Mingo Creek, South Carolina & & & \(5,000.00\) & & \(5,000.00\) & 2,500.00 & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline Salkahatehie River, South Carolina & & & 5,000.00 & & \(5,000.00\) & 1,000.00 & & 4, 000.00 \\
\hline Santee River,'Sonth Carolina & & 1.80 & 30, 000.00 & & \(30,001.80\) & - 14,500.00 & & 15,501. 80 \\
\hline Waccamaw River, North Carolina and South Carolina. & & & 12,500.00 & & 12,500.00 & 9,000.00 & & 3,500.00 \\
\hline Wappoo Cut, South Carolina. & & 1, 646.00 & 10,000.00 & & 11, 646.00 & 11., 646.00 & & \\
\hline Wateree River, South Carolina & & 6, 972.00 & 12, 500.00 & & 19,472.00 & 6,972.00 & & 12,500.00 \\
\hline Altamaha River, Georgia & & & 15,000.00 & & 15,000. 00 & 6,000. 00 & & 9, 000000 \\
\hline Chattahoochee River, Georgia and Alabama & & & 20,000.00 & & 20,000.00 & 15, 000.00 & & 5, 000.00 \\
\hline Coosa River, Georgia and Alabama. & & & \(300,000.00\) & 18. 27 & \(300,018.27\) & \(83,000.00\) & & 217, 018. 27 \\
\hline Flint River, Georgia. & & & 20,000,00 & & 20,000. 00 & 7,500.00 & & 12,500. 00 \\
\hline Jekyl Creek, Georsia & & & 7,500.00 & & 7,500.00 & 7, 000. 00 & & 500.00 \\
\hline Ocmulgee River, Georgia & & & 30,000.00 & & \(30,000.00\) & 22,500.00 & & 7,500.00 \\
\hline Oconee River, Georgia... & & +295 & \(25,000.00\) & & \(25,000.25\) & 20,500. 00 & ...... & 4,500.25 \\
\hline Ostepanla and Coosawattee rivers, Georgia
Sarannah River, Georgia.................. & & 499.39 & 25,000.00 & & 25,000.00 & 10,500.00 & & 499.39
\(14,500.00\) \\
\hline Savanuah River, Georgla... & & & \(25,000.00\)
\(2,000.00\) & & 2,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & 14, \\
\hline Caloosahatchee River, Florila & & & 3,600.00 & & \(3,600.00\) & 3,600.00 & & \\
\hline Choctawhatchee River, Florida and Alabama & & 492.00 & 12,500.00 & & 12,992. 00 & 4, 992.00 & & 8,000.00 \\
\hline Escambia and Conecnl River, Florida and Alabama & & 1. 000.00 & 7,500.00 & 22.41 & 8,522. 41 & 4,509.00 & & 4,013.41 \\
\hline La Grange Bayou, Florida .................... & & - 4,839.20 & 3,000.00 & & 7,839. 20 & 3,000.00 & & 4, 839. 20 \\
\hline Manatee River, Florida... & & & 6,000.00 & & 6, 000.00 & & -.......... & 6, 0000.60 \\
\hline Ocklawaha River, Flonida & & & 10,000.03 & & 10,000.00 & 2,500.00 & & 7,500.00 \\
\hline St. Johns River, Florida & & 14,930.05 & 170,000.00 & & 184, 930.05 & 50,000.00 & ........... & 134,930.05 \\
\hline Sarasota Bay, Florida. & & & 5, 000.00 & & \(\overline{5}, 000.00\) & 1,500.00 & & 3,500.00 \\
\hline Suwanee River, Florida & & & 3, 000.00 & & 3, 000.00 & 3, 000.09 & & \\
\hline Volusia Bar, Florida. & & & 500.00 & & 500.00 & 500.00 & -........... & \\
\hline Withlacoochee River, Florida & & & 5,400.00 & & 5, 400.00 & 1, 400.00 & -..-..... & 4, 000.60 \\
\hline Alabama River, Alabama & & 3,000. 00 & 20,000.00 & 145.00 & 23, 145. 00 & 8, 050.57 & & 15, 694. 43 \\
\hline Black Warrior River, Alabama & & 4, 640.40 & 150,000. 00 & & 154, 640.40 & 59, 646. 40 & -...-......... & 95, 000.00 \\
\hline Cahawba River, Alabama. & & 6,982. 00 & & & 6,982.00 & 3,000.0.J & & 3,982.00 \\
\hline Tallapoosa River, Alabama & & & \(4^{\text {; }} \mathbf{0} 000.00\) & 52.15 & 4, 052. 15 & 1,000.00 & ........... & 3,052. 15 \\
\hline Warrior and Tombigbee rivers, Alabama and Mississippi & & & 125, 000. 00 & & 125, 000.00 & 55, 000.00 & & 70,000.00 \\
\hline Big Black River, Mississippi .......... & . & 5,000.00 & & & 5.000 .00 & 5,000.00 & & \\
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Big Sunitlower River, Mississippi
Bluft Creek, Mississippi
Chickasahay River, Mississippi
Leaf River, Mississippi
Noxubee River, Mississippi
Pascagoula River, Mississippi
Pearl River, Mississippi.
Steele Bayou, Mississippi.
Tallahatchie River, Mississipi
Tchula Lake, Mississippi.
Yazoo River, Louisiana
Amite River, Louisiana.................................
Bayou Black, Lonisiana
Bayou Beeuf, Lonisiama.
Bayou Courtableau, Lomisiana
Bayou D'Arbonne, Louisiana
Bayou La Fourche, Lonisiana
Bayou Plaquemine, Louisiana
Bayous Rondeway and Vidal, Louisiana
Bayou Teche, Louisiana
Connecting Bayon Teche with Grand Lakeat Chare................................. Louisiana.

Bayon Terrebonne, Lonisiama
Bogue Chitto, Lonisiana.
Survey of Red River, Louisiana
Improving-
Red River, Louisiana aud Arkansas
Thefuncte River, Louisian
Ticksa mer, Louisiana.
Buffalo
Cedar Bayou, Teras
Cyprus Bayou, Texas and Louisiana
Mouth of Brazos River, Texas
Neches River, Texas
Trinity Rirer, Texas
Arkansas River, Arliansas
Removing obstructions in the Arkansas River, Arkansas and Kansas.
Improving-
Black River, Arkansas and Missouri
Fourche Le Fever River, Arkansas.
Ouachita River, Arkansas..
Ouachita River, Arkansas and Louisiana.
Petit Jean Rirer, Arkansas.
Red River above Fulton, Arkansa
Saint Francis River, Arkansas ...
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 5,000.00 & , \\
\hline & 1,000.00 & \\
\hline & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline & 3, 600. (1) & \\
\hline 10, cou. 00 & 20, 000.0.) & \\
\hline 3,981.00 & 28, 000.00 & \\
\hline & 2,500.00 & \\
\hline & 5, 000:01 & \\
\hline & 3,000.00 & \\
\hline 2,000.00 & 25, 000.00 & \\
\hline & 3,800.00 & \\
\hline & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline 319.31 & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline & 2,200.00 & \\
\hline & 2,000.00 & \\
\hline 35,354.05 & 50,000.00 & \\
\hline 43, 830.00 & 100,000.00 & \\
\hline & 1,000.c0 & \\
\hline 462.08 & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline 22, 100.05 & & \\
\hline 2,992.00 & & \\
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5,000.00 \\
28,000.00
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\] & \\
\hline 11,000.00 & 100,000.00 & \\
\hline & 1,000.00 & \\
\hline & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline & 1, 000000 & \\
\hline & \(25,000.00\) & \\
\hline & 18, 150.00 & \\
\hline & 10,000.00 & 35.92 \\
\hline 16,651.57 & & \\
\hline 4, 157. 84 & & \\
\hline 35,368. 78 & & \\
\hline & 10,000. 00 & \\
\hline 58,227.60 & 180,000.00 & \\
\hline 971.00 & 20,000.00 & \\
\hline & 5,000.00 & \\
\hline & 7,500.00 & \\
\hline 1,500,00 & & \\
\hline 7,000.00 & 15,000.00 & \\
\hline 2,194.00 & & . 22 \\
\hline & \(2,000.00\) & \\
\hline & 4,000.00 & \\
\hline 13,675, 772.41 & 60,084, 185.30 & 1, 618, 41.6, 16 \\
\hline
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Badances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending
\(J u n e ~ 30,1891\). June 30,181 & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available dur ing the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline military establishment-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward. & & \$13, 675, 772, 41 & \$60, 084, 185. 30 & \$1,618,416.16 & \$75, 378, 373.87 & \$44.928, 462.46 & \$961, 564. 38 & \$29, 488, 347.03 \\
\hline Saint Francis River, Arkansas, certified claims & & & . 34 & & & & & \\
\hline White River, Arkansas........................ & & 968.69 & 30,000.00 & & 30,968:69 & 19,407.05 & & 11,561.64 \\
\hline Big Hatchie River, 'Tennessee & & & 5 5,000.00 & & 5,50000 & 30000 & & \\
\hline Caney Fork River, Temnessee & & & 2,500.00 & & \(2,500.00\)
\(4,000.00\) & \(1,000.00\)
\(1,500.00\) & & \(1,500.00\)
\(2,500.00\) \\
\hline Clinch River, Tennessee. & & & 4,000.00 & & 4, 000.00 & 1,500.00 & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline Cumberland River above mouth of the Jellico, Kentucky & & 5,000.00 & & & 5, 000.00 & 4,000.00 & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline Cumberland River above Nashville, Tenn .. & & 222, 000.00 & \(250,000.00\) & 9.56
99.00 & 472, 009.56 & 55, \({ }^{7}\), 05.47 & & 417, 004. 09 \\
\hline Cumberland River below Nashville, Tenn & & 1,980. 00 & 40,000.00 & 29.00 & 42, 009.00 & 7,490.92 & & 34, 518.08 \\
\hline French Broad River, Tennessee. & & & 10.000 .00
\(2,500.00\) & & \(10,000.00\)
\(2,500.00\) & \(3,000.00\)
300.00 & & 7, 2000.00 \\
\hline Hiawassee River, Tennessee.. & & & 1,500.00 & & 1,500.00 & & & 1,500.00 \\
\hline Tennessee River above Chattanooga, Tenn & & 2,000.00 & \(30,000.00\) & & 32, 000.00 & 16,000.00 & & 16,000.00 \\
\hline Tennessee River below Chattanooga, Tenn., Ala., and Ky & & 15,000. 00 & 475.000.00 & 15.00 & 490, 015.00 & 153, 011.09 & & 337, 003.91 \\
\hline Kentucky River, Kentncks. & & & 180, 000.00 & & 180,000.00 & 81, 870.86 & & 98, 129. 14 \\
\hline Licking River, Kentucky & & & \({ }^{3,000.00}\) & & 3,000.00 & 3,000.00 & & \\
\hline Rough River, Kentucky. & & 1,985.00 & 25,000.00 & & \(25,000.00\)
\(1,985.00\) & \(5,000.00\)
.1500 .00 & & 20, 4800.00 \\
\hline Mnskingum River, Ohio & & 36, 605.00 & & 169.08 & 36. 777 . 68 & 4, 092.00 & & 82,685.08 \\
\hline Ohio River, Ohio & & 130, 851.84 & 300, 000.00 & 578.60 & 431, 430. 44 & 152, 337. 08 & & 279, 093.36 \\
\hline Survey of the Ohio River below Pittsburg, 1 & & 9, 565.92 & & & 9,565. 92 & & & 9,565. 92 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Improving- \\
Ohio River below Pittsburc. Pa
\end{tabular} & & & 250, 000.00 & & \(250,000.00\) & 2,500. 00 & & 247,500. 00 \\
\hline Falls of the Ohio River at Louisville, Ky & & 154, 399.00 & 85, 000.00 & & 239, 399.00 & \(43,390.00\) & & 196, 009.00 \\
\hline Operating snag boats on the Ohio River..... & & & 12, 500.00 & & 12,500.00 & 12,500.00 & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Improving- \\
Sandusky River, Ohio
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Calumet River, Illinois & & 37,181.80 & 1,500.00 & & 37, 181.80 & 37, 181. 80 & & 1,500.00 \\
\hline Calumet River, Illinois and Tndiana & & & 50,000.00 & 47.64 & 50, 047.64 & 13,022.50 & & 37, 025.14 \\
\hline Galena River, Illinois. & & & 100, 000.00 & & 100, 000.00 & ............. & & 100, 000.00 \\
\hline Ellinois River, Illinois............. & & 3,447.15 & 200, 000.00 & 71.45 & 203, 518.60 & 49,233.75 & & 154, 284.85 \\
\hline Examnation of Illmois and Michigan and Hemepin canals & & 97.44 & & & 97.44 & 97.44 & & \\
\hline Illinois and Mississippi Canal & & & 500, 600. 00 & & 500, 000.00 & 12,000.00 & & 488,000. 00 \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow[\text { Improving- }]{\text { Kaskaskia River, }}\), Illinois & & & 6, 000.00 & & 6,000.00 & & & 6,000.00 \\
\hline Wabash River, Indiana and Illinois & & 5, 931.00 & 65,500.00 & & 71,431.00 & 33, 431.00 & & 38,000. 00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

White River, Indiana Mississippi River Commission
Examination and surveys at South Pass, Mississippi River
 Reinoving obstructions from the Mississippi River Reservoirs at headwaters of the Mississippi
Improving Mississippi River-
Above the Falls of St. Anthony, Minnesota,
From Minneapolis to Des Moines Rapids, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Ilinois, and Wisconsin
From St, faul to Des Moines Rapids, Minnesota, From Des Moines Rapids to mouth of Illinois River, Illinois and Missouri
Improving Des Moines Rapids, Mississippi River, Iowa aud Illinois
Improving Mississippi River between the mouths of the Obio and Illinois Rivers, Illinois and Missouri.... Gauging the waters of the Lower Mississippi and its tributaries
Operating snag and dredge boats on the Üpper Mississippi River
Improving-- \(\underset{\text { Black River, Missouri }}{\text { Ras }}\)
Gasconade River Missour
Little River, Missouri
Little River, Missouri Arkansas
Survey of Missouri River above Missouri River Falls, Fort Benton, Mont
Improving Missouri River from mouth to Sioux City, Iowa...
Improving Missomi River
Removing obstructions in the Missouri River, from St. Imoseph, M

Osage River, Missouri and Kansas
St. Francis River, Missouri
Harbor at St. Louis, Mo
Black River, Michigau
Clinton River, Michigan
Hay Lake Channel, Sault St. Marje River, Michigan Menomonee River, Michigan and TVisconsin........ Rouge River, Michigan.
Saginaw River, Michigan
St. Clair Flats Canal, Michigan
Carried forward


\footnotetext{
* And prior years.
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 4,988.00 & 1,500.00 & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,488.00} \\
\hline 7,575.00 & 7,575.00 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
4,272,19
\]} & \\
\hline 4,272. 19 & & & \\
\hline 10,000.00 & 10,000. 00 & & \\
\hline 4, 485, 844, 51 & 1. \(889,595.32\) & & 2,596, 249.19 \\
\hline 100, 000.00 & 100, 000.00 & & \\
\hline 85, 000.00 & 19,000.00 & & 69,000. 00 \\
\hline 18,000.00 & 12,000.00 & & 6,000.00 \\
\hline 556, 037.64 & 226, 033.00 & & 330, 004.64 \\
\hline 2,458.57 & 1, 058.52 & & 1, 400.05 \\
\hline 183,819.68 & 88,758.50 & & 95, 061. 18 \\
\hline 22,000.00 & 13,500.00 & & 8,500.00 \\
\hline 488, 168.00 & 133,068.00 & & \(355,100.00\) \\
\hline 6, 000.00 & \(6,000.00\) & & \\
\hline 25, 000.00 & 25,000.00 & & \\
\hline 7, 000,00 & 4.500.00 & & 2,500. 00 \\
\hline 4, 000.00 & 1,000.00 & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline 1,796. 07 & 1, 722.35 & & 73.72 \\
\hline 3,000.00 & 500.00 & & 2,500.00 \\
\hline 15,000.00 & 15,000.00 & & \\
\hline 800, 067. 50 & 194,029.62 & & 606,037. 88 \\
\hline 388, 183.26 & 178, 952. 55 & & 209,230.71 \\
\hline 59,500.00 & 38,160.00 & & 21,340.00 \\
\hline 56, 989.00 & 3, 989.00 & & 53,000, 00 \\
\hline 10,500.00 & 5, 514.37 & & 4,985.63 \\
\hline 182, 000.00 & 120, 000. 00 & & 62, 000.00 \\
\hline 35, 000.00 & 25,500.00 & & 9,500.00 \\
\hline 10, 000.00 & 10,000. 00 & & \\
\hline 999,560.00 & 299,560. 00 & & .700, 000.00 \\
\hline 54, 000.00 & 17,000.00 & & \(0^{37,000.00}\) \\
\hline 10,000.00 & 10,000.00 & & \\
\hline 75,000. 00 & 40,000. 00 & & 35,000. 00 \\
\hline 81,000. 00 & 31, 000.00 & & \(50,000.00\) \\
\hline \(1,000.00\) & & & 1,000.00 \\
\hline 87, 431, 069.80 & 49, 170, 149.99 & \(965,836.57\) & 37, 295, 083.24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Balances of Appropriations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specitio acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments daring the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carriod to the surplas fund June 30, 1891 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
-
\end{tabular} \\
\hline MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forwar & & \$15, 258, 264.83 & \$70,518, 683.52 & \$1, 654, 121. 45 & \$87, 431, 069.80 & \$49, 170, 149. 99 & \$905, 836.57 & 37, 295, 083.24 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Improving- } \\
& \text { St. Marys River, Michica }
\end{aligned}
\] & & 828,529.00 & 1,500, 000.00 & & 2,328,529.00 & 302, 020, 00 & & \[
2,026,509.00
\] \\
\hline St. Marys River and St. Marys Falls Canal, Mich igan & & 182.31 & & & 2,328,520.00 182.31 & & & 182.31 \\
\hline Thunder Bay River, Michigav................... & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 & 10,000.00 & & \\
\hline Examination of Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship canals & & 5,128.70 & & & 5,128.70 & 2,078.87 & & 3, 049.83 \\
\hline Parchase of Portage Lake and Lake Superior canals .... & & & \(350,000.00\) & & 350, 000.00 & & & \(350,000.00\) \\
\hline P'reservation of Portage Lake and Lake Superior canals & & & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Improving- & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Chippewa River, Wisconsin \\
Fox River, Wisconsin
\end{tabular} & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
600.00 \\
6,000.00
\end{array}
\] & \(10,000.00\)
\(100,000.00\) & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,600.00 \\
106,191.84
\end{array}
\] & \(3,600.00\)
\(38,218.00\) & & \(7,000.00\)
\(67,978.84\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Fox River, Wisconsin \\
Fox and Wisconsin rivers, Wisconsin
\end{tabular} & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,000.00 \\
& 2,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] & 100,000.00 & 191. 84 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
106,191.84 \\
2,000.00
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
38,218.00 \\
2,000.00
\end{array}
\] & & 67, 973.84 \\
\hline St. Croix River, Wisconsin and Minuesot & & & 8,000.00 & & 8,000.00 & 6,500.00 & & 1,500. 30 \\
\hline Minnesota River, Minnesota..... & & 9,967.00 & 8,00.00 & & 9,967. 00 & 6,500.00 & & 9, 967.00 \\
\hline Yellowstone River, Montana and Dakota & & 11, 800.00 & & & 11, 800.00 & 80.00 & & 11, 720.00 \\
\hline Fifd River of the North, Minnesota and Dak & & & 25, 000.00 & & 25, 000.00 & 11, 000.00 & & 14,000.00 \\
\hline Napa River, California........................... & & 3,000.00 & 10, 000.00 & & 13,000.00 & 11,000. 00 & & 2, 000.00 \\
\hline Petaluma Creek, California & & 2,000.00 & 4,000.00 & & 6, 000. 00 & 6,000.00 & & \\
\hline Redwood, Creek, California.............. & & & 8,000.00 & & 8,000.00 & 2,000.00 & & 6,000.00 \\
\hline Sacramento and Feather rivers, Califo & & 51, 998. 10 & \(30,000.00\) & & 81,998. 10 & 81,998. 10 & & \\
\hline San Joaquin River, California................ & & 100.98 & 75, 000.00 & & 75, 100.98 & 41, 250.00 & & \\
\hline Ganging the waters of the Columbia River, Oregon....... & & 1, 000000 & & & 1, 000.00 & 200.00 & & \[
800.00
\] \\
\hline Examination and survey of the Columbia River, Oregon. & & 2,934.39 & & 235. 10 & 3,169.49 & & & 3,169.49 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Improving- \\
Columbia River at Cascades, Oregon
\end{tabular} & & & 435,000.00 & & 435,000.00 & 270,000.00 & & 165, 000.00 \\
\hline Mouth of the Columbia River, Oregon and Washington & & 10,000.00 & 475, 000.00 & & 485, 000.00 & 240, 000. 00 & & 245, 000.00 \\
\hline Upper Columbia and Snake rivers, Oregon and Washington & & & 20,000.00 & & . \(20,000.00\) & 10,000.00 & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Columbia and Lower Willamette rivers below Portland, Oregon. & & 5,902.04 & 100,000.00 & & 105, 902.04 & 55, 902.04 & & 50,000.00 \\
\hline Coquille River, Oregon & & & 30,000. 00 & & 30, 000. 00 & 20,000.00 & & 10,000.00 \\
\hline Siuslaw River, Oregon. & & & 50, 000.00 & & 50, 000. 00 & 1,500.00 & & 48,500.00 \\
\hline Umpqua River, Oregon..................... & & & 9,000. 00 & & 9,000.00 & 3,000.00 & & \(6,000.00\) \\
\hline Willamette River above Portland, Oregon & & 79.11 & 11, 000.00 & & 11, 079. 11 & 8,079. 11 & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Youngs and Klaskuine rivers, Oregon.. & & & 1,600.00 & & 1,600.00 & 1,600.00 & & \\
\hline Chehalis River, Washington & & & \(3,000.00\) & & 3,000.00 & 3,000.00 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Apropriatrons Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carkied to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year euding June 30, 1891. & Payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline - . NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT-continued. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward................ & & \$1,700, 009. 82 & \$9, 150, 201. 44 & \$050,236.05 & \$11, 800, 447. 31 & \$9,751, 08S. 43 & \$231, 305.66 & \$1, 818, 053.22 \\
\hline Marine Corps-Contimued. Military stores & 1895 & 282.28 & & & 282.28 & & 282. 28 & \\
\hline Mir Do.................. & 1890 & 15.84 & & 594.04 & 609.88 & & 282. 28 & 609.88 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & \(12,000.00\) & & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting, certified cla & & 5.00 & 14.40 & & 19.40 & 14. 40 & & 5.00 \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting ............ & 1888 & \({ }^{17} 100\) & 23.00 & & 40.00 & & 17.00 & 23.00 \\
\hline Do......................... & 1889 & 377.71 & & & 377.71 & 5.80 & 371.91 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 23.26 & 873.22 & 121.81 & 1, 018. 29 & 704.03 & & 314. 26 \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 12,000.00 & 45.98 & 12,045.98 & 10,586. 06 & & 1,459.92 \\
\hline Repairs of barracks, certified claims & & & 30.90 & & 30. 90 & 30.90 & & \\
\hline Repairs of barracks. & 1889 & 166.31 & & & 166.31 & & 166.31 & \\
\hline Do.............. & 1890 & 12.31 & & 29.04 & 41. 35 & 12.31 & & 29.04 \\
\hline Do............... & 1891 & & 18,850. 00 & . 88 & 18,850. 88 & 18. 850.00 & & . 88 \\
\hline Marine barracks, Norfolk, Va .. & & 15,000.00 & & & 15.000 .00 & 15, 000.00 & & \\
\hline Marine barracks, Sitka, Alaska. & & & 6,000.00 & & 6,000.00 & 1, 000.00 & & 5,000.00 \\
\hline Marine Corps: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Forage... & 1889 & 42.37 & 99. 38 & 44. 14 & 185. 89 & 99. 38 & 86.51 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & ................ & 317.80 & 732.17 & 1,-949.97 & 383.57 & & 666.40 \\
\hline \({ }^{\text {Do. }}\) & 1891 & & 3,500.00 & 65.77 & 3, 565, 77 & 3.500 .00 & & 65.77 \\
\hline Hire of quarters & 1889 & 307.80 & ................ & & 307.80 & ................ & 307.80 & \\
\hline Do.... & 1890 & 60.00 & & 203.60 & 263. 60 & & & 263.60 \\
\hline Do...... & 1891 & & 6,624.00 & . 80 & 6, 624.80 & 6,624. 00 & & . 80 \\
\hline Contingent, certified claims & 1888 & 12.93 & 62.40
164.04 & & 75.33
164.04 & 62.40
155.92 & & 12.93
8.12 \\
\hline Do.. & 1889* & & 3,115.05 & 386.60 & 3, 501.65 & 3,292. 55 & & 209.10 \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 82.21 & & & 82.21 & 61.91 & 20.30 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 139.81 & 3, 187. 79 & 546.87 & 3,874.47 & 3,407.67 & & 466.80 \\
\hline 1\%o. & 1891 & & 27, 500.00 & 106. 20 & 27, 606. 20 & 27, 579. 77 & & 26. 43 \\
\hline Naval Academy: & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Pay & 1889 & 1,180.49 & - - - & & 1,180. 49 & & 1,180.49 & \\
\hline \(\bigcirc{ }^{\text {Do. }}\) & 1890 & 855.60 & & 121.45 & 9777.05 & \({ }^{160.71}\) & & 816.34 \\
\hline Special course. & 1889 & 1,445.36 & 104, 21.45 & 2.43 & 104, \(1,447.79\) & 104, 317.80 & 1,413.99 & \\
\hline Do.... & 1890 & 2,800.59 & & 61.00 & \(2,861.59\) & 2, 800.00 & & 61. 59 \\
\hline Do.. & 1891 & & 5, 000.00 & & 5, 000:00 & 1,700.62 & & 3,299. 38 \\
\hline Repairs. & 1889 & -6.08 & & & 6. 08 & & 6.08 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 2,248.83 & & 687. 49 & 2,936. 32 & 2.932.89 & & 3.43 \\
\hline 10. & 1891 & .......... & 21,000.00 & & 21,000. 00 & 16,795.98 & & 4,204. 02 \\
\hline Heating and lighting & 1889 & 20.27 & & & 20.27 & & 20.27 & , \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Approprlations Unexpended June 30, 1890, and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Contiuueci:

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Gunboats and cruisers authorized by act of March 3, 1887. & & & & 307.26 & 307.26 & 307.26 & & & \\
\hline Vessels for coast and harbor defense. & & 533, 098.93 & & & 533, 098.93 & 485, 713.76 & & 47,385. 17 & \\
\hline Armament. & & 328, 358. 67 & & 700.47 & 329,059. 14. & 200.061 .17 & & 128,997. 97 & \\
\hline Armior and gun steel. & & 3, 870, 388.72 & & & 3,870,388.72 & 392, 106. \(68{ }^{\circ}\) & & 3, \(3788,282.08\) & \\
\hline Armor and arnnament. & & \({ }_{3}^{3,989,544,469.62}\) & 2,500, 000.00 & \(1,021.29\)
266.11 & \(\begin{array}{r}6,490,243.44 \\ 10,069 \\ \hline\end{array}\) &  & & \(5,210,486.86\)
\(2,441,003.06\) & \\
\hline Gun plant, navy-yard, Washington, D. C & & 475, 879.36 & \(145,000.00\) & & 620, 879. 36 & 136, 900. 85 & & \(483,978.51\) & \\
\hline Rapid twist guns and reënforce cartridges & & 50, 000. 00 & 1,000,000.00 & & \(50,000.00\)
\(1,000,000.00\) & 54, 914.43 & & 50,000.00 & \\
\hline Traveling cranes & & & 100, 009.00 & & 1, 100, 000.00 & 54, 428.42 & & 99, 971.58 & \\
\hline Equipment of vessels & 1889 & 17.64 & 110,066. 87 & 175.00 & 110, 259.5T & 103, 636.37 & & 6.623.14 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 320, 079.36 & 100, 000. 00 & .12,830. 56 & 432, 909.92 & 357, 726, 05 & & 75, 183.87 & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 910, 000, 00 & 10,044. 82 & 920, 044.82 & 686, 107.09 & & 233, 937. 73 & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting: \\
Transportation and recruiting, certified claims
\end{tabular} & & & 123.81 & & 123.81 & 123.81 & & & \\
\hline Transportation and recruiting ................. & 1888 & & 5.00 & & 5.00 & & 5.00 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 &  & \[
\begin{array}{r}
920.74 \\
1,652.83
\end{array}
\] & 1,283.42 & 1,225.43 & 2, 985.74 & & 814.06 & \\
\hline Civil establisliment & 1889 & 227.03 & & & 227.03 & & 227.03 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & . 13 & & . 10 & & & & 23 & \\
\hline Civil establishment, Bureau of Lquipment & 1891 & & 19,025.00 & & 19,025.00 & 19,024. 01 & & & \\
\hline Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting: Contingent certified claims ........ & & 8.86 & 1,086. 25 & & 1,095. 11 & 1, 085, 91 & & 9.20 & 8 \\
\hline Contingent. & 1888 & & \({ }^{951.14}\) & & 951.14 & 826.07 & 125.07 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 146.76 & 1,130.94 & & 1, \({ }^{2}\), 77.70 & 1,110.28 & & 167.42 & 3 \\
\hline Contingent, Bureau of Equipm & 1891 & 5,405.33 & 10.000.00 & & 5,
0
0 0000000 & 6, 521.14 & & 3,478. 86 & \\
\hline Electric welding machine, Bureau of Equipmen & & & 12,000.00 & & 12,000.00 & +.......... & & 12, 000. 00 & \\
\hline Maintenance of yards and docks, certified claim & & 107. 72 & & & 107.72 & & & 107. 72 & \\
\hline Maintenance of yards and docks & 1889 & 754.53
\(21,886.14\) & & & \({ }^{754.53}\) & & 754.53 & & \\
\hline Do & 1890
1891 & 21, 886. 14 & 230, 000.00 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
379.02 \\
1,103,79
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
22,265.16 \\
231,103.79
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
17,862,68 \\
202,985.11
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,402.48 \\
28,118.68
\end{array}
\] & \\
\hline Bareau of Xards and Docks: Civil establishment & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Do...... & \({ }_{1890}^{1889}\) & 1, 5150.64 & & 163.54 & \(1,550.64\)
381.35 & 91.00 & 1,550.64 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1891 & & 53, 986.04 & & 53, 986.04 & 52, 876.12 & & 1, 109.92 & \\
\hline Continge & 1889 & \(\begin{array}{r}7.39 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & & & 7.39 & & 7.39 & & \\
\hline Do. & 1889 & 10,550.74 & & . 38 & 10,551. 12 & 17, \(\begin{array}{r}1304.91 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) & & 10,420.21 & \\
\hline Repairs and preservation at navy-y & 1889 & 7,672. 19 & 2,00.00 & & \(20,000.00\)
\(7,672.19\) & & 7,672.19 & 2,605. 62 & \\
\hline , Do.................... & 1890 & 21, 652. 53 & & 1, 555.42 & 23, 207.95 & 17,910.66 & & 5, 297.29 & \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 250, 000.00 & 150.00 & 250, 150.00 & 235, 820.58 & & 14, 320.42 & \\
\hline Naval station and coaling depot: & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Port Royal, S. C... \\
Isthmus of Panama
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & .50 & . 0 & \\
\hline Naral station: & & 20,00. 0 & & & 20,00.0 & & & , & \\
\hline Key West, Fla. & & 1,259, 90 & 1,000.00 & & 2,259. 90 & & & & \\
\hline Pago Pago, Samioa & & 68, 449.73 & & & 68, 449.73 & 5,577. 60 & & 62, 872.13 & \(\infty\) \\
\hline Carried forward & & 16, 929, 228.25 & 22, 098, 185. 57 & 996, 373.05 & 40, 023, 786. 87 & 23, 121, 027. 98 & 262, 996. 25 & 16, 639, 762.64 & co \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations. July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending
June 30, 1891. & Repayments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate avaílable during the fiscal year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Payments during the fiscal Year ending
June \(30,1891\). & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations June 30, 1891. \\
\hline naval establishment-continued. & & & & & & & & - \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$16, 929, 228.25 & \$22, 098, 185.57 & \$996, 373. 65 & '\$40, 023, 786.87 & \$23, 121, 027.98 & \$262, 996. 25 & \$16, 639, 762.64 \\
\hline Naval station-Continued. New London, Conn... & & & 6,500.00 & 248.50 & 6,748.50 & 6,748.50 & & \\
\hline Navy-yard: \({ }_{\text {Portsmouth }}\) N, H & & & & & & & & \\
\hline - \(\begin{gathered}\text { Portsmouth, } \\ \text { Boston, Mass } \\ \text { M }\end{gathered}\) & & 2,915. 08 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 62,430.00 \\
& 50,000.00
\end{aligned}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 62,430.00 \\
& 52,915.08
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
41, 379. 57 \\
4, 245. 21
\end{tabular} & & \(21,050.43\)
\(48,669.87\) \\
\hline Boston, Mass., dry dock & & 17,560.31 & & & 17,560.31 & & 17,560.31 & \\
\hline Brooklyn, N. Y ........ & 1887 & 235. 39 & & \({ }^{\text {2 }}\). 84 & \({ }^{275}{ }^{2366} 23\) & \({ }^{235.39}\) & . 84 & \\
\hline Do.. & & 5, 258.90 & 170, 000. 00 & 22.00 & 175, 280.90 & 120.025. 17 & & 55, 255. 73 \\
\hline League Istand, Pa ..... & & 136, 315.80 & 145, 000.00 & 32.04 & 281,347. 84 & 92, 236.19 & & 189, 111.65 \\
\hline League Island, Pa., timber dry dock & & 211, 836.43 & 15,000. 00 & . 17 & \(\begin{array}{r}211,836.43 \\ 15 \\ \hline 1016.32\end{array}\) & \(210,668.86\)
\(5,028.85\) & & \(1,167.57\)
9.987 .47 \\
\hline Norfolk, Va.. & & 14,395.36 & 40,000.00 & & 54, 395. 36 & 20,566. 41 & & 33,828.95 \\
\hline Mare Island, & 1886 & 17,772.75 & & & \(17,772.75\)
3691 & & 17,772.75 & \\
\hline Do. & 1887 & \(3,691.79\)
\(51,617.41\) & 80,000.00 & 215.02 & \(3,691.79\)
\(131,832.43\) & \(3,691.79\)
\(64,280.69\) & & 67,551.74 \\
\hline Electric lighting of navy-yards & & 43, 390. 25 & & & 43, 392.25 & 533.10 & & 42, 859.15 \\
\hline Adjustable stiern dock & & 3, 000.00 & & & 3, 000.00 & & & 3,000.00 \\
\hline Timber dry docks & & 242.64
\(4,479.23\) & & . 48 & 243.12 & \({ }^{242.64}\) & . 48 & \\
\hline Commissions on new nary-yards and dry docks & & 4, 479. 23 & 15,000.00 & 202.85 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, 479.23 } \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(1,138.32\)
\(14,718.58\) & & 3, 340.91 \\
\hline Construction of dock, Port Royal, S.C & & & 200, 000.00 & & 200, 000.00 & 6, 166.03 & & 193,833.97 \\
\hline Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, Pa & 1889 & 4,353.90 & & & 4, 353.90 & & 4,353. 00 & \\
\hline Naval Home, Philadelphia, \(\mathbf{P}\) & 1890 & 11, 076.09 & 73.915.00 & 28.71 & 11, 104.80 & 10,406. 36 & & 698.44 \\
\hline Launching ways and ships, New York and Nor & 1891 & & 73.915 .00 & & 73, 915.00 & 58,277.77 & & \\
\hline yards... & & & 26, 000.00 & & 26,000.00 & 12,278. 19 & & 13,721.81 \\
\hline Medical Department, certified claims & & & 40.10 & & 40.10 & \({ }^{40.10}\) & & \\
\hline Medical Department & 1889 & 5.89
\(3,822.60\) & 800.49 & & 806.38 & 806.38
6.83 & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Do. } \\
& D_{0}
\end{aligned}
\] & 1890 & 3, 222.60 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
4,713.27 \\
265.50
\end{array}
\] & \(8,635.87\)
\(60,265.50\) & \(6,283.47\)
\(52,546.83\) & & \(2,352.40\)
\(7,718.67\) \\
\hline Bureau of Medicine and Surgery- & 1891 & & 60,000.00 & & 60, 265:50 & 52, 546.83 & & \\
\hline Repairs & 1889 & 498.11 & & & 498.11 & & 498.11 & \\
\hline Do. & 1890 & 741.85 & 20,000. 00 & 153.00 & 894. 85 & 17 \(\begin{array}{r}331.96 \\ 134\end{array}\) & & \({ }_{2}^{562.89}\) \\
\hline Contingent, certified claims & & 15.45 & & & 15.45 & & & 15. 45 \\
\hline Contingent & 1888 & & 94.31 & & 94. 31 & 90.57 & 3.74 & \\
\hline & 1889 & 4.629 .8 & 1,084.21 & 343.99
835.87 & 1,428.20 & \({ }_{5}^{1,402.10}\) & 26.10 & \\
\hline & 1891 & & 25,00000 & 6. 29 & 25, 006.29 & 20,773.01 & & 4, 233.28 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Balances of Apropriations Unexpended June 30 , 1890 , and of the Amounts Carried to the Surplus Fund, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Specific acts of appropriations. & Year. & Balances of appropriations July 1, 1890. & Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Repayments daring the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & Aggregate available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Payments during the fiscal year ending \\
June 30, 1891.
\end{tabular} & Amounts carried to the surplus fund June 30, 1891. & Balances of appropriations Juné 30, 1891. \\
\hline NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT-continted. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Brought forward & & \$18, 359, 200. 43 & \$26, \(844,549.70\) & \$1, 032, 332. 33 & \$46, 236, 082.52 & \$27, 437, 682. 26 & \$323, 421. 66 & \$18, 474, 978. 60 \\
\hline Burean of Steam Engineering-Continued. Contingent & 1889 & 54.04 & & & 54.04 & & 54.04 & \\
\hline - Do....................... & 1890 & 313. 66 & & & 313.66 & 301.21 & & 12. 45 \\
\hline Do & 1891 & & 1,000.00 & & 1,000.00 & 756. 30 & ..--.---- & 243. 70 \\
\hline Machinery plant, navy-yard: & & & 40, 000. 00 & & 40,000.00 & 125.56 & & 39,874. 44 \\
\hline Brooklyn, N. X & & & 75, 000.00 & & 75,000.00 & 109.42 & & 74,890.58 \\
\hline Mare Islandocal & & & 50, 000.00 & & 50, 000.00 & 96. 69 & & 49,903.31 \\
\hline Consolidating naval supplies & & & 10,542.05 & 19.09 & 10,561. 14 & 10, 483. 71 & & 77.43 \\
\hline Prize money to captors. & & 467, 736. 23 & & & 467,736. 23 & 6, 491. 89 & & 461, 244.34 \\
\hline Purchase or construction of four steam tu & & 104, 814.65 & & & 104, 814. 65 & 35, 496.84 & & 69, 317.81 \\
\hline Machinery, double-turreted monitors........... & & 3, 781. 92 & & & 3,781.92 & & 3,781.92 & \\
\hline Enlistment bounties to seamen, certified claims .......... & & 108.33 & 14.847.83 & & 14,956. 16 & 14, 841.62 & & 114.54 \\
\hline Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Mexican war. & & & 2,287.50 & & 2,287. 50 & 2,287. 50 & & \\
\hline Extra pay to officers and men who served in the Pacific, certified claims & & & 319.87 & & 319.87 & 319.87 & & \\
\hline Indemnity for lost clothing, certified claims & & \(280.00^{\circ}\) & 2,907.83 & & 3, 187.83 & 2,555.50 & & 632.33 \\
\hline Indemnity for lost clothing................................. & & & 299.91 & 807.10 & 1,107.01 & 1,107. 01 & & ............... \\
\hline Bounty for destruction of enemies' vessels, certified claims & & 164.95 & 987.59 & & 1, 152. 54 & 1,128. 41 & & 24.13 \\
\hline Bounty for destruction of enemies' vessels, act of July 7, 1884 & & 56, 495.64 & & & 56, 495.64 & 1,074.01 & & 55, 421.63 \\
\hline Destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasons, certified claims & & 39.91 & 719.10 & & 759.01 & \(1,074.01\)
735.05 & & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 5, } \\ \hline 23.96\end{array}\) \\
\hline Removal of remains of officers and others who perished by wreck of U. S. steamers at Apia, Samoan Islands \({ }_{0}\) & & 10,000.00 & & & 10,000.00 & 398.50 & & 9,601. 50 \\
\hline Removal and burial of remains of Lieut. Commander George W. De Long and companions & & 15, 459.16 & & & 15,459.16 & & 15, 459. 16 & ................ \\
\hline Eypenses of last illness and burial of Lieut. Charles R. Miles. & & 49.00 & & - & - 49.00 & & 49.00 & \\
\hline Payment of Japanese award. & & 32, 016.39 & & & 32,016. 39 & 428.62 & & 31,587.77 \\
\hline Relief of the children of Otway H. Berryman and others. & & 12,367.84 & & & 12,367.84 & & 12,367. 84 & \\
\hline Expenses in connection with the Arctic expedition...... & & 3,833.62 & & & 3,833. 62 & & 3,833.62 & \\
\hline Relief of sufferers by wreck of U. S. steamers at Apia, Samoan Islands. & & & 122, 706. 77 & 738.89 & 123, 445. 66 & 123,445. 66 & & \\
\hline Relief of sufferers by wreck of U. S. steamer Hur & & & 12, 186.00 & & 123, 186.00 & 123, 180.00 & & \\
\hline Navy pension fund .................. & & . 210,000.00 & 420, 000.00 & & 630,000. 00 & & & 630, 000.00 \\
\hline Mileage, Navy (Graham decision) & & 951.20 & 72, 313.55 & & 73.264.75 & 72,060.45 & & 1, 204. 30 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Twenty per cent additional compensation, certified Relief of
the widows and orphans of officers, seamen, Relief of the widows and orphans of officers, seamen,
and marines of the U. S. S. Albany, certified claims.. Payment to the owners of the schooner Rillie S. Derby.
Payment to owners of barges Benefactor and MayHower Payment to owners of \(\operatorname{tug}\) boat A. F. Walcott.
Relief of Rear-Admiral S. P. Carter............... Relief of Rear-Admiral S. P. Carter.
Relief of George W. Quintard and George E. Weed, assignees of John Roach.
Relief of Selina Bestor, Orson H. Bestor, and E. Francis Riggs.
 General account of advances

Total naval establishment

\section*{RECAPITULATION.}

Treasury

Diplomatic
Judiciary.
Customs . .....
Interior-civil ...
Internal rev


Public debt

Interior-Indians
Military establishmen
Naval establishment.
Total

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & 16,785, 676. 63 \\
\hline & 1., 702, 263.66, \\
\hline & 563, 580.74 \\
\hline & 3,356, 385. 18 \\
\hline & \(6,840,602.39\) \\
\hline & 427, 691.41 \\
\hline & 22,949, 050.52 \\
\hline & 896, 614, 44 \\
\hline & 16, 202, 476.64 \\
\hline & 18, 760, 979.27 \\
\hline & 88, 485, 320.88 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
11,839.83
\] \\
240.00 1,579.73 - 496.77 990.00 \\
6.271. 23 \\
59, 114. 65 \\
21, 230.67 \\
4,617.60
\end{tabular} &  & \(11,839.83\)
240.00
\(1,579.73\)
496.77
990.00
\(6,271.23\)
\(59,114.65\)
\(21,230.67\)
\(46,617.60\)
\(5,196,576.97\) & \begin{tabular}{r}
\(11,839.83\) \\
. \\
240.00 \\
\(1,579.73\) \\
496.77 \\
\hdashline \(6,271.23\) \\
\(59,114.65\) \\
\(21,230.67\) \\
\(4,617.60\) \\
\(5.044,355.98\)
\end{tabular} & 477,760.28 &  \\
\hline 27, 765, 048.24 & 6, 747, 162.08 & 53, 273, 189. 59 & 32, 861, 858. 54 & 836,727. 52 & 19, 574, 603. 53 \\
\hline 56, \(802,688.99\) & \(4,802,061.70\) & 78, 450, 427. 32 & 49, 947, 534. 92 & 1, 091,854. 20 & 27, 411, 038.20 \\
\hline 2, 154, 666. 10 & 72, 834. 02 & 3, 929, 763.78 & 2, 101, 549. 28 & 149, 221. 29 & 1, 678, 993.21 \\
\hline 6, 663,951.54 & 298, 183.14 & 7,525,715.42 & 6, 356, 437, 90 & 302, 946.14 & 866,331. 38 \\
\hline 25, \(943,502.55\) & 381, 178. 38 & 29, 681, 066. 11 & 25, \(358,309.51\) & 291, 378. 65 & 4, 031, 377.95 \\
\hline 13, 206, 559. 59 & 262, 857.51 & \(20,310,019.49\) & 15, 544, 562.85 & 324, 193. 95 & 4, 441, 262. 69 \\
\hline 16,580, 351.39 & 13, 809.55 & 17, 021, 852. 35 & 16, 566, 102. 05 & 66,387, 06 & 389, 363.24 \\
\hline 413, 300, 826.85 & 482, 972, 69 & 413, 783, 799. 54 & \(413,783,799.54\) & & \\
\hline 19, 094, 104.26 & 405, 96597 & 42, 449, 120.75 & 8, 983.434.98 & 313, 237. 11 & 33, 202, 448. 66 \\
\hline 127, 803, 345.62 & 5,059, 093. 43 & 133, 764, 953.49 & \(129,475,963.48\) & 364, 362. 53 & 3, 924, 627.48 \\
\hline 73, 898, 283.52 & 1, 654, 548. 39 & 91, 750, 308. 55 & \(50,379,166.29\) & \(965,836.57\) & 40, 405, 305. 69 \\
\hline \(27,765,048.24\) & 6, 747, 162:08 & 53,273, 189.59 & 32, 861, 858.54 & 836, 727.52 & 19, 574, 605. 53 \\
\hline 783, 273, 328. 65 & 20, 181, 566. 86 & 891, 940, 216.39 & 751, 308, 719.34 & 4, 706, 145.02 & 135, \(925,352.03\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{- Debit balances.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Expenses of Col & Districts & FOR THE \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Alabama: \({ }^{\text {a }}\)} \\
\hline Mobile & & \$10.837.44 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Alaska:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Arizona:} \\
\hline Arizona. & & 22,470, 38 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{California:} \\
\hline Humboldt... & \$4, 667. 62 & \\
\hline San Francisco & 377, 062. 90 & \\
\hline San Diego. & 15, 141.15 & \\
\hline Wilwington & 4,281.39 & \\
\hline & \(\bigcirc\) & 399, 153.06 \\
\hline Connectient: & & \\
\hline Fairfield.
Hartford. & 5, 894.41 & \\
\hline New Haven & - 9 9,846.06 & \\
\hline New London & 4,052. 22 & \\
\hline Stonington. & 949.79 & 36, 187.96 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Colorato:}} \\
\hline & & 7,460.49 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Dakota:} \\
\hline North and South. & & 2,891. 60 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{District of Columbia:} \\
\hline Georgetown. & & 10, 864.52 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Florida:} \\
\hline Apalachicola & 2, 483.19 & \\
\hline Fernamina. & \(2,569.50\) & \\
\hline Key West. & \(61,035.15\) & \\
\hline Pensacola & 16, 292. 05 & \\
\hline St, Johns. & 5,526.02 & \\
\hline St. Marks & 3,502.62 & \\
\hline St. Augustin & 1,856. 27 & \\
\hline Tampa... & 22, 267.19 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Georgia:} \\
\hline Atlanta. & 1,985. 71 & \\
\hline Brunswick & 5,253. 75 & \\
\hline Savanuah & 15,893. 57 & \\
\hline St. Marys. & 1,406.51 & 24,539.54 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Illinois:} \\
\hline Chicago & 136, 012.17 & \\
\hline Cairo... & - 171.27 & \\
\hline Galena & 350.00 & \\
\hline Peoria, & 194. 58 & \\
\hline Rock Island & 396.27 & \\
\hline & & 137, 124.20 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Indiana:} \\
\hline Evansville & 1,321. 11 & \\
\hline Indianapolis & 8;839.94 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Iowa: \(\leqslant\) a} \\
\hline Burlington. & 475.00 & \\
\hline Dabuque.. & 586.46 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Kentucky:} \\
\hline Louisville. & 22,521. 74 & \\
\hline Paducah . & 350.00 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Louisiana: \(20,87.74\)} \\
\hline New Orleans & 214, 656: 80 & \\
\hline Teche.. & 3,716. 37 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Maine: ` - - 218,373.17} \\
\hline Aroostook & 9, 487. 96 & \\
\hline Belfast.. & 2, 4.96. 23 & \\
\hline Bangor. & 14,724.99 & \\
\hline Bath... & 6,739.38 & \\
\hline Castine & 3,247. 29 & \\
\hline Frenchmans Bay. & 3,545. 17 & \\
\hline Kennebunls & 584.00 & \\
\hline Machias. & 1, 896. 39 & \\
\hline Passamaquo & 39,706.95 & \\
\hline Passamaquod & 23, 389.78 & \\
\hline Walitoboro & 5,457.32 & - \\
\hline Wiscasset. & 2, 841.96 & \\
\hline Yorl ... - & 187.50 & \\
\hline & & 114,732. 34 \\
\hline Carried forw & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Carried forward....................................................................... \(1,154,795.21\)} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Expenses of Collecting the Revenues from Customs, etc.-Continued.}


Expenses of Collecting the Revenues from Customs, etc.-Continued.


Expenditures for Assissing and Collrcting the Internal Revenue for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891, Emibracing Salaries and Expenses of Collectors, Supervisors, and Subordinate Officers.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Alabama. & & \$21, 135. 23 \\
\hline Arkansas & & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-28,865. 27} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{California, first district. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 54,125.08\)} & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{16i.:i1 district................................................... 33, 054. 86} & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Colorado . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .} & 87. 179.94 20. 664.74 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Connecticut} & \begin{tabular}{l}
20, 664.74 \\
35, 575. 1.9
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Florida & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
15, 848.92 \\
98, 761. 28
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} & \\
\hline Illinois, first district...... & 80,973. 03 & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{98,761.28。} \\
\hline fifth district. & 77, 360. 10 & \\
\hline eighth district & 34, 714.82 & \\
\hline thirteenth distric & 20, 240. 12 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Indiana, fourth district. ................................................. \({ }^{\text {a }}\) - 373.00} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{213, 288.97} \\
\hline sixth district. & 46, 132.70 & \\
\hline seventh district. & 26, 372.09 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Iowah, tird district...................................................... 12.411 .22}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{72, 876. 79} \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
12,411. 22 \\
17,501. 49
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline & & 29, 912. 71 \\
\hline Carried forward, & & 624, 109. 04 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Expenditures for Assessing and Collecting the Internal Revenue for the l'iscal Year ending June 30, 1891, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Brought forward. & & \$624; 109.04 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Kansas..................} & 18,130. 85 \\
\hline Kentucky, second district & 86, 204: 86 & \\
\hline tifth district & 207, 927.54 & \\
\hline sixth district. & 77, 299. 97 & \\
\hline seveuth district & 108,497. 53 & \\
\hline cighthrlistrict. & 119,862. 75 & \\
\hline & & 699. 792.65 \\
\hline Louisiana & & 32, 033.68 \\
\hline Maryland & & 97, 979.49 \\
\hline Massachusetts, third district & & 56, 903.14 \\
\hline Minnesota & & 31,780. 21 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Montana. F ...............................................................................} & 21,069.99 \\
\hline Missouri, fourth district & 55, 806. 00 & \\
\hline sixth district & 37,159.55 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Michigan, first district} & 28,930.04 & 92,965. 55 \\
\hline & 10,376.20 & \\
\hline & & 39,306. 24 \\
\hline Nebraska & & 42,982. 60 \\
\hline New Hampshire & & 17,693. 26 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{New Mexico .........} & & 11, 100.15 \\
\hline & 11, 743.80 & \\
\hline fifth district & 41,390. 62 & \\
\hline New York, first district. & 44, 909.84 & \\
\hline second district & 40,798.78 & \\
\hline third district... & 53, 900. 44 & \\
\hline thirteenth district & 32,349.29 & \\
\hline twentre first district. & 25, 223.49 & \\
\hline twenty-eightb district & 37,941. 38 & \\
\hline North Carolina, fourth district. & 80,126. 72 & 235,123. 22 \\
\hline fifth district.. & 231,475. 24 & \\
\hline Ohio, first district & 81, 451.24 & 311,601.96 \\
\hline tenth district & 21, 686.06 & \\
\hline eleventh ilistrict, & 23, 434.50 & \\
\hline eighteenth district. & 31,083.91 & \\
\hline Oregoil & & \(157,605.71\)
\(19,509.48\) \\
\hline Pennsylvania, first district & 53, 330.75 & \\
\hline ninth district & 72, 539.29 & \\
\hline twelfth district & 29,556. 29 & \\
\hline twenty-third district & 119, 992. 65 & \\
\hline South Carolina. & & \(\begin{array}{r}275,418.98 \\ 27 \\ \hline 609.70\end{array}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Tennessee, second district} & 29,361.77 & \\
\hline & 81,844. 89 & \\
\hline & & 111, 206. 66 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Texas, third district.} & 19,706. 44 & \\
\hline & 14,760.40 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Virginia, second district} & 36,739.77 & 34, 406.84 \\
\hline & 85, 304.76 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{West Virginia.........} & & 122,044. 53 \\
\hline & & 31,483. 72 \\
\hline Wisconsin, first district.. second district & \(34,443.59\)
\(16,104.33\) & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Amount to T. J. Hobbs, disbursing clerk, for salaries of supervisors, etc., unclassified}} & 50,547. 92 \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Transportation & & 5,801.58 \\
\hline Miscellaneous.. & & 71, 629.20 \\
\hline 'Total .. & & 4,003, 485. 65 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Statement showing the Numbler, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Service during the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1891, arranged by States and Territories, alphabetically.

*For the period from July 1, 1890, to March 31, 1891. The collector of customs at Sitka, Alaska, having failed to furnish the information called for by this office, this statement was compiled from the records of the Treasury Department, so far as the accounts have been adjusted.
\(\dagger\) One at Kadiak, Wrangel, Uunalaska, and Sand Point, Alaska.
\(t\) Without compensation.
From July 15, 1880. Payments for the first half of Julys 1890, made by the collector of customs at
I'aso, Tex. El L'aso, Tex.

Staxement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.


\footnotetext{
* Private bonded stores. Reimbursed to United States. iOn foreign vessels when necessary.
}

\section*{Statement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of \(\mathbb{P}\) ersons employed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.}

* Reimbursed by proprietor of private bonded warchouse.

Statement showing tef Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Service, erc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Port, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. & Port, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. \\
\hline chicago, ml.-continued. & & zofisvilus, KY.-continued. & \\
\hline 1 laborer & \$624.00 & 1 inspector, weigher, and gauger, & \\
\hline 1 laborer & 622.00 & - 83.50 per day \(\cdot . . . . . . . . . . .\). & \$1,277. 50 \\
\hline 1 laborer & 620.00 & inspector, examiner, and store- & \\
\hline 1 laborer & 614.00 & keeper, \$4 per day & 1,460. 00 \\
\hline 1 laborer & 598.00 & 1 storekeeper and ganger & *1,440.00 \\
\hline 1 laborer & 584.00 & 1 special storekeeper, \(\$ 3\) per day & 183.00 \\
\hline & & 1 special inspector, \(\$ 3\) per day & 33. 00 \\
\hline 99 Total & 127, 862.79 & 1 opener and packer & \[
750.00
\] \\
\hline GALENA, ILL. & & 1 mabsenger, \(\$ 50\) per month & 730.00
510.00 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary and fees) & 389.25 & 14 Total & 18,343.50 \\
\hline PEORIA, [Ll. & & PADUCAF, KY. & \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary, fees, & 216.11 & 1 survejor (salary and fees) ......... & 406.10 \\
\hline 1 inspeotor, \$3 per day. & 64.50 & 1 deputy surveyor (without compen- & \\
\hline 2 - Total & 280.61 & & \\
\hline & & \% Tota & 406.10 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary, fee & 376.42 & BRASHKAR, LLA. & \\
\hline 1 deputysurveyor (without compen- & & 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) & 1.367. 15 \\
\hline sation). & & 1 deputy collector and inspector, \$3 & \\
\hline 1 inspector (temporary), \$3 per day . & 15. 00 & , per day .......................... & 1,095.00 \\
\hline 3 Total & 391.42 & & \\
\hline & & 3 Total & 2,552. 15 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary, fees & 750.39 & Orlitins, La. & \\
\hline 1 deputy surveyor and gauger & 800.00 & 1 collector & 7,000.00 \\
\hline & & 2 deputy collectors, \$3,000......... & 6, 000.00 \\
\hline \(\underline{2}\), Total ............................ & 1,550. 39 & 1 acting deputy collector and inspector, \(\$ 1,200\) & 250.55 \\
\hline INDIANAPOLIS, IND. & & 1 deputy collector, Shreveport, La., \(\$ 480\). & 379.78 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary, fees, otc.)........ & 5,000. 00 & 1 cashier ................................ & 2,500. 00 \\
\hline 1 deputy surveyor and clerk........ & 1,400.00 & 1 assistant cashier..........-........ & 1,600.00 \\
\hline 1 inspector, \$3 per day................ & 1, 095. 00 & 1. auditor, \(\$ 2,200\) to \(\$ 2,500 \ldots . . . .\). . & 2, 474.70 \\
\hline 1 opener and packer ................... & 1, 600.00 & 1 corresponding clerk and stenog- & \\
\hline & & rapher, \(\$ 2,000\) to \(\$ 2,500 \ldots . . . .\). & 2,457.90 \\
\hline 4 & 8,095.00 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 private secretary, \(\$ 1,400\) \\
1 clerk
\end{tabular} & 350.00
1, 800.00 \\
\hline MICHIGAN CITY, IND. & & 5 clerks, \(\$ 1,600 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 6,595.65 \\
\hline 1 surveyor............................... & 350.00 & 1 clerk and acting deputy collector, \(\$ 1,460\) & 753.80 \\
\hline \(=\) burugh & & 10 clerks, \$1,400 ....................... & 12, 857.49 \\
\hline BURLINGTON, LOWA. & & 7 clerks, \$1,200 ........................ & \(8,400.00\) \\
\hline & & 1 clerk, \(\$ 1,000\). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 791. 21 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary and fees) ........ & 502. 20 & 10 clerks, \(\$ 800\). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 7, 136.96 \\
\hline 1 deputy surveyor (without compen- & & 1 messenger . . & 750.00 \\
\hline sation). & &  & 3,598. 41 \\
\hline & & 1. appraiser . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & \(3,000.00\) \\
\hline 2 Total & 502. 20 & 2 assistant appraisers, \$2,500 ...... & 5,000.00 \\
\hline \(=\) & &  & 3,600. 00 \\
\hline DUBUQUE, IOWA. & &  & 334.03 \\
\hline & &  & 1,107.69 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary, fees, eto.)........ & i503.55 & 1 examiner, \(\$ 1,200 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 1, 150. 1.4 \\
\hline 1 deputy surveyor (without compensation). & & 1 special examiner of drugs......... & \$, \(\mathbf{Y}\), 7000.00 \\
\hline & & 24 inspectors, \$3 per day ................ & 24,813.00 \\
\hline 2 Total & 503.55 & 11 inspectors, \(\$ 2.25\) per day.......... & 8,059.50 \\
\hline \(=\) sIOUX CITY, ZOWA. & & 1 inspector (temporary), \$2.25 per day & 58.50 \\
\hline & & 1 inspectress, \$2 per day............ & 688.00 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary and commissions). & 129.15 & 1 captain of night inspectors, \$3 & \\
\hline  & & 17 per night . ....................... & 1,083.00 \\
\hline LOULSVILMR, EX. & & 17 inspectors (night), \(\$ 2.25\) per night & 13, 461, 75 \\
\hline & & 2 storekeepers, \(\$ 1,460\) & 2,920.00 \\
\hline 1 surveyor (salary and fees).......... & 5,000.00 & 1 storekeeper (temporary), \(\$ 2.25\) & \\
\hline 1 special deputy surveyor............ & 1,800.00 & per day & 150.75 \\
\hline 1 deputy surveyor and bookkeeper.. & 1,500.00 & 1 weigher ........................... & 2,000.00 \\
\hline 1 deputy surveyor and clerk........ & 1,500.00 & 5 assistant weighers, \(\$ 1,200 . \ldots . . .\). & 6,000.00 \\
\hline 1 entry clerk & 1,500.00 & 1 gauger. & 1,500.00 \\
\hline 1 clerk; \$55 per month. ............... & 660.00 & 1 packer............................... & 850.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Statement Showing the Number, Occupation, and Comprensation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.


Statement showing the Number; Occupation, and Comprensation of Persons bmployed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Port, number of persons, and occupation. & Compensation. & Port, number of persons, and occapation. & Compensa-
tion. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{```
            SACO, ME.
1 collector (salary, fees, cto.).......
    WALDOBORO,ME.
    1 collector (salary and fees)
```

$\qquad$} \& \& baltimore, mD.-continued. \& <br>
\hline \& \$290. 25 \& \& \$720.00 <br>
\hline \& \& 1 keeper of scales-room \& 660.00 <br>
\hline \& \& 8 laborers (on scales), \$1.75 per day. \& 4, 245. 50 <br>
\hline \& \& - laberers* (on scales), 250 per hour. \& 10,738: 27 <br>
\hline \& 3,000.00 \& 2 local appraisers, $\$ 3,000$ \& 3,252.70 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 1 collector (salary and fees) |
| :--- |
| 1 special deputy collector, $\$ 3$ per day |} \& \& 1 merchant appraiser, $\$ 5$ per day \& 20.00 <br>

\hline \& 1, 095.00 \& 2 examiners, $\$ 1,800$ \& 3,600.00 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 1 deputy collector, etc., $\$ 3$ per day |
| :--- |
| 1 deputy collector, etc., $\$ 2.25$ per day. |} \& 1,095.00 \& 1 examiner ......... \& 1. 6000.00 <br>

\hline \& 821,25 \&  \& $2,800.00$
1.400 .00 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3 deputy collectors, etc., \$2 per day.} \& 2, 190.00 \& 1 clerk \& 1,200.00 <br>
\hline \& \& 1 sampler, \$875 \& 146.63 <br>
\hline 'rotal..................... \& 8, 201. 25 \& 1 foreman of labo \& 786.30 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{WISCASSET, ME.} \& \& 6 laborers, \$840 \& 5,039.96 <br>

\hline \& \& | 3 laborers, $\$ 720$ |
| :--- |
| 2 messencers | \& $1,080.10$

$1,440.00$ <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 884.19 \& 1 clerk and storekeep \& $1,440.00$
$1,800.00$ <br>
\hline \& 1,825. 00 \& 1 clerk \& 1,600.00 <br>
\hline 1
1
dinspector deputy \& 547.50 \& 1 engineer, $\$ 1,20$ \& 1,196.73 <br>
\hline 4 Tota \& 3, 256. 69 \& 17 freman.. \& $1,095.00$
$+8,400.00$ <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$\stackrel{4}{=} \quad$ Tota} \& \& 4 storekeepers, $\$ 84$ \& $\ddagger 473.13$ <br>
\hline \& \& 1 storekeeper (night), $\$ 7$ per uright. \& +70.00 <br>
\hline \& \& 1 foreman of porters............... \& 820.00 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& 257.20 \& 3 porters, \$820 \& 2,460.00 <br>
\hline \& \& 1 naval ofticer \& 5, 000.00 <br>
\hline anNapolis, mD. \& \& 1 deputy naval \& 2,500.00 <br>
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1 collector (salars, fees, efce).......} \& \& 2 clerks, \$1,600. \& $3,200.00$
$4,200.00$ <br>
\hline \& 472.30 \& 3 clarks, $\$ 1,40$
1 \& ${ }^{4,200.00}$ <br>
\hline \$50 per month.................. \& 600.00 \& 1 messenger \& 840.00 <br>
\hline \& 1,072.30 \& 1 surveyor \& $4,500.00$
$2,500.00$ <br>
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{baltimore, mD.} \& \& 1 clerk, \$1,600 \& 1,013.06 <br>
\hline \& \& 1 clerk, 11,400 \& 513.55 <br>
\hline \& \& 1 clerk, $\$ 1,200$ \& 1,199.93 <br>
\hline 1 collector \& 7,000.00 \& 2 messengers, \& 1,680.00 <br>
\hline 2 deputy \& 6, 000000 \& 1 messenge \& 720.00 <br>
\hline 1 assistant \& 1, 800.00 \& 204 \& 264, 875.48 <br>
\hline 1 auditor \& 2,500.00 \& \& <br>
\hline 1 assistant auditor................. \& 1, 800.00 \& IELD, MD. \& <br>
\hline  \& $10,800.00$
$8,465.22$ \& 1 collector (salary an \& 277.15 <br>
\hline 7 clerks, $\$ 1,400$ \& 9,800.00 \& 1 deputy collector and inspector. \& 900.00 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4 clerks, $\$ 1,200$
2 clerks, $\$ 800$.} \& 4, 800.00 \& \& <br>
\hline \& 1,276. 28 \& 2 Tota \& 3,177.15 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1 private secretary 35 inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per day} \& 900.00 \& \& <br>
\hline \& 44, 025.50 \& barnstable, Mass \& <br>
\hline 1 captain of night inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per night \& 1,277. 50 \& 1 collector (fees commissions, etc.). \& 1,818. 56 <br>
\hline $\ldots$ inspectors* (night), \$7 per night. \& $\dagger 13,972.00$ \& 1 deputy collector................... \& 900.00 <br>
\hline 23 inspectors (night), \$3 per vight .- \& 24, 984.00 \& 1 deputy collector \& 730.00 <br>
\hline 1 examiuer (female). \& 600.00 \& 6 deputy collcetors, \& 2,956. 50 <br>
\hline 1 messenger and cop \& ${ }^{900.00}$ \& 8 storekeepers, \$50 \& 400.00 <br>
\hline 1 messenger 6 messengers \& 840.00
$4,288.75$ \& 17 . Tota \& 6,805.06 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1 captain of watc} \& 875.00 \& \& 6,80.06 <br>
\hline \& 3,360.00 \& boston, mass. \& <br>
\hline 2 laborers, \$720 \& 1, 436. 09 \& \& <br>
\hline 4 laberers at telephone, $\$ 00$ per month . \& \& 1 collector ..................... \& $8,000.00$ <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1 boatman and acting pilot, $\$ 60$ per} \& 2,880.00 \&  \& $9,000.00$
$5,000.00$ <br>
\hline \& 720.00 \& 1 auditor and disbursing clerk.... \& 3,000.00 <br>
\hline 1 boatman, $\$ 45$ per month............. \& 540.00 \& 1 cashiër.................... \& 3,000.00 <br>
\hline 1 boatman, $\$ 40$ per month. \& 480.00 \& 1 assistant cashier \& 2, 200.00 <br>
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1 weigher ......................... .} \& 532.50 \& 1 secretary and chief clerk \& 2,000.00 <br>
\hline \& $2,000.00$ \& 3 chief clerks, \$2;000 \& $6,000.00$ <br>
\hline 1 assistant weigher and acting
gauger..................... \& \& 1 clerk \& 2, 000.00 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11 assistant weigherss, $\$ 1,200$} \& $1,300.00$
13199.98 \& 3
17
clerks,
clerks ${ }^{\text {, }} 121,800$ \& $5,400.00$
27.200 .00 <br>
\hline \& 192.00 \& 20 clerks, $\$ 1,400$ \& 28,000.00 <br>
\hline  \& 2, 400.00 \& 19 clerks, \$1,200 \& 22,800.00 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^61]Statement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.

| Port, number of persons, and occnpation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupatiou. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| boston, mass.-continued. |  | edgartown, mass. |  |
| 7 clerks, $\$ 1,000$ | \$7,000.00. | 1 collector (salary fees, | \$502. 47 |
| 3 clerks, $\$ 875$ | 2. 625.00 | 1. special deputy collector, etc., \$\$2 |  |
| 8 clerks, \$840 | 6,720.00 | per day | 30. 60 |
| 1 clerk. | 800.00 | 1 deputy collector, inspector, etc.: |  |
| 1 clerk and inspue | $1,000.00$ 6.720 .00 | 1 inspector, \$2 per day | 730.00 634.00 |
| 88 messengers, 8840 | 4, 000.00 | $1{ }_{1}^{1}$ inspector, boatman . ${ }^{\text {P }}$. | 300.00 |
| 7 messengers, \$720 | 5,040.00 |  |  |
| 1 messenger, \$2 per day* | 626.00 | 5. Total | 2,896.47 |
| 1 messenger and janitor, $\$ 2$ per day ${ }^{*}$ <br> 1 janitor | $\begin{aligned} & 626.00 \\ & 720.00 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1 carpenter; ${ }^{\text {d }}$ por day | 1,095. 00 | FALL RIVER, MASS. |  |
| 1. watchman, \$3 per day | 1, 095.00 | 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) | 2,769.38 |
| 8 watchruen, $\$ 2$ per night .......... | 5,810.00 | 1 deputy collector, inspector, etc... | 1,500.00 |
| 5 acting depaty collectors and in spectors, $\$ 4$ per day | 7,300. 00 | 1 inspector, $\$ 3$ per day ........... | 1, 095.00 |
| 68 inspectors, \$4 per day ............. | 99, 280.00 | 1 inspector (temporary), \$3 per day. | 36.00 |
| 30 inspectors (night) $\$ 3$ per night | 32, 850.00 | 1 boatman |  |
| 1 measurer of marble, $\$ 3.50$ perday . | 200.00 | 5 Total | 5,700.38 |
| 1 weigher................ | 2,000.00 | Totar |  |
| 3 assistant weighers, $\$ 1,600 \ldots$ | 4, 800. 00 |  |  |
| 16 assistant weighers, $\$ 4$ per day | 23,360. 00 | GLOUCESTER, MASS. |  |
| 3 weigher's clerks, $\$ 1,200$. | 3, 600. 00 |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ gauger | $2,000.00$ $2,920.00$ | $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \text { deputy } \\ & \text { collector (salary, fees, eto. }\end{aligned}$ | $4,433.56$ $1,200.00$ |
| 7 freight-elevator men, $\$ 800$ | 5,600.00 | 1 clerk. | J, 000.00 |
| 1 clerk and storekeeper | 1; 800.00 | 5 inspectors, \$1,095 | 5,475.00 |
| 1 clerk and storekeeper | 1,600. 00 | 2 storekeepers, \$1,40 | ${ }_{6}^{4} 1,434.00$ |
| 1 clerk and storekeeper | 890.00 | 1 boatman, \$40 per month |  |
| 13 storekeepers, $\$ 1,400$ | 18,200. 00 |  |  |
|  | 7,200. 00 | 11. Total | 14,022.56 |
| 4 revenue boatmen, $\$ 2.25$ per day ... 1 foreman of laberers ............. | 3, 285. 00 |  |  |
| 23 poreman ot laberers ${ }^{2}$ per day* |  |  |  |
| 420 wharfolaborers, 30 cts. per hour | 39,705. 75 | marblehead, Mass. |  |
| 1 naval ofticer. | $5,000.00$ |  |  |
| 1 deputy naval offic | 2,500.00 |  |  |
| 1 assistant deputy naval officer | 2,00000 | per | 730.00 |
| 1 acting deputy naval ofticer, eto 2 cierks, $\$ 1.800$ | $1,800.00$ $3,600.00$ | 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  |
| 3 clerks, \$1,600 | 4, 800.00 | Lynn, Mass., $\$ 2$ per day | 730.00 |
| 1 clerk | 1,400.00 | Total | 1,855.18 |
| 2 clerks, ${ }_{3}$ clerk, $\$ 8.200$ | $2,400.00$ $2,520.00$ |  |  |
| 1 messenger | 840.00 | nantuchet, mass |  |
| 1 surveyor | 5,000.00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy survoyor | 2, 500.00 | 1 collector (salary and fees) | 277.45 |
| 1 clerk and assistant to surveyor <br> 1 clerk. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2, 000.00 } \\ & \text { 1. (600) } 00 \end{aligned}$ | NEW BEDFORD, MASS. |  |
| 1 clerk. | 1,500.00 |  |  |
| 1 clerk | 1, 400.00 | 1 collector (fees and commissions).. | 2, 2533.26 |
| 1 clerk | 1,200.00 | 1 deputy collector | 1,600.00 |
| 1 messenger | 840.00 | 1 clerk.. | 1,0001.00 |
| 1 messenger | 720.00 | 1 weigher, gauger, etc., $\$ 3$ per day. | 1,095.00 |
| 1 appraiser | 3, 000.00 | 1 inspector, $\$ 3$ per day ............ | 1, 095.00 |
| 2 assistant appraisers, | $5,000.00$ |  |  |
| 1 examiner of drugs | 2,500.00 | Total | 7, 043.26 |
| 4 examiners, ${ }_{6} 2,000$. | 8,000.00 |  |  |
| 6 examiners, $\$ 1,800$ | 10,800.00 | NEWBURYPORT, MASS. |  |
| 3 examiners, $\$ 1,609$ | 4,800.00 |  |  |
| 1. examiner | 1, 400.00 $2,800.00$ | 1. collector (fees and commissions) | 276.33 |
|  | $2,800.00$ $1,000.00$ | 1 deputy collector .................. | 963.87 |
| 2 clerks, $\$ 87$ | 1, 750.00 | 1 inspector | P00. 00 |
| 1 private secretar | 1, 200.00 | 1 inspector | 199.30 |
| 1 sampler..... | 1,200.00 | Tota | 2,339.50 |
| 1 samples. | 875.00 |  |  |
| 3 openers and packers, \$900) | 2,700.00 | PLYMOUTH, Mass. |  |
| 13 openers and packers, $\$ 840$ | 10,920.00 |  |  |
| 3 messengers, \$840. | 2,520.00 | 1 collector (salary, fees, et | 2,261. 94 |
| 4 porters, \$2 per day* | 2, 504.00 | 1 deputy collector, \$1,200 to \$1,000.. | 1,005.46 |
| 812 Total | 548, 934.75 | Total | 3,267.40 |

[^62]$\ddagger$ Reimbursed by proprietor of private bonded stores.

## Statement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons

 Employed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupation, | Compensa * tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| salem, mass. |  | grand haver, mich. |  |
| 1 collector (fees and commissions) - | \$1, 031. 20 | 1 collector | \$2, 500.0 |
| 1 special depaty collector, \$4 per day | 1, 460.00 | 1 special deputy coll | 1, 200.0 |
| 1 juspector and weigher, $\$ 3$ per day | $\begin{aligned} & 1,095.00 \\ & 2.685 .00 \end{aligned}$ | 1 deputy collector and inspector, | 166 |
| 3 inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day <br> 1 boatman. | $\begin{array}{r} 2,685.00 \\ 480.00 \end{array}$ | 1 deputy collector and inspector, | 160.00 |
| Total | 6,751.20 |  | 602.2 |
|  |  | deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 1.50$ per day | 639.00 |
| SPringfield, mass. |  | 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, \$1 per day . | 616. |
|  |  | 4 deprty collectors and inspectors. 65 cents per day |  |
|  | 1,010. 81 | 2 deputy collectors and inspec- |  |
| 1 inspector (temporary) \$3 per day. | 24. 00 | tors, 50 cents per day ............ | 102 |
| 2 Tota | 1,034. 81 | 14 | 6,596.00 |
| DEtrott, micis. |  |  | 20 |
| 1 collector | 4,384. 32 |  |  |
| 1 appraiser | 3,000.00 | H. |  |
| 1 deputy collector | 2,500.00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and entry clerk | 1,600.00 | 1 collector (salary, fees, etc) | 514.07 |
| 1 deputy collector and chief clerk.. | 1,500. 00 | 2 deputy collectors, \$1,200 | 2, 400.00 |
| 1 deputy collector, bond and W. تI. clerk, *\$1 500 | 876.40 | $1{ }^{1}$ deputy collector, \$3 per day. |  |
| 1 deputy collector aud ma |  | 2 deputy collectors, $\$ 1$ per day | - 445.00 |
| clerk, *\$1,4 | 8.17 .90 | 2 deputy collectors, 80 cents per |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clearance | 1,200.00 |  | 500.80 |
| 2 depaty collectors and |  |  | 391.50 |
| 5 \$1;400 ..................... | 1,746.30 | 2 deputy collectors, 50 ceuts per |  |
| 5 deputy collectors and clerks, $t$ | 871 | 1 derk, \$2 |  |
| 5 deputy collectors |  | 4 inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day | 380.00 |
| \$900... | 1, 871,00 | 1 inspect | 300.00 |
| depaty co per day |  | 20 |  |
| 1 depaty collector and | 1,400.00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, $t$ \$900. | 748.40 | ON |  |
| 3 depnty collectors and inspec- |  | 1 collector (salay | \$3; |
| tors, $\dagger$ | 2,029. 20 | 1 special deputy collector | 2,000.00 |
| 18 deputy collectors and tors, $\$ 3$ per day . | 19,467.00 | 1 deputy collector and cashie 1 deputy collector and inspect | $1,500.00$ $1,425.00$ |
| 9 deputy collectors an | $19,467.00$ | 1 doputy collector and inspec | 1, 30000 |
| tors, $\$ 2.50$ per day $\ldots$... | 7, 647. 50 | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,174.72 |
| deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 1,1000.00 |
| 1 deputy collector aud inspector, | 730. | 1 deputy collector and inspect 2 deputy collectors and inspec | 1,000. |
| \$1.50 per day .................. | 547.50 | $\$ 900^{\circ}$ | 1, 80 |
| deputy collectors and inspectors, 1 per day. |  | 20 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 864$. |  |
| 2 deputy collectors |  | 1 deputy collector and inspec | 758 |
| tors, 65 cents per day | 474.50 | 3 deputy collectors and inspectors, |  |
| deputy collector and 35 cents per day | 53.55 |  | 2, 190.00 |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspec- |  | 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, |  |
| tors, 30 cents per day | 201.30 | \$425............................. | 550 |
| 1 deputy collector and |  | 1 deputy collector and inspec | 400.00 |
| 1 cashier <br> 30 cents per day. | 29.00 | 1 deputy collector and inspection | 399.50 |
| 1 examiner, gatger, | 1,500.00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector.... | 360. |
| keeper, * $\$ 1,400 \ldots$ | 817.90 | deputy collectors and inspectors, | 599. |
| 1 impost clerk, *\$1,200 | 701.10 | 1 deputy collector, inspector, and |  |
| 1 1 statistical clerk, * $\$ 1,2$ | 701. 1.0 | clerk, $\$ 3$ per day | 1,095.00 |
| ${ }_{1}^{1}$ clerk, *\$840 | 490.80 | 1 deputy collectori and cle | 1,400.00 |
| 12 storekeeper ........ | 991.90 $1,095.00$ | 1 depaty collector and | $1,300.00$ $1,000.00$ |
| 1 messenge | 1,730.00 | 1 storekeeper... | 1,100.00 |
| 1 laborer | 720.00 | 1 inspectress | 240.00 |
| 73 Total. | §67, 496.67 | 48 Total | 14, 471.64 |

[^63]Statement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons Employed in The United States Customs Seryice, etc.-Continued.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensa. tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DULUTH, MINN. |  | KANSAS CITY, MO--continned. |  |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc) | \$2. 216.83 | 1 deputy surveyor and clerk....... | \$1, 200.00 |
| 1 special deputy collector... | 1, 400.00 | 1 storekeeper........................ | 900.00 |
| 2 deputy collectors, $\$ 25$ per month* | 400.00 | 1 inspector (temporary), \$3 per day. | 108.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector* $\$ 150$ per month $\dagger$ | 1,461.00 | 7 Total | 11, 108.00 |
| 5 Total | 5,477.83 | ST. JOSEPH, MO. |  |
| minneapolis, minn. | $\bigcirc$ | 1. surveyor (salary, fees, etc.) | $3,443.68$ $1,200.00$ |
| 1 deputy collector | 2,000. 00 | 1. deputy surveyor....-............... | $\begin{array}{r} 1,200.00 \\ 360.00 \end{array}$ |
| 1 storekeeper, inspector, etc. $\$ 1,200$ | 828.25 | I inspector (temporary), \$3 per day. | 42.00 |
| 1 storekeeper and inspector, $\$ 3$ per day | 342.00 | 4 Total | 5, 045.68 |
| 1 storekeeper, $\ddagger$ \$ 3 per day | 34.200 | $=$, |  |
| 1 storekeeper, ${ }^{+}$\$2 per day | 196.00 | ST. LOUIS, MO. |  |
| 1 clerk, \$3 per day | 609.00 |  |  |
| 1 laborer, \$1 per day | 194.00 | 1 surveyor . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5,000. 00 |
| 7 Total | 4, 51.1, 25 | 1 special deputy surveyor ......... | $2,500.00$ $2,000.00$ |
|  | 4,51., 25 | 1 deputy surveyor and entry clerk. | 1, $2,600.00$ |
| ST. PAUL, MINN. |  | 1 deputy surveyor, chief inspector, etc. | 1,600.00 |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc) | 4,071.90 | 1 deputy surveyor and clerk | 1,500.00 |
| 1 special deputy collector. | 1, 800.00 | 1 liquidating clerk | 1, 90000 |
| 1 deputy collector, examiner, etc... | 2,000.00 | 2 clerks (\$1,400) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2, 800.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and cashier ..... | 1,600.00 | 1 clerk . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1, 200:00 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk, \$1,400. | 234.60 | 1 clerk ................................ | 1, 100.00 |
| 1 depaty collector, \$4 per day. | 1,096.00 | 1. clerk, assistant inspector, etc.... | 1, 200.00 |
| 6 deputy collectors and mounted |  | 1 clerk and assistant weigher..... | , 1, 000.00 |
| inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per day . . . . . | 5,519.50 | 1 messenger......................... | 840.00 |
| 4 deputy collectors and inspectors, |  | 1 appraiser | 3, 000.00 |
| \$3 per day ...s............... | 3,486.00 | 1 examiner | 1,600. 00 |
| 1 clerk and inspector, \$1,200 | 969.23 | 1 examiner .......................... | 1, 200.00 |
| 1 clerk and inspector, \$3 per day... | 1,095. 00 | 1 special drug examiner, \$5 per, |  |
| 1 storekeeper and inspector, \$1,200. | 998.90 | day II | 585.00 |
| 1 storekeeper and inspector, \$3 |  | 2 inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per day | $2,550.00$ |
| per day ........... | 60.00 | 5 inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day | 5, 475.00 |
| 1 storekeeper, § \$2,50 per day | 897.50 | 1 storekeeper. | 1, 000.00 |
| 3 inspectors, \$3 per day............. | 3,012.00 | 1 opener and pac | 900.00 |
| 1. inspector (temporary), \$3 perday . | 54. 00 | 1 laborer | 720.00 |
| 1. inspector and laboror, \$2 per day . . | 730.00 | 3 laborers, \$600 | 1,800. 00 |
| 26 Total | 27, 624.63 | 31 Tot | 43, 070.00 |
| NATCHEZ, MISS. |  | NTON, MONT. |  |
| 1-6 |  | 1. collector (salary, fees, etc.)..... | 1,900.00 |
| 1 colloctor (salary, ete.) . . . . . . . . . | 504.40 | 1 teputy collector, \$1 per day ...... | 1, 320.00 |
| 1 deputy collector (without compensation) |  | 3 inspectors, 44 per day . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,530.00 |
|  |  | 5 | 5,750.00 |
| 2 Total | 504. 40 |  |  |
| SHIELDSBORO, MISS. |  | 1 survefor (salary, fees, etc.) ...... | 936.65 |
| 1 collector (salary and fees) | 2,467.37 | 1 deputy surveyor, $\$ 50$ per month | 450.00 |
| 1 special deputy collecto | 1,095.00 | 2 Total |  |
| 1 deputy collector | 1,095.00 | 2 Total | 1,886.65 |
| 1 inspector . 1 boatman.. | $1,095.00$ 730.00 |  |  |
| 1 messenger | 60.00 |  |  |
|  |  | I surveyor (salary and commissions) | 3, 358.19 |
| 6 Tota | 6,512.37 | 1 depnty surveyor | 1,200.00 |
| $=$ VICKSBURG, MISS. |  | 1 clerk and inspector | 1,200.00 |
|  |  | 3 Tot | 5,753,19 |
| 1 collector (salayy, ele.)............ | 558.55 | PORTSMOUTH, N. H. |  |
| KANSAS OITY, MO. |  | 1 collector (fees and commissions) . . | 1, 168.83 |
| 1 surreyor. | 5.000 .00 | 1 deputy collector.................. | 1, 200.00 |
| 1. deputy surveyor.................. | 1, 200.00 | I deputy collector (West Stewarts- |  |
| 1 deputy surveyor and inspector .. | 1,500.00 | town, N. HC.) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 912.50 |
| 1 deputy surveyor and inspector .. | 1,200.00 | 1 special inspecto | 1,460.00 |
| * During season of navigation only. <br> $\dagger$ Also, $\$ 6$ per night for night service. <br> $\ddagger$ Public bonded warehouso. |  | SPablic bonded warehouse. if When craployed. |  |

Statement showle the Number, Occupation, and Comernsation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Seryice, etc.-Continued.


* Reimbursed to United States by proprietor of private bouded warelionse.

Statement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compiensation of Piersong maployed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensa- tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEW YORE, N. Y.-continned. |  | NEW YORK, N. Y.-continued. |  |
| 94 | \$94, 000.00 | 22 examiners, \$2,000 | \$44, 000.00 |
| 5 copyists, \$1,000 | 5, 000.00 | 28 examiners, \$1,800 | 50, 400.00 |
| 2 weighers, $\$ 3,500$ to $\$ 2,000$ | 4, 832. 40 | 3. examiner | 1,400.00 |
| 5 weighers, $\$ 2,000$ | 10,000.00 | 1 examiner of marbl | 1,800.00 |
| 63 assistant weighers, $\$ 4$ per day *.. | 78, 876.00 | 1 stenographer | 2, 200.00 |
| 28 assistant weighers (temporary), |  | 1 law clerk | $2,000.00$ |
| 30 cents per hour* | 23,842.50 | 1 clerk and verifies | 1,500.00 |
| 1 ganger | 2,000.00 | 7 clerks and verifiers, | 9, 800.00 |
| 8 assistant gangers, \$4 per day * | 10, 016.09 | 18 clerks and verifiers, | 21,600.00 |
| 310 inspectors, \$4 per day. | 452, 600.00 | 1. clerk and verifier | 1, 150.00 |
| 4 inspectors (coastwise), $\$ 180$ | 720.00 | 1 clerk | 1,800.00 |
| 118 inspectors (might), \$3 per night | 129, 210.00 | 7 clerks, \$1,600 | 11, 200.00 |
| 1 sugar inspector; 5 cents per day. | 86.50 | 4 cleriss, \$1,200 | 4,800.00 |
| 9 inspectresses, \$3 per day | 9, 855.00 | 3 clerks, \$1,000 | 3, 000.00 |
| 1 detective, $\$ 4$ per day | 1,460.00 | 3 clerks: \$864 | 2,592.00 |
| 1 detective | 1,400.00 | 28 samplers, $\$ 1,20$ | 33,600.00 |
| 60 storekeepers. $\$ 1,400$ | 84, 000.00 | 2 samplers, $\$ 1,150$ | 2, 300.00 |
| 1 storekeeper (Castle Garden) | 1,000.00 | 8 foremen of openers and pack- |  |
| 1 opener and packer.............. | 1,095. 00 | $\text { ers, } \$ 1,000 \text {. }$ | $8,000.00$ |
| 1 custodian of internal-revenue stamps | 1,400. 00 | 48 openers and packers, $\$ 900$ 81 openers and packers, $\$ 840$ | $48,200.00$ 68, 040.00 |
| 1 superintendent of supp | ], 200.00 | 1 opener and packer, $¢ \$ 3$ per |  |
| 1 bookbinder | 1,200.00 | day* | 939.00 |
| 1 bookbinder' | 600.00 | 1 opener and packer,\$ 2.75 per |  |
| 1 assistant bookbinder (temporary), \$2.75per day* ........... | 412.50 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 860.75 \\ 1,721.50 \end{array}$ |
| 1 carpenter | 1.,500.00 | 36 messengers. \$84 | $30,240.00$ |
| 1 carpenter | 1, 300.00 | 22 laborers, \$840 | 18,480.00 |
| 1 carpenter | 1,200.00 | 1 naval otticer | 8, 000.00 |
| 1 carpenter | 1., 000.00 | 1 deputy naval offic | 2,500.00 |
| 1 engiveer | 1,300.00 | 1 comptroller | $3,000.00$ |
| 1 engizee | 1, 200.00 | 1 auditor | $3,000.00$ |
| 1 engineer (naval offic | 1,000.00 | 1 private secre | 2,000.00 |
| 1 assistant eugineer | 840.00 | 1 clerk | 2,800.00 |
| 1 assistant engineer, | 99.73 | 3 clerks, \$2.500 | 7,500.00 |
| 3 firemen, \$840 | 2,520.00 | 11 clerks, \$2,200 | 24. 200.00 |
| 3 firemen, \$720. | 2, 160.00 | 12 clerks, \$2,000 | 24, 000.00 |
| 1 fireman (temporary), | 660.00 | 10 clerks, \$1,800 | 18.000.00 |
| 2 grides, \$840 | 1,680.00 | 16 clerks, \$1,600 | 25, 600.00 |
| 2 ushers, \$840 | 1,680.00 | 10 clerks, \$1,400 | 14, 000.00 |
| 2 searchers, \$340. | 1, 680.00 | 13 clerks, \$1,200 | 15,600.00 |
| 7 elevator men, \$8840 | 5,880.00 | 13 clerks, \$1,000 | 18,000.00 |
| 1 measurer of marble, $\$ 5$ | 1, 565.00 | 1 stenographer | 1.000.00 |
| 2 messengers; \$890 | $1,780.00$ | 12 messengers, \$840 | 10,080.00 |
| 80 messengers, $\$ 840$ | 67, 200.00 | 1 messenger | 660.00 |
| 3 messengers, \$720 | 2,160.00 | 1 surveyor. | $8,000.00$ |
| 1 watehman, $\$ 840 \dagger$ | ${ }^{970} 00$ | 3 deputy surveyors. \$2,500 | 7,500.00 |
| 37 watchmen, \$840 | 31, 080.00 | 1 auditor | 5, 000000 |
| 1 foreman of laborers ( | ¢ 840.00 | 1 private secretar | 2, 000.00 |
| 8 foremen, $\$ 840$........ | 6,720.00 | 2 clerks, \$1, 800 | 3, 6000.00 |
| 18 laborers, \$720 | 12,339. 73 | 8 clerks, \$1,600 | 12,800.00 |
| 1.25 laborers (public stores), \$720. | 90,000.00 | 2 clerks, \$1,400 | 2,800.00 |
| Laborers (weighers), \$2.50 per |  | 2 clerks, \$1,200 | 2,400.00 |
|  | 144, 857.00 | 1 stenographer and typewriter, |  |
| 28 laborers (gangers), \$2.50 per |  | \$ड per day* | 390.00 |
| 2 laborers (gaugers), 40 cents per | 21,910.00 | 6 inspectors for admeasurement of vessels, $\$ 4$ per day | 8,760.00 |
| hour**....................... | 2,504.00 | 9 messengers, $\$ 840$. | 7, 560.00 |
| 12 laborers (gaugers), 30 cents per |  | 5 messengers, $\$ 720$ | 3, 600.00 |
|  | 11,268.00 | 1 foreman of laboners (barge of- |  |
| 1 laborer (for measurer of marble), 30 cents per hour* ......... | 939,00 | fice) | S40.00 |
| 1 porter .............. | 720.00 | 1,910 Tot | 2, 580,547. 27 |
| 7 janitors (weighers) \$2 per day* | 4, 382. 00 |  |  |
| 1 serub-woman | 540.00 | ogdensburg, n. x |  |
| 1 head charwoman | 420.00 |  |  |
| 7 charwomen, \$360. | 2,237. 11 | 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.)........ | 2,527. 75 |
| 1 appraiser, $\$ 4,000$ to $\$ 6,000$ | 4, 650.10 | 1 special deputy collector. | 1,600.00 |
| 10 assistant appraisers, $\$ 3,00$ | 30, 000.00 | 1 deputy collecior | 1,400,00 |
| 1 chief clerk | 2, 500.00 | 2 deputy collectors, \$1,200 | 2, 400000 |
| 1 examiner of teas | 2,500.00 | 1 deputy collector | 1,000.00 |
| 20 examiners, $\$ 2$ | $50,000.00$ | 1 deputy collector ...... | 800.00 |
| 1 examiner | 2, 300. 00 | 2 deputy collectors, \$600 | 1,200.00 |
| 9 examiners, \$2,200 | 19,800.00 | 7 deputy collectors, \$3 per day | 7, 665.00 |
| * When employed. <br> $\dagger \$ 2.50$ per Sunday additional. <br> § General appraiser's office. |  | $\ddagger$ And 30 and 40 cents per hour. Nu employed not known, "varies times. | ber actually at different |

Statempet showing the Numbre, Occupation, and Complensation of Persons Employed in the United States Customs Service, wtc.-Continued.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OGDENSBURG. N. Y.-continued. |  | ROCHESTER, N. Y.-continued. | ; |
| 1 deputy collector, $\$ 2$ per day | \$912.50 | 1 storekeeper, opener, and packer, |  |
| 1 deputy collector, $\$ 1.65$ per day | 602.25 | \$0.50........................... | \$116.07 |
| 2 iuspectors, $\$ 4$ per day. | 2,920.00 | 1 storekeeper | 300.00 |
| 20 'Total | 23, 027.50 | 19 Tot | 19, 640. 99 |
| GO, N. Y. |  | SAG HAEBOR, N. Y. |  |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) ........ | 4,020. 60 |  |  |
| 1 special deputy collector........... | 1,800.00 | 1 collector (salary and fees) | 410: 55 |
| 2 deputy collectors and clerks, \$1,200. | 2,400.00 |  |  |
| = 1 deputy collector and clerk 1 depnty colle... | 1,000.00 | SUSPENSION BRIDGE, N. Y. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk ......... <br> 6 deputy coilectors and inspectors, | 900.00 | SUSPESION BRIDGE, N. P . | - 4 , 0 |
| 1 *3 per day .... | 4, 365.00 | 1 collector (salary and commission: | 4,323.00 |
| 1 cashier .... | 1,500.00 | 1 deputy collector and clerk ........ | 2,500.00 |
| 1 chief inspector, $\$ 3.25$ per | 1, 186. 25 | 1 deputy collector and clerk ........ | 1, 500.00 |
| 9 inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day | 5,251. 75 | 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1,400.00 |
| 1 general storekeeper, $\$ 1,100$ | 1,054. 63 | 1. deputy collector and clerk | 1,199. 99 |
| 4 storekeepers $\$ 2.50$ per day | 466.00 | 1 deputy collector and cashier...... | 1, 400.00 |
|  |  | 1 deputy colléctor and inspector | 1,460.00 |
| 28 Total | 23, 944, 23 | 1 deputy collector and inspector.... | 1, 450.00 |
| Patchogue, N. Y. |  | 21 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 1,095$ | $29,995.00$ |
|  |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector.... | 1,089.00 |
| 1 surveyor (fees) <br> 1 depaty surveyor | $\begin{aligned} & 360.30 \\ & 100.00 \end{aligned}$ | 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, |  |
|  |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 825.00 |
| 2 'lota | 460.30 | 4 deputy collectors and inspectors, |  |
| $=$ mer |  | \$732. | 2,928.00 |
| platisburg, $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{x}$. |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector | 585.00 |
|  |  | 1 inspector | 1,040.00 |
| 1 collector .......................... | 2,500.00 | 1 inspector | 912.00 |
| 1 depnty collector, inspector, etc... | 2,000.00 | 1 inspector | 580.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 inspectress | 48.00 |
| $\$ 1,700$ | 1,699.98 | 1 storekeeper. | 1,400.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector.... | 1, 200.00 | 1 storekeeper, inspec | 1. 095.00 |
| 2 depnty collectors and inspectors, |  | 1 messenger. | 600.00 |
| 6 depaty collectors and inspectors | 1,800.00 | $\overline{15}$ |  |
| 6 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 800$ | 4,800.00 | $\overline{45}$ | *51, 471.99 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector.... | 600.00 | BEAOFORT, N. C. |  |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, <br> \$4 to \$3 per day | 2,798.00 | 1 collector (salary and fees) | 1,322.85 |
| 11 deputy collectors and inspectors; <br> \$3 per day | $11,982.00$ |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk......... | 1,800.00 |  |  |
| 1 inspector, \$3 per day | 1, 095.00 | 1 collector (salary and fees) | 1,210. 35 |
| 28 Total |  | 1 deputy collector | 720.00 |
| $=$ |  | 2 | 1,930.35 |
|  |  | N. C. |  |
| 1 deputy surveyor (without compen. | 149.07 | 1 collector (salary and fees) |  |
| sation). | . | 1 deputy collector and inspector | $900.00$ |
| 2 Total | 149.07 | 1 deputy collector and inspector, Washingtom, N.C | 600.00 |
| = | 149.07 | 1 deputy collector, and inspector, | 600.00 |
| ROCHESTER, N. Y. |  | Hatteras, N. C., \$1 per day | 365.00 |
|  |  | ] messenger... | 240.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1, 800.00 | 5 Total | 3,710.30 |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1,250.00 | $=$. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1, 225. 00 | WILMINGTON, N. C. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk........ | 1,122.00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk, \$3per day. |  | 1 collectort (salary, fees, etc) ....... | 819.65 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, $\$ 4$ | 1,095.00 | 1 special deputy collector 1 deputy collector and chief in- | 1,800.00 |
| per day ........................... | 1,460.00 | spector . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,600.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 clerk . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1., 000.00 |
| $\$ 3.85$ per day. | 1,405. 25 | 2 inspectors, \$3 per day . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,190.00 |
| 6 deputy collectors and inspectors, \$3 per day |  | 1 inspector (temporary), $\$ 3$ per dayy | 99.00 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,055.00 \\ & 1,605.00 \end{aligned}$ | 1 inspector (temporary night), $\$ 0$ per night. | $\pm 66.00$ |

[^64]Statement showing the Number; Occupation, and Compensation of Persons Employed in the Unitid States Customs Service, etc.-Continned.

| Port, bnmber of persons, and occupation. | Compensa- tion. | Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensition. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WILMINGTON, N. C.-continued. |  | columbus, ohio. |  |
| 1 storekeeper, \$3 per day | *\$102.90 | 1 surveyor (salary, fees, etc.)....... | \$2, 899.83 |
| 4 boatmen, $\$ 420$......... | 1,680.00 | 1 deputy surveyor...... | 1,200.00 |
| 13 Total | 9,356.65 | inspector, examiner, and clerk, $\$ 3$ per day | 1,095.00 |
| Pembena, n. dak. |  | Total | 5,194.83 |
| 1 collector ( $\$ 1.200$ )............... | 300.00 | SANDUSEX, OHIO. |  |
| 1 special deputy collector, $\$ 4$ per day | 280.00 | 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) ....... | 2,500.00 |
| 5 deputy collectors and mounted inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per day | 1,592. 50 | 1 special deputy collector and in. spector | 720.00 |
| 1 depaty collector and inspector, $\$ 3$ per day | 273.00 | 2 depnty collectors and inspectors, $\$ 401.50$ |  |
| 1 inspector \$3 per day .......... | 273.00 | 1 deputy collector and inspect | 803.00 810.55 |
| Total | †2,718.50 | 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, | $401.50$ |
|  |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector. | 109. 50 |
| 1 surveyor | 5. 000.00 | 8 Tota | 4,844. 55 |
| 1 special deputy surveyo | 2,000.00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy surveyor and cler | 1,400.00 | toledo, ohio. |  |
| 1 ganger and clerk | 1,350.00 |  |  |
| 1 admeasurer and clerk, $\$ 3$ per day. | 1.095. 00 | ${ }_{1}^{1}$ collector (salary, fees, et | $\begin{aligned} & 2,689.63 \\ & 1,400.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 liquidating clerk ................. | 1, 2000.00 | 1. special deputy conector | $\begin{aligned} & 1,400.01 \\ & 1,200.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| $1{ }_{2}^{1}$ clerk clerks ( $\$ 1.0000$ | 1, 250.00 $2,000.00$ | 1. deputy collector (uiglit), $\$ 3 . \mathrm{per}$ | 1, 516.00 |
| 1 bookkeeper. | 1, 200.00 |  | 16.00 |
| 1 weigher, gauger, and measurer, $\$ 4$ per day | 1, 460.00 | 1 deputy' collector and inspector; <br> $\$ 3$ per day | 1,095.00 |
| 1 weigher and assistant gauger... | 1, 900000 | 1 messenger and janit | 300.00 |
| 3 inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per day | 3,832. 50 | Tot | 7, 200. 63 |
| 1 appraiser | 1,800.00 | - |  |
| 1 drug examiner, $\$ 5$ pe | 40.00 | AStoria, oregon. |  |
| 1 opener and packer. | 900.00 |  |  |
| 1 storekeeper (public) | 1,100.00 | 1 collector | 3,000.00 |
| 1 storeLeeper (private) | $\pm 1,100.00$ | 1 depaty collector | 2,000.00 |
| 1 porter | 720.00 | 1 deputy collector and inspe | 1,500.00 |
| 1 laborer | 600.00 | 2 inspectors, \$4 per day | 2,920.00 |
| 1 messenger | 480.00 | 2 boatmen, \$4 | 960.00 |
| 24 Total | 32, 427. 50 | T | 10,380.00 |
| Cleveland, ohio. |  | COOS BAY, OREGON. |  |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) | 2,979.65 |  |  |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1,800.00 | 1 special deputy collector. | 1, 600.00 |
| to $\$ 1,500$ | 1,462.95 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk, $\$ 1,200$ |  | Total | 1,782. 01 |
| to \$1,400 | 1,250.00 |  |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1, 200. 00 | PORTLAND, OREGON. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and clerk, $\$ 1,000$ | 1,050.00 | 1. collector | 4,200.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 deputy collector | 2. 700.00 |
| \$3. 50 per day | 1,277. 50 | 1 deputy collector | 2. 200.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 deputy collector | 1. 400.00 |
|  | 1,095.00 | 1 clerk ....... | 1., 600.00 |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 2$ ver day |  | 1 clerk ................. |  |
| $\$ 2$ per day <br> 2 deputy collectors and inspectors | 1, 825.00 | 5 inspectors (day), \$4 per daf.. | 7,300.00 |
| \$ $\$ 2.50$ per day .................. | 1,460.00 | 4 inspectors (niglit), $\$ 2.50$ per night. | 3, 650.00 |
| 1 clerk | 1, 000.00 | 1 appraiser | 3. 100.00 |
| 2 inspectors, \$3 | 2,180.00 | 1 examiner | 1,800. 00 |
| 1 appraiser | 3, 000.00 | 1 examiner | 1,400.00 |
| 1 examiner, \$600 to \$1,000 | 700,00 | 1 opener and packer | 1,000.00 |
| 1 opener and packer, $\$ 900$ | 232.50 | 1 weigher and gauger, $\$ 5$ per day ... | 1, 825.00 |
| 1 laborer ........... | $\begin{array}{r} 540.00 \\ 1,057.50 \end{array}$ | 2 assistant weighers and inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day. | 2. 190.00 |
| 20 Total | 24,110.10 | 23 Total | 36,742.50 |

* Reimbursed to United States by owners of privatern el a warehouse.
$\dagger$ This only covers the period from April 1, 1891, the date on which the district was organized.
$\ddagger$ Reimbursed to United States by owner of private bonded stores.

Statement showivg titi Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons demployed in the Unted States Custons Service, etc.-Contibued.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occapation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yaquina, oregon. |  | philladelphia, pa.-continued. |  |
| 1 collector (salary and fees) | \$1, 031. 20 | 10 assistant sugar samplers, $\$ 810$. | \$7, 639.26 |
| 1 deputy collector (withontcompen- |  | 2 samplers, \$840 | 769.96 |
| sation)......... |  | 2 samplers, \$800 | 1,600.00 |
|  |  | 8 samplers and packers, $\$ 800$ | $6,334.10$ |
| 2 Total | 1,031. 20 | 1 messenger ... | 740.00 |
| $=$ |  | 1 foreman of laborers | 800.00 |
| ERIE, PA. |  | 17 laborers, $\$ 700$ | 11,075.40 |
|  |  | 2 watchmen, \$840 | 1., 680.00 |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) | 2,056.57 | 1 watchman | 800.00 |
| 1 deputy collector ... | $1,400.00$ | 2 watchmen, \$720. | $11.440,00$ |
| 1 inspector, $\$ 3$ per d | 810.00 | 17 laborers (public | 11, 894. 19 |
| 3 | 4,266. 57 | 4 skilled laborers, | 2, 553.26 |
| $=$ |  | 3 messengers, \$600 | 1, 620.09 1,82 |
| PHILADELPHIA, PA. |  | 1 clerk... | 1, 400.00 |
|  |  | 24 assistant weighers, $\$ 1.10$ ) | 25.480.10 |
| 1 collector | 8,000.00 | 1 foreman of laborers | 840.00 |
| 1 deputy collector | 3,000.00 | 1 measurer's laborer | 840.00 |
| 1 deputy collector (Chester, Pa.) | 1,400.00 | 1 skilled laborer | 720.00 |
| 1 assistant collector (Camalen, N. J.) | 1,500.00 | 4. laborers, \$600 | 1,834.24 |
| 1 deputy collector and cashier | 3, 000.00 | 3 messengers, \$600. | 1, 788.42 |
| 1 assistant cashier and clerk.. | $\stackrel{2,500.00}{2,000}$ | 2 watchmen, \$600. | 1, 200,00 |
| 1 assistant casbier................. | 2,000.00 | 2 assistant gangers, \$1,200 | 2, 301. 10 |
| 1 auditor and special deputy col- |  | 1 stenciler ....... | 840.00 |
| lector | 4,500.00 | 1 gauger's laborer | 840.00 |
| 1 assistant auditor | $2,500.00$ | 1 laborer. | 840.00 |
| 1 chief of law division, etc | 2, 000000 | 2 special inspectors, \$1,460 | 2, 920.00 |
| 1 chief of statistical division, e | 2,000.00 | 73 inspectors, \$1, 277.50 | 89,820.50 |
| 1 chief of estimating division. | 2,000.00 | 1 searcher | - 840.00 |
| 1 chief of liquidating division | 2, 000.00 | 1. captain of surveyor's watchmen . | 1,277. 50 |
| 1 chief of warehouse division, \$2,000 | 1, 086.96 | 42 watchmeu, surveyor's, \$840....... | 32,953. 52 |
| 2 foremen of laborers, $\$ 875 . . . . . . .$. . | 1,750.00 | 1 watchman (nighi) .... | - 840.00 |
| 1 secretary and confidential cle | 2,000.00 | 1 watchman and storekeeper (Laz- |  |
| 4 clerks, \$1,800. | 7,200. 00 | aretto). | 600.00 |
| 7 clerjss, \$1,600 | 10, 330.42 | 1 skilled laborer, \$720 | 698.28 |
| 10 clerks, $\$ 1,400$ | 13,939. 17 |  |  |
| 11 clerks, \$1,200. | 13, 200.00 | 354 Total | 36:6, 058. 74 |
| 1 typewriter, $\$ 720$ | $4,200.00$ |  |  |
| 5 messengers, 8840 | 1,375.40 | TISBURG, PA. |  |
| 2 messengers, \$720 | 1,149.50 |  |  |
| 2 watchmen, \$840 | 1,680.00 | 1 deputy surveyor | 1,800.00 |
| 2 watchmen, $\$ 000$ | 1,196. 65 | 1 deputy surveyor and clerk....... | 1, 200.00 |
| 1 caipenter, \$800 to \$875 | 849.95 | 1. deputy surveyor and inspeetor, |  |
| 5 skilled laborers, \$720 | 3,558. 62 | \$3 per day | 1,095.00 |
| 1 laborer, $\$ 600$ | 565.80 | 1 clerk | 1, 100.00 |
| 1 naval officer | 5, 000.00 | 1 inspector and examiner, \$4 per |  |
| 1 deprity naval offic | 2,500.00 | day ........................... | 1,400. 00 |
| 1 chief elerk. | 2,000.00 | 3 inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day | 3,285. 00 |
| 1 clerk | 1,600.00 | 1 messenge | 600.00 |
| 2 clerks, $\$ 1,400$ | 2,800.00 |  |  |
| 3 clerks, $\$ 1,200$ | 3, 600.00 | 10 Tota | $15,540.00$ |
| 3 clerks, $\$ 900$ | 2, 484.84 |  |  |
| 1 messenger, $\$ 840$ | 835.26 | BRISTOL, R. I. |  |
| 1. messenger, $\$ 720$ | 52.83 |  |  |
| 1 messenger, \$600 | 50.50 | 1 collector (fees and commissions) . | 46.74 |
| 1 surveyor..... | 5,000.00 | 1 depaty collector and inspector... | 1.50. 00 |
| 2 deputy surveyors, $\$ 2,500$ | $5,000.00$ | 1 janitor | 240.00 |
| ]. chief clerk | 2, 000.00 | 3 - |  |
| 1. clerk | 1. 400.00 | 3 Total | 436.74 |
| 1. clerk | 1,200.00 |  |  |
| 1 messenger | 840.00 | NEWPORT, R. I. |  |
| 2. messenger | 720.00 |  |  |
| 2. general appraiser, $\$ 3,000$ | 252.70 | 1 collector (fees and commissions). | 385.33 |
| 1 clerk, $\$ 1,400$ | 700.00 | 1 deputy collector and clerk | 1, 000.00 |
| 1. appraiser | 3,000.00 | 2 inspectors, \$1 per day | 730.00 |
| 2 assistant appraisers, $\$ 2,500$ | 5,000.00 | , |  |
| 1 examiner of drags, \$1,000 | 999.92 | 4 Total | 2, 115.33 |
| 1 examiner | 2,000.00 |  |  |
| 1 examiner | 1,650.00 | Providence, R. I. |  |
| 7 examiners, $\$ 1,600$ | 11,068. 10 |  |  |
| 3 examiners, $\$ 1,500$ | 4,376. 40 | 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) | 3, 900.80 |
| 1 exarniner | 1,400.00 | 1 depaty collectior, inspector, etc | 2,000.00 |
| 1 chief clerk | 2,000.00 | 1 deputy collector and cashicr..... | 2,000.00 |
| 1 clerk ..... | ]., 400.00 | 1 inspector and examiner, $\$ 3.50$ per |  |
| 3 clerks, $\$ 1,200$. | $3,600.00$ | day ............................. | 430.50 |
| 1 receiving clerk.... | 840.00 | 4 inspectors, weighers, gangers, |  |
| 1 sugar sampler, \$900 | 825.80 | ete, $\$ 3.50$ per day. | 5,110.00 |

Statmment showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Persons employed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Contmued.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| PROVIDENCE, R. I.-continued. |  |
| 1 inspector (temporary), \$3 per day. | \$30.00 |
| 1 storekeeper . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 730.00 |
| 1 messenger and storekeeper, \$3 ner day. | 1,095.00 |
| 1 boatman .............. | 600.00 |
| 12 Total | 15, 956. 30 |
| BEAUFORT, s. c. |  |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) | 1,622.64 |
| 1 deputy collector andinspector, $\$ 3$ per day | 1,095, 00 |
| 1 depaty collector and inspector, $\$ 2.50$ per day | 912.50 |
| 1 boatman, \$30 per month | 360.00 |
| 3 boatmen, $\$ 25$ per month | 900. 00 |
| 7 Total | 4,890.14 |
| Charleson, s. c. |  |
| 1 collector (fees and commissions) . | 3,135.96 |
| 1 special deputy collector . . . . . . . . | 2,000.00 |
| 2 deputy collectors, \$1,500 | 3,000.00 |
| 1 clers | 1,500.00 |
| 1 chief inspector, $\$ 4$ per da | 1,460.00 |
| 3 inspectors, \$3 per day | $3,285.00$ |
| 1 messenger | 730.00 |
| 2 boatmen, \$40 permonth | 960.00 |
| 12. Total | 16,070.96 |
| GEORGETOWN, S. C. | - |
| 1 collector (salary and fees) | 368.20 |
| 1 deputy collector | 600.00 |
| 2 Total | 968.20 |
| Chattanooga, tenn. |  |
| 1 surveyor (salary, eto | 402.70 |
| MEMPHIS, TENN. |  |
| 1 surveyor (salary, fees, etc)....... | 2,663, 30 |
| 1 deputy surveyor................. | ]. 400.00 |
| 1 inspector, weigher, gauger, etc., $\$ 3.50$ per day. | 1,277.50 |
| 1 messenger and office boy, $\$ 62.50$ |  |
| per mouth ..................... | 750.00 |
| 1 watchman (night), \$2 pernight .. | 730.00 |
| 5 Total | 6, 820.80 |
| NASHVILLE, TENN.* |  |
| 1 surveyor (salary and commissionas) | 319.94 |
| 1 inspector, $\$ 3$ per day | 36.00 |
| 2 Total | 355.94 |
| BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS. |  |
| 1 collector | 1,500.00 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1, 600.00 |
| 4 deputy collectors, $\$ 3$ per day.... | 4,380.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector... | 1, 400.00 |
| 1 chief clerk | 1,400.00 |
| 1 entry clerk | 1, 200.00 |
| 15 inspectors, \$3 yer day | 16, 425.00 |
| 1 inspectress, $\$ 2$ per day | 720.00 |
| 1 messenger | 720.00 |
| 26 Total | 29,345.00 |

* From Marelı 11 to June 30, 1891 .
$\dagger$ Reimlursed to United States by railroad.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX. |  |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, ete.) | \$3, 584. 40 |
| 1 deputy collector | 1,800,00 |
| 1 deputy collector | 1,600. 00 |
| 1 deputy collector, $\$ 4$ per day | 1,208.00 |
| 1 clerk and inspector | 1, 200.00 |
| 5 inspectors (mounted), $\$ 3.50$ per day | 6, 016.50 |
| 5 inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day | 5, 460.00 |
| 1 inspector, $\$ 3$ per day | +543.00 |
| 1 inspector (uight), $\$ 2$ to $\$ 3$ per night | 988.00 |
| 1 inspector (night), $\$ 2$ per night ... | 508.00 |
| 1 inspector and boatman, \$2 per day | 730.00 |
| 1 inspector and porter, \$2 per day | 730.00 |
| 1 inspectress, \$2 per day | 730.00 |
| 1 assayer, \$1,600 | 1,503.16 |
| 1 porter | 420.00 |
| 23 Total | 27,021.06 |
| EAGLE PASS, TEX. |  |
| 1 collector, salary, fees, eto | 2, 739.30 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1, 600.00 |
| 1 depaty collector and monnted inspector, $\$ 4$ per day $\ddagger \ldots$............ | 60.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and mounted in. spector, $\$ 3$ per day $\ddagger$ | 1,217. 50 |
| 1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerk, $\$ 1,000$ | 40.76 |
| 1 deputy collector, inspector, and clerk, \$2 per day | 680.00 |
| 1 assayer | 1,600. 00 |
| 1 clerk and inspector | 1,400. 00 |
| 5 inspectors (mounted), \$4 per day | 300.00 |
| 5 inspectors (mounted), $3: 50$ per day ${ }_{+}^{+}$ | $6,125.00$ |
| 1 inspector (for landed goods), \$3.50 per day | 52.50 |
| 1 inspector and storekeeper, $\$ 3.50$ per day | 742.00 |
| 1 inspector, $\$ 3.50$ per day ........... | 157.50 |
| 1 inspector (for railroad traius), $\$ 3$ per day | 1,095.00 |
| 1 inspector (for landed goods), $\$ 3$ per day | 414.00 |
| 3 inspectors, \$3 per day | 3,150.00 |
| 1 inspectress, $\$ 2$ per day | 414.00 |
| 1 messenger and porter, $\$ 40$ per month | 480.00 |
| 1 laborer, $\$ 1.50$ per day | 502, 50 |
| 29 Total | 22,770.06 |
| EL PASO, TEX. |  |
| 1 collector | 3,200.00 |
| 1 special deputy collector | 1,800.00 |
| 3 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 3$ per day | 3,285. 00 |
| 1 assayer, ore clerk, and inspeetor . | 1,600.00 |
| 1 assistant assayer, \$50 per month | 600.00 |
| 2 clerks, \$1,400 | 2, 800.00 |
| 5 inspectors (mounted), \$3 per day. | $5,475.00$ |
| 2 inspectors (mounted), $\$ 3$ per day . - | 2,190.00 |
| 1 inspector (temporary), \$8 per day-1 | 819.00 |
| 2 inspectors (night), \$2 per night ... | 1. 460.00 |
| 1 inspectress, $\$ 50$ per month ........ | 600.00 |
| 1 storekeeper. | 1, 200.00 |
| 1 janitor, ${ }^{\text {a }} 50$ per mont | 600.00 |
| 22 Total | 25,629.00 |
| Galveston, TEX. |  |
| 1 collector | 4,500.00 |
| 1 special deputy collecto | 2,000.00 |
| 1 deputy collector | 1,800.00 |

[^65]Statement showing the Number, Occupation, and Compensation of Pirsons memployed in the United States Customs Service, etc.-Continued.

| Port, number of persons, and occapation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| galyeston, tex.-continued. |  | NEWPORT NEWS, VA. |  |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 collector | \$3, 000.00 |
| \$3.50 per day ............. | \$1,277. 50 | 1 deputy collector and inspecto | 1, 460.00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, |  | 1 deputy collector and inspector | ${ }^{600.00}$ |
| 1 clerk. | 1, $1,800.00$ | 1 clerk and inspector, $\$ 3$ per day.... | 1.095.00 |
| 3 clerks, \$1,600 | 4, 800.00 | per day | 1,095. 00 |
| 1 clerk | 1,400.00 | 1 inspector, \$3 per day | 1,095.00 |
| 1 clerk | 1, 200.00 | 1 inspector and boarding offeer, \$3 |  |
| 1 inspector, \$4 per day | 1, 460, 00 | per day .......... | 1,095.00 |
| 8 inspectors, \$3 per day | 8,760000 | 1. boatman and janitor ............. | 420.00 |
| 1 weigher and gauger, $\$ 3.50$ per day. <br> 2 boatmen $\$ 7.20$ per day | $\begin{aligned} & 1,277.50 \\ & 1.440 .00 \end{aligned}$ | (1) 1 boatman and janitor, \$35 per month | 420.00. 840.00 |
| 1 messenger, $\$ 2$ per day .............. | 730.00 |  |  |
| 1 porter | 500.00 | 11 Total | 11, 120.00 |
| 1 laborer, \$10 permonth | 480.00 |  |  |
| 20 .Tot | 34, 520.00 | No |  |
| 20 |  | 1 collector | 3,000.00 |
|  |  | 1 deprity collecto | 1,600.00 |
|  |  | 1 cashier and entry | 1,300.00 |
| 1 collector (salary, fees, etc.) | 2,551.00 | 1 marine cle | 1,300.00 |
| 3 deputy collectors, $\$ 1,500$. | 4,500.00 | 1 inspector | 1,460.00 |
| 1 deputy collector | 1, 200,00 | 2 inspectors, \$1,099 | 2, 190.00 |
| 1 deputy collector, inspector, and. |  | 1 watchman | 720.00 |
|  | 2,200.00 | 1 boátman | 480.00 |
| 2 deputy collectors, inspectors, and |  | 1 boatman.............................. | 360.00 |
| deputy collector, inspector, | 1,800.00 | 10 Total | 12,410.00 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1 depaty collector, inspector, and clerik, $\$ 1,400$. | 159.78 | - PETERSBURG, va. |  |
| 1 deputy collectior and inspector, $\$ 1,500$ | 375.00 | 1 collector (fees) | 2.15 |
| 3 deputy collectors and inspectors, | 3,345. 65 | 1 jamitor............................... | 720.00 600.00 |
| \$1,20 |  |  |  |
| eputy c | 19, 480.90 |  | 1,322.15 |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, <br> \$1, 000 | 1,209.16 | ND, va. |  |
| 8 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 730$. | 5,840.00 | 1 collector (fces, commissions, etc.) - | 876.78 |
| 1 depaty collector and inspector, | 2,490.00 | 1 depuiy collector ............... | 1, 600. 00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, | 1, 096.00 | 1 clerk and inspec | 1,095.00 |
| \$4 per day |  | 2 inspectors, \$1,095 | 2, 190. 00 |
| 1 deputy collector and inspector, | 1,387.00 | 1 Joatma | 420.00 |
| 15 deputy collectors and inspectors, | 15, 426.00 | 7 Tota | 6, 911.78 |
| \$3 per day |  | $=$ |  |
| deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 2$ per day. | 4,380.00 | TAPPAHANNOCE, VA. |  |
| 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, | 1,204. 50 | 1 collector (salary and fees)......... <br> 1 deputy collector . | 390.10 |
| 1 doputy collector and assistant |  |  | 200.00 |
| cashier. | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{J}, 200.00 \\ 730.00 \\ 750.00 \\ .600 .00 \end{array}$ | 2 Total | 590.10 |
| 1 inspector, $\$ 2$ per day.... 4 tally cleriks, $\$ 30$ per mon |  |  |  |
| 1 watchman (night)... |  | PORT TOWNSEND, WASH. |  |
| 75 Tot | 73,684.49 | 1 collector (salary, fees, et | 5, 346. 68 |
|  |  | 3 deputy collectors, $\$ 2,000$ | 5, 432.18 |
| ALEXANDHLA, TA. |  | 1 deputy collector, \$1,600 | 1,520. 88 |
|  |  | 4 deputy collectors, \$1,500 | 4, 907. 61 |
| 1 collector (fees) | $\begin{array}{r} 214.82 \\ 1,200.00 \end{array}$ | 1 deputy collector | 1, 400.00 |
| 1 deputy collector |  | 1 deputy collector | 1, 200.00 |
| Tot |  | 1 deputy collector, $\$ 4$ per day ...... | 1,460:00 |
| cap | 1, 414.82 | 1 per day ....................... | 750.00 |
|  |  | 2 clerks, \$1,200: | 1,567.86 |
|  |  | 2 clerks, $\$ 1,000 \ldots$. | $2,000.00$ |
| 1 collector (salary and fees). | 883.25900.00 | 1 inspector, \$4 per day | 1,460.00 |
| 1 depaty collector and inspector.... |  | 11 inspectors, $\$ 3.50$ per day $\ldots .$. | 13, 955.93 |
| 1 deputy collector, inspector, and $\begin{gathered}\text { boatman } . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~\end{gathered}$ | 480, 00 | 4 inspectors and boatruen, $\$ 2.50$ per day. | 3,650.00 |
|  |  |  | 730.00 |
| 3 Total | 2, 263.25 | 1 inspector and boatman............. | 710.00 |

Statement showing mpe Number, Occupation, and Comptnsation of Prersons maployed in the Uaited States Customs Service, ecc.-Contimued.

| Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensation. | Port, number of persons, and occupation. | Compensal tion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POR' TOWNSEND, WASH.-continued. |  | milwauker, wis.-continued. |  |
| 1 watchman (night), $\$ 2.50$ per night. 2 revenne boatmen, $\$ 782.50^{*}$. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 912.50 \\ 1,565.00 \end{array}$ | 1 deputy collecto | $\$ 1.800 .00$ $1,350.00$ |
|  |  | 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, |  |
| 41 Total | 50, 867. 54 | \$1,200 | 2, 400.00 |
| wheclina, w. va. |  | 2 deputy collectors and inspectors, $\$ 500$. | 1,000.00 |
| 1 surreyor (salary, fees, etc.) | 849.14 8000 | 1 depaty collector and inspector, $\$ 3$ per day | 1,095.00 |
| 1 special deputy surveyor .. | 800.00 | I depnty collector and inspector, $\$ 1.15$ per day. | 41.9 .75 |
| 2 Total | 1, 649. 14 | 1 deputy collector and inspector, \$1 |  |
| la crosse, wis. |  | per day <br> 1 deputy collector and inspector, 80 cents per day | 305.00 292.00 |
| 1 surveyor. | :350.00 | 1 deputy collector and inspector, 45 cents per day | 1.64. 25 |
| milwaukee, wis. |  | 1 inspector (temporay), $\$ 3$ per day 1 opener and packer | $\begin{array}{r} 18.00 \\ 720.00 \end{array}$ |
| $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \text { collector (salary }\end{aligned}$ | $3,253.63$ $2,000.00$ | 15 Total | 7.63 |

* Includes 50 cents per diem each for rations.


## RECAPITULATION BY SIATES, TERRITORTES, JTC.

| States, Territories, etc. | Number. | Compensa- tion. | States, Territorics, ete. | Number. | Compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 16 | \$ $\$ 4,867.60$ | Montana | 5 | \$5, 759.00 |
| Alaska* |  | 13,083, 86 | Nebraska | 5 | 7,139. 84 |
| Arizona | 17 | 16,479.98 | New Hampshire. | 7 | 7, 148.83 |
| California | 238 | 318, 971. 08 | New Jersey | 19 | 14,725. 08 |
| Colorado. | 3 | 6,752. 56 | New York. | 2, 123 | 2, S14, 728.83 |
| Connecticut | 27 | 31, 513.58 | North Carolina | 21 | 16,322, 15 |
| Delaware. | 11 | 7,978. 15 | North Dakota | 9 | 2, 718.50 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 9, 640. 17 | Ohio... | 61 | 73, 777. 61 |
| Florida. | 98 | 87, 062.26 | Oregou | 34 | 49, 935. 71 |
| Geargia | 26 | 27, 964.80 | Pennsylvania | 367 | 415, 865.31 |
| Illinois. | 106 | 129, 182. 20 | Rhode Island. | 19 | 18,508.37 |
| Indiana | 7 | 9, 995.39 | South Carolina | 21 | 21,929.30 |
| Iowa. | 16 | 1,134.90 | Tennessee. | 8 | 7, 579.44 |
| Kentucky | 16 | 18,749.60 | Texas. | 126. | 139,285. 12 |
| Louisiana | 196 | 200, 147.82 | Vermont | 75 | 73, 684.49 |
| Maine. | 1.18 | 125, 893.41 | Virginia. | 38 | 36, 032. 10 |
| Maryland | 208 | 269, 124. 93 | Washington | $4]$ | 50, 867. 54 |
| Massachusett | 874 | 600, 988. 02 | West Virginia | 2 | 1, 649. 14 |
| Michigan. | 156 | 183, 704. 89 | Wisconsin. | 16 | 15, 227.63 |
| Minnesota, | 38 | $37,613.71$ $7,605.32$ | Grand total. | 5,236 | , 900, 550.90 |
| Missouri. | 42 | 59, 223.68 |  |  |  |

[^66]Popllation, Net Revenuie, and Net Expentitures of the Governaient from 1837 to June 30, 1891, and Per Capita of the Revenues and Per Capita of Expenditures.

| Year. | Population. | Net revenue. | Per capita on rer. enue. | Net expenses. | Percapita on expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1837 | 15, 655,000 | \$24, 954, 153.00 | \$1. 59 | \$37, 243, 496.00 | \$2. 38 |
| 1838 | 16, 112, 000 | 26, 302, 562.00 | 1.63 | 33, 865, 059.00 | 2.10 |
| 1839 | J.6, 584,000 | 31, 482, 750. 03 | 1.90 | 26, 899, 128. 00 | 1. 62 |
| 1840 | 17, 069, 453 | 19, 480, 115. 00 | 1.14 | 24,317, 579.00 | 1.42 |
| 1841 | 17,591,000 | 16, 860, 160.00 | -96 | 26, 565, 873.00 | 1.51 |
| 1842 | 18, 132,000 | 19, 976, 197.00 | 1.10 | $25,205,761.00$ | 1.39 |
| 1843 (6 months) | 18,694,000 | 8, 302, 702.00 | 89 | 11, 858. 075.00 | 1.27 |
| 1844 | 39, 276,000 | 29, 321, 374.00 | 1.62 | 22,337, 571.00 | 1.16 |
| 1845 | 19,878, 000 | 29, 970, 106.00 | 1.51 | 22, 937, 408.00 | 1.1.5 |
| 1846 | 20, 500,000 | 29,699, 968. 00 | 1.45 | 27, 766, 925. 00 | 1.35 |
| 1847 | 21, 143, 000 | 26, 495, 769.00 | 1.25 | 57, 281, 412. 00 | 2.71 |
| 1848 | 21, 805, 000 | 35, 735, 779. 00 | 1.64 | 45, 377, 225.00 | 2.08 |
| 1849 | 22,489, 600 | 31, 208, 143.00 | 1.39 | 45, 051, 657.00 | 2. 00 |
| 1850 | 23, 191, 876 | 43, 603, 439. 00 | 1.88 | 39, 543; 492.00 | 1.71 |
| 1851 | 23, 995, 000 | 52, 559, 304. 00 | 2.19 | 47, 709, 017.00 | 1. 99 |
| 1852 | 24, 802, 050 | 49, 846, 816.00 | 2.01 | 44, 1.94, 919. 00 | 1.78 |
| 1853 | 25,615,000 | 61,587, 054.00 | 2.40 | $48,184,111.00$ | 1. 88 |
| 1854 | 26,433,000 | 73, 800, 341. 00 | 2.79 | 58,044, 862.00 | 2. 20 |
| 1855 | 27,256,000 | 65, 350, 575.00 | 2.40 | $59,742,668.60$ | 2.19 |
| 1856 | 28, 083, 000 | 74, 056, 699. 00 | 2.64 | 69, 571, 026.00 | 2. 48 |
| 1857 | 28, 916.000 | 68, 965, 313.00 | 2.38 | 67, 795, 708. 00 | 2.34 |
| 1858 | 29, 753, 000 | 46, 655, 366. 00 | 1.57 | 74, 185, 270.00 | 2.49 |
| 1859 | 30, 596, 000 | 53, 486, 466. 00 | 1.75 | 69, 070, 977.00 | 2.26 |
| 1860 | 31, 443, 321 | 56, 064, 608.00 | 1.78 | $63,130,598.00$ | 2.01 |
| 1861 | 32, 064,000 | 41, 509, 930.00 | 1.29 | 66, 546, 645.00 | 2.08 |
| 1862 | 32, 704, 000 | 51, 987, 455.00 | 1.59 | 474, 761, 819.00 | 14.52 |
| 1863 | 33, 365,000 | 112, 697, 291. 00 | 3.38 | 714, 740, 725.00 | 21.42 |
| 1864 | 34, 046,000 | 264, 626, 772.00 | 7.77 | 865, 322, 642.00 | 25. 4.2 |
| 1865 | 34, 748,000 | 333, 714, 605.00 | 9. 60 | 1, 297, 555, 224.00 | 37.34 |
| 1866 | 35, 460, 000 | 558, 032, 620.00 | 15.73 | 520, 809, 417.00 | 14. 68 |
| 1867 | 36, 211,000 | 490, 634, 010.00 | 13.55 | 357, 542, 675.00 | 9.87 |
| 1868 | 36,973, 000 | 405,038, 083.00 | 10.97 | 377, 340, 285.00 | 10. 21 |
| 1869 | 37, 756, 000 | 370, 943, 747.00 | 9.82 | 322, 865, 278.00 | 8. 55 |
| 1870 | 38, 558, 371 | 411, 255, 478. 00 | 10.67 | 309, 653, 561:00 | 8.03 |
| 1871 | 39, 555, 000 | 383, 323, 945. 00 | - 9.69 | 292, 177, 188.00 | 7.39 |
| 1872 | 40, 596, 000 | 374, 106, 868.00 | 9.22 | 277, 517, 963.00 | 6.84 |
| 1873 | 41, 677, 000 | 333, 738, 205.00 | 8.01 | 290, 345, 245.00 | 6.97 |
| 1874 | 42,796, 000 | 304, 978, 755. 00 | 7.13 | 302, 633, 873.00 | 7.07 |
| 1875 | 43, 951, 000 | 288, 000, 051.00 | 6.55 | 274, 623, 393.00 | 6.25 |
| 1876 | 45, 137, 000 | 294, 095, 865.00 | 6.52 | $265,101,085.00$ | 5.87 |
| 1877 | 46, 353, 000 | 281, 406, 419.00 | 6.07 | 241, 334, 475.00 | 5.21 |
| 1878 | 47, 598, 000 | 257, 763, 879.00 | 5.42 | 236, 964, 327.00 | 4.98 |
| 1879 | 48, 806, 000 | 273, 827, 184.00 | 5. 60 | 266, 947, 884. 00 | 5.46 |
| 1880 | 50, 155, 783 | 333, 526, 611.00 | 6.65 | 267, 642, 958.00 | 5.34 |
| 188.1 | 51, 316,000 | 360, 782, 293.00 | 7.00 | $260,712,888.00$ | 5.08 |
| 1882 | 52, 495, 000 | 403, 525, 250.00 | 7.68 | 257, 981, 440.00 | 4. 91 |
| 1883 | 53, 693,000 | 398, 287, 582.00 | 7.41 | 265, 408, 138.00 | 4.94 |
| 1884 | 54, 911, 000 | 348, 519, 870.00 | 6.36 | 244, 126, 244.00 | 4. 44 |
| 1885 | 56, 148, 000 | 323, 690, 706. 00 | 5.76 | 260, 226, 935.00 | 4. 63 |
| 1886 | 57, 404, 000 | 336, 439, 727.00 | 5.86 | 242, 483, 138.00 | 4. 22 |
| 1887 | 58, 680,000 | 371, 403, 277.00 | 6. 33 | 267, 932, 179.00 | 4. 56 |
| 1858 | 59, ${ }^{51,289,000}$ | 379, 266,075.00 | 6.32 6.31 | *267, 924, 801.00 | 4. 46 |
| 1890 | 62, 622,250 | 403, 080; 982.00 | 6. 43 | $\pm 318,040,710.00$ | 5.07 |
| 1891 | 63, 975, 000 | 456, 184, 138.00 | 7.13 | §365, 774, 681.00 | 5.71 |

*This includes $\$ 8,270,842.46$ of "premiums on purchase of bonds.",
$\dagger$ This includes $\$ 17,292,362.65$ of "premiums on purchase of bonds.",

+ This inclades $\$ 20,304,24.06$ of "premiums on purchase of bonds.",
§This includes $\$ 10,401,220.6$ of "premiums on purchase of bonds."

Note.-This statement has been revised and corrected according to census report of 1800.

Comparative Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures on account of Customs for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| States and Territories. | Receipts. | Expenditures. | States and 'I'erritories. | Receipts. | Expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$12, 458. 92 | \$10,837. 44 | Pennsylvania, | \$21, 052. 881.52 | \$505, 874. 27 |
| Alaska. | 3, 256.17 | 13,293.80 | Rhode Island. | 329, 115.09 | 21,035. 87 |
| Arizona | 35,621. 97 | 22,470.38 | South Caroliza ... | 33, 897. 27 | 18, 904.26 |
| California | 8,032, 422.62 | 399, 153.06 | Tennessee........ | 57, 362.86 | 7, 668.17 |
| Colorado. | 110, 514. 43 | 7, 460.49 | Texas. | 679, 854.99 | 161, 303.19 |
| Connecticut | 475, 992, 21 | 36, 187. 96 | Vermont | 767, 748. 26 | 86, 432.60 |
| Dakota. | 30,400. 00 | 2,891. 60 | Virginia | 22,710.04 | 30, 426.08 |
| Delaware.......... | 16,268. 61 | 7,240.38 | West Virginia | 148, 294.70 | 1, 159.46 |
| District of Colum- |  |  | Washington..... | 148, 094. 71 | $55,288.82$ |
| bia | 80, 766.39 | 10,864. 52 | Wisconsin ....... | 392, 219.76 | 19,309.44 |
| Florida. | 1,221, 558.27 | 115, 531.99 | Amount paid by |  |  |
| Georgia | $75,780.11$ | 24,539.54 | disbursing |  |  |
| Illinois | 5, 786, 811. 65 | 137, 124. 29 | agent for sala- |  |  |
| Indiana | 156, 279.77 | 10,161. 05 | ries, etc |  | $295,730.15$ |
| Iowa | 13,484. 61 | 1, 061.46 | Contingeut ex- |  |  |
| Kentucky | 275, 035. 83 | 22, 871.74 | penses and fees |  |  |
| Louisiana | 2, 086, 483. 79 | 218, 373.17 | in customs |  |  |
| Maine. | 607,025,73 | 114, 732.34 | cases. |  | 23, 138. 21 |
| Maryland | 3,712, 217.38 | 276, 691. 15 | Transportation... |  | 508.17 |
| Massachusetts | 18, 200, 051.70 | 697, 143.85 | Miscellaneous |  |  |
| Michigan | 837, 580.94 | 133,930.47 | (rent, station |  |  |
| Minnesota | 337, 432.30 | 37, 945.92 | ery, etc.) |  | 53, 420.25 |
| Mississippi. | 5, 990. 74 | $5,863.11$ |  |  |  |
| Missouri.......... | 1, 699, 096.62 | $65,108.19$ |  |  | 6, $965,070.71 .8$ |
| Montana and Idalio | 30, 613. 04 | 3,936. 41 | Deduct excess of repayment at |  | ; |
| Nebraska . . . . . . | 99, 838, 42 | 6,513.73 | Sandusky, Ohio. |  | 703.09 |
| New Hampshire... | $64,145.99$ | 5, 985.39 |  |  |  |
| New Jersoy | 18,999. 37 | 13, 122.02 | Total receipts |  |  |
| New York. | $149,862,184.67$ | 3, 085, 897.20 | and total, |  |  |
| North Carolin | 21,377.10 | 8,912.53 | metexpendi- |  |  |
| Ohio. | 1,477, 941. 32 | 101, 182. 12 | tures ........ | 219,522,205. 23 | 6,964, 367.09 |
| Oregon | 650,395. 36 | 87, 753.94 |  |  |  |

Comparative Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures on Account of Intlernal Revenue for the Fiscal Year 1891.

| States and Territories. | Receipts. | Expenditures. | States and Territories. | Receipts. | Expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | \$93, 328.00 | \$21, 135. 23 | Montana | \$151, 966.29 | \$21, 069, 99 |
| Arkansas | 97, 456.83 | 28,865. 27 | Nebraska | 3, 230, 163. 64 | 42,982. 60 |
| California | 2,065, 972.08 | 87, 179. 94 | New Hampshire. | 460, 106. 66 | 17,693. 26 |
| Colorado. | $295,622.43$ | 20,664. 74 | New Jersey ...... | 4, 091, 290.62 | $53,134.42$ |
| Connectica | 955, 119.94 | 35, 575.19 | New Mexico | 36, 491.65 | 11, 100.15 |
| Florida. | 485,789. 83 | 15,848.92 | New York | 16, 554, 034.67 | 235, 723.22 |
| Georgia | 574, 733. 00 | 98, 761. 28 | North Carolina... | 2, 478, 434.24 | 311, 601.96 |
| Illinois. | 38, 345, 572.92 | 213,288.97 | Ohio | 14, 365, 286.27 | 157, 655. 71 |
| Iudiana | 6, 474, 040.14 | 72, 876.79 | Oregon | 324, 257.24 | 19,509.48 |
| Iowa | 432, 431.60 | 29,912.74 | Pennsylvania | 10, 307, 969. 28 | $275,418.98$ |
| Kansas. | 193, 156. 71 | 18, 130.85 | South Carolina | 69.732 .21 | 27,609.70 |
| Kentucky | 15, 830, 485.26 | 599, 792.65 | Tennessee. | 1, 276,712.86 | 111, 206.66 |
| Louisiana | $644,809.35$ | 32, 053. 68 | Texas | 223, 609. 58 | 34, 466.84 |
| Maryland | $3,060,113.80$ | 97, 979.49 | Virginia . . . . . . . | 3, 206,967. 37 | 122, 044.53 |
| Massachusett | 2, 314, 575.93 | $56,903.14$ | West Virginia. . | 834,784. 33 | 31, 483.72 |
| Michigan.. | 2, 207, 558.90 | 39,306. 24 | Wisconsin | 3,607, 977. 73 | 50,547.92 |
| Minnesota | 2,733,568.95 | 31,780. 21 | Miscellancou | 231.96 | 887, 815. 66 |
| Mississippi. Missonri | 7, 661, 372.00 .17 | 92,965. 55 | rot | 145, 686, 249, 44 | 4, 003,485. 65 |
|  |  |  |  | , 686, 24. 44 | 4,003, 485.65 |

## Receipts and Explenditures of the Governmint.

QUARTER ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1890.

| Net receipts. | Amounts. | Net expenditures. | Amounts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customs | \$67, 973, 907. 09 | Civil and miscellaneou | \$23,279, 670.94 |
| Internal revenue. | 37, 916, 314. 14 | War Department | 11, 164,820.90 |
| Sales of public lands | 1, 023, 621. 48 | Nawy Department | 5, 259, 419. 26 |
| Miscellaneous sources $\qquad$ <br> Netrevenue <br> Loans and Treasury ubtes $\qquad$ | 5, 011. 991.44 | Interior Department, Indians. | 985,963. 56 |
|  |  | Interior Department, pensions. | 33, 739, 818.43 |
|  | $111,925,834.15$ | Interest on the pablic debt ...... | 21,513,488. 59 |
| Loans and Treasury ubtes <br> Total net receipts. <br> Balance in the 'Treasury June 30, $1890 .$ |  | Net ordinary expenses <br> Premium on purchase of U . S. bonds. $\qquad$ <br> Total net expencititures <br> Balance in the Treasury September 30, 1890 | $\mathbf{9 5}, 943,181.68$ |
|  | $124,455,199.40$ $691,527,403.76$ |  | 8,308, 419.90 |
|  |  |  | 58 |
|  |  |  | 711, 731, 001.58 |
| 'Total | 815, 982, 603. 16 | Total | 815, 982, 603. 16 |

QUARTER ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1890.

| Customs | 55,444, 576.81 | Civil and miscellaneous | 28, 511, 898. 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal revenue | 37, 818, 198.28 | War Department | 12, 323, 055. 83 |
| Sales of public lands | 1, 155, 567.91 | Navy Department | 6, 957, 652. 51 |
| Miscellaneous sources | $5,515,677.02$ | Interior Department, Indians.... | , 2, 652, 353.96 |
|  |  | Interior Department, prensions... | 35, 261, 268. 49 |
| Net revenue <br> Balance iv. Treasury Scptember 30, 1850 <br> Total | $\begin{array}{r} 99,934,020.02 \\ 771,731,001.58 \end{array}$ | Interest on Public debt <br> Net ordinary expenses. <br> Rodemption of loans and Treasury notes <br> Premium on purchase of U.S. bonds. | 8,310,531.90 |
|  |  |  | 94, 016, 760.90 |
|  |  |  | $8,798,371.50$ |
|  |  |  | 2,053,219.34 |
|  |  | Total net expenditures...... | 104, 868, 351.74 |
|  |  | Balance in Treasury December $31,1890$ | 706, 796,669. 86 |
|  | 811, 665, 021. 60 | Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 811, $0665,021: 60$ |

QUARTER ENDING MARCH 31, 1891.

| Customs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 57, 726, 297. 28 | Ciyil and miscellaneous. | 27, 582, 988. 33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal revenue. | 32, 828, 956. 83 | War Department | 10, 998, 147. 19 |
| Sales of public lands............... | 864, 749.99 | Navy Department | 6, 823, 934. 37 |
| Miscellaneous sources | 4, 804, 506. 63 | Interior Department, Indians. | 2, 749, 578. 21 |
| Net revenue | 96, 224, 510.73 | Interior Department, pensions. . Interest on pablic deldt ......... | $27,909,076.56$ $-3,912,850.21$ |
| Loans and Treasury notes ${ }_{5} . . . . .$. | 2,600,089.00 |  |  |
| Balance in Treasury Decenber 31., $1890 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 706, 796, 669. 86 | Net ordinary expenses. <br> Premium on purchase of U.S. bonds. <br> Balance in Treasury March 31, 1891.. | $\begin{array}{r} 79,976,574.87 \\ 39,581.37 \\ 725,605,113.35 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 805,621, 269.59 | Total | 805, 621, 269.59 |

QUARTER ENDING JUNE 30, 1891.

| Customs | 38, 377, 424.05 | Civil and miscellaneons.......... | 30,673, 610.01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal revenue | 37, 122, 780.19 | War Department ................. | 14, 234, 041. 09 |
| Sales of public lands | 985, 596.03 | Navy Department ................. | 7, 072, 890. 32 |
| Miscellaneons sources | 8, 042, 282.14 | Interior Department, Indians . . - | 2, 139, 573.28 |
|  |  | Interior Department, pensions. | 27,505, 787.92 |
| Net revenue................. | 84, 528, 082.41 | Interest on the public debt ....... | $3,810,264,67$ |
|  | 1, 525,304. 13 |  |  |
| Balance in Treasury March 31, | $725,605,113.35$ | Net ordinary expenses..... Balance in the Ireasury, June 30, 1890 $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 85,436,167.29 \\ 726,222,332.60 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 811, 658, 499.89 | Total | 811, 658, 499.89 |

Receipts and Expenditures of the Government-Continued.
FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891.

| Net receipts. | Amounts. | Net expenditures. | A mounts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customs | \$219, 522, 205. 23 | Civil and miscellaneous. | \$110,048, 1.67. 49 |
| Internal revenue | 145, 686, 249.44 | War Department | $48,720,065.01$ |
| Sales of public lands | $4,029,585.41$ | Navy Department | 26, 113, 596.46 |
| Miscellaneous sources <br> Net revenue | 23, 374, 457. 23 | Inferior Department, Indians | 8, 527, 469.01 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 392,612,447.31 \\ 7,856,386.88 \end{array}$ | Interior Department, peosions Interest on the public debt... | $124,415,951.40$ |
| Luans and Treasmy notes........ |  | Interest on the pablic del |  |
| Total net receipts.......... Balance in Treasury, June 30, 1890 |  | Net ordinary exponse | $355,372,684.74$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 400,468,834.19 \\ & 691,527,403,76 \end{aligned}$ | Premium on purchase of U. S. |  |
|  |  | bonds. | 1.0, 401, 220.61. |
|  |  | Total net expenditures Balance in the 'l'reasury June 30, 1891 $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 365,773,905.35 \\ & 726,222,332.60 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 1,091, 996,237.95 | Total | 091, $996,237.95$ |

(No. 16.)

## REPORT OF THE SUPERVISIRG SPECIAL RGENT.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, Washington, D. O., November 7, 1891.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of the division of special agents for the past fiscal year:

| Number of reports made | 5, 033 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of suits commenced | 58 |
| Number of seizures | 1, 026 |
| Number of arrests for smuggling | 64 |
| Number of customs districts examined | 61 |
| Value of seizures. | \$143, 236. 17 |
| Amounts recovered on account of seizu | \$225, 690.65 |
| Reduction in expenses recommended | \$321, 920.25 |
| Amount expended for salaries and trave | \$83, 019.54 |

From these figures it will appear that the special agents have beeu actively engaged during the past year in the detection and prevention of frands upon the customs revenue, and in the examination of the books, papers, and accounts of customs officers-duties prescribed for them by law. The supervision of the agents appointed for the care and protection of the seal islands in Alaska, and of the officers for the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion acts, has recently been assigned to this division.

As illustrative of the methods employed to evade the customs revenue, I mention the following cases, some of which have been subjects of newspaper comment.

1. Certain French manufacturers of kid gloves, through their American agents, sought to have their goods appraised at less than the true market value, and induced the appraising officers to accept their values as correct. The facts coming to the knowledge of officers of this division, reappraisements were ordered and resulted in substantial advances in values, notwithstanding a bitter contest by the importers, and a large amount of duties was thus saved to the Treasury. Other importers of gloves, as well as American manufacturers, were deeply interested in these cases, their business interests being jeopardized by such undervaluations.
2. One or more dealers in silks and high-class dress goods in Paris had adopted a system of sending agents to our principal cities for the purpose of taking orders from reputable dressmakers for goods to be delivered to them duty paid. The goods thus forwarded were consigned to a custom-house broker and entered by him at low values, in some
instances representing not more than one-fourth of the actual price or market value in Paris. A seizure of a number of packages of goods of this character was made in New York, and it is believed that this class of frauds has been suppressed.
3. It having been alleged that Canadian dealers were selling goods to American tourists, to be delivered by express, an investigation disclosed that conductors and porters of sleeping cars on lines crossing the international boundary were actively engaged in this system of smuggling. One of them was detected, the goods in his possession seized, and the offender committed for trial. A large number of packages thus smuggled have been traced through the books of express offices, where they were deposited for shipment to destination. It is believed that the action taken in these cases has had a wholesome effect in deterring merchant tailors and others in Canada from employing such methods to increase their business, and from the practice which has existed of sending agents to our cities and towns to solicit orders for clothing to be delivered by unlawful means.
4. Frauds upon the revenue, by what is known as the "dummy" package system, practiced so extensively some years ago, have been revived. A seizure was recently made at San Francisco of imported goods received there by rail under immediate transportation bond from New York. The invoice and entry presented at the custom-house described four packages of cotton quilts of the value of $\$ 327.69$. One package was sent to the appraiser's store for examination and the other three were ordered to be delivered from the cars to the importer withont examination. The package selected for appraisment contained cottou quilts according to the invoice, while the others, upon seizure, before they reached the importer's hands, were found to contain silks, dress goods, and other merchandise paying high rates of duty of the value of $\$ 2,973$. The extent to which these frauds have been perpetrated is not yet fully disclosed. The records show that the firm implicated has imported more than a thousand cases of goods, and it is probable that a large proportion of the invoices were fraudulent; a searching investigation is in progress, but it is to be regretted that there is no legal method by which an inspection of their. books can be enforced for the purpose of ascertaining the amount due from them to the public treasury. It seems clear that such a system of fraud could not be carried on successfully under the customs regulations except by collusion with the official whose duty it was to designate the packages to be examined. That officer, in the present instance, has been dismissed, and an investigation is in progress for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not sufficient proofs can be obtained to sustain criminal proceedings against him.
5. Evidence has been discovered tending to prove that American liquors exported without the payment of internal-revenue tax, which are ordinarily liable upon reimportation to a duty of 90 cents per gallon, have been manipulated or fortified abroad in such manner as to change their character, and thus render them liable to a duty of $\$ 2.50$ per gallon imposed by law upon imported spirits. The evidence has been submitted to the proper legal officers, and the questions involved will be determined by the courts.

The foregoing are typical cases selected from many others upon wiich the special agents are constantly engaged, and the investigation of which has caused the recovery of increased duties and penalties and checked fraudulent practices. This has not been accomplished without some i ritation and in instances criticism in the public press, inspired doubt-
less by those whose invoices have been called in question, as well as by merchants of unquestioned integrity who have unadvisedly given ear to the complaints of agents of foreign manufacturers seeking admission of their goods at fictitious values, to the manifest loss of revenue and injury to honest trade.

It is unfortunately true that public officers on account of such opposition and criticism sometimes shrink from the performance of a plain dutyo A special agent who should fail in his duty from such considerations would be unfit for his position, and this remark applies to all officers charged with the enforcement of the revenue laws.

It has been the purpose of the special agents under the instructions and regulations of the Department to so perform the delicate and important labors devolving upon them as to avoid unnecessary inconvenience or embarrassment to business interests, and it is gratifying to note that in their work they have had the full confidence and support of successive Secretaries of the Treasury during the past twenty years. But the duties alluded to by no means include all the work performed by these officers. Regular and systematic examinations made by them as often as once a year of the books, accounts, and methods of business in each of the custom-houses, secure the correction of irregularities and promote the efficiency of the customs service. They have also been called upon, under special and confidential instructions of the Secretary, to conduct many important and difficult investigations, requiring the exercise of ability, honesty, and sound judgment, and their reports in these cases have been the basis of executive action.

The success of the Government in obtaining a verdict in the hat-trimmings case recently tried in Philadelphia, the questions at issue involvving many millions of dollars, was due in large measure to the indefatigable efforts of officers of this division who were assigned to aid the district attorney in the preparation of the suit for trial.

One of the serious questions confronting the department in the exercise of its function of collecting the revenue is the great difficulty under present conditions of enforcing the laws against smugglers who make the Dominion of Canada the base of their operations: Until within the past few years the long line of frontier from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean needed but little watch care, as the international boundary line ran through a region, some hundreds of miles in width, practically uninhabited. Now all this is changed; railways running parallel on both sides of the boundary line, intersected by other railways crossing the line, have brought with them population and constant communication between the two countries. There are but four collection districts upon the northern frontier between the Lake of the Woods and the Pacific Ocean, a distance of about eleven hundred miles, each district embracing a large territory. The number of officers for preventive duty upon this long line of frontier does not exceed twenty, and the present customs appropriation will not admit of any material increase of this force. Although these officers are active and vigilant, making frequent captures of smuggled goods, chiefly opium, it is apparent that their efforts to prevent smuggling are, in a large degree, futile. A similar condition of affairs exists upon the long boundary line between the United States and Mexico.

The district of Puget Sound, comprising many islands within a few miles of British territory and a long. line of water front, furnishes facilities for smuggling and the clandestine introduction of Chinese, against which the customs officers have vainly contended. The revenue steamer on that station, under its present energetic commander, has
done good work in checking smuggling, but this vessel is unfit, on account of her size and want of speed, to render an efficientservice. It is believed that it will be necessary to employ a number of speedy steam launches to patrol the waters of Puget Sound in order to break up this illicit traffic.

I am reliably informed that during the last year 125,000 pounds of crude opium were imported and manufactured at Victoria, making about 70,000 pounds of the prepared article for smoking purposespand that nearly every pound of it was smuggled into the United States. It is more profitable to take the -risk of an occasional capture and confiscation than to pay the enormous duty of $\$ 12$ per pound, which is prohibitive of legitimate importations and is the essential basis of the smuggler's profit. Reduce the duty to $\$ 4$ per pound and his occupation will be gone. The present arrangement benefits the Canadian government, which collects $\$ 1$ per pound upon the crude opium used in the manufacture of the prepared article. Our tariff act of 1890 admits crude opium containing 9 per cent of morphia free, but imposes a duty of $\$ 12$ per pound upon opium of a lower grade, such as is used in the preparation of the drug for smoking purposes, the same rate as is imposed upon prepared opium. The practical effect of this is that the revenue formerly derived from imported opium is turned over to Canada and to smugglers. It were better to declare all opium free of duty than to leave the present laws on the statute book. The enormous profits in opium smuggling, due entirely to the high duty, have induced the employment of large capital and a great number of bold, skillful men to engage in the illicit traffic made so alluring by existing laws.

But the smuggling of opium is not the only alarming consequence following the opening up of the railways through Manitoba, the Northwest Territory, and British Columbia. The various acts of Congress having for their object the exclusion of Chinese laborers from the United States are practically nullified by the clandestine introduction of Chinese comingdirectfrom China through the Dominion of Canada. The steamers of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company land Chinese at Vancouver by thousand.s. The Canadian Government collects a head tax of $\$ 50$ upon each Chinese person and gives him a certificate which enables him to return to Canada without payment of the tax a second time should he be detected in entering the United States. The law provides that any. Ohinese person found unlawfully within the United States shall be caused to be removed therefrom to the country whence he came, at the cost of the United States, after being brought before some justice, judge, or commissioner of a court of the United States, and found to be one not entitled to remain in the United States. Inasmuch as nine-tenths of the Chinamen caught within our lines near the Canadian frontier come direct from China, although they enter by way of Ganada, they have been treated, so far as this Department is concerned, and in accordance with the views of the Attorney-General, as liable to deportation to China as the country whence they came.

The act of September 13, 1888, which by its terms would seem to be inoperative until the exchange of ratifications of the then pending treaty between the United States and Ohina (which was never ratified), contains certain provisions for an appeal from the decision of the commissioner in these cases to the courts. Such appeals have been entertained by the courts, and in several cases they have given the statute another construction from that of the head of this Department and of the Attor-ney-General, by deciding that Canada, and not China, was the country whence these Chinamen came, within the meaning of the law. The
effect of this is that Chinese persons once returned to Canada again enter the country, and repeated instances of this kind have occurred. Thus the object of the Chinese restriction acts is practically defeated.

The necessity for a revision of the customs laws, and particularly for a reorganization of customs districts with a view to the abolishment or consolidation of districts in which little or no customs business is done, is shown by the tabular statement of the business of the several districts during the last fiscal year, hereto appended. It will be seen that in thirty-one districts and ports no duties were collected, and in fortythree of them the expenses exceeded the receipts. The decay of commerce in many of the old customs districts, coupled with the rapid growth of the Northwest and the need for the creation of new ports and districts upon the coast as well as frontier, would seem to demand new and comprehensive legislation upon this subject.

Respectfully yours,

Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

Statement of Customs Business for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891.

| Districts and ports. | Vessels entered. |  | Vessels cleared. |  | Entries of merchan.dise. | Docaments issued to vessels. | Duties and tonnage tax. | Aggregate receipts. | Value of exports. |  | Expenses. | Average of per. sons ployed. | Cost to col. lect $\$ 1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | For. eign. | Coast wise. | For. eign. | Coastwise. |  |  |  |  | Foreign. | Domestic. |  |  |  |
| Alaska (Sitka), A | 29 | 20 | 36 | 24 | 82 | 35 | \$4, 923.57 | \$8,527. 83 |  | \$39, 073 | \$12, 117. 22 | 12 | 1. 42 |
| Allbany, N. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |  |  |  | 736 | 422 | 110, 013.89 | 110, 241. 40 |  |  | 13, 323.65 |  | 1. 20 |
| Albemarle (Edenton) | 5 | 30 | 10 | 28 | 13 | 1162 | 112.66 | 45.70 128.71 |  |  | $1,730.30$ <br> 1,216 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 37.862 9 |
| Annapolis, Md |  |  |  |  |  | 201 |  | 43.50 |  |  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{9} 952.50$ | 2 | 21.896 |
| A palachicola, F | 41 | 38 | 30 | 53 | 5 | 70 | 993.37 | 1,258.70 |  | 122, 359 | 2, 535. 12 |  | 2.014 |
| Arizona (Nogales), Ariz |  |  |  |  | 922 |  | 36, 961.07 | 38, 191. 73 | \$1, 512 |  | 22, 268.56 | 15 |  |
| Aroostook (lioulton), M |  |  |  |  | 803 |  | 32,643.65 | 34, 992. 13. |  |  | 8 8,831.44. | 8 | . 252 |
| Atlanta, Ga. | 617 | 1,211 | 709 | 733 | 19 $10,9+9$ | 1,580 |  | 11, 018.52 $3,766,922.22$ | 55,768 | 64, 356,479 | $1,978.10$ $272,560.99$ |  | . 179 |
| Bangor, Me | 13 |  | 44 |  | + 952 | 1, 225 | -238, 947.03 | ${ }^{3,} 241,017.16$ | 11 | 219, 304 | 12, 760.87 | 9 | . 052 |
| Barustaule, Mass | 59 | 14 | 33 | - | 87 | 454 | 2,012.68 | 2,757.48 |  | 20, | 5,743.84 | 18 | 2.083 |
| Bath, Me. | 127 | 65 | 5 | - 14 | 179 | 358 | 10,076.62 | 10, 208. 37 |  |  | $5,679.03$ |  | . 556 |
| Beautort, N. C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beanfort, S. | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 112 \end{array}$ | 54 | $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ 114 \end{array}$ | 10 | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 119 \end{array}$ | 588 | 1,282. ${ }^{\text {3, }} \mathbf{5 5 5} .81$ | 1,972.22 |  | 932,607 15,264 | 5, ${ }_{2,716.20}$ |  | 2.573 .703 |
| Boston and Charlestown, | 2,437 | 83 | 2,413 | 977 | 53,752 | 1, 298 | 17, 950, 405.31 | 18, $038,772.34$ | 300, 564 | 76,719,517 | 612, 226.68 | 511 | $\vdots 033$ |
| Brazos (Brownsville) | 3 | 34 | , | 33 | 1,397 |  | 10,762.86 | 12,639.79 | 77,873 | 566, 901 | 33, 626:64 |  | 2.660 |
| Bridgeton, N.J.. ${ }^{\text {Bristol and Warrin }}$ R.I |  |  |  |  | 1 | 471 33 | 45.96 | 52.06 |  |  | 568.27 54.15 |  | 10.915 |
| Brunswick, Ga. | 148 | 519 | 193 | 428 | 29 | 98 | 7,621.13 | 9,193.31 |  | 7,312,401 | 6,548.94 |  | . 712 |
| Buffalo Creek (Buffalo), N | 1,281 | 2,655 | 1,241 | 3,063 | 16,556 | 368 | 862, 175. 11 | 870, 832. 46 | 232, 871 | 448, 530 | 56, 684. 69 | 42 | . 065 |
| Burlington, Iowa. |  |  |  |  | 135 | 83 |  | ${ }^{16.08}$ |  |  | 454.98 |  | 28. 294 |
| Burlington (Trenton). N. |  |  |  |  |  | 38 18 |  | 1.25 |  |  | 184. 80 |  | 147.84 |
| Cape Vincent, N. Y . | 1,130 | 609 | 1,099 | 629 | 1,914 | ${ }_{71}^{18}$ | 48,630.98 | 50, 049.48 | 6,500 | 91, 000 | 13.838.33 |  | . 276 |
| Castine, Me...... |  |  | 1, 7 |  | ${ }^{1}, 25$ | 341 | ${ }^{48,159.76}$ | 192.01 | , | 10,361 | ${ }_{3,265.37}^{13.35}$ |  | 17.006 |
| Champlain (Plattsburg), N. Y | 944 |  | 1,018 | 522 | 9,982 | 362 | 387, 539.91 | 394, 790.59 |  | 2,410,318 | 32, 996. 07 | 29 | . 083 |
| Charleston, S. C | 164 | 425 | 211 | 33 | 129 | 284 | 31,689. 81 | 34, 708. 94 |  | 21,940, 886 | 15,506.51 | 12 | . 447 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago, nl . | 122 | 9,985 | 239 | 9,881 | 19,162 | 462 | 5,706,791, 32 | 5,794,515.51 | 14,058 | 2,325, 962 | 136, 030.84 | 98 | . 023 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio |  |  |  |  | 2,139 | 159 | 1, $008,708.69$ | 1, 011, 534. 44 |  |  | 33, 259.77 | 25 | . 032 |
| Columbus, Ohio |  |  |  |  | 307 |  | 61, 010.98 | ${ }^{61}, 051.06$ |  |  | 5, 257. 93 | 3 | . 086 |
| Corpus Christi, Trex....... | 299 | 4,837 | 417 | 4,753 | 806 1,142 | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 484 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $18,134.34$ $337,405.12$ | 21, 6288.46 | . 54, 129 | $\begin{array}{r}3,706,883 \\ 439,056 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $26,371.57$ $23,833.30$ | 18 | 1. 210 |
| N. and S. Dakota (Pembina), (3 mo's). |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1230$ |  | 30,963.10 | 31, 380.33 |  | 195, 219 | $28,845.10$ | 9 | . 090 |
| Delaware (Wilmiugton) Del |  | 39 | 8 | 20 | 74 | 253 | 16,211.46 | 16,785.94 |  | 561, 449 | 7,592.01 | 11 | . 452 |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deuver, Culo : |  |
| Dubuque, Iowa |  |
| Duluth, Minn |  |
|  | Dunkirk, N. Y |
| Eastern (Crisfield), Md |  |
| Edgartown, Mass...... |  |
| Erie, Pa......... |  |
| Eransville, Ind |  |
| Fairfield (Bridgeport), Conn ... |  |
| FalliRiver, Mass |  |
| Fernandina, Fla: . .................. |  |
| Frenchman's Bay (Ellsworth), Me.. |  |
| Galena, III. |  |
| Galveston, Tex |  |
| Genesee (Rochester), N. Y .......... |  |
| Georgetown, D. C..................... |  |
|  |  |
| Georgetown, S. C. Gloucester, Mass. |  |
| Grand Rapids, Mich ................. |  |
| Great Egg Harbor (Somers Point), N.J. |  |
| Hartford, Conn.......... |  |
|  |  |
| Huron (Port Huron), Mich |  |
| Indianapolis, Ind |  |
| Kansas City, Mo |  |
| Kennebunk, Me. |  |
| Key West, Fla La Crosse, Wis |  |
|  |  |
| Lincoln, Nebr. |  |
| Little Egg Harbor (Tuckerton), N. J |  |
| Louisville, Ky |  |
|  | Machais, Me. |
| Marblehead, Mas |  |
| Memphis, Tenn |  |
|  | Miami (Toledo), Ohi |
| Michigan (Grand Haven), Mich .... |  |
| Milwankee, Wis..................... |  |
| Minnesota (St. Paul), Minn..... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Montana (Fort Benton), Mont. |  |
| Nantacket, Mass.................... |  |
| Nashville, Tenn. (for 4 months) ....Natchez, Miss..................... |  |
|  |  |
| Newark, N.J. |  |
| New Bedford, Mass |  |
| Newburyport, Mass |  |
| New Haven, Conn. |  |
|  | New London, |
| Newport. R.'I |  |




| 4,864.91 | 3 | . 044 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 71, 290.09 | 64 | . 113 |
| 359.60 | 2 | . 026 |
| $\bigcirc 5,491.08$ | 4 | . 660 |
| 1, 063.81 | 1 | . 465 |
| 2,219.18 | 2 | 312.560 |
| 3, 008. 83 | 5 | 6.592 |
| 3, 312.20 | 3 | 155 |
| 1,150. 20 | 2 | 2.07 |
| 5,648.07 | 4 | . 037 |
| 5,076.54 | 4 | . 071 |
| 3,232. 62 | 3 | . 755 |
| 3, 896. 78 | 5 | 8.104 |
| 350.00 | 1 | 241.379 |
| 41, 112.76 | 27 | . 235 |
| 21,221. 29 | 18 | . 075 |
| 9, 670.19 | 6 | . 118 |
| 1, 119.64 | 2 | 36.494 |
| 12, 22465 | 12 | . 540 |
| 1, 204.00 | 1 | . 052 |
| 783.36 | 2 | 261. 120 |
| 9,516.35 | 6 | . 043 |
| 2,713.30 | 1 | 2.038 |
| 43, 605. 32 | 49 | . 228 |
| 6,736. 54 | 4 | . 044 |
| 14, 065.24 | 5 | . 070 |
| 485.00 | 2 | 66.896 |
| 37, 473.29 | 38 | 041 |
| 350.00 | 1 | 9.900 |
| 1,263. 55 | 2 | . 257 |
| 303.82 | 2 | 9.629 |
| 25, 158.90 | 11 | . 090 |
| 2, 481.70 | 4 | 1. 788 |
| 1,840.13 | 3 | . 361 |
| 6, 718.05 | 5 | . 137 |
| 5, 803.51 | 6 | 100 |
| $5,435.88$ | 11 | 2.889 |
| 13,674. 16 | 14 | . 084 |
| 30, 904.18 | 23 | . 096 |
| 11, 677.51 | 12 | . 823 |
| 4,216. 26 |  | . 131 |
| 331.22 | 1 |  |
| 351.74 | 1 | 1.381 |
| 508.90 | 2 |  |
| 2,282.00 | 2 | . 554 |
| 5,589.41 | 5 | . 106 |
| 2,177.07 | 4 | 1,556 |
| 10, 037. 50 | 8 | . 104 |
| 4, 233.32 | 4 | . 465 |
| 1,966.66 | 4 | 1.046 |

Statement of Customs Business for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1891-Continued.

| Districts and ports. | Vessels entered. |  | Vessels cleared. |  | Entries chandise. | Documents issued sels. | Duties and tonnage tax. | $\underset{\text { ceipts. }}{\text { Aggiegate }} \text { re }$ | Value of exports. |  | $0^{3}$ Expenses. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { number } \\ \text { of per- } \\ \text { Bons } \\ \text { em- } \\ \text { ployed. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Costto col. lect \$ $\$$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For- } \\ & \text {, eign. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coast- } \\ & \text { wise. } \end{aligned}$ | Foreign. | Coastwise. |  |  |  |  | Foreign. | Domestic. |  |  |  |
| Newport N | 92 | 596 | 442 | 98 | 7 | 276 | \$2, 975. 32 | \$6,865. 02 |  | \$10, 961, 744 | \$12,678. 88 | 11 | 1.846 |
| New York, N. Y. | 5,515 | 2, 681- | 4,890 | 2, 928 | 390, 772 | 5, 368 | 146, 966, 914.30 | 147, 538, 045.69 | \$8, 722, 570 | 337, 806, 277 | 2, 783, 881.73 | 1,767 | . 018 |
| Niagara (Suspension Bridge), N. Y. | 902 | 851 | 888 | 857 | 13,770 | 11 | 490, 917.55 | 504, 394. 29 |  | 50, 747 | 51,677.17 | 41 | . 102 |
| Va | 58 | 1, 574 | 450 | 1,248 | 50 | 535 | 11, 873.66 | 14, 644.76 | 100 | 16,475, 752 | 13, 192.15 | 10 | . 900 |
| New Orleans, | 842 | 314 | 822 | 326 | 13,844 | 503 | 2, 086, 222.90 | 2, 106, 681. 48 | 1,099, 259 | 108, 007, 428 | 208, 665.78 | 180 | . 099 |
| Omaha, Nel |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93, 350.06 | 93, 382. 26. |  |  | 2, 899, 90 | 3 | . 031 |
| Oregou (Asturia), Oregon.......... | ${ }^{66}$ | 629 | ${ }_{5}^{62}$ | 815 | ${ }^{35}$ | 93 | 40, 150.42 | 41,447.39 |  | $\begin{array}{r}835,488 \\ \hline 102 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $11,198.80$ | 10 | . 2701 |
| Oswegatchie (Ogdensburg), N. Y.... Oswego, N. Y |  | 780 542 |  | 837 596 | 4,233 $1 ; 649$ | 54 68 | $257,464.08$ $428,393.03$ | $263,888.26$ $432,601.78$ | 26,815 3,720 | $1,922,798$ $1,776,277$ | 24, <br> $24,231.47$ <br> 24 | $\stackrel{21}{20}$ | . 0951 |
| Parlucah, Ky. |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |  | 432, 38.20 |  |  | ${ }^{2490} 40$ |  | 10.219 |
| Pamlico (New Berue), N. | 10 | 413 | 9 |  | + 16 | 215 | $1,519.35$ $437,045.79$ | $1,626.69$ $439,415.17$ | 20.038 | 11,071. | $3,565.46$ 29 2971.06 | 5 | 2. 1961 |
| Passamaqueddy (Eastport), Me | 818 | 34 | 887 | 155 | 1,385 | 430 | 140, 592.30 | 144,566.07 | 14,823 | 1,015,693 | 23, 456.47 | 20 | . 162 |
| Patchogne, N. Y |  |  |  |  |  | 202 | 10, | 370.65 |  |  | 370.65 | 2 | 1. 000 |
| Pearl River (Shieldsboro), | 211 | 59 | 227 | 71 |  | 242 | 5,969. 56 | 7,716. 30 |  | 1,023,200 | 5,615. 62 |  | . 727 |
| Pensacula, lilia | 402 | 143 | 408 | 144 | 134 | 198 | 29,721.65 | 32, 964, 50 | ......... | 3, 961, 928 | 15.486. 56 | 16 | ${ }^{42} .469$ |
| Peoria, ill (for 6 mon | 21 | 97 | 85 | 56 | 90 27 | ${ }_{4}{ }^{2}$ | 15,487.96 | 16,630.83 |  | 1,207,449 | 9, ${ }^{2367.97}$ | 9 | 42.447 .587 |
| Petersburg, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 1,287 | 542 | 996 | 1,057 | 27,369 | 1,302 | 20,653,979.12 | 20, 711, 455.56 | 235, 716 | 33, 438, 639 | 479, 219.62 | 353 | . 023 |
| Pittsburg, Pa.... | 1 | 3 | $\cdots$ | 6 | 1,024 141 |  | $385,336.36$ $73,536.29$ | - $\begin{array}{r}385,892.06 \\ 73,556.34\end{array}$ |  |  | $18,459.51$ $3,361.10$ |  | . 047 |
| Port Jetierson, N. Y |  |  |  |  |  | 95 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Portland and Falmouth (Portland), | 394 | 390 | 833 | 316 | 3,068 | 478 | 180/148.37 | 187, 949. 72 | 111, 940 | 2,573,392 | 49,462.07 | 34 | 263 |
| Portsmouth, N. H | 24 |  | 53 |  | 3, 139 | 87 | 64, 145.97 | 64, 43.5. 48 | 111, |  | 6,108. 20 | 7 | 094 |
| Providence, R. I | 143 | 523 | 102 | 100 | 1,393 | 188 | 326, 980, 13. | 328, 849.56 | 230 | 2,612 | 17, 817.56 | 10 | 054 |
| Puget Sound (Port Townsend), Wash | 1,461 |  | 1,571 | 221 | 1,186 | 390 | 148,567.36 | 193, 003.04 | 2,317 |  | 55, 607. 09 | ${ }^{36}$ | . 288 |
| Richmond, Va | 13 | 1,055 | 47 | 894 | 111 | 96 | 7,590.69 | 7, 921.33 |  | 8, 825, 162 | 6,439. 50 | 11 | . 812 |
| Rock Island, Ill. (for 4 months) |  |  |  |  | 58 | 94 | . 78 | 34.78 |  |  | 300. 78 | 4 | 8. 648 |
| Saso, Me Me...... |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 220 |  | 10.00 8.25 |  |  | 416.79 891.85 | 1 | 41.679 108.103 |
| Salem and Beverly (Salem), | 114 | 4 | 93 | 38 |  | 101 | 5, 856. 59 | 6, 612.65 |  |  | 6,639.39 | 7 | 1. 004 |
| Saluria (Eagle Pass), Tex |  |  |  |  | 1, 0351 | 27 32 | ${ }_{81}^{45,419.54}$ | 46, 877. 64 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}24,887.95 \\ 13,367 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 | . 530 |
| San Diego, Cal | 664 | 104 1,698 | 1845 | 34 1,702 | $\begin{aligned} & 351 \\ & 662 \end{aligned}$ |  | 81., 587.34 <br> $5,386.45$ | 83, 964.50 <br> 6, 132.35 | 22,391 | $\begin{array}{r} 372,433 \\ 86,332 \end{array}$ | $13,367.50$ <br> 4. 742.51 | 118 | . 173 |
| San Francisco. Cal | 946 | 339 | 876 | 661 | 26,977 | 1, 05.1 | 7, 884, 153.03 | 7, 956, 889.41 | 908, 890 | 39, 259, 881 | 378, 095.86 | 233 | . 047 |


| Sarannáh, Ga | 281 | 528 | 333 | 453 | 337 | 149 | 59, 076. 68 | 62, 411. 29 |  | 33, 506, 426 | 18,325. 36 | 15 | . 293 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. Augustine, Fla | 1 | 13 | 38 | 10 | 3 | 42 | 50,076.68 | 446.25 |  | 3, 50, 120 | 1,985. 70 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 4.449 |
| St. Johns (Jacksonville), F | 30 | 311 | 47 | 283 | 159 | 101 | 49, 205. 34 | 49, 483. 90 | 105 | 97, 033 | 5, 328.42 | 4 | . 107 |
| St. Joseph, Mo.- |  |  |  |  | 409 | 7 | 78, 501. 93 | 78,590. 53 |  |  | 5,445.68 | 3 | . 069 |
| St. Louis, Mo |  |  |  |  | 4,447 | 251 | 1,420, 885.94 | 1, 423, 630.83 |  |  | 45, 864.90 | 32 | . 032 |
| St. Marks (Cedar Keys), Fla | 3 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 35 | 24.34 | 559.59 |  | 4,336 | 3,518.22 | 4 | 6. 287 |
| St. Marys, Ga............... | 2 | 3 | 6 |  |  | 9 | 70.26 | 106.67 |  | 30, 194 | 1,273.81 | 2 | 11. 941 |
| Sonthern Oregon (Coos Bay), Oregon | 1 |  |  |  | 3 | 29 | . 70 | 50.70 |  |  | 1,873.50 | 2 | 36. 952 |
| Springfield, Mass. ( 6 months) .......- |  |  |  |  | 82 |  | 15,485. 06 | 15, 493. 79 |  |  | 1, 059.09 | 1 | . 068 |
| Stonington, Conn | 16 | 1 | 14 | 1 | 18 | 134 | 1, 844. 24 | 1, 923.04 |  |  | 1, 087.34 | 2 | . 565 |
| Superior (Marquette), Mich | 718 | 5; 904 | 708 | 5,978 | 1, 149 | 214 | 17, 702. 26 | 18, 856. 42 |  | 2, 344, 490 | 13, 776.82 | 18 | . 730 |
| Tampa, Fla. | 24 | 235 | 18 | 205 | 545 | 53 | 256, 320.30 | 259,552. 48 |  | 173, 496 | 15, 786.84 | 13 | . 060 |
| Tappahannock, Va. |  | 153 |  | 13 |  | 181 |  |  |  |  | 529.58 | 2 |  |
| Teche (Brashear), La |  | 349 | 3 | 311 | 11 | 151 | 168.40 | 177.80 |  | 1,266 | 3,454. 25 | 3 | 19.427 |
| Vicksburg, Miss ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.00 | 2.00 |  |  | 533.90 | 1 | 266.950 |
| Vermout (Burlington), | 498 | 1 | 470 | 12 | 26, 634 | 38 | 768, 109.92 | 789, 558. 74 | 3,176 | 3, 067, 545 | 46,079.92 | 69 | . 058 |
| Waldoboro, Me.. | 701 | 2 | 708 | 4 | 720 | 498 | $1,885.82$ | 4,089,53 |  | 156 | $8,291.81$ | 7 | 1.661 |
| Wheeling, W. Va |  |  |  |  | 39 | 153 | 294.70 | 303.48 |  |  | 1, 150.40 | 2 | 3.791 |
| Wiscasset, Me. | 31 | 16 | 14 | 36 | 34 | 160 | 1, 724. 13 | 2,226. 98 |  | 2,954 | 2,592.21 | 4 | 1. 164 |
| Wimington, Cal | 37 | 159 | 27 | 4 | 71 | 45 | 65, 120.75 | 65, 531. 16 |  |  | $8,241.43$ | 10 | . 125 |
| Wilmingıon, N. C............ | 139 | 143 | 221 | 88 | , 251 | 106 | 19, 683.44 | 22,307. 95 | 49 | 9, 070, 235 | 8,697.03 | 9 | . 389 |
| Willamette (Portland), Oregon | 83 | 195 | 123 | 153 | 1,355 | 290 | 604, 810.25 | 617, 511.10 | 6,327 | 5, 254, 097 | 46, 166. 03 | 37 | . 074 |
| Yaquina, Oregon... |  | 62 |  | 61 |  | 11 | 50.25 | 53. 95 |  |  | 1, 113.00 | 2 | 20.630 |
| York, Me |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  | 2.15 |  |  | 250.00 | 1 | 116.279 |
| Total. | 33,627 | 76,792 | 34,399 | 74, 245 | 702, 492 | 33,890 | 219, 403, 434.85 | 220, 630,683. 60 | 12, 201, 462 | 872, 270, 283 | 6,363, 554. 31 | 4,689 | . 0304 |
| Amount of expenses reported by collectors, as above. $\qquad$ Miscellaneous expenses, not included in the above. $\qquad$ $\$ 6,363,554.31$ $340,899.18$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> In addition to the above there was expended on account of collecting the revenue from customs for 1890 and prior years......... 275,790 . 73 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Aggregate Receipts and Expenses of Collection for the Fiscal Years 1878 to 1891, inclusive.

|  | Receipts. | Expenses. | Cost per cent. |  | Receipts. | Expenses. | Cost per cent. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878 | \$132, 024, 409.16 | \$5, 826, 974. 32 | 4.41 | 1885 | \$183, 116, 808.60 | \$6, 918, 221.19 | 3.77 |
| 1879 | 138, 976, 613. 79 | $5,485,779.03$ | 3.94 | 1886 | 194, 189, 356.00 | $6,427,613.00$ | 3.30 |
| 1880 | 188, 508, 690.34 | $5,995,878.06$ | 3.18 | 1887 | 218, 662, 892.22 | 6, 830, 296. 16 | 3.12 |
| 1881 | 200, 079, 150.98 | 6, 419, 345.20 | 3.20 | 1888 | 220, 428, 930.22 | 6, 481, 599.57 | 2.94 |
| 1882 | 222, 559, 104. 83 | 6,549,595. 07 | 2.94 | 1889 | 225, 041, 419.48 | 6, 553, 209.05 | 2.91 |
| 1883 | 216, 962, 210.35 | 6, 667, 825, 46 | 3.07 | 1890 | 231, $049,118.83$ | 6, 568, 716. 74 | 2.84 |
| 1884 | 196, 935, 360. 80 | 6,775,968.41 | 3.44 | 1891 | 220, 630, 683.60 | 6, 704, 453.49 | 3.04 |

Note-The accounts of receipts and expenditures published by the Register will vary in some cases from the figures above given, for the reason that his statement is made up from warrants issued during the fiscal year, regardless of balances in the hands of officers at the beginning and end of the year. If the accounts of each collector mere closed and balances settled at the end of the fiscal year, the two statements would agree.

REPORT ON INMIGRATION, BY THE CHIEF OF THE MISCELLA. NEOUS DIVISION, OFEICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREAS URY.

Treasury Department, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, Washington, D. C., July 15, 1891.

Sir: I have the honor to submit a statement showing the receipts and disbursements of the immigrant fund from the date of the act of August 3, 1882, creating the fund, to June 30, 1891; also some tables showing, (1) the number of immigrants who arrived at the several ports during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, and the number excluded and returned; (2) the nativity, (3) the destination, and (4) the trades or occupations of all the 516,253 immigrants who arrived during the year.

The statement of receipts and disbursements shows the total amount of per capita tax collected at each port from the passage of the immigration act of August 3, 1882, to June 30, 1891, and the total amount expeaded in conducting the business at each port for the same period of time, and the balances on hand; also the balances June 30, 1890, for comparison. It will be observed that there was a large accretion of surplus during the year, amounting to $\$ 144,842.20$. Over $\$ 134,000$ of this sum accumulated at the port of New York, where more than 78 per cent of the immigrants landed, and is mainly attributable to two causes, viz, the increased influx of immigrants, which added largely to the collections of head money, and the reduced cost for the support and care of immigrants under the management of Treasury officials, as compared with the expenses previously incurred for the same purposes by the Commissioners of Emigration of the State of New York.

On June 11, $\$ 125,000$ was set aside to meet the expenses in the improvements on Ellis Island, leaving a balance of $\$ 245,332.52$, and it is probable that as much more will be required before the Island can be occupied for immigration purposes.

The experience derived from the first half-year's management of immigration affairs at the port of New York by Treasury officials confirmed the Department in its opinion that joint control by State and Federal authorities was incompatible with the best service. More prompt and harmonious action was evident, and greater economy was certainly assured. The advisability of terminating all existing contracts with State boards and State commissions seemed to be apparent, though the business was being economically conducted by most of the contracting parties.

## The following table shows the receipts and expenditures in detail:

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditures of thl Immigrant Fund during the Period from August 3, 1882, to June 30, 1891, and the Balances on June 30, 1890 and 1891.


The contracts made with the Pennsylvania Board of Public Charities, the State Board of Lunacy and Charity of Massachusetts, the State Board of Immigration of Maryland, and the Commissioners of

Immigration of Portland, Me., each contained a five-year clause similar in all respects to the one quoted, as follows:

> And the party of the second part shall provide at the hospitals and other public institutions controlled by the State of Massachmsetts suitable accommodations for such alien immigrants as shall become sick, or in distress, or idiotic, or insane, or a public charge for a period not exceeding five years from the time of such immigrants landing at their port of arrival in Massachusetts.
The Department having determined to change this stipulation in the contracts to one year instead of five, gave official notice, under date of February 11, 1891, to each of the contracting parties above mentioned that from March 1 the said clanse in the contract would be so modified, and requested them to signify their consent to the change in writing. Prompt replies accepting the modification desired by the Department were received from all the boards notified except the State Board of Lunacy and Charity of Massachusetts, which, after some delay, requested that the proposed change take place one month later, to which proposition the Department did not consent. The contracts being thus modified a uniform period in which aid might be rendered was established at all ports. Meauwhile the administration of the laws by Treasury officers at New York was constantly growing in favor at the Department, and pending legislation promised to cure some of the existing difficulties which prevented a strict execution of both immigration and alien contract-labor laws.
On March 3, 1891, the act amendatory to the immigration and alien contract-labor laws which was passed late in the second session of the Fifty-first Congress, became effective, and the Department at once proceeded to develop by practical tests at the several ports, through the local officials then in charge, what changes if any would be requisite in the local management and what changes in the regulations and instructions should be made in order to insure a thorough execution of the new law. During the months following immigrants were arriving at all the ports in very large numbers, and it was deemed best to strengthen temporarily the hands of the officials at Boston, Baltimore, and Philadelphia by the appointment of additional inspectors at these ports to assist the State boards, rather than at this time make any change which might, during the busy season, interrupt the prompt dispatch of business. Accordingly contemplated termination of the existing contract system was delayed until June 2, 1891, when the following letter was addressed to the State Board of Lunacy and Charity of Massachusetts and substantially similar ones to the Peunsylvania Board of Public Charities and the State Board of Immigration of Maryland:

[^67]
#### Abstract

The law evidently contemplates, and an efficient administration of the immigration statutes requires, that the management shall be uniform at all ports. I take this occasion to assure you that this Department highly appreciates the fidelity with which the Board has discharged the duties devolved upon it under the contract soon to be terminated.

Respectfully, yours,


Charies Foster, Secretary.

The most notable events in immigration matters during the past year were the extraordinarily large volume of immigration to the United States, and the general interest manifested by the people during the discussion of the question in Congress, and by the daily press before and after the passage of the act of March 3. The general tendency of feeling was seemingly favorable to a rigid exclusion of the dangerous and undesirable classes.

The alien contract-labor law had not met the anticipations of its most ardent advocates before Congress. Its evasion by persons who desired to import skilled labor, mechanics, or experts at any trade or calling, seemed to be easily accomplished, and convictions for violations of its provisions were rare. A few hundred contract laborers had been detected and returned, but it was generally believed that greaternumbers, who had been better tutored, escaped detection and passed to their destinations. As a bar to the admission of cheap labor, which was claimed for the act by many of its friends, it proved almost a complete failure, the cheap-class of laborers continuing to flow into the country without hindrance, seeking employment after arrival.

The act of March 3, 1891, was intended to cure the defects in both the alien contract-labor law and the immigration law. Four months' experience, to July 1 , of its operation at the ports of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and a few others of the larger ports has established beyond doubt the feasibility of enforcing with reasonable thoroughness its prohibitive features at these ports. There are, however, a number of minor ports on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts where preventive measures require to be strengthened. An instance of one method of evading the vigilance of the immigration authorities is shown in the case of Holyer Petersen and wife, who arrived at the port of New York about May 20 last, and were, on their own testimony, adjudged to be polygamists, and were consequently sent back by the vessel which brought them. They returned, however, with a number of other Mormons, arriving at the port of New York on June 29, but did not attempt to land.

On the 2 d of July the immigrantinspectors learned that the party had been transferred to another steamer, and were en route for Norfolk, Va., but telegraphic instructions, which were immediately sent to the collector at that port to examine and detain them if found to be polygamists, failed to reach him in time, as the party had landed and started for Utah, via the Norfolk and Western Railroad, the evening before. But it is apparent from information gathered on this subject from immigration officials, and hereafter quoted, that the majority of undesirable and prohibited immigrants have been entering the United States over the northern border, after having landed at Canadian ports.

On April 9 the Department advised the collectors of customs at Portland, Me., Ogdensburg, N. Y., and other ports on the morthern border to the effect that it was reported that large numbers of immigrants from European ports were coming to Canadian ports, thence across the border into the United States, in consequence of the additional restrictions imposed by the act of March 3 and the more rigid
inspection at the port of New York, and requested them to report whether such statements were true.

On April 13 the collector at Portland, Me., reported that on March 27 the steamship Carthagenia arrived at that port with 43 immigrants, having previously landed 100 at Halifax; that on March 30 the steamship Sarnia arrived there with 30 immigrants, having previously landed 600 at Halifax; that on April 7 the steamship Parisian arrived with 74 immigrants, having landed 1,000 at Halifax; that on April 10 the steamship Oregon arrived with 15 immigrañts, having landed 494 at Halifax.
The following remarks are quoted from the report of the secretary of the Commissioners of Immigration at Portland, Me., covering the fiscal year ending June 30:

The steamers that make this their landing place bring less than one-sixth of their passengers to this port; the others they land at Halifax; and the great bulk of them do not stop in Canada, but come directly to this country by railroad. More than this, for nearly seven months in the year a great number of steamers enter the St. Lawrence River, bringing a very large number of passengers who seek homes in this country. We think it safe to say that the immigration from this source exceeds that of all other American ports except New York.

Immigrant Inspector F . A. Woodbridge, writing from Newport, Vt., under date of April 16, says:

For the past month alien immigration passing through this port has averaged 400 persons per day. I am not prepared to state that any large proportion of these immigrants come from Europe; the majority of them come from the eastern provinces of Canada, notably the vicinity of Quebec.

We are receiving at this port three carloads of these French Canadians each day, who are en route to the various manufacturing towns in New England, and a large number of them are, in my opinion, under an implied contract to labor.
The recent legislation intended particularly to regulate immigration. along the Canadian border is contained in the last paragraph of section 8 of the act of March 3, viz:
That the Secretary of the Treasury may presicribe rules for inspection along the borders of Canada, British Columbia, and Mexico, so as not to obstruct or unnecessarily delay, impede, or annoy passengers in ordinary travel between said countries: Provided, That not exceeding one inspector shall be appointed for each customs district, and whose salary shall not exceed twelve hundred dollars per jear.
This clause, instead of being in harmony with the general prohibitive features of the act and the ample authority vested in the Secretary to supervise the business of immigration at seaboard ports, restricts him to very narrow limits in prescribing regulations for inspection along the northern and southern borders. If immigration continues over the border in the numbers above reported, it will be impossible for one inspector in each customs district to properly examine them and keep the required recorl of their number, nativity, etc., and even with the aid of contract-labor inspectors it will be impracticable to satisfactorily examine into the condition of immigrants without to some extent obstructing, delaying, impeding or anñoying "passengers in ordinary travel between said countries," especially on railroad trains.
The immigration business continued to be transacted in this division until the second week in July, when it was transferred to the Immigration Bureau created by the seventh section of the act of March 3,1891, and this report is made to cover only the business, of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891.

J. W. Thomson, Chief Miscellaneous Division.

Hom. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

## APPENDTX．

S＇able 1．－Showing the Number of Immigrants Inspected and Admitted into the United States，at the Ports below，and the Number＇of the Prohb－ ited Classes Discovered and Returned to the Countries whences they came，during the Fiscal Year ending June 30， 1891.

＇Table 2．－Showing the Nativity of Immigrants arriving at the several Ports of the United States during the Fiscal Year ending June 30， 1891.

| Ports． |  |  | 安 |  |  | 岂 |  | － |  | 官 | 感 | 㫛 | 㳫 | 突 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Fork | 35， 424 | 24， 229 | 252 | 4，908 | 74，38214 | 4， 388 | 33， 504 | 24， 256 | 6， 102 | 29，415 | 10， 932 | 2， 458 | ， 141 | 70，776 |
| San Francisco |  | 81.0 | 3. | 122 | 2601 | 95 | － $28^{\circ}$ |  | 10 | 13 | 18 |  | 13 | 40 |
| Philardelphia． | 5， 137 | 3，702 | 50 | 790 | 5，396 | 70 | 1，763 | 2，348 | 138 | 2，225 | 925 | 246 | 15 | 44 |
| New Orleans | 6 | 222 |  | 30 | $\begin{array}{r}145 \\ \hline 27197\end{array}$ | 508 | 5 7 |  | 28 |  | 3 | 28 | $\stackrel{2}{7}$ | 2，909 |
| 3altimore | 169 | 378 |  |  | 27， 197 | 3 | 5，668 | － 3 | 29 |  |  |  | 7 | 7 |
| Bostoin． | 11．1，644 | 6，988 | 791 | 1，796 | 330 | 21 | 2， 337 | 303 | 8 | 4， 41.8 | 1，046 | 3 | 15 | 28 |
| Portland，Me． | 71 | 137 |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| Portland，Oregon ． |  | 11. |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wilmington ．．．．． | 1 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Bedford ．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gloucester．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Key West |  | 757 |  |  | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Gaiveston | 2 | 49 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Charleston． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brunswick |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newport News ．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 32， 519 | 37， 284 | 384 | 7，647 | 107，727 | 5．102 | 43，508 | 26，907 | 6，315 | 86．367 | 12，910 | 2． 713 | 4.193 | $73.8 \%$ |

Table 2．－Showing the Nativity of Lmmigrants arriving at the several Ports of the United States，etc．－Conṭinued．

| Ports． | － |  | 号 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { 荡 } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ | 哿 |  | 蔦 | 䍏 |  |  | 安 | 8 ¢ － 0 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 117 | 1，182 | 9，043： | 26，433 | 26， 539 | 8，498 | 4，119 |  | 380 | 7 | 142 | 981 | ．3，052 | 405， 664 |
| San Francisco | 26 | 148 | 14 |  |  |  |  | 2，058 |  | 3251 |  |  | 1，021 | 5，134 |
| Philadelphia．．．．．． | 5 |  | 451 | 684 | 547 |  | 10 |  |  | 1 | 65 | 103 | 1， 083 | 25，798 |
| New Orleans．．．．．．． | 124 |  | 11 |  | 15 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 4 | 149 | 4，197 |
| Baltimore．． |  |  | 474 |  | 6， 468 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 23 | 40，712 |
| Boston | 10 | 8 | 201 | 34 | 75 |  |  | 1 |  | 5 | 1 | 4 | 1，184 | 30，739 |
| Portland，Me．．．． | ， |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 256 |
| Portland，Oregon． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57 |  |  |  |  | 85 | 154 |
| Wilmington ．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 11 |
| New Bedford |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 799 | 800 |
| Gloucester．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 8 |
| Key West．．．．．．．．． | 1，906 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | 6 | 2，686 |
| Galveston ．．．．．．．． |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | ． 65 |
| Charleston．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Brunswick |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 18 |
| Newport News |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 9 |
| Total | 2，191 | 1，341 | 10，201． | 27，155 | 33，674 | 8，498 | 4，129 | 2， 128 | 380 | 339 | 212 | 1，092 | 7，441 | 516， 253 |

Table 3．－Showing the Number of Immigrants Destined to each State，Ter－ ritory，and the District of Columbia during the Fiscal Year ending June 30，1891．

| States and Territories． | Number． | States and Territories． | Number． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama． | 622 | New Hampshire．． | 1，118 |
| Arizoma． | 308 | North Carolina | 412 |
| Arkansas | 517 | North Dakota． | 1，048 |
| Connecticut | 10，639 | Nebraska． | 4，864 |
| Colorado | 3，487 | Nevada． | 559 |
| California | 12.880 | New Jersey． | 18， 128 |
| Delaware | 1，150 | New Mexico． | 469 |
| District of Columbia | 1，273 | New York | 176， 891 |
| Florida． | 3， 255 | Ohio ．．． | 20， 062 |
| Georgia． | 584 | Oregou ．．．．．． | ＇1，919 |
| Indiana． | 3，661 | Penisylvamia． | 75， 764 |
| Indian Territory． | 374 | Rhode Island | 4，407 |
| Illinois． | 47， 329 | Sonth Carolina | 437 |
| Iowa． | 7，739 | South Dakota． | 1，615 |
| Idaho | 497 | Tennessee | 750 |
| Kentucky | 1，155 | Texas． | 4，815 |
| Kansas．．． | 2，738 | Utah． | 1，575 |
| Lo is ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ana | 3，600 | Vermont | 830 |
| Maine． | 1，367 | Virginia | 774 |
| Maryland | 3，989 | West Virginia | 890 |
| Michigan | 17，912 | Wisconsin．． | 14，162 |
| Missouri | 7， 023 | Washington | 1，596 |
| Minnesota | 11， 677 | Wyoming． | 718 |
| Mississippi | 493 | Not stated | 43 |
| Montana．．．．．． | 1,411 36,727 | Total | 516，253 |
|  |  |  | 51，233 |

Table 4.-Showing the Trades and Occupations of Immigrants as reforted on arrival at ports in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30., 1891.

| Occupation. | Namber. | Occupation. | Number. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Architects. | 88 | Machinists . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,104 |
| Brewers | 880 | Millers | 1,003 |
| Butchers | 2,723 | Musicians | 1,270 |
| Barbers. | 1,435 | Painters. | 1,938 |
| Bakers. | 2,754 | Peddlers. | 3, 192 |
| Blacksmiths | 2,534 | Plasterers | 948 |
| Bartenders. | , 392 | Porters. | 743 |
| Bricklayers | 1, 047 | Potters | 216 |
| Carpenters. | 3,932 | Printers. | 860 |
| Cabinetmakers | 2,160 | Saddlers. | 428 |
| Confectioners. | 604 | Shoemakers. | 5,980 |
| Cigar-makers | 2,514 | Spinners. | 530 |
| Cooks... | 815 | Tailors | 9,566 |
| Coopers. | 463 | Tinsmiths | 1,188 |
| Farmers | 49, 108 | Tanners | 588 |
| Florists. | -320 | Wagon-smiths | 786 |
| Gardeners | 1,328 | Weavers.... | 2, 095 |
| Hatters. | 545 | Waiters | 1,085 |
| Iron-moulders | 591 | All other occrupations.................... | 25, 100 |
| Laborers... | 180, 895 | No occupation, including women and |  |
| Locksmiths.. | 1,536 | children | 189,447 |
| Masons .... | 3, 378 | Total | 516, 253 |
| Miners. | - 7,149 |  |  |


[^0]:    * See Table I, page civ.

[^1]:    Gold $\$ 149,118,959$
    Silver ......................................................................................................131, 980,621.

[^2]:    * See Appendix, page 318.

[^3]:    * Omitted from this compilation.

[^4]:    * See Appendix, page 400.

[^5]:    NoTe．－Any disparity between the totals in this table and those furmished by the Bureau of sta－ tistics is accounted for by the fact that the former include immigrants only，while the latter in－ clude tourists，etc．

[^6]:    * Omitted from this compilation.

[^7]:    * Omitted from this compilation.

[^8]:    * See Appendix, page 501.

[^9]:    Exclusive of $\$ 64,623,512$ bonds issued to Pacifio railroads.

[^10]:    * In the amo unt here stated as the outstanding principal of the public debt are included the certificates of deposit outstanding on the 30th of June, issued under act of June 8, 1872, for which a like amount in United States notes was on'special deposit in the Treasury for their redemption, and added to the cash balance in the Treasury. These certificates, as a matter of accounts, are treated as a part of the public debt, but being offset by notes held on deposit for their redemption sloould properly be deducted from the principal of the public debt in making comparison with former years.
    $\dagger$ Exclusive of gold, silver, currency certificates, and Treasury notes of 1890, held in the Treasury's cash, and including $\$ 64,623,512$ bonds issued to the several Pacific railroads.

[^11]:    From trade dollars melted
    \$92, 374. 42
    From silver bullion purchased.
    60.06

    Total
    \$92, 434.48

[^12]:    * There is no record of the melting of any old copper half-cents, but it is believed that few, if any, are in circulation.

[^13]:    The Director of the Mint,
    Waslington, D. C.

[^14]:    *Gold coin and bullion in Treasury exclusive of $\$ 120,003,069$ gold certificates outstanding.
    $\dagger$ Silver dollaris in Treasity, exclusive of $\$ 307,235,966$ silver certificates outstanding.
    Inclueles $\$ 70,616,310$ Tyeasury and clearing-liouse gold certificates.
    Includes $\$ 19,802,695$ silver certificates held by national banks.

[^15]:    * Gold the nominal staudard. Silrer practically the standard.
    $\dagger$ Coined siuce January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial $=\$ 3.98,6$.

[^16]:    The packages containing the pieces reserved by the several mints for the trial of coins, in accordance with section 3539 , Revised Statutes, were delivered to us by the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia.

    The number of coius corresponded with the record keptby the Director of the Mint, of all transcripts sent him by the several superintendents,

[^17]:    Resolved, That the Assay Commission, having examined and tested the reserved coins of the several mints for the year 1890, and it appearing that these coins do not differ from the standard fineness and weight by a greater quantity than is allowed by law, the trial is considered and reported satisfactory.

[^18]:    Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, including fire-proof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, for the use and accommodation of the United States Mint, in the city of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, the cost of said site and building, including said vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, complete, not to exceed the sum of two million dollars.

    So much of the appropriation as may be necessary to defiay traveling expenses and other expenses incident to the selection of the site, and for necessary survey thereof, shall be immediately available.

    So much of said appropriation as may be necessary for the preparation of sketch plans, drawings, specifications, and detailed estimates for the building by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department shall be available immediately upon the selection of the site by the Secretary of the Treasury:

    No money appropriated shall be available, except as hereinbefore provided, until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until

[^19]:    Remarks.-"Assayer's materials" include matresses, pipettes, dishes, etc.; "dry, goods" include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc.; "labor, and repairs" includes only temporary labor on repairs; "sewing" includes the making of mittens, sleeves, coin sacks, scale covers, towels, etc.; "sundries" includes only such items as can not readily be classified.

[^20]:    Remares.-"Assayer's materials" include matrasses, pipettes, dishes, etc.; "dry goods" include cost of material for mittens, sleeves, toweling, coin sacks, scale covers, etc.; "labor and repairs" in cludes only temporary labor on repairs; "sewing" includes the making of mittens, sleeves, coin sacks scale cosers, towels, etc.; "Sundries" includes only such items as can not readily be classified.

    The value and classification of the foreign gold coins deposited and melted at the assay office at New York are exhibited in the following table:

[^21]:    Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 1.9.

[^22]:    Percentage of net expenses to deposits, 1.2.

[^23]:    * Under the heading "Colonies" is included all imperial coin shipped in aid of Treasury chests abroad.
    $\dagger$ Including fourpences of the value of $£ 2,000$ specially struck in 1888 for British Guiana.

[^24]:    * Sce note on page 316.

[^25]:    * Kilograms.
    china.

[^26]:    1890. 

    July 1. Balance on hand:
    
    San Francisco
    New Orleans.
    20,527. 37
    Carson
    13,505. 21
    Seigniorage on silver dollars:
    
    $\$ 302 ; 659.51$

    San Erancisco
    2, 714.830 .78
    New Orleans
    $722,412.65$
    413,914. 91
    Seigniorage on subsidiary silver:
    Philadelphia
    $92,434.48$
    e

[^27]:    *Includes $\$ 528$, bars, etc.

[^28]:    Total exports of gold and silver bearing ores (domestic), $\$ 34,542$.
    Total exports of foreign gold ores, $\$ 209$; silver ores, $\$ 104,175$.

[^29]:    *Rnpee calculated at coluing rate, $\$ 0.4737$.
    $\dagger$ Fiscal year.
    $\ddagger$ Silver florin calculated at coining rate, $\$ 0.482$.
    $\$$ Silver rouble calculated at coining rate, $\$ 0.7718$.

[^30]:    8 Rough estimates, bāsed on exports.
    Product of private mines in 1888; Government mines in 1889.
    ${ }^{i}$ Product of Imperial household minges in 1890; private mines in 1888.
    EImports of gold into Great Britain and British India from China.
    Imports of gold bullion from China into London aid India.

[^31]:    $14,052,225.00,5,445,825.00,231,000.00,3,539,725.30,1.19,100,00,798,746,407.00,127,933,948.30 \mid 926,680,355.30$

[^32]:    Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, of which the chairman shall be one, to receive from banks members of the association bills receivable and other securities, to be approved by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor, to such depositing banks, loan certificates bearing interest at 6 per cent per annum, and in addition thereto a commission of one-quarter of 1 cent for every thirty days such certificates shall remain umpaid, and such loan certificates shall not be in excess of 75 per cent of the market value of the securities of bills receivable so deposited, and such certificates shall be received and paid in settlement of balances at the clearing house.

[^33]:    Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, of which committee the chairman shall also be member, to receive from banks, members of the association, bills receivable and other securities, to be approved by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor, to such depositing banks, loan certificates bearing interest at 7.3 per cent per aunum, and such loan certificate sliall not be in excess of 75 per cent of the market value of the securities or bills receivable so deposited, and such certificates shall be received and paid in settlement of balances at the clearing house.

    It is observed also that the ultimate payment of the certificates, in case the pledged collaterals proved to be insufficient, was provided for through the ratification, by the boards of directors of the respective banks, of the following resolution passed by the Boston Clearing-House Association at the meeting above noted:

    Resolved, That any loss arising from the issue of loan certificates shall be borne by the banks comprising the Clearing-House Association pro rata, according to the average daily amount which each bank shall have sent to the clearing house during the preceding year. It was also voted that this resolution shall be ratified by the boards of directors of the respective banks, members of the association, and a certified copy of such consent dedivered to the chairman of the loan committee.

[^34]:    *This appendix, which is omitted for want of space, will be found in the separate volumes of the Comptroller's report.

[^35]:    The Comptroller, with the approval of the Secretary: of the Treasury, shall, as often as shall be deemed necessary or proper, appoint a suitable person or persons to make an examination of the affairs of every banking association, who shall have power to make a thorongh examination into all the affairs of the association, and, in doing so, to examine any of the officers and agents thereof on oath; and shall make a full and detailed report of the condition of the association to the Comptroller.

[^36]:    *See footnote, p. 337.

[^37]:    *See foot note, p. 337.

[^38]:    Decrease of National-Bank Circulation during tach of the Years ended October 31, from 1884 to 1891, ínclusive, and the amount of Lawful Money on Depostt at the End of Each Year.
    National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1883, including notes of national gold banks ..................... \$352, 013, 787
    Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks
    $35,993,461$
    National-bank notes outstanding October 31, 1884, including notes of national gold banks.
    $333,559,813$
    Less lawful money on deposit at same date, including deposits of national gold banks

    41, 710, 163
    \$316, 020, 326

    291, 849, 650
    Net decrease of circulation
    $24,170,676$

[^39]:    - *See footnote, p. 337.

[^40]:    *See foot note, p. 337.

[^41]:    *The so called United States Treasury notes are issuel in parsuance of the provisions of the act of Congress directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issne of Treasury notes thereon, approved July 14, 1890. They are payable on demand in coin.

    1 Includes $\$ 27,030,000$ clearing-honse loan certificates of 1890.

[^42]:    * See foot note, p. 337.

[^43]:    * See foot note, p. 337 .

[^44]:    * Omitted from this edition for want of space.

[^45]:    * Of the two hundred thirty-one dollars and ninety-six cents (\$231.96) collected from this source during the last tiscal year, two hundred nineteen doliars and sixty-six ceuts ( $\$ 219.66$ ) were payments made on old accounts : the balance, twelve dollars and thirty cents ( $\$ 12.30$ ) being the receipts from the sale of documentary stamps issued to collectors for validating unstampedinstruments.
    $a$ Including the State of Nevada.
    $b$ Inchuding the State of Wyoming.
    e Including the State of Rhode Island.
    d. Including the Indian Territory and the Territory of Oklahoma.
    e Including the State of Mississippi.
    $f$ Including the State of Delaware, District of Columbia, and two counties of Virginia.
    $g$ Including the State of Idaho and the Territory of Utah.
    $h$ Including the States of North Dakota and South Dakota.
    $i$ Including the States of Maine and Vermont.
    $k$ Including the Territory of Arizona.
    $l$ Including the State of Washington and the Territory of Alaska.

[^46]:    *See note, foot of p. $\rightarrow$.

[^47]:    Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per thousand cigars, $19 \frac{1}{2}$ pounds. Average quantity of leaf

[^48]:    * Date when act went into effect.

[^49]:    a Including the State of Rhode Island. No olemargarine was manufactured in the State of Conneeticut.
    $b$ Including the Indian Territory and the Territory of Oklahoma. But no oleomargarine was mannfactured in either of these Territories.

[^50]:    That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any manufacturer or vender of oleomargarine, artificial or adulterated butter, to manufacture or ofter for sale within the limits of this State, any oleomargarine, artificial or adulterated butter, whether the same be manufactured within or without the State, unless the same shall be colored pink.

    Wisconsin.-An act approved April 6, 1891, to take effect April 11, 1891, date of publication, prohibits the sale of any article having the semblance of butter, which substance is not made wholly from pure milk or cream, salt and harmless coloring matter, except under its true name, to be durably painted, stamped, stenciled, or marked in boldfaced capital letters not less than five-line pica in size upon the packages. With any quantity sold less than the original package there must be delivered with each such quantity a label bearing the true name of the substance.

    Section 7 provides that no butter not made wholly and directly from pure milk or cream, salt and harmless coloring matter, shall be used in any of the charitable or penal institutions of the State.

    Wyoming.-Nó legislation.

[^51]:    ＊License issued，but party aftemard decided to make no sugar for bounty．

[^52]:    * License issued but party proposes to make no sugar for bounty.

[^53]:    * The estimate of the Burean of Statistics of the production for 1890 is $56,000,000$ pounds.

[^54]:    * Statistical Abstraet of the United States, 1890, p. 206.
    $t$ Note.-Willett \& Gray, in their Weelily Statistical Sugar Trade Journal of January 8, 1891, give total consumption of sugar in the United States in the year 1890 as 1,522,731 tons, being an increase of 83,030 tons over 1889 .
    The consumption per capita for the past five years is given as follows:
    
    $\ddagger$ Prepared by the statistician of the Agricultural Department from Licht's Monthly Reports, Magde. burg standard authority for Eiuropean countries.

[^55]:    * Willett \& Gray's Weekly Statistical Sugar Trade Journal, September 24, 1891. The estimates for the crops of 1890-91, and for the crop of 1891-'92, are estimates of Willett and Gray obtained from the best sources at their command, which include the principal merchants doing business in the different countries.
    $\dagger$ Estimated.

[^56]:    Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury.

[^57]:    Amount of miscellaneous work done, deposited on account of miscellanteous receipts.....

[^58]:    My conclusion is that no officer of the Government baving a salary fixed by law, nor no (any) other officer whose compensation amounts to $\$ 2,500$ per annum, can receive extra pay for any service whatever, whether it be within the line of his duty or outside of it. Nor is it possible for any such officer to receive the salaries of more than one office, no inatter under what circumstances he may have performed the duties of more than one.

    This opinion is indorsed by several other Attorneys General.
    On the other hand several Attorneys-General, who stand equally high in the profession, have held that this section and the two succeed-

[^59]:    vears of trained experience. Below is the vear's record: exhaustive, and this result in this special work is only achieved the Quartermaster-General's Office represents a great deal of time with
    apparently meager returns, but to be thorough the researches must be other accounts and settements, on calls from the Court of Clams, and
    the Quartermaster-General's Office represents a great deal of time with now the time of three clerks. The examination of quartermaster and the service of the militiamen when applying for pensions. This requires makes it incumbent on this office to furnish the Pension Bureau with less force. The Missouri Militia rolls being retained iu this office as
    vouchers incident to the settlement of the war claims of that State year consolidate with other divisions, and thus expedite results with
    less force. The Missouri Militia rolls being retained iu this otfice as division organization to transact the business assigned, I will next
    
    collection division.

[^60]:    * Amount involyed $1891, \$ 110,513,283.06$. $\ddagger$ A mount involved $1890, \$ 102,111,243.06$. Increase during 1891, $\$ 8,402,040.00$.

[^61]:    *Number actually employed not known; varies at different times.
    $t$ Reimbursed by consignees of vessels.
    1 Reimbursed by proprietors of private bonded.stores.

[^62]:    *Sundays excepted.
    $\dagger$ When employed.

[^63]:    * New office fiom December 1, 1.890.
    : Discontinued November 30, 1890.

[^64]:    *Of this amount, $\$ 5,452.00$ was reimbursed to the United States by sundry railway companies.
    †Office vacant from August 30, 1890, to May 1, 1891.
    $\ddagger$ Reimbursed to United States by importers.

[^65]:    $\ddagger$ Includes 50 cents per day for horse feed.

[^66]:    * See note under Sitka. Alaska.
    $t$ Of this amount, $\$ 35,953.66$ was reimbursed to the United States by owners and consignees of vessels, proprietors of private bonded warehouses, aud sundry corporations, leaving a net grand total of $\$ 5,864,597.24$.

[^67]:    Gentlemen : The agreement entered into by the Secretary of the Treasury, party of the first part, and by the State board of lunacy and charity of Massachusetts, the party of the second part, dated December 2, 1882, contains this provision:
    "That this contract may be revoked by either party thereto giving to the other party sixty days' notice in writing of their intention to terminate said contract, and when sixty days shall have expired after such notice shall be given this contract shall cease and terminate."

    In pursuance of the above provision, I hereby give notice that sixty days after this date, that is to say, on the 31st day of July, 1891, the contract above mentioned will be revoked, cease, and terminate, and thereafter the services of the State board of Lunacy and Charity of Massachustts will not be required in the local affairs of immigration at the ports in Massachussetts.

    This action is taken in view of the immigration act of March 3, 1891, which in section 8 contains the following provision:
    "All duties imposed and powers conferred by the second section of the act of August third, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, upon State commissioners, boards, or officers acting under contract with the Secretary of the Treasury shall be performed and exercised, as occasion may arise, by the inspection officers of the United States."

